As Passed by the House

131st General Assembly Regular Session 2015-2016

Am. H. B. No. 52

Representative Hackett

Cosponsors: Representatives Amstutz, Anielski, Baker, Barnes, Bishoff, Blessing, Boose, Boyd, Brown, Buchy, Burkley, Conditt, Cupp, Derickson, Dever, Dovilla, Duffey, Grossman, Henne, Kraus, McClain, O'Brien, S., Perales, Reineke, Retherford, Romanchuk, Schaffer, Sears, Smith, R., Sprague, Terhar, Thompson, Speaker Rosenberger

ABILL

Го	amend sections 119.12, 4121.129, 4121.37, 4121.61,	1
	4121.65, 4121.66, 4121.67, 4121.68, 4123.01,	2
	4123.291, 4123.34, 4123.343, 4123.35, 4123.351,	3
	4123.411, 4123.419, 4123.512, 4123.56, and 4123.59	4
	and to repeal section 4121.48 of the Revised Code	5
	to make changes to the Workers' Compensation Law,	6
	to make appropriations for the Bureau of Workers'	7
	Compensation for the biennium beginning July 1,	8
	2015, and ending June 30, 2017, and to provide	9
	authorization and conditions for the operation of	10
	the Bureau's programs	11

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 119.12, 4121.129, 4121.37, 4121.61,	12
4121.65, 4121.66, 4121.67, 4121.68, 4123.01, 4123.291, 4123.34,	13
4123.343, 4123.35, 4123.351, 4123.411, 4123.419, 4123.512,	14
4123.56, and 4123.59 of the Revised Code be amended to read as	15
follows:	16

Sec. 119.12. Any (A)(1) Except as provided in division (A)(2)	17
or (3) of this section, any party adversely affected by any order	18
of an agency issued pursuant to an adjudication denying an	19
applicant admission to an examination, or denying the issuance or	20
renewal of a license or registration of a licensee, or revoking or	21
suspending a license, or allowing the payment of a forfeiture	22
under section 4301.252 of the Revised Code may appeal from the	23
order of the agency to the court of common pleas of the county in	24
which the place of business of the licensee is located or the	25
county in which the licensee is a resident, except that appeals.	26
(2) An appeal from decisions of the an order described in	27
division (A)(1) of this section issued by any of the following	28
agencies shall be made to the court of common pleas of Franklin	29
county:	30
(a) The liquor control commission, the;	31
(b) The state medical board-;	32
(c) The state chiropractic board, and;	33
(d) The board of nursing shall be to the court of common	34
pleas of Franklin county ;	35
(e) The bureau of workers' compensation regarding	36
participation in the health partnership program created in	37
sections 4121.44 and 4121.441 of the Revised Code. ##	38
(3) If any party appealing from the an order described in	39
division (A)(1) of this section is not a resident of and has no	40
place of business in this state, the party may appeal to the court	41
of common pleas of Franklin county.	42
(B) Any party adversely affected by any order of an agency	43
issued pursuant to any other adjudication may appeal to the court	44
of common pleas of Franklin county, except that appeals from	45
orders of the fire marshal issued under Chapter 3737. of the	46

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Revised Code may be to the court of common pleas of the county in 47 which the building of the aggrieved person is located and except 48 that appeals under division (B) of section 124.34 of the Revised 49 Code from a decision of the state personnel board of review or a 50 municipal or civil service township civil service commission shall 51 be taken to the court of common pleas of the county in which the 52 appointing authority is located or, in the case of an appeal by 53 the department of rehabilitation and correction, to the court of 54 common pleas of Franklin county. 55

(C) This section does not apply to appeals from the department of taxation.

(D) Any party desiring to appeal shall file a notice of 58 appeal with the agency setting forth the order appealed from and 59 stating that the agency's order is not supported by reliable, 60 probative, and substantial evidence and is not in accordance with 61 law. The notice of appeal may, but need not, set forth the 62 specific grounds of the party's appeal beyond the statement that 63 the agency's order is not supported by reliable, probative, and 64 substantial evidence and is not in accordance with law. The notice 65 of appeal shall also be filed by the appellant with the court. In 66 filing a notice of appeal with the agency or court, the notice 67 that is filed may be either the original notice or a copy of the 68 original notice. Unless otherwise provided by law relating to a 69 particular agency, notices of appeal shall be filed within fifteen 70 days after the mailing of the notice of the agency's order as 71 provided in this section. For purposes of this paragraph, an order 72 includes a determination appealed pursuant to division (C) of 73 section 119.092 of the Revised Code. The amendments made to this 74 paragraph by Sub. H.B. 215 of the 128th general assembly are 75 procedural, and this paragraph as amended by those amendments 76 shall be applied retrospectively to all appeals pursuant to this 77 paragraph filed before the effective date of those amendments 78

September 13, 2010, but not earlier than May 7, 2009, which was	79
the date the supreme court of Ohio released its opinion and	80
judgment in Medcorp, Inc. v. Ohio Dep't. of Job and Family Servs.	81
(2009), 121 Ohio St.3d 622.	82

(E) The filing of a notice of appeal shall not automatically 83 operate as a suspension of the order of an agency. If it appears 84 to the court that an unusual hardship to the appellant will result 85 from the execution of the agency's order pending determination of 86 the appeal, the court may grant a suspension and fix its terms. If 87 an appeal is taken from the judgment of the court and the court 88 has previously granted a suspension of the agency's order as 89 provided in this section, the suspension of the agency's order 90 shall not be vacated and shall be given full force and effect 91 until the matter is finally adjudicated. No renewal of a license 92 or permit shall be denied by reason of the suspended order during 93 the period of the appeal from the decision of the court of common 94 pleas. In the case of an appeal from the state medical board or 95 state chiropractic board, the court may grant a suspension and fix 96 its terms if it appears to the court that an unusual hardship to 97 the appellant will result from the execution of the agency's order 98 pending determination of the appeal and the health, safety, and 99 welfare of the public will not be threatened by suspension of the 100 order. This provision shall not be construed to limit the factors 101 the court may consider in determining whether to suspend an order 102 of any other agency pending determination of an appeal. 103

(F) The final order of adjudication may apply to any renewal 104 of a license or permit which has been granted during the period of 105 the appeal.

(G) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, any 107 order issued by a court of common pleas or a court of appeals 108 suspending the effect of an order of the liquor control commission 109 issued pursuant to Chapter 4301. or 4303. of the Revised Code that 110

suspends, revokes, or cancels a permit issued under Chapter 4303.	111
of the Revised Code or that allows the payment of a forfeiture	112
under section 4301.252 of the Revised Code shall terminate not	113
more than six months after the date of the filing of the record of	114
the liquor control commission with the clerk of the court of	115
common pleas and shall not be extended. The court of common pleas,	116
or the court of appeals on appeal, shall render a judgment in that	117
matter within six months after the date of the filing of the	118
record of the liquor control commission with the clerk of the	119
court of common pleas. A court of appeals shall not issue an order	120
suspending the effect of an order of the liquor control commission	121
that extends beyond six months after the date on which the record	122
of the liquor control commission is filed with a court of common	123
pleas.	124

(H) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, any 125 order issued by a court of common pleas suspending the effect of 126 an order of the state medical board or state chiropractic board 127 that limits, revokes, suspends, places on probation, or refuses to 128 register or reinstate a certificate issued by the board or 129 reprimands the holder of the certificate shall terminate not more 130 than fifteen months after the date of the filing of a notice of 131 appeal in the court of common pleas, or upon the rendering of a 132 final decision or order in the appeal by the court of common 133 pleas, whichever occurs first. 134

(I) Within thirty days after receipt of a notice of appeal 135 from an order in any case in which a hearing is required by 136 sections 119.01 to 119.13 of the Revised Code, the agency shall 137 prepare and certify to the court a complete record of the 138 proceedings in the case. Failure of the agency to comply within 139 the time allowed, upon motion, shall cause the court to enter a 140 finding in favor of the party adversely affected. Additional time, 141 however, may be granted by the court, not to exceed thirty days, 142

when it is shown that the agency has made substantial effort to	143
comply. The record shall be prepared and transcribed, and the	144
expense of it shall be taxed as a part of the costs on the appeal.	145
The appellant shall provide security for costs satisfactory to the	146
court of common pleas. Upon demand by any interested party, the	147
agency shall furnish at the cost of the party requesting it a copy	148
of the stenographic report of testimony offered and evidence	149
submitted at any hearing and a copy of the complete record.	150
(J) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, any	151
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party desiring to appeal an order or decision of the state 152 personnel board of review shall, at the time of filing a notice of 153 appeal with the board, provide a security deposit in an amount and 154 manner prescribed in rules that the board shall adopt in 155 accordance with this chapter. In addition, the board is not 156 required to prepare or transcribe the record of any of its 157 proceedings unless the appellant has provided the deposit 158 described above. The failure of the board to prepare or transcribe 159 a record for an appellant who has not provided a security deposit 160 shall not cause a court to enter a finding adverse to the board. 161

(K) Unless otherwise provided by law, in the hearing of the appeal, the court is confined to the record as certified to it by 163 the agency. Unless otherwise provided by law, the court may grant 164 a request for the admission of additional evidence when satisfied 165 that the additional evidence is newly discovered and could not 166 with reasonable diligence have been ascertained prior to the 167 hearing before the agency.

