## As Reported by the Senate Insurance and Financial Institutions Committee

**132nd General Assembly** 

**Regular Session** 

Sub. H. B. No. 489

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**Representative Dever** 

Cosponsors: Representatives Anielski, Antonio, Craig, Hambley, Holmes, Hoops, Hughes, Lepore-Hagan, O'Brien, Patton, Perales, Reineke, Romanchuk, Ryan, Seitz, Smith, K., Thompson, West, Wiggam, Young

## A BILL

То	amend sections 1101.05, 1109.20, 1121.10,	1
	1125.23, 1181.08, 1322.01, 1322.07, 1322.09,	2
	1322.12, 1322.34, 1322.40, 1322.50, 1733.01,	3
	1733.04, 1733.041, 1733.05, 1733.13, 1733.14,	4
	1733.16, 1733.19, 1733.22, 1733.24, 1733.32,	5
	1733.329, and 1733.39, to enact sections 103.31,	6
	1121.101, 1121.61, 1349.72, 1733.051, 1733.152,	7
	1733.328, 1733.441, and 1733.53, and to repeal	8
	section 1733.26 of the Revised Code to revise	9
	the laws governing credit unions, to provide	10
	some regulatory relief to state banks and credit	11
	unions, to provide for data analytics to be	12
	conducted on publicly available information	13
	regarding banks, credit unions, and consumer	14
	finance companies, to require registration of	15
	mortgage loan servicers, and to require a	16
	specified notice be given to a debtor for	17
	certain debt collection.	18

### BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 1101.05, 1109.20, 1121.10, 19 1125.23, 1181.08, 1322.01, 1322.07, 1322.09, 1322.12, 1322.34, 20 1322.40, 1322.50, 1733.01, 1733.04, 1733.041, 1733.05, 1733.13, 21 1733.14, 1733.16, 1733.19, 1733.22, 1733.24, 1733.32, 1733.329, 22 and 1733.39 be amended and sections 103.31, 1121.101, 1121.61, 23 1349.72, 1733.051, 1733.152, 1733.328, 1733.441, and 1733.53 of 24 the Revised Code be enacted to read as follows: 25 Sec. 103.31. (A) For the purpose of providing impartial, 26 accurate information to assist the general assembly in proposing 27 and evaluating legislation, the speaker of the house of 28 representatives or the president of the senate may, at any time, 29 request the director of the legislative service commission to 30 arrange for data analytics to be conducted on any publicly 31 available information regarding state banks, credit unions\_ 32 organized under Chapter 1733. of the Revised Code, or entities 33 licensed or registered under Chapter 1321. or 1322. of the 34 Revised Code. 35

(B) The director may, in making the arrangement described in division (A) of this section, retain economists, financial analysts, and any other necessary professionals on a consulting basis.

(C) As used in this section, "data analytics" means the40use of qualitative and quantitative techniques to examine data41to gain a better understanding of the data itself and the42organizations that produced it.43

Sec. 1101.05. (A) Except as otherwise expressly provided, 44 the provisions of Chapters 1101. to 1127. of the Revised Code 45

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and any rules adopted under those chapters:

(A) (1) Are enforceable only by the superintendent of financial institutions, the superintendent's designee, the federal deposit insurance corporation, the federal reserve, or, with respect to Chapter 1127. of the Revised Code, a prosecuting attorney; and

(B) (2) Do not create or provide a private right of action52or defense for or on behalf of any party other than the53superintendent or the superintendent's designee.54

(B) Division (A) of this section does not apply with respect to sections 1109.18 and 1109.20 of the Revised Code and any rules adopted under those sections.

Sec. 1109.20. (A) A bank may contract for and receive 58 interest or finance charges at any rate or rates agreed upon or 59 consented to by the parties to the loan contract, extension of 60 credit, or revolving credit agreement, but not exceeding an 61 annual percentage rate of twenty-five per cent. In addition, a 62 bank may charge, collect, and receive, as interest, other fees 63 and charges that are agreed upon by the bank and the borrower, 64 including, but not limited to, periodic membership fees, cash 65 advance fees, charges for exceeding a designated credit limit, 66 charges for late payments, charges for the return of a 67 dishonored check or other payment instrument, guarantee fees, 68 origination fees, processing fees, application fees, and 69 70 prepayment fees. Any fees and charges charged, collected, or received by a bank in accordance with this division shall not be 71 included in the computation of the annual percentage rate or the 72 rates of interest or finance charges for purposes of applying 73 the twenty-five per cent limitation. 74

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The computation of the loan balance on which interest and finance charges are assessed and the method of compounding interest on the balance shall be as agreed upon by the bank and the borrower.

(B) For the purposes of section 85 of the "National Bank Act," 48 Stat. 191 (1933), 12 U.S.C.A. 85, and section 521 of the "Depository Institutions Deregulation and Monetary Control Act of 1980," 94 Stat. 132, 12 U.S.C.A. 1831d, both of the following apply:

(1) All the interest and finance charges and other fees
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and charges authorized under division (A) of this section are
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deemed to be interest and may be charged, collected, and
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received as interest by a bank.
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(2) All terms, conditions, and other provisions authorized 88 by this section and other provisions contained in any agreement 89 with the borrower, including, but not limited to, terms, 90 conditions, and other provisions relating to the method of 91 determining the balance upon which interest or finance charges 92 are applied, time periods within which fees and charges may be 93 avoided, reasons for default and rights to cure any default, 94 rights to accelerate payments, account cancellation, choice of 95 law, and change-in-terms requirements, are deemed to be material 96 to the determination of the interest rate. 97

(C) Any agreement between a bank and a borrower, wherever
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the borrower's place of residence, shall be governed solely by
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the laws of this state and federal law, unless otherwise
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provided for in the agreement.

(D) Subject to any requirements under applicable federallaw, a bank and a borrower may specify in their agreement any103

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terms and conditions for modifying or amending the agreement.	104
(E) Except as provided in section 1343.011 of the Revised	105
<del>Code, the <u>The</u> charging, collection, or receipt of the interest</del>	106
and finance charges, and other fees and charges authorized under	107
this section are deemed not to violate any provision of the	108
Revised Code that prescribes, regulates, or limits any fee,	109
charge, rate of interest, or finance charges.	110
Sec. 1121.10. (A) As Except as otherwise provided in	111
section 1121.101 of the Revised Code, as often as the	112
superintendent of financial institutions considers necessary,	113
but at least once each twenty-four-month cycle, the	114
superintendent, or any deputy or examiner appointed by the	115
superintendent for that purpose, shall thoroughly examine the	116
records and affairs of each state bank. The examination shall	117
include a review of all of the following:	118
(1) Compliance with law;	119
(2) Safety and soundness;	120
(3) Other matters the superintendent determines.	121
(B) The superintendent may examine the records and affairs	122
of any of the following as the superintendent considers	123
necessary:	124
(1) Any party to a proposed reorganization for which the	125
superintendent's approval is required by section 1115.11 or	126
1115.14 of the Revised Code;	127
(2) Any bank, savings and loan association, or savings	128
bank proposing to convert to a bank doing business under	129
authority granted by the superintendent for which the	130
superintendent's approval is required by section 1115.02 of the	131

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Revised Code;	132
(3) Any person proposing to acquire control of a state	133
bank for which the superintendent's approval is required by	134
section 1115.06 of the Revised Code, or who acquired control of	135
a state bank without the approval of the superintendent when	136
that approval was required by section 1115.06 of the Revised	137
Code, with respect to the state bank of which control is to be,	138
or was, acquired;	139
(4) Any bank proposing to establish or acquire a branch	140
for which the superintendent's approval is required by section	141
1117.02 of the Revised Code;	142
(5) Any foreign bank that maintains, or proposes to	143
establish, one or more offices in this state;	144
(6) Any trust company.	145
(C) The board of directors or holders of a majority of the	146
shares of a state bank or trust company may request the	147
superintendent conduct a special examination of the records and	148
affairs of the bank or trust company. The superintendent has	149
sole discretion over the scope and timing of a special	150
examination, and may impose restrictions and limitations on the	151
use of the results of a special examination in addition to the	152
restrictions and limitations otherwise imposed by law. The fee	153
for a special examination shall be paid by the bank or trust	154
company examined in accordance with section 1121.29 of the	155
Revised Code.	156
(D) The superintendent may conduct all aspects of an	157
examination concurrently or may divide the examination into	158
constituent parts and conduct them at various times.	159
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(E) The superintendent shall preserve the report of each 160

examination, including related correspondence received and	161
copies of related correspondence sent, for ten years after the	162
examination date.	163
Sec. 1121.101. (A) Notwithstanding section 1121.10 of the	164
Revised Code, and subject to division (B) of this section, the	165
superintendent of financial institutions shall not conduct an	166
examination of a state bank more frequently than once every	167
twenty-four-month cycle, if the bank meets both of the following	168
<u>conditions:</u>	169
(1) It has assets of ten billion dollars or less.	170
(2) Under the uniform financial institutions rating	171
system, it maintains a composite rating of one.	172
(B) The superintendent may conduct more frequent	173
examinations if either of the following applies:	174
(1) The superintendent has reasonable cause to believe	175
that there is a risk of harm to the bank and the examination of	176
the bank is necessary to fully determine the risk to the bank or	177
to determine how best to address the risk.	178
(2) The superintendent participates with financial	179
institution regulatory authorities of other states or the United	180
States in a joint, concurrent, or coordinated examination.	181
(C) A bank's composite rating used for purposes of	182
division (A)(2) of this section is not a public record under	183
section 149.43 of the Revised Code.	184
Sec. 1121.61. (A) As used in this section, "bona fide	185
error" means an unintentional clerical, calculation, computer	186
malfunction or programming, or printing error.	187
(B) A state bank, trust company, or regulated person shall	188

not be held civilly liable in any action brought under Title XI	189
or under Chapter 1309., 1317., or 1345. of the Revised Code, and	190
shall not be subject to any sanction by the superintendent of	191
financial institutions, if all of the following conditions are	192
met:	193
(1) The bank, trust company, or person shows by a	194
preponderance of evidence that the compliance failure was not	195
intentional and resulted from a bona fide error notwithstanding	196
the maintenance of procedures reasonably adapted to avoid any	197
<u>such error.</u>	198
(2) Within sixty days after discovering the error, and	199
prior to the initiation of any action by the superintendent or	200
the receipt of written notice of the error from the consumer,	201
the bank, trust company, or person notifies the superintendent	202
and the consumer of the error and the manner in which the bank,	203
trust company, or person intends to make full restitution to the	204
consumer.	205
(3) The bank, trust company, or person promptly makes	206
reasonable restitution to the consumer.	207
(C) If, in the event of a compliance failure, the bank,	208
trust company, or regulated person does not meet the conditions	209
set forth in division (B) of this section, a consumer injured by	210
the error has a cause of action to recover damages. Such an	211
action may not, however, be maintained as a class action.	212
Sec. 1125.23. (A) The receiver shall promptly cause notice	213
of the claims procedure to be published, in print or in a	214
comparable electronic format, once a month for two consecutive	215
months in a local newspaper of general circulation and to be	216
mailed to each person whose name appears as a creditor upon the	217

books of the state bank, at the last address of record.

