As Passed by the Senate

131st General Assembly

Regular Session 2015-2016

Sub. H. B. No. 342

Representative Young

Cosponsors: Representatives Becker, Grossman, Hackett, Schaffer, Vitale, Brown, Blessing, Anielski, Antonio, Arndt, Baker, Boose, Brenner, Buchy, Celebrezze, Cera, Clyde, Dovilla, Fedor, Hambley, Hill, Lepore-Hagan, Manning, O'Brien, S., Patterson, Phillips, Ramos, Retherford, Rogers, Romanchuk, Sears, Sheehy, Sprague, Strahorn, Thompson

Senators Uecker, Balderson, Beagle, Coley, Eklund, Faber, Hite, Hughes, Jordan, Obhof, Schiavoni, Seitz, Tavares, Thomas, Yuko

A BILL

То	amend sections 4301.12, 4301.13, 4301.24,	1
	4301.30, 4301.355, 4301.43, 4301.432, 4301.47,	2
	4301.62, 4301.82, 4301.83, 4303.021, 4303.03,	3
	4303.07, 4303.10, 4303.181, 4303.182, 4303.204,	4
	4303.33, 4303.333, and 5709.55 and to enact	5
	section 4303.031 of the Revised Code to create	6
	the Ohio Farm Winery Permit and to authorize the	7
	Division of Liquor Control to issue a D-51	8
	liquor permit to a premises that is located in a	9
	municipal corporation that is wholly within the	10
	geographic boundaries of a township, provided	11
	that a specified population density applies to	12
	the municipal corporation and township.	13

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

4301.30, 4301.355, 4301.43, 4301.432, 4301.47, 4301.62,	15
4301.82,4301.83, 4303.021, 4303.03, 4303.07, 4303.10, 4303.181,	16
4303.182, 4303.204, 4303.33, 4303.333, and 5709.55 be amended	17
and section 4303.031 of the Revised Code be enacted to read as	18
follows:	19

Sec. 4301.12. The division of liquor control shall provide for the custody, safekeeping, and deposit of all moneys, checks, and drafts received by it or any of its employees or agents prior to paying them to the treasurer of state as provided by section 113.08 of the Revised Code.

A sum equal to three dollars and thirty-eight cents for each gallon of spirituous liquor sold by the division, JobsOhio, or a designee of JobsOhio during the period covered by the payment shall be paid into the state treasury to the credit of the general revenue fund. All moneys received from permit fees, except B-2a and S permit fees from B-2a and S permit holders who do not also hold A-2 or A-2f permits, shall be paid to the credit of the undivided liquor permit fund established by section 4301.30 of the Revised Code.

Except as otherwise provided by law, the division shall deposit all moneys collected under Chapters 4301. and 4303. of the Revised Code into the state treasury to the credit of the state liquor regulatory fund created in section 4301.30 of the Revised Code. In addition, revenue resulting from any contracts with the department of commerce pertaining to the responsibilities and operations described in this chapter may be credited to the fund.

Whenever, in the judgment of the director of budget and
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management, the amount in the liquor control fund is in excess
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of that needed to meet the maturing obligations of the division,
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as working capital for its further operations, to pay the	45
operating expenses of the commission, and for the alcohol	46
testing program under section 3701.143 of the Revised Code, the	47
director shall transfer the excess to the credit of the general	48
revenue fund. If the director determines that the amount in the	49
liquor control fund is insufficient, the director may transfer	50
money from the general revenue fund to the liquor control fund.	51

Sec. 4301.13. The liquor control commission may adopt, 52 promulgate, repeal, rescind, and amend rules to regulate the 53 manner of dealing in and distributing and selling bottled wine 54 55 within the state. The commission may require out-of-state producers, shippers, bottlers, and holders of federal importers' 56 permits shipping bottled wine into Ohio and holders of A-2, A-57 2f, B-5, B-3, and B-2 permits issued by the division of liquor 58 control, engaged in distributing and selling bottled wine in 59 Ohio, to file with the division a schedule of prices in which 60 minimum prices are set forth for the sale of bottled wine at 61 wholesale or retail, or both, in Ohio. Any amendments, 62 additions, alterations, or revisions to the schedule of prices 63 as originally filed with the division shall be filed in the same 64 manner as the original schedule of prices required to be filed 65 with the division. 66

The commission may determine and fix the minimum mark-ups at wholesale or retail, or both, for bottled wine, and fix the minimum prices at which the various classes of bottled wine shall be distributed and sold in Ohio either at wholesale or retail, or both.

Sec. 4301.24. (A) Except as provided in section 4301.242 72 of the Revised Code, no manufacturer shall aid or assist the 73 holder of any permit for sale at wholesale, and no manufacturer 74

or wholesale distributor shall aid or assist the holder of any 75 permit for sale at retail, by gift or loan of any money or 76 property of any description or other valuable thing, or by 77 giving premiums or rebates. Except as provided in section 78 4301.242 of the Revised Code, no holder of any such permit shall 79 accept the same, provided that the manufacturer or wholesale 80 distributor may furnish to a retail permittee the inside signs 81 or advertising and the tap signs or devices authorized by 82 divisions (E) and (F) of section 4301.22 of the Revised Code. 83

- (B) No manufacturer shall have any financial interest, 84 directly or indirectly, by stock ownership, or through 85 interlocking directors in a corporation, or otherwise, in the 86 establishment, maintenance, or promotion in the business of any 87 wholesale distributor. No retail permit holder shall have any 88 interest, directly or indirectly, in the operation of, or any 89 ownership in, the business of any wholesale distributor or 90 manufacturer. 91
- (C)(1) No manufacturer shall, except as authorized by 92 section 4303.021 of the Revised Code, have any financial 93 interest, directly or indirectly, by stock ownership, or through 94 interlocking directors in a corporation, or otherwise, in the 95 establishment, maintenance, or promotion of the business of any 96 retail dealer. No wholesale distributor or employee of a 97 wholesale distributor shall have any financial interest, 98 directly or indirectly, by stock ownership, interlocking 99 directors in a corporation, or otherwise, in the establishment, 100 maintenance, or promotion of the business of any retail dealer. 101 No manufacturer or wholesale distributor or any stockholder of a 102 manufacturer or wholesale distributor shall acquire, by 103 ownership in fee, leasehold, mortgage, or otherwise, directly or 104 indirectly, any interest in the premises on which the business 105

of	any	other	person	engaged	in	the	business	of	trafficking	in	106
bee	ror	into	xicating	liquor	is	cond	ducted.				107

- (2) All contracts, covenants, conditions, and limitations 108 whereby any person engaged or proposing to engage in the sale of 109 beer or intoxicating liquors promises to confine the person's 110 sales of a particular kind or quality of beer or intoxicating 111 liquor to one or more products, or the products of a specified 112 manufacturer or wholesale distributor, or to give preference to 113 those products, shall to the extent of that promise be void. The 114 making of a promise in any such form shall be cause for the 115 revocation or suspension of any permit issued to any party. 116
- (D) No manufacturer shall sell or offer to sell to any 117 wholesale distributor or retail permit holder, no wholesale 118 distributor shall sell or offer to sell to any retail permit 119 holder, and no wholesale distributor or retail permit holder 120 shall purchase or receive from any manufacturer or wholesale 121 distributor, any beer, brewed beverages, or wine manufactured in 122 the United States except for cash. No right of action shall 123 exist to collect any claims for credit extended contrary to this 124 125 section.

This section does not prohibit a licensee from crediting 126 to a purchaser the actual prices charged for packages or 127 containers returned by the original purchaser as a credit on any 128 sale or from refunding to any purchaser the amount paid by that 129 purchaser for containers or as a deposit on containers when 130 title is retained by the vendor, if those containers or packages 131 have been returned to the manufacturer or distributor. This 132 section does not prohibit a manufacturer from extending usual 133 and customary credit for beer, brewed beverages, or wine 134 manufactured in the United States and sold to customers who live 135

or maintain places of business outside this state when the beverages so sold are actually transported and delivered to points outside this state.

No wholesale or retail permit shall be issued to an applicant unless the applicant has paid in full all accounts for beer or wine, manufactured in the United States, outstanding as of September 6, 1939. No beer or wine manufactured in the United States shall be imported into the state unless the beer or wine has been paid for in cash, and no supplier registration for any such beer or wine manufactured in the United States shall be issued by the division of liquor control until the A-2, A-2f, B-1, or B-5 permit holder establishes to the satisfaction of the division that the beer or wine has been paid for in cash.

- (E) This section does not prevent a manufacturer from

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 securing and holding any financial interest, directly or
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 indirectly, by stock ownership or through interlocking directors
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 in a corporation, or otherwise, in the establishment,
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 maintenance, or promotion of the business or premises of any C
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 or D permit holder, provided that the following conditions are
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 met:
- (1) Either the manufacturer or one of its parent companies is listed on a national securities exchange.
- (2) All purchases of alcoholic beverages by the C or D permit holder are made from wholesale distributors in this state or agency stores licensed by the division of liquor control.
- (3) If the C or D permit holder sells brands of alcoholic beverages that are produced or distributed by the manufacturer that holds the financial interest, the C or D permit holder also sells other competing brands of alcoholic beverages produced by

other manufacturers, no preference is given to the products of	165
the manufacturer, and there is no exclusion, in whole or in	166
part, of products sold or offered for sale by other	167
manufacturers, suppliers, or importers of alcoholic beverages	168
that constitutes a substantial impairment of commerce.	169
(4) The primary purpose of the C or D permit premises is a	170
purpose other than to sell alcoholic beverages, and the sale of	171
other goods and services exceeds fifty per cent of the total	172
gross receipts of the C or D permit holder at its premises.	173
(F)(1) This section does not prevent a manufacturer from	174
giving financial assistance to the holder of a B permit for the	175
purpose of the holder purchasing an ownership interest in the	176
business, existing inventory and equipment, or property of	177
another B permit holder, including, but not limited to,	178
participation in a limited liability partnership, limited	179
liability company, or any other legal entity authorized to do	180
business in this state.	181
(2) This section does not permit a manufacturer to give	182
financial assistance to the holder of a B permit to purchase	183
inventory or equipment used in the daily operation of a B permit	184
holder.	185
(G) This section does not prohibit a manufacturer or	186
subsidiary of a manufacturer from continuing to operate a	187
wholesale distribution franchise or distribute beer or wine	188
within a designated territory if prior to the effective date of	189
this amendment the manufacturer either acquired the distribution	190
franchise or territory, or awarded the franchise or territory to	191
itself or a subsidiary.	192

(H) This section shall not prevent a manufacturer from

securing and holding an A-1c or B-2a permit or permits and	194
operating as a wholesale distributor pursuant to such permits.	195
Sec. 4301.30. (A) All fees collected by the division of	196
liquor control shall be deposited in the state treasury to the	197
credit of the undivided liquor permit fund, which is hereby	198
created, at the time prescribed under section 4301.12 of the	199
Revised Code. Each payment shall be accompanied by a statement	200
showing separately the amount collected for each class of	201
permits in each municipal corporation and in each township	202
outside the limits of any municipal corporation in such	203
township.	204
(B)(1) An amount equal to forty-five per cent of the fund	205
shall be paid from the fund into the state liquor regulatory	206
fund, which is hereby created in the state treasury. The state	207
liquor regulatory fund shall be used to pay the operating	208
expenses of the division of liquor control in administering and	209
enforcing Title XLIII of the Revised Code and the operating	210
expenses of the liquor control commission. Investment earnings	211
of the fund shall be credited to the fund.	212
(2) Whenever, in the judgment of the director of budget	213
and management, the amount of money that is in the state liquor	214
regulatory fund is in excess of the amount that is needed to pay	215
the operating expenses of the division in administering and	216
enforcing Title XLIII of the Revised Code and the operating	217
expenses of the commission, the director shall credit the excess	218
amount to the general revenue fund.	219
(C) Twenty per cent of the undivided liquor permit fund	220
shall be paid into the statewide treatment and prevention fund,	221
which is hereby created in the state treasury. This amount shall	222

be appropriated by the general assembly, together with an amount

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equal to one and one-half per cent of the gross profit of the	224
division of liquor control derived under division (B)(4) of	225
section 4301.10 of the Revised Code, to the department of mental	226
health and addiction services. In planning for the allocation of	227
and in allocating these amounts for the purposes of Chapter	228
5119. of the Revised Code, the department shall comply with the	229
nondiscrimination provisions of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act	230
of 1964, and any rules adopted under that act.	231

- (D) Thirty-five per cent of the undivided liquor permit fund shall be distributed by the superintendent of liquor control at quarterly calendar periods as follows:
- (1) To each municipal corporation, the aggregate amount 235 shown by the statements to have been collected from permits in 236 the municipal corporation, for the use of the general fund of 237 the municipal corporation; 238
- (2) To each township, the aggregate amount shown by the statements to have been collected from permits in its territory, outside the limits of any municipal corporation located in the township, for the use of the general fund of the township, or for fire protection purposes, including buildings and equipment in the township or in an established fire district within the township, to the extent that the funds are derived from liquor permits within the territory comprising such fire district.
- (E) For the purpose of the distribution required by this

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 section, E, H, and D permits covering boats or vessels are

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 deemed to have been issued in the municipal corporation or

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 township wherein the owner or operator of the vehicle, boat,

 vessel, or dining car equipment to which the permit relates has

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 the owner's or operator's principal office or place of business

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 within the state.

