#### As Introduced

# 131st General Assembly Regular Session 2015-2016

H. B. No. 509

### **Representative Scherer**

Cosponsors: Representatives Becker, Brenner, Grossman, Perales, Rogers, Ruhl

## A BILL

То	amend sections 307.94, 703.20, and 703.21 of the	1
	Revised Code to allow electors of a village to	2
	petition the board of elections, as an	3
	alternative to the legislative authority, for	4
	the dissolution of the village, to provide for	5
	the timely transfer of village property and	6
	services with the assistance of the Auditor of	7
	State, to require the Auditor of State to	8
	perform and complete an audit or agreed-upon	9
	procedures before transferring any cash balances	10
	to a township following a village dissolution,	11
	and to modify the deadline to file a county	12
	charter petition with the board of county	13
	commissioners.	14

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 307.94, 703.20, and 703.21 of the	15
Revised Code be amended to read as follows:	16
Sec. 307.94. Electors of a county, equal in number to ten	17
per cent of the number who voted for governor in the county at	18

the most recent gubernatorial election, may file, not later than 19 one hundred ten-fifteen days before the date of a general 20 election, a petition with the board of county commissioners 21 asking that the question of the adoption of a county charter in 22 the form attached to the petition be submitted to the electors 2.3 of the county. The petition shall be available for public 2.4 25 inspection at the offices of the county commissioners during regular business hours until four p.m. of the one hundred 26 eleventh day before the election, at which time the board shall, 27 by resolution, certify the petition to the board of elections of 28 the county for submission to the electors of the county, unless 29 the signatures are insufficient or the petitions otherwise 30 invalid, at the next general election. 31

Such electors may, in the alternative not later than the 32 one hundred thirtieth day before the date of a general election, 33 file such a petition with the board of elections of the county. 34 In such case the board of elections shall immediately proceed to 35 determine whether the petition and the signatures on the 36 petition meet the requirements of law and to count the number of 37 valid signatures and to note opposite each invalid signature the 38 reason for the invalidity. The board of elections shall complete 39 its examination of the petition and the signatures and shall 40 submit a report to the board of county commissioners not later 41 than the one hundred twentieth day before the date of the 42 general election certifying whether the petition is valid or 43 invalid and, if invalid, the reasons for invalidity, whether 44 there are sufficient valid signatures, and the number of valid 45 and invalid signatures. The petition and a copy of the report to 46 the board of county commissioners shall be available for public 47 inspection at the board of elections. If the petition is 48 certified by the board of elections to be valid and to have 49

sufficient valid signatures, the board of county commissioners	50
shall forthwith and not later than four p.m. on the one hundred	51
eleventh day before the general election, by resolution, certify	52
the petition to the board of elections for submission to the	53
electors of the county at the next general election. If the	54
petition is certified by the board of elections to be invalid or	55
to have insufficient valid signatures, or both, the petitioners'	56
committee may protest such findings or solicit additional	57
signatures as provided in section 307.95 of the Revised Code, or	58
both, or request that the board of elections proceed to	59
establish the validity or invalidity of the petition and the	60
sufficiency or insufficiency of the signatures in an action	61
before the court of common pleas in the county. Such action must	62
be brought within three days after the request has been made,	63
and the case shall be heard forthwith by a judge or such court	64
whose decision shall be certified to the board of elections and	65
to the board of county commissioners in sufficient time to	66
permit the board of county commissioners to perform its duty to	67
certify the petition, if it is determined by the court to be	68
valid and contain sufficient valid signatures, to the board of	69
elections not later than four p.m. on the one hundred eleventh	70
day prior to the general election for submission to the electors	71
at such general election.	72

A county charter to be submitted to the voters by petition 73 shall be considered to be attached to the petition if it is 74 printed as a part of the petition. A county charter petition may 75 consist of any number of separate petition papers. Each part 76 shall have attached a copy of the charter to be submitted to the 77 electors, and each part shall otherwise meet all the 78 requirements of law for a county charter petition. Section 79 3501.38 of the Revised Code applies to county charter petitions. 80

