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132nd General Assembly
Regular Session
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Sub. H. B. No. 156

A BILL

To amend sections 1739.05, 1753.09, 3901.21, 1
3963.01, 3963.02, 3963.03, 4725.19, and 4731.22 2
and to enact sections 1751.85 and 3923.86 of the 3
Revised Code regarding limitations imposed by 4
health insurers on vision care services. 5

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 1739.05, 1753.09, 3901.21, 6
3963.01, 3963.02, 3963.03, 4725.19, and 4731.22 be amended and 7
sections 1751.85 and 3923.86 of the Revised Code be enacted to 8
read as follows: 9

Sec. 1739.05. (A) A multiple employer welfare arrangement 10
that is created pursuant to sections 1739.01 to 1739.22 of the 11
Revised Code and that operates a group self-insurance program 12
may be established only if any of the following applies: 13

(1) The arrangement has and maintains a minimum enrollment 14
of three hundred employees of two or more employers. 15

(2) The arrangement has and maintains a minimum enrollment 16
of three hundred self-employed individuals. 17



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(3) The arrangement has and maintains a minimum enrollment 18
of three hundred employees or self-employed individuals in any 19
combination of divisions (A) (1) and (2) of this section. 20

(B) A multiple employer welfare arrangement that is 21
created pursuant to sections 1739.01 to 1739.22 of the Revised 22
Code and that operates a group self-insurance program shall 23
comply with all laws applicable to self-funded programs in this 24
state, including sections 3901.04, 3901.041, 3901.19 to 3901.26, 25
3901.38, 3901.381 to 3901.3814, 3901.40, 3901.45, 3901.46, 26
3901.491, 3902.01 to 3902.14, 3923.041, 3923.24, 3923.282, 27
3923.30, 3923.301, 3923.38, 3923.581, 3923.602, 3923.63, 28
3923.80, 3923.84, 3923.85, 3923.851, 3923.86, 3924.031, 29
3924.032, and 3924.27 of the Revised Code. 30

(C) A multiple employer welfare arrangement created 31
pursuant to sections 1739.01 to 1739.22 of the Revised Code 32
shall solicit enrollments only through agents or solicitors 33
licensed pursuant to Chapter 3905. of the Revised Code to sell 34
or solicit sickness and accident insurance. 35

(D) A multiple employer welfare arrangement created 36
pursuant to sections 1739.01 to 1739.22 of the Revised Code 37
shall provide benefits only to individuals who are members, 38
employees of members, or the dependents of members or employees, 39
or are eligible for continuation of coverage under section 40
1751.53 or 3923.38 of the Revised Code or under Title X of the 41
"Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985," 100 42
Stat. 227, 29 U.S.C.A. 1161, as amended. 43

(E) A multiple employer welfare arrangement created 44
pursuant to sections 1739.01 to 1739.22 of the Revised Code is 45
subject to, and shall comply with, sections 3903.81 to 3903.93 46
of the Revised Code in the same manner as other life or health 47

insurers, as defined in section 3903.81 of the Revised Code. 48

Sec. 1751.85. (A) As used in this section, "covered vision services," "vision care materials," and "vision care provider" have the same meanings as in section 3963.01 of the Revised Code. 49
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(B) A health insuring corporation shall provide the information required in this division to all enrollees receiving coverage under an individual or group health insuring corporation policy, contract, or agreement providing coverage for vision care services or vision care materials. The information shall be in a conspicuous format, shall be easily accessible to enrollees, and shall do all of the following: 53
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(1) Include the following statement: 60

"IMPORTANT: If you opt to receive vision care services or vision care materials that are not covered benefits under this plan, a participating vision care provider may charge you his or her normal fee for such services or materials. Prior to providing you with vision care services or vision care materials that are not covered benefits, the vision care provider will provide you with an estimated cost for each service or material upon your request." 61
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(2) Disclose any business interest the health insuring corporation has in a source or supplier of vision care materials; 69
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(3) Include an explanation that the enrollee may incur out-of-pocket expenses as a result of the purchase of vision care services or vision care materials that are not covered vision services. The explanation shall be communicated in a manner and format similar to how the health insuring corporation 72
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provides an enrollee with information on coverage levels and 77
out-of-pocket expenses that may be incurred by the enrollee 78
under the policy, contract, or agreement when purchasing out-of- 79
network vision care services or vision care materials. 80

(4) Include the contact information of vision care 81
providers in the enrollee's geographic area, so the enrollee is 82
able to contact providers in advance of an appointment to 83
determine if the provider accepts as payment an amount set by 84
the health insuring corporation for vision care services or 85
vision care materials that are not covered vision services. 86

(C) A pattern of continuous or repeated violations of this 87
section is an unfair and deceptive act or practice in the 88
business of insurance under sections 3901.19 to 3901.26 of the 89
Revised Code. 90

Sec. 1753.09. (A) Except as provided in division (D) of 91
this section, prior to terminating the participation of a 92
provider on the basis of the participating provider's failure to 93
meet the health insuring corporation's standards for quality or 94
utilization in the delivery of health care services, a health 95
insuring corporation shall give the participating provider 96
notice of the reason or reasons for its decision to terminate 97
the provider's participation and an opportunity to take 98
corrective action. The health insuring corporation shall develop 99
a performance improvement plan in conjunction with the 100
participating provider. If after being afforded the opportunity 101
to comply with the performance improvement plan, the 102
participating provider fails to do so, the health insuring 103
corporation may terminate the participation of the provider. 104

(B) (1) A participating provider whose participation has 105
been terminated under division (A) of this section may appeal 106

the termination to the appropriate medical director of the 107
health insuring corporation. The medical director shall give the 108
participating provider an opportunity to discuss with the 109
medical director the reason or reasons for the termination. 110

(2) If a satisfactory resolution of a participating 111
provider's appeal cannot be reached under division (B)(1) of 112
this section, the participating provider may appeal the 113
termination to a panel composed of participating providers who 114
have comparable or higher levels of education and training than 115
the participating provider making the appeal. A representative 116
of the participating provider's specialty shall be a member of 117
the panel, if possible. This panel shall hold a hearing, and 118
shall render its recommendation in the appeal within thirty days 119
after holding the hearing. The recommendation shall be presented 120
to the medical director and to the participating provider. 121

(3) The medical director shall review and consider the 122
panel's recommendation before making a decision. The decision 123
rendered by the medical director shall be final. 124

(C) A provider's status as a participating provider shall 125
remain in effect during the appeal process set forth in division 126
(B) of this section unless the termination was based on any of 127
the reasons listed in division (D) of this section. 128

(D) Notwithstanding division (A) of this section, a 129
provider's participation may be immediately terminated if the 130
participating provider's conduct presents an imminent risk of 131
harm to an enrollee or enrollees; or if there has occurred 132
unacceptable quality of care, fraud, patient abuse, loss of 133
clinical privileges, loss of professional liability coverage, 134
incompetence, or loss of authority to practice in the 135
participating provider's field; or if a governmental action has 136

impaired the participating provider's ability to practice. 137

(E) Divisions (A) to (D) of this section apply only to 138
providers who are natural persons. 139

(F) (1) Nothing in this section prohibits a health insuring 140
corporation from rejecting a provider's application for 141
participation, or from terminating a participating provider's 142
contract, if the health insuring corporation determines that the 143
health care needs of its enrollees are being met and no need 144
exists for the provider's or participating provider's services. 145

(2) Nothing in this section shall be construed as 146
prohibiting a health insuring corporation from terminating a 147
participating provider who does not meet the terms and 148
conditions of the participating provider's contract. 149

(3) Nothing in this section shall be construed as 150
prohibiting a health insuring corporation from terminating a 151
participating provider's contract pursuant to any provision of 152
the contract described in division ~~(E)~~ (F) (2) of section 3963.02 153
of the Revised Code, except that, notwithstanding any provision 154
of a contract described in that division, this section applies 155
to the termination of a participating provider's contract for 156
any of the causes described in divisions (A), (D), and (F) (1) 157
and (2) of this section. 158

(G) The superintendent of insurance may adopt rules as 159
necessary to implement and enforce sections 1753.06, 1753.07, 160
and 1753.09 of the Revised Code. Such rules shall be adopted in 161
accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code. 162

Sec. 3901.21. The following are hereby defined as unfair 163
and deceptive acts or practices in the business of insurance: 164

(A) Making, issuing, circulating, or causing or permitting 165

to be made, issued, or circulated, or preparing with intent to 166
so use, any estimate, illustration, circular, or statement 167
misrepresenting the terms of any policy issued or to be issued 168
or the benefits or advantages promised thereby or the dividends 169
or share of the surplus to be received thereon, or making any 170
false or misleading statements as to the dividends or share of 171
surplus previously paid on similar policies, or making any 172
misleading representation or any misrepresentation as to the 173
financial condition of any insurer as shown by the last 174
preceding verified statement made by it to the insurance 175
department of this state, or as to the legal reserve system upon 176
which any life insurer operates, or using any name or title of 177
any policy or class of policies misrepresenting the true nature 178
thereof, or making any misrepresentation or incomplete 179
comparison to any person for the purpose of inducing or tending 180
to induce such person to purchase, amend, lapse, forfeit, 181
change, or surrender insurance. 182

Any written statement concerning the premiums for a policy 183
which refers to the net cost after credit for an assumed 184
dividend, without an accurate written statement of the gross 185
premiums, cash values, and dividends based on the insurer's 186
current dividend scale, which are used to compute the net cost 187
for such policy, and a prominent warning that the rate of 188
dividend is not guaranteed, is a misrepresentation for the 189
purposes of this division. 190

(B) Making, publishing, disseminating, circulating, or 191
placing before the public or causing, directly or indirectly, to 192
be made, published, disseminated, circulated, or placed before 193
the public, in a newspaper, magazine, or other publication, or 194
in the form of a notice, circular, pamphlet, letter, or poster, 195
or over any radio station, or in any other way, or preparing 196

with intent to so use, an advertisement, announcement, or 197
statement containing any assertion, representation, or 198
statement, with respect to the business of insurance or with 199
respect to any person in the conduct of the person's insurance 200
business, which is untrue, deceptive, or misleading. 201

(C) Making, publishing, disseminating, or circulating, 202
directly or indirectly, or aiding, abetting, or encouraging the 203
making, publishing, disseminating, or circulating, or preparing 204
with intent to so use, any statement, pamphlet, circular, 205
article, or literature, which is false as to the financial 206
condition of an insurer and which is calculated to injure any 207
person engaged in the business of insurance. 208

(D) Filing with any supervisory or other public official, 209
or making, publishing, disseminating, circulating, or delivering 210
to any person, or placing before the public, or causing directly 211
or indirectly to be made, published, disseminated, circulated, 212
delivered to any person, or placed before the public, any false 213
statement of financial condition of an insurer. 214

Making any false entry in any book, report, or statement 215
of any insurer with intent to deceive any agent or examiner 216
lawfully appointed to examine into its condition or into any of 217
its affairs, or any public official to whom such insurer is 218
required by law to report, or who has authority by law to 219
examine into its condition or into any of its affairs, or, with 220
like intent, willfully omitting to make a true entry of any 221
material fact pertaining to the business of such insurer in any 222
book, report, or statement of such insurer, or mutilating, 223
destroying, suppressing, withholding, or concealing any of its 224
records. 225

(E) Issuing or delivering or permitting agents, officers, 226

or employees to issue or deliver agency company stock or other 227
capital stock or benefit certificates or shares in any common- 228
law corporation or securities or any special or advisory board 229
contracts or other contracts of any kind promising returns and 230
profits as an inducement to insurance. 231

(F) Making or permitting any unfair discrimination among 232
individuals of the same class and equal expectation of life in 233
the rates charged for any contract of life insurance or of life 234
annuity or in the dividends or other benefits payable thereon, 235
or in any other of the terms and conditions of such contract. 236

(G) (1) Except as otherwise expressly provided by law, 237
knowingly permitting or offering to make or making any contract 238
of life insurance, life annuity or accident and health 239
insurance, or agreement as to such contract other than as 240
plainly expressed in the contract issued thereon, or paying or 241
allowing, or giving or offering to pay, allow, or give, directly 242
or indirectly, as inducement to such insurance, or annuity, any 243
rebate of premiums payable on the contract, or any special favor 244
or advantage in the dividends or other benefits thereon, or any 245
valuable consideration or inducement whatever not specified in 246
the contract; or giving, or selling, or purchasing, or offering 247
to give, sell, or purchase, as inducement to such insurance or 248
annuity or in connection therewith, any stocks, bonds, or other 249
securities, or other obligations of any insurance company or 250
other corporation, association, or partnership, or any dividends 251
or profits accrued thereon, or anything of value whatsoever not 252
specified in the contract. 253