(B) (1) All parties having claims of any kind against the 219 bank, including prior judgments and claims of security, preference, priority, and offset, shall present their claims substantiated by legal proof to the receiver within one hundred 222 eighty days after the date of the first publication of notice of 223 the claims procedure or after actual receipt of notice of the 224 225 claims procedure, whichever occurs first.

(2) Within one hundred eighty days after receipt of a claim, the receiver shall notify the claimant in writing whether the claim has been allowed or disallowed. The receiver may reject any claim in whole or in part, or may reject any claim of security, preference, priority, or offset against the bank. Any claimant whose claim has been rejected by the receiver shall petition the court for a hearing on the claim within sixty days after the date the notice was mailed or be forever barred from asserting the rejected claim.

(C) Any claims filed after the claim period and 235 subsequently accepted by the receiver or allowed by the court, 236 shall be entitled to share in the distribution of assets only to 237 the extent of the undistributed assets in the hands of the 238 receiver on the date the claims are accepted or allowed. 239

Sec. 1181.08. (A) In addition to the specific authority 240 given the superintendent of financial institutions by other 241 provisions of the Revised Code, the superintendent may from time 242 to time adopt such rules as the superintendent considers 243 necessary or appropriate for the administration of the division 244 of financial institutions or to carry out any other duty of the 245 superintendent. 246

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(B) The superintendent shall not adopt any rule that has a 247 retroactive effective date or apply any rule to conduct that 248 took place exclusively before the effective date of that rule. 249 Sec. 1322.01. As used in this chapter: 250 (A) "Administrative or clerical tasks" mean the receipt, 2.51 collection, and distribution of information common for the 2.52 processing or underwriting of a loan in the mortgage industry, 253 254 without performing any analysis of the information, and communication with a consumer to obtain information necessary 255 for the processing or underwriting of a residential mortgage 256 loan. 257 (B) "Advertising" means a commercial message in any medium 258 that promotes, either directly or indirectly, a residential 259 mortgage lending transaction. 260 (C) "Application" has the same meaning as in 12 C.F.R. 261 1026.2(a)(3). 262 (D) "Approved education course" means any course approved 2.63 by the nationwide mortgage licensing system and registry. 264 (E) "Approved test provider" means any test provider 265 approved by the nationwide mortgage licensing system and 266 267 registry. (F) "Borrower" means a person seeking a residential 268 mortgage loan or an obligor on a residential mortgage loan. 269 (G) "Branch office" means a location at which a licensee 270 conducts business other than a registrant's principal place of 271 business, if at least one of the following applies to the 272 location: 273

(1) The address of the location appears on business cards, 274

stationery, or advertising used by the registrant;	275
(2) The registrant's name or advertising at the location	276
suggests that mortgage transactions are made at the location;	277
(3) The location is held out to the public as a licensee's	278
place of business due to the actions of an employee or	279
independent contractor of the registrant; or	280
(4) The location within this state is controlled directly	281
or indirectly by the registrant.	282
(H) "Buyer" means an individual who is solicited to	283
purchase or who purchases the services of a mortgage loan	284
originator for purposes of obtaining a residential mortgage	285
loan. "Buyer" includes an individual whose mortgage loan is	286
serviced by a mortgage servicer.	287
(I) "Consumer reporting agency" has the same meaning as in	288
the "Fair Credit Reporting Act," 84 Stat. 1128, 15 U.S.C.A.	289
1681a, as amended.	290
(J) "Control" means the power, directly or indirectly, to	291
direct the management or policies of an entity, whether through	292
ownership of securities, by contract, or otherwise. A person is	293
presumed to control an entity if that person:	294
(1) Is a director, general partner, or executive officer	295
or is an individual that occupies a similar position or performs	296
a similar function;	297
(2) Directly or indirectly has the right to vote five per	298
cent or more of a class of a voting security or has the power to	299
sell or direct the sale of five per cent or more of a class of	300
voting securities;	301
(3) In the case of a limited liability company, is a	302

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managing member; or 303 (4) In the case of a partnership, has the right to receive 304 upon dissolution or has contributed five per cent or more of the 305 306 capital. (K) "Depository institution" has the same meaning as in 307 section 3 of the "Federal Deposit Insurance Act," 12 U.S.C. 308 1813(c), and also includes any credit union. 309 (L) "Dwelling" has the same meaning as in 15 U.S.C. 310 1602(w). "Dwelling" includes a single condominium unit, 311 cooperative unit, mobile home, and trailer, if it is used as a 312 313 residence, whether or not that structure is attached to real property. 314 (M) "Employee" means an individual for whom a mortgage 315 broker or mortgage lender, in addition to providing a wage or 316 salary, pays social security and unemployment taxes, provides 317 workers' compensation coverage, and withholds local, state, and 318 federal income taxes. "Employee" also includes any individual 319 who acts as a mortgage loan originator or operations manager of 320 a registrant, but for whom the registrant is prevented by law 321 322 from making income tax withholdings. (N) "Entity" means a business organization, including a 323 sole proprietorship. 324 (O) "Expungement" means a court-ordered process that 325

involves the destruction of documentation related to past 326 arrests and convictions. 327

(P) "Federal banking agency" means the board of governors
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of the federal reserve system, the comptroller of the currency,
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the national credit union administration, or the federal deposit
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insurance corporation.

(Q) "Immediate family" means an individual's spouse,
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child, stepchild, parent, stepparent, grandparent, grandchild,
brother, sister, parent-in-law, brother-in-law, or sister-in334
law.
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(R) "Independent contractor" means an individual who
performs duties for another person and is not subject to that
person's supervision or control.
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(S) "Individual" means a natural person.

(T) "Licensee" means any individual who has been issued a 340mortgage loan originator license under this chapter. 341

(U) "Loan commitment" means a statement transmitted in
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 writing or electronically by a mortgage lender setting forth the
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 terms and conditions upon which the mortgage lender is willing
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 to make a particular residential mortgage loan to a particular
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 borrower.

(V) "Loan processor or underwriter" means an individual 347 who, with respect to the origination of a residential mortgage 348 loan, performs administrative or clerical tasks as an employee 349 at the direction of and subject to the supervision of a mortgage 350 lender or mortgage broker. For purposes of this division, 351 "origination of a residential mortgage loan" means all 352 activities related to a residential mortgage loan, from the 353 taking of a loan application through the completion of all 354 required loan closing documents and the funding of the loan. 355

(W) "Mortgage" means the consensual interest in real
property located in this state, including improvements to that
property, securing a debt evidence by a mortgage, trust
indenture, deed of trust, or other lien on real property.

(X) "Mortgage broker" means an entity that obtains, 360

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attempts to obtain, or assists in obtaining a mortgage loan for 361 a borrower from a mortgage lender in return for consideration or 362 in anticipation of consideration. For purposes of this division, 363 "attempting to obtain or assisting in obtaining" a mortgage loan 364 includes referring a borrower to a mortgage lender, soliciting 365 or offering to solicit a mortgage loan on behalf of a borrower, 366 or negotiating or offering to negotiate the terms or conditions 367 of a mortgage loan with a mortgage lender on behalf of a 368 borrower. 369

(Y) "Mortgage lender" means an entity that consummates a
residential mortgage loan, advances funds, offers to advance
funds, or commits to advancing funds for a residential mortgage
loan applicant.

(Z) (1) "Mortgage loan originator" means an individual who
for compensation or gain, or in the expectation of compensation
or gain, does any of the following:
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(a) Takes a residential mortgage loan application;

(b) Assists or offers to assist a buyer in obtaining or 378
applying to obtain a residential mortgage loan by, among other 379
things, advising on loan terms, including rates, fees, and other 380
costs; 381

(c) Offers or negotiates terms of a residential mortgage 382loan; 383

(d) Issues or offers to issue a commitment for a384residential mortgage loan to a buyer.385

(2) "Mortgage loan originator" does not include any of thefollowing:387

(a) An individual who performs purely administrative or 388

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clerical tasks on behalf of a mortgage loan originator; 389 (b) A person licensed under Chapter 4735. of the Revised 390 Code, or under the similar law of another state, who performs 391 only real estate brokerage activities permitted by that license, 392 provided the person is not compensated by a mortgage lender, 393 mortgage broker, mortgage loan originator, or by any agent 394 thereof; 395 (c) A person solely involved in extensions of credit 396 relating to timeshare plans, as that term is defined in 11 397 U.S.C. 101; 398 399 (d) An employee of a mortgage lender or mortgage broker who acts solely as a loan processor or underwriter and who does 400 not represent to the public, through advertising or other means 401

of communicating, including the use of business cards,402stationery, brochures, signs, rate lists, or other promotional403items, that the employee can or will perform any of the404activities of a mortgage loan originator;405

(e) A licensed attorney who negotiates the terms of a
residential mortgage loan on behalf of a client as an ancillary
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matter to the attorney's representation of the client, unless
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the attorney is compensated by a mortgage lender, a mortgage
broker, or another mortgage loan originator, or by any agent
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thereof;

(f) Any person engaged in the retail sale of manufactured
homes, mobile homes, or industrialized units if, in connection
with financing those retail sales, the person only assists the
borrower by providing or transmitting the loan application and
does not do any of the following:

(i) Offer or negotiate the residential mortgage loan rates 417

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or terms;	418
(ii) Provide any counseling with borrowers about	419
residential mortgage loan rates or terms;	420
(iii) Receive any payment or fee from any company or	421
individual for assisting the borrower obtain or apply for	422
financing to purchase the manufactured home, mobile home, or	423
industrialized unit;	424
(iv) Assist the borrower in completing a residential	425
mortgage loan application.	426
(g) An individual employed by a nonprofit organization	427
that is recognized as tax exempt under 26 U.S.C. 501(c)(3) and	428
whose primary activity is the construction, remodeling, or	429
rehabilitation of homes for use by low-income families, provided	430
that the nonprofit organization makes no-profit mortgage loans	431
or mortgage loans at zero per cent interest to low-income	432
families and no fees accrue directly to the nonprofit	433
organization or individual employed by the nonprofit	434
organization from those mortgage loans and that the United	435
States department of housing and urban development does not deny	436
this exemption.	437
(AA) <u>"Mortgage servicer" means an entity that, for itself</u>	438
or on behalf of the holder of a mortgage loan, holds the	439
servicing rights, records mortgage payments on its books, or	440
performs other functions to carry out the mortgage holder's	441
obligations or rights under the mortgage agreement including,	442
when applicable, the receipt of funds from the mortgagor to be	443

held in escrow for payment of real estate taxes and insurance

premiums and the distribution of such funds to the taxing

authority and insurance company.

