As Introduced

131st General Assembly Regular Session 2015-2016

H. B. No. 52

Representative Hackett

A BILL

To amend sections 119.12, 4121.129, 4121.37, 4121.61, 1 4121.65, 4121.66, 4121.67, 4121.68, 4123.01, 4123.291, 4123.34, 4123.343, 4123.35, 4123.351, 3 4123.411, 4123.419, 4123.512, 4123.56, and 4123.59 4 and to repeal section 4121.48 of the Revised Code 5 to make changes to the Workers' Compensation Law, 6 to make appropriations for the Bureau of Workers' Compensation for the biennium beginning July 1, 8 2015, and ending June 30, 2017, and to provide 9 authorization and conditions for the operation of 10 the Bureau's programs. 11

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 119.12, 4121.129, 4121.37, 4121.61,	12
4121.65, 4121.66, 4121.67, 4121.68, 4123.01, 4123.291, 4123.34,	13
4123.343, 4123.35, 4123.351, 4123.411, 4123.419, 4123.512,	14
4123.56, and 4123.59 of the Revised Code be amended to read as	15
follows:	16
Sec. 119.12. Any (A)(1) Except as provided in division (A)(2)	17

sec. 119.12. Any $(A)(1)$ except as provided in division $(A)(2)$	Ι/
or (3) of this section, any party adversely affected by any order	18
of an agency issued pursuant to an adjudication denying an	19
applicant admission to an examination, or denying the issuance or	20

renewal of a license or registration of a licensee, or revoking or	21
suspending a license, or allowing the payment of a forfeiture	22
under section 4301.252 of the Revised Code may appeal from the	23
order of the agency to the court of common pleas of the county in	24
which the place of business of the licensee is located or the	25
county in which the licensee is a resident, except that appeals.	26
(2) An appeal from decisions of the an order described in	27
division (A)(1) of this section issued by any of the following	28
agencies shall be made to the court of common pleas of Franklin	29
county:	30
(a) The liquor control commission, the;	31
(b) The state medical board;	32
(c) The state chiropractic board, and;	33
(d) The board of nursing shall be to the court of common	34
pleas of Franklin county;	35
(e) The bureau of workers' compensation regarding	36
participation in the health partnership program created in	37
sections 4121.44 and 4121.441 of the Revised Code. ##	38
(3) If any party appealing from the an order described in	39
division (A)(1) of this section is not a resident of and has no	40
place of business in this state, the party may appeal to the court	41
of common pleas of Franklin county.	42
(B) Any party adversely affected by any order of an agency	43
issued pursuant to any other adjudication may appeal to the court	44
of common pleas of Franklin county, except that appeals from	45
orders of the fire marshal issued under Chapter 3737. of the	46
Revised Code may be to the court of common pleas of the county in	47
which the building of the aggrieved person is located and except	48
that appeals under division (B) of section 124.34 of the Revised	49
Code from a decision of the state personnel board of review or a	50

municipal or civil service township civil service commission shall	51
be taken to the court of common pleas of the county in which the	52
appointing authority is located or, in the case of an appeal by	53
the department of rehabilitation and correction, to the court of	54
common pleas of Franklin county.	55

(C) This section does not apply to appeals from the 56 department of taxation. 57

(D) Any party desiring to appeal shall file a notice of 58 appeal with the agency setting forth the order appealed from and 59 stating that the agency's order is not supported by reliable, 60 probative, and substantial evidence and is not in accordance with 61 law. The notice of appeal may, but need not, set forth the 62 specific grounds of the party's appeal beyond the statement that 63 the agency's order is not supported by reliable, probative, and 64 substantial evidence and is not in accordance with law. The notice 65 of appeal shall also be filed by the appellant with the court. In 66 filing a notice of appeal with the agency or court, the notice 67 that is filed may be either the original notice or a copy of the 68 original notice. Unless otherwise provided by law relating to a 69 particular agency, notices of appeal shall be filed within fifteen 70 days after the mailing of the notice of the agency's order as 71 provided in this section. For purposes of this paragraph, an order 72 includes a determination appealed pursuant to division (C) of 73 section 119.092 of the Revised Code. The amendments made to this 74 paragraph by Sub. H.B. 215 of the 128th general assembly are 75 procedural, and this paragraph as amended by those amendments 76 77 shall be applied retrospectively to all appeals pursuant to this paragraph filed before the effective date of those amendments 78 September 13, 2010, but not earlier than May 7, 2009, which was 79 the date the supreme court of Ohio released its opinion and 80 judgment in Medcorp, Inc. v. Ohio Dep't. of Job and Family Servs. 81 (2009), 121 Ohio St.3d 622. 82

(E) The filing of a notice of appeal shall not automatically	83
operate as a suspension of the order of an agency. If it appears	84
to the court that an unusual hardship to the appellant will result	85
from the execution of the agency's order pending determination of	86
the appeal, the court may grant a suspension and fix its terms. If	87
an appeal is taken from the judgment of the court and the court	88
has previously granted a suspension of the agency's order as	89
provided in this section, the suspension of the agency's order	90
shall not be vacated and shall be given full force and effect	91
until the matter is finally adjudicated. No renewal of a license	92
or permit shall be denied by reason of the suspended order during	93
the period of the appeal from the decision of the court of common	94
pleas. In the case of an appeal from the state medical board or	95
state chiropractic board, the court may grant a suspension and fix	96
its terms if it appears to the court that an unusual hardship to	97
the appellant will result from the execution of the agency's order	98
pending determination of the appeal and the health, safety, and	99
welfare of the public will not be threatened by suspension of the	100
order. This provision shall not be construed to limit the factors	101
the court may consider in determining whether to suspend an order	102
of any other agency pending determination of an appeal.	103

(F) The final order of adjudication may apply to any renewal 104 of a license or permit which has been granted during the period of the appeal.

(G) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, any 107 order issued by a court of common pleas or a court of appeals 108 suspending the effect of an order of the liquor control commission 109 issued pursuant to Chapter 4301. or 4303. of the Revised Code that 110 suspends, revokes, or cancels a permit issued under Chapter 4303. 111 of the Revised Code or that allows the payment of a forfeiture 112 under section 4301.252 of the Revised Code shall terminate not 113 more than six months after the date of the filing of the record of 114

the liquor control commission with the clerk of the court of	115
common pleas and shall not be extended. The court of common pleas,	116
or the court of appeals on appeal, shall render a judgment in that	117
matter within six months after the date of the filing of the	118
record of the liquor control commission with the clerk of the	119
court of common pleas. A court of appeals shall not issue an order	120
suspending the effect of an order of the liquor control commission	121
that extends beyond six months after the date on which the record	122
of the liquor control commission is filed with a court of common	123
pleas.	124

(H) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, any 125 order issued by a court of common pleas suspending the effect of 126 an order of the state medical board or state chiropractic board 127 that limits, revokes, suspends, places on probation, or refuses to 128 register or reinstate a certificate issued by the board or 129 reprimands the holder of the certificate shall terminate not more 130 than fifteen months after the date of the filing of a notice of 131 appeal in the court of common pleas, or upon the rendering of a 132 final decision or order in the appeal by the court of common 133 pleas, whichever occurs first. 134

(I) Within thirty days after receipt of a notice of appeal 135 from an order in any case in which a hearing is required by 136 sections 119.01 to 119.13 of the Revised Code, the agency shall 137 prepare and certify to the court a complete record of the 138 proceedings in the case. Failure of the agency to comply within 139 the time allowed, upon motion, shall cause the court to enter a 140 finding in favor of the party adversely affected. Additional time, 141 however, may be granted by the court, not to exceed thirty days, 142 when it is shown that the agency has made substantial effort to 143 comply. The record shall be prepared and transcribed, and the 144 expense of it shall be taxed as a part of the costs on the appeal. 145 The appellant shall provide security for costs satisfactory to the 146

court of common pleas. Upon demand by any interested party, the	147
agency shall furnish at the cost of the party requesting it a copy	148
of the stenographic report of testimony offered and evidence	149
submitted at any hearing and a copy of the complete record.	150
(J) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, any	151
party desiring to appeal an order or decision of the state	152
personnel board of review shall, at the time of filing a notice of	153
appeal with the board, provide a security deposit in an amount and	154
manner prescribed in rules that the board shall adopt in	155
accordance with this chapter. In addition, the board is not	156
required to prepare or transcribe the record of any of its	157
proceedings unless the appellant has provided the deposit	158
described above. The failure of the board to prepare or transcribe	159
a record for an appellant who has not provided a security deposit	160
shall not cause a court to enter a finding adverse to the board.	161
(K) Unless otherwise provided by law, in the hearing of the	162
appeal, the court is confined to the record as certified to it by	163
the agency. Unless otherwise provided by law, the court may grant	164
a request for the admission of additional evidence when satisfied	165
that the additional evidence is newly discovered and could not	166
with reasonable diligence have been ascertained prior to the	167
hearing before the agency.	168
(L) The court shall conduct a hearing on the appeal and shall	169
give preference to all proceedings under sections 119.01 to 119.13	170
of the Revised Code, over all other civil cases, irrespective of	171
the position of the proceedings on the calendar of the court. An	172
appeal from an order of the state medical board issued pursuant to	173
division (G) of either section 4730.25 or 4731.22 of the Revised	174
Code, or the state chiropractic board issued pursuant to section	175
4734.37 of the Revised Code, or the liquor control commission	176
issued pursuant to Chapter 4301. or 4303. of the Revised Code	177

shall be set down for hearing at the earliest possible time and

takes precedence over all other actions. The hearing in the court	179
of common pleas shall proceed as in the trial of a civil action,	180
and the court shall determine the rights of the parties in	181
accordance with the laws applicable to a civil action. At the	182
hearing, counsel may be heard on oral argument, briefs may be	183
submitted, and evidence may be introduced if the court has granted	184
a request for the presentation of additional evidence.	185

(M) The court may affirm the order of the agency complained 186 of in the appeal if it finds, upon consideration of the entire 187 record and any additional evidence the court has admitted, that 188 the order is supported by reliable, probative, and substantial 189 evidence and is in accordance with law. In the absence of this 190 finding, it may reverse, vacate, or modify the order or make such 191 other ruling as is supported by reliable, probative, and 192 substantial evidence and is in accordance with law. The court 193 shall award compensation for fees in accordance with section 194 2335.39 of the Revised Code to a prevailing party, other than an 195 agency, in an appeal filed pursuant to this section. 196

(N) The judgment of the court shall be final and conclusive 197 unless reversed, vacated, or modified on appeal. These appeals may 198 be taken either by the party or the agency, shall proceed as in 199 the case of appeals in civil actions, and shall be pursuant to the 200 Rules of Appellate Procedure and, to the extent not in conflict 201 with those rules, Chapter 2505. of the Revised Code. An appeal by 202 the agency shall be taken on questions of law relating to the 203 constitutionality, construction, or interpretation of statutes and 204 rules of the agency, and, in the appeal, the court may also review 205 and determine the correctness of the judgment of the court of 206 common pleas that the order of the agency is not supported by any 207 reliable, probative, and substantial evidence in the entire 208 record. 209

The court shall certify its judgment to the agency or take

any other action necessary to give its judgment effect.	211
Sec. 4121.129. (A) There is hereby created the workers'	212
compensation audit committee consisting of at least three members.	213
One member shall be the member of the bureau of workers'	214
compensation board of directors who is a certified public	215
accountant. The board, by majority vote, shall appoint two	216
additional members of the board to serve on the audit committee	217
and may appoint additional members who are not board members, as	218
the board determines necessary. Members of the audit committee	219
serve at the pleasure of the board, and the board, by majority	220
vote, may remove any member except the member of the committee who	221
is the certified public accountant member of the board. The board,	222
by majority vote, shall determine how often the audit committee	223
shall meet and report to the board. If the audit committee meets	224
on the same day as the board holds a meeting, no member shall be	225
compensated for more than one meeting held on that day. The audit	226
committee shall do all of the following:	227
(1) Recommend to the board an actuarial accounting firm to	228
perform the annual analysis audits required under division (B) of	229
section 4123.47 of the Revised Code;	230
(2) Recommend an auditing firm for the board to use when	231
conducting audits under section 4121.125 of the Revised Code;	232
(3) Review the results of each annual audit and management	233
review and, if any problems exist, assess the appropriate course	234
of action to correct those problems and develop an action plan to	235
correct those problems;	236
(4) Monitor the implementation of any action plans created	237
pursuant to division (A)(3) of this section;	238
(5) Review all internal audit reports on a regular basis.	239
(B) There is hereby created the workers' compensation	240

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actuarial committee consisting of at least three members. One	241
member shall be the member of the board who is an actuary. The	242
board, by majority vote, shall appoint two additional members of	243
the board to serve on the actuarial committee and may appoint	244
additional members who are not board members, as the board	245
determines necessary. Members of the actuarial committee serve at	246
the pleasure of the board and the board, by majority vote, may	247
remove any member except the member of the committee who is the	248
actuary member of the board. The board, by majority vote, shall	249
determine how often the actuarial committee shall meet and report	250
to the board. If the actuarial committee meets on the same day as	251
the board holds a meeting, no member shall be compensated for more	252
than one meeting held on that day. The actuarial committee shall	253
do both of the following:	254
(1) Recommend actuarial consultants for the board to use for	255
the funds specified in this chapter and Chapters 4123., 4127., and	256
4131. of the Revised Code;	257
(2) Review calculations on <u>and approve the various</u> rate	258
schedules and performance prepared and presented by the actuarial	259
division of the bureau or by actuarial consultants with whom the	260
board enters into a contract.	261
(C)(1) There is hereby created the workers' compensation	262
investment committee consisting of at least four members. Two of	263
the members shall be the members of the board who serve as the	264
investment and securities experts on the board. The board, by	265
majority vote, shall appoint two additional members of the board	266
to serve on the investment committee and may appoint additional	267
members who are not board members. Each additional member the	268
board appoints shall have at least one of the following	269
qualifications:	270

(a) Experience managing another state's pension funds or

workers' compensation funds;

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(b) Expertise that the board determines is needed to make	273
investment decisions.	274
Members of the investment committee serve at the pleasure of	275
the board and the board, by majority vote, may remove any member	276
except the members of the committee who are the investment and	277
securities expert members of the board. The board, by majority	278
vote, shall determine how often the investment committee shall	279
meet and report to the board. If the investment committee meets on	280
the same day as the board holds a meeting, no member shall be	281
compensated for more than one meeting held on that day.	282
(2) The investment committee shall do all of the following:	283
(a) Develop the investment policy for the administration of	284
the investment program for the funds specified in this chapter and	285
Chapters 4123., 4127., and 4131. of the Revised Code in accordance	286
with the requirements specified in section 4123.442 of the Revised	287
Code;	288
(b) Submit the investment policy developed pursuant to	289
division (C)(2)(a) of this section to the board for approval;	290
(c) Monitor implementation by the administrator of workers'	291
compensation and the bureau of workers' compensation chief	292
investment officer of the investment policy approved by the board;	293
(d) Recommend outside investment counsel with whom the board	294
may contract to assist the investment committee in fulfilling its	295
duties;	296
(e) Review the performance of the bureau of workers'	297
compensation chief investment officer and any investment	298
consultants retained by the administrator to assure that the	299
investments of the assets of the funds specified in this chapter	300
and Chapters 4123., 4127., and 4131. of the Revised Code are made	301
in accordance with the investment policy approved by the board and	302
to assure compliance with the investment policy and effective	303

management of the funds.