(F) If the liquor control commission determines that the	254
police or other officers of any municipal corporation or	255
township entitled to share in distributions under this section	256
are refusing or culpably neglecting to enforce this chapter and	257
Chapter 4303. of the Revised Code, or the penal laws of this	258
state relating to the manufacture, importation, transportation,	259
distribution, and sale of beer and intoxicating liquors, or if	260
the prosecuting officer of a municipal corporation or a	261
municipal court fails to comply with the request of the	262
commission authorized by division (A)(4) of section 4301.10 of	263
the Revised Code, the commission, by certified mail, may notify	264
the chief executive officer of the municipal corporation or the	265
board of township trustees of the township of the failure and	266
require the immediate cooperation of the responsible officers of	267
the municipal corporation or township with the division of	268
liquor control in the enforcement of those chapters and penal	269
laws. Within thirty days after the notice is served, the	270
commission shall determine whether the requirement has been	271
complied with. If the commission determines that the requirement	272
has not been complied with, it may issue an order to the	273
superintendent to withhold the distributive share of the	274
municipal corporation or township until further order of the	275
commission. This action of the commission is reviewable within	276
thirty days thereafter in the court of common pleas of Franklin	277
county.	278

(G) All fees collected by the division of liquor control

from the issuance or renewal of B-2a and S permits, and paid by

B-2a and S permit holders who do not also hold A-2 or A-2f

permits, shall be deposited in the state treasury to the credit

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of the state liquor regulatory fund. Once during each fiscal

year, an amount equal to fifty per cent of the fees collected

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shall be paid from the state liquor regulatory fund into the	285
general revenue fund.	286
Sec. 4301.355. (A) If a petition is filed under section	287
4301.333 of the Revised Code for the submission of the question	288
or questions set forth in this section, it shall be held in the	289
precinct as ordered by the board of elections under that	290
section. The expense of holding the election shall be charged to	291
the municipal corporation or township of which the precinct is a	292
part.	293
(B) At the election, one or more of the following	294
questions, as designated in a valid petition, shall be submitted	295
to the electors of the precinct:	296
(1) "Shall the sale of (insert beer, wine and	297
mixed beverages, or spirituous liquor) be permitted	298
by (insert name of applicant, liquor permit holder,	299
or liquor agency store, including trade or fictitious name under	300
which applicant for, or holder of, liquor permit or liquor	301
agency store either intends to do, or does, business at the	302
particular location), an (insert "applicant for" or	303
"holder of" or "operator of") a (insert class name of	304
liquor permit or permits followed by the words "liquor	305
permit(s)" or, if appropriate, the words "liquor agency store	306
for the State of Ohio"), who is engaged in the business	307
of (insert general nature of the business in which	308
applicant or liquor permit holder is engaged or will be engaged	309
in at the particular location, as described in the petition)	310
at (insert address of the particular location within	311
the precinct as set forth in the petition) in this precinct?"	312
(2) "Shall the sale of (insert beer, wine and	313

mixed beverages, or spirituous liquor) be permitted for sale on

eight fluid ounces.

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Sunday between the hours of (insert "ten a.m. and	315
midnight" or "eleven a.m. and midnight") by (insert	316
name of applicant, liquor permit holder, or liquor agency store,	317
including trade or fictitious name under which applicant for, or	318
holder of, liquor permit or liquor agency store either intends	319
to do, or does, business at the particular location), an	320
(insert "applicant for a D-6 liquor permit," "holder of a D-6	321
liquor permit," "applicant for or holder of an A-1-A, A-2, <u>A-2f,</u>	322
A-3a, C-1, C-2x, D-1, D-2x, D-3, D-3x, D-4, D-5, D-5b, D-5c, D-	323
5e, D-5f, D-5g, D-5h, D-5i, D-5j, D-5k, D-5l, D-5m, D-5n, D-5o,	324
or D-7 liquor permit," if only the approval of beer sales is	325
sought, or "liquor agency store") who is engaged in the business	326
of (insert general nature of the business in which	327
applicant or liquor permit holder is engaged or will be engaged	328
in at the particular location, as described in the petition)	329
at (insert address of the particular location within	330
the precinct) in this precinct?"	331
(C) The board of elections shall furnish printed ballots	332
at the election as provided under section 3505.06 of the Revised	333
Code, except that a separate ballot shall be used for the	334
election under this section. The question set forth in this	335
section shall be printed on each ballot, and the board shall	336
insert in the question appropriate words to complete it. Votes	337
shall be cast as provided under section 3505.06 of the Revised	338
Code.	339
Sec. 4301.43. (A) As used in sections 4301.43 to 4301.50	340
of the Revised Code:	341
(1) "Gallon" or "wine gallon" means one hundred twenty-	342

(2) "Sale" or "sell" includes exchange, barter, gift,

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distribution, and, except with respect to A-4 permit holders, offer for sale.

- (B) For the purposes of providing revenues for the support 347 of the state and encouraging the grape industries in the state, 348 a tax is hereby levied on the sale or distribution of wine in 349 Ohio, except for known sacramental purposes, at the rate of 350 thirty cents per wine gallon for wine containing not less than 351 four per cent of alcohol by volume and not more than fourteen 352 per cent of alcohol by volume, ninety-eight cents per wine 353 354 gallon for wine containing more than fourteen per cent but not more than twenty-one per cent of alcohol by volume, one dollar 355 and eight cents per wine gallon for vermouth, and one dollar and 356 forty-eight cents per wine gallon for sparkling and carbonated 357 wine and champagne, the tax to be paid by the holders of A-2, A-358 2f, and B-5 permits or by any other person selling or 359 distributing wine upon which no tax has been paid. From the tax 360 paid under this section on wine, vermouth, and sparkling and 361 carbonated wine and champagne, the treasurer of state shall 362 credit to the Ohio grape industries fund created under section 363 924.54 of the Revised Code a sum equal to one cent per gallon 364 for each gallon upon which the tax is paid. 365
- (C) For the purpose of providing revenues for the support 366 of the state, there is hereby levied a tax on prepared and 367 bottled highballs, cocktails, cordials, and other mixed 368 beverages at the rate of one dollar and twenty cents per wine 369 gallon to be paid by holders of A-4 permits or by any other 370 person selling or distributing those products upon which no tax 371 has been paid. Only one sale of the same article shall be used 372 in computing the amount of tax due. The tax on mixed beverages 373 to be paid by holders of A-4 permits under this section shall 374 not attach until the ownership of the mixed beverage is 375

transferred for valuable consideration to a wholesaler or	376
retailer, and no payment of the tax shall be required prior to	377
that time.	378
(D) During the period of July 1, 2015, through June 30,	379
2017, from the tax paid under this section on wine, vermouth,	380
and sparkling and carbonated wine and champagne, the treasurer	381
of state shall credit to the Ohio grape industries fund created	382
under section 924.54 of the Revised Code a sum equal to two	383
cents per gallon upon which the tax is paid. The amount credited	384
under this division is in addition to the amount credited to the	385
Ohio grape industries fund under division (B) of this section.	386
(E) For the purpose of providing revenues for the support	387
of the state, there is hereby levied a tax on cider at the rate	388
of twenty-four cents per wine gallon to be paid by the holders	389
of A-2, A-2f, and B-5 permits or by any other person selling or	390
distributing cider upon which no tax has been paid. Only one	391
sale of the same article shall be used in computing the amount	392
of the tax due.	393
Sec. 4301.432. For the purpose of encouraging the grape	394
industries of the state, a tax is hereby levied on the sale or	395
distribution of vermouth, sparkling and carbonated wine and	396
champagne, and other wine, except for known sacramental	397
purposes, at the rate of two cents per wine gallon, the tax to	398
be paid by the holders of A-2, $\underline{\text{A-2f,}}$ B-2a, B-5, and S permits or	399
by any other person selling or distributing wine upon which no	400
such tax has been paid. The treasurer of state shall credit to	401
the Ohio grape industries fund created under section 924.54 of	402
the Revised Code the moneys the treasurer of state receives from	403
this tax.	404

Sec. 4301.47. Every class A-1, A-1c, A-2, $\underline{\text{A-2f}}$ and A-4

permit holder and each class B or S permit holder shall maintain	406
and keep for a period of three years a record of the beer, wine,	407
and mixed beverages purchased, distributed, or sold within this	408
state by the permit holder, together with invoices, records,	409
receipts, bills of lading, and other pertinent papers required	410
by the tax commissioner and, upon demand by the tax	411
commissioner, shall produce these records for a three-year	412
period prior to the demand unless upon satisfactory proof it is	413
shown that the nonproduction is due to causes beyond the permit	414
holder's control.	415
Sec. 4301.62. (A) As used in this section:	416
(1) "Chauffeured limousine" means a vehicle registered	417
under section 4503.24 of the Revised Code.	418
(2) "Street," "highway," and "motor vehicle" have the same	419
meanings as in section 4511.01 of the Revised Code.	420
meanings as in section 1011.01 of the nevisea coac.	120
(B) No person shall have in the person's possession an	421
opened container of beer or intoxicating liquor in any of the	422
following circumstances:	423
(1) Except as provided in division (C)(1)(e) of this	424
section, in an agency store;	425
(2) Event as provided in division (C) of this section on	426
(2) Except as provided in division (C) of this section, on	
the premises of the holder of any permit issued by the division of liquor control;	427
of liquor control;	428
(3) In any other public place;	429
(4) Except as provided in division (D) or (E) of this	430
section, while operating or being a passenger in or on a motor	431
vehicle on any street, highway, or other public or private	432
property open to the public for purposes of vehicular travel or	433

parking;	434
(5) Except as provided in division (D) or (E) of this	435
section, while being in or on a stationary motor vehicle on any	436
street, highway, or other public or private property open to the	437
public for purposes of vehicular travel or parking.	438
(C)(1) A person may have in the person's possession an	439
opened container of any of the following:	440
(a) Beer or intoxicating liquor that has been lawfully	441
purchased for consumption on the premises where bought from the	442
holder of an A-1-A, A-2, $\underline{\text{A-2f,}}$ A-3a, D-1, D-2, D-3, D-3a, D-4,	443
D-4a, D-5, D-5a, D-5b, D-5c, D-5d, D-5e, D-5f, D-5g, D-5h, D-5i,	444
D-5j, D-5k, D-51, D-5m, D-5n, D-5o, D-7, D-8, E, F, F-2, F-5, F-	445
7, or F-8 permit;	446
(b) Beer, wine, or mixed beverages served for consumption	447
on the premises by the holder of an F-3 permit or wine served	448
for consumption on the premises by the holder of an F-4 or F-6 $$	449
permit;	450
(c) Beer or intoxicating liquor consumed on the premises	451
of a convention facility as provided in section 4303.201 of the	452
Revised Code;	453
(d) Beer or intoxicating liquor to be consumed during	454
tastings and samplings approved by rule of the liquor control	455
commission;	456
(e) Spirituous liquor to be consumed for purposes of a	457
tasting sample, as defined in section 4301.171 of the Revised	458
Code.	459
(2) A person may have in the person's possession on an F	460
liquor permit premises an opened container of beer or	461