(L) The court shall conduct a hearing on the appeal and shall 169 give preference to all proceedings under sections 119.01 to 119.13 170 of the Revised Code, over all other civil cases, irrespective of 171 the position of the proceedings on the calendar of the court. An 172 appeal from an order of the state medical board issued pursuant to 173 division (G) of either section 4730.25 or 4731.22 of the Revised 174

Code, or the state chiropractic board issued pursuant to section	175
4734.37 of the Revised Code, or the liquor control commission	176
issued pursuant to Chapter 4301. or 4303. of the Revised Code	177
shall be set down for hearing at the earliest possible time and	178
takes precedence over all other actions. The hearing in the court	179
of common pleas shall proceed as in the trial of a civil action,	180
and the court shall determine the rights of the parties in	181
accordance with the laws applicable to a civil action. At the	182
hearing, counsel may be heard on oral argument, briefs may be	183
submitted, and evidence may be introduced if the court has granted	184
a request for the presentation of additional evidence.	185

(M) The court may affirm the order of the agency complained 186 of in the appeal if it finds, upon consideration of the entire 187 record and any additional evidence the court has admitted, that 188 the order is supported by reliable, probative, and substantial 189 evidence and is in accordance with law. In the absence of this 190 finding, it may reverse, vacate, or modify the order or make such 191 other ruling as is supported by reliable, probative, and 192 substantial evidence and is in accordance with law. The court 193 shall award compensation for fees in accordance with section 194 2335.39 of the Revised Code to a prevailing party, other than an 195 agency, in an appeal filed pursuant to this section. 196

(N) The judgment of the court shall be final and conclusive 197 unless reversed, vacated, or modified on appeal. These appeals may 198 be taken either by the party or the agency, shall proceed as in 199 the case of appeals in civil actions, and shall be pursuant to the 200 Rules of Appellate Procedure and, to the extent not in conflict 201 with those rules, Chapter 2505. of the Revised Code. An appeal by 202 the agency shall be taken on questions of law relating to the 203 constitutionality, construction, or interpretation of statutes and 204 rules of the agency, and, in the appeal, the court may also review 205 and determine the correctness of the judgment of the court of 206

Page 8

Am. H. B. No. 52

(4) Monitor the implementation of any action plans created 237 pursuant to division (A)(3) of this section; 238 (5) Review all internal audit reports on a regular basis. 239 (B) There is hereby created the workers' compensation 240 actuarial committee consisting of at least three members. One 241 member shall be the member of the board who is an actuary. The 242 board, by majority vote, shall appoint two additional members of 243 the board to serve on the actuarial committee and may appoint 244 additional members who are not board members, as the board 245 determines necessary. Members of the actuarial committee serve at 246 the pleasure of the board and the board, by majority vote, may 247 remove any member except the member of the committee who is the 248 actuary member of the board. The board, by majority vote, shall 249 determine how often the actuarial committee shall meet and report 250 to the board. If the actuarial committee meets on the same day as 251 the board holds a meeting, no member shall be compensated for more 252 than one meeting held on that day. The actuarial committee shall 253 do both of the following: 254 (1) Recommend actuarial consultants for the board to use for 255 the funds specified in this chapter and Chapters 4123., 4127., and 256 4131. of the Revised Code; 257 (2) Review calculations on and approve the various rate 258 schedules and performance prepared and presented by the actuarial 259 division of the bureau or by actuarial consultants with whom the 260 board enters into a contract. 261 (C)(1) There is hereby created the workers' compensation 262 investment committee consisting of at least four members. Two of 263 the members shall be the members of the board who serve as the 264 investment and securities experts on the board. The board, by 265 majority vote, shall appoint two additional members of the board 266

to serve on the investment committee and may appoint additional

Page 10

Am. H. B. No. 52

compensation chief investment officer and any investment	298
consultants retained by the administrator to assure that the	299
investments of the assets of the funds specified in this chapter	300
and Chapters 4123., 4127., and 4131. of the Revised Code are made	301
in accordance with the investment policy approved by the board and	302
to assure compliance with the investment policy and effective	303
management of the funds.	304

Sec. 4121.37. The administrator of workers' compensation 305 having, by virtue of Section 35 of Article II, Ohio Constitution, 306 the expenditure of the fund therein created for the investigation 307 and prevention of industrial accidents and diseases, shall, with 308 the advice and consent of the bureau of workers' compensation 309 board of directors, in the exercise of the administrator's 310 authority and in the performance of the administrator's duty, 311 employ a superintendent and the necessary experts, engineers, 312 investigators, clerks, and stenographers occupational safety and 313 health professionals, and support staff for the efficient 314 operation of a division of safety and hygiene of the bureau of 315 workers' compensation, which is hereby created. 316

The administrator, with the advice and consent of the board, 317 shall pay into the safety and hygiene fund, which is hereby 318 created in the state treasury, the portion of the contributions 319 paid by employers, calculated as though all employers paid 320 premiums based upon payroll, not to exceed one per cent thereof in 321 any year, as is necessary for the payment of the salary of the 322 superintendent of the division of safety and hygiene and the 323 compensation of the other employees of the division of safety and 324 hygiene, and for the expenses of investigations and researches for 325 the prevention of industrial accidents and diseases, and for 326 operating the long-term care loan fund program established under 327 section 4121.48 of the Revised Code. All investment earnings of 328 the fund shall be credited to the fund. The administrator has the 329

same powers to invest any of the funds belonging to the fund as	330
are delegated to the administrator under section 4123.44 of the	331
Revised Code with respect to the state insurance fund. The	332
superintendent, under the direction of the administrator, with the	333
advice and consent of the board, shall conduct investigations and	334
researches for the prevention of industrial accidents and	335
diseases, conduct loss prevention programs and courses for	336
employers, establish and administrate cooperative programs with	337
employers for the purchase of individual safety equipment for	338
employees, and print and distribute information as may be of	339
benefit to employers and employees. The administrator shall pay	340
from the safety and hygiene fund the salary of the superintendent	341
of the division of safety and hygiene, the compensation of the	342
other employees of the division of safety and hygiene, the	343
expenses necessary or incidental to investigations and researches	344
for the prevention of industrial accidents and diseases, and the	345
cost of printing and distributing such information.	346

Page 12

The superintendent, under the direction of the administrator, 347 shall prepare an annual report, addressed to the governor, on the 348 amount of the expenditures and the purposes for which they have 349 been made, and the results of the investigations and researches. 350 The administrator shall include the administrative costs, 351 salaries, and other expenses of the division of safety and hygiene 352 as a part of the budget of the bureau of workers' compensation 353 that is submitted to the director of budget and management and 354 shall identify those expenditures separately from other bureau 355 expenditures. 356

The superintendent shall be a competent person with at least

five years' experience in industrial accident or disease

prevention work. The superintendent and up to six positions in the

division of safety and hygiene as the shall be in the unclassified

civil service of the state.

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The administrator, with the advice and consent of the board,	362
designates are may designate positions in the division that are in	363
the unclassified civil service of the state as long as the	364
administrator, with the advice and consent of the board,	365
determines the positions subordinate to the superintendent are	366
primarily and distinctively administrative, managerial, or	367
professional in character. All other full-time employees of the	368
division of safety and hygiene are in the classified civil service	369
of the state.	370
Sec. 4121.61. (A) As used in sections 4121.61 to 4121.70 of	371
the Revised Code, "self-insuring employer" has the same meaning as	372
in section 4123.01 of the Revised Code.	373
(B) The administrator of workers' compensation, with the	374
advice and consent of the bureau of workers' compensation board of	375
directors, shall adopt rules, take measures, and make expenditures	376
as it deems necessary to aid claimants who have sustained	377
compensable injuries or incurred compensable occupational diseases	378
pursuant to Chapter 4123., 4127., or 4131. of the Revised Code to	379
return to work or to assist in lessening or removing any resulting	380
handicap.	381
Sec. 4121.65. Employers who provide compensation and benefits	382
pursuant to section 4123.35 of the Revised Code also Self-insuring	383
employers may be granted authority to furnish rehabilitation	384
services as long as the quality and content of the same is	385
services are equal to or greater than that provided by the bureau	386
of workers' compensation, and prior approval therefor has been	387
given by the bureau.	388
Sec. 4121.66. (A) The Except as provided in division (D) of	389
this section, the administrator of workers' compensation shall pay	390

the expense of providing rehabilitation services, counseling,

training, and living maintenance payments from the surplus fund	392
established by section 4123.34 of the Revised Code.	393
(B) Living maintenance payments are not subject to	394
garnishment, levy, or attachment.	395
(C) Soctions 4122 242 4122 62 and 4122 64 of the Deviced	396
(C) Sections 4123.343, 4123.63, and 4123.64 of the Revised	
Code do not apply to living maintenance payments.	397
(D) A self-insuring employer under section 4123.35 of the	398
Revised Code may elect to shall pay directly to a claimant or to	399
the provider of the rehabilitation services, counseling, or	400
training the expenses listed in division (A) of this section by	401
filing an application with the bureau of workers' compensation not	402
more than one hundred eighty days and not less than ninety days	403
prior to the first day of the employer's next six month coverage	404
period. If the self-insuring employer timely files the	405
application, the application is effective on the first day of the	406
employer's next six month coverage period, provided that the	407
administrator shall compute the employer's assessment for the	408
surplus fund due with respect to the period during which such	409
application was filed without regard to the filing of the	410
application. Following the timely filing, the self insuring	411
employer shall pay directly to a claimant or to the provider of	412
the rehabilitation services, counseling, or training the expenses	413
listed in division (A) of this section for all periods of	414
rehabilitation occurring on or after the effective date of his	415
election, regardless of the date of the injury or occupational	416
disease, and he shall receive no money or credits from the surplus	417
fund on account of such payments and shall not be required to pay	418
any amounts into the surplus fund on account of this section,	419
provided that for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days	420
after the effective date of the application, the self-insuring	421
employer may submit to the bureau requests for reimbursement from	422

the surplus fund on account of payments made for services rendered

described in division (A) of this section directly as part of a

claim.

