As Introduced

133rd General Assembly

Regular Session 2019-2020

H. B. No. 464

Representatives Cupp, Rogers

Cosponsors: Representatives Lipps, Seitz, Hambley, Grendell, Miranda, Roemer, Ingram, Miller, J.

A BILL

To amend sections 2106.13, 2111.50, 2701.10,	1
5804.11, and 5805.06 of the Revised Code to	2
expand a guardian's authority to create estate	3
plans for their wards, to clarify a surviving	4
spouse's allowance for support upon the spouse's	5
selection of an automobile, to make changes in	6
the Ohio Trust Code, and to make changes in the	7
law pertaining to the referral of actions to a	8
retired judge.	9

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 2106.13, 2111.50, 2701.10,	10
5804.11, and 5805.06 of the Revised Code be amended to read as	11
follows:	12
Sec. 2106.13. (A) If a person dies leaving a surviving	13
spouse and no minor children, leaving a surviving spouse and	14
minor children, or leaving minor children and no surviving	15
spouse, the surviving spouse, minor children, or both shall be	16
entitled to receive, subject to division (B) of this section, in	17
money or property the sum of forty thousand dollars as an	18

allowance for support. If the surviving spouse selected one or19more automobiles more than one automobile under section 2106.1820of the Revised Code, the allowance for support prescribed by21this section shall be reduced by the value of the automobile22having the lowest value if more than one automobile is of the23automobiles so selected. The money or property set off as an24allowance for support shall be considered estate assets.25

(B) The probate court shall order the distribution of the allowance for support described in division (A) of this section as follows:

(1) If the person died leaving a surviving spouse and no minor children, one hundred per cent to the surviving spouse;

(2) If the person died leaving a surviving spouse and minor children, and if all of the minor children are the children of the surviving spouse, one hundred per cent to the surviving spouse;

(3) If the person died leaving a surviving spouse and
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minor children, and if not all of the minor children are
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children of the surviving spouse, in equitable shares, as fixed
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by the probate court in accordance with this division, to the
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surviving spouse and the minor children who are not the children
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of the surviving spouse. In determining equitable shares under
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this division, the probate court shall do all of the following:

(a) Consider the respective needs of the surviving spouse, the minor children who are children of the surviving spouse, and the minor children who are not children of the surviving spouse;

(b) Allocate to the surviving spouse, the share that is
equitable in light of the needs of the surviving spouse and the
minor children who are children of the surviving spouse;
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(c) Allocate to the minor children who are not children of
the surviving spouse, the share that is equitable in light of
the needs of those minor children.

(4) If the person died leaving minor children and no surviving spouse, in equitable shares, as fixed by the probate court in accordance with this division, to the minor children. In determining equitable shares under this division, the probate court shall consider the respective needs of the minor children and allocate to each minor child the share that is equitable in light of the child's needs.

(C) If the surviving spouse selected one or more automobiles more than one automobile under section 2106.18 of the Revised Code, the probate court, in considering the respective needs of the surviving spouse and the minor children when allocating an allowance for support under division (B)(3) of this section, shall consider the benefit derived by the surviving spouse from the transfer of the automobile having the lowest value if more than one automobile is of the automobiles so selected.

(D) If, pursuant to this section, the probate court must allocate the allowance for support, the administrator or executor, within five months of the initial appointment of an administrator or executor, shall file with the probate court an application to allocate the allowance for support.

(E) The administrator or executor shall pay the allowance
for support unless a competent adult or a guardian with the
consent of the court having jurisdiction over the guardianship
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waives the allowance for support to which the adult or the ward
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represented by the guardian is entitled.

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(F) For the purposes of this section, the value of an
automobile that a surviving spouse selects pursuant to section
2106.18 of the Revised Code is the value that the surviving
spouse specifies for the automobile in the affidavit executed
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pursuant to division (B) of section 4505.10 of the Revised Code.

Sec. 2111.50. (A) (1) At all times, the probate court is 82 the superior guardian of wards who are subject to its 83 jurisdiction, and all guardians who are subject to the 84 jurisdiction of the court shall obey all orders of the court 85 that concern their wards or guardianships. 86

(2) (a) Subject to divisions (A) (2) (b) and (c) of this section, the control of a guardian over the person, the estate, or both of the guardian's ward is limited to the authority that is granted to the guardian by the Revised Code, relevant decisions of the courts of this state, and orders or rules of the probate court.