Sec. 4121.37. The administrator of workers' compensation 305 having, by virtue of Section 35 of Article II, Ohio Constitution, 306 the expenditure of the fund therein created for the investigation 307 and prevention of industrial accidents and diseases, shall, with 308 the advice and consent of the bureau of workers' compensation 309 board of directors, in the exercise of the administrator's 310 authority and in the performance of the administrator's duty, 311 employ a superintendent and the necessary experts, engineers, 312 investigators, clerks, and stenographers occupational safety and 313 health professionals, and support staff for the efficient 314 operation of a division of safety and hygiene of the bureau of 315 workers' compensation, which is hereby created. 316

The administrator, with the advice and consent of the board, 317 shall pay into the safety and hygiene fund, which is hereby 318 created in the state treasury, the portion of the contributions 319 paid by employers, calculated as though all employers paid 320 premiums based upon payroll, not to exceed one per cent thereof in 321 any year, as is necessary for the payment of the salary of the 322 superintendent of the division of safety and hygiene and the 323 compensation of the other employees of the division of safety and 324 hygiene, and for the expenses of investigations and researches for 325 the prevention of industrial accidents and diseases, and for 326 operating the long-term care loan fund program established under 327 section 4121.48 of the Revised Code. All investment earnings of 328 the fund shall be credited to the fund. The administrator has the 329 same powers to invest any of the funds belonging to the fund as 330 are delegated to the administrator under section 4123.44 of the 331 Revised Code with respect to the state insurance fund. The 332 superintendent, under the direction of the administrator, with the 333 advice and consent of the board, shall conduct investigations and 334 researches for the prevention of industrial accidents and 335

diseases, conduct loss prevention programs and courses for	336
employers, establish and administrate cooperative programs with	337
employers for the purchase of individual safety equipment for	338
employees, and print and distribute information as may be of	339
benefit to employers and employees. The administrator shall pay	340
from the safety and hygiene fund the salary of the superintendent	341
of the division of safety and hygiene, the compensation of the	342
other employees of the division of safety and hygiene, the	343
expenses necessary or incidental to investigations and researches	344
for the prevention of industrial accidents and diseases, and the	345
cost of printing and distributing such information.	346

The superintendent, under the direction of the administrator, 347 shall prepare an annual report, addressed to the governor, on the 348 amount of the expenditures and the purposes for which they have 349 been made, and the results of the investigations and researches. 350 The administrator shall include the administrative costs, 351 salaries, and other expenses of the division of safety and hygiene 352 as a part of the budget of the bureau of workers' compensation 353 that is submitted to the director of budget and management and 354 shall identify those expenditures separately from other bureau 355 expenditures. 356

The superintendent shall be a competent person with at least
five years' experience in industrial accident or disease

prevention work. The superintendent and up to six positions in the
division of safety and hygiene as the shall be in the unclassified
civil service of the state.

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The administrator, with the advice and consent of the board,

designates are may designate positions in the division that are in

the unclassified civil service of the state as long as the

administrator, with the advice and consent of the board,

determines the positions subordinate to the superintendent are

primarily and distinctively administrative, managerial, or

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(C) Sections 4123.343, 4123.63, and 4123.64 of the Revised

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garnishment, levy, or attachment.

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Code do not apply to living maintenance payments.

(D) A self-insuring employer under section 4123.35 of the 398 Revised Code may elect to shall pay directly to a claimant or to 399 the provider of the rehabilitation services, counseling, or 400 training the expenses listed in division (A) of this section by 401 filing an application with the bureau of workers' compensation not 402 more than one hundred eighty days and not less than ninety days 403 prior to the first day of the employer's next six month coverage 404 period. If the self-insuring employer timely files the 405 application, the application is effective on the first day of the 406 employer's next six month coverage period, provided that the 407 administrator shall compute the employer's assessment for the 408 surplus fund due with respect to the period during which such 409 application was filed without regard to the filing of the 410 application. Following the timely filing, the self insuring 411 employer shall pay directly to a claimant or to the provider of 412 the rehabilitation services, counseling, or training the expenses 413 listed in division (A) of this section for all periods of 414 rehabilitation occurring on or after the effective date of his 415 election, regardless of the date of the injury or occupational 416 disease, and he shall receive no money or credits from the surplus 417 fund on account of such payments and shall not be required to pay 418 any amounts into the surplus fund on account of this section, 419 provided that for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days 420 after the effective date of the application, the self-insuring 421 employer may submit to the bureau requests for reimbursement from 422 the surplus fund on account of payments made for services rendered 423 or living maintenance periods prior to the effective date of the 424 application pursuant to division (A) of this section. The election 425 made under this division is irrevocable. 426

Sec. 4121.67. (A) The administrator of workers' compensation, with the advice and consent of the bureau of workers' compensation

board of directors, shall adopt rules:	429
$\frac{(A)}{(1)}$ For the encouragement of reemployment of claimants who	430
have successfully completed prescribed rehabilitation programs by	431
payment from the surplus fund established by section 4123.34 of	432
the Revised Code to employers who employ or re-employ the	433
claimants. The period or periods of payments shall not exceed six	434
months in the aggregate, unless the administrator or the	435
administrator's designee determines that the claimant will be	436
benefited by an extension of payments.	437
$\frac{(B)(2)}{(B)}$ Requiring payment, in the same manner as living	438
maintenance payments are made pursuant to section 4121.63 of the	439
Revised Code, to the claimant who completes a rehabilitation	440
training program and returns to employment, but who suffers a wage	441
loss compared to the wage the claimant was receiving at the time	442
of injury. Payments per week shall be sixty-six and two-thirds per	443
cent of the difference, if any, between the claimant's weekly wage	444
at the time of injury and the weekly wage received while employed,	445
up to a maximum payment per week equal to the statewide average	446
weekly wage. The payments may continue for up to a maximum of two	447
hundred weeks but shall be reduced by the corresponding number of	448
weeks in which the claimant receives payments pursuant to division	449
(B) of section 4123.56 of the Revised Code.	450
(B) A self-insuring employer shall make the payments	451
described in division (A) of this section directly as part of a	452
claim.	453
	454
Sec. 4121.68. In the event a claimant sustains an injury or	454
occupational disease or dies as a result of any injury or disease	455
received in the course of and arising out of the claimant's	456
participation in a rehabilitation program, the claimant or, in the	457
case of death, a dependent of the claimant, may file a claim for	458
compensation and benefits. All compensation and benefit awards	459

made as a result of the injury, disease, or death shall be charged	460
to the surplus fund account, created pursuant to section 4123.34	461
of the Revised Code, and not charged through the state insurance	462
fund to the employer against which the claim was allowed so long	463
as the employer pays assessments into the surplus fund account for	464
the payment of such compensation and benefits. <u>If an employer is a</u>	465
self-insuring employer, the self-insuring employer shall pay these	466
compensation and benefits directly as a part of a claim.	467

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Sec. 4123.01. As used in this chapter:

(A)(1) "Employee" means:

(a) Every person in the service of the state, or of any 470 county, municipal corporation, township, or school district 471 therein, including regular members of lawfully constituted police 472 and fire departments of municipal corporations and townships, 473 whether paid or volunteer, and wherever serving within the state 474 or on temporary assignment outside thereof, and executive officers 475 of boards of education, under any appointment or contract of hire, 476 express or implied, oral or written, including any elected 477 official of the state, or of any county, municipal corporation, or 478 township, or members of boards of education. 479

As used in division (A)(1)(a) of this section, the term 480 "employee" includes the following persons when responding to an 481 inherently dangerous situation that calls for an immediate 482 response on the part of the person, regardless of whether the 483 person is within the limits of the jurisdiction of the person's 484 regular employment or voluntary service when responding, on the 485 condition that the person responds to the situation as the person 486 otherwise would if the person were on duty in the person's 487 jurisdiction: 488

(i) Off-duty peace officers. As used in division (A)(1)(a)(i) 489 of this section, "peace officer" has the same meaning as in 490

section 2935.01 of the Revised Code.	491
(ii) Off-duty firefighters, whether paid or volunteer, of a	492
lawfully constituted fire department.	493
(iii) Off-duty first responders, emergency medical	494
technicians-basic, emergency medical technicians-intermediate, or	495
emergency medical technicians-paramedic, whether paid or	496
volunteer, of an ambulance service organization or emergency	497
medical service organization pursuant to Chapter 4765. of the	498
Revised Code.	499
(b) Every person in the service of any person, firm, or	500
private corporation, including any public service corporation,	501
that (i) employs one or more persons regularly in the same	502
business or in or about the same establishment under any contract	503
of hire, express or implied, oral or written, including aliens and	504
minors, household workers who earn one hundred sixty dollars or	505
more in cash in any calendar quarter from a single household and	506
casual workers who earn one hundred sixty dollars or more in cash	507
in any calendar quarter from a single employer, or (ii) is bound	508
by any such contract of hire or by any other written contract, to	509
pay into the state insurance fund the premiums provided by this	510
chapter.	511
(c) Every person who performs labor or provides services	512
pursuant to a construction contract, as defined in section 4123.79	513
of the Revised Code, if at least ten of the following criteria	514
apply:	515
(i) The person is required to comply with instructions from	516
the other contracting party regarding the manner or method of	517
performing services;	518
(ii) The person is required by the other contracting party to	519
have particular training;	520
(iii) The person's services are integrated into the regular	521

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functioning of the other contracting party;	522
(iv) The person is required to perform the work personally;	523
(v) The person is hired, supervised, or paid by the other contracting party;	524 525
(vi) A continuing relationship exists between the person and the other contracting party that contemplates continuing or recurring work even if the work is not full time;	526 527 528
(vii) The person's hours of work are established by the other contracting party;	529 530
(viii) The person is required to devote full time to the business of the other contracting party;	531 532
(ix) The person is required to perform the work on the premises of the other contracting party;	533 534
(x) The person is required to follow the order of work set by the other contracting party;	535 536
(xi) The person is required to make oral or written reports of progress to the other contracting party;	537 538
(xii) The person is paid for services on a regular basis such as hourly, weekly, or monthly;	539 540
(xiii) The person's expenses are paid for by the other contracting party;	541 542
(xiv) The person's tools and materials are furnished by the other contracting party;	543 544
<pre>(xv) The person is provided with the facilities used to perform services;</pre>	545 546
(xvi) The person does not realize a profit or suffer a loss as a result of the services provided;	547 548

(xvii) The person is not performing services for a number of

employers at the same time;

(xviii) The person does not make the same services available	551
to the general public;	552
(xix) The other contracting party has a right to discharge	553
the person;	554
(xx) The person has the right to end the relationship with	555
the other contracting party without incurring liability pursuant	556
to an employment contract or agreement.	557
Every person in the service of any independent contractor or	558
subcontractor who has failed to pay into the state insurance fund	559
the amount of premium determined and fixed by the administrator of	560
workers' compensation for the person's employment or occupation or	561
if a self-insuring employer has failed to pay compensation and	562
benefits directly to the employer's injured and to the dependents	563
of the employer's killed employees as required by section 4123.35	564
of the Revised Code, shall be considered as the employee of the	565
person who has entered into a contract, whether written or verbal,	566
with such independent contractor unless such employees or their	567
legal representatives or beneficiaries elect, after injury or	568
death, to regard such independent contractor as the employer.	569
(2) "Employee" does not mean any of the following:	570
(a) A duly ordained, commissioned, or licensed minister or	571
assistant or associate minister of a church in the exercise of	572
ministry;	573
(b) Any officer of a family farm corporation;	574
(c) An individual incorporated as a corporation; or	575
(d) An officer of a nonprofit corporation, as defined in	576
section 1702.01 of the Revised Code, who volunteers the person's	577
services as a officer;	578
(e) An individual who otherwise is an employee of an employer	579
but who signs the waiver and affidavit specified in section	580

4123.15 of the Revised Code on the condition that the	581
administrator has granted a waiver and exception to the	582
individual's employer under section 4123.15 of the Revised Code.	583
Any employer may elect to include as an "employee" within	584
this chapter, any person excluded from the definition of	585
"employee" pursuant to division $(A)(2)(a)$, (b) , (c) , or (e) of	586
this section in accordance with rules adopted by the	587
administrator, with the advice and consent of the bureau of	588
workers' compensation board of directors. If an employer is a	589
partnership, sole proprietorship, individual incorporated as a	590
corporation, or family farm corporation, such employer may elect	591
to include as an "employee" within this chapter, any member of	592
such partnership, the owner of the sole proprietorship, the	593
individual incorporated as a corporation, or the officers of the	594
family farm corporation. In Nothing in this section shall prohibit	595
a partner, sole proprietor, or any person excluded from the	596
definition of "employee" pursuant to division (A)(2)(a), (b), (c),	597
or (e) of this section from electing to be included as an	598
"employee" under this chapter in accordance with rules adopted by	599
the administrator, with the advice and consent of the board.	600
In the event of an election, the employer or person electing	601
coverage shall serve upon the bureau of workers' compensation	602
written notice naming the persons person to be covered, and	603
include such employee's the person's remuneration for premium	604
purposes in all future payroll reports, and no. No partner, sole	605
proprietor, or person excluded from the definition of "employee"	606
pursuant to division $(A)(2)(a)$, (b) , (c) , or (e) of this section,	607
proprietor, individual incorporated as a corporation, or partner	608
shall be deemed an employee within this division until the	609
employer has served such notice shall receive benefits or	610
compensation under this chapter until the bureau receives written	611
notice of the election permitted by this section.	612

For informational purposes only, the bureau shall prescribe	613
such language as it considers appropriate, on such of its forms as	614
it considers appropriate, to advise employers of their right to	615
elect to include as an "employee" within this chapter a sole	616
proprietor, any member of a partnership , an individual	617
incorporated as a corporation, the officers of a family farm	618
corporation, or a person excluded from the definition of	619
"employee" under division $(A)(2)(a)$, (b) , (c) , or (e) of this	620
section, that they should check any health and disability	621
insurance policy, or other form of health and disability plan or	622
contract, presently covering them, or the purchase of which they	623
may be considering, to determine whether such policy, plan, or	624
contract excludes benefits for illness or injury that they might	625
have elected to have covered by workers' compensation.	626

- (B) "Employer" means:
- (1) The state, including state hospitals, each county,

 municipal corporation, township, school district, and hospital

 owned by a political subdivision or subdivisions other than the

 state;

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(2) Every person, firm, professional employer organization, 632 and private corporation, including any public service corporation, 633 that (a) has in service one or more employees or shared employees 634 regularly in the same business or in or about the same 635 establishment under any contract of hire, express or implied, oral 636 or written, or (b) is bound by any such contract of hire or by any 637 other written contract, to pay into the insurance fund the 638 premiums provided by this chapter. 639

All such employers are subject to this chapter. Any member of 640 a firm or association, who regularly performs manual labor in or 641 about a mine, factory, or other establishment, including a 642 household establishment, shall be considered an employee in 643 determining whether such person, firm, or private corporation, or 644

public service corporation, has in its service, one or more	645
employees and the employer shall report the income derived from	646
such labor to the bureau as part of the payroll of such employer,	647
and such member shall thereupon be entitled to all the benefits of	648
an employee.	649
(C) "Injury" includes any injury, whether caused by external	650
accidental means or accidental in character and result, received	651
in the course of, and arising out of, the injured employee's	652
employment. "Injury" does not include:	653
(1) Psychiatric conditions except where the claimant's	654
psychiatric conditions have arisen from an injury or occupational	655
disease sustained by that claimant or where the claimant's	656
psychiatric conditions have arisen from sexual conduct in which	657
the claimant was forced by threat of physical harm to engage or	658
participate;	659
(2) Injury or disability caused primarily by the natural	660
deterioration of tissue, an organ, or part of the body;	661
(3) Injury or disability incurred in voluntary participation	662
in an employer-sponsored recreation or fitness activity if the	663
employee signs a waiver of the employee's right to compensation or	664
benefits under this chapter prior to engaging in the recreation or	665
fitness activity;	666
(4) A condition that pre-existed an injury unless that	667
pre-existing condition is substantially aggravated by the injury.	668
Such a substantial aggravation must be documented by objective	669
diagnostic findings, objective clinical findings, or objective	670
test results. Subjective complaints may be evidence of such a	671
substantial aggravation. However, subjective complaints without	672
objective diagnostic findings, objective clinical findings, or	673
objective test results are insufficient to substantiate a	674

substantial aggravation.