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Sec. 4121.68. In the event a claimant sustains an injury or occupational disease or dies as a result of any injury or disease received in the course of and arising out of the claimant's participation in a rehabilitation program, the claimant or, in the case of death, a dependent of the claimant, may file a claim for compensation and benefits. All compensation and benefit awards made as a result of the injury, disease, or death shall be charged to the surplus fund account, created pursuant to section 4123.34 of the Revised Code, and not charged through the state insurance fund to the employer against which the claim was allowed so long as the employer pays assessments into the surplus fund account for the payment of such compensation and benefits. If an employer is a self-insuring employer, the self-insuring employer shall pay these compensation and benefits directly as a part of a claim.

Sec. 4123.01. As used in this chapter:

(A)(1) "Employee" means:

(a) Every person in the service of the state, or of any county, municipal corporation, township, or school district therein, including regular members of lawfully constituted police and fire departments of municipal corporations and townships, whether paid or volunteer, and wherever serving within the state or on temporary assignment outside thereof, and executive officers of boards of education, under any appointment or contract of hire, express or implied, oral or written, including any elected official of the state, or of any county, municipal corporation, or township, or members of boards of education.

As used in division (A)(1)(a) of this section, the term 480
"employee" includes the following persons when responding to an 481
inherently dangerous situation that calls for an immediate 482
response on the part of the person, regardless of whether the 483

person is within the limits of the jurisdiction of the person's	484
regular employment or voluntary service when responding, on the	485
condition that the person responds to the situation as the person	486
otherwise would if the person were on duty in the person's	487
jurisdiction:	488
(i) Off-duty peace officers. As used in division (A)(1)(a)(i)	489
of this section, "peace officer" has the same meaning as in	490
section 2935.01 of the Revised Code.	491
(ii) Off-duty firefighters, whether paid or volunteer, of a	492
lawfully constituted fire department.	493
(iii) Off-duty first responders, emergency medical	494
technicians-basic, emergency medical technicians-intermediate, or	495
emergency medical technicians-paramedic, whether paid or	496
volunteer, of an ambulance service organization or emergency	497
medical service organization pursuant to Chapter 4765. of the	498
Revised Code.	499
(b) Every person in the service of any person, firm, or	500
private corporation, including any public service corporation,	501
that (i) employs one or more persons regularly in the same	502
business or in or about the same establishment under any contract	503
of hire, express or implied, oral or written, including aliens and	504
minors, household workers who earn one hundred sixty dollars or	505
more in cash in any calendar quarter from a single household and	506
casual workers who earn one hundred sixty dollars or more in cash	507
in any calendar quarter from a single employer, or (ii) is bound	508
by any such contract of hire or by any other written contract, to	509
pay into the state insurance fund the premiums provided by this	510
chapter.	511
(c) Every person who performs labor or provides services	512
pursuant to a construction contract, as defined in section 4123.79	513

of the Revised Code, if at least ten of the following criteria

Page 18

Am. H. B. No. 52

Am. H. B. No. 52

(b) Any officer of a family farm corporation;	574
(c) An individual incorporated as a corporation; or	575
(d) An officer of a nonprofit corporation, as defined in	576
section 1702.01 of the Revised Code, who volunteers the person's	577
services as a officer;	578
(e) An individual who otherwise is an employee of an employer	579
but who signs the waiver and affidavit specified in section	580
4123.15 of the Revised Code on the condition that the	581
administrator has granted a waiver and exception to the	582
individual's employer under section 4123.15 of the Revised Code.	583
Any employer may elect to include as an "employee" within	584
this chapter, any person excluded from the definition of	585
"employee" pursuant to division $(A)(2)(a)$, (b) , (c) , or (e) of	586
this section in accordance with rules adopted by the	587
administrator, with the advice and consent of the bureau of	588
workers' compensation board of directors. If an employer is a	589
partnership, sole proprietorship, individual incorporated as a	590
corporation, or family farm corporation, such employer may elect	591
to include as an "employee" within this chapter, any member of	592
such partnership, the owner of the sole proprietorship, the	593
individual incorporated as a corporation, or the officers of the	594
family farm corporation. In Nothing in this section shall prohibit	595
a partner, sole proprietor, or any person excluded from the	596
definition of "employee" pursuant to division (A)(2)(a), (b), (c),	597
or (e) of this section from electing to be included as an	598
"employee" under this chapter in accordance with rules adopted by	599
the administrator, with the advice and consent of the board.	600
In the event of an election, the employer or person electing	601
coverage shall serve upon the bureau of workers' compensation	602
written notice naming the $rac{persons}{person}$ to be covered $ au$ and	603
include such employee's the person's remuneration for premium	604

purposes in all future payroll reports , and no . No partner, sole	605
proprietor, or person excluded from the definition of "employee"	606
pursuant to division $(A)(2)(a)$, (b) , (c) , or (e) of this section,	607
proprietor, individual incorporated as a corporation, or partner	608
shall be deemed an employee within this division until the	609
employer has served such notice shall receive benefits or	610
compensation under this chapter until the bureau receives written	611
notice of the election permitted by this section.	612

For informational purposes only, the bureau shall prescribe 613 such language as it considers appropriate, on such of its forms as 614 it considers appropriate, to advise employers of their right to 615 elect to include as an "employee" within this chapter a sole 616 proprietor, any member of a partnership, an individual 617 incorporated as a corporation, the officers of a family farm 618 corporation, or a person excluded from the definition of 619 "employee" under division (A)(2)(a), (b), (c), or (e) of this 620 section, that they should check any health and disability 621 insurance policy, or other form of health and disability plan or 622 contract, presently covering them, or the purchase of which they 623 may be considering, to determine whether such policy, plan, or 624 contract excludes benefits for illness or injury that they might 625 have elected to have covered by workers' compensation. 626

(B) "Employer" means:

- (1) The state, including state hospitals, each county,

 municipal corporation, township, school district, and hospital

 owned by a political subdivision or subdivisions other than the

 state;

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- (2) Every person, firm, professional employer organization, 632 and private corporation, including any public service corporation, 633 that (a) has in service one or more employees or shared employees 634 regularly in the same business or in or about the same 635 establishment under any contract of hire, express or implied, oral 636

or written, or (b) is bound by any such contract of hire or by any	637
other written contract, to pay into the insurance fund the	638
premiums provided by this chapter.	639
All such employers are subject to this chapter. Any member of	640
a firm or association, who regularly performs manual labor in or	641
about a mine, factory, or other establishment, including a	642
household establishment, shall be considered an employee in	643
determining whether such person, firm, or private corporation, or	644
public service corporation, has in its service, one or more	645
employees and the employer shall report the income derived from	646
such labor to the bureau as part of the payroll of such employer,	647
and such member shall thereupon be entitled to all the benefits of	648
an employee.	649
(C) "Injury" includes any injury, whether caused by external	650
accidental means or accidental in character and result, received	651
in the course of, and arising out of, the injured employee's	652
employment. "Injury" does not include:	653
(1) Psychiatric conditions except where the claimant's	654
psychiatric conditions have arisen from an injury or occupational	655
disease sustained by that claimant or where the claimant's	656
psychiatric conditions have arisen from sexual conduct in which	657
the claimant was forced by threat of physical harm to engage or	658
participate;	659
(2) Injury or disability caused primarily by the natural	660
deterioration of tissue, an organ, or part of the body;	661
(3) Injury or disability incurred in voluntary participation	662
in an employer-sponsored recreation or fitness activity if the	663
employee signs a waiver of the employee's right to compensation or	664
benefits under this chapter prior to engaging in the recreation or	665
fitness activity;	666

(4) A condition that pre-existed an injury unless that

pre-existing condition is substantially aggravated by the injury. 668 Such a substantial aggravation must be documented by objective 669 diagnostic findings, objective clinical findings, or objective 670 test results. Subjective complaints may be evidence of such a 671 substantial aggravation. However, subjective complaints without 672 objective diagnostic findings, objective clinical findings, or 673 objective test results are insufficient to substantiate a 674 substantial aggravation. 675

- (D) "Child" includes a posthumous child and a child legally 676 adopted prior to the injury. 677
- (E) "Family farm corporation" means a corporation founded for 678 the purpose of farming agricultural land in which the majority of 679 the voting stock is held by and the majority of the stockholders 680 are persons or the spouse of persons related to each other within 681 the fourth degree of kinship, according to the rules of the civil 682 law, and at least one of the related persons is residing on or 683 actively operating the farm, and none of whose stockholders are a 684 corporation. A family farm corporation does not cease to qualify 685 under this division where, by reason of any devise, bequest, or 686 the operation of the laws of descent or distribution, the 687 ownership of shares of voting stock is transferred to another 688 person, as long as that person is within the degree of kinship 689 stipulated in this division. 690
- (F) "Occupational disease" means a disease contracted in the course of employment, which by its causes and the characteristics 692 of its manifestation or the condition of the employment results in 693 a hazard which distinguishes the employment in character from 694 employment generally, and the employment creates a risk of 695 contracting the disease in greater degree and in a different 696 manner from the public in general.
- (G) "Self-insuring employer" means an employer who is granted 698 the privilege of paying compensation and benefits directly under 699