(b) Except for the powers specified in division (E) of 93 this section and unless otherwise provided in or inconsistent 94 with another section of the Revised Code, the probate court may 95 confer upon a guardian any power that this section grants to the 96 probate court in connection with wards. Nothing in this section 97 is intended to create or imply a duty upon a quardian to apply 98 for authority to exercise any power authorized in this section. 99 No inference of impropriety or liability of the quardian or 100 others associated with the quardian shall arise as a result of a 101 quardian not applying for authority to exercise a power 102 authorized in this section. 103

(c) For good cause shown, the probate court may limit or
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deny, by order or rule, any power that is granted to a guardian
by a section of the Revised Code or relevant decisions of the
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courts of this state.

(B) In connection with any person whom the probate court 108 has found to be an incompetent or a minor subject to 109 guardianship and for whom the court has appointed a guardian, 110 the court has, subject to divisions (C) to (E) of this section, 111 all the powers that relate to the person and estate of the ward 112 and that the ward could exercise if present and not a minor or 113 under a disability, except the power to make or revoke a will. 114 These powers include, but are not limited to, the power to do 115 any of the following: 116

(1) Convey-or, release, or disclaim the present,117contingent, or expectant interests in real or personal property118of the ward, including, but not limited to, dower and any right119of survivorship incident to a transfer on death designation,120payable on death designation, survivorship tenancy, joint121tenancy, or tenancy by the entireties;122

(2) Exercise or, release, or disclaim powers as a trustee,
 personal representative, custodian for a minor, guardian, or
 donee of a power of appointment;

(3) Enter Subject to division (B) (4) of this section,
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enter into contracts, or create revocable trusts of property of
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the estate of the ward, that may not extend beyond the minority,
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disability, or life of the ward;
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(4) Create, amend, or revoke revocable trusts of property130of the estate of the ward that may extend beyond the minority,131disability, or life of the ward;132

(5) Exercise options to purchase securities or other 133 property; 134

(5) (6) Exercise rights to elect options under annuities 135

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and insurance policies, <u>including changing beneficiaries of</u>	136
insurance policies, retirement plans, individual retirement	137
accounts, and annuities, and to surrender an annuity or	138
insurance policy for its cash value;	139
$\frac{(6)}{(7)}$ Exercise the right to an elective share in the	140
estate of the deceased spouse of the ward pursuant to section	141
2106.08 <u>Chapter 2106.</u> of the Revised Code;	142
(7) <u>(8)</u> Make gifts, in trust or otherwise, to relatives of	143
the ward and, consistent with any prior pattern of the ward of	144
giving to charities or of providing support for friends, to	145
charities and friends of the ward.	146
(C) Except for the powers specified in division (D) of	147
this section, all powers of the probate court that are specified	148
in this chapter and that relate either to any person whom it has	149
found to be an incompetent or a minor subject to guardianship	150
and for whom it has appointed a guardian and all powers of a	151
guardian that relate to the guardian's ward or guardianship as	152
described in division (A)(2) of this section, shall be exercised	153
in the best interest, as determined in the court's or guardian's	154
judgment, of the following:	155
(1) The ward whom the probate court has found to be an	156
incompetent or a minor subject to guardianship;	157
(2) The dependents of the ward;	158
(3) The members of the household of the ward.	159
(D) If the court is to exercise or direct the exercise,	160
pursuant to division (B) of this section, of the power to make	161
gifts in trust or otherwise, the following conditions shall	162
apply:	163
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(1) The exercise of the particular power shall not impair
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the financial ability of the estate of the ward whom the probate
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court has found to be an incompetent or a minor subject to
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guardianship and for whom the court has appointed a guardian, to
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provide for the ward's foreseeable needs for maintenance and
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care;

(2) If applicable, the court shall consider any of thefollowing:

(a) The estate, income, and other tax advantages of the
exercise of a particular power to the estate of a ward whom the
probate court has found to be an incompetent or a minor subject
to guardianship and for whom the court has appointed a guardian;

(b) Any pattern of giving of, or any pattern of support 176provided by, the ward prior to the ward's incompetence; 177

(c) The disposition of property made by the ward's will_or 178
revocable trust; 179

(d) If there is no knowledge of a will or revocable trust180of the ward, the ward's prospective heirs;181

(e) Any relevant and trustworthy statements of the ward,182whether established by hearsay or other evidence.183

(E) (1) The probate court shall cause notice as described
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in division (E) (2) of this section to be given and a hearing to
be conducted prior to its exercise or direction of the exercise
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of any of the following powers pursuant to division (B) of this
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section:

(a) The exercise or, release, or disclaimer of powers as a
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 donee of a power of appointment;
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(b) Unless the amount of the gift is no more than one

thousand dollars, the making of a gift, in trust or otherwise; 192 (c) The power to create, amend, or revoke a revocable 193 trust as described in division (B)(4) of this section; 194 (d) The power to exercise rights to elect options under 195 annuities and insurance policies, including changing 196 beneficiaries of insurance policies, retirement plans, 197 individual retirement accounts, and annuities, and to surrender 198 an annuity or insurance policy for its cash value, as described 199 200 in division (B)(6) of this section. (2) The notice required by division (E)(1) of this section 201 202 shall be given to the following persons: (a) Unless a guardian of a ward has applied for the 203 exercise of a power specified in division (E)(1) of this 204 section, to the guardian; 205 (b) To the ward whom the probate court has found to be an 206 incompetent or a minor subject to guardianship; 207 (c) If known, to a guardian who applied for the exercise 208 of a power specified in division (E)(1) of this section, to the 209 prospective heirs of the ward whom the probate court has found 210 211 to be an incompetent or a minor subject to guardianship under section 2105.06 of the Revised Code, to the beneficiaries under 212 the last known will of the ward or under an existing revocable 213 trust of the ward, and to any person who has a legal interest in 214 property that may be divested or limited as the result of the 215 exercise of a power specified in division (E)(1) of this 216 section; 217 (d) To all of the following as applicable: 218 (i) The heirs at law and next of kin of the ward; 219

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(ii) The beneficiaries under an existing will or revocable 220 221 trust of the ward; (iii) The beneficiaries of any insurance policies, 222 retirement plans, individual retirement accounts, and annuities 223 owned by the ward; 224 (iv) The beneficiaries under any proposed revocable trust 225 and the proposed beneficiaries under any changes in the 226 designation of beneficiaries of any insurance policies, 227 retirement plans, individual retirement accounts, or annuities 228 as described in division (E)(2)(d)(iii) of this section. 229 230 (e) To any other persons the court orders. (F) When considering any question related to, and issuing 231 orders for, medical or surgical care or treatment of 232 incompetents or minors subject to quardianship, the probate 233 court has full parens patriae powers unless otherwise provided 234 by a section of the Revised Code. 235 Sec. 2701.10. (A) Any voluntarily retired judge, or any 236 judge who is retired under Section 6 of Article IV, Ohio 237 Constitution, may register with the clerk of any court of common 238 pleas, municipal court, or county court for the purpose of 239 receiving referrals for adjudication of civil actions or 240 proceedings, and submissions for determination of specific 241 issues or questions of fact or law in any civil action or 242 proceeding, pending in the court. There is no limitation upon 243 the number, type, or location of courts with which a retired 244 judge may register under this division. Upon registration with 245 the clerk of any court under this division, the retired judge is 246 eligible to receive referrals and submissions from that court, 247 in accordance with this section. Each court of common pleas, 248

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municipal court, and county court shall maintain an index of all 249
retired judges who have registered with the clerk of that court 250
pursuant to this division and shall make the index available to 251
any person, upon request. 252

(B) (1) The parties to any civil action or proceeding pending in any court of common pleas, municipal court, or county court unanimously may choose to have the action or proceeding in its entirety referred for adjudication, or to have any specific issue or question of fact or law in the action or proceeding submitted for determination, to a judge of their choosing who has registered with the clerk of that court in accordance with division (A) of this section.

If the parties unanimously do choose to have a referral or submission made to a retired judge pursuant to this section, all of the parties to the action or proceeding shall enter into a written agreement with the retired judge that does all of the following:

(a) Designates the retired judge to whom the referral or submission is to be made;

(b) If a submission is to be made, describes in detail the specific issue or question to be submitted;

(c) Indicates either of the following:

 (i) That the action or proceeding in its entirety is to be referred to, and is to be tried, determined, and adjudicated by that retired judge;

(ii) Indicates that the issue or question is to be274submitted, and is to be tried and determined by that retired275judge.

