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132nd General Assembly

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Sub. S. B. No. 273

Senator Hackett

Cosponsors: Senators Hottinger, Brown, Burke Representatives Anielski, Craig, Galonski, Hambley, Henne, Hughes, Lang, LaTourette, Miller, Pelanda, Perales, Reineke, Smith, K., Smith, T., Sprague, Speaker Smith

A BILL

Го	amend sections 3905.30, 3905.33, 3905.423,	1
	3905.426, 3937.25, 3937.28, 3955.05, 3960.11,	2
	and 3963.02, to enact sections 1.65, 3901.91,	3
	3905.332, 3937.47, 3965.01, 3965.02, 3965.03,	4
	3965.04, 3965.05, 3965.06, 3965.07, 3965.08,	5
	3965.09, 3965.10, and 3965.11, and to repeal	6
	section 3905.425 of the Revised Code to enact	7
	for the Revised Code a definition of the term	8
	"insurance rating agency"; to establish	9
	standards for data security and for the	10
	investigation of and notification to the	11
	Superintendent of Insurance of a cybersecurity	12
	event; regarding motor vehicle ancillary product	13
	protection contracts and motor vehicle service	14
	contracts; to authorize domestic surplus lines	15
	insurers; regarding cancellation of certain	16
	insurance policies; and regarding the regulatory	17
	authority of the Superintendent of Insurance.	18

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 3905.30, 3905.33, 3905.423,	19
3905.426, 3937.25, 3937.28, 3955.05, 3960.11, and 3963.02 be	20
amended and sections 1.65, 3901.91, 3905.332, 3937.47, 3965.01,	21
3965.02, 3965.03, 3965.04, 3965.05, 3965.06, 3965.07, 3965.08,	22
3965.09, 3965.10, and 3965.11 of the Revised Code be enacted to	23
read as follows:	24
Sec. 1.65. (A) As used in the Revised Code, "insurance	25
rating agency" means A.M. Best Rating Services, Inc., Demotech,	26
Inc., or a rating agency certified or approved by a national	27
entity that engages in an approval process that includes all of	28
the following:	29
(1) A requirement for the rating agency to register and	30
provide an annual updated filing;	31
(2) Record retention requirements;	32
(3) Financial reporting requirements;	33
(4) Policies for the prevention of misuse of material,	34
nonpublic information;	35
(5) Management of conflicts of interest, including	36
<pre>prohibited conflicts;</pre>	37
(6) Prohibited acts and practices;	38
(7) Disclosure requirements;	39
(8) Required policies, practices, and internal controls;	40
(9) Standards of training, experience, and competence for	41
<pre>credit analysts.</pre>	42
(B) Any reference in the Revised Code to an entity named	43
in division (A) of this section shall be construed as a	44
reference to any insurance rating agency as defined in division	45

(A) of this section. Any reference in the Revised Code to a	46
specific entity not named in division (A) of this section but	47
otherwise meeting the definition of "insurance rating agency" in	48
division (A) of this section shall be construed as a reference	49
to an insurance rating agency as defined by division (A) of this	50
<pre>section.</pre>	51
Sec. 3901.91. When the superintendent of insurance adopts	52
or amends a rule, including a rule related to the	53
superintendent's duties and powers under Chapters 1751. and	54
1753. and Title XXXIX of the Revised Code or a rule related to	55
an "insurance rating agency" as defined by section 1.65 of the	56
Revised Code, the superintendent shall give consideration to the	57
inclusion in the rule of the definition of "insurance rating	58
agency" found in section 1.65 of the Revised Code.	59
Sec. 3905.30. (A) As used in sections 3905.30 to 3905.38	60
of the Revised Code:	61
(1) Notwithstanding section 3905.01 of the Revised Code,	62
"home state" means the state in which an insured maintains its	63
principal place of business or, in the case of an individual,	64
the individual's principal residence except in the case of	65
either of the following:	66
(a) If one hundred per cent of the insured risk is located	67
out of the state in which an insured maintains its principal	68
place of business or principal residence as described in	69
division (A)(1)(a) of this section, "home state" means the state	70
to which the greatest percentage of the insured's taxable	71
premium for that insurance contract is allocated.	72
(b) If more than one insured from an affiliated group are	73
named insureds on a single unauthorized insurance contract,	74

"home state" means the state in which the member of the	75
affiliated group that has the largest percentage of premium	76
attributed to it under such insurance contract.	77
(2) "Principal place of business" means the state where	78
the insured maintains the insured's headquarters and where the	79
insured's high-level officers direct, control, and coordinate	80
the business activities of the insured.	81
(B) The superintendent of insurance may issue a surplus	82
lines broker's license to any natural person who is a resident	83
of this or any other state or to a business entity that is	84
organized under the laws of this or any other state. To be	85
eligible for a resident surplus lines broker's license, a person	86
must have both a property license and a casualty license. To be	87
eligible for a nonresident surplus lines broker's license, a	88
person must hold an active surplus lines broker license in the	89
person's home state. A nonresident surplus lines broker shall	90
obtain a nonresident license with a property and casualty line	91
of authority in this state if the broker is or will be	92
personally performing the due diligence requirements under	93
section 3905.33 of the Revised Code.	94
(C) (1) A surplus lines broker's license permits the person	95
named in the license to negotiate for and obtain insurance,	96
other than life insurance, on property or persons in this state	97
from insurers both of the following:	98
(a) Insurers not authorized to transact business in this	99
state <u>;</u>	100
(b) An insurer designated as a domestic surplus lines	101
insurer pursuant to section 3905.332 of the Revised Code.	102

(2) Each such license expires on the thirty-first day of

January next after the year in which it is issued, and may be	104
then renewed.	105
Sec. 3905.33. (A) No person licensed under section 3905.30	106
of the Revised Code shall solicit, procure an application for,	107
bind, issue, renew, or deliver a policy with any insurer that is	108
not eligible to write insurance on an unauthorized basis in this	109
state.	110
Pursuant to the "Nonadmitted and Reinsurance Reform Act of	111
2010," 15 U.S.C. 8201 et seq., 124 Stat. 1589, or any successor	112
or replacement law, where this state is the home state of the	113
insured, an insurer shall be considered eligible to write	114
insurance on an unauthorized basis in this state if either any	115
of the following are true:	116
(1) The insurer meets the requirements and criteria in	117
sections $5A(2)$ and $5C(2)(a)$ of the nonadmitted insurance model	118
act adopted by the national association of insurance	119
commissioners, or alternative nationwide uniform eligibility	120
requirements adopted by this state through participation in a	121
compact or other nationwide system pursuant to 15 U.S.C. 8201 et	122
seq., 124 Stat. 1589.	123
(2) For unauthorized insurance placed with, or procured	124
from an unauthorized insurer domiciled outside the United	125
States, the insurer is listed on the quarterly listing of alien	126
insurers maintained by the international insurers department of	127
the national association of insurance commissioners.	128
(3) The insurer has been designated as a domestic surplus	129
lines insurer pursuant to section 3905.332 of the Revised Code.	130
(B)(1) No surplus lines broker shall solicit, procure,	131
place, or renew any insurance with an unauthorized insurer	132

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unless an agent or the surplus lines broker has con	mplied with	133
the due diligence requirements of this section and	is unable to	134
procure the requested insurance from an authorized	insurer.	135

Due diligence requires an agent to contact at least five 136 of the authorized insurers the agent represents, or as many 137 insurers as the agent represents, that customarily write the 138 kind of insurance required by the insured. Due diligence is 139 presumed if declinations are received from each authorized 140 insurer contacted. If any authorized insurer fails to respond 141 within ten days after the initial contact, the agent may assume 142 the insurer has declined to accept the risk. 143

- (2) Due diligence shall only be performed by an agent licensed in this state that holds an active property and casualty insurance agent license.
- (3) An insurance agent or surplus lines broker is exempt

 from the due diligence requirements of this section if the agent

 or surplus lines broker is procuring insurance from a risk

 purchasing group or risk retention group as provided in Chapter

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 3960. of the Revised Code.
- (4) An insurance agent or surplus lines broker is exempt from the due diligence requirements of this section if the agent or surplus lines broker is seeking to procure or place unauthorized insurance for a person that qualifies as an exempt commercial purchaser under section 3905.331 of the Revised Code and both of the following are true:
- (a) The surplus lines broker procuring or placing the 158 surplus lines insurance has disclosed to the exempt commercial 159 purchaser that the insurance may or may not be available from 160 the authorized market that may provide greater protection with 161

more regulatory oversight.

(b) After receipt of the disclosure required under

division (B)(4)(a) of this section, the exempt commercial

purchaser has requested in writing that the insurance agent or

broker procure or place the insurance from an unauthorized

insurer.

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(C) Except when exempt from due diligence requirements 168 under division (B) of this section, an insurance agent who 169 procures or places insurance through a surplus lines broker 170 shall obtain a signed statement from the insured acknowledging 171 that the insurance policy is to be placed with a company or 172 insurer not authorized to do business in this state and 173 acknowledging that, in the event of the insolvency of the 174 insurer, the insured is not entitled to any benefits or proceeds 175 from the Ohio insurance quaranty association. The statement must 176 be on a form prescribed by the superintendent and need not be 177 notarized. The agent shall submit the original signed statement 178 to the surplus lines broker within thirty days after the 179 effective date of the policy. If no other agent is involved, the 180 surplus lines broker shall obtain the statement from the 181 insured. 182

The surplus lines broker shall maintain the original

signed statement or a copy of the statement, and the originating

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agent shall keep a copy of the statement, for at least five

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years after the effective date of the policy to which the

statement pertains. A copy of the signed statement shall be

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given to the insured at the time the insurance is bound or a

policy is delivered.

