

As Introduced

133rd General Assembly

Regular Session

2019-2020

H. B. No. 469

Representatives Manchester, West

A BILL

To amend section 1751.12 and to enact section 1
3923.811 of the Revised Code to prohibit certain 2
health insurance cost-sharing practices. 3

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That section 1751.12 be amended and section 4
3923.811 of the Revised Code be enacted to read as follows: 5

Sec. 1751.12. (A) (1) No contractual periodic prepayment 6
and no premium rate for nongroup and conversion policies for 7
health care services, or any amendment to them, may be used by 8
any health insuring corporation at any time until the 9
contractual periodic prepayment and premium rate, or amendment, 10
have been filed with the superintendent of insurance, and shall 11
not be effective until the expiration of sixty days after their 12
filing unless the superintendent sooner gives approval. The 13
filing shall be accompanied by an actuarial certification in the 14
form prescribed by the superintendent. The superintendent shall 15
disapprove the filing, if the superintendent determines within 16
the sixty-day period that the contractual periodic prepayment or 17
premium rate, or amendment, is not in accordance with sound 18
actuarial principles or is not reasonably related to the 19

applicable coverage and characteristics of the applicable class 20
of enrollees. The superintendent shall notify the health 21
insuring corporation of the disapproval, and it shall thereafter 22
be unlawful for the health insuring corporation to use the 23
contractual periodic prepayment or premium rate, or amendment. 24

(2) No contractual periodic prepayment for group policies 25
for health care services shall be used until the contractual 26
periodic prepayment has been filed with the superintendent. The 27
filing shall be accompanied by an actuarial certification in the 28
form prescribed by the superintendent. The superintendent may 29
reject a filing made under division (A) (2) of this section at 30
any time, with at least thirty days' written notice to a health 31
insuring corporation, if the contractual periodic prepayment is 32
not in accordance with sound actuarial principles or is not 33
reasonably related to the applicable coverage and 34
characteristics of the applicable class of enrollees. 35

(3) At any time, the superintendent, upon at least thirty 36
days' written notice to a health insuring corporation, may 37
withdraw the approval given under division (A) (1) of this 38
section, deemed or actual, of any contractual periodic 39
prepayment or premium rate, or amendment, based on information 40
that either of the following applies: 41

(a) The contractual periodic prepayment or premium rate, 42
or amendment, is not in accordance with sound actuarial 43
principles. 44

(b) The contractual periodic prepayment or premium rate, 45
or amendment, is not reasonably related to the applicable 46
coverage and characteristics of the applicable class of 47
enrollees. 48

(4) Any disapproval under division (A) (1) of this section, 49
any rejection of a filing made under division (A) (2) of this 50
section, or any withdrawal of approval under division (A) (3) of 51
this section, shall be effected by a written notice, which shall 52
state the specific basis for the disapproval, rejection, or 53
withdrawal and shall be issued in accordance with Chapter 119. 54
of the Revised Code. 55

(B) Notwithstanding division (A) of this section, a health 56
insuring corporation may use a contractual periodic prepayment 57
or premium rate for policies used for the coverage of 58
beneficiaries enrolled in medicare pursuant to a medicare risk 59
contract or medicare cost contract, or for policies used for the 60
coverage of beneficiaries enrolled in the federal employees 61
health benefits program pursuant to 5 U.S.C.A. 8905, or for 62
policies used for the coverage of medicaid recipients, or for 63
policies used for the coverage of beneficiaries under any other 64
federal health care program regulated by a federal regulatory 65
body, or for policies used for the coverage of beneficiaries 66
under any contract covering officers or employees of the state 67
that has been entered into by the department of administrative 68
services, if both of the following apply: 69

(1) The contractual periodic prepayment or premium rate 70
has been approved by the United States department of health and 71
human services, the United States office of personnel 72
management, the department of medicaid, or the department of 73
administrative services. 74

(2) The contractual periodic prepayment or premium rate is 75
filed with the superintendent prior to use and is accompanied by 76
documentation of approval from the United States department of 77
health and human services, the United States office of personnel 78

management, the department of medicaid, or the department of 79
administrative services. 80

(C) The administrative expense portion of all contractual 81
periodic prepayment or premium rate filings submitted to the 82
superintendent for review must reflect the actual cost of 83
administering the product. The superintendent may require that 84
the administrative expense portion of the filings be itemized 85
and supported. 86

(D) (1) Copayments, cost sharing, and deductibles must be 87
reasonable and must not be a barrier to the necessary 88
utilization of services by enrollees. 89

(2) A health insuring corporation, in order to ensure that 90
copayments, cost sharing, and deductibles are reasonable and not 91
a barrier to the necessary utilization of basic health care 92
services by enrollees shall impose copayment charges, cost 93
sharing, and deductible charges that annually do not exceed 94
forty per cent of the total annual cost to the health insuring 95
corporation of providing all covered health care services when 96
applied to a standard population expected to be covered under 97
the filed product in question. The total annual cost of 98
providing a health care service is the cost to the health 99
insuring corporation of providing the health care service to its 100
enrollees as reduced by any applicable provider discount. This 101
requirement shall be demonstrated by an actuary who is a member 102
of the American academy of actuaries and qualified to provide 103
such certifications as described in the United States 104
qualification standards promulgated by the American academy of 105
actuaries pursuant to the code of professional conduct. 106