(2) Nothing in division (F) or division (G) (1) of this 254
section shall be construed as prohibiting any of the following 255
practices: (a) in the case of any contract of life insurance or 256

life annuity, paying bonuses to policyholders or otherwise 257
abating their premiums in whole or in part out of surplus 258
accumulated from nonparticipating insurance, provided that any 259
such bonuses or abatement of premiums shall be fair and 260
equitable to policyholders and for the best interests of the 261
company and its policyholders; (b) in the case of life insurance 262
policies issued on the industrial debit plan, making allowance 263
to policyholders who have continuously for a specified period 264
made premium payments directly to an office of the insurer in an 265
amount which fairly represents the saving in collection 266
expenses; (c) readjustment of the rate of premium for a group 267
insurance policy based on the loss or expense experience 268
thereunder, at the end of the first or any subsequent policy 269
year of insurance thereunder, which may be made retroactive only 270
for such policy year. 271

(H) Making, issuing, circulating, or causing or permitting 272
to be made, issued, or circulated, or preparing with intent to 273
so use, any statement to the effect that a policy of life 274
insurance is, is the equivalent of, or represents shares of 275
capital stock or any rights or options to subscribe for or 276
otherwise acquire any such shares in the life insurance company 277
issuing that policy or any other company. 278

(I) Making, issuing, circulating, or causing or permitting 279
to be made, issued or circulated, or preparing with intent to so 280
issue, any statement to the effect that payments to a 281
policyholder of the principal amounts of a pure endowment are 282
other than payments of a specific benefit for which specific 283
premiums have been paid. 284

(J) Making, issuing, circulating, or causing or permitting 285
to be made, issued, or circulated, or preparing with intent to 286

so use, any statement to the effect that any insurance company 287
was required to change a policy form or related material to 288
comply with Title XXXIX of the Revised Code or any regulation of 289
the superintendent of insurance, for the purpose of inducing or 290
intending to induce any policyholder or prospective policyholder 291
to purchase, amend, lapse, forfeit, change, or surrender 292
insurance. 293

(K) Aiding or abetting another to violate this section. 294

(L) Refusing to issue any policy of insurance, or 295
canceling or declining to renew such policy because of the sex 296
or marital status of the applicant, prospective insured, 297
insured, or policyholder. 298

(M) Making or permitting any unfair discrimination between 299
individuals of the same class and of essentially the same hazard 300
in the amount of premium, policy fees, or rates charged for any 301
policy or contract of insurance, other than life insurance, or 302
in the benefits payable thereunder, or in underwriting standards 303
and practices or eligibility requirements, or in any of the 304
terms or conditions of such contract, or in any other manner 305
whatever. 306

(N) Refusing to make available disability income insurance 307
solely because the applicant's principal occupation is that of 308
managing a household. 309

(O) Refusing, when offering maternity benefits under any 310
individual or group sickness and accident insurance policy, to 311
make maternity benefits available to the policyholder for the 312
individual or individuals to be covered under any comparable 313
policy to be issued for delivery in this state, including family 314
members if the policy otherwise provides coverage for family 315

members. Nothing in this division shall be construed to prohibit 316
an insurer from imposing a reasonable waiting period for such 317
benefits under an individual sickness and accident insurance 318
policy issued to an individual who is not a federally eligible 319
individual or a nonemployer-related group sickness and accident 320
insurance policy, but in no event shall such waiting period 321
exceed two hundred seventy days. 322

For purposes of division (O) of this section, "federally 323
eligible individual" means an eligible individual as defined in 324
45 C.F.R. 148.103. 325

(P) Using, or permitting to be used, a pattern settlement 326
as the basis of any offer of settlement. As used in this 327
division, "pattern settlement" means a method by which liability 328
is routinely imputed to a claimant without an investigation of 329
the particular occurrence upon which the claim is based and by 330
using a predetermined formula for the assignment of liability 331
arising out of occurrences of a similar nature. Nothing in this 332
division shall be construed to prohibit an insurer from 333
determining a claimant's liability by applying formulas or 334
guidelines to the facts and circumstances disclosed by the 335
insurer's investigation of the particular occurrence upon which 336
a claim is based. 337

(Q) Refusing to insure, or refusing to continue to insure, 338
or limiting the amount, extent, or kind of life or sickness and 339
accident insurance or annuity coverage available to an 340
individual, or charging an individual a different rate for the 341
same coverage solely because of blindness or partial blindness. 342
With respect to all other conditions, including the underlying 343
cause of blindness or partial blindness, persons who are blind 344
or partially blind shall be subject to the same standards of 345

sound actuarial principles or actual or reasonably anticipated 346
actuarial experience as are sighted persons. Refusal to insure 347
includes, but is not limited to, denial by an insurer of 348
disability insurance coverage on the grounds that the policy 349
defines "disability" as being presumed in the event that the 350
eyesight of the insured is lost. However, an insurer may exclude 351
from coverage disabilities consisting solely of blindness or 352
partial blindness when such conditions existed at the time the 353
policy was issued. To the extent that the provisions of this 354
division may appear to conflict with any provision of section 355
3999.16 of the Revised Code, this division applies. 356

(R) (1) Directly or indirectly offering to sell, selling, 357
or delivering, issuing for delivery, renewing, or using or 358
otherwise marketing any policy of insurance or insurance product 359
in connection with or in any way related to the grant of a 360
student loan guaranteed in whole or in part by an agency or 361
commission of this state or the United States, except insurance 362
that is required under federal or state law as a condition for 363
obtaining such a loan and the premium for which is included in 364
the fees and charges applicable to the loan; or, in the case of 365
an insurer or insurance agent, knowingly permitting any lender 366
making such loans to engage in such acts or practices in 367
connection with the insurer's or agent's insurance business. 368

(2) Except in the case of a violation of division (G) of 369
this section, division (R) (1) of this section does not apply to 370
either of the following: 371

(a) Acts or practices of an insurer, its agents, 372
representatives, or employees in connection with the grant of a 373
guaranteed student loan to its insured or the insured's spouse 374
or dependent children where such acts or practices take place 375

more than ninety days after the effective date of the insurance;	376
(b) Acts or practices of an insurer, its agents,	377
representatives, or employees in connection with the	378
solicitation, processing, or issuance of an insurance policy or	379
product covering the student loan borrower or the borrower's	380
spouse or dependent children, where such acts or practices take	381
place more than one hundred eighty days after the date on which	382
the borrower is notified that the student loan was approved.	383
(S) Denying coverage, under any health insurance or health	384
care policy, contract, or plan providing family coverage, to any	385
natural or adopted child of the named insured or subscriber	386
solely on the basis that the child does not reside in the	387
household of the named insured or subscriber.	388
(T)(1) Using any underwriting standard or engaging in any	389
other act or practice that, directly or indirectly, due solely	390
to any health status-related factor in relation to one or more	391
individuals, does either of the following:	392
(a) Terminates or fails to renew an existing individual	393
policy, contract, or plan of health benefits, or a health	394
benefit plan issued to an employer, for which an individual	395
would otherwise be eligible;	396
(b) With respect to a health benefit plan issued to an	397
employer, excludes or causes the exclusion of an individual from	398
coverage under an existing employer-provided policy, contract,	399
or plan of health benefits.	400
(2) The superintendent of insurance may adopt rules in	401
accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code for purposes of	402
implementing division (T)(1) of this section.	403
(3) For purposes of division (T)(1) of this section,	404

"health status-related factor" means any of the following:	405
(a) Health status;	406
(b) Medical condition, including both physical and mental illnesses;	407 408
(c) Claims experience;	409
(d) Receipt of health care;	410
(e) Medical history;	411
(f) Genetic information;	412
(g) Evidence of insurability, including conditions arising out of acts of domestic violence;	413 414
(h) Disability.	415
(U) With respect to a health benefit plan issued to a small employer, as those terms are defined in section 3924.01 of the Revised Code, negligently or willfully placing coverage for adverse risks with a certain carrier, as defined in section 3924.01 of the Revised Code.	416 417 418 419 420
(V) Using any program, scheme, device, or other unfair act or practice that, directly or indirectly, causes or results in the placing of coverage for adverse risks with another carrier, as defined in section 3924.01 of the Revised Code.	421 422 423 424
(W) Failing to comply with section 3923.23, 3923.231, 3923.232, 3923.233, or 3923.234 of the Revised Code by engaging in any unfair, discriminatory reimbursement practice.	425 426 427
(X) Intentionally establishing an unfair premium for, or misrepresenting the cost of, any insurance policy financed under a premium finance agreement of an insurance premium finance company.	428 429 430 431

(Y) (1) (a) Limiting coverage under, refusing to issue, 432
canceling, or refusing to renew, any individual policy or 433
contract of life insurance, or limiting coverage under or 434
refusing to issue any individual policy or contract of health 435
insurance, for the reason that the insured or applicant for 436
insurance is or has been a victim of domestic violence; 437

(b) Adding a surcharge or rating factor to a premium of 438
any individual policy or contract of life or health insurance 439
for the reason that the insured or applicant for insurance is or 440
has been a victim of domestic violence; 441

(c) Denying coverage under, or limiting coverage under, 442
any policy or contract of life or health insurance, for the 443
reason that a claim under the policy or contract arises from an 444
incident of domestic violence; 445

(d) Inquiring, directly or indirectly, of an insured 446
under, or of an applicant for, a policy or contract of life or 447
health insurance, as to whether the insured or applicant is or 448
has been a victim of domestic violence, or inquiring as to 449
whether the insured or applicant has sought shelter or 450
protection from domestic violence or has sought medical or 451
psychological treatment as a victim of domestic violence. 452

(2) Nothing in division (Y) (1) of this section shall be 453
construed to prohibit an insurer from inquiring as to, or from 454
underwriting or rating a risk on the basis of, a person's 455
physical or mental condition, even if the condition has been 456
caused by domestic violence, provided that all of the following 457
apply: 458

(a) The insurer routinely considers the condition in 459
underwriting or in rating risks, and does so in the same manner 460

for a victim of domestic violence as for an insured or applicant 461
who is not a victim of domestic violence; 462

(b) The insurer does not refuse to issue any policy or 463
contract of life or health insurance or cancel or refuse to 464
renew any policy or contract of life insurance, solely on the 465
basis of the condition, except where such refusal to issue, 466
cancellation, or refusal to renew is based on sound actuarial 467
principles or is related to actual or reasonably anticipated 468
experience; 469

(c) The insurer does not consider a person's status as 470
being or as having been a victim of domestic violence, in 471
itself, to be a physical or mental condition; 472

(d) The underwriting or rating of a risk on the basis of 473
the condition is not used to evade the intent of division (Y) (1) 474
of this section, or of any other provision of the Revised Code. 475

(3) (a) Nothing in division (Y) (1) of this section shall be 476
construed to prohibit an insurer from refusing to issue a policy 477
or contract of life insurance insuring the life of a person who 478
is or has been a victim of domestic violence if the person who 479
committed the act of domestic violence is the applicant for the 480
insurance or would be the owner of the insurance policy or 481
contract. 482

(b) Nothing in division (Y) (2) of this section shall be 483
construed to permit an insurer to cancel or refuse to renew any 484
policy or contract of health insurance in violation of the 485
"Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996," 486
110 Stat. 1955, 42 U.S.C.A. 300gg-41(b), as amended, or in a 487
manner that violates or is inconsistent with any provision of 488
the Revised Code that implements the "Health Insurance 489

