### As Reported by the House Judiciary Committee

## **131st General Assembly**

# Regular Session 2015-2016

H. B. No. 439

### Representative Anielski

### A BILL

То	amend sections 2907.08, 2907.321, 2907.322,	1
	2907.323, and 2929.13 of the Revised Code to	2
	include an impaired person as a victim of	3
	voyeurism and to include conduct involving an	4
	impaired person within the offenses of pandering	5
	obscenity involving a minor, pandering sexually	6
	oriented matter involving a minor, and illegal	7
	use of a minor in a nudity-oriented material or	8
	performance.	9

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 2907.08, 2907.321, 2907.322,			
2907.323, and 2929.13 of the Revised Code be amended to read as			
follows:	12		
Sec. 2907.08. (A) No person, for the purpose of sexually	13		
arousing or gratifying the person's self, shall commit trespass	14		
or otherwise surreptitiously invade the privacy of another, to	15		
spy or eavesdrop upon another.	16		
(B) No person, for the purpose of sexually arousing or	17		
gratifying the person's self, shall commit trespass or otherwise	18		
surreptitiously invade the privacy of another to videotape.			

(1) Create, reproduce, or publish any obscene material	48
that has a minor or impaired person as one of its participants	49
or portrayed observers;	50
(2) Promote or advertise for sale or dissemination; sell,	51
deliver, disseminate, display, exhibit, present, rent, or	52
provide; or offer or agree to sell, deliver, disseminate,	53
display, exhibit, present, rent, or provide, any obscene	54
material that has a minor or impaired person as one of its	55
participants or portrayed observers;	56
participants of politiqued observers,	30
(3) Create, direct, or produce an obscene performance that	57
has a minor or impaired person as one of its participants;	58
(4) Advertise or promote for presentation, present, or	59
participate in presenting an obscene performance that has a	60
minor or impaired person as one of its participants;	61
(5)	60
(5) Buy, procure, possess, or control any obscene	62
material, that has a minor <u>or impaired person</u> as one of its	63
participants;	64
(6) Bring or cause to be brought into this state any	65
obscene material that has a minor or impaired person as one of	66
its participants or portrayed observers.	67
(B)(1) This section does not apply to any material or	68
performance that is sold, disseminated, displayed, possessed,	69
controlled, brought or caused to be brought into this state, or	70
presented for a bona fide medical, scientific, educational,	70
religious, governmental, judicial, or other proper purpose, by	72
or to a physician, psychologist, sociologist, scientist,	73 74
teacher, person pursuing bona fide studies or research,	
librarian, <u>clergyman member of the clergy</u> , prosecutor, judge, or	75
other person having a proper interest in the material or	76

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performance.	77
(2) Mistake of age is not a defense to a charge under this	78
section.	79
(3) In a prosecution under this section, the trier of fact	80
may infer that a person in the material or performance involved	81
is a minor or impaired person if the material or performance,	82
through its title, text, visual representation, or otherwise,	83
represents or depicts the person as a minor or impaired person.	84
(C) Whoever violates this section is guilty of pandering	85
obscenity involving a minor or impaired person. Violation of	86
division (A)(1), (2), (3), (4), or (6) of this section is a	87
felony of the second degree. Violation of division (A)(5) of	88
this section is a felony of the fourth degree. If the offender	89
previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a	90
violation of this section or section 2907.322 or 2907.323 of the	91
Revised Code, pandering obscenity involving a minor or impaired	92
person in violation of division (A)(5) of this section is a	93
felony of the third degree.	94
(D) As used in this section and sections 2907.322 and	95
2907.323 of the Revised Code, "impaired person" means a person	96
whose ability to resist or consent is substantially impaired	97
because of a mental or physical condition or because of advanced	98
age, and the offender knows or has reasonable cause to believe	99
that the other person's ability to resist or consent is	100
substantially impaired because of a mental or physical condition	101
or because of advanced age.	102
Sec. 2907.322. (A) No person, with knowledge of the	103
character of the material or performance involved, shall do any	104
of the following:	105