(D) For the purpose of carrying out the "Nonadmitted and 190 Reinsurance Reform Act of 2010," 124 Stat. 1589, 15 U.S.C. 8201 191

et seq., or any successor or replacement law, the superintendent	192
shall conduct a fiscal analysis of the impact of entering into a	193
multistate agreement or compact for determining eligibility for	194
placement of unauthorized insurance and for payment, reporting,	195
collection, and allocation of the tax on unauthorized insurance.	196
If the fiscal analysis indicates that entering into a multistate	197
agreement or compact is advantageous to this state, the	198
superintendent may enter into the surplus lines insurance	199
multistate compliance compact adopted by the national conference	200
of insurance legislators and known as "SLIMPACT," as amended on	201
December 21, 2010, and including any subsequent amendment; or,	202
if it is in this state's financial best interest, the	203
superintendent shall request that the general assembly authorize	204
the superintendent to enter into a different multistate	205
agreement or compact.	206
(E) The superintendent may adopt rules in accordance with	207
Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to carry out the purposes of	208
sections 3905.30 to 3905.38 of the Revised Code.	209
Sec. 3905.332. (A) Notwithstanding any other provision of	210
the Revised Code, a domestic insurer may be designated a	211
domestic surplus lines insurer pursuant to this section.	212
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(B) A domestic insurer shall not be designated a domestic	213
surplus lines insurer unless all of the following are met:	214
(1) The domestic insurer possesses minimum capital and	215
surplus of at least fifteen million dollars.	216
(2) The domestic insurer is seeking to become a domestic	217
surplus lines insurer pursuant to a resolution adopted by its	218
board of directors.	219

(3) The superintendent of insurance has authorized the

designation of the insurer as a domestic surplus lines insurer	221
in writing.	222
(C) A domestic surplus lines insurer shall be considered	223
an unauthorized insurer for the purposes of writing surplus	224
lines insurance coverage pursuant to the requirements of this	225
<pre>chapter.</pre>	226
(D) (1) A domestic surplus lines insurer shall only write	227
surplus lines insurance in this state in accordance with the	228
requirements of this chapter.	229
(2) A domestic surplus lines insurer may write surplus	230
lines insurance in any other jurisdiction in which the insurer	231
is eligible to write surplus lines insurance, provided that the	232
domestic surplus lines insurer complies with any requirements of	233
that jurisdiction.	234
(E) A domestic surplus lines insurer shall not engage in	235
the business of insurance in this state on an admitted basis.	236
(F) Surplus lines insurance written by a domestic surplus	237
lines insurer is subject to the tax on premiums as required in	238
section 3905.36 of the Revised Code and is exempt from the tax	239
on premiums required in section 5725.18 of the Revised Code.	240
(G) A domestic surplus lines insurer shall be considered a	241
nonadmitted insurer as defined in 15 U.S.C. 8206 with respect to	242
surplus lines insurance issued in this state.	243
(H) Surplus lines insurance policies issued in this state	244
by a domestic surplus lines insurer are not subject to the	245
provisions of Chapter 3955. of the Revised Code nor are they	246
subject to the protection of either Ohio insurance guaranty	247
association account established pursuant to section 3955.06 of	248
the Revised Code.	249

(I) Surplus lines insurance policies issued in this state	250
by a domestic surplus lines insurer are not subject to and are	251
exempt, in the same manner and to the same extent as surplus	252
lines insurance policies issued by an insurer domiciled in	253
another state, from all statutory requirements relating to all	254
of the following:	255
(1) Insurance rating and rating plans;	256
(2) Policy forms;	257
(3) Policy cancellation and renewal.	258
(J) Unless otherwise specified in this section or	259
specifically exempted under this chapter, a domestic surplus	260
lines insurer shall be subject to all financial, reserve, and	261
solvency requirements under this title that are imposed on	262
domestic admitted insurers, as applicable.	263
Sec. 3905.423. (A) As used in this section:	264
(1) "Consumer" has the same meaning as in section 1345.01	265
of the Revised Code.	266
(2) "Consumer goods" means goods sold, leased, assigned,	267
awarded by chance, or transferred to a consumer in a consumer	268
transaction.	269
(3) "Consumer goods service contract" means a contract or	270
agreement to perform or pay for repairs, replacement, or	271
maintenance of consumer goods due to a defect in materials or	272
workmanship, normal wear and tear, power surges, or accidental	273
damage from handling, that is effective for a specified duration	274
and paid for by means other than the purchase of the consumer	275
goods. "Consumer goods service contract" does not include any of	276
the following:	277

(a) A <u>motor vehicle service</u> contract or agreement to	278
perform or pay for the repair, replacement, or maintenance of a	279
motor vehicle or utility vehicle, as defined in section 4501.01	280
3905.426 of the Revised Code, due to a defect in materials or	281
workmanship, normal wear and tear, mechanical or electrical	282
breakdown, or failure of parts or equipment of a motor vehicle	283
that is effective for a specified duration and paid for by means-	284
other than the purchase of a motor vehicle or utility vehicle;	285
(b) A vehicle protection product as defined in section	286
3905.421 of the Revised Code;	287
(c) A home service contract as defined in section 3905.422	288
of the Revised Code;	289
(d) A motor vehicle tire or wheel road hazard contract as	290
defined in section 3905.425 of the Revised Code;	291
(e)—A motor vehicle ancillary product protection contract	292
as defined in section 3905.426 of the Revised Code $\underline{\boldsymbol{\iota}}$	293
(e) A contract for prepaid routine, scheduled maintenance	294
only.	295
(4) "Consumer transaction" has the same meaning as in	296
section 1345.01 of the Revised Code.	297
(5) "Contract holder" means the consumer who purchased	298
goods covered by a consumer goods service contract, any	299
authorized transferee or assignee of the consumer, or any other	300
person assuming the consumer's rights under the consumer goods	301
service contract.	302
(6) "Provider" means a person who is contractually	303
obligated to a contract holder under the terms of a consumer	304
goods service contract.	305

(7) "Reimbursement insurance policy" means a policy of	306
insurance issued by an insurer authorized or eligible to do	307
business in this state to a provider to pay, on behalf of the	308
provider in the event of the provider's nonperformance, all	309
covered contractual obligations incurred by the provider under	310
the terms and conditions of the consumer goods service contract.	311
(8) "Supplier" has the same meaning as in section 1345.01	312
of the Revised Code.	313
(B) All consumer goods service contracts issued in this	314
state that provide for the performance of or payment for	315
repairs, replacement, or maintenance of consumer goods due to	316
power surges or accidental damage from handling shall be covered	317
by a reimbursement insurance policy.	318
(C) A consumer goods service contract issued by a provider	319
that is required to be covered by a reimbursement insurance	320
policy under division (B) of this section shall conspicuously	321
state all of the following:	322
(1) That the obligations of the provider are guaranteed	323
under a reimbursement insurance policy;	324
(2) That if a provider fails to perform or make payment	325
due under the terms of the contract within sixty days after the	326
contract holder requests performance or payment pursuant to the	327
terms of the contract, the contract holder may request	328
performance or payment directly from the provider's	329
reimbursement insurance policy insurer, including, but not	330
limited to, any obligation in the contract by which the provider	331
must refund the contract holder upon cancellation of a contract;	332
(3) The name, address, and telephone number of the	333
provider's reimbursement insurance policy insurer.	334

(D) A reimbursement insurance policy that is required to	335
be issued under this section shall contain:	336
(1) A statement that if a provider fails to perform or	337
make payment due under the terms of the consumer goods service	338
contract within sixty days after the contract holder requests	339
performance or payment pursuant to the terms of the contract,	340
the contract holder may request performance or payment directly	341
from the provider's reimbursement insurance policy insurer,	342
including, but not limited to, any obligation in the contract by	343
which the provider must refund the contract holder upon	344
cancellation of a contract;	345
(2) A statement that in the event of cancellation of the	346
provider's reimbursement insurance policy, insurance coverage	347
will continue for all contract holders whose consumer goods	348
service contracts were issued by the provider and reported to	349
the insurer for coverage during the term of the reimbursement	350
insurance policy.	351
(E) The sale or issuance of a consumer goods service	352
contract is a consumer transaction for purposes of sections	353
1345.01 to 1345.13 of the Revised Code. The provider is the	354
supplier and the contract holder is the consumer for purposes of	355
those sections.	356
(F) Unless issued by an insurer authorized or eligible to	357
do business in this state, a consumer goods service contract	358
does not constitute a contract substantially amounting to	359
insurance, or the contract's issuance the business of insurance,	360
under section 3905.42 of the Revised Code.	361
(G) The rights of a contract holder against a provider's	362

reimbursement insurance policy insurer as provided in this

section apply only in regard to a reimbursement insurance policy	364
issued under this section. This section does not create any	365
contractual rights in favor of a person that does not qualify as	366
an insured under any other type of insurance policy described in	367
Title XXXIX of the Revised Code.	368
Sec. 3905.426. (A) As used in this section:	369
(1) "Contract holder" means the person who purchased a	370
motor vehicle ancillary product protection contract, any	371
authorized transferee or assignee of the purchaser, or any other	372
person assuming the purchaser's rights under the motor vehicle	373
ancillary product protection contract.	374
(2) "Motor vehicle" has the same meaning as in section	375
4501.01 of the Revised Code and also includes utility vehicles	376
as defined in that section.	377
(3)(a) "Motor vehicle ancillary product protection	378
contract" means a contract or agreement that is effective for a	379
specified duration and paid for by means other than the purchase	380
of a motor vehicle, or its parts or equipment, to perform any	381
one or more of the following services:	382
one of more of the following services.	302
(i) Repair or replacement of glass on a motor vehicle	383
necessitated by wear and tear or damage caused by a road hazard;	384
(ii) Removal of a dent, ding, or crease without affecting	385
the existing paint finish using paintless dent removal	386
techniques but which expressly excludes replacement of vehicle	387
body panels, sanding, bonding, or painting;	388
(iii) Repair to the interior components of a motor vehicle	389
necessitated by wear and tear but which expressly excludes	390
replacement of any part or component of a motor vehicle's	391
interior;	392