Portability and Accountability Act of 1996."	490
(4) An insurer is immune from any civil or criminal liability that otherwise might be incurred or imposed as a result of any action taken by the insurer to comply with division (Y) of this section.	491 492 493 494
(5) As used in division (Y) of this section, "domestic violence" means any of the following acts:	495 496
(a) Knowingly causing or attempting to cause physical harm to a family or household member;	497 498
(b) Recklessly causing serious physical harm to a family or household member;	499 500
(c) Knowingly causing, by threat of force, a family or household member to believe that the person will cause imminent physical harm to the family or household member.	501 502 503
For the purpose of division (Y) (5) of this section, "family or household member" has the same meaning as in section 2919.25 of the Revised Code.	504 505 506
Nothing in division (Y) (5) of this section shall be construed to require, as a condition to the application of division (Y) of this section, that the act described in division (Y) (5) of this section be the basis of a criminal prosecution.	507 508 509 510
(Z) Disclosing a coroner's records by an insurer in violation of section 313.10 of the Revised Code.	511 512
(AA) Making, issuing, circulating, or causing or permitting to be made, issued, or circulated any statement or representation that a life insurance policy or annuity is a contract for the purchase of funeral goods or services.	513 514 515 516

(BB) With respect to a health care contract as defined in section 3963.01 of the Revised Code that covers vision services, as defined in that section, including any of the contract terms prohibited under or failing to make the disclosures required under division (E) of section 3963.02 of the Revised Code. 517
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(CC) With respect to private passenger automobile insurance, charging premium rates that are excessive, inadequate, or unfairly discriminatory, pursuant to division (D) of section 3937.02 of the Revised Code, based solely on the location of the residence of the insured. 522
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The enumeration in sections 3901.19 to 3901.26 of the Revised Code of specific unfair or deceptive acts or practices in the business of insurance is not exclusive or restrictive or intended to limit the powers of the superintendent of insurance to adopt rules to implement this section, or to take action under other sections of the Revised Code. 527
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This section does not prohibit the sale of shares of any investment company registered under the "Investment Company Act of 1940," 54 Stat. 789, 15 U.S.C.A. 80a-1, as amended, or any policies, annuities, or other contracts described in section 3907.15 of the Revised Code. 533
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As used in this section, "estimate," "statement," "representation," "misrepresentation," "advertisement," or "announcement" includes oral or written occurrences. 538
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Sec. 3923.86. (A) As used in this section, "covered vision services," "vision care materials," and "vision care provider" have the same meanings as in section 3963.01 of the Revised Code. 541
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(B) A sickness and accident insurer or public employee benefit plan shall provide the information required in this division to all insured individuals receiving coverage under an individual or group policy of sickness and accident insurance or public employee benefit plan providing coverage for vision care services or vision care materials. The information shall be in a conspicuous format, shall be easily accessible to insured individuals, and shall do all of the following: 546
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(1) Include the following statement: 554

"IMPORTANT: If you opt to receive vision care services or vision care materials that are not covered benefits under this plan, a participating vision care provider may charge you his or her normal fee for such services or materials. Prior to providing you with vision care services or vision care materials that are not covered benefits, the vision care provider will provide you with an estimated cost for each service or material upon your request." 555
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(2) Disclose any business interest the insurer or plan has in a source or supplier of vision care materials; 563
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(3) Include an explanation that the insured individual may incur out-of-pocket expenses as a result of the purchase of vision care services or vision care materials that are not covered vision services. The explanation shall be communicated in a manner and format similar to how the insurer or plan provides an insured individual with information on coverage levels and out-of-pocket expenses that may be incurred by the insured individual under the policy or plan when purchasing out-of-network vision care services or vision care materials. 565
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(4) Include the contact information of vision care 574

providers in the insured individual's geographic area, so the 575
insured individual is able to contact providers in advance of an 576
appointment to determine if the provider accepts as payment an 577
amount set by the insurer or plan for vision care services or 578
vision care materials that are not covered vision services. 579

(C) A pattern of continuous or repeated violations of this 580
section is an unfair and deceptive act or practice in the 581
business of insurance under sections 3901.19 to 3901.26 of the 582
Revised Code. 583

Sec. 3963.01. As used in this chapter: 584

(A) "Affiliate" means any person or entity that has 585
ownership or control of a contracting entity, is owned or 586
controlled by a contracting entity, or is under common ownership 587
or control with a contracting entity. 588

(B) "Basic health care services" has the same meaning as 589
in division (A) of section 1751.01 of the Revised Code, except 590
that it does not include any services listed in that division 591
that are provided by a pharmacist or nursing home. 592

(C) "Covered vision services" means vision services or 593
vision care materials for which a reimbursement is available 594
under an enrollee's health care contract, or for which a 595
reimbursement would be available but for the application of 596
contractual limitations such as a deductible, copayment, 597
coinsurance, waiting period, annual or lifetime maximum, 598
frequency limitation, alternative benefit payment, or any other 599
limitation. 600

(D) "Contracting entity" means any person that has a 601
primary business purpose of contracting with participating 602
providers for the delivery of health care services. 603

~~(D)~~ (E) "Credentialing" means the process of assessing and 604
validating the qualifications of a provider applying to be 605
approved by a contracting entity to provide basic health care 606
services, specialty health care services, or supplemental health 607
care services to enrollees. 608

~~(E)~~ (F) "Edit" means adjusting one or more procedure codes 609
billed by a participating provider on a claim for payment or a 610
practice that results in any of the following: 611

(1) Payment for some, but not all of the procedure codes 612
originally billed by a participating provider; 613

(2) Payment for a different procedure code than the 614
procedure code originally billed by a participating provider; 615

(3) A reduced payment as a result of services provided to 616
an enrollee that are claimed under more than one procedure code 617
on the same service date. 618

~~(F)~~ (G) "Electronic claims transport" means to accept and 619
digitize claims or to accept claims already digitized, to place 620
those claims into a format that complies with the electronic 621
transaction standards issued by the United States department of 622
health and human services pursuant to the "Health Insurance 623
Portability and Accountability Act of 1996," 110 Stat. 1955, 42 624
U.S.C. 1320d, et seq., as those electronic standards are 625
applicable to the parties and as those electronic standards are 626
updated from time to time, and to electronically transmit those 627
claims to the appropriate contracting entity, payer, or third- 628
party administrator. 629

~~(G)~~ (H) "Enrollee" means any person eligible for health 630
care benefits under a health benefit plan, including an eligible 631
recipient of medicaid, and includes all of the following terms: 632

- (1) "Enrollee" and "subscriber" as defined by section 1751.01 of the Revised Code; 633
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- (2) "Member" as defined by section 1739.01 of the Revised Code; 635
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- (3) "Insured" and "plan member" pursuant to Chapter 3923. of the Revised Code; 637
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- (4) "Beneficiary" as defined by section 3901.38 of the Revised Code. 639
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- ~~(H)~~ (I) "Health care contract" means a contract entered into, materially amended, or renewed between a contracting entity and a participating provider for the delivery of basic health care services, specialty health care services, or supplemental health care services to enrollees. 641
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- ~~(I)~~ (J) "Health care services" means basic health care services, specialty health care services, and supplemental health care services. 646
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- ~~(J)~~ (K) "Material amendment" means an amendment to a health care contract that decreases the participating provider's payment or compensation, changes the administrative procedures in a way that may reasonably be expected to significantly increase the provider's administrative expenses, or adds a new product. A material amendment does not include any of the following: 649
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- (1) A decrease in payment or compensation resulting solely from a change in a published fee schedule upon which the payment or compensation is based and the date of applicability is clearly identified in the contract; 656
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- (2) A decrease in payment or compensation that was 660

anticipated under the terms of the contract, if the amount and 661
date of applicability of the decrease is clearly identified in 662
the contract; 663

(3) An administrative change that may significantly 664
increase the provider's administrative expense, the specific 665
applicability of which is clearly identified in the contract; 666

(4) Changes to an existing prior authorization, 667
precertification, notification, or referral program that do not 668
substantially increase the provider's administrative expense; 669

(5) Changes to an edit program or to specific edits if the 670
participating provider is provided notice of the changes 671
pursuant to division (A) (1) of section 3963.04 of the Revised 672
Code and the notice includes information sufficient for the 673
provider to determine the effect of the change; 674

(6) Changes to a health care contract described in 675
division (B) of section 3963.04 of the Revised Code. 676

~~(K)~~(L) "Participating provider" means a provider that has 677
a health care contract with a contracting entity and is entitled 678
to reimbursement for health care services rendered to an 679
enrollee under the health care contract. 680

~~(L)~~(M) "Payer" means any person that assumes the 681
financial risk for the payment of claims under a health care 682
contract or the reimbursement for health care services provided 683
to enrollees by participating providers pursuant to a health 684
care contract. 685

~~(M)~~(N) "Primary enrollee" means a person who is 686
responsible for making payments for participation in a health 687
care plan or an enrollee whose employment or other status is the 688
basis of eligibility for enrollment in a health care plan. 689

~~(N)~~(O) "Procedure codes" includes the American medical 690
association's current procedural terminology code, the American 691
dental association's current dental terminology, and the centers 692
for medicare and medicaid services health care common procedure 693
coding system. 694

~~(O)~~(P) "Product" means one of the following types of 695
categories of coverage for which a participating provider may be 696
obligated to provide health care services pursuant to a health 697
care contract: 698

(1) A health maintenance organization or other product 699
provided by a health insuring corporation; 700

(2) A preferred provider organization; 701

(3) Medicare; 702

(4) Medicaid; 703

(5) Workers' compensation. 704

~~(P)~~(O) "Provider" means a physician, podiatrist, dentist, 705
chiropractor, optometrist, psychologist, physician assistant, 706
advanced practice registered nurse, occupational therapist, 707
massage therapist, physical therapist, licensed professional 708
counselor, licensed professional clinical counselor, hearing aid 709
dealer, orthotist, prosthetist, home health agency, hospice care 710
program, pediatric respite care program, or hospital, or a 711
provider organization or physician-hospital organization that is 712
acting exclusively as an administrator on behalf of a provider 713
to facilitate the provider's participation in health care 714
contracts. "Provider" does not mean a pharmacist, pharmacy, 715
nursing home, or a provider organization or physician-hospital 716
organization that leases the provider organization's or 717
physician-hospital organization's network to a third party or 718

contracts directly with employers or health and welfare funds. 719

~~(Q)~~ (R) "Specialty health care services" has the same 720
meaning as in section 1751.01 of the Revised Code, except that 721
it does not include any services listed in division (B) of 722
section 1751.01 of the Revised Code that are provided by a 723
pharmacist or a nursing home. 724

~~(R)~~ (S) "Supplemental health care services" has the same 725
meaning as in division (B) of section 1751.01 of the Revised 726
Code, except that it does not include any services listed in 727
that division that are provided by a pharmacist or nursing home. 728

(T) "Vision care materials" includes lenses, devices 729
containing lenses, prisms, lens treatments and coatings, contact 730
lenses, orthoptics, vision training, and any prosthetic device 731
necessary to correct, relieve, or treat any defect or abnormal 732
condition of the human eye or its adnexa. 733

(U) "Vision care provider" means either of the following: 734

(1) An optometrist licensed under Chapter 4725. of the 735
Revised Code; 736

(2) A physician authorized under Chapter 4731. of the 737
Revised Code to practice medicine and surgery or osteopathic 738
medicine and surgery. 739

Sec. 3963.02. (A) (1) No contracting entity shall sell, 740
rent, or give a third party the contracting entity's rights to a 741
participating provider's services pursuant to the contracting 742
entity's health care contract with the participating provider 743
unless one of the following applies: 744

(a) The third party accessing the participating provider's 745
services under the health care contract is an employer or other 746

entity providing coverage for health care services to its 747
employees or members, and that employer or entity has a contract 748
with the contracting entity or its affiliate for the 749
administration or processing of claims for payment for services 750
provided pursuant to the health care contract with the 751
participating provider. 752

(b) The third party accessing the participating provider's 753
services under the health care contract either is an affiliate 754
or subsidiary of the contracting entity or is providing 755
administrative services to, or receiving administrative services 756
from, the contracting entity or an affiliate or subsidiary of 757
the contracting entity. 758

(c) The health care contract specifically provides that it 759
applies to network rental arrangements and states that one 760
purpose of the contract is selling, renting, or giving the 761
contracting entity's rights to the services of the participating 762
provider, including other preferred provider organizations, and 763
the third party accessing the participating provider's services 764
is any of the following: 765

(i) A payer or a third-party administrator or other entity 766
responsible for administering claims on behalf of the payer; 767