(1) Create, record, photograph, film, develop, reproduce,	106
or publish any material that shows a minor or impaired person	107
participating or engaging in sexual activity, masturbation, or	108
bestiality;	109
(2) Advertise for sale or dissemination, sell, distribute,	110
transport, disseminate, exhibit, or display any material that	111
shows a minor or impaired person participating or engaging in	112
sexual activity, masturbation, or bestiality;	113
(3) Create, direct, or produce a performance that shows a	114
minor or impaired person participating or engaging in sexual	115
activity, masturbation, or bestiality;	116
(4) Advertise for presentation, present, or participate in	117
presenting a performance that shows a minor or impaired person	118
participating or engaging in sexual activity, masturbation, or	119
bestiality;	120
(5) Knowingly solicit, receive, purchase, exchange,	121
possess, or control any material that shows a minor or impaired	122
person participating or engaging in sexual activity,	123
masturbation, or bestiality;	124
(6) Bring or cause to be brought into this state any	125
material that shows a minor or impaired person participating or	126
engaging in sexual activity, masturbation, or bestiality, or	127
bring;	128
(7) Bring, cause to be brought, or finance the bringing of	129
any minor into or across this state with the intent that the	130
minor engage in sexual activity, masturbation, or bestiality in	131
a performance or for the purpose of producing material	132
containing a visual representation depicting the minor engaged	133
in sexual activity, masturbation, or bestiality.	134

following:

(B)(1) This section does not apply to any material or	135
performance that is sold, disseminated, displayed, possessed,	136
controlled, brought or caused to be brought into this state, or	137
presented for a bona fide medical, scientific, educational,	138
religious, governmental, judicial, or other proper purpose, by	139
or to a physician, psychologist, sociologist, scientist,	140
teacher, person pursuing bona fide studies or research,	141
librarian, <u>clergyman member of the clergy</u> , prosecutor, judge, or	142
other person having a proper interest in the material or	143
performance.	144
(2) Mistake of age is not a defense to a charge under this	145
section.	146
(3) In a prosecution under this section, the trier of fact	147
may infer that a person in the material or performance involved	148
is a minor or impaired person if the material or performance,	149
through its title, text, visual representation, or otherwise,	150
represents or depicts the person as a minor or impaired person.	151
(C) Whoever violates this section is guilty of pandering	152
sexually oriented matter involving a minor or impaired person.	153
Violation of division (A)(1), (2), (3), (4), $\frac{\text{or}}{\text{or}}$ (6), $\frac{\text{or}}{\text{or}}$ (7) of	154
this section is a felony of the second degree. Violation of	155
division (A)(5) of this section is a felony of the fourth	156
degree. If the offender previously has been convicted of or	157
pleaded guilty to a violation of this section or section	158
2907.321 or 2907.323 of the Revised Code, pandering sexually	159
oriented matter involving a minor or impaired person in	160
violation of division (A)(5) of this section is a felony of the	161
third degree.	162
Sec. 2907.323. (A) No person shall do any of the	163

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- (1) Photograph any minor <u>or impaired person</u> who is not the person's child or ward in a state of nudity, or create, direct, 166 produce, or transfer any material or performance that shows the 167 minor <u>or impaired person</u> in a state of nudity, unless both of 168 the following apply:
- (a) The material or performance is, or is to be, sold, disseminated, displayed, possessed, controlled, brought or caused to be brought into this state, or presented for a bona fide artistic, medical, scientific, educational, religious, governmental, judicial, or other proper purpose, by or to a physician, psychologist, sociologist, scientist, teacher, person pursuing bona fide studies or research, librarian, member of the clergy, prosecutor, judge, or other person having a proper interest in the material or performance;
- (b) The minor's <u>or impaired person's parents</u>, guardian, or 179 custodian consents in writing to the photographing of the minor 180 <u>or impaired person</u>, to the use of the minor <u>or impaired person</u> 181 in the material or performance, or to the transfer of the 182 material and to the specific manner in which the material or 183 performance is to be used.
- (2) Consent to the photographing of the person's minor-185 child or ward who is a minor or impaired person, or photograph 186 the person's minor child or ward who is a minor or impaired 187 person, in a state of nudity or consent to the use of the 188 person's minor child or ward who is a minor or impaired person 189 in a state of nudity in any material or performance, or use or 190 transfer a material or performance of that nature, unless the 191 material or performance is sold, disseminated, displayed, 192 possessed, controlled, brought or caused to be brought into this 193 state, or presented for a bona fide artistic, medical, 194

scientific, educational, religious, governmental, judicial, or	195
other proper purpose, by or to a physician, psychologist,	196
sociologist, scientist, teacher, person pursuing bona fide	197
studies or research, librarian, member of the clergy,	198
prosecutor, judge, or other person having a proper interest in	199
the material or performance;	200

