## As Passed by the House

**133rd General Assembly** 

Regular Session 2019-2020

Sub. H. B. No. 6

Representatives Callender, Wilkin

Cosponsors: Representatives Cross, DeVitis, Ghanbari, Hillyer, Jones, Reineke, Seitz, Stein, Vitale

# A BILL

To amend sections 303.213, 519.213, 713.081,	1
1710.06, 3706.02, 3706.03, 4906.10, 4906.13,	2
4906.20, 4906.201, 4928.01, 4928.02, 4928.142,	3
4928.143, 4928.20, 4928.61, 4928.62, 4928.641,	4
4928.645, 4928.66, 4928.6610, 5501.311, 5727.47,	5
and 5727.75; to amend, for the purpose of	6
adopting a new section number as indicated in	7
parentheses, section 519.214 (519.215); and to	8
enact new section 519.214 and sections 3706.40,	9
3706.42, 3706.44, 3706.46, 3706.47, 3706.48,	10
3706.481, 3706.482, 3706.483, 3706.485,	11
3706.486, 3706.49, 3706.50, 4905.311, 4906.101,	12
4906.203, 4928.147, 4928.148, 4928.46, 4928.47,	13
4928.471, 4928.647, 4928.661, 4928.75, and	14
4928.80; to repeal section 4928.6616; and to	15
repeal, effective January 1, 2020, sections	16
1710.061, 4928.64, 4928.643, 4928.644, and	17
4928.65 of the Revised Code to create the Ohio	18
Clean Air Program, to facilitate and encourage	19
electricity production and use from clean air	20
resources, and to proactively engage the buying	21

power	r of	cons	sumer	s in	this	S	tate	for	the	purpose	22
of in	nprov	ving	air	qual:	ity i	n	this	stat	ce.		23

### BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 303.213, 519.213, 713.081, 24 3706.02, 3706.03, 4906.10, 4906.13, 4906.20, 4906.201, 4928.01, 25 4928.02, 4928.66, 4928.6610, 5727.47, and 5727.75 be amended; 26 section 519.214 (519.215) be amended for the purpose of adopting 27 a new section number as indicated in parentheses; and new 28 section 519.214 and sections 3706.40, 3706.42, 3706.44, 3706.46, 29 3706.47, 3706.48, 3706.481, 3706.482, 3706.483, 3706.485, 30 3706.486, 3706.49, 3706.50, 4905.311, 4906.101, 4906.203, 31 4928.147, 4928.148, 4928.46, 4928.47, 4928.471, 4928.647, 32 4928.661, 4928.75, and 4928.80 of the Revised Code be enacted to 33 read as follows: 34 35

Sec. 303.213. (A) As used in this section, "small wind35farm" means wind turbines and associated facilities with a36single interconnection to the electrical grid and designed for,37or capable of, operation at an aggregate capacity of less than38five megawatts that are not subject to the jurisdiction of the39power siting board under sections 4906.20 and 4906.201 of the40Revised Code.41

(B) Notwithstanding division (A) of section 303.211 of the
Revised Code, sections 303.01 to 303.25 of the Revised Code
confer power on a board of county commissioners or board of
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zoning appeals to adopt zoning regulations governing the
location, erection, construction, reconstruction, change,
alteration, maintenance, removal, use, or enlargement of any

small wind farm, whether publicly or privately owned, or the use 48
of land for that purpose, which regulations may be more strict 49
than the regulations prescribed in rules adopted under division 50
(B) (2) of section 4906.20 of the Revised Code. 51

(C) The designation under this section of a small wind
farm as a public utility for purposes of sections 303.01 to
303.25 of the Revised Code shall not affect the classification
of a small wind farm for purposes of state or local taxation.

(D) Nothing in division (C) of this section shall be construed as affecting the classification of a telecommunications tower as defined in division (B) or (E) of section 303.211 of the Revised Code or any other public utility for purposes of state and local taxation.

Sec. 519.213. (A) As used in this section, "small wind farm" means wind turbines and associated facilities with asingle interconnection to the electrical grid and designed for, or capable of, operation at an aggregate capacity of less than five megawatts that are not subject to the jurisdiction of the power siting board under sections 4906.20 and 4906.201 of the Revised Code.

(B) Notwithstanding division (A) of section 519.211 of the 68 Revised Code, sections 519.02 to 519.25 of the Revised Code 69 confer power on a board of township trustees or board of zoning 70 appeals with respect to the location, erection, construction, 71 reconstruction, change, alteration, maintenance, removal, use, 72 or enlargement of any small wind farm, whether publicly or 73 privately owned, or the use of land for that purpose, which 74 regulations may be more strict than the regulations prescribed 75 in rules adopted under division (B)(2) of section 4906.20 of the 76 Revised Code. 77

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(C) The designation under this section of a small wind 78 farm as a public utility for purposes of sections 519.02 to 79 519.25 of the Revised Code shall not affect the classification 80 of a small wind farm or any other public utility for purposes of 81 state or local taxation. 82

(D) Nothing in division (C) of this section shall be 83 construed as affecting the classification of a 84 telecommunications tower as defined in division (B) or (E) of 85 section 519.211 of the Revised Code or any other public utility 86 for purposes of state and local taxation. 87

Sec. 519.214. (A) If the power siting board issues a certificate to an economically significant wind farm or a large 89 wind farm as those terms are defined in section 4906.13 of the Revised Code, to be located in whole or in part in the unincorporated area of a township, the certificate shall become effective on the ninetieth day after the day it is issued, unless, not later than that day, a referendum petition is filed with the board of elections to require the certificate to be submitted to the electors of the unincorporated area of the township for approval or rejection.

(B) (1) A referendum petition submitted under division (A) 98 of this section shall be signed by a number of qualified 99 electors residing in the unincorporated area of the township 100 equal to not less than eight per cent of the total votes cast 101 for all candidates for governor in the unincorporated area of 102 the township at the most recent general election at which a 103 governor was elected. 104

(2) Each part petition shall contain a brief description 105 of the wind farm the certificate authorizes that is sufficient 106 to identify the certificate. In addition to the requirements of 107

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this section, the requirements of section 3501.38 of the Revised	108
Code shall apply to the petition.	109
(3) The form of the petition shall be substantially as	110
follows:	111
"PETITION FOR REFERENDUM OF WIND FARM CERTIFICATE	112
A proposal to approve or reject the wind farm certificate	113
issued for (description of wind farm) in the	114
unincorporated area of Township, County,	115
Ohio, adopted on (date) by the Board of Township	116
Trustees of Township, County, Ohio.	117
We, the undersigned, being electors residing in the	118
unincorporated area of Township, equal to not less	119
than eight per cent of the total vote cast for all candidates	120
for governor in the area at the preceding general election at	121
which a governor was elected, request the Board of Elections to	122
submit this proposal to the electors of the unincorporated area	123
of Township for approval or rejection at a special	124
election to be held on the day of the primary or general	125
election to be held on (date), pursuant to section	126
519.214 of the Revised Code.	127
Signature	128
Residence address	129
Date of signing	130
STATEMENT OF CIRCULATOR	131
I, (name of circulator), declare under penalty	132
of election falsification that I reside at the address appearing	133
below my signature; that I am the circulator of the foregoing	134
part petition containing (number) signatures; that I	135

have witnessed the affixing of every signature; that all signers	136
were to the best of my knowledge and belief qualified to sign;	137
and that every signature is to the best of my knowledge and	138
belief the signature of the person whose signature it purports	139
to be or of an attorney in fact acting pursuant to section	140
3501.382 of the Revised Code.	141
(Signature of circulator)	142
(Circulator's residence address)	143
WHOEVER COMMITS ELECTION FALSIFICATION IS GUILTY OF A	144
FELONY OF THE FIFTH DEGREE."	145
(C) Upon receiving the referendum petition, the board of	146
elections shall notify the board of township trustees that the	147
petition has been filed. If the board of elections determines	148
that the referendum petition is sufficient and valid, the board	149
shall notify the board of township trustees of that fact and	150
shall submit the certificate to the electors of the	151
unincorporated area of the township for approval or rejection at	152
a special election held on the day of the next primary or	153
general election occurring at least ninety days after the board	154
receives the petition.	155
(D) The certificate shall not take effect unless it is	156
approved by a majority of the electors voting on it. If the	157
certificate is approved by a majority of the electors voting on	158
it, the certificate shall take immediate effect.	159
Sec. 519.214 519.215. Township zoning commissions, boards	160
of township trustees, and township boards of zoning appeals	161
shall comply with section 5502.031 of the Revised Code.	162
Sec. 713.081. (A) As used in this section, "small wind	163
farm" means wind turbines and associated facilities-with a-	164

Page 6

single interconnection to the electrical grid and designed for, 165 or capable of, operation at an aggregate capacity of less than 166 five megawatts that are not subject to the jurisdiction of the 167 power siting board under sections 4906.20 and 4906.201 of the 168 Revised Code. 169 (B) Sections 713.06 to 713.15 of the Revised Code confer 170 power on the legislative authority of a municipal corporation 171 with respect to the location, erection, construction, 172 reconstruction, change, alteration, maintenance, removal, use, 173 or enlargement of any small wind farm as a public utility, 174 whether publicly or privately owned, or the use of land for that 175 purpose, which regulations may be more strict than the 176 regulations prescribed in rules adopted under division (B)(2) of 177 section 4906.20 of the Revised Code. 178 (C) The designation under this section of a small wind 179 farm as a public utility for purposes of sections 713.06 to 180 713.15 of the Revised Code shall not affect the classification 181 of a small wind farm or any other public utility for purposes of 182 state or local taxation. 183 Sec. 3706.02. (A) There is hereby created the Ohio air 184 quality development authority. Such authority is a body both 185 corporate and politic in this state, and the carrying out of its 186 purposes and the exercise by it of the powers conferred by 187 Chapter 3706. of the Revised Code shall be held to be, and are 188

hereby determined to be, essential governmental functions and 189 public purposes of the state, but the authority shall not be 190 immune from liability by reason thereof. 191

(B) The authority shall consist of seven thirteen members 192 as follows: five 193 (1) Five members appointed by the governor, with the194advice and consent of the senate, no more than three of whom195shall be members of the same political party, and the196

<u>(2) The director o</u>	f environmental protection <del>and the <u>,</u> who</del>	197
<u>shall be a member ex of</u>	ficio without compensation;	198

(3) The director of health, who shall be members a member ex officio without compensation:

(4) Four legislative members, who shall be nonvoting201members ex officio without compensation. The speaker of the202house of representatives, the president of the senate, and the203minority leader of each house shall each appoint one of the204legislative members. The legislative members may not vote but205may otherwise participate fully in all the board's deliberations206and activities. Each appointive207

(5) Two members of the general public, who shall be voting members without compensation. The speaker of the house of representatives and the president of the senate shall each appoint one member. These members' terms of office shall be for four years.

Each appointed member shall be a resident of the state, 213 and a qualified elector therein. The members of the authority 214 first appointed shall continue in office for terms expiring on 215 June 30, 1971, June 30, 1973, June 30, 1975, June 30, 1977, and 216 June 30, 1978, respectively, the term of each member to be 217 designated by the governor. Appointed Except as provided in 218 division (B) (5) of this section, appointed members' terms of 219 office shall be for eight years, commencing on the first day of 220 July and ending on the thirtieth day of June. Each appointed 221 member shall hold office from the date of his appointment until 222

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the end of the term for which he was appointed. Any member 223 appointed to fill a vacancy occurring prior to the expiration of 224 the term for which his the member's predecessor was appointed 225 shall hold office for the remainder of such term. Any appointed 226 member shall continue in office subsequent to the expiration 227 date of his the member's term until his the member's successor 228 takes office, or until a period of sixty days has elapsed, 229 230 whichever occurs first. A member of the authority is eligible for reappointment. Each appointed member of the authority, 231 before entering upon his official duties, shall take an oath as 232 provided by Section 7 of Article XV, Ohio Constitution. The 233 governor may at any time remove any member of the authority for 234 misfeasance, nonfeasance, or malfeasance in office. The 235 authority shall elect one of its appointed members as chairman 236 chairperson and another as vice chairman vice-chairperson, and 237 shall appoint a secretary-treasurer who need not be a member of 238 the authority. Four members of the authority shall constitute a 239 quorum, and the affirmative vote of four members shall be 240 necessary for any action taken by vote of the authority. No 241 vacancy in the membership of the authority shall impair the 242 rights of a quorum by such vote to exercise all the rights and 243 perform all the duties of the authority. 244

Before (C) Except as provided in division (D) of this 245 section, before the issuance of any air quality revenue bonds 246 under Chapter 3706. of the Revised Code, each appointed member 247 of the authority shall give a surety bond to the state in the 248 penal sum of twenty-five thousand dollars and the secretary-249 treasurer shall give such a bond in the penal sum of fifty 250 thousand dollars, each such surety bond to be conditioned upon 2.51 the faithful performance of the duties of the office, to be 2.52 executed by a surety company authorized to transact business in 253

Page 9

this state, and to be approved by the governor and filed in the	254
office of the secretary of state. Each Except as provided in	255
division (B)(4) of this section, each appointed member of the	256
authority shall receive an annual salary of five thousand	257
dollars, payable in monthly installments. Each member shall be	258
reimbursed for <u>his the</u> actual expenses necessarily incurred in	259
the performance of <u>his official</u> duties. All expenses incurred in	260
carrying out Chapter 3706. of the Revised Code shall be payable	261
solely from funds provided under Chapter 3706. of the Revised	262
Code, appropriated for such purpose by the general assembly, or	263
provided by the controlling board. No liability or obligation	264
shall be incurred by the authority beyond the extent to which	265
moneys have been so provided or appropriated.	266
(D) The six members appointed under divisions (B)(4) and	267
(5) of this section shall be exempt from the requirement under	268
division (C) of this section to give a surety bond.	269
Sec. 3706.03. (A) It is hereby declared to be the public	270
policy of the state through the operations of the Ohio air	271
quality development authority under this chapter to contribute	272
toward one or more of the following: <del>to</del>	273
(1) To provide for the conservation of air as a natural	274
resource of the state, and to <u>;</u>	275
resource of the state, and to r	215
(2) To prevent or abate the pollution thereof, to ;	276
(3) To provide for the comfort, health, safety, and	277
general welfare of all employees, as well as all other	278
inhabitants of the state <del>, to ;</del>	279
(4) To assist in the financing of air quality facilities	280
for industry, commerce, distribution, and research, including	281
public utility companies <del>, to j</del>	282

(5) To create or preserve jobs and employment	283
opportunities or improve the economic welfare of the people, or	284
assist and cooperate with governmental agencies in achieving	285
such purposes <u>;</u>	286
(6) To maintain operations of certified clean air	287
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resources, as defined in section 3706.40 of the Revised Code,	288
that, through continued operation, are expected to provide the	289
greatest quantity of carbon-dioxide-free electric energy	290
generation.	291
(B) In furtherance of such public policy the Ohio air	292
quality development authority may initiate do any of the	293
following:	294
(1) Initiate, acquire, construct, maintain, repair, and	295
operate air quality projects or cause the same to be operated	296
pursuant to a lease, sublease, or agreement with any person or	297
governmental agency; may make	298
(2) Make loans and grants to governmental agencies for the	299
acquisition or construction of air quality facilities by such	300
governmental agencies; may make	301
(3) Make loans to persons for the acquisition or	302
construction of air quality facilities by such persons; may	303
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enter-	304
(4) Enter_into commodity contracts with, or make loans for	305
the purpose of entering into commodity contracts to, any person,	306
governmental agency, or entity located within or without the	307
state in connection with the acquisition or construction of air	308
quality facilities; and may issue	309

(5) Issue air quality revenue bonds of this state payable 310 solely from revenues, to pay the cost of such projects, 311

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including any related commodity contracts.

(C) Any air quality project shall be determined by the 313 authority to be not inconsistent with any applicable air quality 314 standards duly established and then required to be met pursuant 315 to the "Clean Air Act," 84 Stat. 1679 (1970), 42 U.S.C.<del>A.</del> 1857, 316 as amended. Any resolution of the authority providing for 317 acquiring or constructing such projects or for making a loan or 318 grant for such projects shall include a finding by the authority 319 that such determination has been made. Determinations by 320 321 resolution of the authority that a project is an air quality facility under this chapter and is consistent with the purposes 322 of section 13 of Article VIII, Ohio Constitution, and this 323 324 chapter, shall be conclusive as to the validity and enforceability of the air quality revenue bonds issued to 325 finance such project and of the resolutions, trust agreements or 326 indentures, leases, subleases, sale agreements, loan agreements, 327 and other agreements made in connection therewith, all in 328 accordance with their terms. 329

Sec. 3706.40. As used in sections 3706.40 to 3706.50 of the Revised Code:

(A) "Clean air resource" means both of the following:

(1) An electric generating facility in this state fueled 333 by nuclear power that satisfies all of the following criteria: 334

(a) The facility is not wholly or partially owned by a335municipal or cooperative corporation or a group, association, or336consortium of those corporations.337

(b) The facility is not used to supply customers of a338wholly owned municipal or cooperative corporation or a group,339association, or consortium of those corporations.340

(c) Either of the following:	341
(i) The facility has made a significant historical	342
contribution to the air quality of the state by minimizing	343
emissions that result from electricity generated in this state.	344
(ii) The facility will make a significant contribution_	345
toward minimizing emissions that result from electric generation	346
<u>in this state.</u>	347
(d) The facility is interconnected with the transmission	348
grid that is subject to the operational control of PJM	349
interconnection, L.L.C., or its successor organization.	350
(e) The facility is a major utility facility in this state	351
as defined in section 4906.01 of the Revised Code.	352
(f) The facility's owner maintains operations in this	353
<u>state.</u>	354
(2) An electric generating facility in this state that	355
uses or will use solar energy as the primary energy source that	356
satisfies all of the criteria in divisions (A)(1)(a) to (e) of	357
this section and that has obtained a certificate from the power	358
siting board prior to June 1, 2019.	359
(B) "Program year" means the twelve-month period beginning	360
the first day of June of a given year of the Ohio clean air	361
program and ending the thirty-first day of May of the following	362
year.	363
(C) "Electric distribution utility" and "renewable energy_	364
resource" have the same meanings as in section 4928.01 of the	365
Revised Code.	366
(D) "Annual capacity factor" means the actual energy	367
produced in a year divided by the energy that would have been	368

upcoming program year:

produced if the facility was operating continuously at the	369
maximum rating.	370
(E) "Clean air credit" means a credit that represents the	371
clean air attributes of one megawatt hour of electric energy	372
produced from a certified clean air resource.	373
(F) "Credit price adjustment" means a reduction to the	374
price for each clean air credit equal to the market price index	375
minus the strike price.	376
(G) "Strike price" means forty-six dollars per megawatt	377
hour.	378
(H) "Market price index" means the sum, expressed in	379
dollars per megawatt hour, of both of the following for the	380
upcoming program year:	381

(1) Projected energy prices, determined using futures 382 contracts for the PJM AEP-Dayton hub; 383

(2) Projected capacity prices, determined using PJM's 384 rest-of-RTO market clearing price. 385

Sec. 3706.42. (A) There is hereby created the Ohio clean 386 387 air program, which shall terminate on December 31, 2026.