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section 4123.35 of the Revised Code, including a board of county	700
commissioners for the sole purpose of constructing a sports	701
facility as defined in section 307.696 of the Revised Code,	702
provided that the electors of the county in which the sports	703
facility is to be built have approved construction of a sports	704
facility by ballot election no later than November 6, 1997.	705
(H) "Private employer" means an employer as defined in	706
division (B)(2) of this section.	707
(I) "Professional employer organization" has the same meaning	708
as in section 4125.01 of the Revised Code.	709
(J) "Public employer" means an employer as defined in	710
division (B)(1) of this section.	711
(K) "Sexual conduct" means vaginal intercourse between a male	712
and female; anal intercourse, fellatio, and cunnilingus between	713
persons regardless of gender; and, without privilege to do so, the	714
insertion, however slight, of any part of the body or any	715
instrument, apparatus, or other object into the vaginal or anal	716
cavity of another. Penetration, however slight, is sufficient to	717
complete vaginal or anal intercourse.	718
(L) "Other-states' insurer" means an insurance company that	719
is authorized to provide workers' compensation insurance coverage	720
in any of the states that permit employers to obtain insurance for	721
workers' compensation claims through insurance companies.	722
(M) "Other-states' coverage" means both of the following:	723
(1) Insurance coverage secured by an eligible employer for	724
workers' compensation claims of employees who are in employment	725
relationships localized in a state other than this state or those	726
employees' dependents;	727
(2) Insurance coverage secured by an eligible employer for	728

workers' compensation claims that arise in a state other than this

payment of premiums pursuant to section 4123.37 of the Revised

Code;

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(2) An employer request for the settlement of liability as a	761
noncomplying employer under section 4123.75 of the Revised Code;	762
(3) An employer petition objecting to an assessment made	763
pursuant to section 4123.37 of the Revised Code and the rules	764
adopted pursuant to that section;	765
(4) An employer request for the abatement of penalties	766
assessed pursuant to section 4123.32 of the Revised Code and the	767
rules adopted pursuant to that section;	768
(5) An employer protest relating to an audit finding or a	769
determination of a manual classification, experience rating, or	770
transfer or combination of risk experience;	771
(6) Any decision relating to any other risk premium matter	772
under Chapters 4121., 4123., and 4131. of the Revised Code;	773
(7) An employer petition objecting to the amount of security	774
required under division (D) of section 4125.05 of the Revised Code	775
and the rules adopted pursuant to that section.	776
An employer may request, in writing, that the administrator	777
waive the hearing before the administrator or the administrator's	778
designee. The administrator shall decide whether to grant or deny	779
a request to waive a hearing.	780
(C) The bureau of workers' compensation board of directors,	781
based upon recommendations of the workers' compensation actuarial	782
committee, shall establish the policy for all adjudicating	783
committee procedures, including, but not limited to, specific	784
criteria for manual premium rate adjustment.	785
Sec. 4123.34. It shall be the duty of the bureau of workers'	786
compensation board of directors and the administrator of workers'	787
compensation to safeguard and maintain the solvency of the state	788
insurance fund and all other funds specified in this chapter and	789
Chapters 4121., 4127., and 4131. of the Revised Code. The	790

administrator, in the exercise of the powers and discretion 791 conferred upon the administrator in section 4123.29 of the Revised 792 Code, shall fix and maintain, with the advice and consent of the 793 board, for each class of occupation or industry, the lowest 794 possible rates of premium consistent with the maintenance of a 795 solvent state insurance fund and the creation and maintenance of a 796 reasonable surplus, after the payment of legitimate claims for 797 injury, occupational disease, and death that the administrator 798 authorizes to be paid from the state insurance fund for the 799 benefit of injured, diseased, and the dependents of killed 800 employees. In establishing rates, the administrator shall take 801 into account the necessity of ensuring sufficient money is set 802 aside in the premium payment security fund to cover any defaults 803 in premium obligations. The administrator shall observe all of the 804 following requirements in fixing the rates of premium for the 805 risks of occupations or industries: 806

- (A) The administrator shall keep an accurate account of the 807 money paid in premiums by each of the several classes of 808 occupations or industries, and the losses on account of injuries, 809 occupational disease, and death of employees thereof, and also 810 keep an account of the money received from each individual 811 employer and the amount of losses incurred against the state 812 insurance fund on account of injuries, occupational disease, and 813 death of the employees of the employer. 814
- (B) A portion of the money paid into the state insurance fund 815 shall be set aside for the creation of a surplus fund account 816 within the state insurance fund. Any references in this chapter or 817 in Chapter 4121., 4125., 4127., or 4131. of the Revised Code to 818 the surplus fund, the surplus created in this division, the 819 statutory surplus fund, or the statutory surplus of the state 820 insurance fund are hereby deemed to be references to the surplus 821 fund account. The administrator may transfer the portion of the 822

state insurance fund to the surplus fund account as the	823
administrator determines is necessary to satisfy the needs of the	824
surplus fund account and to guarantee the solvency of the state	825
insurance fund and the surplus fund account. In addition to all	826
statutory authority under this chapter and Chapter 4121. of the	827
Revised Code, the administrator has discretionary and contingency	828
authority to make charges to the surplus fund account. The	829
administrator shall account for all charges, whether statutory,	830
discretionary, or contingency, that the administrator may make to	831
the surplus fund account. A revision of basic rates shall be made	832
annually on the first day of July.	833

Notwithstanding any provision of the law to the contrary, one 834 hundred eighty days after the effective date on which 835 self-insuring employers first may elect under division (D) of 836 section 4121.66 of the Revised Code to directly pay for 837 rehabilitation expenses, the administrator shall calculate the 838 deficit, if any, in the portion of the surplus fund account that 839 is used for reimbursement to self insuring employers for all 840 expenses other than handicapped reimbursement under section 841 4123.343 of the Revised Code. The administrator, from time to 842 time, may determine whether the surplus fund account has such a 843 deficit and may assess all self-insuring employers who 844 participated in the portion of the surplus fund account during the 845 accrual of the deficit and who during that time period have not 846 made the election under division (D) of section 4121.66 of the 847 Revised Code the amount the administrator determines necessary to 848 reduce the deficit. 849

For policy years commencing prior to July 1, 2016, revisions 850 of basic rates for private employers shall be in accordance with 851 the oldest four of the last five calendar years of the combined 852 accident and occupational disease experience of the administrator 853 in the administration of this chapter, as shown by the accounts 854

kept as provided in this section. For a policy year commencing on	855
or after July 1, 2016, revisions of basic rates for private	856
employers shall be in accordance with the oldest four of the last	857
five policy years combined accident and occupational disease	858
experience of the administrator in the administration of this	859
chapter, as shown by the accounts kept as provided in this	860
section.	861

Revisions of basic rates for public employers shall be in 862 accordance with the oldest four of the last five policy years of 863 the combined accident and occupational disease experience of the administrator in the administration of this chapter, as shown by 865 the accounts kept as provided in this section.

In revising basic rates, the administrator shall exclude the 867 experience of employers that are no longer active if the 868 administrator determines that the inclusion of those employers 869 would have a significant negative impact on the remainder of the 870 employers in a particular manual classification. The administrator 871 shall adopt rules, with the advice and consent of the board, 872 governing rate revisions, the object of which shall be to make an 873 equitable distribution of losses among the several classes of 874 occupation or industry, which rules shall be general in their 875 application. 876

- (C) The administrator may apply that form of rating system 877 that the administrator finds is best calculated to merit rate or 878 individually rate the risk more equitably, predicated upon the 879 basis of its individual industrial accident and occupational 880 disease experience, and may encourage and stimulate accident 881 prevention. The administrator shall develop fixed and equitable 882 rules controlling the rating system, which rules shall conserve to 883 each risk the basic principles of workers' compensation insurance. 884
- (D) The administrator, from the money paid into the state 885 insurance fund, shall set aside into an account of the state 886

insurance fund titled a premium payment security fund sufficient	887
money to pay for any premiums due from an employer and	888
uncollected.	889
The use of the moneys held by the premium payment security	890
fund account is restricted to reimbursement to the state insurance	891
fund of premiums due and uncollected.	892
(E) The administrator may grant discounts on premium rates	893
for employers who meet either of the following requirements:	894
(1) Have not incurred a compensable injury for one year or	895
more and who maintain an employee safety committee or similar	896
organization or make periodic safety inspections of the workplace.	897
(2) Successfully complete a loss prevention program	898
prescribed by the superintendent of the division of safety and	899
hygiene and conducted by the division or by any other person	900
approved by the superintendent.	901
(F)(1) In determining the premium rates for the construction	902
industry the administrator shall calculate the employers' premiums	903
based upon the actual remuneration construction industry employees	904
receive from construction industry employers, provided that the	905
amount of remuneration the administrator uses in calculating the	906
premiums shall not exceed an average weekly wage equal to one	907
hundred fifty per cent of the statewide average weekly wage as	908
defined in division (C) of section 4123.62 of the Revised Code.	909
(2) Division $(F)(1)$ of this section shall not be construed as	910
affecting the manner in which benefits to a claimant are awarded	911
under this chapter.	912
(3) As used in division (F) of this section, "construction	913
industry" includes any activity performed in connection with the	914
erection, alteration, repair, replacement, renovation,	915
installation, or demolition of any building, structure, highway,	916
or bridge.	917

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(11) Cerebral vascular accident;

(12) Tuberculosis;