intoxicating liquor that was not purchased from the holder of	462
the F permit if the premises for which the F permit is issued is	463
a music festival and the holder of the F permit grants	464
permission for that possession on the premises during the period	465
for which the F permit is issued. As used in this division,	466
"music festival" means a series of outdoor live musical	467
performances, extending for a period of at least three	468
consecutive days and located on an area of land of at least	469
forty acres.	470
(3)(a) A person may have in the person's possession on a	471
D-2 liquor permit premises an opened or unopened container of	472
wine that was not purchased from the holder of the D-2 permit if	473
the premises for which the D-2 permit is issued is an outdoor	474
performing arts center, the person is attending an orchestral	475
performance, and the holder of the D-2 permit grants permission	476
for the possession and consumption of wine in certain	477
predesignated areas of the premises during the period for which	478
the D-2 permit is issued.	479
(b) As used in division (C)(3)(a) of this section:	480
(i) "Orchestral performance" means a concert comprised of	481
a group of not fewer than forty musicians playing various	482
musical instruments.	483
(ii) "Outdoor performing arts center" means an outdoor	484
performing arts center that is located on not less than one	485
hundred fifty acres of land and that is open for performances	486
from the first day of April to the last day of October of each	487
year.	488
(4) A person may have in the person's possession an opened	489

or unopened container of beer or intoxicating liquor at an

outdoor location at which the person is attending an orchestral	491
performance as defined in division (C)(3)(b)(i) of this section	492
if the person with supervision and control over the performance	493
grants permission for the possession and consumption of beer or	494
intoxicating liquor in certain predesignated areas of that	495
outdoor location.	496
(5) A person may have in the person's possession on an F-9	497
liquor permit premises an opened or unopened container of beer	498
or intoxicating liquor that was not purchased from the holder of	499
the $F-9$ permit if the person is attending an orchestral	500
performance and the holder of the F-9 permit grants permission	501
for the possession and consumption of beer or intoxicating	502
liquor in certain predesignated areas of the premises during the	503
period for which the F-9 permit is issued.	504
As used in division (C)(5) of this section, "orchestral	505
performance" has the same meaning as in division (C)(3)(b) of	506
this section.	507
(6)(a) A person may have in the person's possession on the	508
property of an outdoor motorsports facility an opened or	509
unopened container of beer or intoxicating liquor that was not	510
purchased from the owner of the facility if both of the	511
following apply:	512
(i) The person is attending a racing event at the	513
facility; and	514
(ii) The owner of the facility grants permission for the	515
possession and consumption of beer or intoxicating liquor on the	516
property of the facility.	517
(b) As used in division (C)(6)(a) of this section:	518

(i) "Racing event" means a motor vehicle racing event

sanctioned by one or more motor racing sanctioning	520
organizations.	521
(ii) "Outdoor motorsports facility" means an outdoor	522
racetrack to which all of the following apply:	523
(I) It is two and four-tenths miles or more in length.	524
(II) It is located on two hundred acres or more of land.	525
(III) The primary business of the owner of the facility is	526
the hosting and promoting of racing events.	527
(IV) The holder of a D-1, D-2, or D-3 permit is located on	528
the property of the facility.	529
(7)(a) A person may have in the person's possession an	530
opened container of beer or intoxicating liquor at an outdoor	531
location within an outdoor refreshment area created under	532
section 4301.82 of the Revised Code if the opened container of	533
beer or intoxicating liquor was purchased from a qualified	534
permit holder to which both of the following apply:	535
(i) The permit holder's premises is located within the	536
outdoor refreshment area.	537
(ii) The permit held by the permit holder has an outdoor	538
refreshment area designation.	539
(b) Division (C)(7) of this section does not authorize a	540
person to do either of the following:	541
(i) Enter the premises of an establishment within an	542
outdoor refreshment area while possessing an opened container of	543
beer or intoxicating liquor acquired elsewhere;	544
(ii) Possess an opened container of beer or intoxicating	545
liquor while being in or on a motor vehicle within an outdoor	546

refreshment area, unless the motor vehicle is stationary and is	547
not being operated in a lane of vehicular travel or unless the	548
possession is otherwise authorized under division (D) or (E) of	549
this section.	550
(D) This section does not apply to a person who pays all	551
or a portion of the fee imposed for the use of a chauffeured	552
limousine pursuant to a prearranged contract, or the guest of	553
the person, when all of the following apply:	554
(1) The person or guest is a passenger in the limousine.	555
(2) The person or guest is located in the limousine, but	556
is not occupying a seat in the front compartment of the	557
limousine where the operator of the limousine is located.	558
(3) The limousine is located on any street, highway, or	559
other public or private property open to the public for purposes	560
of vehicular travel or parking.	561
(E) An opened bottle of wine that was purchased from the	562
holder of a permit that authorizes the sale of wine for	563
consumption on the premises where sold is not an opened	564
container for the purposes of this section if both of the	565
following apply:	566
(1) The opened bottle of wine is securely resealed by the	567
permit holder or an employee of the permit holder before the	568
bottle is removed from the premises. The bottle shall be secured	569
in such a manner that it is visibly apparent if the bottle has	570
been subsequently opened or tampered with.	571
(2) The opened bottle of wine that is resealed in	572
accordance with division (E)(1) of this section is stored in the	573
trunk of a motor vehicle or, if the motor vehicle does not have	574

a trunk, behind the last upright seat or in an area not normally

occupied by the driver or passengers and not easily accessible	576
by the driver.	577
(F)(1) Except if an ordinance or resolution is enacted or	578
adopted under division (F)(2) of this section, this section does	579
not apply to a person who, pursuant to a prearranged contract,	580
is a passenger riding on a commercial quadricycle when all of	581
the following apply:	582
(a) The person is not occupying a seat in the front of the	583
commercial quadricycle where the operator is steering or	584
braking.	585
(b) The commercial quadricycle is being operated on a	586
street, highway, or other public or private property open to the	587
public for purposes of vehicular travel or parking.	588
(c) The person has in their possession on the commercial	589
quadricycle an opened container of beer or wine.	590
(d) The person has in their possession on the commercial	591
quadricycle not more than either thirty-six ounces of beer or	592
eighteen ounces of wine.	593
(2) The legislative authority of a municipal corporation	594
or township may enact an ordinance or adopt a resolution, as	595
applicable, that prohibits a passenger riding on a commercial	596
quadricycle from possessing an opened container of beer or wine.	597
(3) As used in this section, "commercial quadricycle"	598
means a vehicle that has fully-operative pedals for propulsion	599
entirely by human power and that meets all of the following	600
requirements:	601
(a) It has four wheels and is operated in a manner similar	602
to a bicycle.	603

(b) It has at least five seats for passengers.	604
(c) It is designed to be powered by the pedaling of the	605
operator and the passengers.	606
(d) It is used for commercial purposes.	607
(e) It is operated by the vehicle owner or an employee of	608
the owner.	609
Sec. 4301.82. (A) As used in this section, "qualified	610
permit holder" means the holder of an A-1, A-1-A, A-1c, A-2, A-	611
2f, or D permit issued under Chapter 4303. of the Revised Code.	612
(B) The executive officer of a municipal corporation or	613
the fiscal officer of a township may file an application with	614
the legislative authority of the municipal corporation or	615
township to have property within the municipal corporation or	616
township designated as an outdoor refreshment area or to expand	617
an existing outdoor refreshment area to include additional	618
property within the municipal corporation or township. The	619
executive officer or fiscal officer shall ensure that the	620
application contains all of the following:	621
(1) A map or survey of the proposed outdoor refreshment	622
area in sufficient detail to identify the boundaries of the	623
area, which shall not exceed either of the following, as	624
applicable:	625
(a) Three hundred twenty contiguous acres or one-half	626
square mile if the municipal corporation or township has a	627
population of more than thirty-five thousand as specified in	628
division (D) of this section;	629
(b) One hundred fifty contiguous acres if the municipal	630
corporation or township has a population of thirty-five thousand	631

or less as specified in division (D) of this section.	632
(2) A general statement of the nature and types of	633
establishments that will be located within the proposed outdoor	634
refreshment area;	635
(3) A statement that the proposed outdoor refreshment area	636
will encompass not fewer than four qualified permit holders;	637
(4) Evidence that the uses of land within the proposed	638
outdoor refreshment area are in accord with the master zoning	639
plan or map of the municipal corporation or township;	640
(5) Proposed requirements for the purpose of ensuring	641
public health and safety within the proposed outdoor refreshment	642
area.	643
(C) Within forty-five days after the date the application	644
is filed with the legislative authority of a municipal	645
corporation or township, the legislative authority shall publish	646
public notice of the application once a week for two consecutive	647
weeks in one newspaper of general circulation in the municipal	648
corporation or township or as provided in section 7.16 of the	649
Revised Code. The legislative authority shall ensure that the	650
notice states that the application is on file in the office of	651
the clerk of the municipal corporation or township and is	652
available for inspection by the public during regular business	653
hours. The legislative authority also shall indicate in the	654
notice the date and time of any public hearing to be held	655
regarding the application by the legislative authority.	656
Not earlier than thirty but not later than sixty days	657
after the initial publication of notice, the legislative	658
authority shall approve or disapprove the application by either	659
ordinance or resolution, as applicable. Approval of an	660

application requires an affirmative vote of a majority of the	661
legislative authority. Upon approval of the application by the	662
legislative authority, the territory described in the	663
application constitutes an outdoor refreshment area. The	664
legislative authority shall provide to the division of liquor	665
control and the investigative unit of the department of public	666
safety notice of the approval of the application and a	667
description of the area specified in the application. If the	668
legislative authority disapproves the application, the executive	669
officer of a municipal corporation or fiscal officer of a	670
township may make changes in the application to secure its	671
approval by the legislative authority.	672
(D) The creation of outdoor refreshment areas is limited	673
as follows:	674
(1) A municipal corporation or township with a population	675
of more than fifty thousand shall not create more than two	676
outdoor refreshment areas.	677
(2) A municipal corporation or township with a population	678
of more than thirty-five thousand but less than or equal to	679
fifty thousand shall not create more than one outdoor	680
refreshment area.	681
(3)(a) Except as provided in division (D)(3)(b) of this	682
section, a municipal corporation or township with a population	683
of thirty-five thousand or less shall not create an outdoor	684
refreshment area.	685
(b) A municipal corporation or township with a population	686
of thirty-five thousand or less may create one outdoor	687
refreshment area if the proposed area will include at least four	688

qualified permit holders and be composed of one hundred fifty or

fewer contiguous acres.	690
For purposes of this section, the population of a	691
municipal corporation or township is deemed to be the population	692
shown by the most recent regular federal decennial census.	693
(E) As soon as possible after receiving notice that an	694
outdoor refreshment area has been approved, the division of	695
liquor control, for purposes of section 4301.62 of the Revised	696
Code, shall issue an outdoor refreshment area designation to	697
each qualified permit holder located within the refreshment area	698
that is in compliance with all applicable requirements under	699
Chapters 4301. and 4303. of the Revised Code. The division shall	700
not charge any fee for the issuance of the designation. Any	701
permit holder that receives such a designation shall comply with	702
all laws, rules, and regulations that govern its license type,	703
and the applicable public health and safety requirements	704
established for the area under division (F) of this section.	705
(F)(1) At the time of the creation of an outdoor	706
refreshment area, the legislative authority of a municipal	707
corporation or township in which such an area is located shall	708
adopt an ordinance or resolution, as applicable, that	709
establishes requirements the legislative authority determines	710
necessary to ensure public health and safety within the area.	711
The legislative authority shall include in the ordinance or	712
resolution all of the following:	713
(a) The specific boundaries of the area, including street	714
addresses;	715
(b) The number, spacing, and type of signage designating	716
the area;	717

(c) The hours of operation for the area;

(d) The number of personnel needed to ensure public safety	719
in the area;	720
(e) A sanitation plan that will help maintain the	721
appearance and public health of the area;	722
(f) The number of personnel needed to execute the	723
sanitation plan;	724
(g) A requirement that beer and intoxicating liquor be	725
served solely in plastic bottles or other plastic containers in	726
the area.	727
The legislative authority may, but is not required to,	728
include in the ordinance or resolution any public health and	729
safety requirements proposed in an application under division	730
(B) of this section to designate or expand the outdoor	731
refreshment area. The legislative authority may subsequently	732
modify the public health and safety requirements as determined	733
necessary by the legislative authority.	734
(2) Prior to adopting an ordinance or resolution under	735
this division, the legislative authority shall give notice of	736
its proposed action by publication once a week for two	737
consecutive weeks in one newspaper of general circulation in the	738
municipal corporation or township or as provided in section 7.16	739
of the Revised Code.	740
(3) The legislative authority shall provide to the	741
division of liquor control and the investigative unit of the	742
department of public safety notice of the public health and	743
safety requirements established or modified under this division.	744
(G) Section 4399.18 of the Revised Code applies to a	745
liquor permit holder located within an outdoor refreshment area	746
in the same manner as if the liquor permit holder were not	747

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located in an outdoor refreshment area.