(D) "Child" includes a posthumous child and a child legally	676
adopted prior to the injury.	677
(E) "Family farm corporation" means a corporation founded for	678
the purpose of farming agricultural land in which the majority of	679
the voting stock is held by and the majority of the stockholders	680
are persons or the spouse of persons related to each other within	681
the fourth degree of kinship, according to the rules of the civil	682
law, and at least one of the related persons is residing on or	683
actively operating the farm, and none of whose stockholders are a	684
corporation. A family farm corporation does not cease to qualify	685
under this division where, by reason of any devise, bequest, or	686
the operation of the laws of descent or distribution, the	687
ownership of shares of voting stock is transferred to another	688
person, as long as that person is within the degree of kinship	689
stipulated in this division.	690
(F) "Occupational disease" means a disease contracted in the	691
course of employment, which by its causes and the characteristics	692
of its manifestation or the condition of the employment results in	693
a hazard which distinguishes the employment in character from	694
employment generally, and the employment creates a risk of	695
contracting the disease in greater degree and in a different	696
manner from the public in general.	697
(G) "Self-insuring employer" means an employer who is granted	698
the privilege of paying compensation and benefits directly under	699
section 4123.35 of the Revised Code, including a board of county	700
commissioners for the sole purpose of constructing a sports	701
facility as defined in section 307.696 of the Revised Code,	702
provided that the electors of the county in which the sports	703
facility is to be built have approved construction of a sports	704
facility by ballot election no later than November 6, 1997.	705

(H) "Private employer" means an employer as defined in 706division (B)(2) of this section. 707

(I) "Professional employer organization" has the same meaning	708
as in section 4125.01 of the Revised Code.	709
(J) "Public employer" means an employer as defined in	710
division (B)(1) of this section.	711
(K) "Sexual conduct" means vaginal intercourse between a male	712
and female; anal intercourse, fellatio, and cunnilingus between	713
persons regardless of gender; and, without privilege to do so, the	714
insertion, however slight, of any part of the body or any	715
instrument, apparatus, or other object into the vaginal or anal	716
cavity of another. Penetration, however slight, is sufficient to	717
complete vaginal or anal intercourse.	718
(L) "Other-states' insurer" means an insurance company that	719
is authorized to provide workers' compensation insurance coverage	720
in any of the states that permit employers to obtain insurance for	721
workers' compensation claims through insurance companies.	722
(M) "Other-states' coverage" means both of the following:	723
(1) Insurance coverage secured by an eligible employer for	724
workers' compensation claims of employees who are in employment	725
relationships localized in a state other than this state or those	726
employees' dependents;	727
(2) Insurance coverage secured by an eligible employer for	728
workers' compensation claims that arise in a state other than this	729
state where an employer elects to obtain coverage through either	730
the administrator or an other-states' insurer.	731
(N) "Limited other-states coverage" means insurance coverage	732
provided by the administrator to an eligible employer for workers'	733
compensation claims of employees who are in an employment	734
relationship localized in this state but are temporarily working	735
in a state other than this state, or those employees' dependents.	736

Sec. 4123.291. (A) An adjudicating committee appointed by the

administrator of workers' compensation to hear any matter	738
specified in divisions (B)(1) to (7) of this section shall hear	739
the matter within sixty days of the date on which an employer	740
files the request, protest, or petition. An employer desiring to	741
file a request, protest, or petition regarding any matter	742
specified in divisions (B)(1) to (7) of this section shall file	743
the request, protest, or petition to the adjudicating committee on	744
or before twenty-four months after the administrator sends notice	745
of the determination about which the employer is filing the	746
request, protest, or petition.	747
(B) An employer who is adversely affected by a decision of an	748
adjudicating committee appointed by the administrator may appeal	749
the decision of the committee to the administrator or the	750
administrator's designee. The employer shall file the appeal in	751
writing within thirty days after the employer receives the	752
decision of the adjudicating committee. The administrator or the	753
designee shall hear <u>consider and issue a decision on</u> the appeal	754
and hold a hearing, provided that if the decision of the	755
adjudicating committee relates to one of the following:	756
(1) An employer request for a waiver of a default in the	757
payment of premiums pursuant to section 4123.37 of the Revised	758
Code;	759
(2) An employer request for the settlement of liability as a	760
noncomplying employer under section 4123.75 of the Revised Code;	761
(3) An employer petition objecting to an assessment made	762
pursuant to section 4123.37 of the Revised Code and the rules	763
adopted pursuant to that section;	764
(4) An employer request for the abatement of penalties	765
assessed pursuant to section 4123.32 of the Revised Code and the	766
rules adopted pursuant to that section;	767

(5) An employer protest relating to an audit finding or a 768

determination of a manual classification, experience rating, or	769
transfer or combination of risk experience;	770
(6) Any decision relating to any other risk premium matter	771
under Chapters 4121., 4123., and 4131. of the Revised Code;	772
(7) An employer petition objecting to the amount of security	773
required under division (D) of section 4125.05 of the Revised Code	774
and the rules adopted pursuant to that section.	775
and the futeb adopted purbante to that beetfor.	775
If an employer requests a hearing on the appeal the	776
administrator or the designee shall hold the hearing. Otherwise, a	777
hearing on the appeal may be held at the discretion of the	778
administrator or the designee.	779
(C) The bureau of workers' compensation board of directors,	780
based upon recommendations of the workers' compensation actuarial	781
committee, shall establish the policy for all adjudicating	782
committee procedures, including, but not limited to, specific	783
criteria for manual premium rate adjustment.	784
Sec. 4123.34. It shall be the duty of the bureau of workers'	785
compensation board of directors and the administrator of workers'	786
compensation to safeguard and maintain the solvency of the state	787
insurance fund and all other funds specified in this chapter and	788
Chapters 4121., 4127., and 4131. of the Revised Code. The	789
administrator, in the exercise of the powers and discretion	790
conferred upon the administrator in section 4123.29 of the Revised	791
Code, shall fix and maintain, with the advice and consent of the	792
board, for each class of occupation or industry, the lowest	793
possible rates of premium consistent with the maintenance of a	794
solvent state insurance fund and the creation and maintenance of a	795
reasonable surplus, after the payment of legitimate claims for	796
injury, occupational disease, and death that the administrator	797
authorizes to be paid from the state insurance fund for the	798
benefit of injured, diseased, and the dependents of killed	799

employees. In establishing rates, the administrator shall take

into account the necessity of ensuring sufficient money is set

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aside in the premium payment security fund to cover any defaults

in premium obligations. The administrator shall observe all of the

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following requirements in fixing the rates of premium for the

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risks of occupations or industries:

- (A) The administrator shall keep an accurate account of the 806 money paid in premiums by each of the several classes of 807 occupations or industries, and the losses on account of injuries, 808 occupational disease, and death of employees thereof, and also 809 keep an account of the money received from each individual 810 employer and the amount of losses incurred against the state 811 insurance fund on account of injuries, occupational disease, and 812 death of the employees of the employer. 813
- (B) A portion of the money paid into the state insurance fund 814 shall be set aside for the creation of a surplus fund account 815 within the state insurance fund. Any references in this chapter or 816 in Chapter 4121., 4125., 4127., or 4131. of the Revised Code to 817 the surplus fund, the surplus created in this division, the 818 statutory surplus fund, or the statutory surplus of the state 819 insurance fund are hereby deemed to be references to the surplus 820 fund account. The administrator may transfer the portion of the 821 state insurance fund to the surplus fund account as the 822 administrator determines is necessary to satisfy the needs of the 823 surplus fund account and to guarantee the solvency of the state 824 insurance fund and the surplus fund account. In addition to all 825 statutory authority under this chapter and Chapter 4121. of the 826 Revised Code, the administrator has discretionary and contingency 827 authority to make charges to the surplus fund account. The 828 administrator shall account for all charges, whether statutory, 829 discretionary, or contingency, that the administrator may make to 830 the surplus fund account. A revision of basic rates shall be made 831

annually on	the	first	day	of	July.	832

Notwithstanding any provision of the law to the contrary, one 833 hundred eighty days after the effective date on which 834 self-insuring employers first may elect under division (D) of 835 section 4121.66 of the Revised Code to directly pay for 836 rehabilitation expenses, the administrator shall calculate the 837 deficit, if any, in the portion of the surplus fund account that 838 is used for reimbursement to self insuring employers for all 839 expenses other than handicapped reimbursement under section 840 4123.343 of the Revised Code. The administrator, from time to 841 time, may determine whether the surplus fund account has such a 842 deficit and may assess all self-insuring employers who 843 participated in the portion of the surplus fund account during the 844 accrual of the deficit and who during that time period have not 845 made the election under division (D) of section 4121.66 of the 846 Revised Code the amount the administrator determines necessary to 847 reduce the deficit. 848

For policy years commencing prior to July 1, 2016, revisions 849 of basic rates for private employers shall be in accordance with 850 the oldest four of the last five calendar years of the combined 851 accident and occupational disease experience of the administrator 852 in the administration of this chapter, as shown by the accounts 853 kept as provided in this section. For a policy year commencing on 854 or after July 1, 2016, revisions of basic rates for private 855 employers shall be in accordance with the oldest four of the last 856 five policy years combined accident and occupational disease 857 experience of the administrator in the administration of this 858 chapter, as shown by the accounts kept as provided in this 859 section. 860

Revisions of basic rates for public employers shall be in 861 accordance with the oldest four of the last five policy years of the combined accident and occupational disease experience of the 863

administrator in the administration of this chapter, as shown by	864
the accounts kept as provided in this section.	865
In revising basic rates, the administrator shall exclude the	866
experience of employers that are no longer active if the	867
administrator determines that the inclusion of those employers	868
would have a significant negative impact on the remainder of the	869
employers in a particular manual classification. The administrator	870
shall adopt rules, with the advice and consent of the board,	871

governing rate revisions, the object of which shall be to make an 872 equitable distribution of losses among the several classes of 873

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occupation or industry, which rules shall be general in their 874

application.

- (C) The administrator may apply that form of rating system 876 that the administrator finds is best calculated to merit rate or 877 individually rate the risk more equitably, predicated upon the 878 basis of its individual industrial accident and occupational 879 disease experience, and may encourage and stimulate accident 880 prevention. The administrator shall develop fixed and equitable 881 rules controlling the rating system, which rules shall conserve to 882 each risk the basic principles of workers' compensation insurance. 883
- (D) The administrator, from the money paid into the state 884 insurance fund, shall set aside into an account of the state 885 insurance fund titled a premium payment security fund sufficient 886 money to pay for any premiums due from an employer and 887 uncollected. 888

The use of the moneys held by the premium payment security 889 fund account is restricted to reimbursement to the state insurance 890 fund of premiums due and uncollected. 891

- (E) The administrator may grant discounts on premium rates 892 for employers who meet either of the following requirements: 893
 - (1) Have not incurred a compensable injury for one year or 894

more and who maintain an employee safety committee or similar	895
organization or make periodic safety inspections of the workplace.	896
(2) Successfully complete a loss prevention program	897
prescribed by the superintendent of the division of safety and	898
hygiene and conducted by the division or by any other person	899
approved by the superintendent.	900
(F)(1) In determining the premium rates for the construction	901
industry the administrator shall calculate the employers' premiums	902
based upon the actual remuneration construction industry employees	903
receive from construction industry employers, provided that the	904
amount of remuneration the administrator uses in calculating the	905
premiums shall not exceed an average weekly wage equal to one	906
hundred fifty per cent of the statewide average weekly wage as	907
defined in division (C) of section 4123.62 of the Revised Code.	908
(2) Division $(F)(1)$ of this section shall not be construed as	909
affecting the manner in which benefits to a claimant are awarded	910
under this chapter.	911
(3) As used in division (F) of this section, "construction	912
industry" includes any activity performed in connection with the	913
erection, alteration, repair, replacement, renovation,	914
installation, or demolition of any building, structure, highway,	915
or bridge.	916
(G) The administrator shall not place a limit on the length	917
of time that an employer may participate in the bureau of workers'	918
compensation drug free workplace and workplace safety programs.	919
Sec. 4123.343. This section shall be construed liberally to	920
the end that employers shall be encouraged to employ and retain in	921
their employment handicapped employees as defined in this section.	922
(A) As used in this section, "handicapped employee" means an	923
employee who is afflicted with or subject to any physical or	924

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mental impairment, or both, whether congenital or due to an injury	925
or disease of such character that the impairment constitutes a	926
handicap in obtaining employment or would constitute a handicap in	927
obtaining reemployment if the employee should become unemployed	928
and whose handicap is due to any of the following diseases or	929
conditions:	930
(1) Epilepsy;	931
(2) Diabetes;	932
(3) Cardiac disease;	933
(4) Arthritis;	934
(5) Amputated foot, leg, arm, or hand;	935
(6) Loss of sight of one or both eyes or a partial loss of	936
uncorrected vision of more than seventy-five per cent bilaterally;	937
(7) Residual disability from poliomyelitis;	938
(8) Cerebral palsy;	939
(9) Multiple sclerosis;	940
(10) Parkinson's disease;	941
(11) Cerebral vascular accident;	942
(12) Tuberculosis;	943
(13) Silicosis;	944
(14) Psycho-neurotic disability following treatment in a	945
recognized medical or mental institution;	946
(15) Hemophilia;	947
(16) Chronic osteomyelitis;	948
(17) Ankylosis of joints;	949
(18) Hyper insulinism;	950
(19) Muscular dystrophies;	951

(20) Arterio-sclerosis;	952
(21) Thrombo-phlebitis;	953
(22) Varicose veins;	954
(23) Cardiovascular, pulmonary, or respiratory diseases of a	955
firefighter or police officer employed by a municipal corporation	956
or township as a regular member of a lawfully constituted police	957
department or fire department;	958
(24) Coal miners' pneumoconiosis, commonly referred to as	959
"black lung disease";	960
(25) Disability with respect to which an individual has	961
completed a rehabilitation program conducted pursuant to sections	962
4121.61 to 4121.69 of the Revised Code.	963
(B) Under the circumstances set forth in this section all or	964
such portion as the administrator determines of the compensation	965
and benefits paid in any claim arising hereafter shall be charged	966
to and paid from the statutory surplus fund created under section	967
4123.34 of the Revised Code and only the portion remaining shall	968
be merit-rated or otherwise treated as part of the accident or	969
occupational disease experience of the employer. If the employer	970
is a self insuring employer, the proportion of such costs whether	971
charged to the statutory surplus fund in whole or in part shall be	972
by way of direct payment to such employee or the employee's	973
dependents or by way of reimbursement to the self-insuring	974
employer as the circumstances indicate. The provisions of this	975
section apply only in cases of death, total disability, whether	976
temporary or permanent, and all disabilities compensated under	977
division (B) of section 4123.57 of the Revised Code. The	978
administrator shall adopt rules specifying the grounds upon which	979
charges to the statutory surplus fund are to be made. The rules	980
shall prohibit as a grounds any agreement between employer and	981
claimant as to the merits of a claim and the amount of the charge.	982

(C) Any	employe	er who	has	in its	emp	ploy a	a ha	andicapped	employee	983
is enti	tled,	in the	event	the	person	is	injuı	ced,	, to a		984
determi	natio	n under	this	secti	on.						985