(B) Any person owning or controlling an electric 388 generating facility that meets the definition of a clean air 389 resource in section 3706.40 of the Revised Code may submit a 390 written application with the Ohio air quality development 391 authority for certification as a clean air resource to be 392 eligible to participate in the Ohio clean air program. 393 Applications shall be submitted by the first day of February for 394 any program year beginning the first day of June of the same 395 calen<u>dar year.</u> 396

(C) Applications shall include all of the following	397
information:	398
(1) The in-service date and estimated remaining useful	399
life of the resource;	400
(2) For an existing resource, the quantity of megawatt	401
hours generated by the resource annually during each of the	402
previous five calendar years during which the resource was	403
generating, and the annual capacity factor for each of those	404
calendar years;	405
(3) A forecast estimate of the annual quantity of megawatt	406
hours to be generated by the resource and the projected annual	407
capacity factor over the remaining useful life of the resource;	408
(4) A forecast estimate of the emissions that would occur	409
in this state during the remaining useful life of the resource	410
if the resource discontinued operations prior to the end of the	411
resource's useful life;	412
(5) Verified documentation demonstrating all of the	413
following:	414
(a) That certification as a clean air resource and	415
participation in the Ohio clean air program will permit the	416
resource to reduce future emissions per unit of electrical	417
energy generated in this state;	418
(b) That without certification as a clean air resource,	419
the positive contributions to the air quality of this state that	420
the resource has made and is capable of making in the future may	421
be diminished or eliminated;	422
(c) That the clean air resource meets the definition of a	423
clean air resource in section 3706.40 of the Revised Code;	424

<u>(d) That the person seeking certification owns or controls</u>	425
the resource.	426
(6) The resource's nameplate capacity;	427
(7) Any other data or information that the authority	428
requests and determines is necessary to evaluate an application	429
for certification as a clean air resource or to demonstrate that	430
certification would be in the public interest.	431
(D) The authority shall post on the authority's web site	432
all applications and nonconfidential supporting materials	433
submitted under this section.	434
(E) Interested persons may file comments not later than	435
twenty days after the date that an application is posted on the	436
authority's web site. All comments shall be posted on the	437
authority's web site. An applicant may respond to those comments	438
not later than ten days thereafter.	439
Sec. 3706.44. (A)(1) On or before the thirty-first day of	440
March, the Ohio air quality development authority shall review	441
all applications timely submitted under section 3706.42 of the	442
Revised Code and issue an order certifying a clean air resource	443
that meets the definition of a clean air resource in section	444
3706.40 of the Revised Code.	445
(2) A clean air resource shall remain certified as a clean	446
air resource as long as the resource continues to meet the	447
definition of a clean air resource in section 3706.40 of the	448
Revised Code.	449
(B) In the event the authority does not issue an order	450
under division (A) of this section by the thirty-first day of	451
March, each electric generating facility included in a timely	452
and properly filed application shall be deemed a clean air	453

resource.	454
(C)(1) The authority may decertify a clean air resource at	455
any time if it determines that certification is not in the	456
public interest.	457
(2) Before decertifying a clean air resource, the	458
authority shall do both of the following:	459
(a) Allow the resource to provide additional information	460
in support of remaining certified;	461
(b) Hold a public hearing and allow for public comment.	462
Sec. 3706.46. (A) For the purpose of funding benefits	463
provided by the Ohio clean air program, there is hereby created	464
the Ohio clean air program fund. The fund shall be in the	465
custody of the state treasurer but shall not be part of the	466
state treasury. The fund shall consist of the charges under	467
section 3706.47 of the Revised Code. All interest generated by	468
the fund shall be retained in the fund and used for the purpose	469
of funding the Ohio clean air program.	470
(B) The treasurer shall distribute the moneys in the Ohio	471
clean air program fund in accordance with the directions	472
provided by the Ohio air quality development authority.	473
Sec. 3706.47. (A) Beginning January 1, 2020, and ending on	474
December 31, 2026, each retail electric customer of an electric	475
distribution utility in this state shall pay a per-account	476
monthly charge, which shall be billed and collected by each	477
electric distribution utility and remitted to the state	478
treasurer for deposit into the Ohio clean air program fund,	479
created under section 3706.46 of the Revised Code.	480
(B) The monthly charges established under division (A) of	481

this section shall be in accordance with the following:	482
(1) For customers classified by the utility as	483
residential:	484
(a) For the year 2020, fifty cents;	485
(b) For the years 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025, and 2026,	486
<u>one dollar.</u>	487
(2) For customers classified by the utility as commercial,	488
except as provided in division (B)(4) of this section, a charge	489
that is determined by a structure and design that the public	490
utilities commission shall, not later than October 1, 2019,	491
establish. The commission shall establish the structure and	492
design of the charge such that the average charge across all	493
customers subject to the charge under division (B)(2) of this	494
section is:	495
(a) For the year 2020, ten dollars; and	496
(b) For the years 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025, and 2026,	497
<u>fifteen dollars.</u>	498
(3) For customers classified by the utility as industrial,	499
except as provided in division (B)(4) of this section, a charge	500
	500 501
except as provided in division (B)(4) of this section, a charge	
except as provided in division (B)(4) of this section, a charge that is determined by a structure and design that the commission	501
except as provided in division (B)(4) of this section, a charge that is determined by a structure and design that the commission shall, not later than October 1, 2019, establish. The commission	501 502
except as provided in division (B)(4) of this section, a charge that is determined by a structure and design that the commission shall, not later than October 1, 2019, establish. The commission shall establish the structure and design of the charge such that	501 502 503
except as provided in division (B) (4) of this section, a charge that is determined by a structure and design that the commission shall, not later than October 1, 2019, establish. The commission shall establish the structure and design of the charge such that the average charge across all customers subject to the charge	501 502 503 504
except as provided in division (B) (4) of this section, a charge that is determined by a structure and design that the commission shall, not later than October 1, 2019, establish. The commission shall establish the structure and design of the charge such that the average charge across all customers subject to the charge under division (B) (3) of this section is two hundred fifty	501 502 503 504 505
except as provided in division (B)(4) of this section, a charge that is determined by a structure and design that the commission shall, not later than October 1, 2019, establish. The commission shall establish the structure and design of the charge such that the average charge across all customers subject to the charge under division (B)(3) of this section is two hundred fifty dollars;	501 502 503 504 505 506

Page 19

thousand five hundred dollars.	510
(C) The commission shall comply with divisions (B)(2) and	511
(3) of this section in a manner that avoids abrupt or excessive	512
total electric bill impacts for typical customers with a	513
classification of commercial or industrial.	514
(D) For purposes of division (B) of this section, the	515
classification of residential, commercial, and industrial	516
customers shall be consistent with the utility's reporting under	517
its approved rate schedules.	518
Sec. 3706.48. Each owner of a certified clean air resource	519
shall report to the Ohio air quality development authority, not	520
later than seven days after the close of each month during a	521
program year, the number of megawatt hours the resource produced	522
in the previous month.	523
Sec. 3706.481. A certified clean air resource shall earn a	524
clean air credit for each megawatt hour of electricity it	525
produces.	526
Sec. 3706.482. (A) Not later than fourteen days after the	527
close of each month during a program year, the Ohio air quality	528
development authority shall direct the treasurer of state to	529
remit money from the Ohio clean air program fund, subject to	530
section 3706.486 of the Revised Code, to each owner of a	531
certified clean air resource in the amount equivalent to the	532
number of credits earned by the resource during the previous	533
month multiplied by the credit price.	534
(B) The price for each clean air credit shall be nine	535
dollars, except as provided in division (C) of this section.	536
(C) To ensure that the purchase of clean air credits	537
remains affordable to retail customers if electricity prices	538

increase, on the first day of April during the first program	539
year and annually on that date in subsequent program years, the	540
authority shall apply the credit price adjustment for the	541
upcoming program year if the market price index exceeds the	542
strike price on that date. This division shall apply only to	543
clean air resources fueled by nuclear power.	544
Sec. 3706.483. The Ohio air quality development authority	545
shall adopt rules to provide for this state a system of	546
registering clean air credits by specifying that the generation	547
attribute tracking system may be used for that purpose and not	548
by creating a registry.	549
Sec. 3706.485. (A) An electric distribution utility shall_	550
submit an application to the Ohio air quality development	551
authority for reimbursement from the Ohio clean air program fund	552
of the net costs that are recoverable under section 4928.641 of	553
the Revised Code. The public utilities commission shall certify	554
the utility's net costs to be recovered in accordance with	555
division (F) of section 4928.641 of the Revised Code.	556
(B) Not later than ninety days after the receipt of an	557
application under division (A) of this section, the authority	558
shall direct the treasurer of state to remit money from the Ohio	559
clean air program fund to the electric distribution utility as	560
reimbursement for those costs.	561
Sec. 3706.486. (A) If the money in the Ohio clean air	562
program fund is insufficient in a particular month to make the	563
remittances in the amount required under division (A) of section	564
3706.482 of the Revised Code, the Ohio air quality development	565
authority shall, not later than fourteen days after the close of	566
that month, direct the treasurer of state to remit money from	567
the Ohio clean air program fund to pay for the unpaid credits	568

before any other remittances are made. Remittances made under	569
division (A) of this section shall be made in the following	570
order of priority:	571
(1) To the owners of clean air resources fueled by nuclear	572
power;	573
(2) To the owners of clean air resources that use or will	574
<u>use solar energy.</u>	575
(B) After any remittances are made under division (A) of	576
this section, the remittances under sections 3706.482 and	577
3706.485 of the Revised Code shall be made in the following	578
<u>order of priority:</u>	579
(1) Under section 3706.482 of the Revised Code, to the	580
owners of clean air resources fueled by nuclear power;	581
(2) Under section 3706.482 of the Revised Code, to the	582
owners of clean air resources that use or will use solar energy;	583
(3) Under section 3706.485 of the Revised Code, to	584
electric distribution utilities as reimbursement for costs as	585
described in that section.	586
Sec. 3706.49. (A) To facilitate air quality development	587
related capital formation and investment by or in a certified	588
clean air resource, the Ohio air quality development authority	589
may pledge a portion of moneys that may, in the future, be	590
accumulated in the Ohio clean air program fund for the benefit	591
of any certified clean air resource, provided the resource	592
agrees to be bound by the conditions the authority may attach to	593
the pledge.	594
(B) The authority shall not be required to direct	595
distribution of moneys in the Ohio clean air program fund unless	596

or until there are adequate moneys available in the Ohio clean	597
air program fund. Nothing herein shall cause any such pledge to	598
be construed or applied to create, directly or indirectly, a	599
general obligation of or for this state.	600
Sec. 3706.50. (A) In the years 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024,	601
2025, 2026, and 2027, an unaffiliated and independent third	602
party shall conduct an annual audit of the Ohio clean air	603
program.	604
(B) Not later than ninety days after the effective date of	605
this section, the authority shall adopt rules that are necessary	606
to begin implementation of the Ohio clean air program. The rules	607
adopted under this division shall include provisions for both of	608
the following:	609
(1) Tracking the number of clean air credits earned by	610
each certified clean air resource during each month of a program	611
year, based on the information reported under section 3706.48 of	612
the Revised Code;	613
(2) The annual audit required under division (A) of this	614
section.	615
(C) Not later than two hundred seventy-five days after the	616
effective date of this section, the authority shall adopt rules	617
that are necessary for the further implementation and	618
administration of the Ohio clean air program.	619
Sec. 4905.311. In order to promote job growth and	620
retention in this state, the public utilities commission, when	621
ruling on a reasonable arrangement application under section	622
4905.31 of the Revised Code, shall attempt to minimize electric	623
rates to the maximum amount possible on trade-exposed industrial	624
manufacturers.	625

Sec. 4906.10. (A) The power siting board shall render a 626 decision upon the record either granting or denying the 627 application as filed, or granting it upon such terms, 628 conditions, or modifications of the construction, operation, or 629 maintenance of the major utility facility as the board considers 630 appropriate. The certificate shall be subject to section 631 4906.101 of the Revised Code and conditioned upon the facility 632 being in compliance with standards and rules adopted under 633 sections 1501.33, 1501.34, and 4561.32 and Chapters 3704., 634 3734., and 6111. of the Revised Code. An applicant may withdraw 635 an application if the board grants a certificate on terms, 636 conditions, or modifications other than those proposed by the 637 applicant in the application. 638 The board shall not grant a certificate for the 639 construction, operation, and maintenance of a major utility 640 facility, either as proposed or as modified by the board, unless 641 it finds and determines all of the following: 642 (1) The basis of the need for the facility if the facility 643 is an electric transmission line or gas pipeline; 644 (2) The nature of the probable environmental impact; 645 646 (3) That the facility represents the minimum adverse 647 environmental impact, considering the state of available technology and the nature and economics of the various 648 alternatives, and other pertinent considerations; 649 (4) In the case of an electric transmission line or 650 generating facility, that the facility is consistent with 651 regional plans for expansion of the electric power grid of the 652 electric systems serving this state and interconnected utility 653 systems and that the facility will serve the interests of 654

electric system economy and reliability; 655 (5) That the facility will comply with Chapters 3704., 656 3734., and 6111. of the Revised Code and all rules and standards 657 adopted under those chapters and under sections 1501.33, 658 1501.34, and 4561.32 of the Revised Code. In determining whether 659 the facility will comply with all rules and standards adopted 660 under section 4561.32 of the Revised Code, the board shall 661 consult with the office of aviation of the division of multi-662 modal planning and programs of the department of transportation 663 under section 4561.341 of the Revised Code. 664

(6) That the facility will serve the public interest,665convenience, and necessity;666

(7) In addition to the provisions contained in divisions 667 (A) (1) to (6) of this section and rules adopted under those 668 divisions, what its impact will be on the viability as 669 agricultural land of any land in an existing agricultural 670 district established under Chapter 929. of the Revised Code that 671 is located within the site and alternative site of the proposed 672 major utility facility. Rules adopted to evaluate impact under 673 division (A)(7) of this section shall not require the 674 compilation, creation, submission, or production of any 675 information, document, or other data pertaining to land not 676 located within the site and alternative site. 677

(8) That the facility incorporates maximum feasible water
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conservation practices as determined by the board, considering
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available technology and the nature and economics of the various
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alternatives.

(B) If the board determines that the location of all or apart of the proposed facility should be modified, it may683

condition its certificate upon that modification, provided that 684 the municipal corporations and counties, and persons residing 685 therein, affected by the modification shall have been given 686 reasonable notice thereof. 687 (C) A copy of the decision and any opinion issued 688 therewith shall be served upon each party. 689 Sec. 4906.101. (A) If the power siting board issues a 690 certificate to a large wind farm as defined in section 4906.13 691 of the Revised Code and the large wind farm is to be located in 692 the unincorporated area of a township, the certificate shall be 693 conditioned upon the right of referendum as provided in section 694 519.214 of the Revised Code. 695 (B) If the certificate is rejected in a referendum under 696 section 519.214 of the Revised Code, one of the following 697 698 applies: (1) If the large wind farm is to be located in the 699 unincorporated area of a single township, the certificate shall 700 701 be invalid; (2) If the large wind farm is to be located in the 702 unincorporated area of more than one township, one of the 703 following applies: 704 (a) If less than all of the townships with electors voting 705 on the referendum reject the certificate, the power siting board 706 shall modify the certificate to exclude the area of each 707 708 township whose electors rejected the certificate. (b) If all the townships with electors voting on the 709 referendum reject the certificate, the certificate is invalid. 710

Sec. 4906.13. (A) As used in this section and sections 711

4906.20, <u>4906.201, 4906.203,</u> and 4906.98 of the Revised Code <del>,</del>	712
"economically:	713
"Economically significant wind farm" means wind turbines	714
and associated facilities with a single interconnection to the	715
-	
electrical grid and designed for, or capable of, operation at an	716
aggregate capacity of five or more megawatts but less than fifty	717
megawatts. The term excludes any such wind farm in operation on	718
June 24, 2008. The term also excludes one or more wind turbines	719
and associated facilities that are primarily dedicated to	720
providing electricity to a single customer at a single location	721
and that are designed for, or capable of, operation at an	722
aggregate capacity of less than twenty megawatts, as measured at	723
the customer's point of interconnection to the electrical grid.	724
"Large wind farm" means an electric generating plant that	725
consists of wind turbines and associated facilities with a	726
single interconnection to the electrical grid that is a major	727
utility facility as defined in section 4906.01 of the Revised	728
	729
<u>Code.</u>	129
(B) No public agency or political subdivision of this	730
state may require any approval, consent, permit, certificate, or	731
other condition for the construction or operation of a major	732
utility facility or economically significant wind farm	733
authorized by a certificate issued pursuant to Chapter 4906. of	734
the Revised Code. Nothing herein shall prevent the application	735
of state laws for the protection of employees engaged in the	736
construction of such facility or wind farm nor of municipal	737
regulations that do not pertain to the location or design of, or	738
pollution control and abatement standards for, a major utility	739
facility or economically significant wind farm for which a	740
certificate has been granted under this chapter.	741

Sec. 4906.20. (A) No-Subject to section 4906.203 of the	742
Revised Code, no person shall commence to construct an	743
economically significant wind farm in this state without first	744
having obtained a certificate from the power siting board. An	745
economically significant wind farm with respect to which such a	746
certificate is required shall be constructed, operated, and	747
maintained in conformity with that certificate and any terms,	748
conditions, and modifications it contains. A certificate shall	749
be issued only pursuant to this section. The certificate may be	750
transferred, subject to the approval of the board, to a person	751
that agrees to comply with those terms, conditions, and	752
modifications.	753
(B) The board shall adopt rules governing the	754
certificating of economically significant wind farms under this	755
section. Initial rules shall be adopted within one hundred	756
twenty days after June 24, 2008.	757
(1) The mules shall provide for an application process for	750
(1) The rules shall provide for an application process for	758
certificating economically significant wind farms that is	759
identical to the extent practicable to the process applicable to	760
certificating major utility facilities under sections 4906.06,	761
4906.07, 4906.08, 4906.09, 4906.10, 4906.11, and 4906.12 of the	762
Revised Code and shall prescribe a reasonable schedule of	763
application filing fees structured in the manner of the schedule	764
of filing fees required for major utility facilities.	765
(2) Additionally, the rules shall prescribe reasonable	766
regulations regarding any wind turbines and associated	767
facilities of an economically significant wind farm, including,	768
had not limited to their leasting constinue constants.	7.00

but not limited to, their location, erection, construction,769reconstruction, change, alteration, maintenance, removal, use,770or enlargement and including erosion control, aesthetics,771

recreational land use, wildlife protection, interconnection with 772 power lines and with regional transmission organizations, 773 independent transmission system operators, or similar 774 organizations, ice throw, sound and noise levels, blade shear, 775 shadow flicker, decommissioning, and necessary cooperation for 776 site visits and enforcement investigations. 777

(a) The rules also shall prescribe a minimum setback for a 778 wind turbine of an economically significant wind farm. That 779 minimum shall be equal to a horizontal distance, from the 780 781 turbine's base to the property line of the wind farm property, equal to one and one-tenth times the total height of the turbine 782 structure as measured from its base to the tip of its highest 783 blade and be at least one thousand one hundred twenty-five feet 784 in horizontal distance from the tip of the turbine's nearest 785 blade at ninety degrees to the property line of the nearest 786 adjacent property at the time of the certification application. 787

(b) (i) For any existing certificates and amendments 788 thereto, and existing certification applications that have been 789 found by the chairperson to be in compliance with division (A) 790 of section 4906.06 of the Revised Code before the effective date 791 of the amendment of this section by H.B. 59 of the 130th general 792 assembly, September 29, 2013, the distance shall be seven 793 hundred fifty feet instead of one thousand one hundred twenty-794 five feet. 795

(ii) Any amendment made to an existing certificate after
the effective date of the amendment of this section by H.B. 483
of the 130th general assembly, September 15, 2014, shall be
subject to the setback provision of this section as amended by
that act. The amendments to this section by that act shall not
be construed to limit or abridge any rights or remedies in

equity or under the common law.

(c) The setback shall apply in all cases except those in
which all owners of property adjacent to the wind farm property
waive application of the setback to that property pursuant to a
procedure the board shall establish by rule and except in which,
a particular case, the board determines that a setback
greater than the minimum is necessary.

Sec. 4906.201. (A) An electric generating plant that 809 consists of wind turbines and associated facilities with a 810 single interconnection to the electrical grid that is designed 811 for, or capable of, operation at an aggregate capacity of fifty 812 megawatts or more A large wind farm is subject to the minimum 813 setback requirements established in rules adopted by the power 814 siting board under division (B)(2) of section 4906.20 of the 815 Revised Code. 816

(B)(1) For any existing certificates and amendments 817 thereto, and existing certification applications that have been 818 found by the chairperson to be in compliance with division (A) 819 of section 4906.06 of the Revised Code before the effective date 820 of the amendment of this section by H.B. 59 of the 130th general 821 822 assembly, September 29, 2013, the distance shall be seven hundred fifty feet instead of one thousand one hundred twenty-823 five feet. 824

(2) Any amendment made to an existing certificate after
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the effective date of the amendment of this section by H.B. 483
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of the 130th general assembly, <u>September 15, 2014</u>, shall be
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subject to the setback provision of this section as amended by
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that act. The amendments to this section by that act shall not
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be construed to limit or abridge any rights or remedies in
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equity or under the common law.

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Sec. 4906.203. (A) If the power siting board issues a	832
certificate under section 4906.20 of the Revised Code to an	833
economically significant wind farm to be located in the	834
unincorporated area of a township, the certificate shall be	835
conditioned upon the right of referendum as provided in section	836
519.214 of the Revised Code.	837
(B) If the certificate is rejected in a referendum under	838
section 519.214 of the Revised Code, one of the following	839
applies:	840
(1) If the economically significant wind farm is to be	841
located in the unincorporated area of a single township, the	842
certificate is invalid;	843
(2) If the economically significant wind farm is to be	844
located in the unincorporated area of more than one township,	845
one of the following applies:	846
(a) If less than all of the townships with electors voting	847
on the referendum reject the certificate, the power siting board	848
shall modify the certificate to exclude the area of each	849
township whose electors rejected the certificate.	850
(b) If all the townships with electors voting on the	851
referendum reject the certificate, the certificate is invalid.	852
Sec. 4928.01. (A) As used in this chapter:	853
(1) "Ancillary service" means any function necessary to	854
the provision of electric transmission or distribution service	855
to a retail customer and includes, but is not limited to,	856
scheduling, system control, and dispatch services; reactive	857
supply from generation resources and voltage control service;	858
reactive supply from transmission resources service; regulation	859

operating reserve-spinning reserve service; operating reserve-861supplemental reserve service; load following; back-up supply862service; real-power loss replacement service; dynamic863scheduling; system black start capability; and network stability864service.865

(2) "Billing and collection agent" means a fully 866 independent agent, not affiliated with or otherwise controlled 867 by an electric utility, electric services company, electric 868 cooperative, or governmental aggregator subject to certification 869 870 under section 4928.08 of the Revised Code, to the extent that the agent is under contract with such utility, company, 871 cooperative, or aggregator solely to provide billing and 872 collection for retail electric service on behalf of the utility 873 company, cooperative, or aggregator. 874

(3) "Certified territory" means the certified territoryestablished for an electric supplier under sections 4933.81 to4933.90 of the Revised Code.

(4) "Competitive retail electric service" means a
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component of retail electric service that is competitive as
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provided under division (B) of this section.
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(5) "Electric cooperative" means a not-for-profit electric
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light company that both is or has been financed in whole or in
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part under the "Rural Electrification Act of 1936," 49 Stat.
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1363, 7 U.S.C. 901, and owns or operates facilities in this
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state to generate, transmit, or distribute electricity, or a
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not-for-profit successor of such company.

(6) "Electric distribution utility" means an electricutility that supplies at least retail electric distribution888service.

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(7) "Electric light company" has the same meaning as in 890 section 4905.03 of the Revised Code and includes an electric 891 services company, but excludes any self-generator to the extent 892 that it consumes electricity it so produces, sells that 893 electricity for resale, or obtains electricity from a generating 894 facility it hosts on its premises. 895

(8) "Electric load center" has the same meaning as in896section 4933.81 of the Revised Code.897

(9) "Electric services company" means an electric light 898 company that is engaged on a for-profit or not-for-profit basis 899 in the business of supplying or arranging for the supply of only 900 a competitive retail electric service in this state. "Electric 901 services company" includes a power marketer, power broker, 902 aggregator, or independent power producer but excludes an 903 electric cooperative, municipal electric utility, governmental 904 905 aggregator, or billing and collection agent.

(10) "Electric supplier" has the same meaning as in906section 4933.81 of the Revised Code.907

(11) "Electric utility" means an electric light company 908 that has a certified territory and is engaged on a for-profit 909 basis either in the business of supplying a noncompetitive 910 retail electric service in this state or in the businesses of 911 supplying both a noncompetitive and a competitive retail 912 electric service in this state. "Electric utility" excludes a 913 municipal electric utility or a billing and collection agent. 914

(12) "Firm electric service" means electric service other915than nonfirm electric service.916

(13) "Governmental aggregator" means a legislative917authority of a municipal corporation, a board of township918

trustees, or a board of county commissioners acting as an 919 aggregator for the provision of a competitive retail electric 920 service under authority conferred under section 4928.20 of the 921 Revised Code. 922

(14) A person acts "knowingly," regardless of the person's 923 purpose, when the person is aware that the person's conduct will 924 probably cause a certain result or will probably be of a certain 925 nature. A person has knowledge of circumstances when the person 926 is aware that such circumstances probably exist. 927

(15) "Level of funding for low-income customer energy 928 efficiency programs provided through electric utility rates" 929 means the level of funds specifically included in an electric 930 utility's rates on October 5, 1999, pursuant to an order of the 931 public utilities commission issued under Chapter 4905. or 4909. 932 of the Revised Code and in effect on October 4, 1999, for the 933 purpose of improving the energy efficiency of housing for the 934 utility's low-income customers. The term excludes the level of 935 any such funds committed to a specific nonprofit organization or 936 937 organizations pursuant to a stipulation or contract.