- (3) Possess or view any material or performance that shows a minor or impaired person who is not the person's child or ward in a state of nudity, unless one of the following applies:
- (a) The material or performance is sold, disseminated, displayed, possessed, controlled, brought or caused to be brought into this state, or presented for a bona fide artistic, medical, scientific, educational, religious, governmental, judicial, or other proper purpose, by or to a physician, psychologist, sociologist, scientist, teacher, person pursuing bona fide studies or research, librarian, member of the clergy, prosecutor, judge, or other person having a proper interest in the material or performance.
- (b) The person knows that the <u>minor's or impaired person's</u> parents, guardian, or custodian has consented in writing to the photographing or use of the minor <u>or impaired person</u> in a state of nudity and to the manner in which the material or performance is used or transferred.
- (B) Whoever violates this section is guilty of illegal use
  of a minor or impaired person in a nudity-oriented material or
  performance. Whoever violates division (A)(1) or (2) of this
  section is guilty of a felony of the second degree. Except as
  otherwise provided in this division, whoever violates division
  (A)(3) of this section is guilty of a felony of the fifth
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  degree. If the offender previously has been convicted of or

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pleaded guilty to a violation of this section or section
2907.321 or 2907.322 of the Revised Code, illegal use of a minor
or impaired person in a nudity-oriented material or performance
in violation of division (A)(3) of this section is a felony of
the fourth degree. If the offender who violates division (A)(1)
or (2) of this section also is convicted of or pleads guilty to
a specification as described in section 2941.1422 of the Revised
Code that was included in the indictment, count in the
indictment, or information charging the offense, the court shall
sentence the offender to a mandatory prison term as provided in
division (B)(7) of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code and shall
order the offender to make restitution as provided in division
(B)(8) of section 2929.18 of the Revised Code.

Sec. 2929.13. (A) Except as provided in division (E), (F),

or (G) of this section and unless a specific sanction is

required to be imposed or is precluded from being imposed

pursuant to law, a court that imposes a sentence upon an

offender for a felony may impose any sanction or combination of

sanctions on the offender that are provided in sections 2929.14

to 2929.18 of the Revised Code.

If the offender is eligible to be sentenced to community 245 control sanctions, the court shall consider the appropriateness 246 of imposing a financial sanction pursuant to section 2929.18 of 247 the Revised Code or a sanction of community service pursuant to 248 section 2929.17 of the Revised Code as the sole sanction for the 249 offense. Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 250 court is required to impose a mandatory prison term for the 251 offense for which sentence is being imposed, the court also 252 shall impose any financial sanction pursuant to section 2929.18 253 of the Revised Code that is required for the offense and may 254 impose any other financial sanction pursuant to that section but 255

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may not	impose	any addit	cional sar	nction	or comb	oinat	cion of		256
sanction	s under	section	2929.16	or 2929	.17 of	the	Revised	Code.	257

If the offender is being sentenced for a fourth degree 258 felony OVI offense or for a third degree felony OVI offense, in 259 addition to the mandatory term of local incarceration or the 260 mandatory prison term required for the offense by division (G) 261 (1) or (2) of this section, the court shall impose upon the 262 offender a mandatory fine in accordance with division (B)(3) of 263 section 2929.18 of the Revised Code and may impose whichever of 264 265 the following is applicable:

- (1) For a fourth degree felony OVI offense for which 266 sentence is imposed under division (G)(1) of this section, an 267 additional community control sanction or combination of 268 community control sanctions under section 2929.16 or 2929.17 of 269 the Revised Code. If the court imposes upon the offender a 270 community control sanction and the offender violates any 271 condition of the community control sanction, the court may take 272 any action prescribed in division (B) of section 2929.15 of the 273 Revised Code relative to the offender, including imposing a 274 275 prison term on the offender pursuant to that division.
- (2) For a third or fourth degree felony OVI offense for which sentence is imposed under division (G)(2) of this section, an additional prison term as described in division (B)(4) of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code or a community control sanction as described in division (G)(2) of this section.
- (B) (1) (a) Except as provided in division (B) (1) (b) of this

  section, if an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a

  felony of the fourth or fifth degree that is not an offense of

  violence or that is a qualifying assault offense, the court

  shall sentence the offender to a community control sanction of

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at least one year's duration if all of the following apply:	286
(i) The offender previously has not been convicted of or	287
pleaded guilty to a felony offense.	288
(ii) The most serious charge against the offender at the	289
time of sentencing is a felony of the fourth or fifth degree.	290
(iii) If the court made a request of the department of	291
rehabilitation and correction pursuant to division (B)(1)(c) of	292
this section, the department, within the forty-five-day period	293
specified in that division, provided the court with the names	294
of, contact information for, and program details of one or more	295
community control sanctions of at least one year's duration that	296
are available for persons sentenced by the court.	297
(iv) The offender previously has not been convicted of or	298
pleaded guilty to a misdemeanor offense of violence that the	299
offender committed within two years prior to the offense for	300
which sentence is being imposed.	301
(b) The court has discretion to impose a prison term upon	302
an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a felony of	303
the fourth or fifth degree that is not an offense of violence or	304
that is a qualifying assault offense if any of the following	305
apply:	306
(i) The offender committed the offense while having a	307
firearm on or about the offender's person or under the	308
offender's control.	309
(ii) If the offense is a qualifying assault offense, the	310
offender caused serious physical harm to another person while	311
committing the offense, and, if the offense is not a qualifying	312
assault offense, the offender caused physical harm to another	313
person while committing the offense.	314