An employer shall file an application under this section for 986 a determination with the bureau or commission in the same manner 987 as other claims. An application only may be made in cases where a 988 handicapped employee or a handicapped employee's dependents claim 989 or is are receiving an award of compensation as a result of an 990 injury or occupational disease occurring or contracted on or after 991 the date on which division (A) of this section first included the 992 handicap of such employee. 993

- (D) The circumstances under and the manner in which an 994 apportionment under this section shall be made are: 995
- (1) Whenever a handicapped employee is injured or disabled or 996 dies as the result of an injury or occupational disease sustained 997 in the course of and arising out of a handicapped employee's 998 999 employment in this state and the administrator awards compensation therefor and when it appears to the satisfaction of the 1000 administrator that the injury or occupational disease or the death 1001 resulting therefrom would not have occurred but for the 1002 pre-existing physical or mental impairment of the handicapped 1003 employee, all compensation and benefits payable on account of the 1004 disability or death shall be paid from the surplus fund. 1005
- (2) Whenever a handicapped employee is injured or disabled or 1006 dies as a result of an injury or occupational disease and the 1007 administrator finds that the injury or occupational disease would 1008 have been sustained or suffered without regard to the employee's 1009 pre-existing impairment but that the resulting disability or death 1010 was caused at least in part through aggravation of the employee's 1011 pre-existing disability, the administrator shall determine in a 1012 manner that is equitable and reasonable and based upon medical 1013 evidence the amount of disability or proportion of the cost of the 1014

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death award that is attributable to the employee's pre-existing	1015
disability and the amount found shall be charged to the statutory	1016
surplus fund.	1017
(E) The benefits and provisions of this section apply only to	1018
employers who have complied with this chapter either through	1019
insurance with the state fund or as a self-insuring employer.	1020
(F) No employer shall in any year receive credit under this	1021
section in an amount greater than the premium the employer paid $\frac{if}{i}$	1022
a state fund employer or greater than the employer's assessments	1023
if a self-insuring employer.	1024
(G) Self-insuring employers may, for all claims made after	1025
January 1, 1987, for compensation and benefits under this section,	1026
pay the compensation and benefits directly to the employee or the	1027
employee's dependents. If such an employer chooses to pay	1028
compensation and benefits directly, the employer shall receive no	1029
money or credit from the surplus fund for the payment under this	1030
section, nor shall the employer be required to pay any amounts	1031
into the surplus fund that otherwise would be assessed for	1032
handicapped reimbursements for claims made after January 1, 1987.	1033
Where a self insuring employer elects to pay for compensation and	1034
benefits pursuant to this section, the employer shall assume	1035
responsibility for compensation and benefits arising out of claims	1036
made prior to January 1, 1987, and shall not be required to pay	1037
any amounts into the surplus fund and may not receive any money or	1038
credit from that fund on account of this section. The election	1039
made under this division is irrevocable.	1040
(H) An order issued by the administrator pursuant to this	1041
section is appealable under section 4123.511 of the Revised Code	1042
but is not appealable to court under section 4123.512 of the	1043

until the policy year commencing July 1, 2015, every private	1046
employer and every publicly owned utility shall pay semiannually	1047
in the months of January and July into the state insurance fund	1048
the amount of annual premium the administrator of workers'	1049
compensation fixes for the employment or occupation of the	1050
employer, the amount of which premium to be paid by each employer	1051
to be determined by the classifications, rules, and rates made and	1052
published by the administrator. The employer shall pay	1053
semiannually a further sum of money into the state insurance fund	1054
as may be ascertained to be due from the employer by applying the	1055
rules of the administrator.	1056

Except as otherwise provided in this section, for a policy 1057 year commencing on or after July 1, 2015, every private employer 1058 and every publicly owned utility shall pay annually in the month 1059 of June immediately preceding the policy year into the state 1060 insurance fund the amount of estimated annual premium the 1061 administrator fixes for the employment or occupation of the 1062 employer, the amount of which estimated premium to be paid by each 1063 employer to be determined by the classifications, rules, and rates 1064 made and published by the administrator. The employer shall pay a 1065 further sum of money into the state insurance fund as may be 1066 ascertained to be due from the employer by applying the rules of 1067 the administrator. Upon receipt of the payroll report required by 1068 division (B) of section 4123.26 of the Revised Code, the 1069 administrator shall adjust the premium and assessments charged to 1070 each employer for the difference between estimated gross payrolls 1071 and actual gross payrolls, and any balance due to the 1072 administrator shall be immediately paid by the employer. Any 1073 balance due the employer shall be credited to the employer's 1074 account. 1075

For a policy year commencing on or after July 1, 2015, each 1076 employer that is recognized by the administrator as a professional 1077

employer organization shall pay monthly into the state insurance	1078
fund the amount of premium the administrator fixes for the	1079
employer for the prior month based on the actual payroll of the	1080
employer reported pursuant to division (C) of section 4123.26 of	1081
the Revised Code.	1082

A receipt certifying that payment has been made shall be 1083 issued to the employer by the bureau of workers' compensation. The 1084 receipt is prima-facie evidence of the payment of the premium. The 1085 administrator shall provide each employer written proof of 1086 workers' compensation coverage as is required in section 4123.83 1087 of the Revised Code. Proper posting of the notice constitutes the 1088 employer's compliance with the notice requirement mandated in 1089 section 4123.83 of the Revised Code. 1090

The bureau shall verify with the secretary of state the 1091 existence of all corporations and organizations making application 1092 for workers' compensation coverage and shall require every such 1093 application to include the employer's federal identification 1094 number.

A private employer who has contracted with a subcontractor is

liable for the unpaid premium due from any subcontractor with

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respect to that part of the payroll of the subcontractor that is

for work performed pursuant to the contract with the employer.

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Division (A) of this section providing for the payment of 1100 premiums semiannually does not apply to any employer who was a 1101 subscriber to the state insurance fund prior to January 1, 1914, 1102 or, until July 1, 2015, who may first become a subscriber to the 1103 fund in any month other than January or July. Instead, the 1104 semiannual premiums shall be paid by those employers from time to 1105 time upon the expiration of the respective periods for which 1106 payments into the fund have been made by them. After July 1, 2015, 1107 an employer who first becomes a subscriber to the fund on any day 1108 other than the first day of July shall pay premiums according to 1109

rules adopted by the administrator	, with the advice and consent of	1110
the bureau of workers' compensation	n board of directors, for the	1111
remainder of the policy year for wh	nich the coverage is effective.	1112

The administrator, with the advice and consent of the board, 1113 shall adopt rules to permit employers to make periodic payments of 1114 the premium and assessment due under this division. The rules 1115 shall include provisions for the assessment of interest charges, 1116 where appropriate, and for the assessment of penalties when an 1117 employer fails to make timely premium payments. The administrator, 1118 in the rules the administrator adopts, may set an administrative 1119 fee for these periodic payments. An employer who timely pays the 1120 amounts due under this division is entitled to all of the benefits 1121 and protections of this chapter. Upon receipt of payment, the 1122 bureau shall issue a receipt to the employer certifying that 1123 payment has been made, which receipt is prima-facie evidence of 1124 payment. Workers' compensation coverage under this chapter 1125 continues uninterrupted upon timely receipt of payment under this 1126 division. 1127

Every public employer, except public employers that are 1128 self-insuring employers under this section, shall comply with 1129 sections 4123.38 to 4123.41, and 4123.48 of the Revised Code in 1130 regard to the contribution of moneys to the public insurance fund. 1131

(B) Employers who will abide by the rules of the 1132 administrator and who may be of sufficient financial ability to 1133 render certain the payment of compensation to injured employees or 1134 the dependents of killed employees, and the furnishing of medical, 1135 surgical, nursing, and hospital attention and services and 1136 medicines, and funeral expenses, equal to or greater than is 1137 provided for in sections 4123.52, 4123.55 to 4123.62, and 4123.64 1138 to 4123.67 of the Revised Code, and who do not desire to insure 1139 the payment thereof or indemnify themselves against loss sustained 1140 by the direct payment thereof, upon a finding of such facts by the 1141

administrator, may be granted the privilege to pay individually	1142
compensation, and furnish medical, surgical, nursing, and hospital	1143
services and attention and funeral expenses directly to injured	1144
employees or the dependents of killed employees, thereby being	1145
granted status as a self-insuring employer. The administrator may	1146
charge employers who apply for the status as a self-insuring	1147
employer a reasonable application fee to cover the bureau's costs	1148
in connection with processing and making a determination with	1149
respect to an application.	1150
All employers granted status as self-insuring employers shall	1151
demonstrate sufficient financial and administrative ability to	1152
assure that all obligations under this section are promptly met.	1153
The administrator shall deny the privilege where the employer is	1154
unable to demonstrate the employer's ability to promptly meet all	1155
the obligations imposed on the employer by this section.	1156
(1) The administrator shall consider, but is not limited to,	1157
the following factors, where applicable, in determining the	1158
employer's ability to meet all of the obligations imposed on the	1159
employer by this section:	1160
(a) The employer employs a minimum of five hundred employees	1161
in this state;	1162
(b) The employer has operated in this state for a minimum of	1163
two years, provided that an employer who has purchased, acquired,	1164
or otherwise succeeded to the operation of a business, or any part	1165
thereof, situated in this state that has operated for at least two	1166
years in this state, also shall qualify;	1167
(c) Where the employer previously contributed to the state	1168
insurance fund or is a successor employer as defined by bureau	1169
rules, the amount of the buyout, as defined by bureau rules;	1170

(d) The sufficiency of the employer's assets located in this

state to insure the employer's solvency in paying compensation

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directly;	1173
(e) The financial records, documents, and data, certified by	1174
a certified public accountant, necessary to provide the employer's	1175
full financial disclosure. The records, documents, and data	1176
include, but are not limited to, balance sheets and profit and	1177
loss history for the current year and previous four years.	1178
(f) The employer's organizational plan for the administration	1179
of the workers' compensation law;	1180
(g) The employer's proposed plan to inform employees of the	1181
change from a state fund insurer to a self-insuring employer, the	1182
procedures the employer will follow as a self-insuring employer,	1183
and the employees' rights to compensation and benefits; and	1184
(h) The employer has either an account in a financial	1185
institution in this state, or if the employer maintains an account	1186
with a financial institution outside this state, ensures that	1187
workers' compensation checks are drawn from the same account as	1188
payroll checks or the employer clearly indicates that payment will	1189
be honored by a financial institution in this state.	1190
The administrator may waive the requirements of divisions	1191
(B)(1)(a) and (b) of this section and the requirement of division	1192
(B)(1)(e) of this section that the financial records, documents,	1193
and data be certified by a certified public accountant. The	1194
administrator shall adopt rules establishing the criteria that an	1195
employer shall meet in order for the administrator to waive the	1196
requirements of divisions $(B)(1)(a)$, (b) , and (e) of this section.	1197
Such rules may require additional security of that employer	1198
pursuant to division (E) of section 4123.351 of the Revised Code.	1199
The administrator shall not grant the status of self-insuring	1200
employer to the state, except that the administrator may grant the	1201
status of self-insuring employer to a state institution of higher	1202
education, including its hospitals, that meets the requirements of	1203

division (B)(2) of this section.	1204
(2) When considering the application of a public employer,	1205
except for a board of county commissioners described in division	1206
(G) of section 4123.01 of the Revised Code, a board of a county	1207
hospital, or a publicly owned utility, the administrator shall	1208
verify that the public employer satisfies all of the following	1209
requirements as the requirements apply to that public employer:	1210
(a) For the two-year period preceding application under this	1211
section, the public employer has maintained an unvoted debt	1212
capacity equal to at least two times the amount of the current	1213
annual premium established by the administrator under this chapter	1214
for that public employer for the year immediately preceding the	1215
year in which the public employer makes application under this	1216
section.	1217
(b) For each of the two fiscal years preceding application	1218
under this section, the unreserved and undesignated year-end fund	1219
balance in the public employer's general fund is equal to at least	1220
five per cent of the public employer's general fund revenues for	1221
the fiscal year computed in accordance with generally accepted	1222
accounting principles.	1223
(c) For the five-year period preceding application under this	1224
section, the public employer, to the extent applicable, has	1225
complied fully with the continuing disclosure requirements	1226
established in rules adopted by the United States securities and	1227
exchange commission under 17 C.F.R. 240.15c 2-12.	1228
(d) For the five-year period preceding application under this	1229
section, the public employer has not had its local government fund	1230
distribution withheld on account of the public employer being	1231
indebted or otherwise obligated to the state.	1232
(e) For the five-year period preceding application under this	1233

section, the public employer has not been under a fiscal watch or

fiscal emergency pursuant to section 118.023, 118.04, or 3316.03	1235
of the Revised Code.	1236
(f) For the public employer's fiscal year preceding	1237
application under this section, the public employer has obtained	1238
an annual financial audit as required under section 117.10 of the	1239
Revised Code, which has been released by the auditor of state	1240
within seven months after the end of the public employer's fiscal	1241
year.	1242
(g) On the date of application, the public employer holds a	1243
debt rating of Aa3 or higher according to Moody's investors	1244
service, inc., or a comparable rating by an independent rating	1245
agency similar to Moody's investors service, inc.	1246
(h) The public employer agrees to generate an annual	1247
accumulating book reserve in its financial statements reflecting	1248
an actuarially generated reserve adequate to pay projected claims	1249
under this chapter for the applicable period of time, as	1250
determined by the administrator.	1251
(i) For a public employer that is a hospital, the public	1252
employer shall submit audited financial statements showing the	1253
hospital's overall liquidity characteristics, and the	1254
administrator shall determine, on an individual basis, whether the	1255
public employer satisfies liquidity standards equivalent to the	1256
liquidity standards of other public employers.	1257
(j) Any additional criteria that the administrator adopts by	1258
rule pursuant to division (E) of this section.	1259
The administrator may adopt rules establishing the criteria	1260
that a public employer shall satisfy in order for the	1261
administrator to waive any of the requirements listed in divisions	1262
(B)(2)(a) to (j) of this section. The rules may require additional	1263

security from that employer pursuant to division (E) of section

4123.351 of the Revised Code. The administrator shall not waive

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any of the requirements listed in divisions (B)(2)(a) to (j) of	1266
this section for a public employer who does not satisfy the	1267
criteria established in the rules the administrator adopts.	1268
(C) A board of county commissioners described in division (G)	1269
of section 4123.01 of the Revised Code, as an employer, that will	1270
abide by the rules of the administrator and that may be of	1271
sufficient financial ability to render certain the payment of	1272
compensation to injured employees or the dependents of killed	1273
employees, and the furnishing of medical, surgical, nursing, and	1274
hospital attention and services and medicines, and funeral	1275
expenses, equal to or greater than is provided for in sections	1276
4123.52, 4123.55 to 4123.62, and 4123.64 to 4123.67 of the Revised	1277
Code, and that does not desire to insure the payment thereof or	1278
indemnify itself against loss sustained by the direct payment	1279
thereof, upon a finding of such facts by the administrator, may be	1280
granted the privilege to pay individually compensation, and	1281
furnish medical, surgical, nursing, and hospital services and	1282
attention and funeral expenses directly to injured employees or	1283
the dependents of killed employees, thereby being granted status	1284
as a self-insuring employer. The administrator may charge a board	1285
of county commissioners described in division (G) of section	1286
4123.01 of the Revised Code that applies for the status as a	1287
self-insuring employer a reasonable application fee to cover the	1288
bureau's costs in connection with processing and making a	1289
determination with respect to an application. All employers	1290
granted such status shall demonstrate sufficient financial and	1291
administrative ability to assure that all obligations under this	1292
section are promptly met. The administrator shall deny the	1293
privilege where the employer is unable to demonstrate the	1294
employer's ability to promptly meet all the obligations imposed on	1295
the employer by this section. The administrator shall consider,	1296
but is not limited to, the following factors, where applicable, in	1297
determining the employer's ability to meet all of the obligations	1298

imposed on the board as an employer by this section:	1299
(1) The board as an employer employs a minimum of five	1300
hundred employees in this state;	1301
(2) The board has operated in this state for a minimum of two	1302
years;	1303
(3) Where the board previously contributed to the state	1304
insurance fund or is a successor employer as defined by bureau	1305
rules, the amount of the buyout, as defined by bureau rules;	1306
(4) The sufficiency of the board's assets located in this	1307
state to insure the board's solvency in paying compensation	1308
directly;	1309
(5) The financial records, documents, and data, certified by	1310
a certified public accountant, necessary to provide the board's	1311
full financial disclosure. The records, documents, and data	1312
include, but are not limited to, balance sheets and profit and	1313
loss history for the current year and previous four years.	1314
(6) The board's organizational plan for the administration of	1315
the workers' compensation law;	1316
(7) The board's proposed plan to inform employees of the	1317
proposed self-insurance, the procedures the board will follow as a	1318
self-insuring employer, and the employees' rights to compensation	1319
and benefits;	1320
(8) The board has either an account in a financial	1321
institution in this state, or if the board maintains an account	1322
with a financial institution outside this state, ensures that	1323
workers' compensation checks are drawn from the same account as	1324
payroll checks or the board clearly indicates that payment will be	1325
honored by a financial institution in this state;	1326
(9) The board shall provide the administrator a surety bond	1327
in an amount equal to one hundred twenty-five per cent of the	1328

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projected losses as determined by the administrator.