(16) "Low-income customer assistance programs" means the
percentage of income payment plan program, the home energy
passistance program, the home weatherization assistance program,
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and the targeted energy efficiency and weatherization program.

(17) "Market development period" for an electric utility 942 means the period of time beginning on the starting date of 943 competitive retail electric service and ending on the applicable 944 date for that utility as specified in section 4928.40 of the 945 Revised Code, irrespective of whether the utility applies to 946 receive transition revenues under this chapter. 947

the Revised Code.

(18) "Market power" means the ability to impose on 948 customers a sustained price for a product or service above the 949 price that would prevail in a competitive market. 950 (19) "Mercantile customer" means a commercial or 951 industrial customer if the electricity consumed is for 952 nonresidential use and the customer consumes more than seven 953 hundred thousand kilowatt hours per year or is part of a 954 955 national account involving multiple facilities in one or more states. 956 (20) "Municipal electric utility" means a municipal 957 corporation that owns or operates facilities to generate, 958 transmit, or distribute electricity. 959 (21) "Noncompetitive retail electric service" means a 960 component of retail electric service that is noncompetitive as 961 provided under division (B) of this section. 962 (22) "Nonfirm electric service" means electric service 963 provided pursuant to a schedule filed under section 4905.30 of 964 965 the Revised Code or pursuant to an arrangement under section 4905.31 of the Revised Code, which schedule or arrangement 966 967 includes conditions that may require the customer to curtail or interrupt electric usage during nonemergency circumstances upon 968 969 notification by an electric utility. (23) "Percentage of income payment plan arrears" means 970 funds eligible for collection through the percentage of income 971 payment plan rider, but uncollected as of July 1, 2000. 972 (24) "Person" has the same meaning as in section 1.59 of 973

(25) "Advanced energy project" means any technologies, 975products, activities, or management practices or strategies that 976

facilitate the generation or use of electricity or energy and 977 that reduce or support the reduction of energy consumption or 978 support the production of clean, renewable energy for 979 industrial, distribution, commercial, institutional, 980 governmental, research, not-for-profit, or residential energy 981 users, including, but not limited to, advanced energy resources 982 and renewable energy resources. "Advanced energy project" also 983 includes any project described in division (A), (B), or (C) of 984 section 4928.621 of the Revised Code. 985

(26) "Regulatory assets" means the unamortized net 986 987 regulatory assets that are capitalized or deferred on the regulatory books of the electric utility, pursuant to an order 988 or practice of the public utilities commission or pursuant to 989 generally accepted accounting principles as a result of a prior 990 commission rate-making decision, and that would otherwise have 991 been charged to expense as incurred or would not have been 992 capitalized or otherwise deferred for future regulatory 993 consideration absent commission action. "Regulatory assets" 994 includes, but is not limited to, all deferred demand-side 995 management costs; all deferred percentage of income payment plan 996 997 arrears; post-in-service capitalized charges and assets recognized in connection with statement of financial accounting 998 standards no. 109 (receivables from customers for income taxes); 999 future nuclear decommissioning costs and fuel disposal costs as 1000 those costs have been determined by the commission in the 1001 electric utility's most recent rate or accounting application 1002 proceeding addressing such costs; the undepreciated costs of 1003 safety and radiation control equipment on nuclear generating 1004 plants owned or leased by an electric utility; and fuel costs 1005 currently deferred pursuant to the terms of one or more 1006 settlement agreements approved by the commission. 1007

(27) "Retail electric service" means any service involved 1008 in supplying or arranging for the supply of electricity to 1009 ultimate consumers in this state, from the point of generation 1010 to the point of consumption. For the purposes of this chapter, 1011 retail electric service includes one or more of the following 1012 "service components": generation service, aggregation service, 1013 power marketing service, power brokerage service, transmission 1014 service, distribution service, ancillary service, metering 1015 service, and billing and collection service. 1016 (28) "Starting date of competitive retail electric 1017 service" means January 1, 2001. 1018 (29) "Customer-generator" means a user of a net metering 1019 system. 1020 (30) "Net metering" means measuring the difference in an 1021 applicable billing period between the electricity supplied by an 1022 electric service provider and the electricity generated by a 1023 customer-generator that is fed back to the electric service 1024 provider. 1025 (31) "Net metering system" means a facility for the 1026 production of electrical energy that does all of the following: 1027 (a) Uses as its fuel either solar, wind, biomass, landfill 1028 gas, or hydropower, or uses a microturbine or a fuel cell; 1029 (b) Is located on a customer-generator's premises; 1030 (c) Operates in parallel with the electric utility's 1031 transmission and distribution facilities; 1032 (d) Is intended primarily to offset part or all of the 1033 customer-generator's requirements for electricity. For an 1034 industrial customer-generator with a net metering system that 1035

Page 36

has a capacity of less than twenty megawatts and uses wind as	1036
energy, this means the net metering system was sized so as to	1037
not exceed one hundred per cent of the customer-generator's	1038
annual requirements for electric energy at the time of	1039
interconnection.	1040
(32) "Self-generator" means an entity in this state that	1041
owns or hosts on its premises an electric generation facility	1042
that produces electricity primarily for the owner's consumption	1043
and that may provide any such excess electricity to another	1044
entity, whether the facility is installed or operated by the	1045
owner or by an agent under a contract.	1046
(33) "Rate plan" means the standard service offer in	1047
effect on the effective date of the amendment of this section by	1048
S.B. 221 of the 127th general assembly, July 31, 2008.	1049
(34) "Advanced energy resource" means any of the	1050
following:	1051
(a) Any method or any modification or replacement of any	1052
property, process, device, structure, or equipment that	1053
increases the generation output of an electric generating	1054
facility to the extent such efficiency is achieved without	1055
additional carbon dioxide emissions by that facility;	1056
(b) Any distributed generation system consisting of	1057
customer cogeneration technology;	1058
(c) Clean coal technology that includes a carbon-based	1059
product that is chemically altered before combustion to	1060
demonstrate a reduction, as expressed as ash, in emissions of	1061
nitrous oxide, mercury, arsenic, chlorine, sulfur dioxide, or	1062
sulfur trioxide in accordance with the American society of	1063

oxide emissions in accordance with standard D5142 of that 1065 society, or clean coal technology that includes the design 1066 capability to control or prevent the emission of carbon dioxide, 1067 which design capability the commission shall adopt by rule and 1068 shall be based on economically feasible best available 1069 technology or, in the absence of a determined best available 1070 technology, shall be of the highest level of economically 1071 feasible design capability for which there exists generally 1072 accepted scientific opinion; 1073

(d) Advanced nuclear energy technology consisting of
generation III technology as defined by the nuclear regulatory
commission; other, later technology; or significant improvements
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to existing facilities;

(e) Any fuel cell used in the generation of electricity,
including, but not limited to, a proton exchange membrane fuel
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cell, phosphoric acid fuel cell, molten carbonate fuel cell, or
solid oxide fuel cell;

(f) Advanced solid waste or construction and demolition 1082 debris conversion technology, including, but not limited to, 1083 advanced stoker technology, and advanced fluidized bed 1084 gasification technology, that results in measurable greenhouse 1085 gas emissions reductions as calculated pursuant to the United 1086 States environmental protection agency's waste reduction model 1087 (WARM); 1088

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(g) Demand-side management and any energy efficiency 1089
improvement; 1090
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(h) Any new, retrofitted, refueled, or repowered
 generating facility located in Ohio, including a simple or
 combined-cycle natural gas generating facility or a generating
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facility that uses biomass, coal, modular nuclear, or any other 1094 fuel as its input; 1095 (i) Any uprated capacity of an existing electric 1096 generating facility if the uprated capacity results from the 1097 deployment of advanced technology. 1098 "Advanced energy resource" does not include a waste energy-1099 recovery system that is, or has been, included in an energy 1100 efficiency program of an electric distribution utility pursuant 1101 to requirements under section 4928.66 of the Revised Code. 1102 (35) "Air contaminant source" has the same meaning as in 1103 section 3704.01 of the Revised Code. 1104 (36) "Cogeneration technology" means technology that 1105 produces electricity and useful thermal output simultaneously. 1106 (37) (a) "Renewable energy resource" means any of the 1107 following: 1108 (i) Solar photovoltaic or solar thermal energy; 1109 1110 (ii) Wind energy; (iii) Power produced by a hydroelectric facility; 1111 (iv) Power produced by a small hydroelectric facility, 1112 which is a facility that operates, or is rated to operate, at an 1113 aggregate capacity of less than six megawatts; 1114 (v) Power produced by a run-of-the-river hydroelectric 1115 facility placed in service on or after January 1, 1980, that is 1116 located within this state, relies upon the Ohio river, and 1117 operates, or is rated to operate, at an aggregate capacity of 1118 forty or more megawatts; 1119

(vi) Geothermal energy;

(vii) Fuel derived from solid wastes, as defined in 1121 section 3734.01 of the Revised Code, through fractionation, 1122 biological decomposition, or other process that does not 1123 principally involve combustion; 1124

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(viii) Biomass energy;
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(ix) Energy produced by cogeneration technology that is 1126 placed into service on or before December 31, 2015, and for 1127 which more than ninety per cent of the total annual energy input 1128 is from combustion of a waste or byproduct gas from an air 1129 contaminant source in this state, which source has been in 1130 operation since on or before January 1, 1985, provided that the 1131 cogeneration technology is a part of a facility located in a 1132 county having a population of more than three hundred sixty-five 1133 thousand but less than three hundred seventy thousand according 1134 to the most recent federal decennial census; 1135

(x) Biologically derived methane gas;

(xi) Heat captured from a generator of electricity, 1137 boiler, or heat exchanger fueled by biologically derived methane 1138 gas; 1139

(xii) Energy derived from nontreated by-products of the
pulping process or wood manufacturing process, including bark,
wood chips, sawdust, and lignin in spent pulping liquors.
1142

"Renewable energy resource" includes, but is not limited 1143
to, any fuel cell used in the generation of electricity, 1144
including, but not limited to, a proton exchange membrane fuel 1145
cell, phosphoric acid fuel cell, molten carbonate fuel cell, or 1146
solid oxide fuel cell; wind turbine located in the state's 1147
territorial waters of Lake Erie; methane gas emitted from an 1148
abandoned coal mine; waste energy recovery system placed into 1149

1125

service or retrofitted on or after the effective date of the 1150 amendment of this section by S.B. 315 of the 129th general 1151 assembly, September 10, 2012, except that a waste energy 1152 recovery system described in division (A) (38) (b) of this section 1153 may be included only if it was placed into service between 1154 January 1, 2002, and December 31, 2004; storage facility that 1155 will promote the better utilization of a renewable energy 1156 resource; or distributed generation system used by a customer to 1157 generate electricity from any such energy. 1158

"Renewable energy resource" does not include a waste1159energy recovery system that is, or was, on or after January 1,11602012, included in an energy efficiency program of an electric1161distribution utility pursuant to requirements under section11624928.66 of the Revised Code.1163

(b) As used in division (A) (37) of this section,
"hydroelectric facility" means a hydroelectric generating
facility that is located at a dam on a river, or on any water
discharged to a river, that is within or bordering this state or
within or bordering an adjoining state and meets all of the
following standards:

(i) The facility provides for river flows that are not
detrimental for fish, wildlife, and water quality, including
seasonal flow fluctuations as defined by the applicable
licensing agency for the facility.

(ii) The facility demonstrates that it complies with the
water quality standards of this state, which compliance may
consist of certification under Section 401 of the "Clean Water
Act of 1977," 91 Stat. 1598, 1599, 33 U.S.C. 1341, and
demonstrates that it has not contributed to a finding by this
state that the river has impaired water quality under Section

(iii) The facility complies with mandatory prescriptions
regarding fish passage as required by the federal energy
regulatory commission license issued for the project, regarding
fish protection for riverine, anadromous, and catadromous fish.

(iv) The facility complies with the recommendations of the
Ohio environmental protection agency and with the terms of its
federal energy regulatory commission license regarding watershed
protection, mitigation, or enhancement, to the extent of each
agency's respective jurisdiction over the facility.

(v) The facility complies with provisions of the
"Endangered Species Act of 1973," 87 Stat. 884, 16 U.S.C. 1531
to 1544, as amended.

(vi) The facility does not harm cultural resources of the 1194 area. This can be shown through compliance with the terms of its 1195 federal energy regulatory commission license or, if the facility 1196 is not regulated by that commission, through development of a 1197 plan approved by the Ohio historic preservation office, to the 1198 extent it has jurisdiction over the facility. 1199

(vii) The facility complies with the terms of its federal 1200 energy regulatory commission license or exemption that are 1201 related to recreational access, accommodation, and facilities 1202 or, if the facility is not regulated by that commission, the 1203 facility complies with similar requirements as are recommended 1204 by resource agencies, to the extent they have jurisdiction over 1205 the facility; and the facility provides access to water to the 1206 public without fee or charge. 1207

(viii) The facility is not recommended for removal by any 1208

federal agency or agency of any state, to the extent the	1209
particular agency has jurisdiction over the facility.	1210
(c) The standards in divisions (A)(37)(b)(i) to (viii) of	1211
this section do not apply to a small hydroelectric facility	1212
under division (A)(37)(a)(iv) of this section.	1213
(38) "Waste energy recovery system" means either of the	1214
following:	1215
(a) A facility that generates electricity through the	1216
conversion of energy from either of the following:	1217
(i) Exhaust heat from engines or manufacturing,	1218
industrial, commercial, or institutional sites, except for	1219
exhaust heat from a facility whose primary purpose is the	1220
generation of electricity;	1221
(ii) Reduction of pressure in gas pipelines before gas is	1222
distributed through the pipeline, provided that the conversion	1223
of energy to electricity is achieved without using additional	1224
fossil fuels.	1225
(b) A facility at a state institution of higher education	1226
as defined in section 3345.011 of the Revised Code that recovers	1227
waste heat from electricity-producing engines or combustion	1228
turbines and that simultaneously uses the recovered heat to	1229
produce steam, provided that the facility was placed into	1230
service between January 1, 2002, and December 31, 2004.	1231

(39) "Smart grid" means capital improvements to an
electric distribution utility's distribution infrastructure that
improve reliability, efficiency, resiliency, or reduce energy
demand or use, including, but not limited to, advanced metering
and automation of system functions.

(40) "Combined heat and power system" means the 1237 coproduction of electricity and useful thermal energy from the 1238 same fuel source designed to achieve thermal-efficiency levels 1239 of at least sixty per cent, with at least twenty per cent of the 1240 system's total useful energy in the form of thermal energy. 1241

(41) "National security generation resource" means all1242generating facilities owned directly or indirectly by a1243corporation that was formed prior to 1960 by investor-owned1244utilities for the original purpose of providing capacity and1245electricity to the federal government for use in the nation's1246defense or in furtherance of national interests. The term1247includes the Ohio valley electric corporation.1248

(42) "Prudently incurred costs related to a national 1249 security generation resource" means, subject to section 4928.148 1250 of the Revised Code, costs, including deferred costs, allocated 1251 pursuant to a power agreement approved by the federal energy 1252 regulatory commission that relates to a national security 1253 generation resource. Such costs shall exclude any return on 1254 investment in common equity and, in the event of a premature 1255 retirement of a national security generation resource, shall 1256 exclude any recovery of remaining debt. Such costs shall include 1257 any incremental costs resulting from the bankruptcy of a current 1258 or former co-owner of the national security generation resource 1259 if not otherwise recovered through a utility rate cost recovery 1260 mechanism. 1261

(43) "National security generation resource net impact"1262means retail recovery of prudently incurred costs related to a1263national security generation resource, less any revenues1264realized from offering the contractual commitment related to a1265national security generation resource into the wholesale1266

those excess revenues shall be credited to customers. 1268 (B) For the purposes of this chapter, a retail electric 1269 service component shall be deemed a competitive retail electric 1270 service if the service component is competitive pursuant to a 1271 declaration by a provision of the Revised Code or pursuant to an 1272 order of the public utilities commission authorized under 1273 division (A) of section 4928.04 of the Revised Code. Otherwise, 1274 the service component shall be deemed a noncompetitive retail 1275 electric service. 1276 Sec. 4928.02. It is the policy of this state to do the 1277 following throughout this state: 1278 (A) Ensure the availability to consumers of adequate, 1279 reliable, safe, efficient, nondiscriminatory, and reasonably 1280 priced retail electric service; 1281 (B) Ensure the availability of unbundled and comparable 1282 retail electric service that provides consumers with the 1283 supplier, price, terms, conditions, and quality options they 1284 elect to meet their respective needs; 1285 (C) Ensure diversity of electricity supplies and 1286 suppliers, by giving consumers effective choices over the 1287 selection of those supplies and suppliers and by encouraging the 1288 development of distributed and small generation facilities; 1289 (D) Encourage innovation and market access for cost-1290 effective supply- and demand-side retail electric service 1291 including, but not limited to, demand-side management, time-1292 differentiated pricing, waste energy recovery systems, smart 1293 grid programs, and implementation of advanced metering 1294 infrastructure; 1295

markets, provided that where the net revenues exceed net costs,

Page 45

(E) Encourage cost-effective and efficient access to
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information regarding the operation of the transmission and
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distribution systems of electric utilities in order to promote
both effective customer choice of retail electric service and
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the development of performance standards and targets for service
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quality for all consumers, including annual achievement reports
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written in plain language;

(F) Ensure that an electric utility's transmission and
distribution systems are available to a customer-generator or
owner of distributed generation, so that the customer-generator
or owner can market and deliver the electricity it produces;

(G) Recognize the continuing emergence of competitive 1307
electricity markets through the development and implementation 1308
of flexible regulatory treatment; 1309

(H) Ensure effective competition in the provision of 1310 retail electric service by avoiding anticompetitive subsidies 1311 flowing from a noncompetitive retail electric service to a 1312 competitive retail electric service or to a product or service 1313 other than retail electric service, and vice versa, including by 1314 prohibiting the recovery of any generation-related costs through 1315 distribution or transmission rates; 1316

(I) Ensure retail electric service consumers protection
 against unreasonable sales practices, market deficiencies, and
 market power;
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(J) Provide coherent, transparent means of giving1320appropriate incentives to technologies that can adapt1321successfully to potential environmental mandates;1322

(K) Encourage implementation of distributed generation1323across customer classes through regular review and updating of1324

administrative rules governing critical issues such as, but not 1325 limited to, interconnection standards, standby charges, and net 1326 metering; 1327

(L) Protect at-risk populations, including, but not
limited to, when considering the implementation of any new
advanced energy or renewable energy resource;
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(M) Encourage the education of small business owners in
this state regarding the use of, and encourage the use of,
energy efficiency programs and alternative energy resources in
their businesses;

(N) Facilitate the state's effectiveness in the global 1335
economy; 1336

(0) Provide clarity in cost recovery for Ohio-based1337electric distribution utilities in conjunction with national1338security generation resources and support electric distribution1339utility and affiliate divestiture of ownership interests in any1340national security generation resource if divestiture efforts1341result in no adverse consequences to the utility.1342

In carrying out this policy, the commission shall consider 1343 rules as they apply to the costs of electric distribution 1344 infrastructure, including, but not limited to, line extensions, 1345 for the purpose of development in this state. 1346

Sec. 4928.147. (A) Upon the expiration of any mechanism1347authorized by the public utilities commission to recover an1348electric distribution utility's national security generation1349resource net impact, an electric distribution utility may1350recover, subject to an audit, reconciliation, and prudence1351review under section 4928.148 of the Revised Code, the national1352security generation resource net impact that remains unrecovered1353

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(B) An electric distribution utility, including all	1355
electric distribution utilities in the same holding company,	1356
shall bid all output from the national security generation	1357
resource into the wholesale market and shall not use the output	1358
in supplying its standard service offer provided under section	1359
4928.142 or 4928.143 of the Revised Code.	1360
Sec. 4928.148. (A) In establishing a nonbypassable rate_	1361
mechanism for recovery of a national security generation	1362
resource net impact under section 4928.147 of the Revised Code,	1363
the public utilities commission shall do all of the following:	1364
(1) Determine, every three years, the prudence and	1365
reasonableness of the electric distribution utility's actions	1366
related to the national security generation resource, including	1367
its decisions related to offering the contractual commitment	1368
into the wholesale markets, and exclude from recovery those	1369
costs that it determines imprudent and unreasonable.	1370
(2) Determine the proper rate design for recovering or	1371
remitting the national security generation resource net impact,	1372
provided, however, that the monthly charge or credit recovering	1373
that impact, including any deferrals or credits, shall not	1374
exceed two dollars and fifty cents per customer per month for	1375
residential customers. For all other customer classes, the	1376
commission shall establish comparable monthly caps for each at	1377
or below two thousand five hundred dollars per customer per	1378
month. Insofar as the national security generation resource net	1379
impact exceeds these monthly limits, the electric distribution	1380
utility shall defer the remaining net impact as a regulatory	1381
asset or liability that shall be recovered as determined by the	1382
commission subject to the monthly rate caps set forth in this	1383

division. 1384 (3) Provide for discontinuation, subject to final 1385 reconciliation, of the nonbypassable rate mechanism on December 1386 31, 2030, unless the mechanism is extended by the general 1387 assembly under division (B) of this section. 1388 (B) The commission shall conduct an inquiry in 2029 to 1389 determine whether it is in the public interest to continue 1390 recovery of a national security generation resource net impact 1391 after 2030, and report its findings to the general assembly. 1392 Sec. 4928.46. (A) In the event that the federal energy 1393 regulatory commission authorizes a program by which this state 1394 may take action to satisfy any portion of the capacity resource 1395 obligation associated with the organized wholesale market that 1396 functions to meet the capacity, energy services, and ancillary 1397 services needs of consumers in this state, the public utilities 1398 commission shall promptly review the program and submit a report 1399 of its findings to the general assembly. 1400 (B) The report shall include any recommendations for both 1401 of the following: 1402 (1) Legislation that may be necessary to permit this state 1403 to beneficially participate in any such program; 1404 1405 (2) How to maintain participation by end-use customers in this state in the demand response program offered by PJM 1406 Interconnection, L.L.C., or its successor organization, 1407 including how the state may consider structuring procurement for 1408

(C) The report shall incorporate the policy of1411facilitating the state's effectiveness in the global economy by1412

demand response that would allow demand response to satisfy a

portion of the state's capacity resource obligation.