(13) Silicosis;

dependents or by way of reimbursement to the self-insuring	975
employer as the circumstances indicate. The provisions of this	976
section apply only in cases of death, total disability, whether	977
temporary or permanent, and all disabilities compensated under	978
division (B) of section 4123.57 of the Revised Code. The	979
administrator shall adopt rules specifying the grounds upon which	980
charges to the statutory surplus fund are to be made. The rules	981
shall prohibit as a grounds any agreement between employer and	982
claimant as to the merits of a claim and the amount of the charge.	983

(C) Any employer who has in its employ a handicapped employee 984 is entitled, in the event the person is injured, to a 985 determination under this section. 986

An employer shall file an application under this section for 987 a determination with the bureau or commission in the same manner 988 as other claims. An application only may be made in cases where a 989 handicapped employee or a handicapped employee's dependents claim 990 or is are receiving an award of compensation as a result of an 991 injury or occupational disease occurring or contracted on or after 992 the date on which division (A) of this section first included the 993 handicap of such employee. 994

- (D) The circumstances under and the manner in which an 995 apportionment under this section shall be made are: 996
- (1) Whenever a handicapped employee is injured or disabled or 997 dies as the result of an injury or occupational disease sustained 998 in the course of and arising out of a handicapped employee's 999 employment in this state and the administrator awards compensation 1000 therefor and when it appears to the satisfaction of the 1001 administrator that the injury or occupational disease or the death 1002 resulting therefrom would not have occurred but for the 1003 pre-existing physical or mental impairment of the handicapped 1004 employee, all compensation and benefits payable on account of the 1005 disability or death shall be paid from the surplus fund. 1006

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Am. H. B. No. 52 As Passed by the House

- (2) Whenever a handicapped employee is injured or disabled or 1007 dies as a result of an injury or occupational disease and the 1008 administrator finds that the injury or occupational disease would 1009 have been sustained or suffered without regard to the employee's 1010 pre-existing impairment but that the resulting disability or death 1011 was caused at least in part through aggravation of the employee's 1012 pre-existing disability, the administrator shall determine in a 1013 manner that is equitable and reasonable and based upon medical 1014 evidence the amount of disability or proportion of the cost of the 1015 death award that is attributable to the employee's pre-existing 1016 disability and the amount found shall be charged to the statutory 1017 surplus fund. 1018
- (E) The benefits and provisions of this section apply only to employers who have complied with this chapter either through insurance with the state fund or as a self insuring employer.
- (F) No employer shall in any year receive credit under this 1022 section in an amount greater than the premium the employer paid if 1023 a state fund employer or greater than the employer's assessments 1024 if a self-insuring employer. 1025
- (G) Self insuring employers may, for all claims made after 1026 January 1, 1987, for compensation and benefits under this section, 1027 pay the compensation and benefits directly to the employee or the 1028 employee's dependents. If such an employer chooses to pay 1029 compensation and benefits directly, the employer shall receive no 1030 money or credit from the surplus fund for the payment under this 1031 section, nor shall the employer be required to pay any amounts 1032 into the surplus fund that otherwise would be assessed for 1033 handicapped reimbursements for claims made after January 1, 1987. 1034 Where a self-insuring employer elects to pay for compensation and 1035 benefits pursuant to this section, the employer shall assume 1036 responsibility for compensation and benefits arising out of claims 1037 made prior to January 1, 1987, and shall not be required to pay 1038

any amounts into the surplus fund and may not receive any money or	1039
credit from that fund on account of this section. The election	1040
made under this division is irrevocable.	1041

(H) An order issued by the administrator pursuant to this 1042 section is appealable under section 4123.511 of the Revised Code 1043 but is not appealable to court under section 4123.512 of the 1044 Revised Code.

Sec. 4123.35. (A) Except as provided in this section, and 1046 until the policy year commencing July 1, 2015, every private 1047 employer and every publicly owned utility shall pay semiannually 1048 in the months of January and July into the state insurance fund 1049 the amount of annual premium the administrator of workers' 1050 compensation fixes for the employment or occupation of the 1051 employer, the amount of which premium to be paid by each employer 1052 to be determined by the classifications, rules, and rates made and 1053 published by the administrator. The employer shall pay 1054 semiannually a further sum of money into the state insurance fund 1055 as may be ascertained to be due from the employer by applying the 1056 rules of the administrator. 1057

Except as otherwise provided in this section, for a policy 1058 year commencing on or after July 1, 2015, every private employer 1059 and every publicly owned utility shall pay annually in the month 1060 of June immediately preceding the policy year into the state 1061 insurance fund the amount of estimated annual premium the 1062 administrator fixes for the employment or occupation of the 1063 employer, the amount of which estimated premium to be paid by each 1064 employer to be determined by the classifications, rules, and rates 1065 made and published by the administrator. The employer shall pay a 1066 further sum of money into the state insurance fund as may be 1067 ascertained to be due from the employer by applying the rules of 1068 the administrator. Upon receipt of the payroll report required by 1069

division (B) of section 4123.26 of the Revised Code, the	1070
administrator shall adjust the premium and assessments charged to	1071
each employer for the difference between estimated gross payrolls	1072
and actual gross payrolls, and any balance due to the	1073
administrator shall be immediately paid by the employer. Any	1074
balance due the employer shall be credited to the employer's	1075
account.	1076

For a policy year commencing on or after July 1, 2015, each 1077 employer that is recognized by the administrator as a professional 1078 employer organization shall pay monthly into the state insurance 1079 fund the amount of premium the administrator fixes for the 1080 employer for the prior month based on the actual payroll of the 1081 employer reported pursuant to division (C) of section 4123.26 of 1082 the Revised Code.

A receipt certifying that payment has been made shall be 1084 issued to the employer by the bureau of workers' compensation. The 1085 receipt is prima-facie evidence of the payment of the premium. The 1086 administrator shall provide each employer written proof of 1087 workers' compensation coverage as is required in section 4123.83 1088 of the Revised Code. Proper posting of the notice constitutes the 1089 employer's compliance with the notice requirement mandated in 1090 section 4123.83 of the Revised Code. 1091

The bureau shall verify with the secretary of state the 1092 existence of all corporations and organizations making application 1093 for workers' compensation coverage and shall require every such 1094 application to include the employer's federal identification 1095 number.

A private employer who has contracted with a subcontractor is

liable for the unpaid premium due from any subcontractor with

respect to that part of the payroll of the subcontractor that is

for work performed pursuant to the contract with the employer.

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Am. H. B. No. 52 As Passed by the House

Division (A) of this section providing for the payment of
premiums semiannually does not apply to any employer who was a
subscriber to the state insurance fund prior to January 1, 1914,
or, until July 1, 2015, who may first become a subscriber to the
fund in any month other than January or July. Instead, the
semiannual premiums shall be paid by those employers from time to
time upon the expiration of the respective periods for which
payments into the fund have been made by them. After July 1, 2015,
an employer who first becomes a subscriber to the fund on any day
other than the first day of July shall pay premiums according to
rules adopted by the administrator, with the advice and consent of
the bureau of workers' compensation board of directors, for the
remainder of the policy year for which the coverage is effective.

The administrator, with the advice and consent of the board, 1114 shall adopt rules to permit employers to make periodic payments of 1115 the premium and assessment due under this division. The rules 1116 shall include provisions for the assessment of interest charges, 1117 where appropriate, and for the assessment of penalties when an 1118 employer fails to make timely premium payments. The administrator, 1119 in the rules the administrator adopts, may set an administrative 1120 fee for these periodic payments. An employer who timely pays the 1121 amounts due under this division is entitled to all of the benefits 1122 and protections of this chapter. Upon receipt of payment, the 1123 bureau shall issue a receipt to the employer certifying that 1124 payment has been made, which receipt is prima-facie evidence of 1125 payment. Workers' compensation coverage under this chapter 1126 continues uninterrupted upon timely receipt of payment under this 1127 division. 1128

Every public employer, except public employers that are 1129 self-insuring employers under this section, shall comply with 1130 sections 4123.38 to 4123.41, and 4123.48 of the Revised Code in 1131 regard to the contribution of moneys to the public insurance fund. 1132

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(B) Employers who will abide by the rules of the	1133
administrator and who may be of sufficient financial ability to	1134
render certain the payment of compensation to injured employees or	1135
the dependents of killed employees, and the furnishing of medical,	1136
surgical, nursing, and hospital attention and services and	1137
medicines, and funeral expenses, equal to or greater than is	1138
provided for in sections 4123.52, 4123.55 to 4123.62, and 4123.64	1139
to 4123.67 of the Revised Code, and who do not desire to insure	1140
the payment thereof or indemnify themselves against loss sustained	1141
by the direct payment thereof, upon a finding of such facts by the	1142
administrator, may be granted the privilege to pay individually	1143
compensation, and furnish medical, surgical, nursing, and hospital	1144
services and attention and funeral expenses directly to injured	1145
employees or the dependents of killed employees, thereby being	1146
granted status as a self-insuring employer. The administrator may	1147
charge employers who apply for the status as a self-insuring	1148
employer a reasonable application fee to cover the bureau's costs	1149
in connection with processing and making a determination with	1150
respect to an application.	1151

All employers granted status as self-insuring employers shall
demonstrate sufficient financial and administrative ability to
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assure that all obligations under this section are promptly met.
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The administrator shall deny the privilege where the employer is
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unable to demonstrate the employer's ability to promptly meet all
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the obligations imposed on the employer by this section.
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- (1) The administrator shall consider, but is not limited to, 1158 the following factors, where applicable, in determining the 1159 employer's ability to meet all of the obligations imposed on the employer by this section: 1161
- (a) The employer employs a minimum of five hundred employees in this state;
 - (b) The employer has operated in this state for a minimum of 1164