(iv) Repair or replacement of tires or wheels damaged	393
because of a road hazard;	394
(v) Replacement of a lost, stolen, or inoperable key or	395
key fob.	396
(b) A motor vehicle ancillary product protection contract	397
may, but is not required to, provide for incidental payment of	398
indemnity under limited circumstances, including, without	399
limitation, towing, rental, and emergency road services.	400
(c) "Motor vehicle ancillary product protection contract"	401
does not include any of the following:	402
(i) A motor vehicle service contract or agreement to	403
perform or pay for the repair, replacement, or maintenance of a	404
motor vehicle due to defect in materials or workmanship, normal	405
wear and tear, mechanical or electrical breakdown, or failure of	406
parts or equipment of a motor vehicle that is effective for a	407
specified duration and paid for by means other than the purchase	408
of a motor vehicle;	409
(ii) A vehicle protection product warranty as defined in	410
section 3905.421 of the Revised Code;	411
(iii) A home service contract as defined in section	412
3905.422 of the Revised Code;	413
(iv) A consumer goods service contract as defined in	414
section 3905.423 of the Revised Code;	415
(v) A -motor vehicle tire or wheel road hazard -contract as-	416
defined in section 3905.425 of the Revised Code for prepaid	417
routine, scheduled maintenance only.	418
(4) "Motor vehicle service contract" means a contract or	419
agreement to perform or pay for the repair replacement or	420

maintenance of a motor vehicle due to defect in materials or	421
workmanship, normal wear and tear, mechanical or electrical	422
breakdown, or failure of parts or equipment of a motor vehicle,	423
with or without additional provisions for incidental payment of	424
indemnity under limited circumstances, including, without	425
limitation, towing, rental, and emergency road services, that is	426
effective for a specified duration and paid for by means other	427
than the purchase of a motor vehicle.	428
(5) "Provider" means a person who is contractually	429
obligated to a contract holder under the terms of a motor	430
vehicle ancillary product protection contract.	431
(5) (6) "Road hazard" means a condition that may cause	432
damage or wear and tear to a tire or wheel on a public or	433
private roadway, roadside, driveway, or parking lot or garage,	434
including potholes, nails, glass, road debris, and curbs. "Road	435
hazard" does not include fire, theft, vandalism or malicious	436
mischief, or other perils normally covered by automobile	437
physical damage insurance.	438
(7) "Reimbursement insurance policy" means a policy of	439
insurance issued by an insurer authorized or eligible to do	440
business in this state to a provider to pay, on behalf of the	441
provider in the event of the provider's nonperformance, all	442
covered contractual obligations incurred by the provider under	443
the terms and conditions of the motor vehicle ancillary product	444
protection contract.	445
$\frac{(6)}{(8)}$ "Supplier" has the same meaning as in section	446
1345.01 of the Revised Code.	447
(B) All motor vehicle ancillary product protection	448
contracts issued in this state shall be covered by a	449

reimbursement insurance policy.	450
(C) A motor vehicle ancillary product protection contract	451
issued by a provider that is required to be covered by a	452
reimbursement insurance policy under division (B) of this	453
section shall conspicuously state all of the following:	454
(1) "This contract is not insurance and is not subject to	455
the insurance laws of this state."	456
(2) That the obligations of the provider are guaranteed	457
under a reimbursement insurance policy;	458
(3) That if a provider fails to perform or make payment	459
due under the terms of the contract within sixty days after the	460
contract holder requests performance or payment pursuant to the	461
terms of the contract, the contract holder may request	462
performance or payment directly from the provider's	463
reimbursement insurance policy insurer, including any obligation	464
in the contract by which the provider must refund the contract	465
holder upon cancellation of a contract;	466
(4) The name, address, and telephone number of the	467
provider's reimbursement insurance policy insurer.	468
(D) A motor vehicle ancillary product protection contract	469
that includes repair or replacement of glass on a motor vehicle	470
as provided in division (A)(3)(a)(i) of this section, shall	471
conspicuously state: "This contract may provide a duplication of	472
coverage already provided by your automobile physical damage	473
insurance policy. <u>"</u>	474
(E) A reimbursement insurance policy that is required to	475
be issued under this section shall contain:	476
(1) A statement that if a provider fails to perform or	477

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make payment due under the terms of the motor vehicle ancillary	478
product protection contract within sixty days after the contract	479
holder requests performance or payment pursuant to the terms of	480
the contract, the contract holder may request performance or	481
payment directly from the provider's reimbursement insurance	482
policy insurer, including any obligation in the contract by	483
which the provider must refund the contract holder upon	484
cancellation of a contract.	485

- (2) A statement that in the event of cancellation of the provider's reimbursement insurance policy, insurance coverage 487 will continue for all contract holders whose motor vehicle 488 ancillary product protection contracts were issued by the provider and reported to the insurer for coverage during the 490 term of the reimbursement insurance policy. 491
- (F) The sale or issuance of a motor vehicle ancillary product protection contract is a consumer transaction for purposes of sections 1345.01 to 1345.13 of the Revised Code. The provider is the supplier and the contract holder is the consumer for purposes of those sections.
- (G) Unless issued by an insurer authorized or eligible to do business in this state, a motor vehicle ancillary product protection contract does not constitute a contract substantially amounting to insurance, or the contract's issuance the business of insurance, under section 3905.42 of the Revised Code.
- (H) Unless issued by an insurer authorized or eligible to

 do business in this state, a contract identified in division (A)

 (3) (c) (i) or (v) of this section does not constitute a contract

 substantially amounting to insurance, or the contract's issuance

 the business of insurance, under section 3905.42 of the Revised

 Code.

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(I) The rights of a contract holder against a provider's	508
reimbursement insurance policy insurer as provided in this	509
section apply only in regard to a reimbursement insurance policy	510
issued under this section. This section does not create any	511
contractual rights in favor of a person that does not qualify as	512
an insured under any other type of insurance policy described in	513
Title XXXIX of the Revised Code. This section does not prohibit	514
the insurer of a provider's reimbursement insurance policy from	515
assuming liability for contracts issued prior to the effective	516
date of the policy or this statute July 1, 2009.	517
(J) A contract or agreement described in division (A)(3)	518
(a) (iv) of this section in which the provider is a tire	519
manufacturer shall be exempt from the requirements of division	520
(B) of this section if the contract or agreement conspicuously	521
states all of the following:	522
(1) That the contract or agreement is not an insurance	523
<pre>contract;</pre>	524
(2) That any covered obligations or claims under the	525
contract or agreement are the responsibility of the provider;	526
(3) The name, address, and telephone number of any	527
administrator responsible for the administration of the contract	528
or agreement, the provider obligated to perform under the	529
contract or agreement, and the contract seller;	530
(4) The procedure for making a claim under the contract or	531
agreement, including a toll-free telephone number for claims	532
service and a procedure for obtaining emergency repairs or	533
replacements performed outside normal business hours.	534
Sec. 3937.25. (A) As used in sections 3937.25 to 3937.29	535
of the Revised Code, "medical malpractice insurance" means	536

insurance coverage against the legal liability of the insured	537
for loss, damage, or expense arising from a medical, optometric,	538
or chiropractic claim, as those claims are defined in section	539
2305.113 of the Revised Code.	540
(B) After a policy of commercial property insurance,	541
commercial fire insurance, or commercial casualty insurance	542
other than fidelity or surety bonds, medical malpractice	543
insurance, and automobile insurance as defined in section	544
3937.30 of the Revised Code, has been in effect for more than	545
ninety days, a notice of cancellation for such policy shall not	546
be issued by any licensed insurer unless it is based on one of	547
the following grounds:	548
(1) Nonpayment of premium;	549
(2) Discovery of fraud or material misrepresentation in	550
the procurement of the insurance or with respect to any claims	551
submitted thereunder;	552
(3) Discovery of a moral hazard or willful or reckless	553
acts or omissions on the part of the named insured that increase	554
any hazard insured against;	555
(4) The occurrence of a change in the individual risk	556
which substantially increases any hazard insured against after	557
insurance coverage has been issued or renewed, except to the	558
extent the insurer reasonably should have foreseen the change or	559
contemplated the risk in writing the contract;	560
(5) Loss of applicable reinsurance or a substantial	561
decrease in applicable reinsurance, if the superintendent has	562
determined that reasonable efforts have been made to prevent the	563
loss of, or substantial decrease in, the applicable reinsurance,	564
or to obtain replacement coverage;	565

(6) Failure of an insured to correct material violations	566
of safety codes or to comply with reasonable written loss	567
control recommendations;	568
(7) A determination by the superintendent of insurance	569
that the continuation of the policy would create a condition	570
that would be hazardous to the policyholders or the public.	571
(C) The notice of cancellation required by this section	572
must be in writing, be mailed to the insured at the insured's	573
last known address, and contain all of the following:	574
(1) The policy number;	575
(2) The date of the notice;	576
(3) The effective date of the cancellation;	577
(4) An explanation of the reason for cancellation.	578
Such notice of cancellation also shall be mailed to the	579
insured's agent.	580
(D)(1) Except for nonpayment of premium, the effective	581
date of cancellation must be no less than thirty days from the	582
date of mailing the notice.	583
(2)(a) When cancellation is for nonpayment of premium, the	584
effective date of cancellation must be no less than ten days	585
from the date of mailing the notice.	586
(b) An insurer may include a notice of cancellation of a	587
policy of automobile—insurance for nonpayment of premium with a	588
billing notice. Subject to division (D)(2)(a) of this section,	589
such a cancellation is effective on or after the due date of the	590
bill.	591
(E) Nothing in division (B) of this section shall be	592

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construed to prevent an insurer from writing a policy of	593
commercial property insurance, commercial fire insurance, or	594
commercial casualty insurance other than medical malpractice	595
insurance and automobile insurance as defined in section 3937.30	596
of the Revised Code for a period greater than one year and	597
providing in such policy that the insurer may issue a notice of	598
cancellation of such policy at least thirty days prior to an	599
anniversary of such policy, with the effective date of	600
cancellation being that anniversary.	601

The superintendent may prescribe that adequate disclosure be made to the insured when a policy is issued for a term of more than one year.