(ii) A preferred provider organization or preferred 768
provider network that receives access to the participating 769
provider's services pursuant to an arrangement with the 770
preferred provider organization or preferred provider network in 771
a contract with the participating provider that is in compliance 772
with division (A) (1) (c) of this section, and is required to 773
comply with all of the terms, conditions, and affirmative 774
obligations to which the originally contracted primary 775
participating provider network is bound under its contract with 776

the participating provider, including, but not limited to, 777
obligations concerning patient steerage and the timeliness and 778
manner of reimbursement. 779

(iii) An entity that is engaged in the business of 780
providing electronic claims transport between the contracting 781
entity and the payer or third-party administrator and complies 782
with all of the applicable terms, conditions, and affirmative 783
obligations of the contracting entity's contract with the 784
participating provider including, but not limited to, 785
obligations concerning patient steerage and the timeliness and 786
manner of reimbursement. 787

(2) The contracting entity that sells, rents, or gives the 788
contracting entity's rights to the participating provider's 789
services pursuant to the contracting entity's health care 790
contract with the participating provider as provided in division 791
(A) (1) of this section shall do both of the following: 792

(a) Maintain a web page that contains a listing of third 793
parties described in divisions (A) (1) (b) and (c) of this section 794
with whom a contracting entity contracts for the purpose of 795
selling, renting, or giving the contracting entity's rights to 796
the services of participating providers that is updated at least 797
every six months and is accessible to all participating 798
providers, or maintain a toll-free telephone number accessible 799
to all participating providers by means of which participating 800
providers may access the same listing of third parties; 801

(b) Require that the third party accessing the 802
participating provider's services through the participating 803
provider's health care contract is obligated to comply with all 804
of the applicable terms and conditions of the contract, 805
including, but not limited to, the products for which the 806

participating provider has agreed to provide services, except 807
that a payer receiving administrative services from the 808
contracting entity or its affiliate shall be solely responsible 809
for payment to the participating provider. 810

(3) Any information disclosed to a participating provider 811
under this section shall be considered proprietary and shall not 812
be distributed by the participating provider. 813

(4) Except as provided in division (A)(1) of this section, 814
no entity shall sell, rent, or give a contracting entity's 815
rights to the participating provider's services pursuant to a 816
health care contract. 817

(B)(1) No contracting entity shall require, as a condition 818
of contracting with the contracting entity, that a participating 819
provider provide services for all of the products offered by the 820
contracting entity. 821

(2) Division (B)(1) of this section shall not be construed 822
to do any of the following: 823

(a) Prohibit any participating provider from voluntarily 824
accepting an offer by a contracting entity to provide health 825
care services under all of the contracting entity's products; 826

(b) Prohibit any contracting entity from offering any 827
financial incentive or other form of consideration specified in 828
the health care contract for a participating provider to provide 829
health care services under all of the contracting entity's 830
products; 831

(c) Require any contracting entity to contract with a 832
participating provider to provide health care services for less 833
than all of the contracting entity's products if the contracting 834
entity does not wish to do so. 835

(3) (a) Notwithstanding division (B) (2) of this section, no contracting entity shall require, as a condition of contracting with the contracting entity, that the participating provider accept any future product offering that the contracting entity makes.

(b) If a participating provider refuses to accept any future product offering that the contracting entity makes, the contracting entity may terminate the health care contract based on the participating provider's refusal upon written notice to the participating provider no sooner than one hundred eighty days after the refusal.

(4) Once the contracting entity and the participating provider have signed the health care contract, it is presumed that the financial incentive or other form of consideration that is specified in the health care contract pursuant to division (B) (2) (b) of this section is the financial incentive or other form of consideration that was offered by the contracting entity to induce the participating provider to enter into the contract.

(C) No contracting entity shall require, as a condition of contracting with the contracting entity, that a participating provider waive or forego any right or benefit expressly conferred upon a participating provider by state or federal law. However, this division does not prohibit a contracting entity from restricting a participating provider's scope of practice for the services to be provided under the contract.

(D) No health care contract shall do any of the following:

(1) Prohibit any participating provider from entering into a health care contract with any other contracting entity;

(2) Prohibit any contracting entity from entering into a

health care contract with any other provider; 865

(3) Preclude its use or disclosure for the purpose of 866
enforcing this chapter or other state or federal law, except 867
that a health care contract may require that appropriate 868
measures be taken to preserve the confidentiality of any 869
proprietary or trade-secret information. 870

(E) (1) No contract or agreement between a contracting 871
entity and a vision care provider shall do any of the following: 872

(a) Require that a participating vision care provider 873
accept as payment an amount set by the contracting entity for 874
vision care services or vision care materials provided to an 875
enrollee unless the services or materials are covered vision 876
services; 877

(b) Require that a participating vision care provider 878
participate in a health care contract as a condition to 879
participating in any other health care contract; 880

(c) Directly limit a participating vision care provider's 881
choice of sources and suppliers of vision care materials; 882

(d) Include a provision that prohibits a vision care 883
provider from describing out-of-network options to an enrollee. 884

(2) A vision care provider recommending an out-of-network 885
source or supplier of vision care materials to an enrollee shall 886
notify the enrollee in writing that the source or supplier is 887
out-of-network and shall inform the enrollee of the cost of 888
those materials. The vision care provider shall also disclose in 889
writing to an enrollee any business interest the provider has in 890
a recommended out-of-network source or supplier utilized by the 891
enrollee. 892

(3) A vision care provider who chooses not to accept as payment an amount set by a contracting entity for vision care services or vision care materials that are not covered vision services shall do both of the following: 893
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(a) Upon the request of an enrollee seeking vision care services or vision care materials that are not covered vision services, provide to the enrollee pricing and reimbursement information, including all of the following: 897
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(i) The estimated fee or discounted price suggested by the contracting entity for the noncovered service or material; 901
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(ii) The estimated fee charged by the vision care provider for the noncovered service or material; 903
904

(iii) The amount the vision care provider expects to be reimbursed by the contracting entity for the noncovered service or material; 905
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(iv) The estimated pricing and reimbursement information for any covered services or materials that are also expected to be provided during the enrollee's visit. 908
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(b) Post, in a conspicuous place, a notice stating the following: 911
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"IMPORTANT: This vision care provider does not accept the fee schedule set by your insurer for vision care services and vision care materials that are not covered benefits under your plan and instead charges his or her normal fee for those services and materials. This vision care provider will provide you with an estimated cost for each non-covered service or material upon your request." 913
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(4) Nothing in division (E) of this section shall do any 920

of the following: 921

(a) Restrict or limit a contracting entity's determination 922
of specific amounts of coverage or reimbursement for the use of 923
network or out-of-network sources or suppliers of vision care 924
materials as set forth in an enrollee's benefit plan; 925

(b) Restrict or limit a contracting entity's ability to 926
enter into an agreement with another contracting entity or an 927
affiliate of another contracting entity; 928

(c) Restrict or limit a health care plan's ability to 929
enter into an agreement with a vision care plan to deliver 930
routine vision care services that are covered under an 931
enrollee's plan; 932

(d) Prohibit an enrollee from utilizing a network source 933
or supplier of vision care materials as set forth in an 934
enrollee's plan; 935

(e) Prohibit a participating vision care provider from 936
accepting as payment an amount that is the same as the amount 937
set by the contracting entity for vision care services or vision 938
care materials that are not covered vision services. 939

(F) (1) In addition to any other lawful reasons for 940
terminating a health care contract, a health care contract may 941
only be terminated under the circumstances described in division 942
(A) (3) of section 3963.04 of the Revised Code. 943

(2) If the health care contract provides for termination 944
for cause by either party, the health care contract shall state 945
the reasons that may be used for termination for cause, which 946
terms shall be reasonable. Once the contracting entity and the 947
participating provider have signed the health care contract, it 948
is presumed that the reasons stated in the health care contract 949

for termination for cause by either party are reasonable. 950
Subject to division ~~(E)~~(F) (3) of this section, the health care 951
contract shall state the time by which the parties must provide 952
notice of termination for cause and to whom the parties shall 953
give the notice. 954

(3) Nothing in divisions ~~(E)~~(F) (1) and (2) of this section 955
shall be construed as prohibiting any health insuring 956
corporation from terminating a participating provider's contract 957
for any of the causes described in divisions (A), (D), and (F) 958
(1) and (2) of section 1753.09 of the Revised Code. 959
Notwithstanding any provision in a health care contract pursuant 960
to division ~~(E)~~(F) (2) of this section, section 1753.09 of the 961
Revised Code applies to the termination of a participating 962
provider's contract for any of the causes described in divisions 963
(A), (D), and (F) (1) and (2) of section 1753.09 of the Revised 964
Code. 965

(4) Subject to sections 3963.01 to 3963.11 of the Revised 966
Code, nothing in this section prohibits the termination of a 967
health care contract without cause if the health care contract 968
otherwise provides for termination without cause. 969

~~(F)~~(G) (1) Disputes among parties to a health care contract 970
that only concern the enforcement of the contract rights 971
conferred by section 3963.02, divisions (A) and (D) of section 972
3963.03, and section 3963.04 of the Revised Code are subject to 973
a mutually agreed upon arbitration mechanism that is binding on 974
all parties. The arbitrator may award reasonable attorney's fees 975
and costs for arbitration relating to the enforcement of this 976
section to the prevailing party. 977

(2) The arbitrator shall make the arbitrator's decision in 978
an arbitration proceeding having due regard for any applicable 979

rules, bulletins, rulings, or decisions issued by the department 980
of insurance or any court concerning the enforcement of the 981
contract rights conferred by section 3963.02, divisions (A) and 982
(D) of section 3963.03, and section 3963.04 of the Revised Code. 983

(3) A party shall not simultaneously maintain an 984
arbitration proceeding as described in division ~~(F)~~(G)(1) of 985
this section and pursue a complaint with the superintendent of 986
insurance to investigate the subject matter of the arbitration 987
proceeding. However, if a complaint is filed with the department 988
of insurance, the superintendent may choose to investigate the 989
complaint or, after reviewing the complaint, advise the 990
complainant to proceed with arbitration to resolve the 991
complaint. The superintendent may request to receive a copy of 992
the results of the arbitration. If the superintendent of 993
insurance notifies an insurer or a health insuring corporation 994
in writing that the superintendent has initiated a market 995
conduct examination into the specific subject matter of the 996
arbitration proceeding pending against that insurer or health 997
insuring corporation, the arbitration proceeding shall be stayed 998
at the request of the insurer or health insuring corporation 999
pending the outcome of the market conduct investigation by the 1000
superintendent. 1001

Sec. 3963.03. (A) Each health care contract shall include 1002
all of the following information: 1003

(1) (a) Information sufficient for the participating 1004
provider to determine the compensation or payment terms for 1005
health care services, including all of the following, subject to 1006
division (A) (1) (b) of this section: 1007

(i) The manner of payment, such as fee-for-service, 1008
capitation, or risk; 1009

(ii) The fee schedule of procedure codes reasonably 1010
expected to be billed by a participating provider's specialty 1011
for services provided pursuant to the health care contract and 1012
the associated payment or compensation for each procedure code. 1013
A fee schedule may be provided electronically. Upon request, a 1014
contracting entity shall provide a participating provider with 1015
the fee schedule for any other procedure codes requested and a 1016
written fee schedule, that shall not be required more frequently 1017
than twice per year excluding when it is provided in connection 1018
with any change to the schedule. This requirement may be 1019
satisfied by providing a clearly understandable, readily 1020
available mechanism, such as a specific web site address, that 1021
allows a participating provider to determine the effect of 1022
procedure codes on payment or compensation before a service is 1023
provided or a claim is submitted. 1024

(iii) The effect, if any, on payment or compensation if 1025
more than one procedure code applies to the service also shall 1026
be stated. This requirement may be satisfied by providing a 1027
clearly understandable, readily available mechanism, such as a 1028
specific web site address, that allows a participating provider 1029
to determine the effect of procedure codes on payment or 1030
compensation before a service is provided or a claim is 1031
submitted. 1032

(b) If the contracting entity is unable to include the 1033
information described in ~~division~~ divisions (A) (1) (a) (ii) and 1034
(iii) of this section, the contracting entity shall include both 1035
of the following types of information instead: 1036

(i) The methodology used to calculate any fee schedule, 1037
such as relative value unit system and conversion factor or 1038
percentage of billed charges. If applicable, the methodology 1039

disclosure shall include the name of any relative value unit 1040
system, its version, edition, or publication date, any 1041
applicable conversion or geographic factor, and any date by 1042
which compensation or fee schedules may be changed by the 1043
methodology as anticipated at the time of contract. 1044

