## As Reported by the House Community and Family Advancement Committee

132nd General Assembly Regular Session 2017-2018

Sub. H. B. No. 511

**Representatives Lanese, Rogers** 

Cosponsors: Representatives Rezabek, Antonio, Fedor, LaTourette

# A BILL

Т	o amend sections 3101.01, 3101.04, and 3101.05, to	1
	enact new section 3101.02 and sections 3101.041,	2
	3101.042, and 3109.011, and to repeal sections	3
	3101.02 and 3101.03 of the Revised Code to make	4
	changes to the laws governing the ages at which	5
	persons may marry.	6

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 3101.01, 3101.04, and 3101.05 be	7
amended and new section 3101.02 and sections 3101.041, 3101.042,	8
and 3109.011 of the Revised Code be enacted to read as follows:	9
Sec. 3101.01. (A) Male Except as provided in section	10
3101.02 of the Revised Code, only male persons of the age of	11
eighteen years, and <u>only</u> female persons of the age of <del>sixteen</del>	12
eighteen years, not nearer of kin than second cousins, and not	13
having a husband or wife living, may be joined in marriage. A	14
marriage may only be entered into by one man and one woman.—A—	15
minor shall first obtain the consent of the minor's parents,	16
surviving parent, parent who is designated the residential	17
parent and legal custodian of the minor by a court of competent	18

jurisdiction, guardian, or any one of the following who has been	19
awarded permanent custody of the minor by a court exercising	20
juvenile jurisdiction:	21
(1) An adult person;	22
(2) The department of job and family services or any child	23
welfare organization certified by the department;	24
(3) A public children services agency.	25
(B) For the purposes of division (A) of this section, a	26
minor shall not be required to obtain the consent of a parent	27
who resides in a foreign country, has neglected or abandoned the	28
minor for a period of one year or longer immediately preceding	29
the minor's application for a marriage license, has been-	30
adjudged incompetent, is an inmate of a state mental or-	31
correctional institution, has been permanently deprived of	32
parental rights and responsibilities for the care of the minor-	33
and the right to have the minor live with the parent and to be-	34
the legal custodian of the minor by a court exercising juvenile-	35
jurisdiction, or has been deprived of parental rights and	36
responsibilities for the care of the minor and the right to have	37
the minor live with the parent and to be the legal custodian of	38
the minor by the appointment of a guardian of the person of the	39
minor by the probate court or by another court of competent	40
jurisdiction.	41
(C) (1) Any marriage between persons of the same sex is	42
against the strong public policy of this state. Any marriage	43
between persons of the same sex shall have no legal force or	44
effect in this state and, if attempted to be entered into in	45
this state, is void ab initio and shall not be recognized by	46
this state.	47

(2) Any marriage entered into by persons of the same sex
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in any other jurisdiction shall be considered and treated in all
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respects as having no legal force or effect in this state and
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shall not be recognized by this state.

(3) The recognition or extension by the state of the specific statutory benefits of a legal marriage to nonmarital relationships between persons of the same sex or different sexes is against the strong public policy of this state. Any public act, record, or judicial proceeding of this state, as defined in section 9.82 of the Revised Code, that extends the specific statutory benefits of legal marriage to nonmarital relationships between persons of the same sex or different sexes is void ab initio. Nothing in division  $\frac{(C)}{(B)}$  (3) of this section shall be construed to do either of the following:

(a) Prohibit the extension of specific benefits otherwise enjoyed by all persons, married or unmarried, to nonmarital relationships between persons of the same sex or different sexes, including the extension of benefits conferred by any statute that is not expressly limited to married persons, which includes but is not limited to benefits available under Chapter 4117. of the Revised Code;

(b) Affect the validity of private agreements that are69otherwise valid under the laws of this state.70

(4) Any public act, record, or judicial proceeding of any
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other state, country, or other jurisdiction outside this state
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that extends the specific benefits of legal marriage to
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nonmarital relationships between persons of the same sex or
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different sexes shall be considered and treated in all respects
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as having no legal force or effect in this state and shall not
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be recognized by this state.

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Sec. 3101.02. (A) If both persons to be joined in marriage	78
are the age of seventeen years, they may be joined in marriage	79
only if the juvenile court has filed a consent to the marriage	80
under section 3101.04 of the Revised Code.	81
(B) If only one person is the age of seventeen years, that	82
person may be joined in marriage only if both of the following	83
apply:	84
(1) The juvenile court has filed a consent to the marriage	85
under section 3101.04 of the Revised Code.	86
(2) The other person to be joined in marriage is not more	87
than four years older.	88
Sec. 3101.04. When the juvenile court files a consent to	89
marriage pursuant to the juvenile rules, the probate court may	90
thereupon-issue a license not earlier than fourteen calendar	91
days after the juvenile court files the consent, notwithstanding	92
either or both the contracting parties for the marital relation	93
are under the minimum age prescribed in section 3101.01 of the	94
Revised Code of seventeen years. The license shall not issue	95
until section 3101.05 of the Revised Code has been complied	96
with, and until such child has been born, or it is found beyond	97
doubt by the juvenile court that the minor female is pregnant	98
and intends to have the child.	99
Sec. 3101.041. In determining whether to file the consent_	100
under section 3101.04 of the Revised Code, the juvenile court	101
shall do all of the following:	102
(A) Consult with any of the following for each party to	103
the intended marriage who is seventeen years of age:	104
(1) A parent;	105