(iii) The offender violated a term of the conditions of	315
bond as set by the court.	316
(iv) The court made a request of the department of	317
rehabilitation and correction pursuant to division (B)(1)(c) of	318
this section, and the department, within the forty-five-day	319
period specified in that division, did not provide the court	320
with the name of, contact information for, and program details	321
of any community control sanction of at least one year's	322
duration that is available for persons sentenced by the court.	323
(v) The offense is a sex offense that is a fourth or fifth	324
degree felony violation of any provision of Chapter 2907. of the	325
Revised Code.	326
(vi) In committing the offense, the offender attempted to	327
cause or made an actual threat of physical harm to a person with	328
a deadly weapon.	329
(vii) In committing the offense, the offender attempted to	330
cause or made an actual threat of physical harm to a person, and	331
the offender previously was convicted of an offense that caused	332
physical harm to a person.	333
(viii) The offender held a public office or position of	334
trust, and the offense related to that office or position; the	335
offender's position obliged the offender to prevent the offense	336
or to bring those committing it to justice; or the offender's	337
professional reputation or position facilitated the offense or	338
was likely to influence the future conduct of others.	339
(ix) The offender committed the offense for hire or as	340
part of an organized criminal activity.	341
(x) The offender at the time of the offense was serving,	342
or the offender previously had served, a prison term.	343

(xi) The offender committed the offense whil	le under a 3	44
community control sanction, while on probation, o	or while 3	45
released from custody on a bond or personal recog	gnizance. 3	46

(c) If a court that is sentencing an offender who is 347 convicted of or pleads guilty to a felony of the fourth or fifth 348 degree that is not an offense of violence or that is a 349 qualifying assault offense believes that no community control 350 sanctions are available for its use that, if imposed on the 351 offender, will adequately fulfill the overriding principles and 352 353 purposes of sentencing, the court shall contact the department of rehabilitation and correction and ask the department to 354 provide the court with the names of, contact information for, 355 and program details of one or more community control sanctions 356 of at least one year's duration that are available for persons 357 sentenced by the court. Not later than forty-five days after 358 receipt of a request from a court under this division, the 359 department shall provide the court with the names of, contact 360 information for, and program details of one or more community 361 control sanctions of at least one year's duration that are 362 available for persons sentenced by the court, if any. Upon 363 364 making a request under this division that relates to a particular offender, a court shall defer sentencing of that 365 offender until it receives from the department the names of, 366 contact information for, and program details of one or more 367 community control sanctions of at least one year's duration that 368 are available for persons sentenced by the court or for forty-369 five days, whichever is the earlier. 370

If the department provides the court with the names of,

contact information for, and program details of one or more

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community control sanctions of at least one year's duration that

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are available for persons sentenced by the court within the

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forty-five-day period specified in this division, the court 375 shall impose upon the offender a community control sanction 376 under division (B)(1)(a) of this section, except that the court 377 may impose a prison term under division (B)(1)(b) of this 378 section if a factor described in division (B) (1) (b) (i) or (ii) 379 of this section applies. If the department does not provide the 380 court with the names of, contact information for, and program 381 details of one or more community control sanctions of at least 382 one year's duration that are available for persons sentenced by 383 the court within the forty-five-day period specified in this 384 division, the court may impose upon the offender a prison term 385 under division (B)(1)(b)(iv) of this section. 386

- (d) A sentencing court may impose an additional penalty
  under division (B) of section 2929.15 of the Revised Code upon
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  an offender sentenced to a community control sanction under
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  division (B)(1)(a) of this section if the offender violates the
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  conditions of the community control sanction, violates a law, or
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  leaves the state without the permission of the court or the
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  offender's probation officer.
- (2) If division (B)(1) of this section does not apply,

  except as provided in division (E), (F), or (G) of this section,

  in determining whether to impose a prison term as a sanction for

  a felony of the fourth or fifth degree, the sentencing court

  shall comply with the purposes and principles of sentencing

  under section 2929.11 of the Revised Code and with section

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  2929.12 of the Revised Code.
- (C) Except as provided in division (D), (E), (F), or (G) 401 of this section, in determining whether to impose a prison term 402 as a sanction for a felony of the third degree or a felony drug 403 offense that is a violation of a provision of Chapter 2925. of 404

the Revised Code and that is specified as being subject to this division for purposes of sentencing, the sentencing court shall comply with the purposes and principles of sentencing under section 2929.11 of the Revised Code and with section 2929.12 of the Revised Code.