(ii) The identity of any internal processing edits, 1045
including the publisher, product name, version, and version 1046
update of any editing software. 1047

(c) If the contracting entity is not the payer and is 1048
unable to include the information described in division (A) (1) 1049
(a) or (b) of this section, then the contracting entity shall 1050
provide by telephone a readily available mechanism, such as a 1051
specific web site address, that allows the participating 1052
provider to obtain that information from the payer. 1053

(2) Any product or network for which the participating 1054
provider is to provide services; 1055

(3) The term of the health care contract; 1056

(4) A specific web site address that contains the identity 1057
of the contracting entity or payer responsible for the 1058
processing of the participating provider's compensation or 1059
payment; 1060

(5) Any internal mechanism provided by the contracting 1061
entity to resolve disputes concerning the interpretation or 1062
application of the terms and conditions of the contract. A 1063
contracting entity may satisfy this requirement by providing a 1064
clearly understandable, readily available mechanism, such as a 1065
specific web site address or an appendix, that allows a 1066
participating provider to determine the procedures for the 1067
internal mechanism to resolve those disputes. 1068

(6) A list of addenda, if any, to the contract. 1069

(B) (1) Each contracting entity shall include a summary 1070
disclosure form with a health care contract that includes all of 1071
the information specified in division (A) of this section. The 1072
information in the summary disclosure form shall refer to the 1073
location in the health care contract, whether a page number, 1074
section of the contract, appendix, or other identifiable 1075
location, that specifies the provisions in the contract to which 1076
the information in the form refers. 1077

(2) The summary disclosure form shall include all of the 1078
following statements: 1079

(a) That the form is a guide to the health care contract 1080
and that the terms and conditions of the health care contract 1081
constitute the contract rights of the parties; 1082

(b) That reading the form is not a substitute for reading 1083
the entire health care contract; 1084

(c) That by signing the health care contract, the 1085
participating provider will be bound by the contract's terms and 1086
conditions; 1087

(d) That the terms and conditions of the health care 1088
contract may be amended pursuant to section 3963.04 of the 1089
Revised Code and the participating provider is encouraged to 1090
carefully read any proposed amendments sent after execution of 1091
the contract; 1092

(e) That nothing in the summary disclosure form creates 1093
any additional rights or causes of action in favor of either 1094
party. 1095

(3) No contracting entity that includes any information in 1096

the summary disclosure form with the reasonable belief that the information is truthful or accurate shall be subject to a civil action for damages or to binding arbitration based on the summary disclosure form. Division (B) (3) of this section does not impair or affect any power of the department of insurance to enforce any applicable law.

(4) The summary disclosure form described in divisions (B) (1) and (2) of this section shall be in substantially the following form:

"SUMMARY DISCLOSURE FORM

(1) Compensation terms

(a) Manner of payment

[] Fee for service

[] Capitation

[] Risk

[] Other See

(b) Fee schedule available at

(c) Fee calculation schedule available at

(d) Identity of internal processing edits available at

(e) Information in (c) and (d) is not required if information in (b) is provided.

(2) List of products or networks covered by this contract

[]

[]

[]	1122
[]	1123
[]	1124
(3) Term of this contract	1125
(4) Contracting entity or payer responsible for processing payment available at	1126 1127
(5) Internal mechanism for resolving disputes regarding contract terms available at	1128 1129
(6) Addenda to contract	1130
Title Subject	1131
(a)	1132
(b)	1133
(c)	1134
(d)	1135
(7) Telephone number to access a readily available mechanism, such as a specific web site address, to allow a participating provider to receive the information in (1) through (6) from the payer.	1136 1137 1138 1139
IMPORTANT INFORMATION - PLEASE READ CAREFULLY	1140
The information provided in this Summary Disclosure Form is a guide to the attached Health Care Contract as defined in section 3963.01(G) <u>3963.01(I)</u> of the Ohio Revised Code. The terms and conditions of the attached Health Care Contract constitute the contract rights of the parties.	1141 1142 1143 1144 1145
Reading this Summary Disclosure Form is not a substitute	1146

for reading the entire Health Care Contract. When you sign the 1147
Health Care Contract, you will be bound by its terms and 1148
conditions. These terms and conditions may be amended over time 1149
pursuant to section 3963.04 of the Ohio Revised Code. You are 1150
encouraged to read any proposed amendments that are sent to you 1151
after execution of the Health Care Contract. 1152

Nothing in this Summary Disclosure Form creates any 1153
additional rights or causes of action in favor of either party." 1154

(C) When a contracting entity presents a proposed health 1155
care contract for consideration by a provider, the contracting 1156
entity shall provide in writing or make reasonably available the 1157
information required in division (A)(1) of this section. 1158

(D) The contracting entity shall identify any utilization 1159
management, quality improvement, or a similar program that the 1160
contracting entity uses to review, monitor, evaluate, or assess 1161
the services provided pursuant to a health care contract. The 1162
contracting entity shall disclose the policies, procedures, or 1163
guidelines of such a program applicable to a participating 1164
provider upon request by the participating provider within 1165
fourteen days after the date of the request. 1166

(E) Nothing in this section shall be construed as 1167
preventing or affecting the application of section 1753.07 of 1168
the Revised Code that would otherwise apply to a contract with a 1169
participating provider. 1170

(F) The requirements of division (C) of this section do 1171
not prohibit a contracting entity from requiring a reasonable 1172
confidentiality agreement between the provider and the 1173
contracting entity regarding the terms of the proposed health 1174
care contract. If either party violates the confidentiality 1175

agreement, a party to the confidentiality agreement may bring a 1176
civil action to enjoin the other party from continuing any act 1177
that is in violation of the confidentiality agreement, to 1178
recover damages, to terminate the contract, or to obtain any 1179
combination of relief. 1180

Sec. 4725.19. (A) In accordance with Chapter 119. of the 1181
Revised Code and by an affirmative vote of a majority of its 1182
members, the state vision professionals board, for any of the 1183
reasons specified in division (B) of this section, shall refuse 1184
to grant a certificate of licensure to practice optometry to an 1185
applicant and may, with respect to a licensed optometrist, do 1186
one or more of the following: 1187

(1) Suspend the operation of any certificate of licensure, 1188
topical ocular pharmaceutical agents certificate, or therapeutic 1189
pharmaceutical agents certificate, or all certificates granted 1190
by it to the optometrist; 1191

(2) Permanently revoke any or all of the certificates; 1192

(3) Limit or otherwise place restrictions on any or all of 1193
the certificates; 1194

(4) Reprimand the optometrist; 1195

(5) Impose a monetary penalty. If the reason for which the 1196
board is imposing the penalty involves a criminal offense that 1197
carries a fine under the Revised Code, the penalty shall not 1198
exceed the maximum fine that may be imposed for the criminal 1199
offense. In any other case, the penalty imposed by the board 1200
shall not exceed five hundred dollars. 1201

(6) Require the optometrist to take corrective action 1202
courses. 1203

The amount and content of corrective action courses shall 1204
be established by the board in rules adopted under section 1205
4725.09 of the Revised Code. 1206

(B) The sanctions specified in division (A) of this 1207
section may be taken by the board for any of the following 1208
reasons: 1209

(1) Committing fraud in passing the licensing examination 1210
or making false or purposely misleading statements in an 1211
application for a certificate of licensure; 1212

(2) Being at any time guilty of immorality, regardless of 1213
the jurisdiction in which the act was committed; 1214

(3) Being guilty of dishonesty or unprofessional conduct 1215
in the practice of optometry; 1216

(4) Being at any time guilty of a felony, regardless of 1217
the jurisdiction in which the act was committed; 1218

(5) Being at any time guilty of a misdemeanor committed in 1219
the course of practice, regardless of the jurisdiction in which 1220
the act was committed; 1221

(6) Violating the conditions of any limitation or other 1222
restriction placed by the board on any certificate issued by the 1223
board; 1224

(7) Engaging in the practice of optometry as provided in 1225
division (A)(1), (2), or (3) of section 4725.01 of the Revised 1226
Code when the certificate authorizing that practice is under 1227
suspension, in which case the board shall permanently revoke the 1228
certificate; 1229

(8) Being denied a license to practice optometry in 1230
another state or country or being subject to any other sanction 1231

by the optometric licensing authority of another state or 1232
country, other than sanctions imposed for the nonpayment of 1233
fees; 1234

(9) Departing from or failing to conform to acceptable and 1235
prevailing standards of care in the practice of optometry as 1236
followed by similar practitioners under the same or similar 1237
circumstances, regardless of whether actual injury to a patient 1238
is established; 1239

(10) Failing to maintain comprehensive patient records; 1240

(11) Advertising a price of optical accessories, eye 1241
examinations, or other products or services by any means that 1242
would deceive or mislead the public; 1243

(12) Being addicted to the use of alcohol, stimulants, 1244
narcotics, or any other substance which impairs the intellect 1245
and judgment to such an extent as to hinder or diminish the 1246
performance of the duties included in the person's practice of 1247
optometry; 1248

(13) Engaging in the practice of optometry as provided in 1249
division (A) (2) or (3) of section 4725.01 of the Revised Code 1250
without authority to do so or, if authorized, in a manner 1251
inconsistent with the authority granted; 1252

(14) Failing to make a report to the board as required by 1253
division (A) of section 4725.21 or section 4725.31 of the 1254
Revised Code; 1255

(15) Soliciting patients from door to door or establishing 1256
temporary offices, in which case the board shall suspend all 1257
certificates held by the optometrist; 1258

(16) Except as provided in division (D) of this section: 1259

(a) Waiving the payment of all or any part of a deductible or copayment that a patient, pursuant to a health insurance or health care policy, contract, or plan that covers optometric services, would otherwise be required to pay if the waiver is used as an enticement to a patient or group of patients to receive health care services from that optometrist.

(b) Advertising that the optometrist will waive the payment of all or any part of a deductible or copayment that a patient, pursuant to a health insurance or health care policy, contract, or plan that covers optometric services, would otherwise be required to pay.

(17) Failing to comply with the requirements in section 3719.061 of the Revised Code before issuing for a minor a prescription for an analgesic controlled substance authorized pursuant to section 4725.091 of the Revised Code that is an opioid analgesic, as defined in section 3719.01 of the Revised Code;

(18) Violating the rules adopted under section 4725.66 of the Revised Code;

(19) A pattern of continuous or repeated violations of division (E) (3) of section 3963.02 of the Revised Code.

(C) Any person who is the holder of a certificate of licensure, or who is an applicant for a certificate of licensure against whom is preferred any charges, shall be furnished by the board with a copy of the complaint and shall have a hearing before the board in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code.