The petitioners shall designate in the petition the names	81
and addresses of a committee of not fewer than three nor more	82
than five persons who will represent them in all matters	83
relating to the petition. Notice of all matters or proceedings	84
pertaining to such petitions may be served on the committee, or	85
any of them, either personally or by certified mail, or by	86
leaving it at the usual place of residence of each of them.	87
Sec. 703.20. (A) Villages may surrender their corporate	88
powers upon the petition to the legislative authority or, in the	89
alternative, to the board of elections of the village as	90
provided in division (B)(1) of this section, of at least—forty—	91
thirty per cent of the electors thereof, to be determined by the	92
number voting at the last regular municipal-election election and	93
by an affirmative vote of a majority of <pre>such-the</pre> electors at a	94
special election, which shall be provided for by the legislative	95
authority or, in the alternative, the board of elections, and	96
conducted, canvassed, and the result certified and made known as	97
at regular municipal elections. If the result of the election is	98
in favor of <u>such</u> -the surrender, the village clerk or, in the	99
alternative, the board of elections shall certify the result to	100
the secretary of state, the auditor of state, and the county	101
recorder, who shall record it in their respective offices, and	102
thereupon the . The corporate powers of such the village shall	103
cease upon the recording in the county recorder's office.	104
(B) (1) If the legislative authority of a village fails to	105
act upon the petition within thirty days after receipt of the	106
petition, the electors may present the petition to the board of	107
elections to determine the validity and sufficiency of the	108
signatures. The petition shall be governed by the rules of	109
section 3501.38 of the Revised Code. The petition shall be filed	110

with the board of elections of the county in which the largest

111

H. B. No. 509
As Introduced

112

portion of the population of the village resides. If the

petition is sufficient, the board of elections shall submit the	113
question "Shall the village of surrender its	114
corporate powers?" for the approval or rejection of the electors	115
of the village at the next general or special election, in any	116
year, occurring after the period ending ninety days after the	117
filing of the petition with the board. If the result of the	118
election is in favor of the surrender, the board of elections	119
shall certify the results to the secretary of state, the auditor	120
of state, and the county recorder, who shall record it in their	121
respective offices. The corporate powers of the village shall	122
cease upon the recording in the county recorder's office.	123
(2) In addition to filing the petition with the board of	124
elections as provided in division (B)(1) of this section, a copy	125
of the petition shall be filed with the board of township	126
trustees of each township affected by the surrender.	127
(C) The auditor of state shall assist in facilitating a	128
timely and systematic manner for complying with the requirements	129
of section 703.21 of the Revised Code.	130
Sec. 703.21. (A) The surrender of corporate powers by a	131
village under section 703.20 or 703.201 of the Revised Code does	132
not affect vested rights or accrued liabilities of the village,	133
or the power to settle claims, dispose of property, or levy and	134
collect taxes to pay existing obligations. But, after the	135
presentation of the petition mentioned in section 703.20 of the	136
Revised Code or receipt of the audit report and notice mentioned	137
in section 703.201 of the Revised Code, the legislative	138
authority of the village shall not create any new liability	139
until the result of the election under section 703.20 of the	140
Revised Code is declared or the decision of the court of common	141