(DD) "Nationwide mentages licensing system and registry"	447
(BB) "Nationwide mortgage licensing system and registry"	
means a licensing system developed and maintained by the	448
conference of state bank supervisors and the American	449
association of residential mortgage regulators, or their	450
successor entities, for the licensing and registration of	451
persons providing non-depository financial services.	452
(BB) (CC) "Nontraditional mortgage product" means any	453
mortgage product other than a thirty-year fixed rate mortgage.	454
<del>(CC) <u>(DD)</u> "Person" means an individual, sole</del>	455
proprietorship, corporation, company, limited liability company,	456
partnership, limited liability partnership, trust, or	457
association.	458
(DD) (EE) "Real estate brokerage activity" means any	459
activity that involves offering or providing real estate	460
brokerage services to the public, including all of the	461
following:	462
(1) Acting as a real estate salesperson or real estate	463
broker for a buyer, seller, lessor, or lessee of real property;	464
(2) Bringing together parties interested in the sale,	465
purchase, lease, rental, or exchange of real property;	466
(3) Negotiating, on behalf of any party, any portion of a	467
contract relating to the sale, purchase, lease, rental, or	468
exchange of real property, other than in connection with	469
providing financing for any such transaction;	470
providing financing for any such clansaction,	170
(4) Engaging in any activity for which a person engaged in	471
that activity is required to be licensed as a real estate	472
salesperson or real estate broker under the law of this state;	473

(5) Offering to engage in any activity, or to act in any 474

capacity, described in division <del>(DD) <u>(EE)</u> of this section.</del>	475
<del>(EE) <u>(</u>FF) </del> "Registered mortgage loan originator" means an	476
individual to whom both of the following apply:	477
(1) The individual is a mortgage loan originator and an	478
employee of a depository institution, a subsidiary that is owned	479
and controlled by a depository institution and regulated by a	480
federal banking agency, or an institution regulated by the farm	481
credit administration.	482
(2) The individual is registered with, and maintains a	483
unique identifier through, the nationwide mortgage licensing	484
system and registry.	485
(FF)_(GG)_"Registrant" means any person that has been	486
issued a certificate of registration under this chapter.	487
<del>(GG) <u>(HH)</u> "Residential mortgage loan" means any loan that</del>	488
meets both of the following requirements:	489
(1) It is primarily for personal, family, or household use	490
and is secured by a mortgage, deed of trust, or other equivalent	491
consensual security interest on a dwelling or on residential	492
real estate located in Ohio.	493
(2) It is provided and secured by a first lien holder	494
secured creditor or by a second lien holder secured creditor.	495
(HH) (II) "Residential real estate" means any real	496
property located in this state upon which is constructed a	497
dwelling or upon which a dwelling is intended to be built within	498
a two-year period, subject to 24 C.F.R. 3500.5(b)(4). For	499
purposes of this division, a borrower's intent to build a	500
dwelling within a two-year period is presumed unless the	501
borrower has submitted a written, signed statement to the	502

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contrary.

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(II) (JJ)"Superintendent of financial institutions"504includes the deputy superintendent for consumer finance as505provided in section 1181.21 of the Revised Code.506

(JJ) (KK)"Unique identifier" means a number or other507identifier assigned by protocols established by the nationwide508mortgage licensing system and registry.509

Sec. 1322.07. (A) No person, on the person's own behalf or 510 on behalf of any other person, shall act as a mortgage lender, 511 mortgage servicer, or mortgage broker without first having 512 obtained a certificate of registration from the superintendent 513 of financial institutions for the principal office and every 514 branch office to be maintained by the person for the transaction 515 of business as a mortgage lender, mortgage servicer, or mortgage 516 broker in this state. A registrant shall maintain an office 517 location for the transaction of business as a mortgage lender, 518 mortgage servicer, or mortgage broker in this state. 519

(B)(1) No individual shall act as a mortgage loan 520 originator without first having obtained a license from the 521 superintendent. A mortgage loan originator shall be employed by 522 or associated with a mortgage lender, mortgage broker, or entity 523 holding a valid letter of exemption under division (B)(1) of 524 section 1322.05 of the Revised Code, but shall not be employed 525 by or associated with more than one registrant or entity holding 526 a valid letter of exemption under division (B)(1) of section 527 1322.05 of the Revised Code at any one time. 528

(2) An individual acting under the individual's authority
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as a registered mortgage loan originator shall not be required
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to be licensed under division (B) (1) of this section.
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(3) An individual who holds a valid temporary mortgage
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loan originator license issued pursuant to section 1322.24 of
the Revised Code may engage in the business of a mortgage loan
originator in accordance with this chapter during the term of
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the temporary license.

Sec. 1322.09. (A) An application for a certificate of 537 registration shall be in writing, under oath, and in a form 538 prescribed by the superintendent of financial institutions that 539 complies with the requirements of the nationwide mortgage 540 541 licensing system and registry. The application shall be 542 accompanied by a nonrefundable application fee of five hundred dollars for each location of an office to be maintained by the 543 applicant in accordance with division (A) of section 1322.07 of 544 the Revised Code and any additional fee required by the 545 nationwide mortgage licensing system and registry. 546

(B) Upon the filing of the application and payment of the
nonrefundable application fee and any fee required by the
nationwide mortgage licensing system and registry, the
superintendent shall investigate the applicant and any
individual whose identity is required to be disclosed in the
application. As part of that investigation, the superintendent
shall conduct a civil records check.

If, in order to issue a certificate of registration to an 554 applicant, additional investigation by the superintendent 555 outside this state is necessary, the superintendent may require 556 the applicant to advance sufficient funds to pay the actual 557 expenses of the investigation, if it appears that these expenses 558 will exceed five hundred dollars. The superintendent shall 559 provide the applicant with an itemized statement of the actual 560 expenses that the applicant is required to pay. 561

(C) In connection with applying for a certificate of 562 registration, the applicant shall furnish to the nationwide 563 mortgage licensing system and registry information concerning 564 the applicant's identity, including all of the following: 565 (1) The applicant's fingerprints for submission to the 566 federal bureau of investigation, and any other governmental 567 agency or entity authorized to receive such information, for 568 purposes of a state, national, and international criminal 569 history background check; 570 (2) Personal history and experience in a form prescribed 571 by the nationwide mortgage licensing system and registry, along 572 with authorization for the superintendent and the nationwide 573 mortgage licensing system and registry to obtain both of the 574 following: 575 (a) An independent credit report from a consumer reporting 576 577 agency; (b) Information related to any administrative, civil, or 578 criminal findings by any governmental jurisdiction. 579 (D) The superintendent shall pay all funds advanced and 580 application and renewal fees and penalties the superintendent 581 receives pursuant to this section and section 1322.10 of the 582 Revised Code to the treasurer of state to the credit of the 583 consumer finance fund created in section 1321.21 of the Revised 584 Code. 585 (E) If an application for a certificate of registration 586

(E) If an application for a certificate of registration 586 does not contain all of the information required under this 587 section, and if that information is not submitted to the 588 superintendent or to the nationwide mortgage licensing system 589 and registry within ninety days after the superintendent or the 590 nationwide mortgage licensing system and registry requests the 591
information in writing, including by electronic transmission or 592
facsimile, the superintendent may consider the application 593
withdrawn. 594

(F) A certificate of registration and the authority 595
 granted under that certificate is not transferable or assignable 596
 and cannot be franchised by contract or any other means. 597

(G)(1) The superintendent may establish relationships or 598 enter into contracts with the nationwide mortgage licensing 599 system and registry, or any entities designated by it, to 600 collect and maintain records and process transaction fees or 601 other fees related to mortgage lender, mortgage servicer, or 602 mortgage broker certificates of registration or the persons 603 associated with a mortgage lender, mortgage servicer, or 604 605 mortgage broker.

(2) For purposes of this section and to reduce the points
of contact that the federal bureau of investigation may have to
maintain, the division of financial institutions may use the
nationwide mortgage licensing system and registry as a
channeling agent for requesting information from and
distributing information to the United States department of
justice or other governmental agencies.

(3) For purposes of this section and to reduce the points
of contact that the division may have to maintain, the division
may use the nationwide mortgage licensing system and registry as
a channeling agent for requesting information from and
distributing information to any source as determined by the
division.

Sec. 1322.12. Each registrant or entity holding a valid

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letter of exemption under division (B)(1) of section 1322.05 of620the Revised Code shall designate an employee or owner of that621registrant's business as the operations manager. The operations622manager shall be responsible for the management, supervision,623and control of a particular location.624

To be eligible for such a designation, an employee or 625 owner shall have at least three years of experience as a 626 mortgage loan originator or registered mortgage loan originator. 627 While acting as the operations manager, the employee or owner 628 629 shall be licensed as a mortgage loan originator under this chapter and shall not be employed by any other mortgage lender 630 or mortgage broker. This paragraph shall not apply to the 631 designated operations manager of an entity registered 632 exclusively as a mortgage servicer. 633

Sec. 1322.34. (A) As often as the superintendent of 634 financial institutions considers it necessary, the 635 superintendent may examine the registrant's or licensee's 636 records, including all records created or processed by a 637 licensee, pertaining to business transacted pursuant to this 638 chapter. 639

(B) A registrant or licensee shall maintain records
pertaining to business transacted pursuant to this chapter for
four years. For purposes of this division, "registrant or
licensee" includes any person whose certificate of registration
or license is cancelled, surrendered, or revoked or who
otherwise ceases to engage in business as a mortgage lender,
<u>mortgage servicer, mortgage broker, or mortgage loan originator.</u>

No registrant or licensee shall fail to comply with this 647 division. 648

(C) Each registrant, licensee, and entity holding a valid 649 letter of exemption under division (B)(1) of section 1322.05 of 650 the Revised Code shall submit to the nationwide mortgage 651 licensing system and registry call reports or other reports of 652 condition, which reports shall be in such form and shall contain 653 such information as the nationwide mortgage licensing system and 654 registry may require. Each registrant and entity holding a valid 655 letter of exemption under division (B)(1) of section 1322.05 of 656 the Revised Code shall ensure that all residential mortgage 657 loans that are consummated as a result of a mortgage loan 658 originator's loan origination activities are included in the 659 report of condition submitted to the nationwide mortgage 660 licensing system and registry. 661

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(D) Any document or record that is required to be signed and that is filed in this state as an electronic record through the nationwide mortgage licensing system and registry, and any other electronic record filed through the nationwide mortgage licensing system and registry, shall be considered a valid original document upon reproduction to paper form by the division of financial institutions.