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(d) Indicates that the parties will assume the277responsibility for providing facilities, equipment, and278personnel reasonably needed by the retired judge during his the279retired judge's consideration of the action or proceeding and280will pay all costs arising out of the provision of the281facilities, equipment, and personnel;282

(e) Identifies an amount of compensation to be paid by the parties to the retired judge for his the retired judge's services and the manner of payment of the compensation;

(f) Indicates a procedure for terminating the agreement 286 with the retired judge. 287

(2) In any case described in division (B)(1) of this 288 section, the agreement shall be filed with the clerk of the 289 court or the judge before whom the action or proceeding is 290 pending. Upon the filing of the agreement, the The judge before 291 whom the action or proceeding is pending shall address the 292 agreement within fourteen days after its filing. That judge, by 293 journal entry, shall may, at the judge's discretion, order the 294 referral or submission in accordance with the agreement. No 295 referral or submission shall be made to a retired judge under 296 this section, unless the parties to the action or proceeding 297 unanimously choose to have the referral or submission made, 298 enter into an agreement of the type described in division (B)(1) 299 of this section with the retired judge, and file the agreement 300 in accordance with this division. 301

(C) Upon the entry of an order of referral or submission
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in accordance with division (B)(2) of this section, the retired
judge to whom the referral or submission is made, relative to
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the action or proceeding referred or the issue or question
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submitted, shall have all of the powers, duties, and authority
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of an active judge of the court in which the action or 307 proceeding is pending. The court in which the action or 308 proceeding is pending is not required to provide the retired 309 judge with court or other facilities, equipment, or personnel 310 during his the retired judge's consideration of the action, 311 proceeding, issue, or question. The retired judge shall not 312 313 receive any compensation, other than that agreed to by the parties and the retired judge, for his the retired judge's 314 services during his consideration of the action, proceeding, 315 issue, or question. 316

317 (D) (1) A retired judge to whom a referral is made under this section shall try all of the issues in the action or 318 proceeding, shall prepare relevant findings of fact and 319 conclusions of law, and shall enter a judgment in the action or 320 proceeding in the same manner as if he the retired judge were an 321 active judge of the court. A retired judge to whom a submission 322 is made under this section shall try the specific issue or 323 question submitted, shall prepare relevant findings of fact or 324 conclusions of law, shall make a determination on the issue or 325 question submitted, and shall file the findings, conclusions, 326 and determination with the clerk of the court in which the 327 action or proceeding is pending. Any judgment entered, and any 328 finding of fact, conclusion of law, or determination of an issue 329 or question made, by a retired judge in accordance with this 330 section shall have the same force and effect as if it had been 331 entered or made by an active judge of the court, and any appeal 332 from the judgment, finding, conclusion, or determination shall 333 be made as if the judgment had been entered, or the finding, 334 conclusion, or determination had been made, by an active judge 335 of the court. 336

(2) Upon conclusion of the referred action or proceeding

or	determinat	ion	of t	the	subn	<u>itte</u>	d iss	sue	or	questic	on,	_	338
juı	risdiction	is	retui	rned	to	the	refei	rrin	g -	judge.			339

(E) Any judge who registers with any court in accordance 340 with division (A) of this section may have his the judge's name 341 removed from the index of registered retired judges maintained 342 by that court at any time after the registration. On and after 343 the date of removal of the name of a retired judge from the 344 index of a court, the retired judge is not eligible under this 345 section to receive referrals or submissions from that court. 346

(F) This section does not affect, and shall not be
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construed as affecting, the provisions of section 141.16 of the
Revised Code. This section does not apply to any action or
groceeding pending in a small claims division of a municipal
court or county court.

Sec. 5804.11. (A) If upon petition the court finds that 352 the settlor and all beneficiaries consent to the modification or 353 termination of a noncharitable irrevocable trust, that all 354 consents, including any given by representatives under Chapter 355 5803. of the Revised Code, are valid, and that all parties 356 giving consent are competent to do so, the court shall enter an 357 order approving the modification or termination even if the 358 modification or termination is inconsistent with a material 359 purpose of the trust. An agent under a power of attorney may 360 exercise a settlor's power to consent to a trust's modification 361 or termination only to the extent expressly authorized by both 362 the power of attorney and the terms of the trust. The settlor's 363 guardian of the estate may exercise a settlor's power to consent 364 to a trust's modification or termination with the approval of 365 the court supervising the guardianship if an agent is not so 366 authorized. The guardian of the settlor's person may exercise a 367 settlor's power to consent to a trust's modification or 368 termination with the approval of the court supervising the 369 guardianship if an agent is not so authorized and a guardian of 370 the estate has not been appointed. This division does not apply 371 to a noncharitable irrevocable trust described in 42 U.S.C. 372 1396p(d)(4). 373

(B) A noncharitable irrevocable trust may be terminated 374 upon consent of all of the beneficiaries if the court concludes 375 that continuance of the trust is not necessary to achieve any 376 material purpose of the trust. A noncharitable irrevocable trust 377 may be modified, but not to remove or replace the <u>currently</u> 378 serving trustee, upon consent of all of the beneficiaries if the 379 court concludes that modification is not inconsistent with a 380 material purpose of the trust. A spendthrift provision in the 381 terms of the trust may, but is not presumed to, constitute a 382 material purpose of the trust. In determining what constitutes a 383 material purpose of a trust, a court may but is not required to 384 consider extrinsic evidence indicating a settlor's intent at the 385 time the instrument was executed. 386

(C) Upon termination of a trust under division (A) or (B) of this section, the trustee shall distribute the trust property as agreed by the beneficiaries.

