## As Reported by the House Federalism and Interstate Relations Committee

### 132nd General Assembly Regular Session 2017-2018

S. C. R. No. 23

#### **Senators Obhof, Peterson**

Cosponsors: Senators Balderson, Beagle, Coley, Gardner, Hackett, Hottinger, Huffman, Jordan, Manning, McColley, Oelslager, Uecker, Terhar, O'Brien, Burke, Dolan, Eklund, Hoagland, LaRose, Wilson Representatives Roegner, Becker, Merrin, Retherford, Young

#### A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

То	reassert the principles of federalism found throughout	1
	the Constitution of the United States of America and	2
	embodied in the Tenth Amendment, to notify Congress to	3
	limit and end certain mandates, and to insist that	4
	federal legislation contravening the Tenth Amendment	5
	be prohibited or repealed.	6

# BE IT RESOLVED BY THE SENATE OF THE STATE OF OHIO (THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES CONCURRING):

WHEREAS, "It is incontestible that the Constitution	7
established a system of 'dual sovereignty,'" Printz v. United	8
States, 521 U.S. 898, 918 (1997); and	9
WHEREAS, The powers delegated to the federal government	10
"are few and defined" (Federalist No. 45) and "its jurisdiction	11
extends to certain enumerated objects only" (Federalist No. 39);	
and	13
WHEREAS, The Constitution "leaves to the several States a	14
residuary and inviolable sovereignty" (Federalist No. 39) and	15

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the powers retained by State governments are "numerous and	16	
indefinite" (Federalist No. 45); and	17	
WHEREAS, By dividing government "into distinct and separate	18	
departments," allotting different powers and responsibilities to	19	
each, the Constitution protects "the rights of the People"	20	
(Federalist No. 51); and	21	
WHEREAS, The United States Supreme Court, in Printz v.	22	
United States, 521 U.S. 898 (1997), recognized that "This	23	
separation of the two spheres is one of the Constitution's	24	
structural protections of liberty. 'Just as the separation and	25	
independence of the coordinate branches of the Federal	26	
Government serve to prevent the accumulation of excessive power	27	
in any one branch, a healthy balance of power between the States	28	
and the Federal Government will reduce the risk of tyranny and	29	
abuse from either front'" (521 U.S. at 921); and	30	
WHEREAS, The Tenth Amendment to the United States	31	
Constitution states, "The powers not delegated to the United	32	
States by the Constitution, nor prohibited by it to the States,	33	
are reserved to the States respectively, or to the people"; and	34	
WHEREAS, The Tenth Amendment defines the scope of federal	35	
power as being that specifically granted to the federal	36	
government by the Constitution; and	37	
WHEREAS, The Ninth Amendment to the Constitution of the	38	
United States states that, "The enumeration in the Constitution,	39	
of certain rights, shall not be construed to deny or disparage	40	
others retained by the people"; and	41	
WHEREAS, We believe in the importance of all levels of	42	
government working together to serve the citizens of our	43	
country, by respecting the constitutional provisions that	44	
properly delineate the authority of each respective level; and	45	
WHEREAS, The Tenth Amendment assures that we, the people of	46	

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the United States and each sovereign State in the Union of	47	
States, now have, and have always had, rights the federal	48	
government may not usurp; and	49	
WHEREAS, The United States Supreme Court held in New York	50	
v. United States, 505 U.S. 144 (1992), that Congress may not	51	
simply commandeer the legislative and regulatory processes of	52	
the States by compelling them to enact and enforce regulatory	53	
programs; and	54	
WHEREAS, The United States Supreme Court held in United	55	
States v. Lopez, 514 U.S. 549 (1995) that the scope of the	56	
federal government's power "must be considered in light of our	57	
dual system of government and may not be extended so as to $\dots$	58	
effectively obliterate the distinction between what is national	59	
and what is local" (514 U.S. at 557); and	60	
WHEREAS, Certain enactments by the federal government	61	
exceed the scope of the federal government's enumerated powers,	62	
and intrude on areas traditionally left to the States; and	63	
WHEREAS, Today, in 2018, the States are often treated as	64	
agents of the federal government, in contravention of the	65	
principles outlined above; and	66	
WHEREAS, Certain federal laws contravene the Tenth	67	
Amendment to the Constitution of the United States; now	68	
therefore be it	69	
RESOLVED, That the State of Ohio hereby acknowledges and	70	
reaffirms its residuary and inviolable sovereignty under the	71	
Tenth Amendment to the Constitution of the United States over	72	
all powers not otherwise enumerated and granted to the federal	73	
government by the Constitution of the United States; and be it	74	
further	75	
RESOLVED, That this resolution serves as notice to the	76	
federal government to end federal mandates that are beyond the	77	

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scope of its constitutionally delegated powers; and be it	78
further	79
RESOLVED, That compulsory federal legislation that directs	80
States to comply under threat of civil or criminal penalty or	81
sanction or that requires States to enact legislation or lose	82
federal funding be prohibited or repealed; and be it further	83
RESOLVED, That the Clerk of the Senate transmit duly	84
authenticated copies of this resolution to the President of the	85
United States, the President Pro Tempore of the United States	86
Senate, the Speaker of the United States House of	87
Representatives, the Speaker of the House of Representatives and	88
the President of the Senate of each state's legislature, and	89
each member of the Ohio Congressional delegation.	90