Page 49

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minimizing any adverse impact on trade-exposed industrial	1413
<u>manufacturers.</u>	1414
Sec. 4928.47. (A) As used in this section, "clean air_	1415
resource" means any of the following:	1416
(1) A clean air resource as defined in section 3706.40 of	1417
the Revised Code;	1418
(2) A customer-sited renewable energy resource;	1419
(3) A renewable energy resource that is a self-generator.	1420
(B)(1) Through its general supervision, ratemaking, cost	1421
assignment, allocation, rate schedule approval, and rulemaking	1422
authority, as well as its authority under section 4905.31 of the	1423
Revised Code, the public utilities commission shall facilitate	1424
and encourage the establishment of retail purchased power	1425
agreements having a term of three years or more through which	1426
mercantile customers of an electric distribution utility commit	1427
to satisfy a material portion of their electricity requirements	1428
from the output of a clean air resource.	1429
(2) The commission's application and administration of	1430
this section shall be the same for all clean air resources	1431
regardless of whether the resource is certified or eligible for	1432
certification under the Ohio clean air program created under	1433
section 3706.42 of the Revised Code.	1434
(3) In addition to any other benefits that may be	1435
available as a result of the commission's application of its	1436
authority under this section, on the effective date of a retail	1437
purchased power agreement, the commission may exempt such	1438
purchasing mercantile customer from the Ohio clean air program	1439
per-account monthly charge established in section 3706.47 of the	1440
Revised Code.	1441

(C)(1) Not later than ninety days after the effective date	1442
of this section, the commission shall promulgate rules as	1443
necessary to begin the implementation of this section.	1444
(2) Not later than two hundred seventy-five days after the	1445
effective date of this section, the commission shall promulgate	1446
rules for further implementation and administration of this	1447
section.	1448
Sec. 4928.471. (A) Except as provided in division (E) of	1449
this section, not earlier than thirty days after the effective	1450
date of this section, an electric distribution utility may file	1451
an application to implement a decoupling mechanism for the 2019	1452
calendar year and each calendar year thereafter. For an electric	1453
distribution utility that applies for a decoupling mechanism	1454
under this section, the base distribution rates for residential	1455
and commercial customers shall be decoupled to the base	1456
distribution revenue and revenue resulting from implementation	1457
of section 4928.66 of the Revised Code, excluding program costs	1458
and shared savings, and recovered pursuant to an approved	1459
electric security plan under section 4928.143 of the Revised	1460
Code, as of the twelve-month period ending on December 31, 2018.	1461
An application under this division shall not be considered an	1462
application under section 4909.18 of the Revised Code.	1463
	1 4 6 4
(B) The commission shall issue an order approving an	1464
application for a decoupling mechanism filed under division (A)	1465
of this section not later than sixty days after the application	1466
is filed. In determining that an application is not unjust and	1467
unreasonable, the commission shall verify that the rate schedule	1468
or schedules are designed to recover the electric distribution	1469
utility's 2018 annual revenues as described in division (A) of	1470
this section and that the decoupling rate design is aligned with	1471

the rate design of the electric distribution utility's existing	1472
base distribution rates. The decoupling mechanism shall recover	1473
an amount equal to the base distribution revenue and revenue	1474
resulting from implementation of section 4928.66 of the Revised	1475
Code, excluding program costs and shared savings, and recovered	1476
pursuant to an approved electric security plan under section	1477
4928.143 of the Revised Code, as of the twelve-month period	1478
ending on December 31, 2018. The decoupling mechanism shall be	1479
adjusted annually thereafter to reconcile any over recovery or	1480
under recovery from the prior year and to enable an electric	1481
distribution utility to recover the same level of revenues	1482
described in division (A) of this section in each year.	1483
(C) The commission's approval of a decoupling mechanism	1484
under this section shall not affect any other rates, riders,	1485
charges, schedules, classifications, or services previously	1486
approved by the commission. The decoupling mechanism shall	1487
remain in effect until the next time that the electric	1488
distribution utility applies for and the commission approves	1489
base distribution rates for the utility under section 4909.18 of	1490
the Revised Code.	1491
(D) If the commission determines that approving a	1492
decoupling mechanism will result in a double recovery by the	1493
electric distribution utility, the commission shall not approve	1494
the application unless the utility cures the double recovery.	1495
(E) Divisions (A), (B), and (C) of this section shall not	1496
apply to an electric distribution utility that has base	1497
distribution rates that became effective between December 31,	1498
2018, and the effective date of this section pursuant to an	1499
application for an increase in base distribution rates filed	1500
under section 4909.18 of the Revised Code.	1501

Sec. 4928.647. Subject to approval by the public utilities	1502
commission and regardless of any limitations set forth in any	1503
other section of Chapter 4928. of the Revised Code, an electric	1504
distribution utility may offer a customer the opportunity to	1505
purchase renewable energy services on a nondiscriminatory basis,	1506
by doing either of the following:	1507
(A)(1) An electric distribution utility may seek approval	1508
from the commission to establish a schedule or schedules	1509
applicable to residential, commercial, industrial, or other	1510
customers and provide a customer the opportunity to purchase	1511
renewable energy credits for any purpose the customer elects.	1512
(2) The commission shall not approve any schedule unless	1513
it determines both of the following:	1514
(a) The proposed schedule or schedules do not create an	1515
undue burden or unreasonable preference or disadvantage to	1516
nonparticipating customers.	1517
(b) The electric distribution utility seeking approval	1518
commits to comply with any conditions the commission may impose	1519
to ensure that the electric distribution utility and any	1520
participating customers are solely responsible for the risks,	1521
costs, and benefits of any schedule or schedules.	1522
(B)(1) Consistent with section 4905.31 of the Revised	1523
<u>Code, an electric distribution utility, a customer, or a group</u>	1524
of customers may seek approval of a nondiscriminatory schedule	1525
or reasonable arrangement involving the production and supply of	1526
renewable energy, including long-term renewable energy purchase	1527
agreements through which an electric distribution utility may	1528
construct, lease, finance, or operate renewable energy resources	1529
dedicated to that customer or customers.	1530

(2) The commission shall not approve any schedule or	1531
arrangement unless it determines both of the following:	1532
(a) The proposed schedule or arrangement does not create	1533
an undue burden or unreasonable preference or disadvantage to	1534
nonparticipating customers.	1535
(b) The electric distribution utility seeking approval	1536
commits to comply with any conditions the commission may impose	1537
to ensure that the electric distribution utility and any	1538
participating customers are solely responsible for the risks,	1539
costs, and benefits of any schedule or reasonable arrangement.	1540
Sec. 4928.66. (A)(1)(a) Beginning in 2009, an electric	1541
distribution utility shall implement energy efficiency programs	1542
that achieve energy savings equivalent to at least three-tenths	1543
of one per cent of the total, annual average, and normalized	1544
kilowatt-hour sales of the electric distribution utility during	1545
the preceding three calendar years to customers in this state.	1546
An energy efficiency program may include a combined heat and	1547
power system placed into service or retrofitted on or after the	1548
effective date of the amendment of this section by S.B. 315 of	1549
the 129th general assembly, September 10, 2012, or a waste	1550
energy recovery system placed into service or retrofitted on or	1551
after September 10, 2012, except that a waste energy recovery	1552
system described in division (A)(38)(b) of section 4928.01 of	1553
the Revised Code may be included only if it was placed into	1554
service between January 1, 2002, and December 31, 2004. For a	1555
waste energy recovery or combined heat and power system, the	1556
savings shall be as estimated by the public utilities	1557
commission. The savings requirement, using such a three-year	1558
average, shall increase to an additional five-tenths of one per	1559
cent in 2010, seven-tenths of one per cent in 2011, eight-tenths	1560

of one per cent in 2012, nine-tenths of one per cent in 2013, 1561 and one per cent in 2014. In 2015 and 2016, an electric 1562 distribution utility shall achieve energy savings equal to the 1563 result of subtracting the cumulative energy savings achieved 1564 since 2009 from the product of multiplying the baseline for 1565 energy savings, described in division (A)(2)(a) of this section, 1566 by four and two-tenths of one per cent. If the result is zero or 1567 less for the year for which the calculation is being made, the 1568 utility shall not be required to achieve additional energy 1569 savings for that year, but may achieve additional energy savings 1570 for that year. Thereafter, the The annual savings requirements 1571 shall be, for years 2017, 2018, 2019, and 2020, an additional 1572 one per cent of the baseline, and two per cent each year 1573 thereafter, achieving cumulative energy savings in excess of 1574 twenty two per cent by the end of 2027. For purposes of a waste 1575 energy recovery or combined heat and power system, an electric 1576 distribution utility shall not apply more than the total annual 1577 percentage of the electric distribution utility's industrial-1578 customer load, relative to the electric distribution utility's 1579 total load, to the annual energy savings requirement. 1580

(b) Beginning in 2009, an electric distribution utility 1581 shall implement peak demand reduction programs designed to 1582 achieve a one per cent reduction in peak demand in 2009 and an 1583 additional seventy-five hundredths of one per cent reduction 1584 each year through 2014. In 2015 and 2016, an electric 1585 distribution utility shall achieve a reduction in peak demand 1586 equal to the result of subtracting the cumulative peak demand 1587 reductions achieved since 2009 from the product of multiplying 1588 the baseline for peak demand reduction, described in division 1589 (A) (2) (a) of this section, by four and seventy-five hundredths 1590 of one per cent. If the result is zero or less for the year for 1591

which the calculation is being made, the utility shall not be 1592
required to achieve an additional reduction in peak demand for 1593
that year, but may achieve an additional reduction in peak 1594
demand for that year. In 2017 and each year thereafter through 1595
2020, the utility shall achieve an additional seventy-five 1596
hundredths of one per cent reduction in peak demand. 1597

(2) For the purposes of divisions (A)(1)(a) and (b) of 1598 this section:

(a) The baseline for energy savings under division (A)(1) 1600 (a) of this section shall be the average of the total kilowatt 1601 hours the electric distribution utility sold in the preceding 1602 three calendar years. The baseline for a peak demand reduction 1603 under division (A) (1) (b) of this section shall be the average 1604 peak demand on the utility in the preceding three calendar 1605 years, except that the commission may reduce either baseline to 1606 adjust for new economic growth in the utility's certified 1607 territory. Neither baseline shall include the load and usage of 1608 any of the following customers: 1609

(i) Beginning January 1, 2017, a customer for which a
reasonable arrangement has been approved under section 4905.31
of the Revised Code;
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(ii) A customer that has opted out of the utility'sportfolio plan under section 4928.6611 of the Revised Code;1614

(iii) A customer that has opted out of the utility's 1615
portfolio plan under Section 8 of S.B. 310 of the 130th general 1616
assembly. 1617

(b) The commission may amend the benchmarks set forth in
division (A) (1) (a) or (b) of this section if, after application
by the electric distribution utility, the commission determines
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that the amendment is necessary because the utility cannot1621reasonably achieve the benchmarks due to regulatory, economic,1622or technological reasons beyond its reasonable control.1623

(c) Compliance with divisions (A) (1) (a) and (b) of this 1624 section shall be measured by including the effects of all 1625 demand-response programs for mercantile customers of the subject 1626 electric distribution utility, all waste energy recovery systems 1627 and all combined heat and power systems, and all such mercantile 1628 customer-sited energy efficiency, including waste energy 1629 recovery and combined heat and power, and peak demand reduction 1630 programs, adjusted upward by the appropriate loss factors. Any 1631 mechanism designed to recover the cost of energy efficiency, 1632 including waste energy recovery and combined heat and power, and 1633 peak demand reduction programs under divisions (A) (1) (a) and (b) 1634 of this section may exempt mercantile customers that commit 1635 their demand-response or other customer-sited capabilities, 1636 whether existing or new, for integration into the electric 1637 distribution utility's demand-response, energy efficiency, 1638 including waste energy recovery and combined heat and power, or 1639 peak demand reduction programs, if the commission determines 1640 1641 that that exemption reasonably encourages such customers to commit those capabilities to those programs. If a mercantile 1642 customer makes such existing or new demand-response, energy 1643 efficiency, including waste energy recovery and combined heat 1644 and power, or peak demand reduction capability available to an 1645 electric distribution utility pursuant to division (A)(2)(c) of 1646 this section, the electric utility's baseline under division (A) 1647 (2) (a) of this section shall be adjusted to exclude the effects 1648 of all such demand-response, energy efficiency, including waste 1649 energy recovery and combined heat and power, or peak demand 1650 reduction programs that may have existed during the period used 1651

to establish the baseline. The baseline also shall be normalized	1652
for changes in numbers of customers, sales, weather, peak	1653
demand, and other appropriate factors so that the compliance	1654
measurement is not unduly influenced by factors outside the	1655
control of the electric distribution utility.	1656
(d)(i) Programs implemented by a utility may include the	1657
following:	1658
(I) Demand-response programs;	1659
(II) Smart grid investment programs, provided that such	1660
programs are demonstrated to be cost-beneficial;	1661
(III) Customer-sited programs, including waste energy	1662
recovery and combined heat and power systems;	1663
(IV) Transmission and distribution infrastructure	1664
improvements that reduce line losses;	1665
(V) Energy efficiency savings and peak demand reduction	1666
that are achieved, in whole or in part, as a result of funding	1667
provided from the universal service fund established by section	1668
4928.51 of the Revised Code to benefit low-income customers	1669
through programs that include, but are not limited to, energy	1670
audits, the installation of energy efficiency insulation,	1671
appliances, and windows, and other weatherization measures.	1672
(ii) No energy efficiency or peak demand reduction	1673
achieved under divisions (A)(2)(d)(i)(IV) and (V) of this	1674
section shall qualify for shared savings.	1675
(iii) Division (A)(2)(c) of this section shall be applied	1676
to include facilitating efforts by a mercantile customer or	1677
group of those customers to offer customer-sited demand-	1678
response, energy efficiency, including waste energy recovery and	1679

combined heat and power, or peak demand reduction capabilities1680to the electric distribution utility as part of a reasonable1681arrangement submitted to the commission pursuant to section16824905.31 of the Revised Code.1683

(e) No programs or improvements described in division (A)
(2) (d) of this section shall conflict with any statewide
building code adopted by the board of building standards.

(B) In accordance with rules it shall adopt, the public
utilities commission shall produce and docket at the commission
an annual report containing the results of its verification of
the annual levels of energy efficiency and of peak demand
reductions achieved by each electric distribution utility
pursuant to division (A) of this section. A copy of the report
shall be provided to the consumers' counsel.

(C) If the commission determines, after notice and 1694 opportunity for hearing and based upon its report under division 1695 (B) of this section, that an electric distribution utility has 1696 failed to comply with an energy efficiency or peak demand 1697 reduction requirement of division (A) of this section, the 1698 commission shall assess a forfeiture on the utility as provided 1699 under sections 4905.55 to 4905.60 and 4905.64 of the Revised 1700 Code, either in the amount, per day per undercompliance or 1701 noncompliance, relative to the period of the report, equal to 1702 that prescribed for noncompliances under section 4905.54 of the 1703 Revised Code, or in an amount equal to the then existing market 1704 value of one renewable energy credit per megawatt hour of-1705 undercompliance or noncompliance. Revenue from any forfeiture 1706 assessed under this division shall be deposited to the credit of 1707 the advanced energy fund created under section 4928.61 of the 1708 Revised Code. 1709

(D) The commission may establish rules regarding the 1710 content of an application by an electric distribution utility 1711 for commission approval of a revenue decoupling mechanism under 1712 this division. Such an application shall not be considered an 1713 application to increase rates and may be included as part of a 1714 proposal to establish, continue, or expand energy efficiency or 1715 conservation programs. The commission by order may approve an 1716 application under this division if it determines both that the 1717 revenue decoupling mechanism provides for the recovery of 1718 revenue that otherwise may be forgone by the utility as a result 1719 of or in connection with the implementation by the electric 1720 distribution utility of any energy efficiency or energy 1721 conservation programs and reasonably aligns the interests of the 1722 utility and of its customers in favor of those programs. 1723

(E) The commission additionally shall adopt rules that
require an electric distribution utility to provide a customer
upon request with two years' consumption data in an accessible
1726
form.

(F)(1) All the terms and conditions of an electric	1728
distribution utility's portfolio plan in effect as of the	1729
effective date of the amendments to this section by H.B. 6 of	1730
the 133rd general assembly shall remain in place through	1731
December 31, 2020, and terminate on that date.	1732

(2) If a portfolio plan is extended beyond its commission-1733approved term by division (F) (1) of this section, the existing1734plan's budget shall be increased for the extended term to1735include an amount equal to the annual average of the approved1736budget for all years of the portfolio plan in effect as of the1737effective date of the amendments to this section by H.B. 6 of1738the 133rd general assembly.1739

(3) All other terms and conditions of a portfolio plan	1740
extended beyond its commission-approved term by division (F)(1)	1741
of this section shall remain the same unless changes are	1742
authorized by the commission upon the electric distribution	1743
utility's request.	1744
(C) All requirements imposed and all programs implemented	1745
(G) All requirements imposed and all programs implemented	1745
under this section shall terminate on December 31, 2020,	-
provided an electric distribution utility recovers in the	1747
following year all remaining program costs incurred or to be	1748
incurred, including costs incurred for contractual obligations	1749
and any costs to discontinue the portfolio plan programs,	1750
through applicable tariff schedules or riders in effect on the	1751
effective date of the amendments to this section by H.B. 6 of	1752
the 133rd general assembly.	1753
Sec. 4928.661. (A) Not earlier than January 1, 2020, an_	1754
electric distribution utility may submit an application to the	1755
public utilities commission for approval of programs to	1756
encourage energy efficiency or peak demand reduction. The	1757
application may include descriptions of the proposed programs	1758
including all of the following:	1759
(1) The size and scope of the programs;	1760
(2) Applicability of the programs to specific customer	1761
<u>classes;</u>	1762
	1 - 60
(3) Recovery of costs and incentives;	1763
(4) Any other information determined by the electric	1764
distribution utility to be appropriate for the commission's	1765
review.	1766
	1 - 2 -
(B) The commission shall issue an order approving or	1767
modifying and approving an application if it finds that the	1768

proposed programs will be cost-effective, in the public	1769
interest, and consistent with state policy as specified in	1770
section 4928.02 of the Revised Code.	1771
(C) Applications submitted and approved under this section	1772
shall not take effect earlier than January 1, 2021.	1773
Sec. 4928.6610. As used in sections 4928.6611 to 4928.6616	1774
<u>4928.6615</u> of the Revised Code:	1775
(A) "Customer" means any either of the following:	1776
(1) Effective January 1, 2020, a mercantile customer as	1777
defined in section 4928.01 of the Revised Code;	1778
(2) Any customer of an electric distribution utility to	1779
which either of the following applies:	1780
(1) (a) The customer receives service above the primary	1781
voltage level as determined by the utility's tariff	1782
classification.	1783
<del>(2) <u>(</u>b) The customer is a commercial or industrial</del>	1784
customer to which both of the following apply:	1785
(a) (i) The customer receives electricity through a meter	1786
of an end user or through more than one meter at a single	1787
location in a quantity that exceeds forty-five million kilowatt	1788
hours of electricity for the preceding calendar year.	1789
<del>(b) <u>(</u>ii) T</del> he customer has made a written request for	1790
registration as a self-assessing purchaser pursuant to section	1791
5727.81 of the Revised Code.	1792
(B) "Energy intensity" means the amount of energy, from	1793
electricity, used or consumed per unit of production.	1794
(C) "Portfolio plan" means <u>either of the following:</u>	1795

(1) The comprehensive energy efficiency and peak-demand 1796 reduction program portfolio plan required under rules adopted by 1797 the public utilities commission and codified in Chapter 4901:1-1798 39 of the Administrative Code or hereafter recodified or 1799 amended; 1800 (2) A plan approved under section 4928.661 of the Revised 1801 Code or under rules adopted under that section. 1802 Sec. 4928.75. Beginning in fiscal year 2021 and each\_ 1803 fiscal year thereafter, the director of development services 1804 shall, in each fiscal year, submit a completed waiver request in 1805 accordance with section 96.83 of Title 45 of the Code of Federal 1806 Regulations to the United States department of health and human 1807 services and any other applicable federal agencies for the state 1808 to expend twenty-five per cent of federal low-income home energy 1809 assistance programs funds from the home energy assistance block 1810 grants for weatherization services allowed by section 96.83(a) 1811 of Title 45 of the Code of Federal Regulations to the United 1812 States department of health and human services. 1813 Sec. 4928.80. (A) Each electric distribution utility shall 1814 file with the public utilities commission a tariff applicable to 1815 county fairs and agricultural societies that includes either of 1816 the following: 1817 (1) A fixed monthly service fee; 1818 (2) An energy charge on a kilowatt-hour basis. 1819 (B) The minimum monthly charge shall not exceed the fixed 1820 monthly service fee and the customer shall not be subject to any 1821 demand-based riders. 1822 (C) The electric distribution utility shall be eligible to 1823 recover any revenue loss associated with customer migration to 1824

### this new tariff.

1825

Sec. 5727.47. (A) Notice of each assessment certified or	1826
issued pursuant to section 5727.23 or 5727.38 of the Revised	1827
Code shall be mailed to the public utility, and its mailing	1828
shall be prima-facie evidence of its receipt by the public	1829
utility to which it is addressed. With the notice, the tax	1830
commissioner shall provide instructions on how to petition for	1831
reassessment and request a hearing on the petition. $\frac{1}{1}$	1832
otherwise provided in division (G) of this section, if a public	1833
utility objects to such an assessment, it may file with the	1834
commissioner, either personally or by certified mail, within	1835
sixty days after the mailing of the notice of assessment a	1836
written petition for reassessment signed by the utility's	1837
authorized agent having knowledge of the facts. The date the	1838
commissioner receives the petition shall be considered the date	1839
of filing. The petition shall indicate the utility's objections,	1840
but additional objections may be raised in writing if received	1841
by the commissioner prior to the date shown on the final	1842
determination.	1843

In the case of a petition seeking a reduction in taxable 1844 value filed with respect to an assessment certified under 1845 section 5727.23 of the Revised Code, the petitioner shall state 1846 in the petition the total amount of reduction in taxable value 1847 sought by the petitioner. If the petitioner objects to the 1848 percentage of true value at which taxable property is assessed 1849 by the commissioner, the petitioner shall state in the petition 1850 the total amount of reduction in taxable value sought both with 1851 and without regard to the objection pertaining to the percentage 1852 of true value at which its taxable property is assessed. If a 1853 petitioner objects to the commissioner's apportionment of the 1854 taxable value of the petitioner's taxable property, the 1855

petitioner shall distinctly state in the petition that the 1856 petitioner objects to the commissioner's apportionment, and, 1857 within forty-five days after filing the petition for 1858 reassessment, shall submit the petitioner's proposed 1859 apportionment of the taxable value of its taxable property among 1860 taxing districts. If a petitioner that objects to the 1861 commissioner's apportionment fails to state its objections to 1862 that apportionment in its petition for reassessment or fails to 1863 submit its proposed apportionment within forty-five days after 1864 filing the petition for reassessment, the commissioner shall 1865 dismiss the petitioner's objection to the commissioner's 1866 apportionment, and the taxable value of the petitioner's taxable 1867 property, subject to any adjustment to taxable value pursuant to 1868 the petition or appeal, shall be apportioned in the manner used 1869 by the commissioner in the preliminary or amended preliminary 1870 assessment certified under section 5727.23 of the Revised Code. 1871

If an additional objection seeking a reduction in taxable 1872 value in excess of the reduction stated in the original petition 1873 is properly and timely raised with respect to an assessment 1874 issued under section 5727.23 of the Revised Code, the petitioner 1875 shall state the total amount of the reduction in taxable value 1876 sought in the additional objection both with and without regard 1877 to any reduction in taxable value pertaining to the percentage 1878 of true value at which taxable property is assessed. If a 1879 petitioner fails to state the reduction in taxable value sought 1880 in the original petition or in additional objections properly 1881 raised after the petition is filed, the commissioner shall 1882 notify the petitioner of the failure by certified mail. If the 1883 petitioner fails to notify the commissioner in writing of the 1884 reduction in taxable value sought in the petition or in an 1885 additional objection within thirty days after receiving the 1886

commissioner's notice, the commissioner shall dismiss the 1887 petition or the additional objection in which that reduction is 1888 sought. 1889

(B)(1) Subject to divisions (B)(2) and (3) of this 1890 section, a public utility filing a petition for reassessment 1891 regarding an assessment certified or issued under section 1892 5727.23 or 5727.38 of the Revised Code shall pay the tax with 1893 respect to the assessment objected to as required by law. The 1894 acceptance of any tax payment by the treasurer of state, tax 1895 1896 commissioner, or any county treasurer shall not prejudice any claim for taxes on final determination by the commissioner or 1897 final decision by the board of tax appeals or any court. 1898

(2) If a public utility properly and timely files a
petition for reassessment regarding an assessment certified
under section 5727.23 of the Revised Code, the petitioner shall
pay the tax as prescribed by divisions (B)(2)(a), (b), and (c)
of this section:

(a) If the petitioner does not object to the
1904
commissioner's apportionment of the taxable value of the
petitioner's taxable property, the petitioner is not required to
pay the part of the tax otherwise due on the taxable value that
the petitioner seeks to have reduced, subject to division (B) (2)
(c) of this section.