(3) For purposes of division (D) of this section, all of 107
the following apply: 108

(a) Copayments imposed by health insuring corporations in 109
connection with a high deductible health plan that is linked to 110
a health savings account are reasonable and are not a barrier to 111
the necessary utilization of services by enrollees. 112

(b) Division (D) (2) of this section does not apply to a 113
high deductible health plan that is linked to a health savings 114
account. 115

(c) Catastrophic-only plans, as defined under the "Patient 116
Protection and Affordable Care Act," 124 Stat. 119, 42 U.S.C. 117
18022 and any related regulations, are not subject to the limits 118
prescribed in division (D) of this section, provided that such 119
plans meet all applicable minimum federal requirements. 120

(4) (a) To the extent allowable under federal law, when 121
calculating an enrollee's contribution to any applicable cost- 122
sharing requirement, including the annual limitation on cost- 123
sharing under 42 U.S.C. 18022(c) and 42 U.S.C. 300gg-6(b), a 124
health insuring corporation shall include all amounts paid by 125
the enrollee and on behalf of the enrollee. 126

(b) The requirement prescribed under division (D) (4) (a) of 127
this section shall not apply with respect to cost-sharing for a 128
drug for which there is a medically appropriate generic 129
equivalent and the name brand drug is prescribed, but the name 130
brand is not considered to be medically necessary by the 131
prescribing physician. 132

(c) If any requirement of division (D) (4) (a) or (b) of 133
this section is invalid or incapable of being enforced against a 134
health insuring corporation due to a conflict with federal law, 135
then such requirement shall remain in full force and effect with 136
respect to all health insuring corporations and in all 137

situations in which no such conflict exists. 138

(E) A health insuring corporation shall not impose 139
lifetime maximums on basic health care services. However, a 140
health insuring corporation may establish a benefit limit for 141
inpatient hospital services that are provided pursuant to a 142
policy, contract, certificate, or agreement for supplemental 143
health care services. 144

(F) The superintendent may adopt rules allowing different 145
copayment, cost sharing, and deductible amounts for plans with a 146
medical savings account, health reimbursement arrangement, 147
flexible spending account, or similar account; 148

(G) A health insuring corporation may impose higher 149
copayment, cost sharing, and deductible charges under health 150
plans if requested by the group contract, policy, certificate, 151
or agreement holder, or an individual seeking coverage under an 152
individual health plan. This shall not be construed as requiring 153
the health insuring corporation to create customized health 154
plans for group contract holders or individuals. 155

(H) As used in this section, ~~"health:~~ 156

(1) "Cost-sharing" has the same meaning as in section 157
1751.68 of the Revised Code. 158

(2) "Health savings account" and "high deductible health 159
plan" have the same meanings as in the "Internal Revenue Code of 160
1986," 100 Stat. 2085, 26 U.S.C. 223, as amended. 161

Sec. 3923.811. (A) As used in this section, "cost-sharing" 162
has the same meaning as in section 3923.602 of the Revised Code. 163

(B) (1) To the extent allowable under federal law, when 164
calculating an insured's contribution to any applicable cost- 165

sharing requirement, including the annual limitation on cost- 166
sharing under 42 U.S.C. 18022(c) and 42 U.S.C. 300gg-6(b), a 167
sickness and accident insurer shall include all amounts paid by 168
the insured and on behalf of the insured. 169

(2) The requirement prescribed under division (B)(1) of 170
this section shall not apply with respect to cost-sharing for a 171
drug for which there is a medically appropriate generic 172
equivalent and the name brand drug is prescribed, but the name 173
brand is not considered to be medically necessary by the 174
prescribing physician. 175

(3) If any requirement of division (B)(1) or (2) of this 176
section is invalid or incapable of being enforced against a 177
sickness and accident insurer due to a conflict with federal 178
law, then such requirement shall remain in full force and effect 179
with respect to all sickness and accident insurers in all 180
situations in which no such conflict exists. 181

Section 2. That existing 1751.12 of the Revised Code is 182
hereby repealed. 183

Section 3. This act shall apply to health benefit plans, 184
as defined in section 3922.01 of the Revised Code, delivered, 185
issued for delivery, modified, or renewed ninety days after the 186
effective date of this act or later. 187

Section 4. Section 1751.12 of the Revised Code is 188
presented in this act as a composite of the section as amended 189
by both H.B. 59 and H.B. 3 of the 130th General Assembly. The 190
General Assembly, applying the principle stated in division (B) 191
of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that amendments are to be 192
harmonized if reasonably capable of simultaneous operation, 193
finds that the composite is the resulting version of the section 194

in effect prior to the effective date of the section as
presented in this act.

195

196