- (D) (1) Except as provided in division (E) or (F) of this section, for a felony of the first or second degree, for a felony drug offense that is a violation of any provision of Chapter 2925., 3719., or 4729. of the Revised Code for which a presumption in favor of a prison term is specified as being applicable, and for a violation of division (A) (4) or (B) of section 2907.05 of the Revised Code for which a presumption in favor of a prison term is specified as being applicable, it is presumed that a prison term is necessary in order to comply with the purposes and principles of sentencing under section 2929.11 of the Revised Code. Division (D) (2) of this section does not apply to a presumption established under this division for a violation of division (A) (4) of section 2907.05 of the Revised Code.
- (2) Notwithstanding the presumption established under division (D)(1) of this section for the offenses listed in that division other than a violation of division (A)(4) or (B) of section 2907.05 of the Revised Code, the sentencing court may impose a community control sanction or a combination of community control sanctions instead of a prison term on an offender for a felony of the first or second degree or for a felony drug offense that is a violation of any provision of Chapter 2925., 3719., or 4729. of the Revised Code for which a presumption in favor of a prison term is specified as being applicable if it makes both of the following findings:

- (a) A community control sanction or a combination of 435 community control sanctions would adequately punish the offender 436 and protect the public from future crime, because the applicable 437 factors under section 2929.12 of the Revised Code indicating a 438 lesser likelihood of recidivism outweigh the applicable factors 439 under that section indicating a greater likelihood of 440 recidivism.
- (b) A community control sanction or a combination of 442 community control sanctions would not demean the seriousness of 443 the offense, because one or more factors under section 2929.12 444 of the Revised Code that indicate that the offender's conduct 445 was less serious than conduct normally constituting the offense 446 are applicable, and they outweigh the applicable factors under 447 that section that indicate that the offender's conduct was more 448 serious than conduct normally constituting the offense. 449
- (E)(1) Except as provided in division (F) of this section, 450 for any drug offense that is a violation of any provision of 451 Chapter 2925. of the Revised Code and that is a felony of the 452 third, fourth, or fifth degree, the applicability of a 453 presumption under division (D) of this section in favor of a 454 prison term or of division (B) or (C) of this section in 455 determining whether to impose a prison term for the offense 456 shall be determined as specified in section 2925.02, 2925.03, 457 2925.04, 2925.05, 2925.06, 2925.11, 2925.13, 2925.22, 2925.23, 458 2925.36, or 2925.37 of the Revised Code, whichever is applicable 459 regarding the violation. 460
- (2) If an offender who was convicted of or pleaded guilty
  to a felony violates the conditions of a community control
  sanction imposed for the offense solely by reason of producing
  positive results on a drug test, the court, as punishment for
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the	violation	of the	sanction,	shall not order that the offender	465
be	imprisoned	unless	the court	determines on the record either	466
of	the follows	ing:			467

- (a) The offender had been ordered as a sanction for the felony to participate in a drug treatment program, in a drug education program, or in narcotics anonymous or a similar program, and the offender continued to use illegal drugs after a reasonable period of participation in the program.
- (b) The imprisonment of the offender for the violation is consistent with the purposes and principles of sentencing set forth in section 2929.11 of the Revised Code.
- (3) A court that sentences an offender for a drug abuse offense that is a felony of the third, fourth, or fifth degree may require that the offender be assessed by a properly credentialed professional within a specified period of time. The court shall require the professional to file a written assessment of the offender with the court. If the offender is eligible for a community control sanction and after considering the written assessment, the court may impose a community control sanction that includes treatment and recovery support services authorized by division (A)(11) of section 340.03 of the Revised Code. If the court imposes treatment and recovery support services as a community control sanction, the court shall direct the level and type of treatment and recovery support services after considering the assessment and recommendation of community addiction services providers.
- (F) Notwithstanding divisions (A) to (E) of this section, 491
  the court shall impose a prison term or terms under sections 492
  2929.02 to 2929.06, section 2929.14, section 2929.142, or 493
  section 2971.03 of the Revised Code and except as specifically 494