Am. H. B. No. 52 As Passed by the House

two years, provided that an employer who has purchased, acquired,	1165
or otherwise succeeded to the operation of a business, or any part	1166
thereof, situated in this state that has operated for at least two	1167
years in this state, also shall qualify;	1168
(c) Where the employer previously contributed to the state	1169
insurance fund or is a successor employer as defined by bureau	1170
rules, the amount of the buyout, as defined by bureau rules;	1171
(d) The sufficiency of the employer's assets located in this	1172
state to insure the employer's solvency in paying compensation	1173
directly;	1174
(e) The financial records, documents, and data, certified by	1175
a certified public accountant, necessary to provide the employer's	1176
full financial disclosure. The records, documents, and data	1177
include, but are not limited to, balance sheets and profit and	1178
loss history for the current year and previous four years.	1179
(f) The employer's organizational plan for the administration	1180
of the workers' compensation law;	1181
(g) The employer's proposed plan to inform employees of the	1182
change from a state fund insurer to a self-insuring employer, the	1183
procedures the employer will follow as a self-insuring employer,	1184
and the employees' rights to compensation and benefits; and	1185
(h) The employer has either an account in a financial	1186
institution in this state, or if the employer maintains an account	1187
with a financial institution outside this state, ensures that	1188
workers' compensation checks are drawn from the same account as	1189
payroll checks or the employer clearly indicates that payment will	1190
be honored by a financial institution in this state.	1191
The administrator may waive the requirements of divisions	1192
(B)(1)(a) and (b) of this section and the requirement of division	1193
(B)(1)(e) of this section that the financial records, documents,	1194
and data be certified by a certified public accountant. The	1195

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administrator shall adopt rules establishing the criteria that an	1196
employer shall meet in order for the administrator to waive the	1197
requirements of divisions $(B)(1)(a)$, (b) , and (e) of this section.	1198
Such rules may require additional security of that employer	1199
pursuant to division (E) of section 4123.351 of the Revised Code.	1200
The administrator shall not grant the status of self-insuring	1201
employer to the state, except that the administrator may grant the	1202
status of self-insuring employer to a state institution of higher	1203
education, including its hospitals, that meets the requirements of	1204
division (B)(2) of this section.	1205
(2) When considering the application of a public employer,	1206
except for a board of county commissioners described in division	1207
(G) of section 4123.01 of the Revised Code, a board of a county	1208
hospital, or a publicly owned utility, the administrator shall	1209
verify that the public employer satisfies all of the following	1210
requirements as the requirements apply to that public employer:	1211
(a) For the two-year period preceding application under this	1212
section, the public employer has maintained an unvoted debt	1213
capacity equal to at least two times the amount of the current	1214
annual premium established by the administrator under this chapter	1215
for that public employer for the year immediately preceding the	1216
year in which the public employer makes application under this	1217
section.	1218
(b) For each of the two fiscal years preceding application	1219
under this section, the unreserved and undesignated year-end fund	1220
balance in the public employer's general fund is equal to at least	1221
five per cent of the public employer's general fund revenues for	1222
the fiscal year computed in accordance with generally accepted	1223
accounting principles.	1224

(c) For the five-year period preceding application under this

section, the public employer, to the extent applicable, has

complied fully with the continuing disclosure requirements	1227
established in rules adopted by the United States securities and	1228
exchange commission under 17 C.F.R. 240.15c 2-12.	1229
(d) For the five-year period preceding application under this	1230
section, the public employer has not had its local government fund	1231
distribution withheld on account of the public employer being	1232
indebted or otherwise obligated to the state.	1233
(e) For the five-year period preceding application under this	1234
section, the public employer has not been under a fiscal watch or	1235
fiscal emergency pursuant to section 118.023, 118.04, or 3316.03	1236
of the Revised Code.	1237
(f) For the public employer's fiscal year preceding	1238
application under this section, the public employer has obtained	1239
an annual financial audit as required under section 117.10 of the	1240
Revised Code, which has been released by the auditor of state	1241
within seven months after the end of the public employer's fiscal	1242
year.	1243
(g) On the date of application, the public employer holds a	1244
debt rating of Aa3 or higher according to Moody's investors	1245
service, inc., or a comparable rating by an independent rating	1246
agency similar to Moody's investors service, inc.	1247
(h) The public employer agrees to generate an annual	1248
accumulating book reserve in its financial statements reflecting	1249
an actuarially generated reserve adequate to pay projected claims	1250
under this chapter for the applicable period of time, as	1251
determined by the administrator.	1252
(i) For a public employer that is a hospital, the public	1253
employer shall submit audited financial statements showing the	1254
hospital's overall liquidity characteristics, and the	1255
administrator shall determine, on an individual basis, whether the	1256

public employer satisfies liquidity standards equivalent to the

liquidity standards of other public employers.

(j) Any additional criteria that the administrator adopts by 1259 rule pursuant to division (E) of this section. 1260

The administrator may adopt rules establishing the criteria 1261 that a public employer shall satisfy in order for the 1262 administrator to waive any of the requirements listed in divisions 1263 (B)(2)(a) to (j) of this section. The rules may require additional 1264 security from that employer pursuant to division (E) of section 1265 4123.351 of the Revised Code. The administrator shall not waive 1266 any of the requirements listed in divisions (B)(2)(a) to (j) of 1267 this section for a public employer who does not satisfy the 1268 criteria established in the rules the administrator adopts. 1269

(C) A board of county commissioners described in division (G) 1270 of section 4123.01 of the Revised Code, as an employer, that will 1271 abide by the rules of the administrator and that may be of 1272 sufficient financial ability to render certain the payment of 1273 compensation to injured employees or the dependents of killed 1274 employees, and the furnishing of medical, surgical, nursing, and 1275 hospital attention and services and medicines, and funeral 1276 expenses, equal to or greater than is provided for in sections 1277 4123.52, 4123.55 to 4123.62, and 4123.64 to 4123.67 of the Revised 1278 Code, and that does not desire to insure the payment thereof or 1279 indemnify itself against loss sustained by the direct payment 1280 thereof, upon a finding of such facts by the administrator, may be 1281 granted the privilege to pay individually compensation, and 1282 furnish medical, surgical, nursing, and hospital services and 1283 attention and funeral expenses directly to injured employees or 1284 the dependents of killed employees, thereby being granted status 1285 as a self-insuring employer. The administrator may charge a board 1286 of county commissioners described in division (G) of section 1287 4123.01 of the Revised Code that applies for the status as a 1288 self-insuring employer a reasonable application fee to cover the 1289

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bureau's costs in connection with processing and making a	1290
determination with respect to an application. All employers	1291
granted such status shall demonstrate sufficient financial and	1292
administrative ability to assure that all obligations under this	1293
section are promptly met. The administrator shall deny the	1294
privilege where the employer is unable to demonstrate the	1295
employer's ability to promptly meet all the obligations imposed on	1296
the employer by this section. The administrator shall consider,	1297
but is not limited to, the following factors, where applicable, in	1298
determining the employer's ability to meet all of the obligations	1299
imposed on the board as an employer by this section:	1300
(1) The board as an employer employs a minimum of five	1301
hundred employees in this state;	1302
(2) The board has operated in this state for a minimum of two	1303
years;	1304
(3) Where the board previously contributed to the state	1305
insurance fund or is a successor employer as defined by bureau	1306
rules, the amount of the buyout, as defined by bureau rules;	1307
(4) The sufficiency of the board's assets located in this	1308
state to insure the board's solvency in paying compensation	1309
directly;	1310
(5) The financial records, documents, and data, certified by	1311
a certified public accountant, necessary to provide the board's	1312
full financial disclosure. The records, documents, and data	1313
include, but are not limited to, balance sheets and profit and	1314
loss history for the current year and previous four years.	1315
(6) The board's organizational plan for the administration of	1316
the workers' compensation law;	1317
(7) The board's proposed plan to inform employees of the	1318

proposed self-insurance, the procedures the board will follow as a

self-insuring employer, and the employees' rights to compensation

and	benefits;	1323

- (8) The board has either an account in a financial 1322 institution in this state, or if the board maintains an account 1323 with a financial institution outside this state, ensures that 1324 workers' compensation checks are drawn from the same account as 1325 payroll checks or the board clearly indicates that payment will be 1326 honored by a financial institution in this state; 1327
- (9) The board shall provide the administrator a surety bondin an amount equal to one hundred twenty-five per cent of theprojected losses as determined by the administrator.1330
- (D) The administrator shall require a surety bond from all 1331 self-insuring employers, issued pursuant to section 4123.351 of 1332 the Revised Code, that is sufficient to compel, or secure to 1333 injured employees, or to the dependents of employees killed, the 1334 payment of compensation and expenses, which shall in no event be 1335 less than that paid or furnished out of the state insurance fund 1336 in similar cases to injured employees or to dependents of killed 1337 employees whose employers contribute to the fund, except when an 1338 employee of the employer, who has suffered the loss of a hand, 1339 arm, foot, leg, or eye prior to the injury for which compensation 1340 is to be paid, and thereafter suffers the loss of any other of the 1341 members as the result of any injury sustained in the course of and 1342 arising out of the employee's employment, the compensation to be 1343 paid by the self-insuring employer is limited to the disability 1344 suffered in the subsequent injury, additional compensation, if 1345 any, to be paid by the bureau out of the surplus created by 1346 section 4123.34 of the Revised Code. 1347
- (E) In addition to the requirements of this section, the 1348 administrator shall make and publish rules governing the manner of 1349 making application and the nature and extent of the proof required 1350 to justify a finding of fact by the administrator as to granting 1351 the status of a self-insuring employer, which rules shall be 1352

general in their application, one of which rules shall provide 1353 that all self-insuring employers shall pay into the state 1354 insurance fund such amounts as are required to be credited to the 1355 surplus fund in division (B) of section 4123.34 of the Revised 1356 Code. The administrator may adopt rules establishing requirements 1357 in addition to the requirements described in division (B)(2) of 1358 this section that a public employer shall meet in order to qualify 1359 for self-insuring status. 1360