Sec. 1322.40. No registrant, licensee, or person required to be registered or licensed under this chapter, or individual disclosed in an application as required by this chapter, shall do any of the following:

(A) Obtain a certificate of registration or mortgage loan
originator license through any false or fraudulent
674
representation of a material fact or any omission of a material
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fact required by state law, or make any substantial
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misrepresentation in any registration or license application;
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(B) Make false or misleading statements of a material 678

fact, omissions of statements required by state or federal law,	679
or false promises regarding a material fact, through advertising	680
or other means, or engage in a continued course of	681
misrepresentations;	682
(C) Engage in conduct that constitutes improper,	683
fraudulent, or dishonest dealings;	684
(D) Fail to notify the division of financial institutions	685
within thirty days after any of the following:	686
(1) Being convicted of or pleading guilty or nolo	687
contendere to a felony in a domestic, foreign, or military	688
court;	689
(2) Being convicted of or pleading guilty or nolo	690
contendere to any criminal offense involving theft, receiving	691
stolen property, embezzlement, forgery, fraud, passing bad	692
checks, money laundering, breach of trust, dishonesty, or drug	693
trafficking, or any criminal offense involving money or	694
securities, in a domestic, foreign, or military court;	695
(3) Having a mortgage lender, mortgage servicer, or	696
mortgage broker certificate of registration or mortgage loan	697
originator license, or any comparable authority, revoked in any	698
governmental jurisdiction.	699
(E) Knowingly make, propose, or solicit fraudulent, false,	700
or misleading statements on any mortgage loan document or on any	701
document related to a mortgage loan, including a mortgage	702
application, real estate appraisal, or real estate settlement or	703
closing document. For purposes of this division, "fraudulent,	704
false, or misleading statements" does not include mathematical	705
errors, inadvertent transposition of numbers, typographical	706
errors, or any other bona fide error.	707

(F) Knowingly instruct, solicit, propose, or otherwise	708
cause a buyer to sign in blank a mortgage related document;	709
(G) Knowingly compensate, instruct, induce, coerce, or	710
intimidate, or attempt to compensate, instruct, induce, coerce,	711
or intimidate, a person licensed or certified under Chapter	712
4763. of the Revised Code for the purpose of corrupting or	713
improperly influencing the independent judgment of the person	714
with respect to the value of the dwelling offered as security	715
for repayment of a mortgage loan;	716
(H) Promise to refinance a loan in the future at a lower	717
interest rate or with more favorable terms, unless the promise	718
is set forth in writing and is initialed by the buyer;	719
(I) Engage in any unfair, deceptive, or unconscionable act	720
or practice prohibited under sections 1345.01 to 1345.13 of the	721
Revised Code.	722
Sec. 1322.50. (A) After notice and opportunity for a	723
hearing conducted in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised	724
Code, the superintendent of financial institutions may do the	725
following:	726
(1) Suspend, revoke, or refuse to issue or renew a	727
certificate of registration or license if the superintendent	728
finds any of the following:	729
(a) A violation of or failure to comply with any provision	730
of this chapter or the rules adopted under this chapter, federal	731
lending law, or any other law applicable to the business	732
conducted under a certificate of registration or license;	733
(b) A conviction of or guilty or nolo contendere plea to a	734
felony in a domestic, foreign, or military court;	735

(c) A conviction of or guilty or nolo contendere plea to
any criminal offense involving theft, receiving stolen property,
embezzlement, forgery, fraud, passing bad checks, money
laundering, breach of trust, dishonesty, or drug trafficking, or
any criminal offense involving money or securities, in a
domestic, foreign, or military court;
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(d) The revocation of a certificate of registration or
mortgage loan originator license, or any comparable authority,
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in any governmental jurisdiction.
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(2) Impose a fine of not more than one thousand dollars, 745 for each day a violation of a law or rule is committed, 746 repeated, or continued. If the registrant or licensee engages in 747 a pattern of repeated violations of a law or rule, the 748 superintendent may impose a fine of not more than two thousand 749 dollars for each day the violation is committed, repeated, or 750 continued. All fines collected pursuant to this division shall 751 be paid to the treasurer of state to the credit of the consumer 752 finance fund created in section 1321.21 of the Revised Code. In 753 determining the amount of a fine to be imposed pursuant to this 754 division, the superintendent may consider all of the following, 755 to the extent known by the division of financial institutions: 756

(a) The seriousness of the violation;

(b) The registrant's or licensee's good faith efforts to7prevent the violation;7

(c) The registrant's or licensee's history regardingviolations and compliance with division orders;761

(d) The registrant's or licensee's financial resources; 762

(e) Any other matters the superintendent considersappropriate in enforcing this chapter.764

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(B) The superintendent may investigate alleged violations
 of this chapter or the rules adopted under this chapter or
 complaints concerning any violation.
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(1) The superintendent may make application to the court
of common pleas for an order enjoining any violation and, upon a
showing by the superintendent that a person has committed or is
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about to commit that violation, the court shall grant an
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injunction, restraining order, or other appropriate relief.
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(2) The superintendent may make application to the court 773 of common pleas for an order enjoining any person from acting as 774 a mortgage lender, mortgage servicer, mortgage broker, 775 registrant, mortgage loan originator, or licensee in violation 776 of division (A) or (B) of section 1322.07 of the Revised Code, 777 and may seek and obtain civil penalties for unregistered or 778 unlicensed conduct of not more than five thousand dollars per 779 violation. 780

(C) In conducting any investigation pursuant to this 781 section, the superintendent may compel, by subpoena, witnesses 782 to testify in relation to any matter over which the 783 superintendent has jurisdiction and may require the production 784 of any book, record, or other document pertaining to that 785 matter. If a person fails to file any statement or report, obey 786 any subpoena, give testimony, produce any book, record, or other 787 document as required by a subpoena, or permit photocopying of 788 any book, record, or other document subpoenaed, the court of 789 common pleas of any county in this state, upon application made 790 to it by the superintendent, shall compel obedience by 791 attachment proceedings for contempt, as in the case of 792 disobedience of the requirements of a subpoena issued from the 793 court or a refusal to testify therein. 794

(D) If the superintendent determines that a person is 795 engaged in or is believed to be engaged in activities that may 796 constitute a violation of this chapter or any rule adopted 797 thereunder, the superintendent, after notice and a hearing 798 conducted in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, 799 may issue a cease and desist order. If the administrative action 800 is to enjoin a person from acting as a mortgage lender, mortgage 801 servicer, mortgage broker, or mortgage loan originator in 802 violation of division (A) or (B) of section 1322.07 of the 803 Revised Code, the superintendent may seek and impose fines for 804 that conduct in an amount not to exceed five thousand dollars 805 per violation. Such an order shall be enforceable in the court 806 of common pleas. 807

(E) If the superintendent revokes a certificate of 808registration or mortgage loan originator license, the revocation 809shall be permanent and with prejudice. 810

(F)(1) To protect the public interest, the superintendent811may, without a prior hearing, do any of the following:812

(a) Suspend the certificate of registration or mortgage
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loan originator license of a registrant or licensee who is
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convicted of or pleads guilty or nolo contendere to a criminal
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violation of any provision of this chapter or any criminal
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offense described in division (A) (1) (b) or (c) of this section;
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(b) Suspend the certificate of registration of a
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registrant who violates division (F) of section 1322.32 of the
Revised Code;
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(c) Suspend the certificate of registration or mortgage
 loan originator license of a registrant or licensee who fails to
 comply with a request made by the superintendent under section
 823

1322.09 or 1322.20 of the Revised Code to inspect qualifying	824
education transcripts located at the registrant's or licensee's	825
place of business.	826
(2) The superintendent may, in accordance with Chapter	827
119. of the Revised Code, subsequently revoke any registration	828
or license suspended under division (F)(1) of this section.	829
	025
(G) The imposition of fines under this section does not	830
preclude any penalty imposed under section 1322.99 of the	831
Revised Code.	832
Sec. 1349.72. (A) Before a person collecting a debt	833
secured by residential real property collects or attempts to	834
collect any part of the debt, the person shall first send a	835
written notice as described in division (B) of this section via	836
United States mail to the residential address of the debtor, if	837
both of the following apply:	838
(1) The debt is a second mentaging in indian line on the	0.2.0
(1) The debt is a second mortgage or junior lien on the	839
<u>debtor's residential real property.</u>	840
(2) The debt is in default.	841
(B) The written notice shall be printed in at least	842
twelve-point type and state the following:	843
(1) The name and contact information of the person	844
collecting the debt;	845
(2) The amount of the debt;	846
(3) A statement that the debtor has a right to an	847
attorney;	848
(4) A statement that the debtor may qualify for debt	849
relief under Chapter 7 or 13 of the United States Bankruptcy	850

Code, 11 U.S.C. Chapter 7 or 13, as amended;	851
(5) A statement that a debtor that qualifies under Chapter	852
13 of the United States Bankruptcy Code may be able to protect	853
their residential real property from foreclosure.	854
(C) Upon written request of the debtor, the owner of the	855
debt shall provide a copy of the note and the loan history to	856
the debtor.	857
(D)(1) As used in this division, "bona fide error" means	858
an unintentional clerical, calculation, computer malfunction or	859
programming, or printing error.	860
(2) Any owner of debt subject to divisions (A), (B), and	861
(C) of this section shall not be held civilly liable in any	862
action, if all of the following are met:	863
(a) The owner of the debt shows by a preponderance of	864
evidence that the compliance failure was not intentional and	865
resulted from a bona fide error notwithstanding the maintenance	866
of procedures reasonably adapted to avoid any such error.	867
(b) Within sixty days after discovering the error, and	868
prior to the initiation of any action, the owner of the debt	869
notifies the debtor of the error and the manner in which the	870
owner of the debt intends to make full restitution to the	871
debtor.	872
(c) The owner of the debt promptly makes reasonable	873
restitution to the debtor.	874
(3) If, in the event of a compliance failure, the owner of	875
the debt does not meet the conditions set forth in division (D)	876
(2) of this section, a debtor injured by the error has a cause	877
of action to recover damages. Such an action shall not, however,	878

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be maintained as a class action.	879
Sec. 1733.01. As used in this chapter, unless the context	880
otherwise requires:	881
(A) "Credit union" means a corporation organized and	882
qualified as such under this chapter. In addition to the powers	883
enumerated in this chapter and unless restricted in this	884
chapter, every credit union has the general powers conferred	885
upon corporations by Chapter 1701. of the Revised Code. A credit	886
union is a nonprofit cooperative financial institution and as	887
such is organized and operates for the mutual benefit and	888
general welfare of its members with the earnings, savings,	889
benefits, or services of the credit union being distributed to	890
its members as patron savers and borrowers and not to its	891
members as individuals.	892
(B) "Corporate credit union" means a credit union,	893
eligibility for membership in which is being a credit union	894
qualified to do business in this state. Such credit union shall	895
use the term "corporate" in its official name.	896
(C) "Foreign credit union" means a credit union formed	897
under the laws of another state which are substantially similar	898
to this chapter.	899
	0.0.0
(D) "Member" means a person who is a member of a credit	900
union.	901
(E) "Association member" means any member of a credit	902
union other than a credit union or an individual member.	903
(F) "Voting member" means an association member or an	904
individual member who is qualified to vote as provided by law,	905
the articles, or the regulations.	906

(C) "Democr" includes without limitation on individual	907
(G) "Person" includes, without limitation, an individual,	
the estate of a deceased individual, a corporation, an	908
unincorporated society or association, or any other organization	909
of individuals.	910
(H) "Articles" includes original articles of	911
incorporation, agreements of merger, amended articles, and	912
amendments to any of these.	913
(I) "Regulations" includes the code of regulations of a	914
credit union and any amendments thereto or an amended code of	915
regulations and any amendments thereto.	916
(J) Persons having a "common bond of association" include	917
those persons and their families.	918
(K) "Membership share" means a share of the credit union,	919
the subscription to which shall be a prerequisite for membership	920
in the credit union.	921
<del>(L)-</del> "Share account" means an account established for a	922
member for which no share certificates are issued but which are	923
included in the registry of shares, which includes all	924
transactions of the credit union pertaining to such shares.	925
(M) (L) "Undivided earnings" consist of all accumulated	926
net earnings and reserves required under division (B) of section	927
1733.31 of the Revised Code.	928
(N) (M) "State" means the United States, any state,	929
territory, insular possession, or other political subdivision of	930
the United States, including the District of Columbia.	931
<del>(0) <u>(</u>N) An</del> "emergency" exists when an emergency exists for	932
other corporations as the same is defined and described in	933
section 1701.01 of the Revised Code.	934

(P) (0) "Superintendent of credit unions" means the 935 "division of financial institutions," or the "superintendent of 936 the division of financial institutions of this state," or the 937 "deputy superintendent for credit unions"; and whenever the 938 context requires it, may be read as "director of commerce" or as 939 "chief of the division of financial institutions." Whenever the 940 division or superintendent of credit unions is referred to or 941 designated in any statute, rule, contract, or other document, 942 the reference or designation shall be deemed to refer to the 943 division or of financial institutions, the superintendent of 944 financial institutions, or the deputy superintendent for credit 945 unions, as the case may be. 946

(Q) (P) "Outside auditor" means an accountant who is licensed to practice as a certified public accountant or public accountant by this state, and who is retained by a credit union to audit its accounts, but who is not otherwise employed by the credit union.