provided in section 2929.20, divisions (C) to (I) of section	495
2967.19, or section 2967.191 of the Revised Code or when parole	496
is authorized for the offense under section 2967.13 of the	497
Revised Code shall not reduce the term or terms pursuant to	498
section 2929.20, section 2967.19, section 2967.193, or any other	499
provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code	500
for any of the following offenses:	501
(1) Aggravated murder when death is not imposed or murder;	502
(2) Any rape, regardless of whether force was involved and	503
regardless of the age of the victim, or an attempt to commit	504
rape if, had the offender completed the rape that was attempted,	505
the offender would have been guilty of a violation of division	506
(A)(1)(b) of section 2907.02 of the Revised Code and would be	507
sentenced under section 2971.03 of the Revised Code;	508
(3) Gross sexual imposition or sexual battery, if the	509
victim is less than thirteen years of age and if any of the	510
following applies:	511
(a) Regarding gross sexual imposition, the offender	512
previously was convicted of or pleaded guilty to rape, the	513
former offense of felonious sexual penetration, gross sexual	514
imposition, or sexual battery, and the victim of the previous	515
offense was less than thirteen years of age;	516
(b) Regarding gross sexual imposition, the offense was	517
committed on or after August 3, 2006, and evidence other than	518
the testimony of the victim was admitted in the case	519
corroborating the violation.	520
(c) Regarding sexual battery, either of the following	521
applies:	522

(i) The offense was committed prior to August 3, 2006, the

offender previously was convicted of or pleaded guilty to rape,	524
the former offense of felonious sexual penetration, or sexual	525
battery, and the victim of the previous offense was less than	526
thirteen years of age.	527
(ii) The offense was committed on or after August 3, 2006.	528
(4) A felony violation of section 2903.04, 2903.06,	529
2903.08, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2905.32, or 2907.07 of the	530
Revised Code if the section requires the imposition of a prison	531
term;	532
(5) A first, second, or third degree felony drug offense	533
for which section 2925.02, 2925.03, 2925.04, 2925.05, 2925.06,	534
2925.11, 2925.13, 2925.22, 2925.23, 2925.36, 2925.37, 3719.99,	535
or 4729.99 of the Revised Code, whichever is applicable	536
regarding the violation, requires the imposition of a mandatory	537
<pre>prison term;</pre>	538
(6) Any offense that is a first or second degree felony	539
and that is not set forth in division $(F)(1)$ , $(2)$ , $(3)$ , or $(4)$	540
of this section, if the offender previously was convicted of or	541
pleaded guilty to aggravated murder, murder, any first or second	542
degree felony, or an offense under an existing or former law of	543
this state, another state, or the United States that is or was	544
substantially equivalent to one of those offenses;	545
(7) Any offense that is a third degree felony and either	546
is a violation of section 2903.04 of the Revised Code or an	547
attempt to commit a felony of the second degree that is an	548
offense of violence and involved an attempt to cause serious	549
physical harm to a person or that resulted in serious physical	550
harm to a person if the offender previously was convicted of or	551
pleaded guilty to any of the following offenses:	552

(a) Aggravated murder, murder, involuntary manslaughter,	553
rape, felonious sexual penetration as it existed under section	554
2907.12 of the Revised Code prior to September 3, 1996, a felony	555
of the first or second degree that resulted in the death of a	556
person or in physical harm to a person, or complicity in or an	557
attempt to commit any of those offenses;	558
(b) An offense under an existing or former law of this	559
state, another state, or the United States that is or was	560
substantially equivalent to an offense listed in division (F)(7)	561
(a) of this section that resulted in the death of a person or in	562
physical harm to a person.	563
(8) Any offense, other than a violation of section 2923.12	564
of the Revised Code, that is a felony, if the offender had a	565
firearm on or about the offender's person or under the	566
offender's control while committing the felony, with respect to	567
a portion of the sentence imposed pursuant to division (B)(1)(a)	568
of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code for having the firearm;	569
(9) Any offense of violence that is a felony, if the	570
offender wore or carried body armor while committing the felony	571
offense of violence, with respect to the portion of the sentence	572
imposed pursuant to division (B)(1)(d) of section 2929.14 of the	573
Revised Code for wearing or carrying the body armor;	574
(10) Corrupt activity in violation of section 2923.32 of	575
the Revised Code when the most serious offense in the pattern of	576
corrupt activity that is the basis of the offense is a felony of	577
the first degree;	578
(11) Any violent sex offense or designated homicide,	579
assault, or kidnapping offense if, in relation to that offense,	580

the offender is adjudicated a sexually violent predator;