(D) If not all of the beneficiaries consent to a proposed
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modification or termination of the trust under division (A) or
(B) of this section, the court may approve the modification or
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termination if the court is satisfied of both of the following:
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(1) That if all of the beneficiaries had consented, the 394trust could have been modified or terminated under this section; 395

(2) That the interests of a beneficiary who does not

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consent will be adequately protected.

Sec. 5805.06. (A) Whether or not the terms of a trust398contain a spendthrift provision, all of the following apply:399

(1) During the lifetime of the settlor, the property of arevocable trust is subject to claims of the settlor's creditors.401

(2) Except to the extent that a trust is established 402 pursuant to, or otherwise is wholly or partially governed by or 403 subject to Chapter 5816. of the Revised Code, with respect to an 404 irrevocable trust, a creditor or assignee of the settlor may 405 reach the maximum amount that can be distributed to or for the 406 settlor's benefit. If an irrevocable trust has more than one 407 settlor, the amount distributable to or for a settlor's benefit 408 that the creditor or assignee of a particular settlor may reach 409 may not exceed that settlor's interest in the portion of the 410 trust attributable to that settlor's contribution. The right of 411 a creditor or assignee to reach a settlor's interest in an 412 irrevocable trust shall be subject to Chapter 5816. of the 413 Revised Code to the extent that that chapter applies to that 414 trust. 415

(3) With respect to a trust described in 42 U.S.C. section
1396p(d)(4)(A) or (C), the court may limit the award of a
settlor's creditor under division (A)(1) or (2) of this section
to the relief that is appropriate under the circumstances,
considering among any other factors determined appropriate by
the court, the supplemental needs of the beneficiary.

(B) For purposes of this section, all of the following422apply:423

(1) The holder of a power of withdrawal is treated in thesame manner as the settlor of a revocable trust to the extent of425

amounts:

may be exercised. 427 (2) Upon the lapse, release, or waiver of the power of 428 withdrawal, the holder is treated as the settlor of the trust 429 only to the extent the value of the property affected by the 430 lapse, release, or waiver exceeds the greatest of the following-431 432 (a) The amount specified in section 2041(b)(2) or 2514(e) 433 434 of the Internal Revenue Code; (b) If the donor of the property subject to the holder's 435 power of withdrawal is not married at the time of the transfer 436 of the property to the trust, the amount specified in section 437 2503(b) of the Internal Revenue Code; 438 (c) If the donor of the property subject to the holder's-439 power of withdrawal is married at the time of the transfer of 440 the property to the trust, twice the amount specified in section-441 2503(b) of the Internal Revenue Code. 442 (3) None of the following shall be considered an amount 443 that can be distributed to or for the benefit of the settlor: 444 (a) Trust property that could be, but has not yet been, 445 distributed to or for the benefit of the settlor only as a 446 result of the exercise of a power of appointment held in a 447 nonfiduciary capacity by any person other than the settlor; 448

the property subject to the power during the period the power

(b) Trust property that could be, but has not yet been, 449 distributed to or for the benefit of the settlor of a trust 450 pursuant to the power of the trustee to make distributions or 451 pursuant to the power of another in a fiduciary capacity to 452 direct distributions, if and to the extent that the 453 454 distributions could be made from trust property the value of

which was included in the gross estate of the settlor's spouse 455
for federal estate tax purposes under section 2041 or 2044 of 456
the Internal Revenue Code or that was treated as a transfer by 457
the settlor's spouse under section 2514 or 2519 of the Internal 458
Revenue Code; 459

(c) Trust property that, pursuant to the exercise of a
discretionary power by a person other than the settlor, could be
paid to a taxing authority or to reimburse the settlor for any
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income tax on trust income or principal that is payable by the
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settlor under the law imposing the tax.

 Section 2. That existing sections 2106.13, 2111.50,
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 2701.10, 5804.11, and 5805.06 of the Revised Code are hereby
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 repealed.
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