(D) The administrator shall require a surety bond from all 1330 self-insuring employers, issued pursuant to section 4123.351 of 1331 the Revised Code, that is sufficient to compel, or secure to 1332 injured employees, or to the dependents of employees killed, the 1333 payment of compensation and expenses, which shall in no event be 1334 less than that paid or furnished out of the state insurance fund 1335 in similar cases to injured employees or to dependents of killed 1336 employees whose employers contribute to the fund, except when an 1337 employee of the employer, who has suffered the loss of a hand, 1338 arm, foot, leg, or eye prior to the injury for which compensation 1339 is to be paid, and thereafter suffers the loss of any other of the 1340 members as the result of any injury sustained in the course of and 1341 arising out of the employee's employment, the compensation to be 1342 paid by the self-insuring employer is limited to the disability 1343 suffered in the subsequent injury, additional compensation, if 1344 any, to be paid by the bureau out of the surplus created by 1345 section 4123.34 of the Revised Code. 1346

(E) In addition to the requirements of this section, the 1347 administrator shall make and publish rules governing the manner of 1348 making application and the nature and extent of the proof required 1349 to justify a finding of fact by the administrator as to granting 1350 the status of a self-insuring employer, which rules shall be 1351 general in their application, one of which rules shall provide 1352 that all self-insuring employers shall pay into the state 1353 insurance fund such amounts as are required to be credited to the 1354 surplus fund in division (B) of section 4123.34 of the Revised 1355 Code. The administrator may adopt rules establishing requirements 1356 in addition to the requirements described in division (B)(2) of 1357 this section that a public employer shall meet in order to qualify 1358 for self-insuring status. 1359

Employers shall secure directly from the bureau central

offices application forms upon which the bureau shall stamp a	1361
designating number. Prior to submission of an application, an	1362
employer shall make available to the bureau, and the bureau shall	1363
review, the information described in division (B)(1) of this	1364
section, and public employers shall make available, and the bureau	1365
shall review, the information necessary to verify whether the	1366
public employer meets the requirements listed in division (B)(2)	1367
of this section. An employer shall file the completed application	1368
forms with an application fee, which shall cover the costs of	1369
processing the application, as established by the administrator,	1370
by rule, with the bureau at least ninety days prior to the	1371
effective date of the employer's new status as a self-insuring	1372
employer. The application form is not deemed complete until all	1373
the required information is attached thereto. The bureau shall	1374
only accept applications that contain the required information.	1375

- (F) The bureau shall review completed applications within a 1376 reasonable time. If the bureau determines to grant an employer the 1377 status as a self-insuring employer, the bureau shall issue a 1378 statement, containing its findings of fact, that is prepared by 1379 the bureau and signed by the administrator. If the bureau 1380 determines not to grant the status as a self-insuring employer, 1381 the bureau shall notify the employer of the determination and 1382 require the employer to continue to pay its full premium into the 1383 state insurance fund. The administrator also shall adopt rules 1384 establishing a minimum level of performance as a criterion for 1385 granting and maintaining the status as a self-insuring employer 1386 and fixing time limits beyond which failure of the self-insuring 1387 employer to provide for the necessary medical examinations and 1388 evaluations may not delay a decision on a claim. 1389
- (G) The administrator shall adopt rules setting forth 1390 procedures for auditing the program of self-insuring employers. 1391 The bureau shall conduct the audit upon a random basis or whenever 1392

the bureau has grounds for believing that a self-insuring employer	1393
is not in full compliance with bureau rules or this chapter.	1394
The administrator shall monitor the programs conducted by	1395
self-insuring employers, to ensure compliance with bureau	1396
requirements and for that purpose, shall develop and issue to	1397
self-insuring employers standardized forms for use by the	1398
self-insuring employer in all aspects of the self-insuring	1399
employers' direct compensation program and for reporting of	1400
information to the bureau.	1401
The bureau shall receive and transmit to the self-insuring	1402
employer all complaints concerning any self-insuring employer. In	1403
the case of a complaint against a self-insuring employer, the	1404
administrator shall handle the complaint through the	1405
self-insurance division of the bureau. The bureau shall maintain a	1406
file by employer of all complaints received that relate to the	1407
employer. The bureau shall evaluate each complaint and take	1408
appropriate action.	1409
The administrator shall adopt as a rule a prohibition against	1410
any self-insuring employer from harassing, dismissing, or	1411
otherwise disciplining any employee making a complaint, which rule	1412
shall provide for a financial penalty to be levied by the	1413
administrator payable by the offending self-insuring employer.	1414
(H) For the purpose of making determinations as to whether to	1415
grant status as a self-insuring employer, the administrator may	1416
subscribe to and pay for a credit reporting service that offers	1417
financial and other business information about individual	1418
employers. The costs in connection with the bureau's subscription	1419
or individual reports from the service about an applicant may be	1420
included in the application fee charged employers under this	1421
section.	1422

(I) The administrator, notwithstanding other provisions of

this chapter, may permit a self-insuring employer to resume	1424
payment of premiums to the state insurance fund with appropriate	1425
credit modifications to the employer's basic premium rate as such	1426
rate is determined pursuant to section 4123.29 of the Revised	1427
Code.	1428
(J) On the first day of July of each year, the administrator	1429
shall calculate separately each self-insuring employer's	1430
assessments for the safety and hygiene fund, administrative costs	1431
pursuant to section 4123.342 of the Revised Code, and for the	1432
portion of the surplus fund under division (B) of section 4123.34	1433
of the Revised Code that is not used for handicapped	1434
reimbursement, on the basis of the paid compensation attributable	1435
to the individual self-insuring employer according to the	1436
following calculation:	1437
(1) The total assessment against all self-insuring employers	1438
as a class for each fund and for the administrative costs for the	1439
year that the assessment is being made, as determined by the	1440
administrator, divided by the total amount of paid compensation	1441
for the previous calendar year attributable to all amenable	1442
self-insuring employers;	1443
(2) Multiply the quotient in division (J)(1) of this section	1444
by the total amount of paid compensation for the previous calendar	1445
year that is attributable to the individual self-insuring employer	1446
for whom the assessment is being determined. Each self-insuring	1447
employer shall pay the assessment that results from this	1448
calculation, unless the assessment resulting from this calculation	1449
falls below a minimum assessment, which minimum assessment the	1450
administrator shall determine on the first day of July of each	1451
year with the advice and consent of the bureau of workers'	1452
compensation board of directors, in which event, the self-insuring	1453
employer shall pay the minimum assessment.	1454

In determining the total amount due for the total assessment

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against all self-insuring employers as a class for each fund and the administrative assessment, the administrator shall reduce 1457 proportionately the total for each fund and assessment by the 1458 amount of money in the self-insurance assessment fund as of the 1459 date of the computation of the assessment.

The administrator shall calculate the assessment for the portion of the surplus fund under division (B) of section 4123.34 of the Revised Code that is used for handicapped reimbursement in the same manner as set forth in divisions (J)(1) and (2) of this section except that the administrator shall calculate the total assessment for this portion of the surplus fund only on the basis of those self-insuring employers that retain participation in the handicapped reimbursement program and the individual self-insuring employer's proportion of paid compensation shall be calculated only for those self-insuring employers who retain participation in the handicapped reimbursement program. The administrator, as the administrator determines appropriate, may determine the total assessment for the handicapped portion of the surplus fund in accordance with sound actuarial principles.

The administrator shall calculate the assessment for the 1475 portion of the surplus fund under division (B) of section 4123.34 1476 of the Revised Code that under division (D) of section 4121.66 of 1477 the Revised Code is used for rehabilitation costs in the same 1478 manner as set forth in divisions (J)(1) and (2) of this section, 1479 except that the administrator shall calculate the total assessment 1480 for this portion of the surplus fund only on the basis of those 1481 self-insuring employers who have not made the election to make 1482 payments directly under division (D) of section 4121.66 of the 1483 Revised Code and an individual self-insuring employer's proportion 1484 of paid compensation only for those self-insuring employers who 1485 have not made that election. 1486

The administrator shall calculate the assessment for the

portion of the surplus fund under division (B) of section 4123.34	1488
of the Revised Code that is used for reimbursement to a	1489
self-insuring employer under division (H) of section 4123.512 of	1490
the Revised Code in the same manner as set forth in divisions	1491
$(\mathtt{J})(\mathtt{1})$ and $(\mathtt{2})$ of this section except that the administrator shall	1492
calculate the total assessment for this portion of the surplus	1493
fund only on the basis of those self-insuring employers that	1494
retain participation in reimbursement to the self-insuring	1495
employer under division (H) of section 4123.512 of the Revised	1496
Code and the individual self-insuring employer's proportion of	1497
paid compensation shall be calculated only for those self-insuring	1498
employers who retain participation in reimbursement to the	1499
self-insuring employer under division (H) of section 4123.512 of	1500
the Revised Code.	1501

An employer who no longer is a self-insuring employer in this

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state or who no longer is operating in this state, shall continue

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to pay assessments for administrative costs and for the portion of

the surplus fund under division (B) of section 4123.34 of the

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Revised Code that is not used for handicapped reimbursement, based

upon paid compensation attributable to claims that occurred while

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the employer was a self-insuring employer within this state.

- (K) There is hereby created in the state treasury the 1509 self-insurance assessment fund. All investment earnings of the 1510 fund shall be deposited in the fund. The administrator shall use 1511 the money in the self-insurance assessment fund only for 1512 administrative costs as specified in section 4123.341 of the 1513 Revised Code.
- (L) Every self-insuring employer shall certify, in affidavit 1515 form subject to the penalty for perjury, to the bureau the amount 1516 of the self-insuring employer's paid compensation for the previous 1517 calendar year. In reporting paid compensation paid for the 1518 previous year, a self-insuring employer shall exclude from the 1519

total amount of paid compensation any reimbursement the	1520
self-insuring employer receives in the previous calendar year from	1521
the surplus fund pursuant to section 4123.512 of the Revised Code	1522
for any paid compensation. The self-insuring employer also shall	1523
exclude from the paid compensation reported any amount recovered	1524
under section 4123.931 of the Revised Code and any amount that is	1525
determined not to have been payable to or on behalf of a claimant	1526
in any final administrative or judicial proceeding. The	1527
self-insuring employer shall exclude such amounts from the paid	1528
compensation reported in the reporting period subsequent to the	1529
date the determination is made. The administrator shall adopt	1530
rules, in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, that	1531
provide for all of the following:	1532
(1) Establishing the date by which self-insuring employers	1533
must submit such information and the amount of the assessments	1534
provided for in division (J) of this section for employers who	1535
have been granted self-insuring status within the last calendar	1536
year;	1537
(2) If an employer fails to pay the assessment when due, the	1538
administrator may add a late fee penalty of not more than five	1539
hundred dollars to the assessment plus an additional penalty	1540
amount as follows:	1541
(a) For an assessment from sixty-one to ninety days past due,	1542
the prime interest rate, multiplied by the assessment due;	1543
(b) For an assessment from ninety-one to one hundred twenty	1544
days past due, the prime interest rate plus two per cent,	1545
multiplied by the assessment due;	1546
(c) For an assessment from one hundred twenty-one to one	1547
hundred fifty days past due, the prime interest rate plus four per	1548
cent, multiplied by the assessment due;	1549

(d) For an assessment from one hundred fifty-one to one

hundred eighty days past due, the prime interest rate plus six per	1551
cent, multiplied by the assessment due;	1552
(e) For an assessment from one hundred eighty-one to two	1553
hundred ten days past due, the prime interest rate plus eight per	1554
cent, multiplied by the assessment due;	1555
(f) For each additional thirty-day period or portion thereof	1556
that an assessment remains past due after it has remained past due	1557
for more than two hundred ten days, the prime interest rate plus	1558
eight per cent, multiplied by the assessment due.	1559
(3) An employer may appeal a late fee penalty and penalty	1560
assessment to the administrator.	1561
For purposes of division (L)(2) of this section, "prime	1562
interest rate" means the average bank prime rate, and the	1563
administrator shall determine the prime interest rate in the same	1564
manner as a county auditor determines the average bank prime rate	1565
under section 929.02 of the Revised Code.	1566
The administrator shall include any assessment and penalties	1567
that remain unpaid for previous assessment periods in the	1568
calculation and collection of any assessments due under this	1569
division or division (J) of this section.	1570
(M) As used in this section, "paid compensation" means all	1571
amounts paid by a self-insuring employer for living maintenance	1572
benefits, all amounts for compensation paid pursuant to sections	1573
4121.63, 4121.67, 4123.56, 4123.57, 4123.58, 4123.59, 4123.60, and	1574
4123.64 of the Revised Code, all amounts paid as wages in lieu of	1575
such compensation, all amounts paid in lieu of such compensation	1576
under a nonoccupational accident and sickness program fully funded	1577
by the self-insuring employer, and all amounts paid by a	1578
self-insuring employer for a violation of a specific safety	1579
standard pursuant to Section 35 of Article II, Ohio Constitution	1580
and section 4121.47 of the Revised Code.	1581

(N) Should any section of this chapter or Chapter 4121. of 1582 the Revised Code providing for self-insuring employers' 1583 assessments based upon compensation paid be declared 1584 unconstitutional by a final decision of any court, then that 1585 section of the Revised Code declared unconstitutional shall revert 1586 back to the section in existence prior to November 3, 1989, 1587 providing for assessments based upon payroll.