(R) (Q)"Regulated individual" means a director, committee952member, officer, or employee of a credit union.953

(S) (R) "Financial institution regulatory authority" 954 includes a regulator of business activity in which a credit 955 union is engaged, or has applied to engage in, to the extent 956 that the regulator has jurisdiction over a credit union engaged 957 in that business activity. A credit union is engaged in a 958 business activity, and a regulator of that business activity has 959 jurisdiction over the credit union, whether the credit union 960 conducts the activity directly or a subsidiary or affiliate of 961 the credit union conducts the activity. 962

Sec. 1733.04. (A) In addition to the authority conferred963by section 1701.13 of the Revised Code, but subject to any964

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limitations contained in sections 1733.01 to 1733.45 of the	965
Revised Code, and its articles and regulations, a credit union	966
may do any of the following:	967
(1) Make loans as provided in section 1733.25 of the	968
Revised Code;	969
(2) Invest its money as provided in section 1733.30 of the	970
Revised Code;	971
(3) If authorized by the code of regulations, rebate to	972
the borrowing members a portion of the member's interest paid to	973
the credit union;	974
(4) If authorized by the regulations, charge a membership	975
or entrance fee not to exceed one dollar per member;	976
	0.7.7
(5) Purchase group savings life insurance and group credit	977
life insurance;	978
(6) Make reasonable contributions to any nonprofit civic,	979
charitable, or service organizations;	980
(7) Act as trustee or custodian, for which reasonable	981
compensation may be received, under any written trust instrument	982
or custodial agreement created or organized in the United States	983
and forming part of a tax-advantaged savings plan that qualifies	984
for specific tax treatment under sections 223, 401(d), 408,	985
408A, and 530 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 223,	986
401(d), 408, 408A, and 530, as amended, for its members or	987
groups of its members, provided that the funds of such plans are	988
invested in share accounts or share certificate accounts of the	989
credit union. These services include, but are not limited to,	990
acting as a trustee or custodian for member retirement,	991
education, or health savings accounts.	992

(8) Participate in and pledge assets in connection with
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the business linked deposit program under sections 135.77 to
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135.774 of the Revised Code and the agricultural linked deposit
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program under sections 135.71 to 135.76 of the Revised Code.
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(B) The authority of a credit union shall be subject to997the following:

(1) A credit union may not borrow money in excess of
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twenty-five per cent of its shares and undivided earnings,
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without prior specific authorization by the superintendent of
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credit unions.

(2) A credit union may not pay a commission or other
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compensation to any person for securing members or for the sale
of its shares, except that reasonable incentives may be made
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available directly to members or potential members to promote
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thrift.

(3) (C) (1) A credit union, subject to the approval of the1008superintendent, may have service facilities other than its home1009office.1010

(4) (2) Real estate may be acquired by lease, purchase, or 1011 otherwise as necessary and to the extent required for use of the 1012 credit union presently and in the future operation of its office 1013 or headquarters, and in case of a purchase of real estate, the 1014 superintendent must first be notified in writing prior to the 1015 purchase of the real estate. The superintendent shall notify the 1016 credit union not more than thirty days after receipt of the 1017 notification to purchase the real estate if the purchase is-1018 denied, approved, or modified. If the superintendent does not 1019 respond within thirty days after receipt of the notification to 1020 purchase the real estate, it shall be deemed approved. Nothing 1021

herein contained shall be deemed to prohibit a credit union from1022taking title to real estate in connection with a default in the1023payment of a loan, provided that title to such real estate shall1024not be held by the credit union for more than two years without1025the prior written approval of the superintendent. A credit union1026also may lease space in any real estate it acquires in1027accordance with rules adopted by the superintendent.1028

(C) (D) (1) As used in division (C) (D) of this section: 1029

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- (a) "School" means an elementary or secondary school. 1030
- (b) "Student" means a child enrolled in a school.

(c) "Student branch" means the designation provided to the
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 credit union for the in-school services and financial education
 offered to students.

(2) A credit union, upon agreement with a school board, in
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the case of a public school, or the governing authority, in the
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case of a nonpublic school, and with the permission of the
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superintendent, may open and maintain a student branch.
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(3) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section,
any student enrolled in the school maintaining a student branch
who is not otherwise qualified for membership in the credit
union maintaining the student branch is qualified to be a member
1042
of that student branch.

(4) The student's membership in the student branch expires 1044upon the student's graduation from secondary school. 1045

(5) The student branch is for the express use of students
and may not be used by faculty, staff, or lineal ancestors or
descendents of students.

(6) Faculty, staff, or lineal ancestors or descendents of 1049

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students are not eligible for membership in the credit union	1050
maintaining the student branch unless otherwise qualified by	1051
this section to be members.	1052
(7) The superintendent may adopt rules appropriate to the	1053
formation and operation of student branches.	1054
<del>(D) <u>(</u>E) A</del> credit union may guarantee the signature of a	1055
member in connection with a transaction involving tangible or	1056
intangible property in which a member has or seeks to acquire an	1057
interest.	1058
Sec. 1733.041. Each credit union operating under this	1059
chapter or otherwise authorized to do business in this state	1060
shall obtain insurance for the protection of their members'	1061
accounts. Such share guarantee insurance may be obtained from	1062
the national credit union administration operating under the	1063

"Federal Credit Union Act," 84 Stat. 994 (1970), 12 U.S.C. 1751, 1064
and any amendments thereto, or from the national deposit a 1065
credit union share guaranty corporation, established under 1066
Chapter 1761. of the Revised Code, or from any insurer qualified 1067
under the laws of this state to write such insurance. 1068

Sec. 1733.05. (A) Persons otherwise gualifying for 1069 membership in a credit union under this section, the articles, 1070 and the regulations, and who are elected to membership by the 1071 board of directors, shall become members of a credit union, 1072 provided that in lieu of electing persons to membership, the 1073 board of directors may elect or appoint one or more membership 1074 officers and delegate authority to any such membership officer 1075 to accept persons into membership. 1076

(B) <u>No (1) A person shall qualified for membership may</u> 1077 become a member of a credit union who has not subscribed to or 1078

purchased at least one upon the occurrence of any of the	1079
following:	1080
<u>(a) The purchase of a membership share of such in the</u>	1081
credit union as provided in the credit union's bylaws;	1082
(b) The payment of an entrance fee established from time	1083
to time by the board of directors of the credit union;	1084
(c) The purchase of one or more shares in the credit union	1085
as provided in the credit union's bylaws.	1086
(2) Each member is responsible for maintaining a current	1087
address with the credit union.	1088
(C) The membership of a credit union shall be limited to	1089
groups having a common bond of occupation or association or	1090
groups within a well-defined neighborhood, community, or rural	1091
district; however, except as otherwise provided in the articles	1092
or regulations, a person shall be deemed to retain affiliation	1093
with the credit union so long as <del>he <u>the person</u> remains a member</del>	1094
of the credit union even though no longer within the field of	1095
membership.	1096
(D) Unless otherwise provided in the articles of	1097
incorporation or the code of regulations, and subject to such	1098
conditions as the superintendent of credit unions may establish,	1099
groups composed of persons within the field of membership of a	1100
credit union may become members of such credit union.	1101
(1) Any credit union may, with the approval of the	1102
superintendent, pursuant to section 1733.33 of the Revised Code,	1103
amend its articles of incorporation and, if appropriate, its	1104
code of regulations, to permit select groups having a common	1105
bond of occupation or association or select groups within a	1106
well-defined neighborhood, community, or rural district, to	1107

become members of such credit union in accordance with rules 1108 adopted by the superintendent. 1109

(2) Before the select group is permitted membership in acredit union, the superintendent must approve, in writing, boththe select group and the credit union.1112

(E) With the approval of the superintendent, any select 1113 group, within a field of membership and described in division 1114 (D) (1) of this section, may disaffiliate from the credit union 1115 with which it is associated if a majority of the persons within 1116 the select group vote for disaffiliation. Any such proposed 1117 disaffiliation must be pursuant to a written plan approved by 1118 the superintendent. This plan shall be distributed to such 1119 persons in advance of the vote on the proposed disaffiliation, 1120 which plan must have due regard for the equitable division of 1121 assets and liabilities, including share accounts and loans of 1122 the select group seeking to disaffiliate, and any other 1123 consideration required by the superintendent. 1124

(F) Credit unions qualified to do business in this statehave a common bond of association for the purpose of forming andoperating a corporate credit union.