(D) Sanctions shall not be imposed under division (B) (17) of this section against any optometrist who waives deductibles

and copayments: 1289

(1) In compliance with the health benefit plan that 1290
expressly allows such a practice. Waiver of the deductibles or 1291
copayments shall be made only with the full knowledge and 1292
consent of the plan purchaser, payer, and third-party 1293
administrator. Documentation of the consent shall be made 1294
available to the board upon request. 1295

(2) For professional services rendered to any other 1296
optometrist licensed by the board, to the extent allowed by 1297
sections 4725.01 to 4725.34 of the Revised Code and the rules of 1298
the board. 1299

Sec. 4731.22. (A) The state medical board, by an 1300
affirmative vote of not fewer than six of its members, may 1301
limit, revoke, or suspend a license or certificate to practice 1302
or certificate to recommend, refuse to grant a license or 1303
certificate, refuse to renew a license or certificate, refuse to 1304
reinstate a license or certificate, or reprimand or place on 1305
probation the holder of a license or certificate if the 1306
individual applying for or holding the license or certificate is 1307
found by the board to have committed fraud during the 1308
administration of the examination for a license or certificate 1309
to practice or to have committed fraud, misrepresentation, or 1310
deception in applying for, renewing, or securing any license or 1311
certificate to practice or certificate to recommend issued by 1312
the board. 1313

(B) The board, by an affirmative vote of not fewer than 1314
six members, shall, to the extent permitted by law, limit, 1315
revoke, or suspend a license or certificate to practice or 1316
certificate to recommend, refuse to issue a license or 1317
certificate, refuse to renew a license or certificate, refuse to 1318

reinstate a license or certificate, or reprimand or place on 1319
probation the holder of a license or certificate for one or more 1320
of the following reasons: 1321

(1) Permitting one's name or one's license or certificate 1322
to practice to be used by a person, group, or corporation when 1323
the individual concerned is not actually directing the treatment 1324
given; 1325

(2) Failure to maintain minimal standards applicable to 1326
the selection or administration of drugs, or failure to employ 1327
acceptable scientific methods in the selection of drugs or other 1328
modalities for treatment of disease; 1329

(3) Except as provided in section 4731.97 of the Revised 1330
Code, selling, giving away, personally furnishing, prescribing, 1331
or administering drugs for other than legal and legitimate 1332
therapeutic purposes or a plea of guilty to, a judicial finding 1333
of guilt of, or a judicial finding of eligibility for 1334
intervention in lieu of conviction of, a violation of any 1335
federal or state law regulating the possession, distribution, or 1336
use of any drug; 1337

(4) Willfully betraying a professional confidence. 1338

For purposes of this division, "willfully betraying a 1339
professional confidence" does not include providing any 1340
information, documents, or reports under sections 307.621 to 1341
307.629 of the Revised Code to a child fatality review board; 1342
does not include providing any information, documents, or 1343
reports to the director of health pursuant to guidelines 1344
established under section 3701.70 of the Revised Code; does not 1345
include written notice to a mental health professional under 1346
section 4731.62 of the Revised Code; and does not include the 1347

making of a report of an employee's use of a drug of abuse, or a 1348
report of a condition of an employee other than one involving 1349
the use of a drug of abuse, to the employer of the employee as 1350
described in division (B) of section 2305.33 of the Revised 1351
Code. Nothing in this division affects the immunity from civil 1352
liability conferred by section 2305.33 or 4731.62 of the Revised 1353
Code upon a physician who makes a report in accordance with 1354
section 2305.33 or notifies a mental health professional in 1355
accordance with section 4731.62 of the Revised Code. As used in 1356
this division, "employee," "employer," and "physician" have the 1357
same meanings as in section 2305.33 of the Revised Code. 1358

(5) Making a false, fraudulent, deceptive, or misleading 1359
statement in the solicitation of or advertising for patients; in 1360
relation to the practice of medicine and surgery, osteopathic 1361
medicine and surgery, podiatric medicine and surgery, or a 1362
limited branch of medicine; or in securing or attempting to 1363
secure any license or certificate to practice issued by the 1364
board. 1365

As used in this division, "false, fraudulent, deceptive, 1366
or misleading statement" means a statement that includes a 1367
misrepresentation of fact, is likely to mislead or deceive 1368
because of a failure to disclose material facts, is intended or 1369
is likely to create false or unjustified expectations of 1370
favorable results, or includes representations or implications 1371
that in reasonable probability will cause an ordinarily prudent 1372
person to misunderstand or be deceived. 1373

(6) A departure from, or the failure to conform to, 1374
minimal standards of care of similar practitioners under the 1375
same or similar circumstances, whether or not actual injury to a 1376
patient is established; 1377

- (7) Representing, with the purpose of obtaining 1378
compensation or other advantage as personal gain or for any 1379
other person, that an incurable disease or injury, or other 1380
incurable condition, can be permanently cured; 1381
- (8) The obtaining of, or attempting to obtain, money or 1382
anything of value by fraudulent misrepresentations in the course 1383
of practice; 1384
- (9) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of, 1385
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of 1386
conviction for, a felony; 1387
- (10) Commission of an act that constitutes a felony in 1388
this state, regardless of the jurisdiction in which the act was 1389
committed; 1390
- (11) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of, 1391
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of 1392
conviction for, a misdemeanor committed in the course of 1393
practice; 1394
- (12) Commission of an act in the course of practice that 1395
constitutes a misdemeanor in this state, regardless of the 1396
jurisdiction in which the act was committed; 1397
- (13) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of, 1398
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of 1399
conviction for, a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude; 1400
- (14) Commission of an act involving moral turpitude that 1401
constitutes a misdemeanor in this state, regardless of the 1402
jurisdiction in which the act was committed; 1403
- (15) Violation of the conditions of limitation placed by 1404
the board upon a license or certificate to practice; 1405

(16) Failure to pay license renewal fees specified in this chapter; 1406
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(17) Except as authorized in section 4731.31 of the Revised Code, engaging in the division of fees for referral of patients, or the receiving of a thing of value in return for a specific referral of a patient to utilize a particular service or business; 1408
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(18) Subject to section 4731.226 of the Revised Code, violation of any provision of a code of ethics of the American medical association, the American osteopathic association, the American podiatric medical association, or any other national professional organizations that the board specifies by rule. The state medical board shall obtain and keep on file current copies of the codes of ethics of the various national professional organizations. The individual whose license or certificate is being suspended or revoked shall not be found to have violated any provision of a code of ethics of an organization not appropriate to the individual's profession. 1413
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For purposes of this division, a "provision of a code of ethics of a national professional organization" does not include any provision that would preclude the making of a report by a physician of an employee's use of a drug of abuse, or of a condition of an employee other than one involving the use of a drug of abuse, to the employer of the employee as described in division (B) of section 2305.33 of the Revised Code. Nothing in this division affects the immunity from civil liability conferred by that section upon a physician who makes either type of report in accordance with division (B) of that section. As used in this division, "employee," "employer," and "physician" have the same meanings as in section 2305.33 of the Revised 1424
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Code. 1436

(19) Inability to practice according to acceptable and 1437
prevailing standards of care by reason of mental illness or 1438
physical illness, including, but not limited to, physical 1439
deterioration that adversely affects cognitive, motor, or 1440
perceptive skills. 1441

In enforcing this division, the board, upon a showing of a 1442
possible violation, may compel any individual authorized to 1443
practice by this chapter or who has submitted an application 1444
pursuant to this chapter to submit to a mental examination, 1445
physical examination, including an HIV test, or both a mental 1446
and a physical examination. The expense of the examination is 1447
the responsibility of the individual compelled to be examined. 1448
Failure to submit to a mental or physical examination or consent 1449
to an HIV test ordered by the board constitutes an admission of 1450
the allegations against the individual unless the failure is due 1451
to circumstances beyond the individual's control, and a default 1452
and final order may be entered without the taking of testimony 1453
or presentation of evidence. If the board finds an individual 1454
unable to practice because of the reasons set forth in this 1455
division, the board shall require the individual to submit to 1456
care, counseling, or treatment by physicians approved or 1457
designated by the board, as a condition for initial, continued, 1458
reinstated, or renewed authority to practice. An individual 1459
affected under this division shall be afforded an opportunity to 1460
demonstrate to the board the ability to resume practice in 1461
compliance with acceptable and prevailing standards under the 1462
provisions of the individual's license or certificate. For the 1463
purpose of this division, any individual who applies for or 1464
receives a license or certificate to practice under this chapter 1465
accepts the privilege of practicing in this state and, by so 1466

doing, shall be deemed to have given consent to submit to a 1467
mental or physical examination when directed to do so in writing 1468
by the board, and to have waived all objections to the 1469
admissibility of testimony or examination reports that 1470
constitute a privileged communication. 1471

(20) Except as provided in division (F)(1)(b) of section 1472
4731.282 of the Revised Code or when civil penalties are imposed 1473
under section 4731.225 of the Revised Code, and subject to 1474
section 4731.226 of the Revised Code, violating or attempting to 1475
violate, directly or indirectly, or assisting in or abetting the 1476
violation of, or conspiring to violate, any provisions of this 1477
chapter or any rule promulgated by the board. 1478

This division does not apply to a violation or attempted 1479
violation of, assisting in or abetting the violation of, or a 1480
conspiracy to violate, any provision of this chapter or any rule 1481
adopted by the board that would preclude the making of a report 1482
by a physician of an employee's use of a drug of abuse, or of a 1483
condition of an employee other than one involving the use of a 1484
drug of abuse, to the employer of the employee as described in 1485
division (B) of section 2305.33 of the Revised Code. Nothing in 1486
this division affects the immunity from civil liability 1487
conferred by that section upon a physician who makes either type 1488
of report in accordance with division (B) of that section. As 1489
used in this division, "employee," "employer," and "physician" 1490
have the same meanings as in section 2305.33 of the Revised 1491
Code. 1492

(21) The violation of section 3701.79 of the Revised Code 1493
or of any abortion rule adopted by the director of health 1494
pursuant to section 3701.341 of the Revised Code; 1495

(22) Any of the following actions taken by an agency 1496

responsible for authorizing, certifying, or regulating an 1497
individual to practice a health care occupation or provide 1498
health care services in this state or another jurisdiction, for 1499
any reason other than the nonpayment of fees: the limitation, 1500
revocation, or suspension of an individual's license to 1501
practice; acceptance of an individual's license surrender; 1502
denial of a license; refusal to renew or reinstate a license; 1503
imposition of probation; or issuance of an order of censure or 1504
other reprimand; 1505

(23) The violation of section 2919.12 of the Revised Code 1506
or the performance or inducement of an abortion upon a pregnant 1507
woman with actual knowledge that the conditions specified in 1508
division (B) of section 2317.56 of the Revised Code have not 1509
been satisfied or with a heedless indifference as to whether 1510
those conditions have been satisfied, unless an affirmative 1511
defense as specified in division (H) (2) of that section would 1512
apply in a civil action authorized by division (H) (1) of that 1513
section; 1514

(24) The revocation, suspension, restriction, reduction, 1515
or termination of clinical privileges by the United States 1516
department of defense or department of veterans affairs or the 1517
termination or suspension of a certificate of registration to 1518
prescribe drugs by the drug enforcement administration of the 1519
United States department of justice; 1520

(25) Termination or suspension from participation in the 1521
medicare or medicaid programs by the department of health and 1522
human services or other responsible agency for any act or acts 1523
that also would constitute a violation of division (B) (2), (3), 1524
(6), (8), or (19) of this section; 1525

(26) Impairment of ability to practice according to 1526

acceptable and prevailing standards of care because of habitual 1527
or excessive use or abuse of drugs, alcohol, or other substances 1528
that impair ability to practice. 1529

For the purposes of this division, any individual 1530
authorized to practice by this chapter accepts the privilege of 1531
practicing in this state subject to supervision by the board. By 1532
filing an application for or holding a license or certificate to 1533
practice under this chapter, an individual shall be deemed to 1534
have given consent to submit to a mental or physical examination 1535
when ordered to do so by the board in writing, and to have 1536
waived all objections to the admissibility of testimony or 1537
examination reports that constitute privileged communications. 1538

If it has reason to believe that any individual authorized 1539
to practice by this chapter or any applicant for licensure or 1540
certification to practice suffers such impairment, the board may 1541
compel the individual to submit to a mental or physical 1542
examination, or both. The expense of the examination is the 1543
responsibility of the individual compelled to be examined. Any 1544
mental or physical examination required under this division 1545
shall be undertaken by a treatment provider or physician who is 1546
qualified to conduct the examination and who is chosen by the 1547
board. 1548

Failure to submit to a mental or physical examination 1549
ordered by the board constitutes an admission of the allegations 1550
against the individual unless the failure is due to 1551
circumstances beyond the individual's control, and a default and 1552
final order may be entered without the taking of testimony or 1553
presentation of evidence. If the board determines that the 1554
individual's ability to practice is impaired, the board shall 1555
suspend the individual's license or certificate or deny the 1556

individual's application and shall require the individual, as a 1557
condition for initial, continued, reinstated, or renewed 1558
licensure or certification to practice, to submit to treatment. 1559

Before being eligible to apply for reinstatement of a 1560
license or certificate suspended under this division, the 1561
impaired practitioner shall demonstrate to the board the ability 1562
to resume practice in compliance with acceptable and prevailing 1563
standards of care under the provisions of the practitioner's 1564
license or certificate. The demonstration shall include, but 1565
shall not be limited to, the following: 1566

(a) Certification from a treatment provider approved under 1567
section 4731.25 of the Revised Code that the individual has 1568
successfully completed any required inpatient treatment; 1569

(b) Evidence of continuing full compliance with an 1570
aftercare contract or consent agreement; 1571