Employers shall secure directly from the bureau central 1361 offices application forms upon which the bureau shall stamp a 1362 designating number. Prior to submission of an application, an 1363 employer shall make available to the bureau, and the bureau shall 1364 review, the information described in division (B)(1) of this 1365 section, and public employers shall make available, and the bureau 1366 shall review, the information necessary to verify whether the 1367 public employer meets the requirements listed in division (B)(2) 1368 of this section. An employer shall file the completed application 1369 forms with an application fee, which shall cover the costs of 1370 processing the application, as established by the administrator, 1371 by rule, with the bureau at least ninety days prior to the 1372 effective date of the employer's new status as a self-insuring 1373 employer. The application form is not deemed complete until all 1374 the required information is attached thereto. The bureau shall 1375 only accept applications that contain the required information. 1376

(F) The bureau shall review completed applications within a 1377 reasonable time. If the bureau determines to grant an employer the 1378 status as a self-insuring employer, the bureau shall issue a 1379 1380 statement, containing its findings of fact, that is prepared by the bureau and signed by the administrator. If the bureau 1381 determines not to grant the status as a self-insuring employer, 1382 the bureau shall notify the employer of the determination and 1383 require the employer to continue to pay its full premium into the 1384

state insurance fund. The administrator also shall adopt rules	1385
establishing a minimum level of performance as a criterion for	1386
granting and maintaining the status as a self-insuring employer	1387
and fixing time limits beyond which failure of the self-insuring	1388
employer to provide for the necessary medical examinations and	1389
evaluations may not delay a decision on a claim.	1390

(G) The administrator shall adopt rules setting forth 1391 procedures for auditing the program of self-insuring employers. 1392 The bureau shall conduct the audit upon a random basis or whenever 1393 the bureau has grounds for believing that a self-insuring employer 1394 is not in full compliance with bureau rules or this chapter. 1395

The administrator shall monitor the programs conducted by

self-insuring employers, to ensure compliance with bureau

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requirements and for that purpose, shall develop and issue to

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self-insuring employers standardized forms for use by the

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self-insuring employer in all aspects of the self-insuring

employers' direct compensation program and for reporting of

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information to the bureau.

The bureau shall receive and transmit to the self-insuring 1403 employer all complaints concerning any self-insuring employer. In 1404 the case of a complaint against a self-insuring employer, the 1405 administrator shall handle the complaint through the 1406 self-insurance division of the bureau. The bureau shall maintain a 1407 file by employer of all complaints received that relate to the 1408 employer. The bureau shall evaluate each complaint and take 1409 appropriate action. 1410

The administrator shall adopt as a rule a prohibition against 1411 any self-insuring employer from harassing, dismissing, or 1412 otherwise disciplining any employee making a complaint, which rule 1413 shall provide for a financial penalty to be levied by the 1414 administrator payable by the offending self-insuring employer. 1415

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(H) For the purpose of making determinations as to whether to 1416 grant status as a self-insuring employer, the administrator may 1417 subscribe to and pay for a credit reporting service that offers 1418 financial and other business information about individual 1419 employers. The costs in connection with the bureau's subscription 1420 or individual reports from the service about an applicant may be 1421 included in the application fee charged employers under this 1422 section. 1423 (I) The administrator, notwithstanding other provisions of 1424 this chapter, may permit a self-insuring employer to resume 1425 payment of premiums to the state insurance fund with appropriate 1426 credit modifications to the employer's basic premium rate as such 1427 rate is determined pursuant to section 4123.29 of the Revised 1428 Code. 1429 (J) On the first day of July of each year, the administrator 1430 shall calculate separately each self-insuring employer's 1431 assessments for the safety and hygiene fund, administrative costs 1432 pursuant to section 4123.342 of the Revised Code, and for the 1433 portion of the surplus fund under division (B) of section 4123.34 1434 of the Revised Code that is not used for handicapped 1435 reimbursement, on the basis of the paid compensation attributable 1436 to the individual self-insuring employer according to the 1437 following calculation: 1438 (1) The total assessment against all self-insuring employers 1439 as a class for each fund and for the administrative costs for the 1440 year that the assessment is being made, as determined by the 1441 administrator, divided by the total amount of paid compensation 1442 for the previous calendar year attributable to all amenable 1443 self-insuring employers; 1444 (2) Multiply the quotient in division (J)(1) of this section 1445

by the total amount of paid compensation for the previous calendar

year that is attributable to the individual self-insuring employer

for whom the assessment is being determined. Each self-insuring	1448
employer shall pay the assessment that results from this	1449
calculation, unless the assessment resulting from this calculation	1450
falls below a minimum assessment, which minimum assessment the	1451
administrator shall determine on the first day of July of each	1452
year with the advice and consent of the bureau of workers'	1453
compensation board of directors, in which event, the self-insuring	1454
employer shall pay the minimum assessment.	1455

In determining the total amount due for the total assessment 1456 against all self-insuring employers as a class for each fund and 1457 the administrative assessment, the administrator shall reduce 1458 proportionately the total for each fund and assessment by the 1459 amount of money in the self-insurance assessment fund as of the 1460 date of the computation of the assessment.

The administrator shall calculate the assessment for the 1462 portion of the surplus fund under division (B) of section 4123.34 1463 of the Revised Code that is used for handicapped reimbursement in 1464 the same manner as set forth in divisions (J)(1) and (2) of this 1465 section except that the administrator shall calculate the total 1466 assessment for this portion of the surplus fund only on the basis 1467 of those self insuring employers that retain participation in the 1468 handicapped reimbursement program and the individual self-insuring 1469 employer's proportion of paid compensation shall be calculated 1470 only for those self-insuring employers who retain participation in 1471 the handicapped reimbursement program. The administrator, as the 1472 administrator determines appropriate, may determine the total 1473 assessment for the handicapped portion of the surplus fund in 1474 accordance with sound actuarial principles. 1475

The administrator shall calculate the assessment for the
portion of the surplus fund under division (B) of section 4123.34

of the Revised Code that under division (D) of section 4121.66 of
the Revised Code is used for rehabilitation costs in the same

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manner as set forth in divisions (J)(1) and (2) of this section,	1480
except that the administrator shall calculate the total assessment	1481
for this portion of the surplus fund only on the basis of those	1482
self-insuring employers who have not made the election to make	1483
payments directly under division (D) of section 4121.66 of the	1484
Revised Code and an individual self-insuring employer's proportion	1485
of paid compensation only for those self-insuring employers who	1486
have not made that election.	1487

The administrator shall calculate the assessment for the 1488 portion of the surplus fund under division (B) of section 4123.34 1489 of the Revised Code that is used for reimbursement to a 1490 self-insuring employer under division (H) of section 4123.512 of 1491 the Revised Code in the same manner as set forth in divisions 1492 (J)(1) and (2) of this section except that the administrator shall 1493 calculate the total assessment for this portion of the surplus 1494 fund only on the basis of those self-insuring employers that 1495 retain participation in reimbursement to the self-insuring 1496 employer under division (H) of section 4123.512 of the Revised 1497 Code and the individual self-insuring employer's proportion of 1498 paid compensation shall be calculated only for those self-insuring 1499 employers who retain participation in reimbursement to the 1500 self-insuring employer under division (H) of section 4123.512 of 1501 the Revised Code. 1502

An employer who no longer is a self-insuring employer in this

state or who no longer is operating in this state, shall continue

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to pay assessments for administrative costs and for the portion of

the surplus fund under division (B) of section 4123.34 of the

Revised Code that is not used for handicapped reimbursement, based

upon paid compensation attributable to claims that occurred while

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the employer was a self-insuring employer within this state.