(G) No interstate charter amendment, conversion, merger, 1128 or other expansion of a credit union field of membership shall 1129 be authorized without the approval of all supervisory 1130 authorities affected, whether state or federal, in accordance 1131 with rules adopted by the superintendent in terms of 1132 administrative control and authority, the location of the 1133 surviving credit union in the case of a merger, or the home 1134 office in the case of an expansion, is controlling. 1135

Sec. 1733.051. (A) The senior management officials of a 1136

credit union may terminate the membership of, or some or all	1137
services to, a member of the credit union, if the member does	1138
any of the following:	1139
(1) Causes a loss to the credit union;	1140
(1) causes a 1055 to the credit union,	1140
(2) Commits fraud or any similar misdeed against the	1141
credit union or against any person on the premises of the credit	1142
union;	1143
(3) Engages in inappropriate behavior involving another	1144
person, such as physical or verbal abuse of another member or an	1145
employee of the credit union;	1146
(4) Otherwise engages in conduct detrimental to the credit	1147
union.	1148
(B) A member that has its membership terminated or	1149
services suspended under division (A) of this section may,	1150
within ninety days after the termination or suspension, appeal	1151
the action to the board of directors of the credit union. The	1152
board may affirm, disaffirm, or modify the action, and its	1153
decision is final.	1154
Sec. 1733.13. (A) Each voting member present in person, by	1155
proxy, <del>or </del> by mail ballot <u>, by electronic ballot, or as otherwise</u>	1156
prescribed by a credit union's bylaws is entitled to cast one	1157
vote, irrespective of the number of shares the member owns, on	1158
each matter properly submitted to the members for their vote,	1159
consent, waiver, release, or other action.	1160
(B) The chairperson of the board, the president, any vice-	1161
president, secretary, or treasurer of any association member of	1162
the credit union shall conclusively be presumed to have	1163

the credit union shall conclusively be presumed to have1163authority to cast the vote of such association member and to1164appoint proxies and execute consents, waivers, releases, on its1165

behalf, unless before a vote is taken or a consent, waiver, or 1166 release is acted upon, it appears by a certified copy of the 1167 code of regulations, bylaws, or a resolution of the trustees, 1168 directors, or executive committee of the said association 1169 member, that such authority does not exist or is vested in some 1170 other officer or person. For the purposes of this section, a 1171 person exercising such authority as such officer is prima-facie 1172 to be considered duly elected, qualified, and acting as such 1173 officer. 1174

(C) If the articles or regulations so provide, any person,
who is entitled to attend a members' meeting to vote thereat, or
to execute consents, waivers, or releases, may:

(1) Vote thereat, and execute consents, waivers, and 1178 releases, and exercise any of the person's other rights, by mail 1179 ballot delivered to, or electronic ballot received by, the 1180 office of the credit union at least seven days prior to the date 1181 set for the meeting. At least thirty days' notice shall be given 1182 to all eligible members of the date set for such meeting. No 1183 mail ballot or electronic ballot shall be valid after the 1184 expiration of eleven months after delivery to or receipt by the 1185 credit union. The form of any mail ballot or electronic ballot 1186 shall comply with criteria established by the superintendent of 1187 financial institutions or have the prior written approval of the 1188 superintendent of credit unions. 1189

(2) Be represented at such meeting or vote thereat, and
execute consents, waivers, and releases, and exercise any of the
person's other rights, by proxy or proxies appointed by a
writing signed by such person. No appointment of a proxy shall
be valid after the expiration of eleven months after it is made.
The form of any proxy shall comply with criteria established by

the superintendent or have the prior written approval of the	1196
superintendent.	1197
Sec. 1733.14. The quorum for a members' meeting, which may	1198
be set forth in the articles or regulations of a credit union,	1199
shall include those members present and eligible to vote as	1200
provided in section 1733.13 of the Revised Code. Unless the	1201
articles or regulations otherwise provide:	1202
(A) <del>Ten <u>One</u> per cent of the voting members of a credit</del>	1203
union, whether they are present in person, by mail ballot, or by	1204
<del>proxy</del> or twenty-five, whichever is lower, constitutes a quorum	1205
at any meeting of members-constitute a quorum for such meeting.	1206
(B) The act of a majority of the voting members	1207
represented in person, by mail ballot, <del>or <u>by electronic ballot</u>,</del>	1208
by proxy, or as otherwise prescribed by a credit union's bylaws,	1209
at a meeting at which a quorum is present shall control, but no	1210
action required by law, the articles, or regulations to be	1211
authorized or taken by a designated proportion of the members	1212
may be authorized or taken by a lesser proportion.	1213
(C) The voting members represented at a meeting, whether	1214
or not a quorum is present, may adjourn such meeting from time	1215
to time.	1216
Sec. 1733.152. (A) The board of directors of a credit	1217
union may, in its discretion, appoint one or more associate	1218
directors to serve in an advisory, ex officio capacity. The	1219
board shall prescribe the duties of an associate director and	1220
the manner in which associate directors are appointed and	1221
removed.	1222
(B) Prior to appointing an associate director, the board	1223
shall confirm that the person meets all of the requirements to	1224

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1225 serve as a director. (C) An associate director may participate in meetings of 1226 the board but may not vote or otherwise act as a director. An 1227 associate director shall not be considered a director for 1228 1229 purposes of this chapter. (D) The board shall require each associate director to 1230 sign a confidentiality agreement to ensure that information 1231 concerning the credit union remains confidential. 1232 Sec. 1733.16. Unless otherwise provided in the articles, 1233 regulations, or bylaws, and subject to the exceptions applicable 1234 during an emergency, as that term is defined in section 1733.01 1235 of the Revised Code: 1236 (A) Meetings of the directors may be called by the 1237 chairperson, vice-chairperson, president, or any vice-president 1238 of the board or any two directors. 1239 (B) Regularly scheduled meetings of the directors shall be 1240 held in the manner prescribed by the credit union's code of 1241 regulations, but not less frequently than quarterly. 1242 (C) Meetings of the directors may be held within or 1243 without the state. Unless the articles or regulations prohibit 1244 1245 participation by directors at a meeting by means of communication equipment, meetings of the directors may be held 1246 1247 through any communication equipment if all the persons participating can hear each other, and participation in the 1248 meeting pursuant to this division constitutes presence at the 1249 meeting. 1250 (C) (D) Notice of the place, if any, and time of each 1251

(c)(D)Notice of the place, if any, and time of each1251meeting of the directors shall be given to each director either1252by personal delivery or by mail, telegram, cablegram, overnight1253

delivery service, or any other means of communication authorized1254by the director at least two days before the meeting, unless1255otherwise specified in the regulations or bylaws. The notice1256described in this division need not specify the purpose of the1257meeting.1258

(D) (E) Notice of adjournment of a meeting need not be1259given, if the time and place to which it is adjourned are fixed1260and announced at the meeting.1261

1262 Sec. 1733.19. (A) The regulations may provide for the creation by the directors of an executive committee consisting 1263 of not less than three directors, and may authorize the 1264 delegation to any such committee of any of the authority of 1265 directors other than any action requiring more than a majority 1266 vote of the board of directors; provided, that the executive 1267 committee shall exercise only such authority in the interim 1268 between the meetings of the board and shall make a full report 1269 of, and the board shall review, all actions taken at any meeting 1270 of such committee at the next regular meeting of the board of 1271 directors following the meeting of the executive committee. 1272

(B) Unless the articles or regulations provide a different 1273 method for the establishment of a supervisory audit committee, 1274 the board of directors shall appoint a supervisory audit 1275 committee of not less than three individual voting members for 1276 such term as is provided in the regulations. The committee shall 1277 audit the books of the credit union at least annually, using 1278 generally accepted auditing procedures and standards, and shall 1279 report its findings to the board. Under the supervision of the 1280 supervisory audit committee, accounts showing installment 1281 payments by members upon shares of the credit union shall be 1282 verified at least annually. 1283

(C) In lieu of the appointment of a supervisory audit
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committee as provided in division (B) of this section, the board
of directors may employ a public accountant or a firm of public
accountants to perform the functions of a supervisory audit
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committee. The board of directors may appoint an audit committee
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to oversee the public accountant or firm of public accountants.

(D) The superintendent of credit unions may require at any
time that a credit union have its accounts audited in accordance
1291
with generally accepted auditing standards by an outside
auditor. The outside auditor shall be retained, and expense of
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any such audit shall be paid, by the credit union.
1294

(E) (1) Unless the articles or regulations provide for the 1295 appointment of loan officers in lieu of a credit committee, the 1296 board of directors shall appoint, or the members shall elect, a 1297 credit committee composed of not less than three individual 1298 voting members, which committee shall have such powers in the 1299 granting of loans and the supervision of lending practices as 1300 shall be delegated to it by the articles, regulations, or 1301 resolutions of the board of directors. The credit committee 1302 shall make regular reports of their activities to the board of 1303 directors, and the board of directors shall review the reports. 1304

(2) The credit committee may be delegated the authority to1305appoint one or more loan officers, and delegate to them power to1306approve loans within limits fixed by the regulations, bylaws, or1307resolutions of the board of directors. Such loan officers also1308may be loan originators registered with the nationwide mortgage1309licensing system and registry as provided in section 1733.352 of1310the Revised Code.1311

(3) If loan officers are appointed pursuant to division1312(E) (2) of this section, all applications for loans denied by a1313

loan officer may be reviewed by the credit committee, and the	1314
approval of the majority of the members of the committee who are	1315
present at the meeting when the review is undertaken shall be	1316
required to reverse the decision of the loan officer, provided	1317
that a majority of the full committee is present.	1318
(4) In the absence of a credit committee, the board shall,	1319
upon the written request of a member, review a loan application	1320
denied by a loan officer.	1321
(F) If the articles or regulations so provide, a credit	1322
union may establish an advisory board consisting of persons	1323
selected by the board of directors or their designee. Persons	1324
serving on the advisory board need not be members of the credit	1325
union, they may be paid per diem not exceeding thirty dollars	1326
per day and expenses for their services on such board, and their	1327
duties shall be to make recommendations on financial and policy	1328
matters of the credit union.	1329
(G) A credit union may establish such other committee or	1330
committees as shall be provided for in the articles,	1331
regulations, bylaws, or by resolution of the board of directors.	1332
Sec. 1733.22. (A) No officer, director, or employee of any-	1333
credit union shall receive any commission, salary, or other-	1334
emolument for services arising out of the officer's, director's,	1335
or employee's association with the credit union except per diem,	1336
wages, or salary which the officer, director, or employee-	1337
receives, subject to rules adopted under section 1733.411 of the	1338
Revised Code, as compensation for services to the credit union.	1339
(B) No director or member of any committee shall receive	1340

any compensation for services as such; however, unless otherwise 1341 provided in the articles or regulations, a <u>A</u>credit union may 1342

provide, at its expense, a director or committee member	1343
reasonable health, accident, and related types of personal	1344
insurance protection. A director or committee member is	1345
entitled, subject to rules adopted under section 1733.411 of the	1346
Revised Code and when so authorized by the board of directors,	1347
to reimbursement for the director's or committee member's	1348
expenses incurred in connection with the business of the credit	1349
union.	1350
(B) A credit union may provide any of the following to its_	1351
directors and supervisory audit committee members:	1352
	1050
(1) Reasonable compensation for their service as directors	1353
or supervisory audit committee members;	1354
(2) Gifts of minimal value;	1355
(3) Insurance coverage or other benefits that are	1356
available to employees generally;	1357
(4) Reimbursement for reasonable expenses incurred on	1358
behalf of themselves and their spouses in the performance of	1359
their duties as directors or supervisory audit committee	1360
members.	1361
(C) The superintendent of financial institutions may, in	1362
accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, adopt any rule	1363
necessary for the implementation of this section.	1364
	1005
Sec. 1733.24. (A) A credit union is authorized to receive	1365
funds for deposit in share accounts, share draft accounts, and	1366
share certificates from its members, from other credit unions,	1367
and from an officer, employee, or agent of the federal, state,	1368
or local governments, or political subdivisions of the state, in	1369
accordance with such terms, rates, and conditions as may be	1370
established by its board of directors, and for purposes of the	1371

agricultural linked deposit program created under sections 1372 135.71 to 135.76 of the Revised Code and the business linked 1373 deposit program created under sections 135.77 to 135.774 of the 1374 Revised Code. 1375