(c) Two written reports indicating that the individual's 1572
ability to practice has been assessed and that the individual 1573
has been found capable of practicing according to acceptable and 1574
prevailing standards of care. The reports shall be made by 1575
individuals or providers approved by the board for making the 1576
assessments and shall describe the basis for their 1577
determination. 1578

The board may reinstate a license or certificate suspended 1579
under this division after that demonstration and after the 1580
individual has entered into a written consent agreement. 1581

When the impaired practitioner resumes practice, the board 1582
shall require continued monitoring of the individual. The 1583
monitoring shall include, but not be limited to, compliance with 1584
the written consent agreement entered into before reinstatement 1585

or with conditions imposed by board order after a hearing, and, 1586
upon termination of the consent agreement, submission to the 1587
board for at least two years of annual written progress reports 1588
made under penalty of perjury stating whether the individual has 1589
maintained sobriety. 1590

(27) A second or subsequent violation of section 4731.66 1591
or 4731.69 of the Revised Code; 1592

(28) Except as provided in division (N) of this section: 1593

(a) Waiving the payment of all or any part of a deductible 1594
or copayment that a patient, pursuant to a health insurance or 1595
health care policy, contract, or plan that covers the 1596
individual's services, otherwise would be required to pay if the 1597
waiver is used as an enticement to a patient or group of 1598
patients to receive health care services from that individual; 1599

(b) Advertising that the individual will waive the payment 1600
of all or any part of a deductible or copayment that a patient, 1601
pursuant to a health insurance or health care policy, contract, 1602
or plan that covers the individual's services, otherwise would 1603
be required to pay. 1604

(29) Failure to use universal blood and body fluid 1605
precautions established by rules adopted under section 4731.051 1606
of the Revised Code; 1607

(30) Failure to provide notice to, and receive 1608
acknowledgment of the notice from, a patient when required by 1609
section 4731.143 of the Revised Code prior to providing 1610
nonemergency professional services, or failure to maintain that 1611
notice in the patient's medical record; 1612

(31) Failure of a physician supervising a physician 1613
assistant to maintain supervision in accordance with the 1614

requirements of Chapter 4730. of the Revised Code and the rules 1615
adopted under that chapter; 1616

(32) Failure of a physician or podiatrist to enter into a 1617
standard care arrangement with a clinical nurse specialist, 1618
certified nurse-midwife, or certified nurse practitioner with 1619
whom the physician or podiatrist is in collaboration pursuant to 1620
section 4731.27 of the Revised Code or failure to fulfill the 1621
responsibilities of collaboration after entering into a standard 1622
care arrangement; 1623

(33) Failure to comply with the terms of a consult 1624
agreement entered into with a pharmacist pursuant to section 1625
4729.39 of the Revised Code; 1626

(34) Failure to cooperate in an investigation conducted by 1627
the board under division (F) of this section, including failure 1628
to comply with a subpoena or order issued by the board or 1629
failure to answer truthfully a question presented by the board 1630
in an investigative interview, an investigative office 1631
conference, at a deposition, or in written interrogatories, 1632
except that failure to cooperate with an investigation shall not 1633
constitute grounds for discipline under this section if a court 1634
of competent jurisdiction has issued an order that either 1635
quashes a subpoena or permits the individual to withhold the 1636
testimony or evidence in issue; 1637

(35) Failure to supervise an oriental medicine 1638
practitioner or acupuncturist in accordance with Chapter 4762. 1639
of the Revised Code and the board's rules for providing that 1640
supervision; 1641

(36) Failure to supervise an anesthesiologist assistant in 1642
accordance with Chapter 4760. of the Revised Code and the 1643

board's rules for supervision of an anesthesiologist assistant;	1644
(37) Assisting suicide, as defined in section 3795.01 of the Revised Code;	1645 1646
(38) Failure to comply with the requirements of section 2317.561 of the Revised Code;	1647 1648
(39) Failure to supervise a radiologist assistant in accordance with Chapter 4774. of the Revised Code and the board's rules for supervision of radiologist assistants;	1649 1650 1651
(40) Performing or inducing an abortion at an office or facility with knowledge that the office or facility fails to post the notice required under section 3701.791 of the Revised Code;	1652 1653 1654 1655
(41) Failure to comply with the standards and procedures established in rules under section 4731.054 of the Revised Code for the operation of or the provision of care at a pain management clinic;	1656 1657 1658 1659
(42) Failure to comply with the standards and procedures established in rules under section 4731.054 of the Revised Code for providing supervision, direction, and control of individuals at a pain management clinic;	1660 1661 1662 1663
(43) Failure to comply with the requirements of section 4729.79 or 4731.055 of the Revised Code, unless the state board of pharmacy no longer maintains a drug database pursuant to section 4729.75 of the Revised Code;	1664 1665 1666 1667
(44) Failure to comply with the requirements of section 2919.171, 2919.202, or 2919.203 of the Revised Code or failure to submit to the department of health in accordance with a court order a complete report as described in section 2919.171 or	1668 1669 1670 1671

2919.202 of the Revised Code;	1672
(45) Practicing at a facility that is subject to licensure as a category III terminal distributor of dangerous drugs with a pain management clinic classification unless the person operating the facility has obtained and maintains the license with the classification;	1673 1674 1675 1676 1677
(46) Owning a facility that is subject to licensure as a category III terminal distributor of dangerous drugs with a pain management clinic classification unless the facility is licensed with the classification;	1678 1679 1680 1681
(47) Failure to comply with the requirement regarding maintaining notes described in division (B) of section 2919.191 of the Revised Code or failure to satisfy the requirements of section 2919.191 of the Revised Code prior to performing or inducing an abortion upon a pregnant woman;	1682 1683 1684 1685 1686
(48) Failure to comply with the requirements in section 3719.061 of the Revised Code before issuing for a minor a prescription for an opioid analgesic, as defined in section 3719.01 of the Revised Code;	1687 1688 1689 1690
(49) Failure to comply with the requirements of section 4731.30 of the Revised Code or rules adopted under section 4731.301 of the Revised Code when recommending treatment with medical marijuana;	1691 1692 1693 1694
(50) Practicing at a facility, clinic, or other location that is subject to licensure as a category III terminal distributor of dangerous drugs with an office-based opioid treatment classification unless the person operating that place has obtained and maintains the license with the classification;	1695 1696 1697 1698 1699
(51) Owning a facility, clinic, or other location that is	1700

subject to licensure as a category III terminal distributor of 1701
dangerous drugs with an office-based opioid treatment 1702
classification unless that place is licensed with the 1703
classification; 1704

(52) A pattern of continuous or repeated violations of 1705
division (E) (3) of section 3963.02 of the Revised Code. 1706

(C) Disciplinary actions taken by the board under 1707
divisions (A) and (B) of this section shall be taken pursuant to 1708
an adjudication under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, except 1709
that in lieu of an adjudication, the board may enter into a 1710
consent agreement with an individual to resolve an allegation of 1711
a violation of this chapter or any rule adopted under it. A 1712
consent agreement, when ratified by an affirmative vote of not 1713
fewer than six members of the board, shall constitute the 1714
findings and order of the board with respect to the matter 1715
addressed in the agreement. If the board refuses to ratify a 1716
consent agreement, the admissions and findings contained in the 1717
consent agreement shall be of no force or effect. 1718

A telephone conference call may be utilized for 1719
ratification of a consent agreement that revokes or suspends an 1720
individual's license or certificate to practice or certificate 1721
to recommend. The telephone conference call shall be considered 1722
a special meeting under division (F) of section 121.22 of the 1723
Revised Code. 1724

If the board takes disciplinary action against an 1725
individual under division (B) of this section for a second or 1726
subsequent plea of guilty to, or judicial finding of guilt of, a 1727
violation of section 2919.123 of the Revised Code, the 1728
disciplinary action shall consist of a suspension of the 1729
individual's license or certificate to practice for a period of 1730

at least one year or, if determined appropriate by the board, a
more serious sanction involving the individual's license or
certificate to practice. Any consent agreement entered into
under this division with an individual that pertains to a second
or subsequent plea of guilty to, or judicial finding of guilt
of, a violation of that section shall provide for a suspension
of the individual's license or certificate to practice for a
period of at least one year or, if determined appropriate by the
board, a more serious sanction involving the individual's
license or certificate to practice.

(D) For purposes of divisions (B)(10), (12), and (14) of
this section, the commission of the act may be established by a
finding by the board, pursuant to an adjudication under Chapter
119. of the Revised Code, that the individual committed the act.
The board does not have jurisdiction under those divisions if
the trial court renders a final judgment in the individual's
favor and that judgment is based upon an adjudication on the
merits. The board has jurisdiction under those divisions if the
trial court issues an order of dismissal upon technical or
procedural grounds.

(E) The sealing of conviction records by any court shall
have no effect upon a prior board order entered under this
section or upon the board's jurisdiction to take action under
this section if, based upon a plea of guilty, a judicial finding
of guilt, or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention
in lieu of conviction, the board issued a notice of opportunity
for a hearing prior to the court's order to seal the records.
The board shall not be required to seal, destroy, redact, or
otherwise modify its records to reflect the court's sealing of
conviction records.

(F) (1) The board shall investigate evidence that appears 1761
to show that a person has violated any provision of this chapter 1762
or any rule adopted under it. Any person may report to the board 1763
in a signed writing any information that the person may have 1764
that appears to show a violation of any provision of this 1765
chapter or any rule adopted under it. In the absence of bad 1766
faith, any person who reports information of that nature or who 1767
testifies before the board in any adjudication conducted under 1768
Chapter 119. of the Revised Code shall not be liable in damages 1769
in a civil action as a result of the report or testimony. Each 1770
complaint or allegation of a violation received by the board 1771
shall be assigned a case number and shall be recorded by the 1772
board. 1773

(2) Investigations of alleged violations of this chapter 1774
or any rule adopted under it shall be supervised by the 1775
supervising member elected by the board in accordance with 1776
section 4731.02 of the Revised Code and by the secretary as 1777
provided in section 4731.39 of the Revised Code. The president 1778
may designate another member of the board to supervise the 1779
investigation in place of the supervising member. No member of 1780
the board who supervises the investigation of a case shall 1781
participate in further adjudication of the case. 1782

(3) In investigating a possible violation of this chapter 1783
or any rule adopted under this chapter, or in conducting an 1784
inspection under division (E) of section 4731.054 of the Revised 1785
Code, the board may question witnesses, conduct interviews, 1786
administer oaths, order the taking of depositions, inspect and 1787
copy any books, accounts, papers, records, or documents, issue 1788
subpoenas, and compel the attendance of witnesses and production 1789
of books, accounts, papers, records, documents, and testimony, 1790
except that a subpoena for patient record information shall not 1791

be issued without consultation with the attorney general's 1792
office and approval of the secretary and supervising member of 1793
the board. 1794

(a) Before issuance of a subpoena for patient record 1795
information, the secretary and supervising member shall 1796
determine whether there is probable cause to believe that the 1797
complaint filed alleges a violation of this chapter or any rule 1798
adopted under it and that the records sought are relevant to the 1799
alleged violation and material to the investigation. The 1800
subpoena may apply only to records that cover a reasonable 1801
period of time surrounding the alleged violation. 1802

(b) On failure to comply with any subpoena issued by the 1803
board and after reasonable notice to the person being 1804
subpoenaed, the board may move for an order compelling the 1805
production of persons or records pursuant to the Rules of Civil 1806
Procedure. 1807

(c) A subpoena issued by the board may be served by a 1808
sheriff, the sheriff's deputy, or a board employee designated by 1809
the board. Service of a subpoena issued by the board may be made 1810
by delivering a copy of the subpoena to the person named 1811
therein, reading it to the person, or leaving it at the person's 1812
usual place of residence, usual place of business, or address on 1813
file with the board. When serving a subpoena to an applicant for 1814
or the holder of a license or certificate issued under this 1815
chapter, service of the subpoena may be made by certified mail, 1816
return receipt requested, and the subpoena shall be deemed 1817
served on the date delivery is made or the date the person 1818
refuses to accept delivery. If the person being served refuses 1819
to accept the subpoena or is not located, service may be made to 1820
an attorney who notifies the board that the attorney is 1821

representing the person. 1822

(d) A sheriff's deputy who serves a subpoena shall receive 1823
the same fees as a sheriff. Each witness who appears before the 1824
board in obedience to a subpoena shall receive the fees and 1825
mileage provided for under section 119.094 of the Revised Code. 1826