(0) The administrator may grant a self-insuring employer the 1589 privilege to self-insure a construction project entered into by 1590 the self-insuring employer that is scheduled for completion within 1591 six years after the date the project begins, and the total cost of 1592 which is estimated to exceed one hundred million dollars or, for 1593 employers described in division (R) of this section, if the 1594 construction project is estimated to exceed twenty-five million 1595 dollars. The administrator may waive such cost and time criteria 1596 and grant a self-insuring employer the privilege to self-insure a 1597 construction project regardless of the time needed to complete the 1598 construction project and provided that the cost of the 1599 construction project is estimated to exceed fifty million dollars. 1600 A self-insuring employer who desires to self-insure a construction 1601 project shall submit to the administrator an application listing 1602 the dates the construction project is scheduled to begin and end, 1603 the estimated cost of the construction project, the contractors 1604 and subcontractors whose employees are to be self-insured by the 1605 self-insuring employer, the provisions of a safety program that is 1606 specifically designed for the construction project, and a 1607 statement as to whether a collective bargaining agreement 1608 governing the rights, duties, and obligations of each of the 1609 parties to the agreement with respect to the construction project 1610 exists between the self-insuring employer and a labor 1611 organization. 1612

A self-insuring employer may apply to self-insure the

employees of either of the following:	1614
(1) All contractors and subcontractors who perform labor or	1615
work or provide materials for the construction project;	1616
(2) All contractors and, at the administrator's discretion, a	1617
substantial number of all the subcontractors who perform labor or	1618
work or provide materials for the construction project.	1619
Upon approval of the application, the administrator shall	1620
mail a certificate granting the privilege to self-insure the	1621
construction project to the self-insuring employer. The	1622
certificate shall contain the name of the self-insuring employer	1623
and the name, address, and telephone number of the self-insuring	1624
employer's representatives who are responsible for administering	1625
workers' compensation claims for the construction project. The	1626
self-insuring employer shall post the certificate in a conspicuous	1627
place at the site of the construction project.	1628
The administrator shall maintain a record of the contractors	1629
and subcontractors whose employees are covered under the	1630
certificate issued to the self-insured employer. A self-insuring	1631
employer immediately shall notify the administrator when any	1632
contractor or subcontractor is added or eliminated from inclusion	1633
under the certificate.	1634
Upon approval of the application, the self-insuring employer	1635
is responsible for the administration and payment of all claims	1636
under this chapter and Chapter 4121. of the Revised Code for the	1637
employees of the contractor and subcontractors covered under the	1638
certificate who receive injuries or are killed in the course of	1639
and arising out of employment on the construction project, or who	1640
contract an occupational disease in the course of employment on	1641
the construction project. For purposes of this chapter and Chapter	1642
4121. of the Revised Code, a claim that is administered and paid	1643

in accordance with this division is considered a claim against the

self-insuring employer listed in the certificate. A contractor or	1645
subcontractor included under the certificate shall report to the	1646
self-insuring employer listed in the certificate, all claims that	1647
arise under this chapter and Chapter 4121. of the Revised Code in	1648
connection with the construction project for which the certificate	1649
is issued.	1650

A self-insuring employer who complies with this division is 1651 entitled to the protections provided under this chapter and 1652 Chapter 4121. of the Revised Code with respect to the employees of 1653 the contractors and subcontractors covered under a certificate 1654 issued under this division for death or injuries that arise out 1655 of, or death, injuries, or occupational diseases that arise in the 1656 course of, those employees' employment on that construction 1657 project, as if the employees were employees of the self-insuring 1658 employer, provided that the self-insuring employer also complies 1659 with this section. No employee of the contractors and 1660 subcontractors covered under a certificate issued under this 1661 division shall be considered the employee of the self-insuring 1662 employer listed in that certificate for any purposes other than 1663 this chapter and Chapter 4121. of the Revised Code. Nothing in 1664 this division gives a self-insuring employer authority to control 1665 the means, manner, or method of employment of the employees of the 1666 contractors and subcontractors covered under a certificate issued 1667 under this division. 1668

The contractors and subcontractors included under a 1669 certificate issued under this division are entitled to the 1670 protections provided under this chapter and Chapter 4121. of the 1671 Revised Code with respect to the contractor's or subcontractor's 1672 employees who are employed on the construction project which is 1673 the subject of the certificate, for death or injuries that arise 1674 out of, or death, injuries, or occupational diseases that arise in 1675 the course of, those employees' employment on that construction 1676

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The contractors and subcontractors included under a 1678 certificate issued under this division shall identify in their 1679 payroll records the employees who are considered the employees of 1680 the self-insuring employer listed in that certificate for purposes 1681 of this chapter and Chapter 4121. of the Revised Code, and the 1682 amount that those employees earned for employment on the 1683 construction project that is the subject of that certificate. 1684 Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary under this chapter 1685 and Chapter 4121. of the Revised Code, the administrator shall 1686 exclude the payroll that is reported for employees who are 1687 considered the employees of the self-insuring employer listed in 1688 that certificate, and that the employees earned for employment on 1689 the construction project that is the subject of that certificate, 1690 when determining those contractors' or subcontractors' premiums or 1691 assessments required under this chapter and Chapter 4121. of the 1692 Revised Code. A self-insuring employer issued a certificate under 1693 this division shall include in the amount of paid compensation it 1694 reports pursuant to division (L) of this section, the amount of 1695 paid compensation the self-insuring employer paid pursuant to this 1696 division for the previous calendar year. 1697

Nothing in this division shall be construed as altering the rights of employees under this chapter and Chapter 4121. of the 1699 Revised Code as those rights existed prior to September 17, 1996. 1700 Nothing in this division shall be construed as altering the rights 1701 devolved under sections 2305.31 and 4123.82 of the Revised Code as 1702 those rights existed prior to September 17, 1996. 1703

As used in this division, "privilege to self-insure a 1704 construction project" means privilege to pay individually 1705 compensation, and to furnish medical, surgical, nursing, and 1706 hospital services and attention and funeral expenses directly to 1707 injured employees or the dependents of killed employees. 1708

(P) A self-insuring employer whose application is granted	1709
under division (0) of this section shall designate a safety	1710
professional to be responsible for the administration and	1711
enforcement of the safety program that is specifically designed	1712
for the construction project that is the subject of the	1713
application.	1714
A self-insuring employer whose application is granted under	1715
division (0) of this section shall employ an ombudsperson for the	1716
construction project that is the subject of the application. The	1717
ombudsperson shall have experience in workers' compensation or the	1718
construction industry, or both. The ombudsperson shall perform all	1719
of the following duties:	1720
(1) Communicate with and provide information to employees who	1721
are injured in the course of, or whose injury arises out of	1722
employment on the construction project, or who contract an	1723
occupational disease in the course of employment on the	1724
construction project;	1725
(2) Investigate the status of a claim upon the request of an	1726
employee to do so;	1727
(3) Provide information to claimants, third party	1728
administrators, employers, and other persons to assist those	1729
persons in protecting their rights under this chapter and Chapter	1730
4121. of the Revised Code.	1731
A self-insuring employer whose application is granted under	1732
division (0) of this section shall post the name of the safety	1733
professional and the ombudsperson and instructions for contacting	1734
the safety professional and the ombudsperson in a conspicuous	1735
place at the site of the construction project.	1736
(Q) The administrator may consider all of the following when	1737
deciding whether to grant a self-insuring employer the privilege	1738

to self-insure a construction project as provided under division

(0) of this section:	1740
(1) Whether the self-insuring employer has an organizational	1741
plan for the administration of the workers' compensation law;	1742
(2) Whether the safety program that is specifically designed	1743
for the construction project provides for the safety of employees	1744
employed on the construction project, is applicable to all	1745
contractors and subcontractors who perform labor or work or	1746
provide materials for the construction project, and has as a	1747
component, a safety training program that complies with standards	1748
adopted pursuant to the "Occupational Safety and Health Act of	1749
1970," 84 Stat. 1590, 29 U.S.C.A. 651, and provides for continuing	1750
management and employee involvement;	1751
(3) Whether granting the privilege to self-insure the	1752
construction project will reduce the costs of the construction	1753
project;	1754
(4) Whether the self-insuring employer has employed an	1755
ombudsperson as required under division (P) of this section;	1756
(5) Whether the self-insuring employer has sufficient surety	1757
to secure the payment of claims for which the self-insuring	1758
employer would be responsible pursuant to the granting of the	1759
privilege to self-insure a construction project under division (0)	1760
of this section.	1761
(R) As used in divisions (O), (P), and (Q), "self-insuring	1762
employer" includes the following employers, whether or not they	1763
have been granted the status of being a self-insuring employer	1764
under division (B) of this section:	1765
(1) A state institution of higher education;	1766
(2) A school district;	1767
(3) A county school financing district;	1768
(4) An educational service center;	1769

(5) A community school established under Chapter 3314. of the	1770
Revised Code;	1771
(6) A municipal power agency as defined in section 3734.058	1772
of the Revised Code.	1773
(S) As used in this section:	1774
(1) "Unvoted debt capacity" means the amount of money that a	1775
public employer may borrow without voter approval of a tax levy;	1776
(2) "State institution of higher education" means the state	1777
universities listed in section 3345.011 of the Revised Code,	1778
community colleges created pursuant to Chapter 3354. of the	1779
Revised Code, university branches created pursuant to Chapter	1780
3355. of the Revised Code, technical colleges created pursuant to	1781
Chapter 3357. of the Revised Code, and state community colleges	1782
created pursuant to Chapter 3358. of the Revised Code.	1783
Sec. 4123.351. (A) The administrator of workers' compensation	1784
shall require every self-insuring employer, including any	1785
self-insuring employer that is indemnified by a captive insurance	1786
company granted a certificate of authority under Chapter 3694.	1787
3964. of the Revised Code, to pay a contribution, calculated under	1788
this section, to the self-insuring employers' guaranty fund	1789
established pursuant to this section. The fund shall provide for	1790
payment of compensation and benefits to employees of the	1791
self-insuring employer in order to cover any default in payment by	1792
that employer.	1793
(B) The bureau of workers' compensation shall operate the	1794
self-insuring employers' guaranty fund for self-insuring	1795
employers. The administrator annually shall establish the	1796
contributions due from self-insuring employers for the fund at	1797
rates as low as possible but such as will assure sufficient moneys	1798
to guarantee the payment of any claims against the fund. The	1799

bureau's operation of the fund is not subject to sections 3929.10	1800
to 3929.18 of the Revised Code or to regulation by the	1801
superintendent of insurance.	1802
(C) If a self-insuring employer defaults, the bureau shall	1803
recover the amounts paid as a result of the default from the	1804
self-insuring employers' guaranty fund. If a self-insuring	1805
employer defaults and is in compliance with this section for the	1806
payment of contributions to the fund, such self-insuring employer	1807
is entitled to the immunity conferred by section 4123.74 of the	1808
Revised Code for any claim arising during any period the employer	1809
is in compliance with this section.	1810
(D)(1) There is hereby established a self-insuring employers'	1811
guaranty fund, which shall be in the custody of the treasurer of	1812
state and which shall be separate from the other funds established	1813
and administered pursuant to this chapter. The fund shall consist	1814
of contributions and other payments made by self-insuring	1815
employers under this section. All investment earnings of the fund	1816
shall be credited to the fund. The bureau shall make disbursements	1817
from the fund pursuant to this section.	1818
(2) The administrator has the same powers to invest any of	1819
the surplus or reserve belonging to the fund as are delegated to	1820
the administrator under section 4123.44 of the Revised Code with	1821
respect to the state insurance fund. The administrator shall apply	1822
interest earned solely to the reduction of assessments for	1823
contributions from self-insuring employers and to the payments	1824
required due to defaults.	1825
(3) If the bureau of workers' compensation board of directors	1826
determines that reinsurance of the risks of the fund is necessary	1827
to assure solvency of the fund, the board may:	1828

(a) Enter into contracts for the purchase of reinsurance

coverage of the risks of the fund with any company or agency

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authorized by law to issue contracts of reinsurance;	1831
(b) Require the administrator to pay the cost of reinsurance	1832
from the fund;	1833
(c) Include the costs of reinsurance as a liability and	1834
estimated liability of the fund.	1835
(E) The administrator, with the advice and consent of the	1836
board, may adopt rules pursuant to Chapter 119. of the Revised	1837
Code for the implementation of this section, including a rule,	1838
notwithstanding division (C) of this section, requiring	1839
self-insuring employers to provide security in addition to the	1840
contribution to the self-insuring employers' guaranty fund	1841
required by this section. The additional security required by the	1842
rule, as the administrator determines appropriate, shall be	1843
sufficient and adequate to provide for financial assurance to meet	1844
the obligations of self-insuring employers under this chapter and	1845
Chapter 4121. of the Revised Code.	1846
(F) The purchase of coverage under this section by	1847
self-insuring employers is valid notwithstanding the prohibitions	1848
contained in division (A) of section 4123.82 of the Revised Code	1849
and is in addition to the indemnity contracts that self-insuring	1850
employers may purchase pursuant to division (B) of section 4123.82	1851
of the Revised Code.	1852
(G) The administrator, on behalf of the self-insuring	1853
employers' guaranty fund, has the rights of reimbursement and	1854
subrogation and shall collect from a defaulting self-insuring	1855
employer or other liable person all amounts the administrator has	1856
paid or reasonably expects to pay from the fund on account of the	1857
defaulting self-insuring employer.	1858
(H) The assessments for contributions, the administration of	1859
the self-insuring employers' guaranty fund, the investment of the	1860

money in the fund, and the payment of liabilities incurred by the

fund do not create any liability upon the state.	1862
Except for a gross abuse of discretion, neither the board,	1863
nor the individual members thereof, nor the administrator shall	1864
incur any obligation or liability respecting the assessments for	1865
contributions, the administration of the self-insuring employers'	1866
guaranty fund, the investment of the fund, or the payment of	1867
liabilities therefrom.	1868
Sec. 4123.411. (A) For all injuries and disabilities	1869
occurring before January 1, 1987, the administrator of workers'	1870
compensation, for the purpose of carrying out sections 4123.412 to	1871
4123.418 of the Revised Code, the administrator of workers'	1872
compensation, and with the advice and consent of the bureau of	1873
workers' compensation board of directors, shall may levy an	1874
assessment against all employers at a rate not to exceed ten cents	1875
per one hundred dollars of payroll , such. If the administrator	1876
levies an assessment under this division, the rate to of that	1877
assessment shall be determined annually for each employer group	1878
listed in divisions (A)(1) to (3) of this section, which will. The	1879
rates determined under this division shall be sufficient to	1880
produce an amount no greater than the amount the administrator	1881
estimates to be necessary to carry out such sections for the	1882
period for which the assessment is levied. In the event the amount	1883
produced by the assessment is not sufficient to carry out such	1884
sections the additional amount necessary shall be provided,	1885
pursuant to section 4123.419 of the Revised Code, from the income	1886
produced as a result of investments made pursuant to section	1887
4123.44 of the Revised Code.	1888
Assessments If levied, assessments shall be levied according	1889
to the following schedule:	1890
(1) For private fund employers, except self-insuring	1891
employers:	1892

(a) For policy years commencing prior to July 1, 2015, in	1893
January and July of each year upon gross payrolls of the preceding	1894
six months;	1895
(b) For policy years commencing on or after July 1, 2015, in	1896
the month of June immediately preceding each policy year upon	1897
gross payrolls estimated for that policy year.	1898
(2) For counties and taxing district employers therein,	1899
except county hospitals that are self-insuring employers:	1900
(a) For policy years commencing prior to January 1, 2016, in	1901
January of each year upon gross payrolls of the preceding twelve	1902
months;	1903
(b) For policy years commencing on or after January 1, 2016,	1904
in the month of December immediately preceding each policy year	1905
upon gross payrolls estimated for that policy year.	1906
(3) For the state as an employerin January, April, July,	1907
and October of each year upon gross payrolls of the preceding	1908
three months or at other intervals as the administrator	1909
establishes.	1910
After the completion of each policy year that commences on or	1911
after July 1, 2015, for private fund employers or that commences	1912
on or after January 1, 2016, for counties and taxing district	1913
employers therein, the assessments levied under this section shall	1914
be adjusted for the difference between estimated gross payrolls	1915
and actual gross payrolls reported by the employer on the payroll	1916
report submitted by a private employer pursuant to section 4123.26	1917
of the Revised Code, or, for a public employer, submitted pursuant	1918
to section 4123.41 of the Revised Code.	1919
Amounts assessed in accordance with this section shall be	1920
collected from each employer as prescribed in rules the	1921
administrator adopts.	1922

The moneys derived from the assessment provided for in this	1923
section shall be credited to the disabled workers' relief fund	1924
created by section 4123.412 of the Revised Code. The administrator	1925
shall establish by rule classifications of employers within	1926
divisions (A)(1) to (3) of this section and shall determine rates	1927
for each class so as to fairly apportion the costs of carrying out	1928
sections 4123.412 to 4123.418 of the Revised Code.	1929

(B) For all injuries and disabilities occurring on or after 1930 January 1, 1987, the administrator, for the purposes of carrying 1931 out sections 4123.412 to 4123.418 of the Revised Code, shall levy 1932 an assessment against all employers at a rate per one hundred 1933 dollars of payroll, such rate to be determined annually for each 1934 classification of employer in each employer group listed in 1935 divisions (A)(1) to (3) of this section, which will produce an 1936 amount no greater than the amount the administrator estimates to 1937 be necessary to carry out such sections for the period for which 1938 the assessment is levied. The administrator annually shall 1939 establish the contributions due from employers for the disabled 1940 workers' relief fund at rates as low as possible but that will 1941 assure sufficient moneys to guarantee the payment of any claims 1942 against that fund. 1943

Amounts assessed in accordance with this division shall be
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billed at the same time premiums are billed and credited to the
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disabled workers' relief fund created by section 4123.412 of the
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Revised Code. The administrator shall determine the rates for each
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class in the same manner as the administrator fixes the rates for
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premiums pursuant to section 4123.29 of the Revised Code.
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(C) For a self-insuring employer, the bureau of workers'

compensation shall pay to employees who are participants

regardless of the date of injury, any amounts due to the

participants under section 4123.414 of the Revised Code and shall

bill the self-insuring employer, semiannually, for all amounts

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paid to a participant.