(B) The shares and share accounts of the credit union may 1376 be of one or more classes, as designated by the board of 1377 directors, subject to approval of the superintendent of credit 1378 unions based on rules that shall assure equitable distribution 1379 of dividends among classes, considering costs and advantages of 1380 each class to the members of the credit union, including without 1381 limitation special services rendered, length of ownership, 1382 minimum investment, conditions of repurchase, and other 1383 appropriate standards or combinations thereof. In the event the 1384 articles of incorporation of the credit union indicate the 1385 authorized number of shares to be unlimited, the designation of 1386 classification of shares and share accounts of the credit union 1387 may be effected by the board of directors, subject to the 1388 approval of the superintendent, and does not require amendment 1389 of the articles of incorporation. All shares of the credit union 1390 shall have a par value per share as set by the board of 1391 1392 directors. Redemptions and liquidating dividends shall be prorated to each member on the basis of the price paid the 1393 credit union for such share, irrespective of the class of such 1394 shares. 1395

(C) (1) Each credit union shall have one class of shares 1396 designated as "membership share." The membership shares, or if a 1397 credit union has but one class of shares, then all of the shares 1398 of the credit union, shall have a par value as set by the board 1399 of directors. 1400

(2) Two or more persons that are eligible for membership

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that have jointly subscribed for one or more shares under a

Page 50

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1430

that have jointly subscribed for one of more share	
joint account each may be admitted to membership.	1403
(D) A credit union need not issue certificate	es for any or 1404
all of its classes of shares but irrespective of w	whether 1405
certificates are issued, a registry of shares must	: be kept, 1406
including all of the transactions of the credit un	nion pertaining 1407
to such shares.	1408
(E) A credit union is authorized to maintain	share draft 1409
accounts in accordance with rules prescribed by th	ne 1410
superintendent. The credit union may pay dividends	s on share 1411
draft accounts, may pay dividends at different rat	tes on 1412
different types of share draft accounts, and may p	permit the 1413
owners of such share draft accounts to make withdr	rawals by 1414
negotiable or transferable instruments or other or	eders for the 1415
purpose of making transfers to third parties.	1416
(F) Unless otherwise provided by written agre	eement of the 1417
parties, the rights, responsibilities, and liabili	ties attaching 1418
to a share draft withdrawn from, transferred to, c	or otherwise 1419
handled by a credit union are defined in and gover	rned by 1420
Chapters 1303. and 1304. of the Revised Code, as i	f the credit 1421
union were a bank.	1422
(G) Unless otherwise provided in the articles	s or 1423
regulations, a member may designate any person or	persons to own 1424
or hold shares, or share accounts with the member	in joint 1425
tenancy with right of survivorship and not as tena	ants in common. 1426
(H) Shares or share accounts may be issued ir	n the name of 1427
a custodian under the Ohio transfers to minors act	a member in 1428
trust for a beneficiary, a fiduciary or custodian	in trust for a 1429
	1400

member beneficiary, or a fiduciary or custodian in trust upon

the death of a member. Redemption of such shares or payment of 1431 such share accounts to a member, to the extent of the payment, 1432 discharges the liability of the credit union to the member and 1433 the beneficiary, and the credit union shall be under no 1434 obligation to see to the application of the payment. Unless 1435 prior to the death of a member, the member has notified the 1436 1437 credit union in writing in a form approved by the credit union of a different beneficiary to receive the proceeds of such 1438 shares or share accounts, then the proceeds shall be paid to the 1439 beneficiary or to the beneficiary's parent or legal 1440 representative. Any payment made pursuant to written 1441 instructions of the member or pursuant to the provisions herein 1442 contained shall be a valid and sufficient release and discharge 1443 of the credit union in connection with any such share or share 1444 accounts. 1445

(I) (1) Except as otherwise provided in the articles or 1446
regulations, and subject to the provisions thereof, a minor may 1447
purchase shares, share accounts, or other depository 1448
instruments, and except for qualification as a voting member, 1449
the credit union may deal with the minor with respect to shares, 1450
share accounts, or other depository instruments owned by the 1451
minor as if the minor were a person of legal age. 1452

(2) If shares, share accounts, or other depository
instruments are issued in the name of a minor, redemption of any
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part or all of the shares or withdrawal of funds by payment to
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the minor of the shares or funds and any declared dividends or
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interest releases the credit union from all obligation to the
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minor as to the shares reduced or funds withdrawn.

(J) The regulations may require advance written notice of 1459a member's intention to withdraw the member's shares. Such 1460

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advance notice shall not exceed sixty days.

(K) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary,1462funds deposited in a share account, share certificate, or in any1463other manner pursuant to a program offered by a credit union to1464promote consumer savings do not constitute valuable1465consideration for purposes of a scheme of chance under Chapter14662915. of the Revised Code.1467

Sec. 1733.32. (A)(1) The superintendent of financial 1468 institutions shall see that the laws relating to credit unions 1469 are executed and enforced. 1470

(2) The deputy superintendent for credit unions shall be 1471 the principal supervisor of credit unions. In that position, the 1472 deputy superintendent for credit unions shall, notwithstanding 1473 division (A) (3) of this section, be responsible for conducting 1474 examinations and preparing examination reports under that 1475 division. In addition, the deputy superintendent for credit 1476 unions shall, notwithstanding sections 1733.191, 1733.41, 1477 1733.411, and 1733.412 of the Revised Code, have the authority 1478 to adopt rules in accordance with those sections, and, 1479 notwithstanding section 1733.05 of the Revised Code, shall have 1480 the authority to approve issues and matters pertaining to fields 1481 of membership. In performing or exercising any of the 1482 examination, rule-making, or other regulatory functions, powers, 1483 or duties vested by division (A)(2) of this section in the 1484 deputy superintendent for credit unions, the deputy 1485 superintendent for credit unions shall be subject to the control 1486 of the superintendent of financial institutions. 1487

(3) The superintendent of financial institutions shall
develop and implement a system for evaluating the safety and
soundness of credit unions and for determining when examinations
1490

and supervisory actions are necessary. Credit Except as 1491 otherwise provided in section 1733.328 of the Revised Code, 1492 <u>credit</u> unions shall be subject to periodic examinations, as 1493 specified in rules adopted by the superintendent, and their 1494 books, records, and accounts shall be open to the inspection of 1495 the superintendent at all times. For the purpose of such 1496 examination or inspection, the superintendent may subpoena 1497 witnesses, administer oaths, receive testimony, and order the 1498 submission of documents. 1499

Page 53

(B) Every credit union shall prepare and submit, on forms 1500 provided by the superintendent, a financial report to the 1501 superintendent showing its assets and liabilities whenever 1502 requested to do so by the superintendent. Every financial report 1503 shall be verified by the oaths of the two principal officers in 1504 charge of the affairs of the credit union at the time of such 1505 verification and shall be submitted to the superintendent within 1506 thirty days after the superintendent requests the financial 1507 report. 1508

(C) An annual financial report of the affairs and business
of the credit union, showing its condition as of the thirtyfirst day of December unless otherwise authorized by the
superintendent, shall be filed with the superintendent not later
than the date authorized in the rules adopted by the
superintendent.

(D) If a financial report or an annual financial report is 1515
not filed with the superintendent in accordance with division 1516
(B) or (C) of this section, the superintendent may do both of 1517
the following: 1518

(1) Assess a fine, determined by rule adopted by thesuperintendent, for each day the report is in arrears;1520

(2) If the superintendent gives written notice to the
president of the credit union of the superintendent's intention
to do so, issue an order revoking the credit union's articles of
incorporation and appointing a liquidating agent to liquidate
the credit union in accordance with section 1733.37 of the
Revised Code.

(E) (1) Except as provided in division (E) (2) of this 1527 section, each credit union doing business in this state shall 1528 remit, semiannually and within fifteen days after billing, to 1529 1530 the treasurer of state, a supervisory fee in an amount determined by the superintendent and confirmed by the credit 1531 union council. The supervisory fee described in division (E)(1) 1532 of this section shall be based on a percentage of the gross 1533 assets of the credit union as shown by its last annual financial 1534 report filed with the superintendent in accordance with division 1535 (C) of this section. The minimum supervisory fee shall be 1536 determined by the superintendent and confirmed by the credit 1537 union council. 1538

(2) Each corporate credit union doing business in this 1539 state shall remit, semiannually and within fifteen days after 1540 billing, to the treasurer of state, a supervisory fee determined 1541 by rule adopted by the superintendent and confirmed by the 1542 credit union council. The aggregate annual amount of the fee 1543 shall not exceed the annual operating fee that the national 1544 credit union administration charges a federally chartered credit 1545 union pursuant to the "Federal Credit Union Act," 84 Stat. 994 1546 (1970), 12 U.S.C.A. 1751. 1547

(3) The superintendent annually shall present to the
credit union council for confirmation the supervisory fees to be
billed credit unions and corporate credit unions pursuant to
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Page 55

1551

#### division (E) of this section.

(4) If any supervisory fee is not remitted in accordance
with division (E)(1) or (2) of this section, the superintendent
may assess a fine, determined by rule adopted by the
superintendent, for each day that each fee is in arrears.

(5) (a) Subject to division (E) (5) (b) of this section, the 1556 total amount of each semiannual billing to all credit unions and 1557 corporate credit unions combined shall equal one-half of the 1558 1559 appropriation made by the main operating appropriation act, including any modifications made by the controlling board, to 1560 the division of financial institutions for the regulation of 1561 credit unions for the fiscal year in which the billings occur, 1562 except that the superintendent, in determining the supervisory 1563 fees, may take into consideration any funds lapsed from the 1564 appropriation made in the previous fiscal year. 1565

(b) If during the period between the credit union 1566 council's confirmation of supervisory fees and when supervisory 1567 fees described in this section are collected, the credit union 1568 council determines additional money is required to adequately 1569 fund the operations of the division of financial institutions 1570 for that fiscal year, the credit union council may, by the 1571 affirmative vote of five of its members, increase the 1572 supervisory fees billed. The superintendent promptly shall 1573 notify each credit union and corporate credit union of the 1574 increased supervisory fees, and each credit union or corporate 1575 credit union shall pay the increased supervisory fees billed by 1576 the superintendent. 1577

(6) The fees or fines collected pursuant to this section
shall be credited to the credit unions fund created in section
1579
1733.321 of the Revised Code.
1580

(F) A report of such examination shall be forwarded to the 1581 president of each credit union after the completion of the 1582 examination. The report may contain comments relative to the 1583 management of the affairs of the credit union and also as to the 1584 general condition of its assets. Within thirty days of the 1585 receipt of the report, a meeting of the directors shall be 1586 called to consider matters contained in the report, and the 1587 president shall notify the superintendent of any action taken at 1588 the meeting. 1589

(G) (1) The superintendent shall furnish reports of 1590 examinations or other appropriate information to any 1591 organization referred to in section 1733.041 of the Revised Code 1592 when requested by the organization and authorized by the credit 1593 union. The superintendent may charge a fee for such reports and 1594 other information as may be established by rules adopted by the 1595 superintendent. 1596