(4) All hearings, investigations, and inspections of the 1827
board shall be considered civil actions for the purposes of 1828
section 2305.252 of the Revised Code. 1829

(5) A report required to be submitted to the board under 1830
this chapter, a complaint, or information received by the board 1831
pursuant to an investigation or pursuant to an inspection under 1832
division (E) of section 4731.054 of the Revised Code is 1833
confidential and not subject to discovery in any civil action. 1834

The board shall conduct all investigations or inspections 1835
and proceedings in a manner that protects the confidentiality of 1836
patients and persons who file complaints with the board. The 1837
board shall not make public the names or any other identifying 1838
information about patients or complainants unless proper consent 1839
is given or, in the case of a patient, a waiver of the patient 1840
privilege exists under division (B) of section 2317.02 of the 1841
Revised Code, except that consent or a waiver of that nature is 1842
not required if the board possesses reliable and substantial 1843
evidence that no bona fide physician-patient relationship 1844
exists. 1845

The board may share any information it receives pursuant 1846
to an investigation or inspection, including patient records and 1847
patient record information, with law enforcement agencies, other 1848
licensing boards, and other governmental agencies that are 1849
prosecuting, adjudicating, or investigating alleged violations 1850

of statutes or administrative rules. An agency or board that 1851
receives the information shall comply with the same requirements 1852
regarding confidentiality as those with which the state medical 1853
board must comply, notwithstanding any conflicting provision of 1854
the Revised Code or procedure of the agency or board that 1855
applies when it is dealing with other information in its 1856
possession. In a judicial proceeding, the information may be 1857
admitted into evidence only in accordance with the Rules of 1858
Evidence, but the court shall require that appropriate measures 1859
are taken to ensure that confidentiality is maintained with 1860
respect to any part of the information that contains names or 1861
other identifying information about patients or complainants 1862
whose confidentiality was protected by the state medical board 1863
when the information was in the board's possession. Measures to 1864
ensure confidentiality that may be taken by the court include 1865
sealing its records or deleting specific information from its 1866
records. 1867

(6) On a quarterly basis, the board shall prepare a report 1868
that documents the disposition of all cases during the preceding 1869
three months. The report shall contain the following information 1870
for each case with which the board has completed its activities: 1871

(a) The case number assigned to the complaint or alleged 1872
violation; 1873

(b) The type of license or certificate to practice, if 1874
any, held by the individual against whom the complaint is 1875
directed; 1876

(c) A description of the allegations contained in the 1877
complaint; 1878

(d) The disposition of the case. 1879

The report shall state how many cases are still pending 1880
and shall be prepared in a manner that protects the identity of 1881
each person involved in each case. The report shall be a public 1882
record under section 149.43 of the Revised Code. 1883

(G) If the secretary and supervising member determine both 1884
of the following, they may recommend that the board suspend an 1885
individual's license or certificate to practice or certificate 1886
to recommend without a prior hearing: 1887

(1) That there is clear and convincing evidence that an 1888
individual has violated division (B) of this section; 1889

(2) That the individual's continued practice presents a 1890
danger of immediate and serious harm to the public. 1891

Written allegations shall be prepared for consideration by 1892
the board. The board, upon review of those allegations and by an 1893
affirmative vote of not fewer than six of its members, excluding 1894
the secretary and supervising member, may suspend a license or 1895
certificate without a prior hearing. A telephone conference call 1896
may be utilized for reviewing the allegations and taking the 1897
vote on the summary suspension. 1898

The board shall issue a written order of suspension by 1899
certified mail or in person in accordance with section 119.07 of 1900
the Revised Code. The order shall not be subject to suspension 1901
by the court during pendency of any appeal filed under section 1902
119.12 of the Revised Code. If the individual subject to the 1903
summary suspension requests an adjudicatory hearing by the 1904
board, the date set for the hearing shall be within fifteen 1905
days, but not earlier than seven days, after the individual 1906
requests the hearing, unless otherwise agreed to by both the 1907
board and the individual. 1908

Any summary suspension imposed under this division shall 1909
remain in effect, unless reversed on appeal, until a final 1910
adjudicative order issued by the board pursuant to this section 1911
and Chapter 119. of the Revised Code becomes effective. The 1912
board shall issue its final adjudicative order within seventy- 1913
five days after completion of its hearing. A failure to issue 1914
the order within seventy-five days shall result in dissolution 1915
of the summary suspension order but shall not invalidate any 1916
subsequent, final adjudicative order. 1917

(H) If the board takes action under division (B) (9), (11), 1918
or (13) of this section and the judicial finding of guilt, 1919
guilty plea, or judicial finding of eligibility for intervention 1920
in lieu of conviction is overturned on appeal, upon exhaustion 1921
of the criminal appeal, a petition for reconsideration of the 1922
order may be filed with the board along with appropriate court 1923
documents. Upon receipt of a petition of that nature and 1924
supporting court documents, the board shall reinstate the 1925
individual's license or certificate to practice. The board may 1926
then hold an adjudication under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code 1927
to determine whether the individual committed the act in 1928
question. Notice of an opportunity for a hearing shall be given 1929
in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code. If the 1930
board finds, pursuant to an adjudication held under this 1931
division, that the individual committed the act or if no hearing 1932
is requested, the board may order any of the sanctions 1933
identified under division (B) of this section. 1934

(I) The license or certificate to practice issued to an 1935
individual under this chapter and the individual's practice in 1936
this state are automatically suspended as of the date of the 1937
individual's second or subsequent plea of guilty to, or judicial 1938
finding of guilt of, a violation of section 2919.123 of the 1939

Revised Code. In addition, the license or certificate to 1940
practice or certificate to recommend issued to an individual 1941
under this chapter and the individual's practice in this state 1942
are automatically suspended as of the date the individual pleads 1943
guilty to, is found by a judge or jury to be guilty of, or is 1944
subject to a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in 1945
lieu of conviction in this state or treatment or intervention in 1946
lieu of conviction in another jurisdiction for any of the 1947
following criminal offenses in this state or a substantially 1948
equivalent criminal offense in another jurisdiction: aggravated 1949
murder, murder, voluntary manslaughter, felonious assault, 1950
kidnapping, rape, sexual battery, gross sexual imposition, 1951
aggravated arson, aggravated robbery, or aggravated burglary. 1952
Continued practice after suspension shall be considered 1953
practicing without a license or certificate. 1954

The board shall notify the individual subject to the 1955
suspension by certified mail or in person in accordance with 1956
section 119.07 of the Revised Code. If an individual whose 1957
license or certificate is automatically suspended under this 1958
division fails to make a timely request for an adjudication 1959
under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, the board shall do 1960
whichever of the following is applicable: 1961

(1) If the automatic suspension under this division is for 1962
a second or subsequent plea of guilty to, or judicial finding of 1963
guilt of, a violation of section 2919.123 of the Revised Code, 1964
the board shall enter an order suspending the individual's 1965
license or certificate to practice for a period of at least one 1966
year or, if determined appropriate by the board, imposing a more 1967
serious sanction involving the individual's license or 1968
certificate to practice. 1969

(2) In all circumstances in which division (I)(1) of this section does not apply, enter a final order permanently revoking the individual's license or certificate to practice.

(J) If the board is required by Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to give notice of an opportunity for a hearing and if the individual subject to the notice does not timely request a hearing in accordance with section 119.07 of the Revised Code, the board is not required to hold a hearing, but may adopt, by an affirmative vote of not fewer than six of its members, a final order that contains the board's findings. In that final order, the board may order any of the sanctions identified under division (A) or (B) of this section.

(K) Any action taken by the board under division (B) of this section resulting in a suspension from practice shall be accompanied by a written statement of the conditions under which the individual's license or certificate to practice may be reinstated. The board shall adopt rules governing conditions to be imposed for reinstatement. Reinstatement of a license or certificate suspended pursuant to division (B) of this section requires an affirmative vote of not fewer than six members of the board.

(L) When the board refuses to grant or issue a license or certificate to practice to an applicant, revokes an individual's license or certificate to practice, refuses to renew an individual's license or certificate to practice, or refuses to reinstate an individual's license or certificate to practice, the board may specify that its action is permanent. An individual subject to a permanent action taken by the board is forever thereafter ineligible to hold a license or certificate to practice and the board shall not accept an application for

reinstatement of the license or certificate or for issuance of a new license or certificate. 2000
2001

(M) Notwithstanding any other provision of the Revised Code, all of the following apply: 2002
2003

(1) The surrender of a license or certificate issued under this chapter shall not be effective unless or until accepted by the board. A telephone conference call may be utilized for acceptance of the surrender of an individual's license or certificate to practice. The telephone conference call shall be considered a special meeting under division (F) of section 121.22 of the Revised Code. Reinstatement of a license or certificate surrendered to the board requires an affirmative vote of not fewer than six members of the board. 2004
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(2) An application for a license or certificate made under the provisions of this chapter may not be withdrawn without approval of the board. 2013
2014
2015

(3) Failure by an individual to renew a license or certificate to practice in accordance with this chapter or a certificate to recommend in accordance with rules adopted under section 4731.301 of the Revised Code shall not remove or limit the board's jurisdiction to take any disciplinary action under this section against the individual. 2016
2017
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(4) At the request of the board, a license or certificate holder shall immediately surrender to the board a license or certificate that the board has suspended, revoked, or permanently revoked. 2022
2023
2024
2025

(N) Sanctions shall not be imposed under division (B) (28) of this section against any person who waives deductibles and copayments as follows: 2026
2027
2028

(1) In compliance with the health benefit plan that 2029
expressly allows such a practice. Waiver of the deductibles or 2030
copayments shall be made only with the full knowledge and 2031
consent of the plan purchaser, payer, and third-party 2032
administrator. Documentation of the consent shall be made 2033
available to the board upon request. 2034

(2) For professional services rendered to any other person 2035
authorized to practice pursuant to this chapter, to the extent 2036
allowed by this chapter and rules adopted by the board. 2037

(0) Under the board's investigative duties described in 2038
this section and subject to division (F) of this section, the 2039
board shall develop and implement a quality intervention program 2040
designed to improve through remedial education the clinical and 2041
communication skills of individuals authorized under this 2042
chapter to practice medicine and surgery, osteopathic medicine 2043
and surgery, and podiatric medicine and surgery. In developing 2044
and implementing the quality intervention program, the board may 2045
do all of the following: 2046

(1) Offer in appropriate cases as determined by the board 2047
an educational and assessment program pursuant to an 2048
investigation the board conducts under this section; 2049

(2) Select providers of educational and assessment 2050
services, including a quality intervention program panel of case 2051
reviewers; 2052

(3) Make referrals to educational and assessment service 2053
providers and approve individual educational programs 2054
recommended by those providers. The board shall monitor the 2055
progress of each individual undertaking a recommended individual 2056
educational program. 2057

(4) Determine what constitutes successful completion of an individual educational program and require further monitoring of the individual who completed the program or other action that the board determines to be appropriate;

(5) Adopt rules in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to further implement the quality intervention program.

An individual who participates in an individual educational program pursuant to this division shall pay the financial obligations arising from that educational program.

Section 2. That existing sections 1739.05, 1753.09, 3901.21, 3963.01, 3963.02, 3963.03, 4725.19, and 4731.22 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.

Section 3. The following represent the General Assembly's intent and findings:

(A) The provisions of this act seek to prevent health insuring corporations, vision insurers, vision benefit plans, and other contracting entities from establishing fee limitations on services and vision care materials that are not covered vision services for enrollees under an insurance plan.

(B) Strategies by health insuring corporations, vision insurers, vision benefit plans, and other contracting entities to adopt or impose a deductible, copayment, coinsurance, or any other requirement in such a way as to provide de minimis reimbursement for services or vision care materials as a method to avoid the impact of this law is contrary to the spirit and intent of the General Assembly.

Section 4. Section 1739.05 of the Revised Code is presented in this act as a composite of the section as amended

by both Sub. H.B. 463 and Sub. S.B. 319 of the 131st General 2087
Assembly. The General Assembly, applying the principle stated in 2088
division (B) of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that amendments 2089
are to be harmonized if reasonably capable of simultaneous 2090
operation, finds that the composite is the resulting version of 2091
the section in effect prior to the effective date of the section 2092
as presented in this act. 2093