H. B. No. 509
As Introduced

pleas under division (C) of section 703.201 of the Revised Code	142
is declared, or thereafter, if the result, in either case, is	143
for the surrender of the village's corporate powers. If the	144
auditor of state notifies the village that the attorney general	145
may file a legal action under section 703.201 of the Revised	146
Code, but the attorney general does not file such an action, the	147
village shall not create any new liability for thirty days after	148
receipt of the auditor of state's notice.	149
(B) Due and unpaid taxes may be collected after the	150
surrender of corporate powers, and all moneys or property	151
remaining after the surrender belongs to the township or	152
townships located wholly or partly within the village, subject	153
to the agreements entered into as provided for in this section	154
for the timely transfer of real and personal property and	155
subject to the report of an audit or, at the discretion of the	156
auditor of state, agreed-upon procedures performed by the	157
auditor of state under section 117.11 or 117.114 of the Revised	158
Code. The auditor of state shall commence the audit or agreed-	159
upon procedures within thirty days after receipt of the notice	160
of dissolution as provided in division (E) of section 117.10 of	161
the Revised Code. Cash balances shall be transferred at the	162
completion of the audit or agreed-upon procedures performed by	163
the auditor of state. <del>If </del> Except as otherwise provided by	164
agreement of the affected village and townships, if more than	165
one township is to receive the remaining money or property, the	166
money and property shall be divided among the townships in	167
proportion to the amount of territory that each township has	168
within the village boundaries as compared to the total territory	169
within the village.	170
(C)(1) Village real and personal property, other than	171
electric, water and sewer utility property, shall be transferred	172

in a timely manner in accordance with agreements between or	173
among the affected village and township or townships. If no such	174
agreements have been reached within sixty days after the	175
certificate of dissolution is filed with the county recorder,	176
title to real and personal property other than any electric and	177
water and sewer utility property vests by operation of law in	178
the affected township or townships. If more than one township is	179
affected, and agreements have not been reached within sixty days	180
after the certificate of dissolution is filed, title vests by	181
operation of law in proportion to the amount of territory that	182
each township has within the village boundaries as compared to	183
the total territory within the village.	184
(2) Any agreements entered into under this section	185
regarding the transfer of real property shall be recorded with	186
the county recorder of the county in which the affected real	187
property is situated along with affidavits stating facts	188
relating to title as provided for in section 5301.252 of the	189
Revised Code. The county recorder shall make appropriate	190
notations in the county records to reflect the conveyance of the	191
village's interest in real property in accordance with the	192
recorded agreements resulting from the surrender of corporate	193
powers. The notations shall include a reference to the county's	194
recorded certificate of dissolution.	195
In the absence of any agreements and upon the recording of	196
affidavits relating to title, the county recorder shall make	197
appropriate notations in the county records to reflect the	198
conveyance of the village's interest in real property and to	199
evidence that title vested by operation of law in the township	200
or townships as otherwise provided for in this section and as a	201
result of the surrender of corporate powers. The recording of a	202
certificate of dissolution or a certified copy of it, any	203

H. B. No. 509
As Introduced

agreements regarding the transfer of real property, and	204
supporting affidavits serve as sufficient evidence of a transfer	205
of title from the former village to a township or townships.	206
These documents shall be recorded in the same manner as a deed	207
of conveyance, except that the affected township or townships	208
are exempt from any fees specified under section 317.32 of the	209
Revised Code.	210
(3) Cash balances shall be transferred at the completion	211
of the audit, or, at the discretion of the auditor of state,	212
agreed-upon procedures performed by the auditor of state.	213
(D) Electric, water and sewer utility property shall be	214
transferred by agreement entered into by the village and the	215
entity that will be taking over the electric, water and sewer	216
utility property and assets. Cash balances shall be transferred	217
at the completion of the audit, or, at the discretion of the	218
auditor of state, agreed-upon procedures performed by the	219
auditor of state. The provision of utility and other services	220
shall be uninterrupted during the transition period following	221
the surrender of corporate powers.	222
(E) As used in division (C) of this section, "certificate	223
of dissolution" means the certified election results approving	224
the surrender of corporate powers as recorded by the county	225
recorder.	226
After the surrender of corporate powers, all resolutions	227
of the township or townships into which the village's territory	228
was dissolved shall apply throughout the township's newly	229
included territory.	230
Section 2. That existing sections 307.94, 703.20, and	231
703.21 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	232