(b) If the petitioner objects to the commissioner's 1910
apportionment of the taxable value of the petitioner's taxable 1911
property, the petitioner is not required to pay the tax 1912
otherwise due on the part of the taxable value apportioned to 1913
any taxing district that the petitioner objects to, subject to 1914
division (B) (2) (c) of this section. If, pursuant to division (A) 1915
of this section, the petitioner has, in a proper and timely 1916

manner, apportioned taxable value to a taxing district to which 1917
the commissioner did not apportion the petitioner's taxable 1918
value, the petitioner shall pay the tax due on the taxable value 1919
that the petitioner has apportioned to the taxing district, 1920
subject to division (B) (2) (c) of this section. 1921

(c) If a petitioner objects to the percentage of true 1922 value at which taxable property is assessed by the commissioner, 1923 the petitioner shall pay the tax due on the basis of the 1924 percentage of true value at which the public utility's taxable 1925 1926 property is assessed by the commissioner. In any case, the petitioner's payment of tax shall not be less than the amount of 1927 tax due based on the taxable value reflected on the last appeal 1928 notice issued by the commissioner under division (C) of this 1929 section. Until the county auditor receives notification under 1930 division (E) of this section and proceeds under section 5727.471 1931 of the Revised Code to issue any refund that is found to be due, 1932 the county auditor shall not issue a refund for any increase in 1933 the reduction in taxable value that is sought by a petitioner 1934 later than forty-five days after the petitioner files the 1935 original petition as required under division (A) of this 1936 section. 1937

(3) Any part of the tax that, under division (B)(2)(a) or 1938 (b) of this section, is not paid shall be collected upon receipt 1939 of the notification as provided in section 5727.471 of the 1940 Revised Code with interest thereon computed in the same manner 1941 as interest is computed under division (E) of section 5715.19 of 1942 the Revised Code, subject to any correction of the assessment by 1943 the commissioner under division (E) of this section or the final 1944 judgment of the board of tax appeals or a court to which the 1945 board's final judgment is appealed. The penalty imposed under 1946 section 323.121 of the Revised Code shall apply only to the 1947 unpaid portion of the tax if the petitioner's tax payment is 1948 less than the amount of tax due based on the taxable value 1949 reflected on the last appeal notice issued by the commissioner 1950 under division (C) of this section. 1951

(C) Upon receipt of a properly filed petition for 1952 reassessment with respect to an assessment certified under 1953 section 5727.23 of the Revised Code, the tax commissioner shall 1954 notify the treasurer of state or the auditor of each county to 1955 which the assessment objected to has been certified. In the case 1956 1957 of a petition with respect to an assessment certified under section 5727.23 of the Revised Code, the commissioner shall 1958 issue an appeal notice within thirty days after receiving the 1959 amount of the taxable value reduction and apportionment changes 1960 sought by the petitioner in the original petition or in any 1961 additional objections properly and timely raised by the 1962 petitioner. The appeal notice shall indicate the amount of the 1963 reduction in taxable value sought in the petition or in the 1964 additional objections and the extent to which the reduction in 1965 taxable value and any change in apportionment requested by the 1966 petitioner would affect the commissioner's apportionment of the 1967 taxable value among taxing districts in the county as shown in 1968 the assessment. If a petitioner is seeking a reduction in 1969 taxable value on the basis of a lower percentage of true value 1970 than the percentage at which the commissioner assessed the 1971 petitioner's taxable property, the appeal notice shall indicate 1972 the reduction in taxable value sought by the petitioner without 1973 regard to the reduction sought on the basis of the lower 1974 percentage and shall indicate that the petitioner is required to 1975 pay tax on the reduced taxable value determined without regard 1976 to the reduction sought on the basis of a lower percentage of 1977 true value, as provided under division (B)(2)(c) of this 1978

section. The appeal notice shall include a statement that the 1979 reduced taxable value and the apportionment indicated in the 1980 notice are not final and are subject to adjustment by the 1981 commissioner or by the board of tax appeals or a court on 1982 appeal. If the commissioner finds an error in the appeal notice, 1983 the commissioner may amend the notice, but the notice is only 1984 for informational and tax payment purposes; the notice is not 1985 subject to appeal by any person. The commissioner also shall 1986 mail a copy of the appeal notice to the petitioner. Upon the 1987 request of a taxing authority, the county auditor may disclose 1988 to the taxing authority the extent to which a reduction in 1989 taxable value sought by a petitioner would affect the 1990 apportionment of taxable value to the taxing district or 1991 districts under the taxing authority's jurisdiction, but such a 1992 disclosure does not constitute a notice required by law to be 1993 given for the purpose of section 5717.02 of the Revised Code. 1994

(D) If the petitioner requests a hearing on the petition,
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the tax commissioner shall assign a time and place for the
hearing on the petition and notify the petitioner of such time
and place, but the commissioner may continue the hearing from
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time to time as necessary.

2000 (E) The tax commissioner may make corrections to the assessment as the commissioner finds proper. The commissioner 2001 shall serve a copy of the commissioner's final determination on 2002 the petitioner in the manner provided in section 5703.37 of the 2003 Revised Code. The commissioner's decision in the matter shall be 2004 final, subject to appeal under section 5717.02 of the Revised 2005 Code. With respect to a final determination issued for an 2006 assessment certified under section 5727.23 of the Revised Code, 2007 the commissioner also shall transmit a copy of the final 2008 determination to the applicable county auditor. In the absence 2009 of any further appeal, or when a decision of the board of tax2010appeals or of any court to which the decision has been appealed2011becomes final, the commissioner shall notify the public utility2012and, as appropriate, shall proceed under section 5727.42 of the2013Revised Code, or notify the applicable county auditor, who shall2014proceed under section 5727.471 of the Revised Code.2015

The notification made under this division is not subject to further appeal.

(F) On appeal, no adjustment shall be made in the tax 2018 commissioner's assessment certified under section 5727.23 of the 2019 Revised Code that reduces the taxable value of a petitioner's 2020 taxable property by an amount that exceeds the reduction sought 2021 by the petitioner in its petition for reassessment or in any 2022 additional objections properly and timely raised after the 2023 petition is filed with the commissioner. 2024

(G) An electric company with taxable property that is, or 2025 is part of, a clean air resource fueled by nuclear power and 2026 certified under section 3706.44 of the Revised Code may file a 2027 petition for reassessment seeking a reduction in taxable value 2028 of that property, provided that any such petition shall not 2029 request, and the tax commissioner shall have no authority to 2030 grant, a reduction in taxable value below the taxable values for 2031 such property as of the effective date of the amendments to this 2032 section by H.B. 6 of the 133rd general assembly. As used in this 2033 division, "clean air resource" has the same meaning as defined 2034 by section 3706.40 of the Revised Code. 2035

Sec. 5727.75. (A) For purposes of this section: 2036

(1) "Qualified energy project" means an energy project2037certified by the director of development services pursuant to2038

this section. 2039 (2) "Energy project" means a project to provide electric 2040 power through the construction, installation, and use of an 2041 2042 energy facility. (3) "Alternative energy zone" means a county declared as 2043 such by the board of county commissioners under division (E)(1) 2044 (b) or (c) of this section. 2045 2046 (4) "Full-time equivalent employee" means the total number of employee-hours for which compensation was paid to individuals 2047 employed at a qualified energy project for services performed at 2048 the project during the calendar year divided by two thousand 2049 eighty hours. 2050 2051 (5) "Solar energy project" means an energy project composed of an energy facility using solar panels to generate 2052 electricity. 2053 (6) "Internet identifier of record" has the same meaning 2054 as in section 9.312 of the Revised Code. 2055 (B) (1) Tangible personal property of a qualified energy 2056 project using renewable energy resources is exempt from taxation 2057 for tax years 2011 through 2021 if all of the following 2058 conditions are satisfied: 2059 (a) On or before December 31, 2020, the owner or a lessee 2060

(a) on of before becember 51, 2020, the owner of a fessee2000pursuant to a sale and leaseback transaction of the project2061submits an application to the power siting board for a2062certificate under section 4906.20 of the Revised Code, or if2063that section does not apply, submits an application for any2064approval, consent, permit, or certificate or satisfies any2065condition required by a public agency or political subdivision2066of this state for the construction or initial operation of an2067

energy project.

(b) Construction or installation of the energy facility
begins on or after January 1, 2009, and before January 1, 2021.
For the purposes of this division, construction begins on the
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earlier of the date of application for a certificate or other
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approval or permit described in division (B) (1) (a) of this
section, or the date the contract for the construction or
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installation of the energy facility is entered into.

(c) For a qualified energy project with a nameplate 2076 capacity of five twenty megawatts or greater, a board of county 2077 commissioners of a county in which property of the project is 2078 located has adopted a resolution under division (E)(1)(b) or (c) 2079 of this section to approve the application submitted under 2080 division (E) of this section to exempt the property located in 2081 that county from taxation. A board's adoption of a resolution 2082 rejecting an application or its failure to adopt a resolution 2083 approving the application does not affect the tax-exempt status 2084 of the qualified energy project's property that is located in 2085 2086 another county.

2087 (2) If tangible personal property of a qualified energy project using renewable energy resources was exempt from 2088 taxation under this section beginning in any of tax years 2011 2089 through 2021, and the certification under division (E)(2) of 2090 this section has not been revoked, the tangible personal 2091 property of the qualified energy project is exempt from taxation 2092 for tax year 2022 and all ensuing tax years if the property was 2093 placed into service before January 1, 2022, as certified in the 2094 construction progress report required under division (F)(2) of 2095 this section. Tangible personal property that has not been 2096 placed into service before that date is taxable property subject 2097

to taxation. An energy project for which certification has been2098revoked is ineligible for further exemption under this section.2099Revocation does not affect the tax-exempt status of the2100project's tangible personal property for the tax year in which2101revocation occurs or any prior tax year.2102

(C) Tangible personal property of a qualified energy 2103 project using clean coal technology, advanced nuclear 2104 technology, or cogeneration technology is exempt from taxation 2105 for the first tax year that the property would be listed for 2106 taxation and all subsequent years if all of the following 2107 circumstances are met: 2108

(1) The property was placed into service before January 1, 2109
2021. Tangible personal property that has not been placed into 2110
service before that date is taxable property subject to 2111
taxation. 2112

(2) For such a qualified energy project with a nameplate 2113 capacity of five twenty megawatts or greater, a board of county 2114 commissioners of a county in which property of the qualified 2115 energy project is located has adopted a resolution under 2116 division (E)(1)(b) or (c) of this section to approve the 2117 application submitted under division (E) of this section to 2118 exempt the property located in that county from taxation. A 2119 board's adoption of a resolution rejecting the application or 2120 its failure to adopt a resolution approving the application does 2121 not affect the tax-exempt status of the qualified energy 2122 project's property that is located in another county. 2123

(3) The certification for the qualified energy project
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issued under division (E) (2) of this section has not been
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revoked. An energy project for which certification has been
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revoked is ineligible for exemption under this section.

Revocation does not affect the tax-exempt status of the2128project's tangible personal property for the tax year in which2129revocation occurs or any prior tax year.2130

(D) Except as otherwise provided in this section, real
property of a qualified energy project is exempt from taxation
for any tax year for which the tangible personal property of the
qualified energy project is exempted under this section.

(E) (1) (a) A person may apply to the director of
development services for certification of an energy project as a
qualified energy project on or before the following dates:
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(i) December 31, 2020, for an energy project using2138renewable energy resources;2139

(ii) December 31, 2017, for an energy project using cleancoal technology, advanced nuclear technology, or cogeneration2141technology.

(b) The director shall forward a copy of each application 2143 for certification of an energy project with a nameplate capacity 2144 of <u>five\_twenty\_megawatts</u> or greater to the board of county 2145 commissioners of each county in which the project is located and 2146 to each taxing unit with territory located in each of the 2147 affected counties. Any board that receives from the director a 2148 copy of an application submitted under this division shall adopt 2149 a resolution approving or rejecting the application unless it 2150 has adopted a resolution under division (E)(1)(c) of this 2151 section. A resolution adopted under division (E)(1)(b) or (c) of 2152 this section may require an annual service payment to be made in 2153 addition to the service payment required under division (G) of 2154 this section. The sum of the service payment required in the 2155 resolution and the service payment required under division (G) 2156

of this section shall not exceed nine thousand dollars per2157megawatt of nameplate capacity located in the county. The2158resolution shall specify the time and manner in which the2159payments required by the resolution shall be paid to the county2160treasurer. The county treasurer shall deposit the payment to the2161credit of the county's general fund to be used for any purpose2162for which money credited to that fund may be used.2163

The board shall send copies of the resolution to the owner 2164 of the facility and the director by certified mail or, if the 2165 board has record of an internet identifier of record associated 2166 with the owner or director, by ordinary mail and by that 2167 internet identifier of record. The board shall send such notice 2168 within thirty days after receipt of the application, or a longer 2169 period of time if authorized by the director. 2170

(c) A board of county commissioners may adopt a resolution
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declaring the county to be an alternative energy zone and
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declaring all applications submitted to the director of
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development services under this division after the adoption of
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the resolution, and prior to its repeal, to be approved by the
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board.

All tangible personal property and real property of an2177energy project with a nameplate capacity of five-twenty2178megawatts or greater is taxable if it is located in a county in2179which the board of county commissioners adopted a resolution2180rejecting the application submitted under this division or2181failed to adopt a resolution approving the application under2182division (E) (1) (b) or (c) of this section.2183

(2) The director shall certify an energy project if all of 2184the following circumstances exist: 2185

(a) The application was timely submitted. 2186
(b) For an energy project with a nameplate capacity of 2187
five twenty megawatts or greater, a board of county 2188
commissioners of at least one county in which the project is 2189
located has adopted a resolution approving the application under 2190
division (E) (1) (b) or (c) of this section. 2191

(c) No portion of the project's facility was used to2192supply electricity before December 31, 2009.2193

(3) The director shall deny a certification application if 2194 the director determines the person has failed to comply with any 2195 requirement under this section. The director may revoke a 2196 2197 certification if the director determines the person, or subsequent owner or lessee pursuant to a sale and leaseback 2198 2199 transaction of the qualified energy project, has failed to comply with any requirement under this section. Upon 2200 certification or revocation, the director shall notify the 2201 person, owner, or lessee, the tax commissioner, and the county 2202 auditor of a county in which the project is located of the 2203 certification or revocation. Notice shall be provided in a 2204 manner convenient to the director. 2205

(F) The owner or a lessee pursuant to a sale and leasebacktransaction of a qualified energy project shall do each of thefollowing:

(1) Comply with all applicable regulations; 2209

(2) File with the director of development services a 2210
certified construction progress report before the first day of 2211
March of each year during the energy facility's construction or 2212
installation indicating the percentage of the project completed, 2213
and the project's nameplate capacity, as of the preceding 2214

thirty-first day of December. Unless otherwise instructed by the 2215 2216 director of development services, the owner or lessee of an energy project shall file a report with the director on or 2217 before the first day of March each year after completion of the 2218 energy facility's construction or installation indicating the 2219 project's nameplate capacity as of the preceding thirty-first 2220 day of December. Not later than sixty days after June 17, 2010, 2221 the owner or lessee of an energy project, the construction of 2222 which was completed before June 17, 2010, shall file a 2223 certificate indicating the project's nameplate capacity. 2224

(3) File with the director of development services, in a 2225 manner prescribed by the director, a report of the total number 2226 of full-time equivalent employees, and the total number of fulltime equivalent employees domiciled in Ohio, who are employed in 2228 the construction or installation of the energy facility; 2229

(4) For energy projects with a nameplate capacity of five-2230 twenty megawatts or greater, repair all roads, bridges, and 2231 culverts affected by construction as reasonably required to 2232 restore them to their preconstruction condition, as determined 2233 by the county engineer in consultation with the local 2234 jurisdiction responsible for the roads, bridges, and culverts. 2235 2236 In the event that the county engineer deems any road, bridge, or culvert to be inadequate to support the construction or 2237 decommissioning of the energy facility, the road, bridge, or 2238 culvert shall be rebuilt or reinforced to the specifications 2239 established by the county engineer prior to the construction or 2240 decommissioning of the facility. The owner or lessee of the 2241 facility shall post a bond in an amount established by the 2242 county engineer and to be held by the board of county 2243 commissioners to ensure funding for repairs of roads, bridges, 2244 and culverts affected during the construction. The bond shall be 2245

released by the board not later than one year after the date the 2246 2247 repairs are completed. The energy facility owner or lessee pursuant to a sale and leaseback transaction shall post a bond, 2248 as may be required by the Ohio power siting board in the 2249 certificate authorizing commencement of construction issued 2250 pursuant to section 4906.10 of the Revised Code, to ensure 2251 funding for repairs to roads, bridges, and culverts resulting 2252 from decommissioning of the facility. The energy facility owner 2253 or lessee and the county engineer may enter into an agreement 2254 2255 regarding specific transportation plans, reinforcements, modifications, use and repair of roads, financial security to be 2256 provided, and any other relevant issue. 2257

(5) Provide or facilitate training for fire and emergency responders for response to emergency situations related to the energy project and, for energy projects with a nameplate capacity of <u>five\_twenty</u> megawatts or greater, at the person's expense, equip the fire and emergency responders with proper equipment as reasonably required to enable them to respond to such emergency situations;

(6) Maintain a ratio of Ohio-domiciled full-time 2265 equivalent employees employed in the construction or 2266 installation of the energy project to total full-time equivalent 2267 employees employed in the construction or installation of the 2268 energy project of not less than eighty per cent in the case of a 2269 solar energy project, and not less than fifty per cent in the 2270 case of any other energy project. In the case of an energy 2271 project for which certification from the power siting board is 2272 required under section 4906.20 of the Revised Code, the number 2273 of full-time equivalent employees employed in the construction 2274 or installation of the energy project equals the number actually 2275 employed or the number projected to be employed in the 2276

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certificate application, if such projection is required under 2277 regulations adopted pursuant to section 4906.03 of the Revised 2278 Code, whichever is greater. For all other energy projects, the 2279 number of full-time equivalent employees employed in the 2280 construction or installation of the energy project equals the 2281 number actually employed or the number projected to be employed 2282 by the director of development services, whichever is greater. 2283 To estimate the number of employees to be employed in the 2284 construction or installation of an energy project, the director 2285 shall use a generally accepted job-estimating model in use for 2286 renewable energy projects, including but not limited to the job 2287 and economic development impact model. The director may adjust 2288 an estimate produced by a model to account for variables not 2289 accounted for by the model. 2290

(7) For energy projects with a nameplate capacity in 2291 2292 excess of two-twenty megawatts, establish a relationship with a member of the university system of Ohio as defined in section 2293 3345.011 of the Revised Code or with a person offering an 2294 apprenticeship program registered with the employment and 2295 training administration within the United States department of 2296 2297 labor or with the apprenticeship council created by section 4139.02 of the Revised Code, to educate and train individuals 2298 for careers in the wind or solar energy industry. The 2299 relationship may include endowments, cooperative programs, 2300 internships, apprenticeships, research and development projects, 2301 and curriculum development. 2302