(H) (1) Five years after the date of creation of an outdoor 749 refreshment area, the legislative authority of the municipal 750 corporation or township that created the area under this section 751 shall review the operation of the area and shall, by ordinance 752 or resolution, either approve the continued operation of the 753 area or dissolve the area. Prior to adopting the ordinance or 754 resolution, the legislative authority shall give notice of its 755 proposed action by publication once a week for two consecutive 756 757 weeks in one newspaper of general circulation in the municipal corporation or township or as provided in section 7.16 of the 758 Revised Code. 759

760 If the legislative authority dissolves the outdoor refreshment area, the outdoor refreshment area ceases to exist. 761 The legislative authority then shall provide notice of its 762 action to the division of liquor control and the investigative 763 unit of the department of public safety. Upon receipt of the 764 notice, the division shall revoke all outdoor refreshment area 765 designations issued to qualified permit holders within the 766 dissolved area. If the legislative authority approves the 767 continued operation of the outdoor refreshment area, the area 768 769 continues in operation.

- (2) Five years after the approval of the continued operation of an outdoor refreshment area under division (H)(1) of this section, the legislative authority shall conduct a review in the same manner as provided in division (H)(1) of this section. The legislative authority also shall conduct such a review five years after any subsequent approval of continued operation under division (H)(2) of this section.
 - (I) At any time, the legislative authority of a municipal

following conditions:

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corporation or township in which an outdoor refreshment area is	778
located may, by ordinance or resolution, dissolve all or a part	779
of the outdoor refreshment area. Prior to adopting the	780
resolution or ordinance, the legislative authority shall give	781
notice of its proposed action by publication once a week for two	782
consecutive weeks in one newspaper of general circulation in the	783
municipal corporation or township or as provided in section 7.16	784
of the Revised Code. If the legislative authority dissolves all	785
or part of an outdoor refreshment area, the area designated in	786
the ordinance or resolution no longer constitutes an outdoor	787
refreshment area. The legislative authority shall provide notice	788
of its actions to the division of liquor control and the	789
investigative unit of the department of public safety. Upon	790
receipt of the notice, the division shall revoke all outdoor	791
refreshment area designations issued to qualified permit holders	792
within the dissolved area or portion of the area.	793
Sec. 4301.83. (A) As used in this section:	794
(1) "Qualified permit holder" means a person to which both	795
of the following apply:	796
(a) The person is the holder of an A-1, A-1-A, A-1c, A-2,	797
A-2f, or D permit issued under Chapter 4303. of the Revised	798
Code.	799
(b) The location of the premises for which the person has	800
been issued a permit specified in division (A)(1)(a) of this	801
section is in a county in which a major event will occur or in a	802
county contiguous to the county in which a major event will	803
occur.	804

(2) "Major event" means an event that meets all of the

(a) It is scheduled to occur in a municipal corporation	807
with a population of three hundred fifty thousand or more on or	808
after the effective date of this section September 29, 2015.	809
(b) It is expected to attract not less than three thousand	810
visitors.	811
(c) It is scheduled to have a duration of not less than	812
one day and not more than ten days.	813
(B) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary	814
and upon issuance of a waiver by the division of liquor control	815
under this section, a qualified permit holder may serve beer,	816
intoxicating liquor, or both between five thirty a.m. and four	817
a.m. the following day during a major event.	818
(C) Not later than one hundred twenty days prior to the	819
commencement of a major event, a qualified permit holder may	820
file an application for a waiver with the chief executive	821
officer of the municipal corporation in which the permit	822
holder's premises is located or the fiscal officer of the	823
township in which the permit holder's premises is located. The	824
qualified permit holder shall include in the application both of	825
the following:	826
(1) The name and address of the qualified permit holder;	827
(2) The name and address of the premises that is the	828
subject of the application.	829
(D)(1) Not later than ninety days prior to the	830
commencement of the major event, the chief executive officer of	831
the municipal corporation or the fiscal officer of the township	832
that receives an application under division (C) of this section	833
shall review all applications received under division (C) of	834
this section and compile a list of the applicants.	835

(2) In compiling the list under division (D)(1) of this	836
section, the chief executive officer or fiscal officer shall	837
consult with the chief law enforcement officer of the municipal	838
corporation or township, as applicable, to determine whether to	839
retain each applicant on the list.	840
(E)(1) Not later than sixty days prior to the commencement	841
of the major event, the chief executive officer of the municipal	842
corporation or the fiscal officer of the township that compiles	843
a list of qualified permit holders under division (D) of this	844
section shall submit the list to the division.	845
(2) The division shall review the list and determine	846
whether to retain each qualified permit holder on the list. The	847
division may remove the name of a permit holder from the list	848
for good cause. After review, the division shall certify the	849
list.	850
(F) Not later than thirty days prior to the commencement	851
of the major event, the division shall do both of the following:	852
(1) Return the list certified under division (E) of this	853
section to the chief executive officer of the municipal	854
corporation or the fiscal officer of the township that submitted	855
the original list under division (E) of this section;	856
(2) Issue a waiver to each permit holder on the list that	857
allows the permit holder to serve beer, intoxicating liquor, or	858
both between five thirty a.m. and four a.m. the following day	859
during the major event.	860
(G) The division shall establish the form of the	861
application to be used under this section and shall make it	862
available for use by qualified permit holders.	863
Sec. 4303.021. (A) Permit A-1-A may be issued to the	864

holder of an A-1, A-1c, $\frac{\text{or}}{\text{A}}$ -2, $\frac{\text{or}}{\text{A}}$ -2f permit to sell beer and	865
any intoxicating liquor at retail, only by the individual drink	866
in glass or from a container, provided that one of the following	867
applies to the A-1-A permit premises:	868
(1) It is situated on the same parcel or tract of land as	869
the related A-1, A-1c, $\frac{\text{or}}{\text{A}}$ -2, $\frac{\text{or}}{\text{A}}$ -2f manufacturing permit	870
premises.	871
(2) It is separated from the parcel or tract of land on	872
which is located the A-1, A-1c, $\frac{\text{or}}{\text{A}}$ -A-2 $\frac{\text{or}}{\text{A}}$ -2 $\frac{\text{f}}{\text{manufacturing}}$	873
permit premises only by public streets or highways or by other	874
lands owned by the holder of the A-1, A-1c, $\frac{\text{or}}{\text{A}}$ A-2, $\frac{\text{or}}{\text{A}}$ A-2f	875
permit and used by the holder in connection with or in promotion	876
of the holder's A-1, A-1c, or A-2, or A-2f permit business.	877
(3) It is situated on a parcel or tract of land that is	878
not more than one-half mile from the A-1, A-1c, or A-2f	879
manufacturing permit premises.	880
(B) The fee for this permit is three thousand nine hundred	881
six dollars.	882
(C)(1) The holder of an A-1-A permit may sell beer and any	883
intoxicating liquor during the same hours as the holders of D-5 $$	884
permits under this chapter or Chapter 4301. of the Revised Code	885
or the rules of the liquor control commission and shall obtain a	886
license as a retail food establishment or a food service	887
operation pursuant to Chapter 3717. of the Revised Code and	888
operate as a restaurant for purposes of this chapter.	889
(2) If a permit A-1-A is issued to the holder of an A-1 or	890
A-1c permit, the A-1-A permit holder may sell beer at the A-1-A	891
permit premises dispensed in glass containers with a capacity	892
that does not exceed one gallon and not for consumption on the	893

premises where sold if all of the following apply:	894
(a) The A-1-A permit premises is situated in the same	895
municipal corporation or township as the related A-1 or A-1c	896
manufacturing permit premises.	897
(b) The containers are sealed, marked, and transported in	898
accordance with division (E) of section 4301.62 of the Revised	899
Code.	900
(c) The containers have been cleaned immediately before	901
being filled in accordance with rule 4301:1-1-28 of the	902
Administrative Code.	903
(D) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the	904
division of liquor control shall not issue a new A-1-A permit to	905
the holder of an A-1, A-1c, $\frac{\text{or}}{\text{A}-2}$ A-2, $\frac{\text{or}}{\text{A}-2}$ f permit unless the	906
sale of beer and intoxicating liquor under class D permits is	907
permitted in the precinct in which the A-1, A-1c, or A-2, or A-	908
$\underline{2f}$ permit is located and, in the case of an A-2 \underline{or} A-2 \underline{f} permit,	909
unless the holder of the A-2 <u>or A-2f</u> permit manufactures or has	910
a storage capacity of at least twenty-five thousand gallons of	911
wine per year. The immediately preceding sentence does not	912
prohibit the issuance of an A-1-A permit to an applicant for	913
such a permit who is the holder of an A-1 permit and whose	914
application was filed with the division of liquor control before	915
June 1, 1994. The liquor control commission shall not restrict	916
the number of A-1-A permits which may be located within a	917
precinct.	918
Sec. 4303.03. (A) Subject to division (B) of this section,	919
permit A-2 may be issued to a manufacturer to manufacture wine	920
from grapes or other , fruits, or other agricultural products;	921
to import and purchase wine in bond for blending purposes, the	922

total amount of wine so imported during the year covered by the	923
permit not to exceed forty per cent of all the wine manufactured	924
and imported; to manufacture, purchase, and import brandy for	925
fortifying purposes; and to sell those products either in glass	926
or container for consumption on the premises where manufactured,	927
in sealed containers for consumption off the premises where	928
manufactured, and to wholesale permit holders under the rules	929
adopted by the division of liquor control.	930
(B)(1) The holder of an A-2 permit shall not sell directly	931
to a retailer. In order to make sales to a retailer, the	932
manufacturer shall obtain a B-2a permit or make the sale	933
directly to a $B-2$ or $B-5$ permit holder for subsequent resale to	934
a retailer.	935
(2) The holder of an A-2 permit shall not sell directly to	936
a consumer unless the product is sold on the premises in	937
accordance with division (A) of this section. In order to make	938
sales to a consumer off the premises where the wine is	939
manufactured, the manufacturer shall obtain an S permit.	940
(3) Nothing in this chapter prohibits an A-2 permit holder	941
also holding a B-2a or S permit.	942
(C) The fee for this permit is seventy-six dollars for	943
each plant to which this permit is issued.	944
Sec. 4303.031. (A) Subject to divisions (B) and (C) of	945
this section, permit A-2f may be issued to a manufacturer to do	946
all of the following:	947
(1) Manufacture wine from grapes, fruits, or other	948
agricultural products;	949
(2) Import and purchase wine in bond for blending	950
purposes. The total amount of wine imported for blending	951

purposes during any year covered by the permit shall not exceed	952
forty per cent of all the wine manufactured and imported.	953
(3) Manufacture, purchase, and import brandy for	954
<pre>fortifying purposes;</pre>	955
(4) Sell products produced under divisions (A)(1) to (3)	956
of this section either in glass or container for consumption on	957
the premises where manufactured, in sealed containers for	958
consumption off the premises where manufactured, and to	959
wholesale permit holders under the rules adopted by the division	960
of liquor control.	961
(B) The division may issue permit A-2f to a manufacturer_	962
only if both of the following apply:	963
(1) The manufacturer grows grapes, fruits, or other	964
agricultural products on property owned by the manufacturer that	965
is classified as land devoted exclusively to agricultural use in	966
accordance with section 5713.31 of the Revised Code.	967
(2) The manufacturer processes the grapes, fruits, or	968
other agricultural products specified in division (B)(1) of this	969
section into wine and sells the wine as authorized in this	970
section.	971
(C)(1) The holder of an A-2f permit shall not sell	972
directly to a retailer. In order to make sales to a retailer,	973
the manufacturer shall obtain a B-2a permit or make the sale	974
directly to a B-2 or B-5 permit holder for subsequent resale to	975
a retailer.	976
(2) The holder of an A-2f permit shall not sell directly	977
to a consumer unless the product is sold on the premises in	978
accordance with division (A) of this section. In order to make	979
sales to a consumer off the premises where the wine is	980