(F) There is no liability on the part of, and no cause of 605 action of any nature arises against, the superintendent of 606 insurance, any insurer, or any person furnishing information 607 requested by the superintendent, an insurer, the agent, 608 employee, attorney, or other authorized representative of any 609 such persons, for any oral or written statement made to supply 610 information relevant to a determination on cancellation of any 611 policy of commercial property insurance, commercial fire 612 insurance, or commercial casualty insurance other than fidelity 613 or surety bonds, medical malpractice insurance, and automobile 614 insurance as defined in section 3937.30 of the Revised Code, or 615 in connection with advising an insured or an insured's attorney 616 of the reasons for a cancellation of such insurance, or in 617 connection with any administrative or judicial proceeding 618 arising out of or related to such cancellation. 619

Sec. 3937.28. (A) A notice of cancellation of a policy of
medical malpractice insurance shall not be issued by any
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licensed insurer unless it is based on one of the following
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grounds:	623
(1) Nonpayment of premium;	624
(2) Discovery of fraud or material misrepresentation in	625
the procurement of the insurance or with respect to any claims	626
submitted thereunder;	627
(3) Discovery of a moral hazard or willful or reckless	628
acts or omissions on the part of the named insured that increase	629
any hazard insured against;	630
(4) The occurrence of a change in the individual risk that	631
substantially increases any hazard insured against after	632
insurance coverage has been issued or renewed, except to the	633
extent the insurer reasonably should have foreseen the change or	634
contemplated the risk in writing the contract;	635
(5) Loss of applicable reinsurance or a substantial	636
decrease in applicable reinsurance, if the superintendent of	637
insurance has determined that reasonable efforts have been made	638
to prevent the loss of, or substantial decrease in, the	639
applicable reinsurance, or to obtain replacement coverage;	640
(6) Failure of an insured to correct material violations	641
of safety codes or to comply with reasonable written loss	642
control recommendations;	643
(7) A determination by the superintendent that the	644
continuation of the policy would create a condition that would	645
be hazardous to the policyholders or the public.	646
(B) The notice of cancellation required by this section	647
shall be in writing, be mailed both to the insured at the	648
insured's last known address and to the insured's agent, and	649
contain all of the following:	650

(1) The policy number;	651
(2) The date of the notice;	652
(3) The effective date of the cancellation;	653
(4) An explanation of the grounds for cancellation.	654
(C) Except when cancellation is for nonpayment of premium,	655
the effective date of cancellation shall be not less than sixty	656
days from the date of mailing the notice. When cancellation is	657
for nonpayment of premium, the effective date of cancellation	658
shall be not less than ten days from the date of mailing the	659
notice. The insurer may include the notice described in division	660
(D) (2) of section 3937.25 of the Revised Code.	661
(D) Nothing in division (A) of this section shall be	662
construed to prevent an insurer from writing a policy of medical	663
malpractice insurance for a period greater than one year and	664
providing in such policy that the insurer may issue a notice of	665
cancellation of such policy at least sixty days prior to an	666
anniversary of such policy, with the effective date of	667
cancellation being that anniversary.	668
The superintendent may prescribe that adequate disclosure	669
be made to the insured when a policy is issued for a term of	670
more than one year.	671
(E) There is no liability on the part of, and no cause of	672
action of any nature arises against, the superintendent, any	673
insurer, or any person furnishing information requested by the	674
superintendent or an insurer, or the agent, employee, attorney	675
or other authorized representative of any such persons, for any	676
oral or written statement made to supply information relevant to	677
a determination on cancellation of any policy of medical	678
malpractice insurance, or in connection with advising an insured	679

or the insured's attorney of the grounds for a cancellation of	680
such insurance, or in connection with any administrative or	681
judicial proceeding arising out of or related to such	682
cancellation.	683
Sec. 3937.47. (A) As used in this section, "personal lines_	684
insurance" means any policy of insurance issued to a natural	685
person for personal or family protection, including basic	686
property, dwelling fire, homeowner's, tenant's, inland marine,	687
personal liability, and personal umbrella liability coverage.	688
(B) When the reason for cancellation of a personal lines	689
insurance policy is nonpayment of premium, the effective date of	690
cancellation shall be not less than ten days from the date the	691
notice was mailed.	692
(C) An insurer may include a notice of cancellation of a	693
personal lines insurance policy for nonpayment of premium with a	694
billing statement. Subject to division (B) of this section, such	695
a cancellation is effective on or after the due date of the	696
bill.	697
Sec. 3955.05. Sections 3955.01 to 3955.19 of the Revised	698
Code apply to all kinds of direct insurance, except:	699
(A) Title insurance;	700
(B) Fidelity or surety bonds, or any other bonding	701
obligations;	702
(C) Credit insurance, vendors' single interest insurance,	703
collateral protection insurance, or any similar insurance	704
protecting the interests of a creditor arising out of a	705
creditor-debtor transaction;	706
(D) Mortgage guaranty, financial guaranty, residual value,	707

or other forms of insurance offering protection against	708
<pre>investment risks;</pre>	709
(E) Ocean marine insurance;	710
(F) Any insurance provided by or guaranteed by government,	711
including, but not limited to, any department, board, office,	712
commission, agency, institution, or other instrumentality or	713
entity of any branch of state government, any political	714
subdivision of this state, the United States or any agency of	715
the United States, or any separate or joint governmental self-	716
insurance or risk-pooling program, plan, or pool;	717
(G) Contracts of any corporation by which health services	718
are to be provided to its subscribers;	719
(H) Life, annuity, health, or disability insurance,	720
including sickness and accident insurance written pursuant to	721
Chapter 3923. of the Revised Code;	722
(I) Fraternal benefit insurance;	723
(J) Mutual protective insurance of persons or property;	724
(K) Reciprocal or interinsurance contracts written	725
pursuant to Chapter 3931. of the Revised Code for medical	726
malpractice insurance if the reciprocal exchange or	727
interinsurance exchange is not subject to the risk-based capital	728
requirements in effect in the state of domicile of the	729
reciprocal exchange or interinsurance exchange. As used in this	730
division, "medical malpractice insurance" means insurance	731
coverage against the legal liability of the insured and against	732
loss, damage, or expense incident to a claim arising out of the	733
death, disease, or injury of any person as the result of	734
negligence or malpractice in rendering professional service by	735
any licensed physician, podiatrist, or hospital, as those terms	736

are defined in section 2305.113 of the Revised Code.	737
(L) Any political subdivision self-insurance program or	738
joint political subdivision self-insurance pool established	739
under Chapter 2744. of the Revised Code;	740
(M) Warranty or service contracts, or the insurance of	741
those contracts;	742
(N) Any state university or college self-insurance program	743
established under section 3345.202 of the Revised Code;	744
(O) Any transaction, or combination of transactions,	745
between a person, including affiliates of such person, and an	746
insurer, including affiliates of such insurer, that involves the	747
transfer of investment or credit risk unaccompanied by a	748
transfer of insurance risk;	749
(P) Credit union share guaranty insurance issued pursuant	750
to Chapter 1761. of the Revised Code;	751
(Q) Insurance issued by risk retention groups as defined	752
in Chapter 3960. of the Revised Code;	753
(R) Workers' compensation insurance, including any	754
contract indemnifying an employer who pays compensation directly	755
to employees.	756
(S) Surplus lines insurance issued under section 3905.332	757
of the Revised Code.	758
Sec. 3960.11. (A) No person shall act or aid in any manner	759
in soliciting, negotiating, or procuring liability insurance in	760
this state from a risk retention group unless the person is	761
licensed as an insurance agent or broker in accordance with	762
Chapter 3905. of the Revised Code.	763

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(B) No person shall act or aid in any manner in	764
soliciting, negotiating, or procuring liability insurance in	765
this state for a purchasing group from an authorized insurer or	766
a risk retention group chartered in a state unless the person is	767
licensed as an insurance agent or broker in accordance with	768
Chapter 3905. of the Revised Code.	769
(C) No person shall act or aid in any manner in	770

- (C) No person shall act or aid in any manner in soliciting, negotiating, or procuring liability insurance coverage in this state for any member of a purchasing group under a purchasing group's policy unless the person is licensed as an insurance agent or broker in accordance with Chapter 3905. of the Revised Code.
- (D) No person shall act or aid in any manner in 776 soliciting, negotiating, or procuring liability insurance from 777 an insurer not authorized to do business in this state, or from 778 a domestic insurer designated as a domestic surplus lines 779 insurer pursuant to section 3905.332 of the Revised Code, on 780 behalf of a purchasing group located in this state unless the 781 person is licensed as a surplus line broker in accordance with 782 section 3905.30 of the Revised Code. 783
- Sec. 3963.02. (A) (1) No contracting entity shall sell,
 rent, or give a third party the contracting entity's rights to a
 participating provider's services pursuant to the contracting
 rentity's health care contract with the participating provider
 rentity's rights to a
 rentity's health care contract with the participating provider
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 rentity's health care contract with the participating provider
- (a) The third party accessing the participating provider's 789 services under the health care contract is an employer or other 790 entity providing coverage for health care services to its 791 employees or members, and that employer or entity has a contract 792 with the contracting entity or its affiliate for the 793

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administration or processing of claims for payment for services	794
provided pursuant to the health care contract with the	795
participating provider.	796
(b) The third party accessing the participating provider's	797
services under the health care contract either is an affiliate	798
or subsidiary of the contracting entity or is providing	799
administrative services to, or receiving administrative services	800
from, the contracting entity or an affiliate or subsidiary of	801
the contracting entity.	802
(c) The health care contract specifically provides that it	803