(8) Offer to sell power or renewable energy credits from
 2303
 the energy project to electric distribution utilities or
 electric service companies subject to renewable energy resource
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 erequirements under section 4928.64 of the Revised Code that have
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 issued requests for proposal for such power or renewable energy

credits. If no electric distribution utility or electric service	2308
company issues a request for proposal on or before December 31,	2309
2010, or accepts an offer for power or renewable energy credits-	2310
within forty-five days after the offer is submitted, power or-	2311
renewable energy credits from the energy project may be sold to-	2312
other persons. Division (F)(8) of this section does not apply-	2313
if:-	2314
(a) The owner or lessee is a rural electric company or a	2315
municipal power agency as defined in section 3734.058 of the	2316
Revised Code.	2317
(b) The owner or lessee is a person that, before-	2318
completion of the energy project, contracted for the sale of	2319
power or renewable energy credits with a rural electric company	2320
<del>or a municipal power agency.</del>	2321
(c) The owner or lessee contracts for the sale of power or	2322
renewable energy credits from the energy project before June 17,	2323
<del>2010.</del>	2324
<del>(9) Make annual service payments as required by division</del>	2325
(G) of this section and as may be required in a resolution	2326
adopted by a board of county commissioners under division (E) of	2327
this section.	2328
(G) The owner or a lessee pursuant to a sale and leaseback	2329
transaction of a qualified energy project shall make annual	2330
service payments in lieu of taxes to the county treasurer on or	2331
before the final dates for payments of taxes on public utility	2332
personal property on the real and public utility personal	2333
property tax list for each tax year for which property of the	2334
energy project is exempt from taxation under this section. The	2335
county treasurer shall allocate the payment on the basis of the	2336

project's physical location. Upon receipt of a payment, or if2337timely payment has not been received, the county treasurer shall2338certify such receipt or non-receipt to the director of2339development services and tax commissioner in a form determined2340by the director and commissioner, respectively. Each payment2341shall be in the following amount:2342

(1) In the case of a solar energy project, seven thousand 2343 dollars per megawatt of nameplate capacity located in the county 2344 as of December 31, 2010, for tax year 2011, as of December 31, 2345 2011, for tax year 2012, as of December 31, 2012, for tax year 2346 2013, as of December 31, 2013, for tax year 2014, as of December 2347 31, 2014, for tax year 2015, as of December 31, 2015, for tax 2348 year 2016, and as of December 31, 2016, for tax year 2017 and 2349 each tax year thereafter; 2350

(2) In the case of any other energy project using renewable energy resources, the following:

(a) If the project maintains during the construction or
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installation of the energy facility a ratio of Ohio-domiciled
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full-time equivalent employees to total full-time equivalent
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employees of not less than seventy-five per cent, six thousand
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dollars per megawatt of nameplate capacity located in the county
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as of the thirty-first day of December of the preceding tax
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year;

(b) If the project maintains during the construction or 2360 installation of the energy facility a ratio of Ohio-domiciled 2361 full-time equivalent employees to total full-time equivalent 2362 employees of less than seventy-five per cent but not less than 2363 sixty per cent, seven thousand dollars per megawatt of nameplate 2364 capacity located in the county as of the thirty-first day of 2365 December of the preceding tax year; 2360

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(c) If the project maintains during the construction or 2367 installation of the energy facility a ratio of Ohio-domiciled 2368 full-time equivalent employees to total full-time equivalent 2369 employees of less than sixty per cent but not less than fifty 2370 per cent, eight thousand dollars per megawatt of nameplate 2371 capacity located in the county as of the thirty-first day of 2372 December of the preceding tax year. 2373

(3) In the case of an energy project using clean coal
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technology, advanced nuclear technology, or cogeneration
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technology, the following:
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(a) If the project maintains during the construction or
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installation of the energy facility a ratio of Ohio-domiciled
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full-time equivalent employees to total full-time equivalent
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employees of not less than seventy-five per cent, six thousand
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dollars per megawatt of nameplate capacity located in the county
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as of the thirty-first day of December of the preceding tax
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year;

(b) If the project maintains during the construction or 2384 installation of the energy facility a ratio of Ohio-domiciled 2385 full-time equivalent employees to total full-time equivalent 2386 employees of less than seventy-five per cent but not less than 2387 sixty per cent, seven thousand dollars per megawatt of nameplate 2388 capacity located in the county as of the thirty-first day of 2389 December of the preceding tax year; 2390

(c) If the project maintains during the construction or 2391 installation of the energy facility a ratio of Ohio-domiciled 2392 full-time equivalent employees to total full-time equivalent 2393 employees of less than sixty per cent but not less than fifty 2394 per cent, eight thousand dollars per megawatt of nameplate 2395 capacity located in the county as of the thirty-first day of 2396

December of the preceding tax year.

(H) The director of development services in consultation
with the tax commissioner shall adopt rules pursuant to Chapter
119. of the Revised Code to implement and enforce this section.
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Section 2. That existing sections 303.213, 519.213,2401519.214, 713.081, 3706.02, 3706.03, 4906.10, 4906.13, 4906.20,24024906.201, 4928.01, 4928.02, 4928.66, 4928.6610, 5727.47, and24035727.75 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.2404

Section 3. That section 4928.6616 of the Revised Code is 2405 hereby repealed. 2406

Section 4. The amendments by this act to division (A) (34) 2407 of section 4928.01 of the Revised Code, division (C) of section 2408 4928.66 of the Revised Code, and divisions (F) (8) and (9) of 2409 section 5727.75 of the Revised Code take effect January 1, 2020. 2410

Section 5. That sections 1710.06, 4928.142, 4928.143,24114928.20, 4928.61, 4928.62, 4928.641, 4928.645, and 5501.311 of2412the Revised Code be amended to read as follows:2413

Sec. 1710.06. (A) The board of directors of a special 2414 improvement district may develop and adopt one or more written 2415 plans for public improvements or public services that benefit 2416 all or any part of the district. Each plan shall set forth the 2417 2418 specific public improvements or public services that are to be provided, identify the area in which they will be provided, and 2419 specify the method of assessment to be used. Each plan for 2420 public improvements or public services shall indicate the period 2421 of time the assessments are to be levied for the improvements 2422 and services and, if public services are included in the plan, 2423 the period of time the services are to remain in effect. Plans 2424 for public improvements may include the planning, design, 2425

Page 83

construction, reconstruction, enlargement, or alteration of any2426public improvements and the acquisition of land for the2427improvements. Plans for public improvements or public services2428may also include, but are not limited to, provisions for the2429following:2430

(1) Creating and operating the district and the nonprofit
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 corporation under this chapter, including hiring employees and
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 professional services, contracting for insurance, and purchasing
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 or leasing office space and office equipment and other
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 requirements of the district;

(2) Planning, designing, and implementing a public
improvements or public services plan, including hiring
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architectural, engineering, legal, appraisal, insurance,
consulting, energy auditing, and planning services, and, for
public services, managing, protecting, and maintaining public
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and private facilities, including public improvements;
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(3) Conducting court proceedings to carry out this2442chapter;2443

(4) Paying damages resulting from the provision of public 2444improvements or public services and implementing the plans; 2445

(5) Paying the costs of issuing, paying interest on, and
redeeming notes and bonds issued for funding public improvements
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and public services plans; and
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(6) Sale, lease, lease with an option to purchase,
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conveyance of other interests in, or other contracts for the
acquisition, construction, maintenance, repair, furnishing,
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equipping, operation, or improvement of any special energy
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improvement project by the special improvement district, between
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a participating political subdivision and the special
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improvement district, and between the special improvement2455district and any owner of real property in the special2456improvement district on which a special energy improvement2457project has been acquired, installed, equipped, or improved; and2458

(7) Aggregating the renewable energy credits generated by2459one or more special energy improvement projects within a special2460improvement district, upon the consent of the owners of the2461credits and for the purpose of negotiating and completing the2462sale of such credits.2463

(B) Once the board of directors of the special improvement 2464 district adopts a plan, it shall submit the plan to the 2465 legislative authority of each participating political 2466 subdivision and the municipal executive of each municipal 2467 corporation in which the district is located, if any. The 2468 legislative authorities and municipal executives shall review 2469 the plan and, within sixty days after receiving it, may submit 2470 their comments and recommendations about it to the district. 2471 After reviewing these comments and recommendations, the board of 2472 directors may amend the plan. It may then submit the plan, 2473 amended or otherwise, in the form of a petition to members of 2474 the district whose property may be assessed for the plan. Once 2475 the petition is signed by those members who own at least sixty 2476 per cent of the front footage of property that is to be assessed 2477 and that abuts upon a street, alley, public road, place, 2478 boulevard, parkway, park entrance, easement, or other public 2479 improvement, or those members who own at least seventy-five per 2480 cent of the area to be assessed for the improvement or service, 2481 the petition may be submitted to each legislative authority for 2482 approval. Except as provided in division (H) of section 1710.02 2483 of the Revised Code, if the special improvement district was 2484 created for the purpose of developing and implementing plans for 2485

special energy improvement projects or shoreline improvement2486projects, the petition required under this division shall be2487signed by one hundred per cent of the owners of the area of all2488real property located within the area to be assessed for the2489special energy improvement project or shoreline improvement2490project.2491

Each legislative authority shall, by resolution, approve 2492 or reject the petition within sixty days after receiving it. If 2493 the petition is approved by the legislative authority of each 2494 participating political subdivision, the plan contained in the 2495 petition shall be effective at the earliest date on which a 2496 nonemergency resolution of the legislative authority with the 2497 latest effective date may become effective. A plan may not be 2498 resubmitted to the legislative authorities and municipal 2499 executives more than three times in any twelve-month period. 2500

(C) Each participating political subdivision shall levy, 2501 by special assessment upon specially benefited property located 2502 within the district, the costs of any public improvements or 2503 public services plan contained in a petition approved by the 2504 participating political subdivisions under this section or 2505 division (F) of section 1710.02 of the Revised Code. The levy 2506 shall be made in accordance with the procedures set forth in 2507 Chapter 727. of the Revised Code, except that: 2508

(1) The assessment for each improvements or services plan
may be levied by any one or any combination of the methods of
assessment listed in section 727.01 of the Revised Code,
provided that the assessment is uniformly applied.

(2) For the purpose of levying an assessment, the board of
 directors may combine one or more improvements or services plans
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 or parts of plans and levy a single assessment against specially
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benefited property.

(3) For purposes of special assessments levied by a
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township pursuant to this chapter, references in Chapter 727. of
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the Revised Code to the municipal corporation shall be deemed to
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refer to the township, and references to the legislative
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authority of the municipal corporation shall be deemed to refer
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to the board of township trustees.

2523 Church property or property owned by a political subdivision, including any participating political subdivision 2524 in which a special improvement district is located, shall be 2525 included in and be subject to special assessments made pursuant 2526 to a plan adopted under this section or division (F) of section 2527 1710.02 of the Revised Code, if the church or political 2528 subdivision has specifically requested in writing that its 2529 property be included within the special improvement district and 2530 the church or political subdivision is a member of the district 2531 or, in the case of a district created by an existing qualified 2532 nonprofit corporation, if the church is a member of the 2533 2534 corporation.

(D) All rights and privileges of property owners who are 2535 assessed under Chapter 727. of the Revised Code shall be granted 2536 to property owners assessed under this chapter, including those 2537 rights and privileges specified in sections 727.15 to 727.17 and 2538 727.18 to 727.22 of the Revised Code and the right to notice of 2539 the resolution of necessity and the filing of the estimated 2540 assessment under section 727.13 of the Revised Code. Property 2541 owners assessed for public services under this chapter shall 2542 have the same rights and privileges as property owners assessed 2543 for public improvements under this chapter. 2544

Sec. 4928.142. (A) For the purpose of complying with 2545

section 4928.141 of the Revised Code and subject to division (D) 2546 of this section and, as applicable, subject to the rate plan 2547 requirement of division (A) of section 4928.141 of the Revised 2548 Code, an electric distribution utility may establish a standard 2549 service offer price for retail electric generation service that 2550 is delivered to the utility under a market-rate offer. 2551

(1) The market-rate offer shall be determined through a
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 competitive bidding process that provides for all of the
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 following:

(a) Open, fair, and transparent competitive solicitation; 2555

- (b) Clear product definition;
- (c) Standardized bid evaluation criteria;
- (d) Oversight by an independent third party that shall 2558 design the solicitation, administer the bidding, and ensure that 2559 the criteria specified in-division divisions (A) (1) (a) to (c) of 2560 this section are met; 2561

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(e) Evaluation of the submitted bids prior to the2562selection of the least-cost bid winner or winners.2563
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No generation supplier shall be prohibited from2564participating in the bidding process.2565

(2) The public utilities commission shall modify rules, or
adopt new rules as necessary, concerning the conduct of the
competitive bidding process and the qualifications of bidders,
which rules shall foster supplier participation in the bidding
process and shall be consistent with the requirements of
division (A) (1) of this section.

(B) Prior to initiating a competitive bidding process for 2572a market-rate offer under division (A) of this section, the 2573

Page 88

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electric distribution utility shall file an application with the 2574 commission. An electric distribution utility may file its 2575 application with the commission prior to the effective date of 2576 the commission rules required under division (A)(2) of this 2577 section, and, as the commission determines necessary, the 2578 utility shall immediately conform its filing to the rules upon 2579 their taking effect. 2580

An application under this division shall detail the2581electric distribution utility's proposed compliance with the2582requirements of division (A) (1) of this section and with2583commission rules under division (A) (2) of this section and2584demonstrate that all of the following requirements are met:2585

(1) The electric distribution utility or its transmission
service affiliate belongs to at least one regional transmission
organization that has been approved by the federal energy
regulatory commission; or there otherwise is comparable and
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nondiscriminatory access to the electric transmission grid.

(2) Any such regional transmission organization has a
market-monitor function and the ability to take actions to
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identify and mitigate market power or the electric distribution
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utility's market conduct; or a similar market monitoring
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function exists with commensurate ability to identify and
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monitor market conditions and mitigate conduct associated with
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the exercise of market power.

(3) A published source of information is available
publicly or through subscription that identifies pricing
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information for traded electricity on- and off-peak energy
products that are contracts for delivery beginning at least two
years from the date of the publication and is updated on a
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regular basis.

The commission shall initiate a proceeding and, within 2604 ninety days after the application's filing date, shall determine 2605 by order whether the electric distribution utility and its 2606 market-rate offer meet all of the foregoing requirements. If the 2607 finding is positive, the electric distribution utility may 2608 initiate its competitive bidding process. If the finding is 2609 negative as to one or more requirements, the commission in the 2610 order shall direct the electric distribution utility regarding 2611 how any deficiency may be remedied in a timely manner to the 2612 commission's satisfaction; otherwise, the electric distribution 2613 utility shall withdraw the application. However, if such remedy 2614 is made and the subsequent finding is positive and also if the 2615 electric distribution utility made a simultaneous filing under 2616 this section and section 4928.143 of the Revised Code, the 2617 utility shall not initiate its competitive bid until at least 2618 one hundred fifty days after the filing date of those 2619 applications. 2620

(C) Upon the completion of the competitive bidding process 2621 authorized by divisions (A) and (B) of this section, including 2622 for the purpose of division (D) of this section, the commission 2623 shall select the least-cost bid winner or winners of that 2624 process, and such selected bid or bids, as prescribed as retail 2625 rates by the commission, shall be the electric distribution 2626 utility's standard service offer unless the commission, by order 2627 issued before the third calendar day following the conclusion of 2628 the competitive bidding process for the market rate offer, 2629 determines that one or more of the following criteria were not 2630 met: 2631

(1) Each portion of the bidding process was
oversubscribed, such that the amount of supply bid upon was
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greater than the amount of the load bid out.
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(2) There were four or more bidders.

(3) At least twenty-five per cent of the load is bid uponby one or more persons other than the electric distribution2637utility.

All costs incurred by the electric distribution utility as 2639 a result of or related to the competitive bidding process or to 2640 procuring generation service to provide the standard service 2641 offer, including the costs of energy and capacity and the costs 2642 of all other products and services procured as a result of the 2643 competitive bidding process, shall be timely recovered through 2644 the standard service offer price, and, for that purpose, the 2645 commission shall approve a reconciliation mechanism, other 2646 recovery mechanism, or a combination of such mechanisms for the 2647 utility. 2648

(D) The first application filed under this section by an 2649 electric distribution utility that, as of July 31, 2008, 2650 2651 directly owns, in whole or in part, operating electric generating facilities that had been used and useful in this 2652 state shall require that a portion of that utility's standard 2653 service offer load for the first five years of the market rate 2654 offer be competitively bid under division (A) of this section as 2655 follows: ten per cent of the load in year one, not more than 2656 twenty per cent in year two, thirty per cent in year three, 2657 forty per cent in year four, and fifty per cent in year five. 2658 Consistent with those percentages, the commission shall 2659 determine the actual percentages for each year of years one 2660 through five. The standard service offer price for retail 2661 electric generation service under this first application shall 2662 be a proportionate blend of the bid price and the generation 2663 service price for the remaining standard service offer load, 2664 which latter price shall be equal to the electric distribution 2665 utility's most recent standard service offer price, adjusted 2666 upward or downward as the commission determines reasonable, 2667 relative to the jurisdictional portion of any known and 2668 measurable changes from the level of any one or more of the 2669 following costs as reflected in that most recent standard 2670 service offer price: 2671

(1) The electric distribution utility's prudently incurred2672cost of fuel used to produce electricity;2673

(2) Its prudently incurred purchased power costs;

(3) Its prudently incurred costs of satisfying the supply
 and demand portfolio requirements of this state, including, but
 2676
 not limited to, renewable energy resource and energy efficiency
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 requirements programs;

(4) Its costs prudently incurred to comply with 2679
 environmental laws and regulations, with consideration of the 2680
 derating of any facility associated with those costs. 2681

In making any adjustment to the most recent standard 2682 service offer price on the basis of costs described in division 2683 (D) of this section, the commission shall include the benefits 2684 that may become available to the electric distribution utility 2685 as a result of or in connection with the costs included in the 2686 adjustment, including, but not limited to, the utility's receipt 2687 of emissions credits or its receipt of tax benefits or of other 2688 benefits, and, accordingly, the commission may impose such 2689 conditions on the adjustment to ensure that any such benefits 2690 are properly aligned with the associated cost responsibility. 2691 The commission shall also determine how such adjustments will 2692 affect the electric distribution utility's return on common 2693

equity that may be achieved by those adjustments. The commission 2694 shall not apply its consideration of the return on common equity 2695 to reduce any adjustments authorized under this division unless 2696 the adjustments will cause the electric distribution utility to 2697 earn a return on common equity that is significantly in excess 2698 of the return on common equity that is earned by publicly traded 2699 2700 companies, including utilities, that face comparable business and financial risk, with such adjustments for capital structure 2701 as may be appropriate. The burden of proof for demonstrating 2702 that significantly excessive earnings will not occur shall be on 2703 the electric distribution utility. 2704

Additionally, the commission may adjust the electric 2705 distribution utility's most recent standard service offer price 2706 by such just and reasonable amount that the commission 2707 determines necessary to address any emergency that threatens the 2708 utility's financial integrity or to ensure that the resulting 2709 revenue available to the utility for providing the standard 2710 service offer is not so inadequate as to result, directly or 2711 indirectly, in a taking of property without compensation 2712 pursuant to Section 19 of Article I, Ohio Constitution. The 2713 electric distribution utility has the burden of demonstrating 2714 that any adjustment to its most recent standard service offer 2715 price is proper in accordance with this division. 2716

(E) Beginning in the second year of a blended price under 2717 division (D) of this section and notwithstanding any other 2718 requirement of this section, the commission may alter 2719 prospectively the proportions specified in that division to 2720 mitigate any effect of an abrupt or significant change in the 2721 electric distribution utility's standard service offer price 2722 that would otherwise result in general or with respect to any 2723 rate group or rate schedule but for such alteration. Any such 2724

alteration shall be made not more often than annually, and the 2725 commission shall not, by altering those proportions and in any 2726 event, including because of the length of time, as authorized 2727 under division (C) of this section, taken to approve the market 2728 rate offer, cause the duration of the blending period to exceed 2729 ten years as counted from the effective date of the approved 2730 market rate offer. Additionally, any such alteration shall be 2731 limited to an alteration affecting the prospective proportions 2732 used during the blending period and shall not affect any 2733 blending proportion previously approved and applied by the 2734 commission under this division. 2735

(F) An electric distribution utility that has received commission approval of its first application under division (C) of this section shall not, nor ever shall be authorized or required by the commission to, file an application under section 4928.143 of the Revised Code.