manufactured, the manufacturer shall obtain an S permit.	981
(3) Nothing in this chapter prohibits an A-2f permit	982
holder from also holding a B-2a or S permit.	983
(D) The fee for this permit is seventy-six dollars for	984
each plant to which this permit is issued.	985
(E) The A-2f permit shall be known as the "Ohio Farm	986
Winery Permit."	987
Sec. 4303.07. Permit B-2 may be issued to a wholesale	988
distributor of wine to purchase from holders of $A-2$, $A-2f$, and	989
B-5 permits and distribute or sell that product, in the original	990
container in which it was placed by the B-5 permit holder or	991
manufacturer at the place where manufactured, to retail permit	992
holders and for home use. The fee for this permit is five	993
hundred dollars for each distributing plant or warehouse.	994
Sec. 4303.10. Permit B-5 may be issued to a wholesale	995
distributor of wine to purchase wine from the holders of A-2 and	996
$\underline{\text{A-2f}}$ permits, to purchase and import wine in bond or otherwise,	997
in bulk or in containers of any size, and to bottle wine for	998
distribution and sale to holders of wholesale or retail permits	999
and for home use in sealed containers. No wine shall be bottled	1000
by a B-5 permit holder in containers supplied by any person who	1001
intends the wine for home use. The fee for this permit is one	1002
thousand five hundred sixty-three dollars.	1003
Sec. 4303.181. (A) Permit D-5a may be issued either to the	1004
owner or operator of a hotel or motel that is required to be	1005
licensed under section 3731.03 of the Revised Code, that	1006
contains at least fifty rooms for registered transient guests or	1007
is owned by a state institution of higher education as defined	1008
in section 3345.011 of the Revised Code or a private college or	1009

university, and that qualifies under the other requirements of	1010
this section, or to the owner or operator of a restaurant	1011
specified under this section, to sell beer and any intoxicating	1012
liquor at retail, only by the individual drink in glass and from	1013
the container, for consumption on the premises where sold, and	1014
to registered guests in their rooms, which may be sold by means	1015
of a controlled access alcohol and beverage cabinet in	1016
accordance with division (B) of section 4301.21 of the Revised	1017
Code; and to sell the same products in the same manner and	1018
amounts not for consumption on the premises as may be sold by	1019
holders of D-1 and D-2 permits. The premises of the hotel or	1020
motel shall include a retail food establishment or a food	1021
service operation licensed pursuant to Chapter 3717. of the	1022
Revised Code that operates as a restaurant for purposes of this	1023
chapter and that is affiliated with the hotel or motel and	1024
within or contiguous to the hotel or motel, and that serves food	1025
within the hotel or motel, but the principal business of the	1026
owner or operator of the hotel or motel shall be the	1027
accommodation of transient guests. In addition to the privileges	1028
authorized in this division, the holder of a D-5a permit may	1029
exercise the same privileges as the holder of a D-5 permit.	1030

The owner or operator of a hotel, motel, or restaurant who

qualified for and held a D-5a permit on August 4, 1976, may, if

the owner or operator held another permit before holding a D-5a

permit, either retain a D-5a permit or apply for the permit

formerly held, and the division of liquor control shall issue

the permit for which the owner or operator applies and formerly

held, notwithstanding any quota.

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A D-5a permit shall not be transferred to another 1038 location. No quota restriction shall be placed on the number of 1039 D-5a permits that may be issued. 1040

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The	fee	for	this	permit	is	two	thousand	three	hundred	1041
forty-fou	r do	llar	îs.							1042

(B) Permit D-5b may be issued to the owner, operator, 1043 tenant, lessee, or occupant of an enclosed shopping center to 1044 sell beer and intoxicating liquor at retail, only by the 1045 individual drink in glass and from the container, for 1046 consumption on the premises where sold; and to sell the same 1047 products in the same manner and amount not for consumption on 1048 the premises as may be sold by holders of D-1 and D-2 permits. 1049 In addition to the privileges authorized in this division, the 1050 holder of a D-5b permit may exercise the same privileges as a 1051 holder of a D-5 permit. 1052

A D-5b permit shall not be transferred to another location.

One D-5b permit may be issued at an enclosed shopping 1055 center containing at least two hundred twenty-five thousand, but 1056 less than four hundred thousand, square feet of floor area. 1057

Two D-5b permits may be issued at an enclosed shopping 1058 center containing at least four hundred thousand square feet of 1059 floor area. No more than one D-5b permit may be issued at an 1060 enclosed shopping center for each additional two hundred 1061 thousand square feet of floor area or fraction of that floor 1062 area, up to a maximum of five D-5b permits for each enclosed 1063 shopping center. The number of D-5b permits that may be issued 1064 at an enclosed shopping center shall be determined by 1065 subtracting the number of D-3 and D-5 permits issued in the 1066 enclosed shopping center from the number of D-5b permits that 1067 otherwise may be issued at the enclosed shopping center under 1068 the formulas provided in this division. Except as provided in 1069 this section, no quota shall be placed on the number of D-5b 1070

permits that may be issued. Notwithstanding any quota provided	1071
in this section, the holder of any D-5b permit first issued in	1072
accordance with this section is entitled to its renewal in	1073
accordance with section 4303.271 of the Revised Code.	1074

The holder of a D-5b permit issued before April 4, 1984, 1075 whose tenancy is terminated for a cause other than nonpayment of 1076 rent, may return the D-5b permit to the division of liquor 1077 control, and the division shall cancel that permit. Upon 1078 cancellation of that permit and upon the permit holder's payment 1079 of taxes, contributions, premiums, assessments, and other debts 1080 owing or accrued upon the date of cancellation to this state and 1081 its political subdivisions and a filing with the division of a 1082 certification of that payment, the division shall issue to that 1083 person either a D-5 permit, or a D-1, a D-2, and a D-3 permit, 1084 as that person requests. The division shall issue the D-5 1085 permit, or the D-1, D-2, and D-3 permits, even if the number of 1086 D-1, D-2, D-3, or D-5 permits currently issued in the municipal 1087 corporation or in the unincorporated area of the township where 1088 that person's proposed premises is located equals or exceeds the 1089 maximum number of such permits that can be issued in that 1090 1091 municipal corporation or in the unincorporated area of that township under the population quota restrictions contained in 1092 section 4303.29 of the Revised Code. Any D-1, D-2, D-3, or D-5 1093 permit so issued shall not be transferred to another location. 1094 If a D-5b permit is canceled under the provisions of this 1095 paragraph, the number of D-5b permits that may be issued at the 1096 enclosed shopping center for which the D-5b permit was issued, 1097 under the formula provided in this division, shall be reduced by 1098 one if the enclosed shopping center was entitled to more than 1099 one D-5b permit under the formula. 1100

The fee for this permit is two thousand three hundred

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1131

forty-four dollars.

(C) Permit D-5c may be issued to the owner or operator of 1103 a retail food establishment or a food service operation licensed 1104 pursuant to Chapter 3717. of the Revised Code that operates as a 1105 restaurant for purposes of this chapter and that qualifies under 1106 the other requirements of this section to sell beer and any 1107 intoxicating liquor at retail, only by the individual drink in 1108 glass and from the container, for consumption on the premises 1109 where sold, and to sell the same products in the same manner and 1110 amounts not for consumption on the premises as may be sold by 1111 holders of D-1 and D-2 permits. In addition to the privileges 1112 authorized in this division, the holder of a D-5c permit may 1113 exercise the same privileges as the holder of a D-5 permit. 1114

To qualify for a D-5c permit, the owner or operator of a 1115 retail food establishment or a food service operation licensed 1116 pursuant to Chapter 3717. of the Revised Code that operates as a 1117 restaurant for purposes of this chapter, shall have operated the 1118 restaurant at the proposed premises for not less than twenty-1119 four consecutive months immediately preceding the filing of the 1120 application for the permit, have applied for a D-5 permit no 1121 later than December 31, 1988, and appear on the division's quota 1122 waiting list for not less than six months immediately preceding 1123 the filing of the application for the permit. In addition to 1124 these requirements, the proposed D-5c permit premises shall be 1125 located within a municipal corporation and further within an 1126 election precinct that, at the time of the application, has no 1127 more than twenty-five per cent of its total land area zoned for 1128 residential use. 1129

A D-5c permit shall not be transferred to another location. No quota restriction shall be placed on the number of

such permits that may be issued.	1132
Any person who has held a D-5c permit for at least two	1133
years may apply for a D-5 permit, and the division of liquor	1134
control shall issue the D-5 permit notwithstanding the quota	1135
restrictions contained in section 4303.29 of the Revised Code or	1136
in any rule of the liquor control commission.	1137
The fee for this permit is one thousand five hundred	1138
sixty-three dollars.	1139
(D) Permit D-5d may be issued to the owner or operator of	1140
	1140
a retail food establishment or a food service operation licensed	
pursuant to Chapter 3717. of the Revised Code that operates as a	1142
restaurant for purposes of this chapter and that is located at	1143
an airport operated by a board of county commissioners pursuant	1144
to section 307.20 of the Revised Code, at an airport operated by	1145
a port authority pursuant to Chapter 4582. of the Revised Code,	1146
or at an airport operated by a regional airport authority	1147
pursuant to Chapter 308. of the Revised Code. The holder of a D-	1148
5d permit may sell beer and any intoxicating liquor at retail,	1149
only by the individual drink in glass and from the container,	1150
for consumption on the premises where sold, and may sell the	1151
same products in the same manner and amounts not for consumption	1152
on the premises where sold as may be sold by the holders of D-1 $$	1153
and D-2 permits. In addition to the privileges authorized in	1154
this division, the holder of a D-5d permit may exercise the same	1155
privileges as the holder of a D-5 permit.	1156
A D-5d permit shall not be transferred to another	1157
location. No quota restrictions shall be placed on the number of	1158
such permits that may be issued.	1159

The fee for this permit is two thousand three hundred

forty-four dollars.	1161
(E) Permit D-5e may be issued to any nonprofit	1162
organization that is exempt from federal income taxation under	1163
the "Internal Revenue Code of 1986," 100 Stat. 2085, 26 U.S.C.A.	1164
501(c)(3), as amended, or that is a charitable organization	1165
under any chapter of the Revised Code, and that owns or operates	1166
a riverboat that meets all of the following:	1167
(1) Is permanently docked at one location;	1168
(2) Is designated as an historical riverboat by the Ohio	1169
history connection;	1170
(3) Contains not less than fifteen hundred square feet of	1171
floor area;	1172
(4) Has a seating capacity of fifty or more persons.	1173
The holder of a D-5e permit may sell beer and intoxicating	1174
liquor at retail, only by the individual drink in glass and from	1175
the container, for consumption on the premises where sold.	1176
A D-5e permit shall not be transferred to another	1177
location. No quota restriction shall be placed on the number of	1178
such permits that may be issued. The population quota	1179
restrictions contained in section 4303.29 of the Revised Code or	1180
in any rule of the liquor control commission shall not apply to	1181
this division, and the division shall issue a D-5e permit to any	1182
applicant who meets the requirements of this division. However,	1183
the division shall not issue a D-5e permit if the permit	1184
premises or proposed permit premises are located within an area	1185
in which the sale of spirituous liquor by the glass is	1186
prohibited.	1187
The fee for this permit is one thousand two hundred	1188

nineteen dollars.	1189
(F) Permit D-5f may be issued to the owner or operator of	1190
a retail food establishment or a food service operation licensed	1191
under Chapter 3717. of the Revised Code that operates as a	1192
restaurant for purposes of this chapter and that meets all of	1193
the following:	1194
(1) It contains not less than twenty-five hundred square	1195
feet of floor area.	1196
(2) It is located on or in, or immediately adjacent to,	1197
the shoreline of, a navigable river.	1198
(3) It provides docking space for twenty-five boats.	1199
(4) It provides entertainment and recreation, provided	1200
that not less than fifty per cent of the business on the permit	1201
premises shall be preparing and serving meals for a	1202
consideration.	1203
In addition, each application for a D-5f permit shall be	1204
accompanied by a certification from the local legislative	1205
authority that the issuance of the D-5f permit is not	1206
inconsistent with that political subdivision's comprehensive	1207
development plan or other economic development goal as	1208
officially established by the local legislative authority.	1209
The holder of a D-5f permit may sell beer and intoxicating	1210
liquor at retail, only by the individual drink in glass and from	1211
the container, for consumption on the premises where sold.	1212
A D-5f permit shall not be transferred to another	1213
location.	1214
The division of liquor control shall not issue a D-5f	1215
permit if the permit premises or proposed permit premises are	1216