Sec. 4123.419. The assessment rate established pursuant to	1956
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section 4123.411 of the Revised Code, subject to the limits set	1957
forth in that section, shall be adequate to provide the amounts	1958
estimated as necessary by the administrator of workers'	1959
compensation to carry out the provisions of sections 4123.412 to	1960
4123.418 of the Revised Code, and in addition to provide moneys to	1961
reimburse the general revenue fund for moneys appropriated by	1962
Section 2 of H.B. No. 1131 of the 103rd general assembly or by the	1963
104th and succeeding general assemblies for disabled workers'	1964
relief. When the additional moneys are available in whole or part	1965
for the purpose of making the reimbursement, the director of	1966
budget and management shall certify the amount to the bureau of	1967
workers' compensation which shall thereupon cause the moneys to be	1968
paid to the general revenue fund from the disabled workers' relief	1969
fund except that any amounts due because of the state's obligation	1970
as an employer pursuant to section 4123.411 of the Revised Code	1971
and not paid to the disabled workers' relief fund shall be	1972
deducted from any such reimbursement.	1973

For all injuries and disabilities occurring before January 1, 1974 1987, the administrator, for the purpose of carrying out those 1975 sections and with the advice and consent of the bureau of workers' 1976 compensation board of directors, may transfer to the disabled 1977 workers' relief fund from the income produced as a result of 1978 investments made pursuant to section 4123.44 of the Revised Code 1979 amounts necessary to carry out those sections with respect to 1980 claims related to private and public taxing district employers, 1981 rather than levying an assessment against those employers under 1982 section 4123.411 of the Revised Code. 1983

sec. 4123.512. (A) The claimant or the employer may appeal an
order of the industrial commission made under division (E) of
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section 4123.511 of the Revised Code in any injury or occupational	1986
disease case, other than a decision as to the extent of disability	1987
to the court of common pleas of the county in which the injury was	1988
inflicted or in which the contract of employment was made if the	1989
injury occurred outside the state, or in which the contract of	1990
employment was made if the exposure occurred outside the state. If	1991
no common pleas court has jurisdiction for the purposes of an	1992
appeal by the use of the jurisdictional requirements described in	1993
this division, the appellant may use the venue provisions in the	1994
Rules of Civil Procedure to vest jurisdiction in a court. If the	1995
claim is for an occupational disease, the appeal shall be to the	1996
court of common pleas of the county in which the exposure which	1997
caused the disease occurred. Like appeal may be taken from an	1998
order of a staff hearing officer made under division (D) of	1999
section 4123.511 of the Revised Code from which the commission has	2000
refused to hear an appeal. The appellant shall file the notice of	2001
appeal with a court of common pleas within sixty days after the	2002
date of the receipt of the order appealed from or the date of	2003
receipt of the order of the commission refusing to hear an appeal	2004
of a staff hearing officer's decision under division (D) of	2005
section 4123.511 of the Revised Code. The filing of the notice of	2006
the appeal with the court is the only act required to perfect the	2007
appeal.	2008

If an action has been commenced in a court of a county other than a court of a county having jurisdiction over the action, the court, upon notice by any party or upon its own motion, shall transfer the action to a court of a county having jurisdiction.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this section, if 2013 the commission determines under section 4123.522 of the Revised 2014 Code that an employee, employer, or their respective 2015 representatives have not received written notice of an order or 2016 decision which is appealable to a court under this section and 2017

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which grants relief pursuant to section 4123.522 of the Revised	2018
Code, the party granted the relief has sixty days from receipt of	2019
the order under section 4123.522 of the Revised Code to file a	2020
notice of appeal under this section.	2021

(B) The notice of appeal shall state the names of the 2022 administrator of workers' compensation, the claimant, and the 2023 employer; the number of the claim; the date of the order appealed 2024 from; and the fact that the appellant appeals therefrom. 2025

The administrator, the claimant, and the employer shall be 2026 parties to the appeal and the court, upon the application of the 2027 commission, shall make the commission a party. The party filing 2028 the appeal shall serve a copy of the notice of appeal on the 2029 administrator at the central office of the bureau of workers' 2030 compensation in Columbus. The administrator shall notify the 2031 employer that if the employer fails to become an active party to 2032 the appeal, then the administrator may act on behalf of the 2033 employer and the results of the appeal could have an adverse 2034 effect upon the employer's premium rates or may result in a 2035 recovery from the employer if the employer is determined to be a 2036 noncomplying employer under section 4123.75 of the Revised Code. 2037

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- (C) The attorney general or one or more of the attorney general's assistants or special counsel designated by the attorney general shall represent the administrator and the commission. In the event the attorney general or the attorney general's designated assistants or special counsel are absent, the administrator or the commission shall select one or more of the attorneys in the employ of the administrator or the commission as the administrator's attorney or the commission's attorney in the appeal. Any attorney so employed shall continue the representation during the entire period of the appeal and in all hearings thereof except where the continued representation becomes impractical.
 - (D) Upon receipt of notice of appeal, the clerk of courts

shall	provide	notice	to	all	parties	who	are	appellees	and	to	the	:	2050
commis	ssion.												2051

The claimant shall, within thirty days after the filing of 2052 the notice of appeal, file a petition containing a statement of 2053 facts in ordinary and concise language showing a cause of action 2054 to participate or to continue to participate in the fund and 2055 setting forth the basis for the jurisdiction of the court over the 2056 action. Further pleadings shall be had in accordance with the 2057 Rules of Civil Procedure, provided that service of summons on such 2058 petition shall not be required and provided that the claimant may 2059 not dismiss the complaint without the employer's consent if the 2060 employer is the party that filed the notice of appeal to court 2061 pursuant to this section. The clerk of the court shall, upon 2062 receipt thereof, transmit by certified mail a copy thereof to each 2063 party named in the notice of appeal other than the claimant. Any 2064 party may file with the clerk prior to the trial of the action a 2065 deposition of any physician taken in accordance with the 2066 provisions of the Revised Code, which deposition may be read in 2067 the trial of the action even though the physician is a resident of 2068 or subject to service in the county in which the trial is had. The 2069 bureau of workers' compensation shall pay the cost of the 2070 stenographic deposition filed in court and of copies of the 2071 stenographic deposition for each party from the surplus fund and 2072 charge the costs thereof against the unsuccessful party if the 2073 claimant's right to participate or continue to participate is 2074 finally sustained or established in the appeal. In the event the 2075 deposition is taken and filed, the physician whose deposition is 2076 taken is not required to respond to any subpoena issued in the 2077 trial of the action. The court, or the jury under the instructions 2078 of the court, if a jury is demanded, shall determine the right of 2079 the claimant to participate or to continue to participate in the 2080 fund upon the evidence adduced at the hearing of the action. 2081 (E) The court shall certify its decision to the commission 2082 and the certificate shall be entered in the records of the court. 2083 Appeals from the judgment are governed by the law applicable to 2084 the appeal of civil actions. 2085

- (F) The cost of any legal proceedings authorized by this 2086 section, including an attorney's fee to the claimant's attorney to 2087 be fixed by the trial judge, based upon the effort expended, in 2088 the event the claimant's right to participate or to continue to 2089 participate in the fund is established upon the final 2090 determination of an appeal, shall be taxed against the employer or 2091 the commission if the commission or the administrator rather than 2092 the employer contested the right of the claimant to participate in 2093 the fund. The attorney's fee shall not exceed forty-two hundred 2094 dollars. 2095
- (G) If the finding of the court or the verdict of the jury is 2096 in favor of the claimant's right to participate in the fund, the 2097 commission and the administrator shall thereafter proceed in the 2098 matter of the claim as if the judgment were the decision of the 2099 commission, subject to the power of modification provided by 2100 section 4123.52 of the Revised Code.
- (H)(1) An appeal from an order issued under division (E) of 2102 section 4123.511 of the Revised Code or any action filed in court 2103 in a case in which an award of compensation or medical benefits 2104 has been made shall not stay the payment of compensation or 2105 medical benefits under the award, or payment for subsequent 2106 periods of total disability or medical benefits during the 2107 pendency of the appeal. If, in a final administrative or judicial 2108 action, it is determined that payments of compensation or 2109 benefits, or both, made to or on behalf of a claimant should not 2110 have been made, the amount thereof shall be charged to the surplus 2111 fund account under division (B) of section 4123.34 of the Revised 2112 Code. In the event the employer is a state risk, the amount shall 2113

not be charged to the employer's experience, and the administrator	2114
shall adjust the employer's account accordingly. In the event the	2115
employer is a self-insuring employer, the self-insuring employer	2116
shall deduct the amount from the paid compensation the	2117
self-insuring employer reports to the administrator under division	2118
(L) of section 4123.35 of the Revised Code. If an employer is a	2119
state risk and has paid an assessment for a violation of a	2120
specific safety requirement, and, in a final administrative or	2121
judicial action, it is determined that the employer did not	2122
violate the specific safety requirement, the administrator shall	2123
reimburse the employer from the surplus fund account under	2124
division (B) of section 4123.34 of the Revised Code for the amount	2125
of the assessment the employer paid for the violation.	2126
(2)(a) Notwithstanding a final determination that payments of	2127
benefits made to or on behalf of a claimant should not have been	2128
made, the administrator or self-insuring employer shall award	2129
payment of medical or vocational rehabilitation services submitted	2130
for payment after the date of the final determination if all of	2131
the following apply:	2132
(i) The services were approved and were rendered by the	2133
provider in good faith prior to the date of the final	2134
determination.	2135
(ii) The services were payable under division (I) of section	2136
4123.511 of the Revised Code prior to the date of the final	2137
determination.	2138
(iii) The request for payment is submitted within the time	2139
limit set forth in section 4123.52 of the Revised Code.	2140
(b) Payments made under division (H)(1) of this section shall	2141
be charged to the surplus fund account under division (B) of	2142
section 4123.34 of the Revised Code. If the employer of the	2143
employee who is the subject of a claim described in division	2144

(H)(2)(a) of this section is a state fund employer, the payments	2145
made under that division shall not be charged to the employer's	2146
experience. If that employer is a self-insuring employer, the	2147
self-insuring employer shall deduct the amount from the paid	2148
compensation the self-insuring employer reports to the	2149
administrator under division (L) of section 4123.35 of the Revised	2150
Code.	2151

- (c) Division (H)(2) of this section shall apply only to a 2152 claim under this chapter or Chapter 4121., 4127., or 4131. of the 2153 Revised Code arising on or after July 29, 2011.
- (3) A self-insuring employer may elect to pay compensation 2155 and benefits under this section directly to an employee or an 2156 employee's dependents by filing an application with the bureau of 2157 workers' compensation not more than one hundred eighty days and 2158 not less than ninety days before the first day of the employer's 2159 next six-month coverage period. If the self-insuring employer 2160 timely files the application, the application is effective on the 2161 first day of the employer's next six-month coverage period, 2162 provided that the administrator shall compute the employer's 2163 assessment for the surplus fund account due with respect to the 2164 period during which that application was filed without regard to 2165 the filing of the application. On and after the effective date of 2166 the employer's election, the self-insuring employer shall pay 2167 directly to an employee or to an employee's dependents 2168 compensation and benefits under this section regardless of the 2169 date of the injury or occupational disease, and the employer shall 2170 receive no money or credits from the surplus fund account on 2171 account of those payments and shall not be required to pay any 2172 amounts into the surplus fund account on account of this section. 2173 The election made under this division is irrevocable. 2174
- (I) All actions and proceedings under this section which are the subject of an appeal to the court of common pleas or the court

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of	appeals	s shall	be	preferred	ove	er a	all o	ther	civi	.1	actions	except	2177
ele	ction o	causes,	irı	respective	of	pos	sitio	n on	the	са	alendar.		2178

This section applies to all decisions of the commission or 2179 the administrator on November 2, 1959, and all claims filed 2180 thereafter are governed by sections 4123.511 and 4123.512 of the 2181 Revised Code.

Any action pending in common pleas court or any other court 2183 on January 1, 1986, under this section is governed by former 2184 sections 4123.514, 4123.515, 4123.516, and 4123.519 and section 2185 4123.522 of the Revised Code.