Sec. 4928.143. (A) For the purpose of complying with 2741 section 4928.141 of the Revised Code, an electric distribution 2742 utility may file an application for public utilities commission 2743 approval of an electric security plan as prescribed under 2744 division (B) of this section. The utility may file that 2745 2746 application prior to the effective date of any rules the commission may adopt for the purpose of this section, and, as 2747 the commission determines necessary, the utility immediately 2748 shall conform its filing to those rules upon their taking 2749 effect. 2750

(B) Notwithstanding any other provision of Title XLIX of
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the Revised Code to the contrary except division (D) of this
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section, divisions (I), (J), and (K) of section 4928.20,
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division (E) of section 4928.64, and section 4928.69 of the
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Revised Code:	2755
(1) An electric security plan shall include provisions	2756
relating to the supply and pricing of electric generation	2757
service. In addition, if the proposed electric security plan has	2758
a term longer than three years, it may include provisions in the	2759
plan to permit the commission to test the plan pursuant to	2760
division (E) of this section and any transitional conditions	2761
-	2762
that should be adopted by the commission if the commission	
terminates the plan as authorized under that division.	2763
(2) The plan may provide for or include, without	2764
limitation, any of the following:	2765
(a) Automatic recovery of any of the following costs of	2766
the electric distribution utility, provided the cost is	2767
prudently incurred: the cost of fuel used to generate the	2768
electricity supplied under the offer; the cost of purchased	2769
power supplied under the offer, including the cost of energy and	2770
capacity, and including purchased power acquired from an	2771
affiliate; the cost of emission allowances; and the cost of	2772
federally mandated carbon or energy taxes;	2773
(b) A reasonable allowance for construction work in	2774
progress for any of the electric distribution utility's cost of	2775
constructing an electric generating facility or for an	2776
environmental expenditure for any electric generating facility	2777
of the electric distribution utility, provided the cost is	2778
incurred or the expenditure occurs on or after January 1, 2009.	2779
Any such allowance shall be subject to the construction work in	2780
progress allowance limitations of division (A) of section	2781
4909.15 of the Revised Code, except that the commission may	2782
authorize such an allowance upon the incurrence of the cost or	2783
occurrence of the expenditure. No such allowance for generating	2784

facility construction shall be authorized, however, unless the 2785 commission first determines in the proceeding that there is need 2786 for the facility based on resource planning projections 2787 submitted by the electric distribution utility. Further, no such 2788 allowance shall be authorized unless the facility's construction 2789 was sourced through a competitive bid process, regarding which 2790 process the commission may adopt rules. An allowance approved 2791 under division (B)(2)(b) of this section shall be established as 2792 a nonbypassable surcharge for the life of the facility. 2793

(c) The establishment of a nonbypassable surcharge for the 2794 life of an electric generating facility that is owned or 2795 operated by the electric distribution utility, was sourced 2796 through a competitive bid process subject to any such rules as 2797 the commission adopts under division (B)(2)(b) of this section, 2798 and is newly used and useful on or after January 1, 2009, which 2799 surcharge shall cover all costs of the utility specified in the 2800 application, excluding costs recovered through a surcharge under 2801 division (B)(2)(b) of this section. However, no surcharge shall 2802 be authorized unless the commission first determines in the 2803 proceeding that there is need for the facility based on resource 2804 planning projections submitted by the electric distribution 2805 utility. Additionally, if a surcharge is authorized for a 2806 facility pursuant to plan approval under division (C) of this 2807 section and as a condition of the continuation of the surcharge, 2808 the electric distribution utility shall dedicate to Ohio 2809 consumers the capacity and energy and the rate associated with 2810 the cost of that facility. Before the commission authorizes any 2811 surcharge pursuant to this division, it may consider, as 2812 applicable, the effects of any decommissioning, deratings, and 2813 retirements. 2814

(d) Terms, conditions, or charges relating to limitations 2815

on customer shopping for retail electric generation service,2816bypassability, standby, back-up, or supplemental power service,2817default service, carrying costs, amortization periods, and2818accounting or deferrals, including future recovery of such2819deferrals, as would have the effect of stabilizing or providing2820certainty regarding retail electric service;2821

(e) Automatic increases or decreases in any component of the standard service offer price;

(f) Consistent with sections 4928.23 to 4928.2318 of the Revised Code, both of the following:

(i) Provisions for the electric distribution utility to 2826
securitize any phase-in, inclusive of carrying charges, of the 2827
utility's standard service offer price, which phase-in is 2828
authorized in accordance with section 4928.144 of the Revised 2829
Code; 2830

(ii) Provisions for the recovery of the utility's cost of28312832

(g) Provisions relating to transmission, ancillary,
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congestion, or any related service required for the standard
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service offer, including provisions for the recovery of any cost
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of such service that the electric distribution utility incurs on
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or after that date pursuant to the standard service offer;
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(h) Provisions regarding the utility's distribution
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service, including, without limitation and notwithstanding any
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provision of Title XLIX of the Revised Code to the contrary,
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provisions regarding single issue ratemaking, a revenue
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decoupling mechanism or any other incentive ratemaking, and
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provisions regarding distribution infrastructure and
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modernization incentives for the electric distribution utility.

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The latter may include a long-term energy delivery 2845 infrastructure modernization plan for that utility or any plan 2846 providing for the utility's recovery of costs, including lost 2847 revenue, shared savings, and avoided costs, and a just and 2848 reasonable rate of return on such infrastructure modernization. 2849 As part of its determination as to whether to allow in an 2850 electric distribution utility's electric security plan inclusion 2851 of any provision described in division (B)(2)(h) of this 2852 section, the commission shall examine the reliability of the 2853 electric distribution utility's distribution system and ensure 2854 that customers' and the electric distribution utility's 2855 expectations are aligned and that the electric distribution 2856 utility is placing sufficient emphasis on and dedicating 2857 sufficient resources to the reliability of its distribution 2858 system. 2859

(i) Provisions under which the electric distribution
utility may implement economic development, job retention, and
energy efficiency programs, which provisions may allocate
program costs across all classes of customers of the utility and
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those of electric distribution utilities in the same holding
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company system.

2866 (C) (1) The burden of proof in the proceeding shall be on the electric distribution utility. The commission shall issue an 2867 order under this division for an initial application under this 2868 section not later than one hundred fifty days after the 2869 application's filing date and, for any subsequent application by 2870 the utility under this section, not later than two hundred 2871 seventy-five days after the application's filing date. Subject 2872 to division (D) of this section, the commission by order shall 2873 approve or modify and approve an application filed under 2874 division (A) of this section if it finds that the electric 2875

security plan so approved, including its pricing and all other 2876 terms and conditions, including any deferrals and any future 2877 recovery of deferrals, is more favorable in the aggregate as 2878 compared to the expected results that would otherwise apply 2879 under section 4928.142 of the Revised Code. Additionally, if the 2880 commission so approves an application that contains a surcharge 2881 under division (B)(2)(b) or (c) of this section, the commission 2882 shall ensure that the benefits derived for any purpose for which 2883 the surcharge is established are reserved and made available to 2884 those that bear the surcharge. Otherwise, the commission by 2885 order shall disapprove the application. 2886

(2) (a) If the commission modifies and approves an 2887 application under division (C) (1) of this section, the electric 2888 distribution utility may withdraw the application, thereby 2889 terminating it, and may file a new standard service offer under 2890 this section or a standard service offer under section 4928.142 2891 of the Revised Code. 2892

(b) If the utility terminates an application pursuant to 2893 division (C)(2)(a) of this section or if the commission 2894 disapproves an application under division (C)(1) of this 2895 section, the commission shall issue such order as is necessary 2896 2897 to continue the provisions, terms, and conditions of the utility's most recent standard service offer, along with any 2898 expected increases or decreases in fuel costs from those 2899 contained in that offer, until a subsequent offer is authorized 2900 pursuant to this section or section 4928.142 of the Revised 2901 Code, respectively. 2902

(D) Regarding the rate plan requirement of division (A) of 2903
section 4928.141 of the Revised Code, if an electric 2904
distribution utility that has a rate plan that extends beyond 2905

December 31, 2008, files an application under this section for 2906 the purpose of its compliance with division (A) of section 2907 4928.141 of the Revised Code, that rate plan and its terms and 2908 conditions are hereby incorporated into its proposed electric 2909 security plan and shall continue in effect until the date 2910 scheduled under the rate plan for its expiration, and that 2911 portion of the electric security plan shall not be subject to 2912 commission approval or disapproval under division (C) of this 2913 section, and the earnings test provided for in division (F) of 2914 this section shall not apply until after the expiration of the 2915 rate plan. However, that utility may include in its electric 2916 security plan under this section, and the commission may 2917 approve, modify and approve, or disapprove subject to division 2918 (C) of this section, provisions for the incremental recovery or 2919 the deferral of any costs that are not being recovered under the 2920 rate plan and that the utility incurs during that continuation 2921 period to comply with section 4928.141, division (B) of section 2922 4928.64, the Revised Code or division (A) of section 4928.66 of 2923

the Revised Code.

(E) If an electric security plan approved under division 2925 (C) of this section, except one withdrawn by the utility as 2926 authorized under that division, has a term, exclusive of phase-2927 ins or deferrals, that exceeds three years from the effective 2928 date of the plan, the commission shall test the plan in the 2929 fourth year, and if applicable, every fourth year thereafter, to 2930 determine whether the plan, including its then-existing pricing 2931 and all other terms and conditions, including any deferrals and 2932 any future recovery of deferrals, continues to be more favorable 2933 in the aggregate and during the remaining term of the plan as 2934 compared to the expected results that would otherwise apply 2935 under section 4928.142 of the Revised Code. The commission shall 2936

Page 101

also determine the prospective effect of the electric security 2937 plan to determine if that effect is substantially likely to 2938 provide the electric distribution utility with a return on 2939 common equity that is significantly in excess of the return on 2940 common equity that is likely to be earned by publicly traded 2941 companies, including utilities, that face comparable business 2942 and financial risk, with such adjustments for capital structure 2943 as may be appropriate. The burden of proof for demonstrating 2944 that significantly excessive earnings will not occur shall be on 2945 the electric distribution utility. If the test results are in 2946 the negative or the commission finds that continuation of the 2947 electric security plan will result in a return on equity that is 2948 significantly in excess of the return on common equity that is 2949 likely to be earned by publicly traded companies, including 2950 utilities, that will face comparable business and financial 2951 risk, with such adjustments for capital structure as may be 2952 appropriate, during the balance of the plan, the commission may 2953 terminate the electric security plan, but not until it shall 2954 have provided interested parties with notice and an opportunity 2955 to be heard. The commission may impose such conditions on the 2956 plan's termination as it considers reasonable and necessary to 2957 accommodate the transition from an approved plan to the more 2958 advantageous alternative. In the event of an electric security 2959 plan's termination pursuant to this division, the commission 2960 shall permit the continued deferral and phase-in of any amounts 2961 that occurred prior to that termination and the recovery of 2962 those amounts as contemplated under that electric security plan. 2963

(F) With regard to the provisions that are included in an
electric security plan under this section, the commission shall
consider, following the end of each annual period of the plan,
if any such adjustments resulted in excessive earnings as
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measured by whether the earned return on common equity of the 2968 electric distribution utility is significantly in excess of the 2969 return on common equity that was earned during the same period 2970 by publicly traded companies, including utilities, that face 2971 comparable business and financial risk, with such adjustments 2972 for capital structure as may be appropriate. Consideration also 2973 shall be given to the capital requirements of future committed 2974 investments in this state. The burden of proof for demonstrating 2975 that significantly excessive earnings did not occur shall be on 2976 the electric distribution utility. If the commission finds that 2977 such adjustments, in the aggregate, did result in significantly 2978 excessive earnings, it shall require the electric distribution 2979 utility to return to consumers the amount of the excess by 2980 prospective adjustments; provided that, upon making such 2981 prospective adjustments, the electric distribution utility shall 2982 have the right to terminate the plan and immediately file an 2983 application pursuant to section 4928.142 of the Revised Code. 2984 Upon termination of a plan under this division, rates shall be 2985 set on the same basis as specified in division (C)(2)(b) of this 2986 section, and the commission shall permit the continued deferral 2987 and phase-in of any amounts that occurred prior to that 2988 termination and the recovery of those amounts as contemplated 2989 under that electric security plan. In making its determination 2990 of significantly excessive earnings under this division, the 2991 commission shall not consider, directly or indirectly, the 2992 revenue, expenses, or earnings of any affiliate or parent 2993 company. 2994

Sec. 4928.20. (A) The legislative authority of a municipal 2995 corporation may adopt an ordinance, or the board of township 2996 trustees of a township or the board of county commissioners of a 2997 county may adopt a resolution, under which, on or after the 2998

starting date of competitive retail electric service, it may 2999 aggregate in accordance with this section the retail electrical 3000 loads located, respectively, within the municipal corporation, 3001 township, or unincorporated area of the county and, for that 3002 3003 purpose, may enter into service agreements to facilitate for those loads the sale and purchase of electricity. The 3004 legislative authority or board also may exercise such authority 3005 jointly with any other such legislative authority or board. For 3006 customers that are not mercantile customers, an ordinance or 3007 3008 resolution under this division shall specify whether the aggregation will occur only with the prior, affirmative consent 3009 of each person owning, occupying, controlling, or using an 3010 electric load center proposed to be aggregated or will occur 3011 automatically for all such persons pursuant to the opt-out 3012 requirements of division (D) of this section. The aggregation of 3013 mercantile customers shall occur only with the prior, 3014 affirmative consent of each such person owning, occupying, 3015 controlling, or using an electric load center proposed to be 3016 aggregated. Nothing in this division, however, authorizes the 3017 aggregation of the retail electric loads of an electric load 3018 center, as defined in section 4933.81 of the Revised Code, that 3019 is located in the certified territory of a nonprofit electric 3020 supplier under sections 4933.81 to 4933.90 of the Revised Code 3021 or an electric load center served by transmission or 3022 distribution facilities of a municipal electric utility. 3023

(B) If an ordinance or resolution adopted under division 3024
(A) of this section specifies that aggregation of customers that 3025
are not mercantile customers will occur automatically as 3026
described in that division, the ordinance or resolution shall 3027
direct the board of elections to submit the question of the 3028
authority to aggregate to the electors of the respective 3029

municipal corporation, township, or unincorporated area of a 3030 county at a special election on the day of the next primary or 3031 general election in the municipal corporation, township, or 3032 county. The legislative authority or board shall certify a copy 3033 of the ordinance or resolution to the board of elections not 3034 less than ninety days before the day of the special election. No 3035 ordinance or resolution adopted under division (A) of this 3036 section that provides for an election under this division shall 3037 take effect unless approved by a majority of the electors voting 3038 upon the ordinance or resolution at the election held pursuant 3039 to this division. 3040

(C) Upon the applicable requisite authority under 3041 divisions (A) and (B) of this section, the legislative authority 3042 or board shall develop a plan of operation and governance for 3043 the aggregation program so authorized. Before adopting a plan 3044 under this division, the legislative authority or board shall 3045 hold at least two public hearings on the plan. Before the first 3046 hearing, the legislative authority or board shall publish notice 3047 of the hearings once a week for two consecutive weeks in a 3048 newspaper of general circulation in the jurisdiction or as 3049 provided in section 7.16 of the Revised Code. The notice shall 3050 summarize the plan and state the date, time, and location of 3051 3052 each hearing.

(D) No legislative authority or board, pursuant to an 3053 ordinance or resolution under divisions (A) and (B) of this 3054 section that provides for automatic aggregation of customers 3055 that are not mercantile customers as described in division (A) 3056 of this section, shall aggregate the electrical load of any 3057 electric load center located within its jurisdiction unless it 3058 in advance clearly discloses to the person owning, occupying, 3059 controlling, or using the load center that the person will be 3060

enrolled automatically in the aggregation program and will 3061 remain so enrolled unless the person affirmatively elects by a 3062 stated procedure not to be so enrolled. The disclosure shall 3063 state prominently the rates, charges, and other terms and 3064 conditions of enrollment. The stated procedure shall allow any 3065 person enrolled in the aggregation program the opportunity to 3066 opt out of the program every three years, without paying a 3067 switching fee. Any such person that opts out before the 3068 commencement of the aggregation program pursuant to the stated 3069 procedure shall default to the standard service offer provided 3070 under section 4928.14 or division (D) of section 4928.35 of the 3071 Revised Code until the person chooses an alternative supplier. 3072

(E) (1) With respect to a governmental aggregation for a 3073
municipal corporation that is authorized pursuant to divisions 3074
(A) to (D) of this section, resolutions may be proposed by 3075
initiative or referendum petitions in accordance with sections 3076
731.28 to 731.41 of the Revised Code. 3077

(2) With respect to a governmental aggregation for a 3078
township or the unincorporated area of a county, which 3079
aggregation is authorized pursuant to divisions (A) to (D) of 3080
this section, resolutions may be proposed by initiative or 3081
referendum petitions in accordance with sections 731.28 to 3082
731.40 of the Revised Code, except that: 3083

(a) The petitions shall be filed, respectively, with the
township fiscal officer or the board of county commissioners,
who shall perform those duties imposed under those sections upon
3086
the city auditor or village clerk.

(b) The petitions shall contain the signatures of not less3088than ten per cent of the total number of electors in,3089respectively, the township or the unincorporated area of the3090

county who voted for the office of governor at the preceding	3091
general election for that office in that area.	3092
(F) A governmental aggregator under division (A) of this	3093
section is not a public utility engaging in the wholesale	3094
purchase and resale of electricity, and provision of the	3095
aggregated service is not a wholesale utility transaction. A	3096
governmental aggregator shall be subject to supervision and	3097
regulation by the public utilities commission only to the extent	3098
of any competitive retail electric service it provides and	3099
commission authority under this chapter.	3100
(G) This section does not apply in the case of a municipal	3101
corporation that supplies such aggregated service to electric	3102
load centers to which its municipal electric utility also	3103
supplies a noncompetitive retail electric service through	3104
transmission or distribution facilities the utility singly or	3105
jointly owns or operates.	3106
(H) A governmental aggregator shall not include in its	3107
aggregation the accounts of any of the following:	3108
(1) A customer that has opted out of the aggregation;	3109
(2) A customer in contract with a certified electric	3110
services company;	3111
(3) A customer that has a special contract with an	3112
electric distribution utility;	3113
(4) A customer that is not located within the governmental	3114
aggregator's governmental boundaries;	3115
(5) Subject to division (C) of section 4928.21 of the	3116
Revised Code, a customer who appears on the "do not aggregate"	3117
list maintained under that section.	3118

(I) Customers that are part of a governmental aggregation 3119 under this section shall be responsible only for such portion of 3120 a surcharge under section 4928.144 of the Revised Code that is 3121 proportionate to the benefits, as determined by the commission, 3122 that electric load centers within the jurisdiction of the 3123 governmental aggregation as a group receive. The proportionate 3124 surcharge so established shall apply to each customer of the 3125 governmental aggregation while the customer is part of that 3126 aggregation. If a customer ceases being such a customer, the 3127 otherwise applicable surcharge shall apply. Nothing in this 3128 section shall result in less than full recovery by an electric 3129 distribution utility of any surcharge authorized under section 3130 4928.144 of the Revised Code. Nothing in this section shall 3131 result in less than the full and timely imposition, charging, 3132 collection, and adjustment by an electric distribution utility, 3133 its assignee, or any collection agent, of the phase-in-recovery 3134 charges authorized pursuant to a final financing order issued 3135 pursuant to sections 4928.23 to 4928.2318 of the Revised Code. 3136

(J) On behalf of the customers that are part of a 3137 governmental aggregation under this section and by filing 3138 written notice with the public utilities commission, the 3139 legislative authority that formed or is forming that 3140 governmental aggregation may elect not to receive standby 3141 service within the meaning of division (B)(2)(d) of section 3142 4928.143 of the Revised Code from an electric distribution 3143 utility in whose certified territory the governmental 3144 aggregation is located and that operates under an approved 3145 electric security plan under that section. Upon the filing of 3146 that notice, the electric distribution utility shall not charge 3147 any such customer to whom competitive retail electric generation 3148 service is provided by another supplier under the governmental 3149

Page 108

aggregation for the standby service. Any such consumer that	3150
returns to the utility for competitive retail electric service	3151
shall pay the market price of power incurred by the utility to	3152
serve that consumer plus any amount attributable to the	3153
utility's cost of compliance with the renewable energy resource-	3154
provisions of section 4928.64 of the Revised Code to serve the-	3155
consumer. Such market price shall include, but not be limited	3156
to, capacity and energy charges; all charges associated with the	3157
provision of that power supply through the regional transmission	3158
organization, including, but not limited to, transmission,	3159
ancillary services, congestion, and settlement and	3160
administrative charges; and all other costs incurred by the	3161
utility that are associated with the procurement, provision, and	3162
administration of that power supply, as such costs may be	3163
approved by the commission. The period of time during which the	3164
market price and renewable energy resource amount shall be so	3165
assessed on the consumer shall be from the time the consumer so	3166
returns to the electric distribution utility until the	3167
expiration of the electric security plan. However, if that	3168
period of time is expected to be more than two years, the	3169
commission may reduce the time period to a period of not less	3170
than two years.	3171

(K) The commission shall adopt rules to encourage and 3172 promote large-scale governmental aggregation in this state. For 3173 that purpose, the commission shall conduct an immediate review 3174 of any rules it has adopted for the purpose of this section that 3175 are in effect on the effective date of the amendment of this 3176 section by S.B. 221 of the 127th general assembly, July 31, 3177 2008. Further, within the context of an electric security plan 3178 under section 4928.143 of the Revised Code, the commission shall 3179 consider the effect on large-scale governmental aggregation of 3180

any nonbypassable generation charges, however collected, that3181would be established under that plan, except any nonbypassable3182generation charges that relate to any cost incurred by the3183electric distribution utility, the deferral of which has been3184authorized by the commission prior to the effective date of the3185amendment of this section by S.B. 221 of the 127th general3186assembly, July 31, 2008.3187

Sec. 4928.61. (A) There is hereby established in the state 3188 treasury the advanced energy fund, into which shall be deposited 3189 all advanced energy revenues remitted to the director of 3190 3191 development under division (B) of this section, for the exclusive purposes of funding the advanced energy program 3192 created under section 4928.62 of the Revised Code and paying the 3193 program's administrative costs. Interest on the fund shall be 3194 credited to the fund. 3195

(B) Advanced energy revenues shall include all of thefollowing:3197

(1) Revenues remitted to the director after collection by 3198 each electric distribution utility in this state of a temporary 3199 rider on retail electric distribution service rates as such 3200 rates are determined by the public utilities commission pursuant 3201 to this chapter. The rider shall be a uniform amount statewide, 3202 determined by the director of development, after consultation 3203 with the public benefits advisory board created by section 3204 4928.58 of the Revised Code. The amount shall be determined by 3205 dividing an aggregate revenue target for a given year as 3206 determined by the director, after consultation with the advisory 3207 board, by the number of customers of electric distribution 3208 utilities in this state in the prior year. Such aggregate 3209 revenue target shall not exceed more than fifteen million 3210

dollars in any year through 2005 and shall not exceed more than 3211 five million dollars in any year after 2005. The rider shall be 3212 imposed beginning on the effective date of the amendment of this 3213 section by Sub. H.B. 251 of the 126th general assembly, January 3214 4, 2007, and shall terminate at the end of ten years following 3215 the starting date of competitive retail electric service or 3216 3217 until the advanced energy fund, including interest, reaches one hundred million dollars, whichever is first. 3218

(2) Revenues from payments, repayments, and collections3219under the advanced energy program and from program income;3220

(3) Revenues remitted to the director after collection by
a municipal electric utility or electric cooperative in this
state upon the utility's or cooperative's decision to
participate in the advanced energy fund;
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(4) Revenues from renewable energy compliance payments as
 provided under division (C) (2) of section 4928.64 of the Revised
 3225
 Code;
 3227

(5)Revenue from forfeitures under division (C) of section32284928.66 of the Revised Code;3229

(6)(5)Funds transferred pursuant to division (B) of3230Section 512.10 of S.B. 315 of the 129th general assembly;3231

(7) (6) Interest earnings on the advanced energy fund. 3232

(C) (1) Each electric distribution utility in this state
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shall remit to the director on a quarterly basis the revenues
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described in divisions (B) (1) and (2) of this section. Such
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remittances shall occur within thirty days after the end of each
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calendar quarter.

(2) Each participating electric cooperative and

Page 110

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participating municipal electric utility shall remit to the 3239 director on a quarterly basis the revenues described in division 3240 (B) (3) of this section. Such remittances shall occur within 3241 thirty days after the end of each calendar quarter. For the 3242 purpose of division (B)(3) of this section, the participation of 3243 an electric cooperative or municipal electric utility in the 3244 energy efficiency revolving loan program as it existed 3245 immediately prior to the effective date of the amendment of this 3246 section by Sub. H.B. 251 of the 126th general assembly, January 3247 4, 2007, does not constitute a decision to participate in the 3248 advanced energy fund under this section as so amended. 3249

(3) All remittances under divisions (C) (1) and (2) of this
section shall continue only until the end of ten years following
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the starting date of competitive retail electric service or
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until the advanced energy fund, including interest, reaches one
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hundred million dollars, whichever is first.