- applies to network rental arrangements and states that one purpose of the contract is selling, renting, or giving the contracting entity's rights to the services of the participating provider, including other preferred provider organizations, and the third party accessing the participating provider's services is any of the following:
- (i) A payer or a third-party administrator or other entity 810 responsible for administering claims on behalf of the payer; 811
- (ii) A preferred provider organization or preferred 812 813 provider network that receives access to the participating provider's services pursuant to an arrangement with the 814 preferred provider organization or preferred provider network in 815 a contract with the participating provider that is in compliance 816 with division (A)(1)(c) of this section, and is required to 817 comply with all of the terms, conditions, and affirmative 818 obligations to which the originally contracted primary 819 participating provider network is bound under its contract with 820 the participating provider, including, but not limited to, 821 obligations concerning patient steerage and the timeliness and 822 manner of reimbursement. 823

(iii) An entity that is engaged in the business of	824
providing electronic claims transport between the contracting	825
entity and the payer or third-party administrator and complies	826
with all of the applicable terms, conditions, and affirmative	827
obligations of the contracting entity's contract with the	828
participating provider including, but not limited to,	829
obligations concerning patient steerage and the timeliness and	830
manner of reimbursement.	831
(2) The contracting entity that sells, rents, or gives the	832

- (2) The contracting entity that sells, rents, or gives the 832 contracting entity's rights to the participating provider's 833 services pursuant to the contracting entity's health care 834 contract with the participating provider as provided in division 835 (A) (1) of this section shall do both of the following: 836
- (a) Maintain a web page that contains a listing of third 837 parties described in divisions (A)(1)(b) and (c) of this section 838 with whom a contracting entity contracts for the purpose of 839 selling, renting, or giving the contracting entity's rights to 840 the services of participating providers that is updated at least 841 every six months and is accessible to all participating 842 providers, or maintain a toll-free telephone number accessible 843 to all participating providers by means of which participating 844 845 providers may access the same listing of third parties;
- (b) Require that the third party accessing the 846 participating provider's services through the participating 847 provider's health care contract is obligated to comply with all 848 of the applicable terms and conditions of the contract, 849 including, but not limited to, the products for which the 850 participating provider has agreed to provide services, except 851 that a payer receiving administrative services from the 8.52 contracting entity or its affiliate shall be solely responsible 853

for payment to the participating provider.	854
(3) Any information disclosed to a participating provider	855
under this section shall be considered proprietary and shall not	856
be distributed by the participating provider.	857
(4) Except as provided in division (A)(1) of this section,	858
no entity shall sell, rent, or give a contracting entity's	859
rights to the participating provider's services pursuant to a	860
health care contract.	861
(B)(1) No contracting entity shall require, as a condition	862
of contracting with the contracting entity, that a participating	863
provider provide services for all of the products offered by the	864
contracting entity.	865
(2) Division (B)(1) of this section shall not be construed	866
to do any of the following:	867
(a) Prohibit any participating provider from voluntarily	868
accepting an offer by a contracting entity to provide health	869
care services under all of the contracting entity's products;	870
(b) Prohibit any contracting entity from offering any	871
financial incentive or other form of consideration specified in	872
the health care contract for a participating provider to provide	873
health care services under all of the contracting entity's	874
products;	875
(c) Require any contracting entity to contract with a	876
participating provider to provide health care services for less	877
than all of the contracting entity's products if the contracting	878
entity does not wish to do so.	879
(3)(a) Notwithstanding division (B)(2) of this section, no	880
contracting entity shall require, as a condition of contracting	881

with the contracting entity, that the participating provider	882
accept any future product offering that the contracting entity	883
makes.	884
(b) If a participating provider refuses to accept any	885
future product offering that the contracting entity makes, the	886
contracting entity may terminate the health care contract based	887
on the participating provider's refusal upon written notice to	888
the participating provider no sooner than one hundred eighty	889
days after the refusal.	890
(4) Once the contracting entity and the participating	891
provider have signed the health care contract, it is presumed	892
that the financial incentive or other form of consideration that	893
is specified in the health care contract pursuant to division	894
(B)(2)(b) of this section is the financial incentive or other	895
form of consideration that was offered by the contracting entity	896
to induce the participating provider to enter into the contract.	897
(C) No contracting entity shall require, as a condition of	898
contracting with the contracting entity, that a participating	899
provider waive or <u>forego</u> forgo any right or benefit expressly	900
conferred upon a participating provider by state or federal law.	901
However, this division does not prohibit a contracting entity	902
from restricting a participating provider's scope of practice	903
for the services to be provided under the contract.	904
(D) No health care contract shall do any of the following:	905
(1) Prohibit any participating provider from entering into	906
a health care contract with any other contracting entity;	907
(2) Prohibit any contracting entity from entering into a	908
health care contract with any other provider;	909

(3) Preclude its use or disclosure for the purpose of

give the notice.

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enforcing this chapter or other state or federal law, except	911
that a health care contract may require that appropriate	912
measures be taken to preserve the confidentiality of any	913
proprietary or trade-secret information.	914
(E)(1) In addition to any other lawful reasons for	915
terminating a health care contract, a health care contract may	916

(2) If the health care contract provides for termination for cause by either party, the health care contract shall state the reasons that may be used for termination for cause, which terms shall be reasonable. Once the contracting entity and the participating provider have signed the health care contract, it is presumed that the reasons stated in the health care contract for termination for cause by either party are reasonable.

Subject to division (E)(3) of this section, the health care

only be terminated under the circumstances described in division

contract shall state the time by which the parties must provide

notice of termination for cause and to whom the parties shall

(A) (3) of section 3963.04 of the Revised Code.

(3) Nothing in divisions (E) (1) and (2) of this section 930 shall be construed as prohibiting any health insuring 931 corporation from terminating a participating provider's contract 932 for any of the causes described in divisions (A), (D), and (F) 933 (1) and (2) of section 1753.09 of the Revised Code. 934 Notwithstanding any provision in a health care contract pursuant 935 to division (E)(2) of this section, section 1753.09 of the 936 Revised Code applies to the termination of a participating 937 provider's contract for any of the causes described in divisions 938 (A), (D), and (F)(1) and (2) of section 1753.09 of the Revised 939 Code. 940

(4) Subject to sections 3963.01 to 3963.11 of the Revised	941
Code, nothing in this section prohibits the termination of a	942
health care contract without cause if the health care contract	943
otherwise provides for termination without cause.	944
(5) Nothing in division (E) of this section shall be	945
construed to expand the regulatory authority of the	946
superintendent to vision care providers.	947
(F)(1) Disputes among parties to a health care contract	948
that only concern the enforcement of the contract rights	949
conferred by section 3963.02, divisions (A) and (D) of section	950
3963.03, and section 3963.04 of the Revised Code are subject to	951
a mutually agreed upon arbitration mechanism that is binding on	952
all parties. The arbitrator may award reasonable attorney's fees	953
and costs for arbitration relating to the enforcement of this	954
section to the prevailing party.	955
(2) The arbitrator shall make the arbitrator's decision in	956
an arbitration proceeding having due regard for any applicable	957
rules, bulletins, rulings, or decisions issued by the department	958
of insurance or any court concerning the enforcement of the	959
contract rights conferred by section 3963.02, divisions (A) and	960
(D) of section 3963.03, and section 3963.04 of the Revised Code.	961
(3) A party shall not simultaneously maintain an	962
arbitration proceeding as described in division (F)(1) of this	963
section and pursue a complaint with the superintendent of	964
insurance to investigate the subject matter of the arbitration	965
proceeding. However, if a complaint is filed with the department	966
of insurance, the superintendent may choose to investigate the	967
complaint or, after reviewing the complaint, advise the	968
complainant to proceed with arbitration to resolve the	969

complaint. The superintendent may request to receive a copy of

the results of the arbitration. If the superintendent of	9/1
insurance notifies an insurer or a health insuring corporation	972
in writing that the superintendent has initiated a market	973
conduct examination into the specific subject matter of the	974
arbitration proceeding pending against that insurer or health	975
insuring corporation, the arbitration proceeding shall be stayed	976
at the request of the insurer or health insuring corporation	977
pending the outcome of the market conduct investigation by the	978
superintendent.	979
Sec. 3965.01. As used in this chapter:	980
(A) "Assuming insurer" has the same meaning as in section	981
3901.61 of the Revised Code.	982
(B) "Authorized individual" means an individual authorized	983
by the licensee to access nonpublic information held by the	984
licensee and its information systems.	985
(C) "Ceding insurer" has the same meaning as in section	986
3901.61 of the Revised Code.	987
(D) "Consumer" means an individual who is a resident of	988
this state and whose nonpublic information is in a licensee's	989
possession, custody, or control. "Consumer" includes an	990
applicant, policyholder, insured, beneficiary, claimant, and	991
<pre>certificate holder.</pre>	992
(E) "Cybersecurity event" means an event resulting in	993
unauthorized access to, disruption of, or misuse of an	994
information system or nonpublic information stored on an	995
information system that has a reasonable likelihood of	996
materially harming any consumer residing in this state or any	997
material part of the normal operations of the licensee.	998
"Cybersequrity event" does not include the unauthorized	990

acquisition of encrypted nonpublic information if the	1000
encryption, process, or key is not also acquired, released, or	1001
used without authorization. "Cybersecurity event" does not	1002
include an event with regard to which the licensee has	1003
determined that the nonpublic information accessed by an	1004
unauthorized person has not been used or released and has been	1005
returned or destroyed.	1006
(F) "Encrypted" means the transformation of data into a	1007
form that results in a low probability of assigning meaning	1008
without the use of a protective process or key.	1009
(G) "Family" means an individual's spouse, child,	1010
stepchild, foster child, parent, stepparent, foster parent,	1011
grandparent, grandchild, sibling, half sibling, stepsibling,	1012
parent-in-law, brother-in-law, or sister-in-law.	1013
(H) "HIPAA" means the "Health Insurance Portability and	1014
Accountability Act of 1996," Pub. L. No. 104-191, 110 Stat.	1015
1936, as amended.	1016
(I) "Independent insurance agent" has the same meaning as	1017
in section 3905.49 of the Revised Code.	1018
(J) "Information security program" means the	1019
administrative, technical, and physical safeguards that a	1020
licensee uses to access, collect, distribute, process, protect,	1021
store, use, transmit, dispose of, or otherwise handle nonpublic	1022
information.	1023
(K) "Information system" means a discrete set of	1024
electronic information resources organized for the collection,	1025
processing, maintenance, use, sharing, dissemination, or	1026
disposition of electronic nonpublic information, as well as any	1027
specialized system such as industrial and process controls	1028