located within an area in which the sale of spirituous liquor by	1217
the glass is prohibited.	1218
A fee for this permit is two thousand three hundred forty-	1219
four dollars.	1220
As used in this division, "navigable river" means a river	1221
that is also a "navigable water" as defined in the "Federal	1222
Power Act," 94 Stat. 770 (1980), 16 U.S.C. 796.	1223
(G) Permit D-5g may be issued to a nonprofit corporation	1224
that is either the owner or the operator of a national	1225
professional sports museum. The holder of a D-5g permit may sell	1226
beer and any intoxicating liquor at retail, only by the	1227
individual drink in glass and from the container, for	1228
consumption on the premises where sold. The holder of a D-5g	1229
permit shall sell no beer or intoxicating liquor for consumption	1230
on the premises where sold after two-thirty a.m. A D-5g permit	1231
shall not be transferred to another location. No quota	1232
restrictions shall be placed on the number of D-5g permits that	1233
may be issued. The fee for this permit is one thousand eight	1234
hundred seventy-five dollars.	1235
(H)(1) Permit D-5h may be issued to any nonprofit	1236
organization that is exempt from federal income taxation under	1237
the "Internal Revenue Code of 1986," 100 Stat. 2085, 26 U.S.C.A.	1238
501(c)(3), as amended, that owns or operates any of the	1239
following:	1240
(a) A fine arts museum, provided that the nonprofit	1241
organization has no less than one thousand five hundred bona	1242
fide members possessing full membership privileges;	1243
(b) A community arts center. As used in division (H)(1)(b)	1244
of this section, "community arts center" means a facility that	1245

provides arts programming to the community in more than one arts	1246
discipline, including, but not limited to, exhibits of works of	1247
art and performances by both professional and amateur artists.	1248
(c) A community theater, provided that the nonprofit	1249
organization is a member of the Ohio arts council and the	1250
American community theatre association and has been in existence	1251
for not less than ten years. As used in division (H)(1)(c) of	1252
this section, "community theater" means a facility that contains	1253
at least one hundred fifty seats and has a primary function of	1254
presenting live theatrical performances and providing	1255
recreational opportunities to the community.	1256
(2) The holder of a D-5h permit may sell beer and any	1257
intoxicating liquor at retail, only by the individual drink in	1258
glass and from the container, for consumption on the premises	1259
where sold. The holder of a D-5h permit shall sell no beer or	1260
intoxicating liquor for consumption on the premises where sold	1261
after one a.m. A D-5h permit shall not be transferred to another	1262
location. No quota restrictions shall be placed on the number of	1263
D-5h permits that may be issued.	1264
(3) The fee for a D-5h permit is one thousand eight	1265
hundred seventy-five dollars.	1266
(I) Permit D-5i may be issued to the owner or operator of	1267
a retail food establishment or a food service operation licensed	1268
under Chapter 3717. of the Revised Code that operates as a	1269
restaurant for purposes of this chapter and that meets all of	1270
the following requirements:	1271
(1) It is located in a municipal corporation or a township	1272
with a population of one hundred thousand or less.	1273

(2) It has inside seating capacity for at least one

hundred forty persons.	1275
(3) It has at least four thousand square feet of floor	1276
area.	1277
(4) It offers full-course meals, appetizers, and	1278
sandwiches.	1279
(5) Its receipts from beer and liquor sales, excluding	1280
wine sales, do not exceed twenty-five per cent of its total	1281
gross receipts.	1282
(6) It has at least one of the following characteristics:	1283
(a) The value of its real and personal property exceeds	1284
seven hundred twenty-five thousand dollars.	1285
(b) It is located on property that is owned or leased by	1286
the state or a state agency, and its owner or operator has	1287
authorization from the state or the state agency that owns or	1288
leases the property to obtain a D-5i permit.	1289
The holder of a D-5i permit may sell beer and any	1290
intoxicating liquor at retail, only by the individual drink in	1291
glass and from the container, for consumption on the premises	1292
where sold, and may sell the same products in the same manner	1293
and amounts not for consumption on the premises where sold as	1294
may be sold by the holders of D-1 and D-2 permits. The holder of	1295
a D-5i permit shall sell no beer or intoxicating liquor for	1296
consumption on the premises where sold after two-thirty a.m. In	1297
addition to the privileges authorized in this division, the	1298
holder of a D-5i permit may exercise the same privileges as the	1299
holder of a D-5 permit.	1300
A D-5i permit shall not be transferred to another	1301
location. The division of liquor control shall not renew a D-5i	1302

following applies:

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permit unless the retail food establishment or food service	1303
operation for which it is issued continues to meet the	1304
requirements described in divisions (I)(1) to (6) of this	1305
section. No quota restrictions shall be placed on the number of	1306
D-5i permits that may be issued. The fee for the D-5i permit is	1307
two thousand three hundred forty-four dollars.	1308
(J) Permit D-5j may be issued to the owner or the operator	1309
of a retail food establishment or a food service operation	1310
licensed under Chapter 3717. of the Revised Code to sell beer	1311
and intoxicating liquor at retail, only by the individual drink	1312
in glass and from the container, for consumption on the premises	1313
where sold and to sell beer and intoxicating liquor in the same	1314
manner and amounts not for consumption on the premises where	1315
sold as may be sold by the holders of D-1 and D-2 permits. The	1316
holder of a D-5j permit may exercise the same privileges, and	1317
shall observe the same hours of operation, as the holder of a D-	1318
5 permit.	1319
The D-5j permit shall be issued only within a community	1320
entertainment district that is designated under section 4301.80	1321
of the Revised Code. The permit shall not be issued to a	1322
community entertainment district that is designated under	1323
divisions (B) and (C) of section 4301.80 of the Revised Code if	1324
the district does not meet one of the following qualifications:	1325
(1) It is located in a municipal corporation with a	1326
population of at least one hundred thousand.	1327
(2) It is located in a municipal corporation with a	1328
population of at least twenty thousand, and either of the	1329
	1 2 2 2

(a) It contains an amusement park the rides of which have

been issued a permit by the department of agriculture under	1332
Chapter 1711. of the Revised Code.	1333
(b) Not less than fifty million dollars will be invested	1334
in development and construction in the community entertainment	1335
district's area located in the municipal corporation.	1336
(3) It is located in a township with a population of at	1337
least forty thousand.	1338
(4) It is located in a township with a population of at	1339
least twenty thousand, and not less than seventy million dollars	1340
will be invested in development and construction in the	1341
community entertainment district's area located in the township.	1342
(5) It is located in a municipal corporation with a	1343
population between seven thousand and twenty thousand, and both	1344
of the following apply:	1345
(a) The municipal corporation was incorporated as a	1346
village prior to calendar year 1860 and currently has a historic	1347
downtown business district.	1348
(b) The municipal corporation is located in the same	1349
county as another municipal corporation with at least one	1350
community entertainment district.	1351
(6) It is located in a municipal corporation with a	1352
population of at least ten thousand, and not less than seventy	1353
million dollars will be invested in development and construction	1354
in the community entertainment district's area located in the	1355
municipal corporation.	1356
(7) It is located in a municipal corporation with a	1357
population of at least five thousand, and not less than one	1358
hundred million dollars will be invested in development and	1359

construction in the community entertainment district's area	1360
located in the municipal corporation.	1361
The location of a D-5j permit may be transferred only	1362
within the geographic boundaries of the community entertainment	1363
district in which it was issued and shall not be transferred	1364
outside the geographic boundaries of that district.	1365
Not more than one D-5j permit shall be issued within each	1366
community entertainment district for each five acres of land	1367
located within the district. Not more than fifteen D-5j permits	1368
may be issued within a single community entertainment district.	1369
Except as otherwise provided in division (J)(4) of this section,	1370
no quota restrictions shall be placed upon the number of D-5j	1371
permits that may be issued.	1372
The fee for a D-5j permit is two thousand three hundred	1373
forty-four dollars.	1374
(K)(1) Permit D-5k may be issued to any nonprofit	1375
organization that is exempt from federal income taxation under	1376
the "Internal Revenue Code of 1986," 100 Stat. 2085, 26 U.S.C.A.	1377
501(c)(3), as amended, that is the owner or operator of a	1378
botanical garden recognized by the American association of	1379
botanical gardens and arboreta, and that has not less than	1380
twenty-five hundred bona fide members.	1381
(2) The holder of a D-5k permit may sell beer and any	1382
intoxicating liquor at retail, only by the individual drink in	1383
glass and from the container, on the premises where sold.	1384
(3) The holder of a D-5k permit shall sell no beer or	1385
intoxicating liquor for consumption on the premises where sold	1386
after one a.m.	1387
(4) A D-5k permit shall not be transferred to another	1388

location.	1389
(5) No quota restrictions shall be placed on the number of	1390
D-5k permits that may be issued.	1391
(6) The fee for the D-5k permit is one thousand eight	1392
hundred seventy-five dollars.	1393
(L)(1) Permit D-51 may be issued to the owner or the	1394
operator of a retail food establishment or a food service	1395
operation licensed under Chapter 3717. of the Revised Code to	1396
sell beer and intoxicating liquor at retail, only by the	1397
individual drink in glass and from the container, for	1398
consumption on the premises where sold and to sell beer and	1399
intoxicating liquor in the same manner and amounts not for	1400
consumption on the premises where sold as may be sold by the	1401
holders of D-1 and D-2 permits. The holder of a D-51 permit may	1402
exercise the same privileges, and shall observe the same hours	1403
of operation, as the holder of a D-5 permit.	1404
(2) The D-51 permit shall be issued only to a premises to	1405
which all of the following apply:	1406
(a) The premises has gross annual receipts from the sale	1407
of food and meals that constitute not less than seventy-five per	1408
cent of its total gross annual receipts.	1409
(b) The premises is located within a revitalization	1410
district that is designated under section 4301.81 of the Revised	1411
Code.	1412
(c) The premises is located in a municipal corporation or	1413
township in which the number of D-5 permits issued equals or	1414
exceeds the number of those permits that may be issued in that	1415
municipal corporation or township under section 4303.29 of the	1416
Revised Code.	1417

(d) The premises meets any of the following	1418
qualifications:	1419
(i) It is located in a county with a population of one	1420
hundred twenty-five thousand or less according to the population	1421
estimates certified by the development services agency for	1422
calendar year 2006.	1423
(ii) It is located in the municipal corporation that has	1424
the largest population in a county when the county has a	1425
population between two hundred fifteen thousand and two hundred	1426
twenty-five thousand according to the population estimates	1427
certified by the development services agency for calendar year	1428
2006. Division (L)(2)(d)(ii) of this section applies only to a	1429
municipal corporation that is wholly located in a county.	1430
(iii) It is located in the municipal corporation that has	1431
the largest population in a county when the county has a	1432
population between one hundred forty thousand and one hundred	1433
forty-one thousand according to the population estimates	1434
certified by the development services agency for calendar year	1435
2006. Division (L)(2)(d)(iii) of this section applies only to a	1436
municipal corporation that is wholly located in a county.	1437
(iv) It is located in a township with a population density	1438
of less than four hundred fifty people per square mile. For	1439
purposes of division (L)(2)(d)(iv) of this section, the	1440
population of a township is considered to be the population	1441
shown by the most recent regular federal decennial census.	1442
(v) It is located in a municipal corporation that is	1443
wholly located within the geographic boundaries of a township,	1444
provided that the municipal corporation and the unincorporated	1445
portion of the township have a combined population density of	1446

less than four hundred fifty people per square mile. For	1447
purposes of division (L)(2)(d)(v) of this section, the	1448
population of a municipal corporation and unincorporated portion	1449
of a township is the population shown by the most recent federal	1450
decennial census.	1451
(3) The location of a D-51 permit may be transferred only	1452
within the geographic boundaries of the revitalization district	1453
in which it was issued and shall not be transferred outside the	1454
geographic boundaries of that district.	1455
(4) Not more than one D-51 permit shall be issued within	1456
each revitalization district for each five acres of land located	1457
within the district. Not more than fifteen D-51 permits may be	1458
issued within a single revitalization district. Except as	1459
otherwise provided in division (L)(4) of this section, no quota	1460
restrictions shall be placed upon the number of D-51 permits	1461
that may be issued.	1462
(5) No D-51 permit shall be issued to an adult	1463
entertainment establishment as defined in section 2907.39 of the	1464
Revised Code.	1465
(6) The fee for a D-51 permit is two thousand three	1466
hundred forty-four dollars.	1467
(M) Permit D-5m may be issued to either the owner or the	1468
operator of a retail food establishment or food service	1469
operation licensed under Chapter 3717. of the Revised Code that	1470
operates as a restaurant for purposes of this chapter and that	1471
is located in, or affiliated with, a center for the preservation	1472
of wild animals as defined in section 4301.404 of the Revised	1473
Code, to sell beer and any intoxicating liquor at retail, only	1474
by the glass and from the container, for consumption on the	1475

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premises where sold, and to sell the same products in the same	1476
manner and amounts not for consumption on the premises as may be	1477
sold by the holders of D-1 and D-2 permits. In addition to the	1478
privileges authorized by this division, the holder of a $\hbox{D-5m}$	1479
permit may exercise the same privileges as the holder of a D-5 $$	1480
permit.	1481

A D-5m permit shall not be transferred to another location. No quota restrictions shall be placed on the number of D-5m permits that may be issued. The fee for a permit D-5m is two thousand three hundred forty-four dollars.