(12) A violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section	582
2921.36 of the Revised Code, or a violation of division (C) of	583
that section involving an item listed in division (A)(1) or (2)	584
of that section, if the offender is an officer or employee of	585
the department of rehabilitation and correction;	586
(13) A violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section	587
2903.06 of the Revised Code if the victim of the offense is a	588
peace officer, as defined in section 2935.01 of the Revised	589
Code, or an investigator of the bureau of criminal	590
identification and investigation, as defined in section 2903.11	591
of the Revised Code, with respect to the portion of the sentence	592
imposed pursuant to division (B)(5) of section 2929.14 of the	593
Revised Code;	594
(14) A violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section	595
2903.06 of the Revised Code if the offender has been convicted	596
of or pleaded guilty to three or more violations of division (A)	597
or (B) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or an equivalent	598
offense, as defined in section 2941.1415 of the Revised Code, or	599
three or more violations of any combination of those divisions	600
and offenses, with respect to the portion of the sentence	601
imposed pursuant to division (B)(6) of section 2929.14 of the	602
Revised Code;	603
(15) Kidnapping, in the circumstances specified in section	604
2971.03 of the Revised Code and when no other provision of	605
division (F) of this section applies;	606
(16) Kidnapping, abduction, compelling prostitution,	607
promoting prostitution, engaging in a pattern of corrupt	608
activity, illegal use of a minor or impaired person in a nudity-	609
oriented material or performance in violation of division (A)(1)	610
or (2) of section 2907.323 of the Revised Code, or endangering	611

children in violation of division $(B)(1)$ , $(2)$ , $(3)$ , $(4)$ , or $(5)$	612
of section 2919.22 of the Revised Code, if the offender is	613
convicted of or pleads guilty to a specification as described in	614
section 2941.1422 of the Revised Code that was included in the	615
indictment, count in the indictment, or information charging the	616
offense;	617
(17) A felony violation of division (A) or (B) of section	618
2919.25 of the Revised Code if division (D)(3), (4), or (5) of	619
that section, and division (D)(6) of that section, require the	620
imposition of a prison term;	621
(18) A felony violation of section 2903.11, 2903.12, or	622
2903.13 of the Revised Code, if the victim of the offense was a	623
woman that the offender knew was pregnant at the time of the	624
violation, with respect to a portion of the sentence imposed	625
pursuant to division (B)(8) of section 2929.14 of the Revised	626
Code.	627
(G) Notwithstanding divisions (A) to (E) of this section,	628
if an offender is being sentenced for a fourth degree felony OVI	629
offense or for a third degree felony OVI offense, the court	630
shall impose upon the offender a mandatory term of local	631
incarceration or a mandatory prison term in accordance with the	632
following:	633
(1) If the offender is being sentenced for a fourth degree	634
felony OVI offense and if the offender has not been convicted of	635
and has not pleaded guilty to a specification of the type	636
described in section 2941.1413 of the Revised Code, the court	637
may impose upon the offender a mandatory term of local	638
incarceration of sixty days or one hundred twenty days as	639
specified in division (G)(1)(d) of section 4511.19 of the	640

Revised Code. The court shall not reduce the term pursuant to

section 2929.20, 2967.193, or any other provision of the Revised	642
Code. The court that imposes a mandatory term of local	643
incarceration under this division shall specify whether the term	644
is to be served in a jail, a community-based correctional	645
facility, a halfway house, or an alternative residential	646
facility, and the offender shall serve the term in the type of	647
facility specified by the court. A mandatory term of local	648
incarceration imposed under division (G)(1) of this section is	649
not subject to any other Revised Code provision that pertains to	650
a prison term except as provided in division (A)(1) of this	651
section.	652

(2) If the offender is being sentenced for a third degree 653 felony OVI offense, or if the offender is being sentenced for a 654 fourth degree felony OVI offense and the court does not impose a 655 mandatory term of local incarceration under division (G)(1) of 656 this section, the court shall impose upon the offender a 657 mandatory prison term of one, two, three, four, or five years if 658 the offender also is convicted of or also pleads guilty to a 659 specification of the type described in section 2941.1413 of the 660 Revised Code or shall impose upon the offender a mandatory 661 prison term of sixty days or one hundred twenty days as 662 specified in division (G)(1)(d) or (e) of section 4511.19 of the 663 Revised Code if the offender has not been convicted of and has 664 not pleaded quilty to a specification of that type. Subject to 665 divisions (C) to (I) of section 2967.19 of the Revised Code, the 666 court shall not reduce the term pursuant to section 2929.20, 667 2967.19, 2967.193, or any other provision of the Revised Code. 668 The offender shall serve the one-, two-, three-, four-, or five-669 year mandatory prison term consecutively to and prior to the 670 prison term imposed for the underlying offense and consecutively 671 to any other mandatory prison term imposed in relation to the 672