systems, telephone switching and private branch exchange	1029
systems, and environmental control systems.	1030
(L) "Insurer" has the same meaning as in section 3901.32	1031
of the Revised Code.	1032
(M) "Licensee" means any person licensed, authorized to	1033
operate, or registered, or required to be licensed, authorized,	1034
or registered pursuant to the insurance laws of this state.	1035
"Licensee" includes an insurer. "Licensee" does not include a	1036
purchasing group or a risk retention group chartered and	1037
licensed in another state or a licensee that is acting as an	1038
assuming insurer that is domiciled in another state or	1039
jurisdiction.	1040
(N) "Multifactor authentication" means authentication	1041
through verification of at least two of the following types of	1042
authentication factors:	1043
(1) Knowledge factors, such as a password;	1044
(2) Possession factors, such as a token or text message on	1045
a mobile phone;	1046
(3) Inherence factors, such as a biometric characteristic.	1047
(O) "Nonpublic information" means information that is not	1048
publicly available information and is one of the following:	1049
(1) Business-related information of a licensee the	1050
tampering with, unauthorized disclosure of, access to, or use of	1051
which, would cause a material adverse impact to the business,	1052
operation, or security of the licensee;	1053
(2) Information concerning a consumer that because of the	1054
name, number, personal mark, or other identifier contained in	1055
the information can be used to identify that consumer in	1056

combination with any one or more of the following data elements:	1057
(a) Social security number;	1058
(b) Driver's license, commercial driver's license, or	1059
state identification card number;	1060
(c) Account, credit card, or debit card number;	1061
(d) Any security code, access code, or password that would	1062
permit access to the consumer's financial account;	1063
(e) Biometric records.	1064
(3) Any information or data, except age or gender, that is	1065
in any form or medium created by or derived from a health care	1066
provider or a consumer, that can be used to identify a	1067
particular consumer, and that relates to any of the following:	1068
(a) The past, present, or future physical, mental, or	1069
behavioral health or condition of the consumer or a member of	1070
<pre>the consumer's family;</pre>	1071
(b) The provision of health care to the consumer;	1072
(c) Payment for the provision of health care to the	1073
<pre>consumer.</pre>	1074
(P) "Publicly available information" means any information	1075
that a licensee has a reasonable basis to believe is lawfully	1076
made available to the general public from federal, state, or	1077
local government records; widely distributed media; or	1078
disclosures to the general public that are required to be made	1079
by federal, state, or local law.	1080
For the purposes of this chapter, a licensee has a	1081
reasonable basis to believe that information is lawfully made	1082
available to the general public if the licensee has taken steps	1083

to determine both of the following:	1084
(1) That the information is of the type that is available	1085
to the general public;	1086
(2) Whether a consumer can direct that the information not	1087
be made available to the general public and, if so, that the	1088
consumer has not done so.	1089
(Q) "Risk assessment" means the risk assessment that each	1090
licensee is required to conduct under division (C) of section	1091
3965.02 of the Revised Code.	1092
(R) "Third-party service provider" means a person other	1093
than a licensee that:	1094
(1) Contracts with a licensee to maintain, process, or	1095
store nonpublic information through its provision of services to	1096
the licensee;	1097
(2) Otherwise is permitted access to nonpublic information	1098
through its provision of services to the licensee.	1099
Sec. 3965.02. (A) Each licensee shall develop, implement,	1100
and maintain a comprehensive written information security	1101
program based on the licensee's risk assessment. The program	1102
shall be commensurate with the size and complexity of the	1103
licensee, the nature and scope of the licensee's activities	1104
including its use of third-party service providers, and the	1105
sensitivity of the nonpublic information used by the licensee or	1106
in the licensee's possession, custody, or control.	1107
(B) The information security program shall contain	1108
administrative, technical, and physical safeguards for the	1109
protection of nonpublic information and the licensee's	1110
information system and shall be designed to do all of the	1111

<pre>following:</pre>	1112
(1) Protect the security and confidentiality of nonpublic	1113
information and the security of the information system;	1114
(2) Protect against any threats or hazards to the security	1115
or integrity of nonpublic information and the information	1116
<pre>system;</pre>	1117
(3) Protect against unauthorized access to or use of	1118
nonpublic information and minimize the likelihood of harm to any	1119
<pre>consumer;</pre>	1120
(4) Define and periodically reevaluate a schedule for	1121
retention of nonpublic information and a mechanism for its	1122
destruction when no longer needed.	1123
(C) The licensee shall do all of the following:	1124
(1) Designate one or more persons or entities to act on	1125
behalf of the licensee and be responsible for the information	1126
security program;	1127
(2) Identify reasonably foreseeable internal or external	1128
threats that could result in unauthorized access, transmission,	1129
disclosure, misuse, alteration, or destruction of nonpublic	1130
information, including threats to the security of information	1131
systems and nonpublic information that are accessible to, or	1132
held by, third-party service providers;	1133
(3) Assess the likelihood and potential damage of the	1134
threats described in division (C)(2) of this section, taking	1135
<pre>into consideration the sensitivity of the nonpublic information;</pre>	1136
(4) Assess the sufficiency of policies, procedures,	1137
information systems, and other safeguards in place to manage the	1138
threats described in division (C)(2) of this section, including	1139

consideration of such threats in each relevant area of the	1140
licensee's operations, including all of the following:	1141
(a) Employee training and management;	1142
(b) Information systems, including network and software	1143
design, as well as information classification, governance,	1144
processing, storage, transmission, and disposal;	1145
(c) Detecting, preventing, and responding to attacks,	1146
intrusions, or other systems failures.	1147
(5) Implement information safeguards to manage the threats	1148
identified in its ongoing assessment;	1149
(6) Not less than annually, assess the effectiveness of	1150
the safequards' key controls, systems, and procedures.	1151
(D) Based on its risk assessment, the licensee shall do	1152
all of the following:	1153
(1) Design its information security program to mitigate	1154
the identified risks in a way that is commensurate with the size	1155
and complexity of the licensee, the nature and scope of the	1156
licensee's activities including its use of third-party service	1157
providers, and the sensitivity of the nonpublic information used	1158
by the licensee or in the licensee's possession, custody, or	1159
<pre>control;</pre>	1160
(2) Determine which of the following security measures are	1161
appropriate and implement such security measures:	1162
(a) Place access controls on information systems,	1163
including controls to authenticate and permit access only to	1164
authorized individuals, to protect against the unauthorized	1165
acquisition of nonpublic information;	1166

(b) Identify and manage the data, personnel, devices,	1167
systems, and facilities that enable the organization to achieve	1168
business purposes in accordance with their relative importance	1169
to business objectives and the organization's risk strategy;	1170
(c) Restrict access at physical locations containing	1171
nonpublic information to authorized individuals;	1172
(d) Protect by encryption or other appropriate means all	1173
nonpublic information while such information is being	1174
transmitted over an external network and all nonpublic	1175
information stored on a laptop computer or other portable	1176
<pre>computing or storage device or media;</pre>	1177
(e) Adopt secure development practices for in-house	1178
developed applications utilized by the licensee and procedures	1179
for evaluating, assessing, or testing the security of externally	1180
developed applications utilized by the licensee;	1181
(f) Modify the information system in accordance with the	1182
licensee's information security program;	1183
(g) Utilize effective controls, which may include	1184
<u>multifactor</u> <u>authentication</u> <u>procedures</u> <u>for accessing nonpublic</u>	1185
<pre>information;</pre>	1186
(h) Regularly test and monitor systems and procedures to	1187
detect actual and attempted attacks on, or intrusions into,	1188
<pre>information systems;</pre>	1189
(i) Include audit trails within the information security	1190
program designed to detect and respond to cybersecurity events	1191
and designed to reconstruct material financial transactions	1192
sufficient to support normal operations and obligations of the	1193
licensee;	1194

(j) Implement measures to protect against destruction,	1195
loss, or damage of nonpublic information due to environmental	1196
hazards, such as fire and water damage or other catastrophes or	1197
technological failures;	1198
(k) Develop, implement, and maintain procedures for the	1199
secure disposal of nonpublic information in any format.	1200
(3) Include cybersecurity risks in the licensee's	1201
<pre>enterprise risk management process;</pre>	1202
(4) Stay informed regarding emerging threats or	1203
vulnerabilities and utilize reasonable security measures when	1204
sharing information relative to the character of the sharing and	1205
the type of information shared;	1206
(5) Provide its personnel with cybersecurity awareness	1207
training that is updated as necessary to reflect risks	1208
identified by the licensee in the risk assessment.	1209
(E) If the licensee has a board of directors, the board or	1210
an appropriate committee of the board shall, at a minimum, do	1211
all of the following:	1212
(1) Require the licensee's executive management or its	1213
delegates to develop, implement, and maintain the licensee's	1214
<pre>information security program;</pre>	1215
(2) Require the licensee's executive management or its	1216
delegates to report in writing at least annually, all of the	1217
<pre>following information:</pre>	1218
(a) The overall status of the information security program	1219
and the licensee's compliance with this chapter;	1220
(b) Material matters related to the information security	1221
program, addressing issues such as risk assessment, risk	1222