- (N) Permit D-5n shall be issued to either a casino 1486 operator or a casino management company licensed under Chapter 1487 3772. of the Revised Code that operates a casino facility under 1488 that chapter, to sell beer and any intoxicating liquor at 1489 retail, only by the individual drink in glass and from the 1490 container, for consumption on the premises where sold, and to 1491 sell the same products in the same manner and amounts not for 1492 consumption on the premises as may be sold by the holders of D-1 1493 and D-2 permits. In addition to the privileges authorized by 1494 this division, the holder of a D-5n permit may exercise the same 1495 privileges as the holder of a D-5 permit. A D-5n permit shall 1496 not be transferred to another location. Only one D-5n permit may 1497 be issued per casino facility and not more than four D-5n 1498 permits shall be issued in this state. The fee for a permit D-5n1499 shall be twenty thousand dollars. The holder of a D-5n permit 1500 may conduct casino gaming on the permit premises notwithstanding 1501 any provision of the Revised Code or Administrative Code. 1502
- (O) Permit D-50 may be issued to the owner or operator of 1503 a retail food establishment or a food service operation licensed 1504 under Chapter 3717. of the Revised Code that operates as a 1505

restaurant for purposes of this chapter and that is located	1506
within a casino facility for which a D-5n permit has been	1507
issued. The holder of a D-5o permit may sell beer and any	1508
intoxicating liquor at retail, only by the individual drink in	1509
glass and from the container, for consumption on the premises	1510
where sold, and may sell the same products in the same manner	1511
and amounts not for consumption on the premises where sold as	1512
may be sold by the holders of D-1 and D-2 permits. In addition	1513
to the privileges authorized by this division, the holder of a	1514
D-5o permit may exercise the same privileges as the holder of a	1515
D-5 permit. A D-50 permit shall not be transferred to another	1516
location. No quota restrictions shall be placed on the number of	1517
such permits that may be issued. The fee for this permit is two	1518
thousand three hundred forty-four dollars.	1519

 Sec. 4303.182. (A) Except as otherwise provided in
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 divisions (B) to (K) of this section, permit D`-6 shall be
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 issued to the holder of an A-1-A, A-2, A-2f, A-3a, C-2, D-2, D 1522

 3, D-3a, D-4, D-4a, D-5, D-5a, D-5b, D-5c, D-5d, D-5e, D-5f, D 1523

 5g, D-5h, D-5i, D-5j, D-5k, D-5l, D-5m, D-5n, D-5o, or D-7
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 permit to allow sale under that permit as follows:
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- (1) Between the hours of ten a.m. and midnight on Sunday 1526 if sale during those hours has been approved under question (C) 1527 (1), (2), or (3) of section 4301.351 or 4301.354 of the Revised 1528 Code, under question (B)(2) of section 4301.355 of the Revised 1529 Code, or under section 4301.356 of the Revised Code and has been 1530 authorized under section 4301.361, 4301.364, 4301.365, or 1531 4301.366 of the Revised Code, under the restrictions of that 1532 authorization; 1533
- (2) Between the hours of eleven a.m. and midnight on 1534
 Sunday, if sale during those hours has been approved on or after 1535

that authorization.

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October 16, 2009, under question (B)(1), (2), or (3) of section	1536
4301.351 or 4301.354 of the Revised Code, under question (B)(2)	1537
of section 4301.355 of the Revised Code, or under section	1538
4301.356 of the Revised Code and has been authorized under	1539
section 4301.361, 4301.364, 4301.365, or 4301.366 of the Revised	1540
Code, under the restrictions of that authorization;	1541
(3) Between the hours of eleven a.m. and midnight on	1542
Sunday if sale between the hours of one p.m. and midnight was	1543
approved before October 16, 2009, under question (B)(1), (2), or	1544
(3) of section 4301.351 or 4301.354 of the Revised Code, under	1545
question (B)(2) of section 4301.355 of the Revised Code, or	1546
under section 4301.356 of the Revised Code and has been	1547
authorized under section 4301.361, 4301.364, 4301.365, or	1548
4301.366 of the Revised Code, under the other restrictions of	1549

- (B) Permit D-6 shall be issued to the holder of any 1551 permit, including a D-4a and D-5d permit, authorizing the sale 1552 of intoxicating liquor issued for a premises located at any 1553 publicly owned airport, as defined in section 4563.01 of the 1554 Revised Code, at which commercial airline companies operate 1555 regularly scheduled flights on which space is available to the 1556 public, to allow sale under such permit between the hours of ten 1557 a.m. and midnight on Sunday, whether or not that sale has been 1558 authorized under section 4301.361, 4301.364, 4301.365, or 1559 4301.366 of the Revised Code. 1560
- (C) Permit D-6 shall be issued to the holder of a D-5a 1561 permit, and to the holder of a D-3 or D-3a permit who is the 1562 owner or operator of a hotel or motel that is required to be 1563 licensed under section 3731.03 of the Revised Code, that 1564 contains at least fifty rooms for registered transient guests, 1565

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and that has on its premises a retail food establishment or a	1566
food service operation licensed pursuant to Chapter 3717. of the	1567
Revised Code that operates as a restaurant for purposes of this	1568
chapter and is affiliated with the hotel or motel and within or	1569
contiguous to the hotel or motel and serving food within the	1570
hotel or motel, to allow sale under such permit between the	1571
hours of ten a.m. and midnight on Sunday, whether or not that	1572
sale has been authorized under section 4301.361, 4301.364,	1573
4301.365, or 4301.366 of the Revised Code.	1574

- (D) The holder of a D-6 permit that is issued to a sports facility may make sales under the permit between the hours of eleven a.m. and midnight on any Sunday on which a professional baseball, basketball, football, hockey, or soccer game is being played at the sports facility. As used in this division, "sports facility" means a stadium or arena that has a seating capacity of at least four thousand and that is owned or leased by a professional baseball, basketball, football, hockey, or soccer franchise or any combination of those franchises.
- (E) Permit D-6 shall be issued to the holder of any permit 1584 that authorizes the sale of beer or intoxicating liquor and that 1585 is issued to a premises located in or at the Ohio history 1586 connection area or the state fairgrounds, as defined in division 1587 (B) of section 4301.40 of the Revised Code, to allow sale under 1588 that permit between the hours of ten a.m. and midnight on 1589 Sunday, whether or not that sale has been authorized under 1590 section 4301.361, 4301.364, 4301.365, or 4301.366 of the Revised 1591 Code. 1592
- (F) Permit D-6 shall be issued to the holder of any permit 1593 that authorizes the sale of intoxicating liquor and that is 1594 issued to an outdoor performing arts center to allow sale under 1595

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that permit between the hours of one p.m. and midnight on	1596
Sunday, whether or not that sale has been authorized under	1597
section 4301.361 of the Revised Code. A D-6 permit issued under	1598
this division is subject to the results of an election, held	1599
after the D-6 permit is issued, on question (B)(4) as set forth	1600
in section 4301.351 of the Revised Code. Following the end of	1601
the period during which an election may be held on question (B)	1602
(4) as set forth in that section, sales of intoxicating liquor	1603
may continue at an outdoor performing arts center under a D-6	1604
permit issued under this division, unless an election on that	1605
question is held during the permitted period and a majority of	1606
the voters voting in the precinct on that question vote "no."	1607

As used in this division, "outdoor performing arts center" means an outdoor performing arts center that is located on not less than eight hundred acres of land and that is open for performances from the first day of April to the last day of October of each year.

- (G) Permit D-6 shall be issued to the holder of any permit 1613 that authorizes the sale of beer or intoxicating liquor and that 1614 is issued to a golf course owned by the state, a conservancy 1615 district, a park district created under Chapter 1545. of the 1616 Revised Code, or another political subdivision to allow sale 1617 under that permit between the hours of ten a.m. and midnight on 1618 Sunday, whether or not that sale has been authorized under 1619 section 4301.361, 4301.364, 4301.365, or 4301.366 of the Revised 1620 Code. 1621
- (H) Permit D-6 shall be issued to the holder of a D-5g 1622 permit to allow sale under that permit between the hours of ten 1623 a.m. and midnight on Sunday, whether or not that sale has been 1624 authorized under section 4301.361, 4301.364, 4301.365, or 1625

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4301.366 of the Revised Code.

(I) Permit D-6 shall be issued to the holder of any D

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permit for a premises that is licensed under Chapter 3717. of

the Revised Code and that is located at a ski area to allow sale

under the D-6 permit between the hours of ten a.m. and midnight

on Sunday, whether or not that sale has been authorized under

section 4301.361, 4301.364, 4301.365, or 4301.366 of the Revised

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Code.

As used in this division, "ski area" means a ski area as defined in section 4169.01 of the Revised Code, provided that the passenger tramway operator at that area is registered under section 4169.03 of the Revised Code.

- (J) Permit D-6 shall be issued to the holder of any 1638 permit that is described in division (A) of this section for a 1639 permit premises that is located in a community entertainment 1640 district, as defined in section 4301.80 of the Revised Code, 1641 that was approved by the legislative authority of a municipal 1642 corporation under that section between October 1 and October 15, 1643 2005, to allow sale under the permit between the hours of ten 1644 a.m. and midnight on Sunday, whether or not that sale has been 1645 authorized under section 4301.361, 4301.364, 4301.365, or 1646 4301.366 of the Revised Code. 1647
- (K) A D-6 permit shall be issued to the holder of any D

 permit for a premises that is licensed under Chapter 3717. of

 the Revised Code and that is located in a state park to allow

 sales under the D-6 permit between the hours of ten a.m. and

 midnight on Sunday, whether or not those sales have been

 authorized under section 4301.361, 4301.364, 4301.365, or

 4301.366 of the Revised Code.

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As used in this division, "state park" means a state park	1655
that is established or dedicated under Chapter 1541. of the	1656
Revised Code and that has a working farm on its property.	1657
(L) If the restriction to licensed premises where the sale	1658
of food and other goods and services exceeds fifty per cent of	1659
the total gross receipts of the permit holder at the premises is	1660
applicable, the division of liquor control may accept an	1661
affidavit from the permit holder to show the proportion of the	1662
permit holder's gross receipts derived from the sale of food and	1663
other goods and services. If the liquor control commission	1664
determines that affidavit to have been false, it shall revoke	1665
the permits of the permit holder at the premises concerned.	1666
(M) The fee for the D-6 permit is five hundred dollars	1667
when it is issued to the holder of an A-1-A, A-2, $\underline{A-2f}$, A-3a, D-	1668
2, D-3, D-3a, D-4, D-4a, D-5, D-5a, D-5b, D-5c, D-5d, D-5e, D-	1669
5f, D-5g, D-5h, D-5i, D-5j, D-5k, D-5l, D-5m, D-5n, D-5o, or D-7	1670
permit. The fee for the D-6 permit is four hundred dollars when	1671
it is issued to the holder of a C-2 permit.	1672
Sec. 4303.204. (A) The division of liquor control may	1673
issue an F-4 permit to an organization or corporation organized	1674
not-for-profit in this state to conduct an event that includes	1675
the introduction, showcasing, or promotion of Ohio wines, if the	1676
event has all of the following characteristics:	1677
(1) It is coordinated by that organization or corporation,	1678
and the organization or corporation is responsible for the	1679
activities at it.	1680
(2) It has as one of its nurrosses the intent to introduce	1681
(2) It has as one of its purposes the intent to introduce,	1001

showcase, or promote Ohio wines to persons who attend it.

(3) It includes the sale of food for consumption on the

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premises where sold.

- (4) It features any combination of at least three A-2 or 1685

 A-2f permit holders who sell Ohio wine at it. 1686
- (B) The holder of an F-4 permit may furnish, with or 1687 without charge, wine that it has obtained from the A-2 or A-2f 1688 permit holders that are participating in the event for which the 1689 F-4 permit is issued, in two-ounce samples for consumption on 1690 the premises where furnished and may sell such wine by the glass 1691 for consumption on the premises where sold. The holder of an A-21692 or A-2f permit that is participating in the event for which the 1693 F-4 permit is issued may sell wine that it has manufactured, in 1694 sealed containers for consumption off the premises where sold. 1695 Wine may be furnished or sold on the premises of the event for 1696 which the F-4 permit is issued only where and when the sale of 1697 wine is otherwise permitted by law. 1698
- (C) The premises of the event for which the F-4 permit is issued shall be clearly defined and sufficiently restricted to allow proper enforcement of the permit by state and local law enforcement officers. If an F-4 permit is issued for all or a portion of the same premises for which another class of permit is issued, that permit holder's privileges will be suspended in that portion of the premises in which the F-4 permit is in effect.
- (D) No F-4 permit shall be effective for more than seventy-two consecutive hours. No sales or furnishing of wine shall take place under an F-4 permit after one a.m.
- (E) The division shall not issue more than six F-4 permits 1710 to the same not-for-profit organization or corporation in any 1711 one calendar year.