Sec. 4123.56. (A) Except as provided in division (D) of this 2187 section, in the case of temporary disability, an employee shall 2188 receive sixty-six and two-thirds per cent of the employee's 2189 average weekly wage so long as such disability is total, not to 2190 exceed a maximum amount of weekly compensation which is equal to 2191 the statewide average weekly wage as defined in division (C) of 2192 section 4123.62 of the Revised Code, and not less than a minimum 2193 amount of compensation which is equal to thirty-three and 2194 one-third per cent of the statewide average weekly wage as defined 2195 in division (C) of section 4123.62 of the Revised Code unless the 2196 employee's wage is less than thirty-three and one-third per cent 2197 of the minimum statewide average weekly wage, in which event the 2198 employee shall receive compensation equal to the employee's full 2199 wages; provided that for the first twelve weeks of total 2200 disability the employee shall receive seventy-two per cent of the 2201 employee's full weekly wage, but not to exceed a maximum amount of 2202 weekly compensation which is equal to the lesser of the statewide 2203 average weekly wage as defined in division (C) of section 4123.62 2204 of the Revised Code or one hundred per cent of the employee's net 2205 take-home weekly wage. In the case of a self-insuring employer, 2206 payments shall be for a duration based upon the medical reports of 2207

the attending physician. If the employer disputes the attending	2208
physician's report, payments may be terminated only upon	2209
application and hearing by a district hearing officer pursuant to	2210
division (C) of section 4123.511 of the Revised Code. Payments	2211
shall continue pending the determination of the matter, however	2212
payment shall not be made for the period when any employee has	2213
returned to work, when an employee's treating physician has made a	2214
written statement that the employee is capable of returning to the	2215
employee's former position of employment, when work within the	2216
physical capabilities of the employee is made available by the	2217
employer or another employer, or when the employee has reached the	2218
maximum medical improvement. Where the employee is capable of work	2219
activity, but the employee's employer is unable to offer the	2220
employee any employment, the employee shall register with the	2221
director of job and family services, who shall assist the employee	2222
in finding suitable employment. The termination of temporary total	2223
disability, whether by order or otherwise, does not preclude the	2224
commencement of temporary total disability at another point in	2225
time if the employee again becomes temporarily totally disabled.	2226

After two hundred weeks of temporary total disability 2227 benefits, the medical section of the bureau of workers' 2228 compensation shall schedule the claimant for an examination for an 2229 evaluation to determine whether or not the temporary disability 2230 has become permanent. A self-insuring employer shall notify the 2231 bureau immediately after payment of two hundred weeks of temporary 2232 total disability and request that the bureau schedule the claimant 2233 for such an examination. 2234

When the employee is awarded compensation for temporary total 2235 disability for a period for which the employee has received 2236 benefits under Chapter 4141. of the Revised Code, the bureau shall 2237 pay an amount equal to the amount received from the award to the 2238 director of job and family services and the director shall credit 2239

the amount to the accounts of the employers to whose accounts the	2240
payment of benefits was charged or is chargeable to the extent it	2241
was charged or is chargeable.	2242

If any compensation under this section has been paid for the 2243 same period or periods for which temporary nonoccupational 2244 accident and sickness insurance is or has been paid pursuant to an 2245 insurance policy or program to which the employer has made the 2246 entire contribution or payment for providing insurance or under a 2247 nonoccupational accident and sickness program fully funded by the 2248 employer, except as otherwise provided in this division 2249 compensation paid under this section for the period or periods 2250 shall be paid only to the extent by which the payment or payments 2251 exceeds the amount of the nonoccupational insurance or program 2252 paid or payable. Offset of the compensation shall be made only 2253 upon the prior order of the bureau or industrial commission or 2254 agreement of the claimant. If an employer provides supplemental 2255 sick leave benefits in addition to temporary total disability 2256 compensation paid under this section, and if the employer and an 2257 employee agree in writing to the payment of the supplemental sick 2258 leave benefits, temporary total disability benefits may be paid 2259 without an offset for those supplemental sick leave benefits. 2260

As used in this division, "net take-home weekly wage" means 2261 the amount obtained by dividing an employee's total remuneration, 2262 as defined in section 4141.01 of the Revised Code, paid to or 2263 earned by the employee during the first four of the last five 2264 completed calendar quarters which immediately precede the first 2265 day of the employee's entitlement to benefits under this division, 2266 by the number of weeks during which the employee was paid or 2267 earned remuneration during those four quarters, less the amount of 2268 local, state, and federal income taxes deducted for each such 2269 week. 2270

(B)(1) If an employee in a claim allowed under this chapter

suffers a wage loss as a result of returning to employment other	2272
than the employee's former position of employment due to an injury	2273
or occupational disease, the employee shall receive compensation	2274
at sixty-six and two-thirds per cent of the difference between the	2275
employee's average weekly wage and the employee's present earnings	2276
not to exceed the statewide average weekly wage. The payments may	2277
continue for up to a maximum of two hundred weeks, but the	2278
payments shall be reduced by the corresponding number of weeks in	2279
which the employee receives payments pursuant to division	2280
$\frac{(B)(A)(2)}{(B)(B)}$ of section 4121.67 Of the Revised Code.	2281

- (2) If an employee in a claim allowed under this chapter 2282 suffers a wage loss as a result of being unable to find employment 2283 consistent with the employee's disability resulting from the 2284 employee's injury or occupational disease, the employee shall 2285 receive compensation at sixty-six and two-thirds per cent of the 2286 difference between the employee's average weekly wage and the 2287 employee's present earnings, not to exceed the statewide average 2288 weekly wage. The payments may continue for up to a maximum of 2289 fifty-two weeks. The first twenty-six weeks of payments under 2290 division (B)(2) of this section shall be in addition to the 2291 maximum of two hundred weeks of payments allowed under division 2292 (B)(1) of this section. If an employee in a claim allowed under 2293 this chapter receives compensation under division (B)(2) of this 2294 section in excess of twenty-six weeks, the number of weeks of 2295 compensation allowable under division (B)(1) of this section shall 2296 be reduced by the corresponding number of weeks in excess of 2297 twenty-six, and up to fifty-two, that is allowable under division 2298 (B)(1) of this section. 2299
- (3) The number of weeks of wage loss payable to an employee 2300 under divisions (B)(1) and (2) of this section shall not exceed 2301 two hundred and twenty-six weeks in the aggregate. 2302
 - (C) In the event an employee of a professional sports

franchise domiciled in this state is disabled as the result of an	2304
injury or occupational disease, the total amount of payments made	2305
under a contract of hire or collective bargaining agreement to the	2306
employee during a period of disability is deemed an advanced	2307
payment of compensation payable under sections 4123.56 to 4123.58	2308
of the Revised Code. The employer shall be reimbursed the total	2309
amount of the advanced payments out of any award of compensation	2310
made pursuant to sections 4123.56 to 4123.58 of the Revised Code.	2311
(D) If an employee receives temporary total disability	2312
benefits pursuant to division (A) of this section and social	2313
security retirement benefits pursuant to the "Social Security	2314
Act," the weekly benefit amount under division (A) of this section	2315
shall not exceed sixty-six and two-thirds per cent of the	2316
statewide average weekly wage as defined in division (C) of	2317
section 4123.62 of the Revised Code.	2318
Sec. 4123.59. In case an injury to or an occupational disease	2319
contracted by an employee causes his the employee's death,	2320
benefits shall be in the amount and to the persons following:	2321
(A) If there are no dependents, the disbursements from the	2322
state insurance fund is limited to the expenses provided for in	2323
section 4123.66 of the Revised Code.	2324
(B) If there are wholly dependent persons at the time of the	2325
death, the weekly payment is sixty-six and two-thirds per cent of	2326
the average weekly wage, but not to exceed a maximum aggregate	2327
amount of weekly compensation which is equal to sixty-six and	2328
two-thirds per cent of the statewide average weekly wage as	2329
defined in division (C) of section 4123.62 of the Revised Code,	2330
and not in any event less than a minimum amount of weekly	2331
compensation which is equal to fifty per cent of the statewide	2332
average weekly wage as defined in division (C) of section 4123.62	2333

of the Revised Code, regardless of the average weekly wage;

provided however, that if the death is due to injury received or	2335
occupational disease first diagnosed after January 1, 1976, the	2336
weekly payment is sixty-six and two-thirds per cent of the average	2337
weekly wage but not to exceed a maximum aggregate amount of weekly	2338
compensation which is equal to the statewide average weekly wage	2339
as defined in division (C) of section 4123.62 of the Revised Code;	2340
provided that when any claimant is receiving total disability	2341
compensation at the time of death the wholly dependent person is	2342
eligible for the maximum compensation provided for in this	2343
section. Where there is more than one person who is wholly	2344
dependent at the time of the death of the employee, the	2345
administrator of workers' compensation shall promptly apportion	2346
the weekly amount of compensation payable under this section among	2347
the dependent persons as provided in division (D) of this section.	2348
(1) The payment as provided in this section shall continue	2349
from the date of death of an injured or disabled employee until	2350
the death or remarriage of such dependent spouse. If the dependent	2351
spouse remarries, an amount equal to two years of compensation	2352
benefits at the weekly amount determined to be applicable to and	2353
being paid to the dependent spouse shall be paid in a lump sum to	2354
such spouse and no further compensation shall be paid to such	2355
spouse.	2356
(2) That portion of the payment provided in division (B) of	2357
this section applicable to wholly dependent persons other than a	2358
spouse shall continue from the date of death of an injured or	2359
disabled employee to a dependent as of the date of death, other	2360
than a spouse, at the weekly amount determined to be applicable	2361
and being paid to such dependent other than a spouse, until he the	2362
<u>dependent</u> :	2363
(a) Reaches eighteen years of age;	2364

(b) If pursuing a full time educational program while

enrolled in an accredited educational institution and program,

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reaches twenty-five years of age;	2367
(c) If mentally or physically incapacitated from having any	2368
earnings, is no longer so incapacitated.	2369
(3)(a) Payments under division (B) of this section to a	2370
dependent described in division (B)(2)(c) of this section shall	2371
not be terminated due to the dependent's employment in a sheltered	2372
workshop if the dependent does not receive income, compensation,	2373
or remuneration from that employment in excess of two thousand	2374
dollars in any calendar quarter.	2375
(b) As used in division (B)(3) of this section, "sheltered	2376
workshop" has the same meaning as in section 4123.58 of the	2377
Revised Code.	2378
(C) If there are partly dependent persons at the time of the	2379
death the weekly payment is sixty-six and two-thirds per cent of	2380
the employee's average weekly wage, not to exceed sixty-six and	2381
two-thirds per cent of the statewide average weekly wage as	2382
defined in division (C) of section 4123.62 of the Revised Code,	2383
and shall continue for such time as the administrator in each case	2384
determines.	2385
(D) The following persons are presumed to be wholly dependent	2386
for their support upon a deceased employee:	2387
(1) A surviving spouse who was living with the employee at	2388
the time of death or a surviving spouse who was separated from the	2389
employee at the time of death because of the aggression of the	2390
employee;	2391
(2) A child under the age of eighteen years, or twenty-five	2392
years if pursuing a full-time educational program while enrolled	2393
in an accredited educational institution and program, or over said	2394
age if physically or mentally incapacitated from earning, upon	2395
only the one parent who is contributing more than one-half of the	2396
support for such child and with whom be the child is living at the	2397

As introduced	
time of the death of such parent, or for whose maintenance such	2398
parent was legally liable at the time of his the parent's death.	2399
It is presumed that there is sufficient dependency to entitle	2400
a surviving natural parent or surviving natural parents, share and	2401
share alike, with whom the decedent was living at the time of $\frac{1}{2}$	2402
the decedent's death, to a total minimum award of three thousand	2403
dollars.	2404
The administrator may take into consideration any	2405
circumstances which, at the time of the death of the decedent,	2406
clearly indicate prospective dependency on the part of the	2407
claimant and potential support on the part of the decedent. No	2408
person shall be considered a prospective dependent unless such	2409
person is a member of the family of the deceased employee and	2410
bears to him the deceased employee the relation of surviving	2411

total award for any or all prospective dependency to all such 2413

deceased, shall not exceed three thousand dollars to be 2415

apportioned among them as the administrator orders.

spouse, lineal descendant, ancestor, or brother or sister. The

claimants, except to a natural parent or natural parents of the

In all other cases, the question of dependency, in whole or 2417 in part, shall be determined in accordance with the facts in each 2418 particular case existing at the time of the injury resulting in 2419 the death of such employee, but no person shall be considered as 2420 dependent unless such person is a member of the family of the 2421 deceased employee, or bears to him the deceased employee the 2422 relation of surviving spouse, lineal descendant, ancestor, or 2423 brother or sister. 2424

(E) An order issued by the administrator under this section 2425 is appealable pursuant to sections 4123.511 to 4123.512 of the 2426 Revised Code.

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As Introduced	

As introduced		
3FWO 855614 BLS SOII Grant \$	141,000 \$ 141,000	2453
TOTAL FED Federal Fund Group \$	1,872,000 \$ 1,872,000	2454
TOTAL ALL BUDGET FUND GROUPS \$	276,242,967 \$ 276,242,967	2455
WORKERS' COMPENSATION FRAUD UNIT		2456
Of the foregoing appropriation it	em 855410, Attorney General	2457
Payments, \$828,200 in each fiscal year shall be used to fund the		2458
expenses of the Workers' Compensation Fraud Unit within the		2459
Attorney General's Office. These payments shall be processed at		2460
the beginning of each quarter of each	fiscal year and deposited	2461
into the Workers' Compensation Section	Fund (Fund 1950) used by	2462
the Attorney General.		2463
SAFETY AND HYGIENE		2464
Notwithstanding section 4121.37 c	of the Revised Code, the	2465
Treasurer of State shall transfer \$21,	661,132 cash in fiscal year	2466
2016 and \$21,661,132 cash in fiscal ye	ear 2017 from the State	2467
Insurance Fund to the Safety and Hygie	ene Fund (Fund 8260).	2468
OSHA ON-SITE CONSULTATION PROGRAM	1	2469
A portion of the foregoing approp	oriation item 855609, Safety	2470
and Hygiene Operating, may be used to	provide the state match for	2471
federal funding of the Occupational Sa	fety and Health	2472
Administration's On-site Consultation	Program operated by the	2473
Division of Safety and Hygiene.		2474
VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION		2475
The Bureau of Workers' Compensati	on and the Opportunities for	2476
Ohioans with Disabilities Agency shall	enter into an interagency	2477
agreement for the provision of vocation	onal rehabilitation services	2478
and staff to mutually eligible clients	. The Bureau may provide not	2479
more than \$605,407 in fiscal year 2016	and \$605,407 in fiscal year	2480
2017 from the State Insurance Fund to	fund vocational	2481
rehabilitation services and staff in a	accordance with the	2482
interagency agreement.		2483

Section 4. DEPUTY INSPECTOR GENERAL FOR BWC AND OIC FUNDING	2484
To pay for the FY 2016 costs related to the Deputy Inspector	2485
General for the Bureau of Workers' Compensation and Industrial	2486
Commission, on July 1, 2015, and January 1, 2016, or as soon as	2487
possible thereafter, the Director of Budget and Management shall	2488
transfer \$212,500 in cash from the Workers' Compensation Fund	2489
(Fund 7023) to the Deputy Inspector General for the Bureau of	2490
Workers' Compensation and Industrial Commission Fund (Fund 5FT0).	2491
To pay for the FY 2017 costs related to the Deputy Inspector	2492
General for the Bureau of Workers' Compensation and Industrial	2493
Commission, on July 1, 2016, and January 1, 2017, or as soon as	2494
possible thereafter, the Director of Budget and Management shall	2495
transfer \$212,500 in cash from the Workers' Compensation Fund	2496
(Fund 7023) to the Deputy Inspector General for the Bureau of	2497
Workers' Compensation and Industrial Commission Fund (Fund 5FT0).	2498
If additional amounts are needed, the Inspector General may	2499
seek Controlling Board approval for additional transfers of cash	2500
and to increase the amount appropriated in appropriation item	2501
965604, Deputy Inspector General for the Bureau of Workers'	2502
Compensation and Industrial Commission.	2503
Section 5. Law contained in the Main Operating Appropriations	2504
Act of the 131st General Assembly that applies generally to the	2505
appropriations made in that act also applies generally to the	2506
appropriations made in this act.	2507
appropriations made in this act.	2507
Section 6. The provisions of law contained in this act, and	2508
their applications, are severable. If any provision of law	2509
contained in this act, or if any application of any provision of	2510
law contained in this act, is held invalid, the invalidity does	2511
not affect other provisions of law contained in this act and their	2512
applications that can be given effect without the invalid	2513

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provision or application.	2514
Section 7. Except as otherwise specifically provided in this	2515
act, the amendment, enactment, or repeal by this act of a section	2516
of law is exempt from the referendum under Ohio Constitution,	2517
Article II, Section 1d and section 1.471 of the Revised Code and	2518
therefore takes effect immediately when this act becomes law.	2519
Section 8. The amendment, enactment, or repeal by this act of	2520
the divisions and sections of law listed below are subject to the	2521
referendum under Ohio Constitution, Article II, Section 1c and	2522
therefore take effect on the ninety-first day after this act is	2523
filed with the Secretary of State:	2524
All Revised Code sections in Section 1 of this act.	2525