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(2) A surviving parent;	106
(3) A parent who is designated the residential parent and	107
legal custodian by a court of competent jurisdiction;	108
(4) A guardian;	109
(5) Either of the following who has been awarded permanent	110
custody by a court exercising juvenile jurisdiction:	111
(a) An adult person;	112
(b) The department of job and family services or any child	113
welfare organization certified by the department.	114
(B) Appoint an attorney as guardian ad litem for each	115
party to the intended marriage who is seventeen years of age;	116
(C) Determine all of the following:	117
(1) Each party to the intended marriage who is seventeen	118
years of age has entered the armed services of the United	119
States, has become employed and self-subsisting, or has	120
otherwise become independent from the care and control of the	121
party's parent, guardian, or custodian.	122
(2) For each party to the intended marriage who is	123
seventeen years of age, the decision of that party to marry is	124
free from force or coercion.	125
(3) The intended marriage and the emancipation under	126
section 3101.042 of the Revised Code is in the best interests of	127
each party to the intended marriage who is seventeen years of	128
age.	129
Sec. 3101.042. When the juvenile court files a consent to	130
marriage pursuant to the juvenile rules, the court shall also	131
issue an order regarding each party to the marriage who is	132

seventeen years of age. The court order shall specify that the	133
party has the capacity of an eighteen-year-old person as	134
described in section 3109.011 of the Revised Code.	135
Sec. 3101.05. (A) The parties to a marriage shall make an	136
application for a marriage license. Each of the persons seeking	130
a marriage license shall personally appear in the probate court	137
within the county where either resides, or, if neither is a	130
resident of this state, where the marriage is expected to be	140
solemnized. If neither party is a resident of this state, the	140
marriage may be solemnized only in the county where the license	142
is obtained. Each party shall make application and shall state	143
upon oath, the party's name, age, residence, place of birth,	144
occupation, father's name, and mother's maiden name, if known,	145
and the name of the person who is expected to solemnize the	146
marriage. If either party has been previously married, the	147
application shall include the names of the parties to any	148
previous marriage and of any minor children, and if divorced the	149
jurisdiction, date, and case number of the decree. If either	150
applicant is <del>under t</del> he age of <del>eighteen <u>seventeen</u> years, the</del>	151
judge shall require the applicants to state that they received	152
marriage counseling satisfactory to the court. Except as	153
otherwise provided in this division, the application also shall	154
include each party's social security number. In lieu of	155
requiring each party's social security number on the	156
application, the court may obtain each party's social security	157
number, retain the social security numbers in a separate record,	158
and allow a number other than the social security number to be	159
used on the application for reference purposes. If a court	160
allows the use of a number other than the social security number	161
to be used on the application for reference purposes, the record	162
containing the social security number is not a public record,	163

except that, in any of the circumstances set forth in divisions164(A) (1) to (4) (C) (1) to (5) of section 3101.051 of the Revised165Code, the record containing the social security number shall be166made available for inspection under section 149.43 of the167Revised Code.168

Immediately upon receipt of an application for a marriage 169 license, the court shall place the parties' record in a book 170 kept for that purpose. If the probate judge is satisfied that 171 there is no legal impediment and if one or both of the parties 172 are present, the probate judge shall grant the marriage license. 173

If the judge is satisfied from the affidavit of a 174 reputable physician in active practice and residing in the 175 county where the probate court is located, that one of the 176 parties is unable to appear in court, by reason of illness or 177 other physical disability, a marriage license may be granted 178 upon application and oath of the other party to the contemplated 179 marriage; but in that case the person who is unable to appear in 180 court, at the time of making application for a marriage license, 181 shall make and file in that court, an affidavit setting forth 182 the information required of applicants for a marriage license. 183

A probate judge may grant a marriage license under this 184 section at any time after the application is made. 185

A marriage license issued shall not display the social 186 security number of either party to the marriage. 187

Each person seeking a marriage license shall present188documentary proof of age in the form of any one of the189following:190

(1) A copy of a birth record; 191

(2) A birth certificate issued by the department of

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health, a local registrar of vital statistics, or other public	193
office charged with similar duties by the laws of another state,	194
territory, or country;	195
(3) A baptismal record showing the person's date of birth;	196
(4) A passport;	197
(5) A license or permit to operate a motor vehicle as	198
defined under section 4501.01 of the Revised Code;	199
(6) Any government- or school-issued identification card	200
showing the person's date of birth;	201
(7) An immigration record showing the person's date of	202
birth;	203
(8) A naturalization record showing the person's date of	204
birth;	205
(9) A court record or any other document or record issued	206
by a governmental entity showing the person's date of birth.	207
(B) An applicant for a marriage license who knowingly	208
makes a false statement in an application or affidavit	209
prescribed by this section is guilty of falsification under	210
section 2921.13 of the Revised Code.	211
(C) No licensing officer shall issue a marriage license if	212
the officer has not received the application, affidavit, or	213
other statements prescribed by this section or if the officer	214
has reason to believe that any of the statements in a marriage	215
license application or in an affidavit prescribed by this	216
section are false.	217
(D) Any fine collected for violation of this section shall	218
be paid to the use of the county together with the costs of	219

prosecution.	220
Sec. 3109.011. A person granted consent to marry under	221
section 3101.04 of the Revised Code has the capacity of a person	222
of the age of eighteen years or more, as described in section	223
3109.01 of the Revised Code, except that the person is not a	224
qualified elector for purposes of Chapter 3503. of the Revised	225
Code.	226
Section 2. That existing sections 3101.01, 3101.04, and	227
3101.05 and sections 3101.02 and 3101.03 of the Revised Code are	228
hereby repealed.	229