(2) A report of examination furnished pursuant to division 1597 (G) (1) of this section is the property of the division of credit 1598 unions and may be used by the examined credit union only in the 1599 conduct of its business. Under no circumstances may the credit 1600 union, its current or former directors, officers, employees, 1601 1602 agents, shareholders, participants in the conduct of its affairs, or their agents disclose or make public, in any manner, 1603 a report of examination or its contents. 1604

(H) Except as provided in this division, information
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obtained by the superintendent of financial institutions and the
superintendent's employees as a result of or arising out of the
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examination or independent audit of a credit union, from
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required reports, or because of their official position, shall
be confidential. Such information may be disclosed only in

Page 57

connection with criminal proceedings or, subject to section 1611 1733.327 of the Revised Code, when it is necessary for the 1612 superintendent to take official action pursuant to Chapter 1733. 1613 of the Revised Code and the rules adopted thereunder regarding 1614 the affairs of the credit union examined. Such information may 1615 also be introduced into evidence or disclosed when and in the 1616 manner authorized in section 1181.25 of the Revised Code. This 1617 division does not prevent the superintendent from properly 1618 exchanging information relating to an examined credit union 1619 pursuant to division (F) or (G) of this section, with officials 1620 of properly authorized state or federal financial institution 1621 regulatory authorities, with any insurer recognized under 1622 section 1733.041, or with any surety recognized under section 1623 1733.23 of the Revised Code. This division also does not prevent 1624 the superintendent from disclosing information contained in the 1625 financial reports or annual financial reports described in 1626 division (B) or (C) of this section to recognized credit union 1627 trade associations, to share guarantee insurance organizations, 1628 to federal or state agencies, or to the general public. 1629 Financial reports and annual financial reports described in 1630 divisions (B) and (C) of this section, call reports, or 1631 financial statements required to be filed with the division of 1632 financial institutions are public records for purposes of 1633 section 149.43 of the Revised Code. Information relating to the 1634 examination or independent audit of a credit union, other than 1635 information that is permitted to be disclosed by this section or 1636 is a public record, is not a public record for purposes of 1637 section 149.43 of the Revised Code. 1638

Sec. 1733.328. (A) Notwithstanding section 1733.32 of the1639Revised Code, and subject to division (B) of this section, the1640superintendent of financial institutions shall not conduct an1641

examination of a credit union more frequently than once every	1642
twenty-four-month cycle, if the credit union meets both of the	1643
following conditions:	1644
(1) It has assets of ten billion dollars or less.	1645
(2) Under the uniform financial institutions rating	1646
system, it maintains a composite rating of one.	1647
(B) The superintendent may conduct more frequent	1648
examinations if either of the following applies:	1649
(1) The superintendent has reasonable cause to believe	1650
that there is a risk of harm to the credit union and the	1651
examination of the credit union is necessary to fully determine	1652
the risk to the credit union or to determine how best to address	1653
the risk.	1654
(2) The superintendent participates with financial	1655
institution regulatory authorities of other states or the United	1656
States in a joint, concurrent, or coordinated examination.	1657
(C) A credit union's composite rating used for purposes of	1658
division (A)(2) of this section is not a public record under	1659
section 149.43 of the Revised Code.	1660
Sec. 1733.329. (A) There is hereby created in the division	1661
of financial institutions the credit union council, which shall	1662
consist of seven members. The deputy superintendent for credit	1663
unions shall be a member of the council and its chairperson. The	1664
governor, with the advice and consent of the senate, shall	1665
appoint the remaining six members.	1666
(B)(1) At least five of the six members appointed to the	1667
council shall have had credit union experience.	1668
(2) At least four of the six members appointed to the	1669

council shall be, at the time of appointment, individuals 1670 currently engaged in the exercise of duties, responsibilities, 1671 rights, and powers of a director or chief executive officer of a 1672 state-chartered credit union having its principal office in this 1673 state and doing business in this state pursuant to this chapter 1674 under the authority of the superintendent of financial 1675 institutions. 1676

(3) At least one of the six members appointed to the
council shall be a director or chief executive officer of a
state-chartered, federally insured credit union.
1679

(4) At least one of the six members appointed to the
council shall be a director or chief executive officer of a
state-chartered, privately insured credit union.
1682

(5) At least one of the six members appointed to the
council shall be a director or chief executive officer of a
state-chartered credit union with thirty five one hundred
million dollars or less in assets.

(6) At least one of the six members appointed to the1687council shall be a director or chief executive officer of a1688state-chartered credit union with more than fifty million1689dollars in assets.1690

(C) (1) Initial appointments to the council shall be made 1691 1692 within sixty days after the effective date of this section September 22, 2000. Of the initial appointments, two shall 1693 expire one year after the effective date of this section 1694 September 22, 2000, two shall expire two years after the 1695 effective date of this section September 22, 2000, and two shall 1696 expire three years after the effective date of this section 1697 September 22, 2000. Thereafter, terms of office shall be for 1698

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three years.

(2) Each member shall hold office from the date of 1700 appointment until the end of the term for which the member was 1701 appointed. In the case of a vacancy in the office of any member, 1702 the governor shall appoint a successor, who shall hold office 1703 for the remainder of the term for which the successor's 1704 predecessor was appointed. Any member shall continue in office 1705 subsequent to the expiration date of the member's term until the 1706 member's successor takes office, or until sixty days has 1707 elapsed, whichever occurs first. 1708

(3) If during a member's term on the council, the member
(3) If during a member's term on the council, the member
(3) If during a member's term on the council, the member
(3) If during a member's council shall be considered vacant.

(D) No person appointed as a member of the credit union
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council may serve more than two consecutive full terms. However,
a member may serve two consecutive full terms following the
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remainder of a term for which the member was appointed to fill a
vacancy or following any term for which the member was appointed
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prior to the effective date of this section September 22, 2000.

(E) (1) The council shall hold regular meetings at the time 1721 and place it fixes, but at least once every six months, and 1722 shall meet at any time on call of the deputy superintendent to 1723 conduct its business and to decide by vote of the members the 1724 location of future meetings. Each member shall be provided with 1725 written notice of the time and location of each council meeting 1726 at least two days prior to the scheduled date of the meeting, 1727 unless the council by resolution provides for a shorter time. 1728

Four of the members of the council constitute a quorum to 1729 transact and vote on all business coming before the council. 1730

(2) The council, by a majority vote of those present at a
meeting at which there is a quorum, may adopt and amend bylaws
and rules the council considers necessary and proper. The
council shall select one of its members as secretary, who shall
keep a record of all its proceedings.

(3) No member shall participate in a proceeding before the
(3) No member shall participate in a proceeding before the
(3) no member shall participate in a proceeding before the
(3) No member is or was
(4) No member is or was
(5) No member is or was
(6) No member is or was
(7) No member is o

(F) The members of the council shall receive no salary, 1742
but their expenses incurred in performance of their duties shall 1743
be paid from funds appropriated for that purpose. 1744

(G) The governor may remove any of the six members
appointed to the council whenever in the governor's judgment the
public interest requires removal. Upon removing a member of the
council, the governor shall file with the superintendent of
financial institutions a statement of the cause for the removal.

Sec. 1733.39. No credit union which is not organized under 1750 sections 1733.01 to 1733.45 of the Revised Code, or the "Federal 1751 Credit Union Act," 84 Stat. 994 (1970), 12 U.S.C. 1751, as 1752 amended, shall transact any business in this state until: 1753

(A) It submits to the superintendent of credit unions an
application for qualification in such form as shall be
prescribed by the superintendent. Such application shall be
accompanied by a copy of the articles of such credit union duly
1757

certified by, and under the seal of, the secretary of state, or 1758 other proper official, of the state under the laws of which the 1759 credit union was incorporated, which, when approved by the 1760 superintendent, shall be transmitted to the secretary of state 1761 for filing. 1762

(B) It furnishes to the superintendent a copy of its rulesduly certified by its president and secretary;1764

(C) It files with the superintendent a duly authorized and
 properly executed document appointing the superintendent as its
 agent for service of process in this state;

(D) It submits to the superintendent a filing fee of fifty 1768 dollars payable to the treasurer of state, which shall be 1769 credited to the division of credit unions fund; provided, that 1770 in no event shall the fees paid for qualification in this state 1771 by any credit union domiciled in another state be less than the 1772 fees required to be paid by a credit union domiciled in this 1773 state for qualification in the state of domicile of such other 1774 credit union; 1775

(E) (D) Obtains a license to transact business as a1776foreign credit union from the superintendent.1777

Sec. 1733.441. (A) Absent the express written permission1778of the credit union, no person shall use the name of a credit1779union in an advertisement, solicitation, promotional, or other1780material in a way that may mislead another person, or cause1781another person to be misled, into believing that the person1782issuing the advertisement, solicitation, promotional, or other1783material is associated or affiliated with the credit union.1784

(B) (1) Whoever violates division (A) of this section shall1785be subject to a civil penalty of up to ten thousand dollars for1786

each day the violation is committed, repeated, or continued.	1787
(2) A credit union injured by a violation of division (A)	1788
of this section may bring an action in law or equity for	1789
recovery of damages, a temporary restraining order, an	1790
injunction, or any other available remedy.	1791
Sec. 1733.53. (A) As used in this section, "bona fide	1792
error" means an unintentional clerical, calculation, computer	1793
malfunction or programming, or printing error.	1794
(B) A credit union or regulated individual shall not be	1795
held civilly liable in any action brought under this chapter or	1796
Chapter 1309., 1317., or 1345. of the Revised Code, and shall	1797
not be subject to any sanction by the superintendent of	1798
financial institutions, if all of the following conditions are	1799
met:	1800
(1) The credit union or individual shows by a	1801
preponderance of evidence that the compliance failure was not	1802
intentional and resulted from a bona fide error notwithstanding	1803
the maintenance of procedures reasonably adapted to avoid any	1804
such error.	1805
(2) Within sixty days after discovering the error, and	1806
prior to the initiation of any action by the superintendent or	1807
the receipt of written notice of the error from the member, the	1808
credit union or individual notifies the superintendent and the	1809
member of the error and the manner in which the credit union or	1810
individual intends to make full restitution to the member.	1811
(3) The credit union or individual promptly makes	1812
reasonable restitution to the member.	1813
(C) If, in the event of a compliance failure, the credit	1814
union or regulated individual does not meet the conditions set	1815

forth in division (B) of this section, a member injured by the	1816
error has a cause of action to recover damages. Such an action	1817
may not, however, be maintained as a class action.	1818
Section 2. That existing sections 1101.05, 1109.20,	1819
1121.10, 1125.23, 1181.08, 1322.01, 1322.07, 1322.09, 1322.12,	1820
1322.34, 1322.40, 1322.50, 1733.01, 1733.04, 1733.041, 1733.05,	1821
1733.13, 1733.14, 1733.16, 1733.19, 1733.22, 1733.24, 1733.32,	1822
1733.329, and 1733.39 and section 1733.26 of the Revised Code	1823
are hereby repealed.	1824
Section 3. Sections 1321.51 to 1321.60 of the Revised	1825
Code, as amended or enacted by Sub. H.B. 199 of the 132nd	1826
General Assembly, shall be known as the "General Loan Law."	1827