management and control decisions, third-party service provider	1223
arrangements, results of testing, cybersecurity events or	1224
violations and management's responses thereto, and	1225
recommendations for changes in the information security program.	1226
(3) If executive management delegates any of its	1227
responsibilities under this section, it shall oversee the	1228
development, implementation, and maintenance of the licensee's	1229
information security program prepared by the delegates and shall	1230
require the delegates to submit a report that complies with the	1231
requirements of division (E)(2) of this section.	1232
(F)(1) A licensee shall exercise due diligence in	1233
selecting its third-party service provider.	1234
(2) A licensee shall require a third-party service	1235
provider to implement appropriate administrative, technical, and	1236
physical measures to protect and secure the information systems	1237
and nonpublic information that are accessible to, or held by,	1238
the third-party service provider.	1239
(G) The licensee shall monitor, evaluate, and adjust, as	1240
appropriate, the information security program consistent with	1241
all of the following:	1242
(1) Any relevant changes in technology;	1243
(2) The sensitivity of its nonpublic information;	1244
(3) Internal or external threats to information;	1245
(4) The licensee's own changing business arrangements,	1246
such as mergers and acquisitions, alliances and joint ventures,	1247
outsourcing arrangements, and changes to information systems.	1248
(H)(1) As part of its information security program, each	1249
licensee shall establish a written incident response plan	1250

designed to promptly respond to, and recover from, any	1251
cybersecurity event that compromises the confidentiality,	1252
integrity, or availability of nonpublic information in its	1253
possession, the licensee's information systems, or the	1254
continuing functionality of any aspect of the licensee's	1255
business or operations.	1256
(2) The incident response plan described in division (H)	1257
(1) of this section shall address all of the following areas:	1258
(a) The internal process for responding to a cybersecurity	1259
event;	1260
(b) The goals of the incident response plan;	1261
(c) The definition of clear roles, responsibilities, and	1262
levels of decision-making authority;	1263
(d) External and internal communications and information	1264
sharing;	1265
(e) Identification of requirements for the remediation of	1266
any identified weaknesses in information systems and associated	1267
controls;	1268
(f) Documentation and reporting regarding cybersecurity	1269
events and related incident response activities;	1270
(g) The evaluation and revision as necessary of the	1271
incident response plan following a cybersecurity event.	1272
(I)(1) By the fifteenth day of February of each year,	1273
unless otherwise permitted to file on the first day of June in	1274
division (I)(2) of this section, each insurer domiciled in this	1275
state shall submit to the superintendent of insurance a written	1276
statement certifying that the insurer is in compliance with the	1277
requirements set forth in this section. Each insurer shall	1278

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maintain for examination by the department of insurance all	1279
records, schedules, and data supporting this certificate for a	1280
period of five years. To the extent an insurer has identified	1281
areas, systems, or processes that require material improvement,	1282
updating, or redesign, the insurer shall document the	1283
identification and the remedial efforts planned and underway to	1284
address such areas, systems, or processes. Such documentation	1285
must be available for inspection by the superintendent.	1286
(2) Notwithstanding division (I)(1) of this section, an	1287
insurer domiciled in this state and licensed exclusively to	1288
conduct business in this state and no other state shall be	1289
permitted to submit to the superintendent of insurance a written	1290
statement certifying that the insurer is in compliance with the	1291
requirements set forth in this section as part of the insurer's	1292
corporate governance annual disclosure required by section	1293
3901.073 of the Revised Code.	1294
(J) A licensee that meets the requirements of this chapter	1295
shall be deemed to have implemented a cybersecurity program that	1296
reasonably conforms to an industry-recognized cybersecurity	1297
framework for the purposes of Chapter 1354. of the Revised Code.	1298
Sec. 3965.03. (A) If a licensee learns that a	1299
cybersecurity event has or may have occurred, the licensee or an	1300
outside vendor or service provider designated to act on behalf	1301
of the licensee shall conduct a prompt investigation.	1302
(B) During the investigation, the licensee or an outside	1303
vendor or service provider designated to act on behalf of the	1304
licensee shall, at a minimum, do as much of the following as	1305
possible:	1306

(1) Determine whether a cybersecurity event has occurred;

(2) Assess the nature and scope of the cybersecurity	1308
<pre>event;</pre>	1309
(3) Identify any nonpublic information that may have been	1310
involved in the cybersecurity event;	1311
(4) Perform or oversee reasonable measures to restore the	1312
security of the information systems compromised in the	1313
cybersecurity event in order to prevent further unauthorized	1314
acquisition, release, or use of nonpublic information in the	1315
licensee's possession, custody, or control.	1316
(C) If the licensee learns that a cybersecurity event has	1317
or may have occurred in a system maintained by a third-party	1318
service provider, the licensee shall take the actions described	1319
in division (B) of this section or make reasonable efforts to	1320
confirm and document that the third-party service provider has	1321
taken those actions.	1322
(D) The licensee shall maintain records concerning all	1323
cybersecurity events for a period of at least five years from	1324
the date of the cybersecurity event and shall produce those	1325
records upon demand of the superintendent of insurance.	1326
Sec. 3965.04. (A) Each licensee shall notify the	1327
superintendent of insurance as promptly as possible after a	1328
determination that a cybersecurity event involving nonpublic	1329
information in the possession of the licensee has occurred, but	1330
in no event later than three business days after that	1331
determination, when either of the following criteria has been	1332
<pre>met:</pre>	1333
(1) Both of the following apply:	1334
(a) This state is the licensee's state of domicile, in the	1335
case of an insurer, or this state is the licensee's home state.	1336

in the case of an independent insurance agent.	1337
(b) The cybersecurity event has a reasonable likelihood of	1338
materially harming a consumer or a material part of the normal	1339
operations of the licensee.	1340
(2) The licensee reasonably believes that the nonpublic	1341
information involved relates to two hundred fifty or more	1342
consumers residing in this state and the cybersecurity event is	1343
<pre>either of the following:</pre>	1344
(a) A cybersecurity event impacting the licensee of which	1345
notice is required to be provided to any government body, self-	1346
regulatory agency, or any other supervisory body pursuant to any	1347
<pre>state or federal law;</pre>	1348
(b) A cybersecurity event that has a reasonable likelihood	1349
of materially harming either of the following:	1350
(i) Any consumer residing in this state;	1351
(ii) Any material part of the normal operations of the	1352
licensee.	1353
(B) (1) In providing the notification described in division	1354
(A) of this section, the licensee shall provide as much of the	1355
following information as possible:	1356
(a) The date of the cybersecurity event;	1357
(b) A description of how the information was exposed,	1358
lost, stolen, or breached, including the specific roles and	1359
responsibilities of any third-party service providers;	1360
(c) How the cybersecurity event was discovered;	1361
(d) Whether any lost, stolen, or breached information has	1362
been recovered and if so, how this was done;	1363

(e) The identity of the source of the cybersecurity event;	1364
(f) Whether the licensee has filed a police report or has	1365
notified any regulatory, government, or law enforcement agencies	1366
and, if so, when such notification was provided;	1367
(g) A description of the specific types of information	1368
acquired without authorization. "Specific types of information"	1369
means particular data elements, including types of medical	1370
information, types of financial information, or types of	1371
information allowing identification of the consumer.	1372
(h) The period during which the information system was	1373
<pre>compromised by the cybersecurity event;</pre>	1374
(i) The number of total consumers in this state affected	1375
by the cybersecurity event. The licensee shall provide the best	1376
estimate in the initial report to the superintendent and update	1377
this estimate with each subsequent report to the superintendent	1378
pursuant to this section.	1379
(j) The results of any internal review identifying a lapse	1380
in either automated controls or internal procedures, or	1381
confirming that all automated controls or internal procedures	1382
were followed;	1383
(k) A description of efforts being undertaken to remediate	1384
the situation that permitted the cybersecurity event to occur;	1385
(1) A copy of the licensee's privacy policy and a	1386
statement outlining the steps the licensee will take to	1387
investigate and notify consumers affected by the cybersecurity	1388
event;	1389
(m) The name of a contact person who is both familiar with	1390
the cybersecurity event and authorized to act for the licensee.	1391

(2) The licensee shall provide the information in	1392
electronic form as directed by the superintendent. The licensee	1393
shall have a continuing obligation to update and supplement	1394
initial and subsequent notifications to the superintendent	1395
regarding material developments relating to the cybersecurity	1396
event.	1397
(C) A licensee shall comply with section 1349.19 of the	1398
Revised Code as applicable and provide a copy of the notice sent	1399
to consumers under that section to the superintendent, when the	1400
licensee is required to notify the superintendent under division	1401
(A) of this section.	1402
(D)(1) If a licensee becomes aware of a cybersecurity	1403
event in a system maintained by a third-party service provider,	1404
the licensee shall treat the event as it would under division	1405
(A) of this section.	1406
(2) The computation of the licensee's deadlines specified	1407
in this section shall begin on the day after the third-party	1408
service provider notifies the licensee of the cybersecurity	1409
event or the licensee otherwise has actual knowledge of the	1410
cybersecurity event, whichever is sooner.	1411
(3) Nothing in this chapter shall prevent or abrogate an	1412
agreement between a licensee and another licensee, a third-party	1413
service provider, or any other party to fulfill any of the	1414
investigation requirements imposed under section 3965.03 of the	1415
Revised Code or notice requirements imposed under this section.	1416
(E)(1) In the case of a cybersecurity event involving	1417
nonpublic information that is used by or in the possession,	1418
custody, or control of a licensee that is acting as an assuming	1419
inguror including an assuming insuror that is demiciled in	1/20

another state or jurisdiction, and that does not have a direct	1421
contractual relationship with the affected consumers, both of	1422
the following apply:	1423
(a) The assuming insurer shall notify its affected ceding	1424
insurers and the insurance commissioner of its state or	1425
jurisdiction of domicile within three business days of making	1426
the determination that a cybersecurity event has occurred.	1427
(b) The ceding insurers that have a direct contractual	1428
relationship with affected consumers shall fulfill the consumer	1429
notification requirements imposed under section 1349.19 of the	1430
Revised Code and any other notification requirements relating to	1431
a cybersecurity event imposed under this section.	1432
(2) In the case of a cybersecurity event involving	1433
nonpublic information that is in the possession, custody, or	1434
control of a licensee's third-party service provider, when the	1435
licensee is acting as an assuming insurer, including an assuming	1436
insurer that is domiciled in another state or jurisdiction, both	1437
of the following apply:	1438
(a) The assuming insurer shall notify its affected ceding	1439
insurers and the insurance commissioner of its state or	1440
jurisdiction of domicile within three business days of receiving	1441
notice from its third-party service provider that a	1442
cybersecurity event has occurred.	1443
(b) The ceding insurers that have a direct contractual	1444
relationship with affected consumers shall fulfill the consumer	1445
notification requirements imposed under section 1349.19 of the	1446
Revised Code and any other notification requirements relating to	1447
a cybersecurity event imposed under this section.	1448
(3) Any licensee acting as an assuming insurer shall have	1449