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offense. In no case shall an offender who once has been	673
sentenced to a mandatory term of local incarceration pursuant to	674
division (G)(1) of this section for a fourth degree felony OVI	675
offense be sentenced to another mandatory term of local	676
incarceration under that division for any violation of division	677
(A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code. In addition to the	678
mandatory prison term described in division (G)(2) of this	679
section, the court may sentence the offender to a community	680
control sanction under section 2929.16 or 2929.17 of the Revised	681
Code, but the offender shall serve the prison term prior to	682
serving the community control sanction. The department of	683
rehabilitation and correction may place an offender sentenced to	684
a mandatory prison term under this division in an intensive	685
program prison established pursuant to section 5120.033 of the	686
Revised Code if the department gave the sentencing judge prior	687
notice of its intent to place the offender in an intensive	688
program prison established under that section and if the judge	689
did not notify the department that the judge disapproved the	690
placement. Upon the establishment of the initial intensive	691
program prison pursuant to section 5120.033 of the Revised Code	692
that is privately operated and managed by a contractor pursuant	693
to a contract entered into under section 9.06 of the Revised	694
Code, both of the following apply:	695
(a) The department of rehabilitation and correction shall	696
make a reasonable effort to ensure that a sufficient number of	697
offenders sentenced to a mandatory prison term under this	698

(b) Unless the privately operated and managed prison has 702 full occupancy, the department of rehabilitation and correction 703

division are placed in the privately operated and managed prison

so that the privately operated and managed prison has full

occupancy.

shall not place any offender sentenced to a mandatory prison term under this division in any intensive program prison established pursuant to section 5120.033 of the Revised Code other than the privately operated and managed prison.

- (H) If an offender is being sentenced for a sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense that is a felony committed on or after January 1, 1997, the judge shall require the offender to submit to a DNA specimen collection procedure pursuant to section 2901.07 of the Revised Code.
- (I) If an offender is being sentenced for a sexually oriented offense or a child-victim oriented offense committed on or after January 1, 1997, the judge shall include in the sentence a summary of the offender's duties imposed under sections 2950.04, 2950.041, 2950.05, and 2950.06 of the Revised Code and the duration of the duties. The judge shall inform the offender, at the time of sentencing, of those duties and of their duration. If required under division (A)(2) of section 2950.03 of the Revised Code, the judge shall perform the duties specified in that section, or, if required under division (A)(6) of section 2950.03 of the Revised Code, the judge shall perform the duties specified in that division.
- (J)(1) Except as provided in division (J)(2) of this section, when considering sentencing factors under this section in relation to an offender who is convicted of or pleads quilty to an attempt to commit an offense in violation of section 2923.02 of the Revised Code, the sentencing court shall consider the factors applicable to the felony category of the violation of section 2923.02 of the Revised Code instead of the factors applicable to the felony category of the offense attempted.
  - (2) When considering sentencing factors under this section

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in relation to an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty	734
to an attempt to commit a drug abuse offense for which the	735
penalty is determined by the amount or number of unit doses of	736
the controlled substance involved in the drug abuse offense, the	737
sentencing court shall consider the factors applicable to the	738
felony category that the drug abuse offense attempted would be	739
if that drug abuse offense had been committed and had involved	740
an amount or number of unit doses of the controlled substance	741
that is within the next lower range of controlled substance	742
amounts than was involved in the attempt.	743

- (K) As used in this section:
- (1) "Community addiction services provider" has the same 745 meaning as in section 5119.01 of the Revised Code. 746
- (2) "Drug abuse offense" has the same meaning as in section 2925.01 of the Revised Code.
- (3) "Qualifying assault offense" means a violation of section 2903.13 of the Revised Code for which the penalty provision in division (C)(8)(b) or (C)(9)(b) of that section applies.
- (L) At the time of sentencing an offender for any sexually 753 oriented offense, if the offender is a tier III sex 754 offender/child-victim offender relative to that offense and the 755 offender does not serve a prison term or jail term, the court 756 may require that the offender be monitored by means of a global 757 positioning device. If the court requires such monitoring, the 758 cost of monitoring shall be borne by the offender. If the 759 offender is indigent, the cost of compliance shall be paid by 760 the crime victims reparations fund. 761
  - Section 2. That existing sections 2907.08, 2907.321,

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2907.322, 2907.323, and 2929.13 of the Revised Code are hereby	763
repealed.	764