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(F) An applicant for an F-4 permit shall apply for the	1713
permit not later than thirty days prior to the first day of the	1714
event for which the permit is sought. The application for the	1715
permit shall list all of the A-2 $\underline{\text{and A-2f}}$ permit holders that	1716
will participate in the event for which the F-4 permit is	1717
sought. The fee for the F-4 permit is sixty dollars per day.	1718
The division shall prepare and make available an F-4	1719
permit application form and may require applicants for and	1720
holders of the $F-4$ permit to provide information that is in	1721
addition to that required by this section and that is necessary	1722
for the administration of this section.	1723
(G)(1) The holder of an $F-4$ permit is responsible for, and	1724
is subject to penalties for, any violations of this chapter or	1725
Chapter 4301. of the Revised Code or the rules adopted under	1726
this and that chapter.	1727
(2) An F-4 permit holder shall not allow an A-2 or A-2f	1728
permit holder to participate in the event for which the $F-4$	1729
permit is issued if the A-2 or A-2f or the A-1-A permit of that	1730
A-2 <u>or A-2f</u> permit holder is under suspension.	1731
(3) The division may refuse to issue an F-4 permit to an	1732
applicant who has violated any provision of this chapter or	1733
Chapter 4301. of the Revised Code during the applicant's	1734
previous operation under an F-4 permit, for a period of up to	1735
two years after the date of the violation.	1736
(H)(1) Notwithstanding division (D) of section 4301.22 of	1737
the Revised Code, an A-2 $\underline{\text{or }A-2f}$ permit holder that participates	1738
in an event for which an F-4 permit is issued may donate wine	1739

that it has manufactured to the holder of that F-4 permit. The

holder of an F-4 permit may return unused and sealed containers

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of wine to the A-2 or $A-2f$ permit holder that donated the wine	1742
at the conclusion of the event for which the $F-4$ permit was	1743
issued.	1744

(2) The participation by an A-2 <u>or A-2f</u> permit holder or its employees in an event for which an F-4 permit is issued does not violate section 4301.24 of the Revised Code.

Sec. 4303.33. (A) Every A-1 or A-1c permit holder in this 1748 state, every bottler, importer, wholesale dealer, broker, 1749 producer, or manufacturer of beer outside this state and within 1750 the United States, and every B-1 permit holder and importer 1751 importing beer from any manufacturer, bottler, person, or group 1752 of persons however organized outside the United States for sale 1753 or distribution for sale in this state, on or before the 1754 eighteenth day of each month, shall make and file with the tax 1755 commissioner upon a form prescribed by the tax commissioner an 1756 advance tax payment in an amount estimated to equal the 1757 taxpayer's tax liability for the month in which the advance tax 1758 payment is made. If the advance tax payment credits claimed on 1759 the report are for advance tax payments received by the tax 1760 commissioner on or before the eighteenth day of the month 1761 covered by the report, the taxpayer is entitled to an additional 1762 credit of three per cent of the advance tax payment and a 1763 discount of three per cent shall be allowed the taxpayer at the 1764 time of filing the report if filed as provided in division (B) 1765 of this section on any amount by which the tax liability 1766 reflected in the report exceeds the advance tax payment estimate 1767 by not more than ten per cent. The additional three per cent 1768 credit and three per cent discount shall be in consideration for 1769 advancing the payment of the tax and other services performed by 1770 the permit holder and other taxpayers in the collection of the 1771 1772 tax.

"Advance tax payment credit" means credit for payments	1773
made by an A-1, A-1c, or B-1 permit holder and any other persons	1774
during the period covered by a report which was made in	1775
anticipation of the tax liability required to be reported on	1776
that report.	1777

"Tax liability" as used in division (A) of this section 1778
means the total gross tax liability of an A-1, A-1c, or B-1 1779
permit holder and any other persons for the period covered by a 1780
report before any allowance for credits and discount. 1781

(B) Every A-1 or A-1c permit holder in this state, every 1782 bottler, importer, wholesale dealer, broker, producer, or 1783 manufacturer of beer outside this state and within the United 1784 States, every B-1 permit holder importing beer from any 1785 manufacturer, bottler, person, or group of persons however 1786 organized outside the United States, and every S permit holder, 1787 on or before the tenth day of each month, shall make and file a 1788 report for the preceding month upon a form prescribed by the tax 1789 commissioner which report shall show the amount of beer 1790 produced, sold, and distributed for sale in this state by the A-1791 1 or A-1c permit holder, sold and distributed for sale in this 1792 state by each manufacturer, bottler, importer, wholesale dealer, 1793 or broker outside this state and within the United States, the 1794 amount of beer imported into this state from outside the United 1795 States and sold and distributed for sale in this state by the B-1796 1 permit holder or importer, and the amount of beer sold in this 1797 state by the S permit holder. 1798

The report shall be filed by mailing it to the tax 1799 commissioner, together with payment of the tax levied by 1800 sections 4301.42 and 4305.01 of the Revised Code shown to be due 1801 on the report after deduction of advance payment credits and any 1802

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additional credits or discounts provided for under this section.

(C) (1) Every A-2, A-2f, A-4, B-2, B-2a, B-3, B-4, B-5, and 1804 S permit holder in this state, on or before the eighteenth day 1805 of each month, shall make and file a report with the tax 1806 commissioner upon a form prescribed by the tax commissioner 1807 which report shall show, on the report of each A-2, A-2f, A-4, 1808 B-2a, and S permit holder the amount of wine, cider, and mixed 1809 beverages produced and sold, or sold in this state by each such 1810 A-2, A-2f, A-4, B-2a, and S permit holder for the next preceding 1811 1812 calendar month and such other information as the tax commissioner requires, and on the report of each such B-2, B-3, 1813 B-4, and B-5 permit holder the amount of wine, cider, and mixed 1814 beverages purchased from an importer, broker, wholesale dealer, 1815 producer, or manufacturer located outside this state and sold 1816 and distributed in this state by such B-2, B-3, B-4, and B-5 1817 permit holder, for the next preceding calendar month and such 1818 other information as the tax commissioner requires. 1819

(2) Every such A-2, <u>A-2f</u>, A-4, B-2, B-2a, B-3, B-4, B-5, 1820 and S permit holder in this state shall remit with the report 1821 the tax levied by sections 4301.43 and, if applicable, 4301.432 1822 of the Revised Code less a discount thereon of three per cent of 1823 the total tax so levied and paid, provided the return is filed 1824 together with remittance of the amount of tax shown to be due 1825 thereon, within the time prescribed. Any permit holder or other 1826 persons who fail to file a report under this section, for each 1827 day the person so fails, may be required to forfeit and pay into 1828 the state treasury the sum of one dollar as revenue arising from 1829 the tax imposed by sections 4301.42, 4301.43, 4301.432, and 1830 4305.01 of the Revised Code, and that sum may be collected by 1831 assessment in the manner provided in section 4305.13 of the 1832 Revised Code. 1833

(3) If the tax commissioner determines that the quantity	1834
reported by a person does not warrant monthly reporting, the	1835
commissioner may authorize the filing of returns and the payment	1836
of the tax required by this section for periods longer than one	1837
month.	1838
(D) Every B-1 permit holder and importer in this state	1839
importing beer from any manufacturer, bottler, person, or group	1840
of persons however organized, outside the United States, if	1841
required by the tax commissioner shall post a bond payable to	1842
the state in such form and amount as the commissioner prescribes	1843
with surety to the satisfaction of the tax commissioner,	1844
conditioned upon the payment to the tax commissioner of taxes	1845
levied by sections 4301.42 and 4305.01 of the Revised Code.	1846
(E) No such wine, beer, cider, or mixed beverages sold or	1847
distributed in this state shall be taxed more than once under	1848
sections 4301.42, 4301.43, and 4305.01 of the Revised Code.	1849
(F) As used in this section:	1850
(1) "Cider" has the same meaning as in section 4301.01 of	1851
the Revised Code.	1852
(2) "Wine" has the same meaning as in section 4301.01 of	1853
the Revised Code, except that "wine" does not include cider.	1854
(G) All money collected by the tax commissioner under this	1855
section shall be paid to the treasurer of state as revenue	1856
arising from the taxes levied by sections 4301.42, 4301.43,	1857
4301.432, and 4305.01 of the Revised Code.	1858
Sec. 4303.333. (A) An A-2 or A-2f permit holder in this	1859
state whose total production of wine, wherever produced, which	1860
but for this exemption is taxable under section 4301.43 of the	1861
Revised Code does not exceed five hundred thousand gallons in a	1862

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calendar year, shall be allowed an exemption from the taxes	1863
levied under section 4301.43 of the Revised Code on wine	1864
produced and sold or distributed in this state. The exemption	1865
may be claimed monthly against current taxes levied under such	1866
section as the reports required by section 4303.33 of the	1867
Revised Code are due. At the time the report for December is due	1868
for a calendar year during which a permit holder claimed an	1869
exemption under this section, if the permit holder has paid the	1870
tax levied under section 4301.43 of the Revised Code, the permit	1871
holder may claim a refund of such tax paid during the calendar	1872
year or shall remit any additional tax due because it did not	1873
qualify for the exemption on the December report. For the	1874
purpose of providing this refund, taxes previously paid under	1875
section 4303.33 of the Revised Code during the calendar year	1876
shall not be considered final until the December report is	1877
filed.	1878

(B) The tax commissioner shall prescribe forms for and allow the exemptions and refunds authorized by this section.

Sec. 5709.55. Personal property used exclusively to

transport, store, crush, press, process, ferment, or age grape

agricultural products in the production of grape juice or grape

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wine, and grape juice or grape wine held in the course of

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business, but not held in labeled containers in which it will be

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sold, are exempt from personal property taxation if either of

the following apply:

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- (A) The property is used or held by the holder of a liquor permit issued under section 4303.03 or 4303.031 of the Revised Code whose primary business is the production of wine.
- (B) The production is used or held by a person or enterprise engaged in agriculture that sells the grape

agricultural products or juice or wine to a holder of a liquor	1893
permit issued under section 4303.03 or 4303.031 of the Revised	1894
Code if the primary business of the permittee is the production	1895
of wine.	1896
Section 2. That existing sections 4301.12, 4301.13,	1897
4301.24, 4301.30, 4301.355, 4301.43, 4301.432, 4301.47, 4301.62,	1898
4301.82, 4301.83, 4303.021, 4303.03, 4303.07, 4303.10, 4303.181,	1899
4303.182, 4303.204, 4303.33, 4303.333, and 5709.55 of the	1900
Revised Code are hereby repealed.	1901
Section 3. Section 4303.07 of the Revised Code is	1902
presented in this act as a composite of the section as amended	1903
by both Am. Sub. H.B. 306 and Am. Sub. S.B. 164 of the 125th	1904
General Assembly. The General Assembly, applying the principle	1905
stated in division (B) of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that	1906
amendments are to be harmonized if reasonably capable of	1907
simultaneous operation, finds that the composite is the	1908
resulting version of the section in effect prior to the	1909
effective date of the section as presented in this act.	1910
Section 4303.182 of the Revised Code is presented in this	1911
act as a composite of the section as amended by both Am. Sub.	1912
H.B. 64 and Am. H.B. 141 of the 131st General Assembly. The	1913
General Assembly, applying the principle stated in division (B)	1914
of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that amendments are to be	1915
harmonized if reasonably capable of simultaneous operation,	1916
finds that the composite is the resulting version of the section	1917
in effect prior to the effective date of the section as	1918
presented in this act.	1919
Section 4303.181 of the Revised Code is presented in this	1920
act as a composite of the section as amended by Am. Sub. H.B. 64	1921
and Am. H.B. 141 of the 131st General Assembly and Am. Sub. H.B.	1922

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494 of the 130th General Assembly. The General Assembly,	1923
applying the principle stated in division (B) of section 1.52 of	1924
the Revised Code that amendments are to be harmonized if	1925
reasonably capable of simultaneous operation, finds that the	1926
composite is the resulting version of the section in effect	1927
prior to the effective date of the section as presented in this	1928

act.

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