no other notice obligations relating to a cybersecurity event or	1450
other data breach under division (A) of this section.	1451
(F) In the case of a cybersecurity event involving	1452
nonpublic information that is in the possession, custody, or	1453
control of a licensee that is an insurer or its third-party	1454
service provider, that was obtained by the insurer from a	1455
consumer accessing the insurer's services through an independent	1456
insurance agent, and for which disclosure or notice is required	1457
under section 1349.19 of the Revised Code, the insurer shall	1458
notify the independent insurance agents of record of all	1459
affected consumers.	1460
The insurer is excused from this obligation for any	1461
independent insurance agents who are not authorized by law or	1462
contract to sell, solicit, or negotiate on behalf of the	1463
insurer, and for those instances in which the insurer does not	1464
have the current independent insurance agent of record	1465
information for an individual consumer.	1466
Sec. 3965.05. (A) The superintendent of insurance shall	1467
have power to examine and investigate into the affairs of any	1468
licensee to determine whether the licensee has been or is	1469
engaged in any conduct in violation of this chapter. This power	1470
is in addition to the powers that the superintendent has under	1471
Title XXXIX and Chapters 1739. and 1751. of the Revised Code.	1472
(B) Whenever the superintendent has reason to believe that	1473
a licensee has been or is engaged in conduct in this state that	1474
violates this chapter, the superintendent may take any necessary	1475
or appropriate action to enforce the provisions of this chapter.	1476
Sec. 3965.06. (A) (1) Any documents, materials, or other	1477
information in the control or possession of the department of	1478

insurance that are furnished pursuant to divisions (H)(1) and	1479
(I) of section 3965.02 and divisions (B)(1)(b), (c), (d), (e),	1480
(h), (j), and (k) of section 3965.04 of the Revised Code, or	1481
that are obtained by, created by, or disclosed to the	1482
superintendent of insurance in an investigation or examination	1483
pursuant to section 3965.05 of the Revised Code:	1484
(a) Shall be confidential by law and privileged;	1485
(b) Are not public records for the purposes of section	1486
149.43 of the Revised Code and shall not be released;	1487
(c) Shall not be subject to subpoena;	1488
(d) Shall not be subject to discovery or admissible in	1489
evidence in any private civil action.	1490
(2) Notwithstanding division (A)(1) of this section, the	1491
superintendent may use the documents, materials, or other	1492
information described in division (A) of this section in	1493
furtherance of any regulatory or legal action brought as a part	1494
of the superintendent's duties.	1495
(B) Neither the superintendent nor any person who received	1496
documents, materials, or other information described in division	1497
(A) of this section while acting under the authority of the	1498
superintendent shall be permitted or required to testify in any	1499
private civil action concerning any documents, materials, or	1500
information subject to division (A) of this section.	1501
(C) In order to assist in the performance of the	1502
superintendent's duties under this chapter, the superintendent	1503
<pre>may do any of the following:</pre>	1504
(1) Notwithstanding division (A) of this section, share	1505
documents, materials, or other information, including those	1506

subject to division (A) of this section, with all of the	1507
following if the recipient agrees in writing to maintain the	1508
confidentiality and privileged status of the document, material,	1509
or other information:	1510
(a) Other state, federal, and international regulatory	1511
agencies;	1512
(b) The national association of insurance commissioners	1513
and its affiliates and subsidiaries;	1514
(c) State, federal, and international law enforcement	1515
authorities.	1516
(2) Receive documents, materials, or information,	1517
including otherwise confidential and privileged documents,	1518
materials, or information, from the national association of	1519
insurance commissioners and its affiliates and subsidiaries, and	1520
from regulatory and law enforcement officials of other foreign	1521
or domestic jurisdictions. The superintendent shall maintain as	1522
confidential or privileged any document, material, or	1523
information received with notice or the understanding that it is	1524
confidential or privileged under the laws of the jurisdiction	1525
that is the source of the document, material, or information.	1526
(3) Share documents, materials, or other information	1527
subject to division (A) of this section with a third-party	1528
consultant or vendor if the consultant or vendor agrees in	1529
writing to maintain the confidentiality and privileged status of	1530
the document, material, or other information;	1531
(4) Enter into agreements governing sharing and use of	1532
information consistent with this section.	1533
(D) No waiver of any applicable privilege or claim of	1534
confidentiality in the documents, materials, or information	1535

shall occur as a result of disclosure to the superintendent	1536
under this section or as a result of sharing as authorized in	1537
division (C) of this section.	1538
(E) Nothing in this chapter shall prohibit the	1539
superintendent from releasing decisions related to final,	1540
adjudicated actions that are open to public inspection pursuant	1541
to section 149.43 of the Revised Code to a database or other	1542
clearinghouse service maintained by the national association of	1543
insurance commissioners or its affiliates or subsidiaries.	1544
(F) Any documents, materials, or other information	1545
described in division (A) of this section that are in the	1546
possession or control of the national association of insurance	1547
commissioners, or any vendor, third-party consultant to the	1548
national association of insurance commissioners, or a third-	1549
<pre>party service provider:</pre>	1550
(1) Shall be confidential by law and privileged;	1551
(2) Are not public records for the purposes of section	1552
149.43 of the Revised Code and shall not be released;	1553
(3) Shall not be subject to subpoena;	1554
(4) Shall not be subject to discovery or admissible in	1555
evidence in any private civil action.	1556
Sec. 3965.07. (A) A licensee is exempt from the	1557
requirements of section 3965.02 of the Revised Code if it meets	1558
any of the following criteria:	1559
(1) The licensee has fewer than twenty employees.	1560
(2) The licensee has less than five million dollars in	1561
gross annual revenue.	1562

(3) The licensee has less than ten million dollars in	1563
assets, measured at the end of the licensee's fiscal year.	1564
(B)(1) A licensee subject to and in compliance with the	1565
privacy and security rules of 45 C.F.R. Parts 160 and 164 shall	1566
be deemed to meet the requirements of this chapter, except those	1567
pertaining to notification under section 3965.04 of the Revised	1568
Code. The licensee shall submit a written statement to the	1569
superintendent certifying its compliance with 45 C.F.R. Parts	1570
160 and 164. The information furnished by a licensee pursuant to	1571
section 3965.04 of the Revised Code shall be confidential in	1572
accordance with section 3965.06 of the Revised Code.	1573
Each licensee shall maintain for examination by the	1574
superintendent all records, schedules, and data supporting the	1575
certificate of compliance for a period of five years. To the	1576
extent an insurer has identified areas, systems, or processes	1577
that require material improvement, updating, or redesign, the	1578
insurer shall document the identification and the remedial	1579
efforts planned and underway to address such areas, systems, or	1580
processes. Such documentation shall be available for inspection	1581
by the department.	1582
(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, a	1583
licensee subject to HIPAA shall comply with the requirements of	1584
any subsequent amendments to HIPAA in the timeframe established	1585
in the applicable amendments to HIPAA.	1586
(C) An employee, agent, representative, independent	1587
contractor, or designee of a licensee, who is also a licensee,	1588
is exempt from section 3965.02 of the Revised Code and need not	1589
develop its own information security program to the extent that	1590
the employee, agent, representative, independent contractor, or	1591
designee is covered by the information security program of the	1592

other licensee.	1593
(D) If a licensee ceases to qualify for an exemption, the	1594
licensee shall have one hundred eighty days after the date it	1595
ceases to qualify to comply with this chapter.	1596
Sec. 3965.08. (A) A licensee that satisfies the provisions	1597
of this chapter shall be entitled to an affirmative defense to	1598
any cause of action sounding in tort that is brought under the	1599
laws of this state or in the courts of this state and that	1600
alleges that the failure to implement reasonable information	1601
security controls resulted in a data breach concerning nonpublic	1602
<pre>information.</pre>	1603
(B) The affirmative defenses permitted under this section	1604
shall not limit any other affirmative defenses available to a	1605
<u>licensee.</u>	1606
Sec. 3965.09. Notwithstanding any other provision of law,	1607
the provisions of this chapter and any rules adopted pursuant to	1608
this chapter constitute the exclusive state standards and	1609
requirements applicable to licensees regarding cybersecurity	1610
events, the security of nonpublic information, data security,	1611
investigation of cybersecurity events, and notification to the	1612
superintendent of cybersecurity events.	1613
Sec. 3965.10. The superintendent of insurance, pursuant to	1614
Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, may adopt rules as necessary	1615
to carry out the provisions of this chapter.	1616
Sec. 3965.11. The superintendent of insurance shall	1617
consider the nature, scale, and complexity of licensees in	1618
administering this chapter and adopting rules pursuant to this	1619
<pre>chapter.</pre>	1620
Section 2. That existing sections 3905.30, 3905.33,	1621

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3905.423, 3905.426, 3937.25, 3937.28, 3955.05, 3960.11, and	1622
3963.02 and section 3905.425 of the Revised Code are hereby	1623
repealed.	1624
Section 3. Licensees, as defined in section 3965.01 of the	1625
Revised Code as enacted in this act, shall have two years from	1626
the effective date of this act to implement division (F) of	1627
section 3965.02 of the Revised Code and one year from the	1628
effective date of this act to implement all other divisions of	1629
that section.	1630
Section 4. Chapter 3965. of the Revised Code is intended	1631
to enact an industry-recognized cybersecurity framework for the	1632
purposes of Chapter 1354. of the Revised Code.	1633