(D) Any moneys collected in rates for non-low-income 3255 customer energy efficiency programs, as of October 5, 1999, and 3256 not contributed to the energy efficiency revolving loan fund 3257 authorized under this section prior to the effective date of its 3258 amendment by Sub. H.B. 251 of the 126th general assembly, 3259 January 4, 2007, shall be used to continue to fund cost-3260 effective, residential energy efficiency programs, be 3261 contributed into the universal service fund as a supplement to 3262 that required under section 4928.53 of the Revised Code, or be 3263 returned to ratepayers in the form of a rate reduction at the 3264 option of the affected electric distribution utility. 3265

Sec. 4928.62. (A) There is hereby created the advanced3266energy program, which shall be administered by the director of3267development. Under the program, the director may authorize the3268

use of moneys in the advanced energy fund for financial, 3269
technical, and related assistance for advanced energy projects 3270
in this state or for economic development assistance, in 3271
furtherance of the purposes set forth in section 4928.63 of the 3272
Revised Code. 3273

(1) To the extent feasible given approved applications for 3274 assistance, the assistance shall be distributed among the 3275 certified territories of electric distribution utilities and 3276 participating electric cooperatives, and among the service areas 3277 3278 of participating municipal electric utilities, in amounts proportionate to the remittances of each utility and cooperative 3279 under divisions (B)(1) and (3) of section 4928.61 of the Revised 3280 Code. 3281

(2) The funds described in division (B) (6) (5) of section
4928.61 of the Revised Code shall not be subject to the
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territorial requirements of division (A) (1) of this section.
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(3) The director shall not authorize financial assistance
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for an advanced energy project under the program unless the
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director first determines that the project will create new jobs
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or preserve existing jobs in this state or use innovative
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technologies or materials.

(B) In carrying out sections 4928.61 to 4928.63 of the 3290
Revised Code, the director may do all of the following to 3291
further the public interest in advanced energy projects and 3292
economic development: 3293

(1) Award grants, contracts, loans, loan participation 3294agreements, linked deposits, and energy production incentives; 3295

(2) Acquire in the name of the director any property of3296any kind or character in accordance with this section, by3297

purchase, purchase at foreclosure, or exchange, on such terms 3298 and in such manner as the director considers proper; 3299 (3) Make and enter into all contracts and agreements 3300 necessary or incidental to the performance of the director's 3301 duties and the exercise of the director's powers under sections 3302 4928.61 to 4928.63 of the Revised Code: 3303 (4) Employ or enter into contracts with financial 3304 3305 consultants, marketing consultants, consulting engineers, architects, managers, construction experts, attorneys, technical 3306 monitors, energy evaluators, or other employees or agents as the 3307 director considers necessary, and fix their compensation; 3308 (5) Adopt rules prescribing the application procedures for 3309 financial assistance under the advanced energy program; the 3310 fees, charges, interest rates, payment schedules, local match 3311 requirements, and other terms and conditions of any grants, 3312 contracts, loans, loan participation agreements, linked 3313 deposits, and energy production incentives; criteria pertaining 3314 to the eligibility of participating lending institutions; and 3315 any other matters necessary for the implementation of the 3316 3317 program; (6) Do all things necessary and appropriate for the 3318

operation of the program. 3319 (C) The department of development may hold ownership to 3320

any unclaimed energy efficiency and renewable energy emission3321allowances provided for in Chapter 3745-14 of the Administrative3322Code or otherwise, that result from advanced energy projects3323that receive funding from the advanced energy fund, and it may3324use the allowances to further the public interest in advanced3325energy projects or for economic development.3326

## Sub. H. B. No. 6 As Passed by the House

(D) Financial statements, financial data, and trade
secrets submitted to or received by the director from an
applicant or recipient of financial assistance under sections
4928.61 to 4928.63 of the Revised Code, or any information taken
from those statements, data, or trade secrets for any purpose,
are not public records for the purpose of section 149.43 of the
Revised Code.

(E) Nothing in the amendments of sections 4928.61, 3334 4928.62, and 4928.63 of the Revised Code by Sub. H.B. 251 of the 3335 3336 126th general assembly shall affect any pending or effected assistance, pending or effected purchases or exchanges of 3337 property made, or pending or effected contracts or agreements 3338 entered into pursuant to division (A) or (B) of this section as 3339 the section existed prior to the effective date of those 3340 amendments, January 4, 2007, or shall affect the exemption 3341 provided under division (C) of this section as the section 3342 existed prior to that effective date. 3343

(F) Any assistance a school district receives for an
advanced energy project, including a geothermal heating,
ventilating, and air conditioning system, shall be in addition
to any assistance provided under Chapter 3318. of the Revised
Code and shall not be included as part of the district or state
advance project cost under that chapter.

Sec. 4928.641. (A) As used in this section, "net cost"3350means a charge or a credit and constitutes the ongoing costs3351including the charges incurred by the utility under each3352contract, including the annual renewable energy credit inventory3353amortization charge in division (E) (3) of this section, the3354carrying charges, less the revenue received by the utility as a3355result of liquidating into competitive markets the electrical3350

and renewable products provided to the utility under the same	3357
contract, including capacity, ancillary services, and renewable	3358
energy credits.	3359
(B) All prudently incurred costs incurred by an electric	3360
distribution utility associated with contractual obligations	3361
that existed prior to the effective date of the amendments to	3362
this section by H.B. 6 of the 133rd general assembly to	3363
implement section 4928.64 of the Revised Code shall be	3364
recoverable from the utility's retail customers as a	3365
distribution expense if the money received from the Ohio clean_	3366
air program fund, created under section 3706.46 of the Revised	3367
<u>Code, is insufficient to offset those costs. Such costs are</u>	3368
ongoing costs and shall include costs incurred to discontinue	3369
existing programs that were implemented by the electric	3370
distribution utility under section 4928.64 of the Revised Code.	3371
<u>arberroution attitey ander beetten 1920.01 of the Kevibea code.</u>	5571
<u>(C)</u> If an electric distribution utility has executed a	3372
contract before April 1, 2014, to procure renewable energy	3373
resources to implement section 4928.64 of the Revised Code and	3374
there are ongoing costs associated with that contract that are	3375
being recovered from customers through a bypassable charge as of	3376
the effective date of <del>S.B. 310 the amendments to this section by</del>	3377
<u>H.B. 6 of the 130th 133rd g</u> eneral assembly, that cost recovery	3378
shall-continue on a bypassable basis , upon final_	3379
reconciliation, be replaced with the accounting mechanism	3380
permitted under this section. The accounting mechanism shall be	3381
effective for the remaining term of the contract and for a	3382
subsequent reconciliation period until all the prudently	3383
incurred costs associated with that contract are fully	3384
recovered.	3385
(D) Division (D) of this section applies only to secto	2206

(B) Division (A) of this section applies only to costs 3386

associated with the original term of a contract described in-	3387
that division and entered into before April 1, 2014. This-	3388
section does not permit recovery of costs associated with an-	3389
extension of such a contract. This section does not permit	3390
recovery of costs associated with an amendment of such a	3391
contract if that amendment was made on or after April 1, 2014.	3392
(D) Subject to the requirements for recovery of ongoing	3393
costs under section 4928.64 of the Revised Code, the public	3394
utilities commission shall, in accordance with division (E) of	3395
this section, approve an accounting mechanism for each electric	3396
distribution utility that demonstrates that it has incurred or	3397
will incur ongoing costs as described in division (B) of this	3398
section.	3399
(E) All of the following shall apply to the accounting	3400
mechanism:	3401
(1) Subject to division (F) of this section, the	3402
accounting mechanism shall reflect the forecasted annual net	3403
costs to be incurred by the utility under each contract	3404
described in division (C) of this section, subject to subsequent	3405
reconciliation to actual net costs.	3406
(2) The book value of an electric distribution utility's	3407
inventory of renewable energy credits, as of the effective date	3408
of the amendments to this section by H.B. 6 of the 133rd general	3409
assembly, shall be reflected in the accounting mechanism over an	3410
amortization period that is substantially similar to the	3411
remaining term of any contracts described in division (C) of	3412
this section.	3413
(3) The electric distribution utility shall, in a timely	3414
manner, liquidate the renewable energy credits in its inventory	3415

and apply the resulting revenue against such recovery.	3416
(F) Not later than ninety days after the effective date of	3417
the amendments to this section by H.B. 6 of the 133rd general	3418
assembly, the commission shall approve an appropriate accounting	3419
mechanism that is reasonable and appropriate to implement the	3420
requirements of this section and permits a full recovery of the	3421
utility's net costs, including the accounting authority for the	3422
utility to establish and adjust regulatory assets and regulatory	3423
liabilities consistent with this section. The electric	3424
distribution utility shall be entitled to collect a carrying	3425
charge on such regulatory assets on the effective date of the	3426
amendments to this section by H.B. 6 of the 133rd general	3427
assembly and continuing until the regulatory asset is completely	3428
recovered. Such carrying charge shall include the electric	3429
distribution utility's cost of capital including the most recent	3430
authorized rate of return on equity. The carrying charge shall	3431
also be applied to any regulatory liability created as a result	3432
of the cost recovery mechanism. In each subsequent rate	3433
proceeding under Chapter 4909. of the Revised Code or section	3434
4928.143 of the Revised Code involving the electric distribution	3435
utility, the commission shall permit recovery as a distribution	3436
expense of the regulatory assets existing at that time until the	3437
utility's net costs are fully recovered. Those costs shall be	3438
assigned to each customer class using the base distribution	3439
revenue allocation.	3440
(G) The electric distribution utility shall apply to the	3441
Ohio air quality development authority for reimbursement of its	3442
net costs, in accordance with section 3706.485 of the Revised	3443
Code. To facilitate the authority's consideration of the	3444
utility's application, the commission shall annually certify	3445

utility's application, the commission shall annually certify3445each electric distribution utility's forecasted net costs under3446

this section to the authority. The commission shall credit any	3447
revenue received by the utility from the Ohio clean air program	3448
fund under section 3706.485 of the Revised Code against the net	3449
costs that would otherwise be recovered through the utility's	3450
rates.	3451
Sec. 4928.645. (A) An electric distribution utility or	3452
electric services company may use, for the purpose of complying	3453
with the requirements under divisions (B)(1) and (2) of section	3454
4928.64 of the Revised Code, renewable energy credits any time	3455
in the five calendar years following the date of their purchase	3456
or acquisition from any entity, including, but not limited to,	3457
the following:	3458
(1) A mercantile customer;	3459
(2) An owner or operator of a hydroelectric generating	3460
facility that is located at a dam on a river, or on any water	3461
discharged to a river, that is within or bordering this state or	3462
within or bordering an adjoining state, or that produces power	3463
that can be shown to be deliverable into this state;	3464
(3) A seller of compressed natural gas that has been	3465
produced from biologically derived methane gas, provided that	3466
the seller may only provide renewable energy credits for metered	3467
amounts of gas.	3468
(B)(1) The public utilities commission shall adopt rules	3469
specifying that one unit of credit shall equal one megawatt hour	3470
of electricity derived from renewable energy resources, except	3471
that, for a generating facility of seventy-five megawatts or	3472
greater that is situated within this state and has committed by	3473
December 31, 2009, to modify or retrofit its generating unit or	3474
units to enable the facility to generate principally from	3475

biomass energy by June 30, 2013, each megawatt hour of 3476 electricity generated principally from that biomass energy shall 3477 equal, in units of credit, the product obtained by multiplying 3478 the actual percentage of biomass feedstock heat input used to 3479 generate such megawatt hour by the quotient obtained by dividing 3480 the then existing unit dollar amount used, on December 31, 2019, 3481 to determine a renewable energy compliance payment as provided 3482 under former\_division (C)(2)(b) of section 4928.64 of the 3483 Revised Code by the then existing market value of one renewable 3484 energy credit, but such megawatt hour shall not equal less than 3485 one unit of credit. Renewable energy resources do not have to be 3486 converted to electricity in order to be eligible to receive 3487 renewable energy credits. The rules shall specify that, for 3488 purposes of converting the quantity of energy derived from 3489 biologically derived methane gas to an electricity equivalent, 3490 one megawatt hour equals 3,412,142 British thermal units. 3491

(2) The rules also shall provide for this state a system 3492 of registering renewable energy credits by specifying which of 3493 any generally available registries shall be used for that 3494 purpose and not by creating a registry. That selected system of 3495 registering renewable energy credits shall allow a hydroelectric 3496 generating facility to be eligible for obtaining renewable 3497 energy credits and shall allow customer-sited projects or 3498 actions the broadest opportunities to be eligible for obtaining 3499 renewable energy credits. 3500

Sec. 5501.311. (A) Notwithstanding sections 123.01 and 3501 127.16 of the Revised Code the director of transportation may 3502 lease or lease-purchase all or any part of a transportation 3503 facility to or from one or more persons, one or more 3504 governmental agencies, a transportation improvement district, or 3505 any combination thereof, and may grant leases, easements, or 3506

licenses for lands under the control of the department of 3507 transportation. The director may adopt rules necessary to give 3508 effect to this section. 3509

(B) Plans and specifications for the construction of a
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transportation facility under a lease or lease-purchase
agreement are subject to approval of the director and must meet
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or exceed all applicable standards of the department.

3514 (C) Any lease or lease-purchase agreement under which the department is the lessee shall be for a period not exceeding the 3515 then current two-year period for which appropriations have been 3516 made by the general assembly to the department, and such 3517 agreement may contain such other terms as the department and the 3518 other parties thereto agree, notwithstanding any other provision 3519 of law, including provisions that rental payments in amounts 3520 sufficient to pay bond service charges payable during the 3521 current two-year lease term shall be an absolute and 3522 unconditional obligation of the department independent of all 3523 other duties under the agreement without set-off or deduction or 3524 any other similar rights or defenses. Any such agreement may 3525 provide for renewal of the agreement at the end of each term for 3526 another term, not exceeding two years, provided that no renewal 3527 shall be effective until the effective date of an appropriation 3528 enacted by the general assembly from which the department may 3529 lawfully pay rentals under such agreement. Any such agreement 3530 may include, without limitation, any agreement by the department 3531 with respect to any costs of transportation facilities to be 3532 included prior to acquisition and construction of such 3533 transportation facilities. Any such agreement shall not 3534 constitute a debt or pledge of the faith and credit of the 3535 state, or of any political subdivision of the state, and the 3536 lessor shall have no right to have taxes or excises levied by 3537 the general assembly, or the taxing authority of any political3538subdivision of the state, for the payment of rentals thereunder.3539Any such agreement shall contain a statement to that effect.3540

(D) A municipal corporation, township, or county may use 3541 service payments in lieu of taxes credited to special funds or 3542 accounts pursuant to sections 5709.43, 5709.47, 5709.75, and 3543 5709.80 of the Revised Code to provide its contribution to the 3544 cost of a transportation facility, provided such facility was 3545 among the purposes for which such service payments were 3546 3547 authorized. The contribution may be in the form of a lump sum or periodic payments. 3548

(E) Pursuant to the "Telecommunications Act of 1996," 110
Stat. 152, 47 U.S.C. 332 note, the director may grant a lease,
a director may grant a lease,
a director for construction, placement,
a director of a telecommunications facility. An interest
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(1) The transportation facility is owned in fee simple or 3556
easement by this state at the time the lease, easement, or 3557
license is granted to the telecommunications provider. 3558

(2) The lease, easement, or license shall be granted on a
(2) The lease, easement, or license shall be granted on a
(3) 3559
(2) The lease, easement, or license shall be granted on a
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(3) 3560
(2) The lease, easement, or license shall be granted on a
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(3) 3562

(3) The telecommunications facility shall be designed to
accommodate the state's multi-agency radio communication system,
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the intelligent transportation system, and the department's
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communication system as the director may determine is necessary
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Page 122

3567

for highway or other departmental purposes.

(4) The telecommunications facility shall be designed to
accommodate such additional telecommunications equipment as may
feasibly be co-located thereon as determined in the discretion
of the director.

(5) The telecommunications service providers awarded the
lease, easement, or license, agree to permit other
telecommunications service providers to co-locate on the
telecommunications facility, and agree to the terms and
conditions of the co-location as determined in the discretion of
the director.

(6) The director shall require indemnity agreements in
favor of the department as a condition of any lease, easement,
or license granted under this division. Each indemnity agreement
shall secure this state and its agents from liability for
damages arising out of safety hazards, zoning, and any other
matter of public interest the director considers necessary.

(7) The telecommunications service provider fully complies
with any permit issued under section 5515.01 of the Revised Code
pertaining to land that is the subject of the lease, easement,
or license.

(8) All plans and specifications shall meet with thedirector's approval.3589

(9) Any other conditions the director determines3590necessary.

(F) In accordance with section 5501.031 of the Revised
Code, to further efforts to promote energy conservation and
energy efficiency, the director may grant a lease, easement, or
license in a transportation facility to a utility service
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provider that has received its certificate from the Ohio power3596siting board or appropriate local entity for construction,3597placement, or operation of an alternative energy generating3598facility service provider as defined in section 4928.64 of the3599Revised Code as that section existed prior to January 1, 2020.3600An interest granted under this division is subject to all of the3601following conditions:3602

(1) The transportation facility is owned in fee simple or 3603
in easement by this state at the time the lease, easement, or 3604
license is granted to the utility service provider. 3605

(2) The lease, easement, or license shall be granted on a
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competitive basis in accordance with policies and procedures to
be determined by the director. The policies and procedures may
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include provisions for master leases for multiple sites.
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(3) The alternative energy generating facility shall be
designed to provide energy for the department's transportation
facilities with the potential for selling excess power on the
power grid, as the director may determine is necessary for
highway or other departmental purposes.

(4) The director shall require indemnity agreements in
favor of the department as a condition of any lease, easement,
or license granted under this division. Each indemnity agreement
shall secure this state from liability for damages arising out
of safety hazards, zoning, and any other matter of public
interest the director considers necessary.

(5) The alternative energy service provider fully complies
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with any permit issued by the Ohio power siting board under
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Chapter 4906. of the Revised Code and complies with section
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5515.01 of the Revised Code pertaining to land that is the
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subject of the lease, easement, or license. 3625 (6) All plans and specifications shall meet with the 3626 director's approval. 3627 (7) Any other conditions the director determines 3628 3629 necessary. (G) Money the department receives under this section shall 3630 be deposited into the state treasury to the credit of the 3631 3632 highway operating fund. (H) A lease, easement, or license granted under division 3633 (E) or (F) of this section, and any telecommunications facility 3634 or alternative energy generating facility relating to such 3635 interest in a transportation facility, is hereby deemed to 3636 further the essential highway purpose of building and 3637 maintaining a safe, energy-efficient, and accessible 3638 transportation system. 3639 Section 6. That existing sections 1710.06, 4928.142, 3640 4928.143, 4928.20, 4928.61, 4928.62, 4928.641, 4928.645, and 3641 5501.311 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed. 3642 Section 7. That sections 1710.061, 4928.64, 4928.643, 3643 4928.644, and 4928.65 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed. 3644 Section 8. Sections 5, 6, and 7 of this act take effect 3645 January 1, 2020. 3646 3647 Section 9. (A) Not earlier than two years after the effective date of this section, the Director of Environmental 3648 Protection may apply to the Administrator of the United States 3649 Environmental Protection Agency for an exemption from the 3650 requirement to implement the decentralized motor vehicle 3651

inspection and maintenance program established under section

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3704.14 of the Revised Code. In making the application and for3653purposes of complying with the "Federal Clean Air Act," the3654Director shall request the Administrator to authorize the3655implementation of the Ohio Clean Air Program established by this3656act as an alternative to the decentralized program in those3657areas of the state where the program is currently operating.3658

(B) As used in this section, "Federal Clean Air Act" has3659the same meaning as in section 3704.01 of the Revised Code.3660

Section 10. (A) In 2020, the Public Utilities Commission 3661 shall review an electric distribution utility's or electric 3662 services company's compliance with the benchmarks for 2019 under 3663 division (B)(2) of section 4928.64 of the Revised Code as that 3664 division existed on the effective date of this section, and in 3665 the course of that review, shall identify any undercompliance or 3666 noncompliance of the utility or company that it determines is 3667 weather-related, related to equipment or resource shortages for 3668 qualifying renewable energy resources as applicable, or is 3669 otherwise outside the utility's or company's control. 3670

(B) Subject to the cost cap provisions of division (C)(3) 3671 of section 4928.64 of the Revised Code as that section existed 3672 on the effective date of this section, if the commission 3673 determines, after notice and opportunity for hearing, and based 3674 upon its findings in the review under division (A) of this 3675 section regarding avoidable undercompliance or noncompliance, 3676 but subject to the force-majeure provisions of division (C) (4) 3677 (a) of section 4928.64 of the Revised Code as that section 3678 existed on the effective date of this section, that the utility 3679 or company has failed to comply with the benchmarks for 2019, 3680 the commission shall impose a renewable energy compliance 3681 payment on the utility or company. 3682

(1) The compliance payment pertaining to the solar energy
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 resource benchmark for 2019 shall be two hundred dollars per
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 megawatt hour of undercompliance or noncompliance in the period
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 under review.
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(2) The compliance payment pertaining to the renewable
accordance benchmark for 2019 shall be assessed in
accordance with division (C) (2) (b) of section 4928.64 of the
Revised Code as that section existed on the effective date of
3690 this section.

(C) Division (C) (2) (c) of section 4928.64 of the Revised
Code as that section existed on the effective date of this
section applies to compliance payments imposed under this
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Section 11. If any provisions of a section as amended or3696enacted by this act, or the application thereof to any person or3697circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity does not affect3698other provisions or applications of the section or related3699sections that can be given effect without the invalid provision3700or application, and to this end the provisions are severable.3701

 Section 12. The amendment by this act of divisions (B) (1)
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 (c), (C) (2), (E), and (F) (4), (5), and (7) of section 5727.75 of
 3703

 the Revised Code applies to both of the following:
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(A) Energy projects certified by the Director of 3705Development Services on or after the effective date of this 3706section; 3707

(B) Existing qualified energy projects that, on the 3708effective date of this section, have a nameplate capacity of 3709fewer than five megawatts. 3710