(K) There is hereby created in the state treasury the 1510 self-insurance assessment fund. All investment earnings of the 1511

amount as follows:

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fund shall be deposited in the fund. The administrator shall use	1512
the money in the self-insurance assessment fund only for	1513
administrative costs as specified in section 4123.341 of the	1514
Revised Code.	1515
(L) Every self-insuring employer shall certify, in affidavit	1516
form subject to the penalty for perjury, to the bureau the amount	1517
of the self-insuring employer's paid compensation for the previous	1518
calendar year. In reporting paid compensation paid for the	1519
previous year, a self-insuring employer shall exclude from the	1520
total amount of paid compensation any reimbursement the	1521
self-insuring employer receives in the previous calendar year from	1522
the surplus fund pursuant to section 4123.512 of the Revised Code	1523
for any paid compensation. The self-insuring employer also shall	1524
exclude from the paid compensation reported any amount recovered	1525
under section 4123.931 of the Revised Code and any amount that is	1526
determined not to have been payable to or on behalf of a claimant	1527
in any final administrative or judicial proceeding. The	1528
self-insuring employer shall exclude such amounts from the paid	1529
compensation reported in the reporting period subsequent to the	1530
date the determination is made. The administrator shall adopt	1531
rules, in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, that	1532
provide for all of the following:	1533
(1) Establishing the date by which self-insuring employers	1534
must submit such information and the amount of the assessments	1535
provided for in division (J) of this section for employers who	1536
have been granted self-insuring status within the last calendar	1537
year;	1538
(2) If an employer fails to pay the assessment when due, the	1539
administrator may add a late fee penalty of not more than five	1540
hundred dollars to the assessment plus an additional penalty	1541

(a) For an assessment from sixty-one to ninety days past due,

the prime interest rate, multiplied by the assessment due;	1544
(b) For an assessment from ninety-one to one hundred twenty	1545
days past due, the prime interest rate plus two per cent,	1546
multiplied by the assessment due;	1547
(c) For an assessment from one hundred twenty-one to one	1548
hundred fifty days past due, the prime interest rate plus four per	1549
cent, multiplied by the assessment due;	1550
(d) For an assessment from one hundred fifty-one to one	1551
hundred eighty days past due, the prime interest rate plus six per	1552
cent, multiplied by the assessment due;	1553
(e) For an assessment from one hundred eighty-one to two	1554
hundred ten days past due, the prime interest rate plus eight per	1555
cent, multiplied by the assessment due;	1556
(f) For each additional thirty-day period or portion thereof	1557
that an assessment remains past due after it has remained past due	1558
for more than two hundred ten days, the prime interest rate plus	1559
eight per cent, multiplied by the assessment due.	1560
(3) An employer may appeal a late fee penalty and penalty	1561
assessment to the administrator.	1562
For purposes of division $(L)(2)$ of this section, "prime	1563
interest rate" means the average bank prime rate, and the	1564
administrator shall determine the prime interest rate in the same	1565
manner as a county auditor determines the average bank prime rate	1566
under section 929.02 of the Revised Code.	1567
The administrator shall include any assessment and penalties	1568
that remain unpaid for previous assessment periods in the	1569
calculation and collection of any assessments due under this	1570
division or division (J) of this section.	1571
(M) As used in this section, "paid compensation" means all	1572
amounts paid by a self-insuring employer for living maintenance	1573

Am. H. B. No. 52 As Passed by the House

benefits, all amounts for compensation paid pursuant to sections 1574 4121.63, 4121.67, 4123.56, 4123.57, 4123.58, 4123.59, 4123.60, and 1575 4123.64 of the Revised Code, all amounts paid as wages in lieu of 1576 such compensation, all amounts paid in lieu of such compensation 1577 under a nonoccupational accident and sickness program fully funded 1578 by the self-insuring employer, and all amounts paid by a 1579 self-insuring employer for a violation of a specific safety 1580 standard pursuant to Section 35 of Article II, Ohio Constitution 1581 and section 4121.47 of the Revised Code. 1582

- (N) Should any section of this chapter or Chapter 4121. of 1583 the Revised Code providing for self-insuring employers' 1584 assessments based upon compensation paid be declared 1585 unconstitutional by a final decision of any court, then that 1586 section of the Revised Code declared unconstitutional shall revert 1587 back to the section in existence prior to November 3, 1989, 1588 providing for assessments based upon payroll.
- (0) The administrator may grant a self-insuring employer the 1590 privilege to self-insure a construction project entered into by 1591 the self-insuring employer that is scheduled for completion within 1592 six years after the date the project begins, and the total cost of 1593 which is estimated to exceed one hundred million dollars or, for 1594 employers described in division (R) of this section, if the 1595 construction project is estimated to exceed twenty-five million 1596 dollars. The administrator may waive such cost and time criteria 1597 and grant a self-insuring employer the privilege to self-insure a 1598 construction project regardless of the time needed to complete the 1599 construction project and provided that the cost of the 1600 construction project is estimated to exceed fifty million dollars. 1601 A self-insuring employer who desires to self-insure a construction 1602 project shall submit to the administrator an application listing 1603 the dates the construction project is scheduled to begin and end, 1604 the estimated cost of the construction project, the contractors 1605

under the certificate.

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and subcontractors whose employees are to be self-insured by the	1606								
self-insuring employer, the provisions of a safety program that is	1607								
specifically designed for the construction project, and a	1608								
statement as to whether a collective bargaining agreement									
governing the rights, duties, and obligations of each of the									
parties to the agreement with respect to the construction project									
exists between the self-insuring employer and a labor									
organization.	1613								
A self-insuring employer may apply to self-insure the	1614								
employees of either of the following:	1615								
(1) All contractors and subcontractors who perform labor or	1616								
work or provide materials for the construction project;	1617								
(2) All contractors and, at the administrator's discretion, a	1618								
substantial number of all the subcontractors who perform labor or									
work or provide materials for the construction project.	1620								
Upon approval of the application, the administrator shall	1621								
mail a certificate granting the privilege to self-insure the	1622								
construction project to the self-insuring employer. The	1623								
certificate shall contain the name of the self-insuring employer	1624								
and the name, address, and telephone number of the self-insuring	1625								
employer's representatives who are responsible for administering	1626								
workers' compensation claims for the construction project. The	1627								
self-insuring employer shall post the certificate in a conspicuous	1628								
place at the site of the construction project.	1629								
The administrator shall maintain a record of the contractors	1630								
and subcontractors whose employees are covered under the	1631								
certificate issued to the self-insured employer. A self-insuring	1632								
employer immediately shall notify the administrator when any	1633								

contractor or subcontractor is added or eliminated from inclusion

Upon approval of the application, the self-insuring employer

is responsible for the administration and payment of all claims 1637 under this chapter and Chapter 4121. of the Revised Code for the 1638 employees of the contractor and subcontractors covered under the 1639 certificate who receive injuries or are killed in the course of 1640 and arising out of employment on the construction project, or who 1641 contract an occupational disease in the course of employment on 1642 the construction project. For purposes of this chapter and Chapter 1643 4121. of the Revised Code, a claim that is administered and paid 1644 in accordance with this division is considered a claim against the 1645 self-insuring employer listed in the certificate. A contractor or 1646 subcontractor included under the certificate shall report to the 1647 self-insuring employer listed in the certificate, all claims that 1648 arise under this chapter and Chapter 4121. of the Revised Code in 1649 connection with the construction project for which the certificate 1650 is issued. 1651

A self-insuring employer who complies with this division is 1652 entitled to the protections provided under this chapter and 1653 Chapter 4121. of the Revised Code with respect to the employees of 1654 the contractors and subcontractors covered under a certificate 1655 issued under this division for death or injuries that arise out 1656 of, or death, injuries, or occupational diseases that arise in the 1657 course of, those employees' employment on that construction 1658 project, as if the employees were employees of the self-insuring 1659 employer, provided that the self-insuring employer also complies 1660 with this section. No employee of the contractors and 1661 subcontractors covered under a certificate issued under this 1662 division shall be considered the employee of the self-insuring 1663 employer listed in that certificate for any purposes other than 1664 this chapter and Chapter 4121. of the Revised Code. Nothing in 1665 this division gives a self-insuring employer authority to control 1666 the means, manner, or method of employment of the employees of the 1667 contractors and subcontractors covered under a certificate issued 1668 under this division. 1669

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The contractors and subcontractors included under a	1670
certificate issued under this division are entitled to the	1671
protections provided under this chapter and Chapter 4121. of the	1672
Revised Code with respect to the contractor's or subcontractor's	1673
employees who are employed on the construction project which is	1674
the subject of the certificate, for death or injuries that arise	1675
out of, or death, injuries, or occupational diseases that arise in	1676
the course of, those employees' employment on that construction	1677
project.	1678

The contractors and subcontractors included under a 1679 certificate issued under this division shall identify in their 1680 payroll records the employees who are considered the employees of 1681 the self-insuring employer listed in that certificate for purposes 1682 of this chapter and Chapter 4121. of the Revised Code, and the 1683 amount that those employees earned for employment on the 1684 construction project that is the subject of that certificate. 1685 Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary under this chapter 1686 and Chapter 4121. of the Revised Code, the administrator shall 1687 exclude the payroll that is reported for employees who are 1688 considered the employees of the self-insuring employer listed in 1689 that certificate, and that the employees earned for employment on 1690 the construction project that is the subject of that certificate, 1691 when determining those contractors' or subcontractors' premiums or 1692 assessments required under this chapter and Chapter 4121. of the 1693 Revised Code. A self-insuring employer issued a certificate under 1694 this division shall include in the amount of paid compensation it 1695 reports pursuant to division (L) of this section, the amount of 1696 paid compensation the self-insuring employer paid pursuant to this 1697 division for the previous calendar year. 1698

Nothing in this division shall be construed as altering the rights of employees under this chapter and Chapter 4121. of the Revised Code as those rights existed prior to September 17, 1996.

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Nothing in this division shall be construed as altering the rights	1702
devolved under sections 2305.31 and 4123.82 of the Revised Code as	1703
those rights existed prior to September 17, 1996.	1704
As used in this division, "privilege to self-insure a	1705
construction project" means privilege to pay individually	1706
compensation, and to furnish medical, surgical, nursing, and	1707
hospital services and attention and funeral expenses directly to	1708
injured employees or the dependents of killed employees.	1709
(P) A self-insuring employer whose application is granted	1710
under division (0) of this section shall designate a safety	1711
professional to be responsible for the administration and	1712
enforcement of the safety program that is specifically designed	1713
for the construction project that is the subject of the	1714
application.	1715
A self-insuring employer whose application is granted under	1716
division (0) of this section shall employ an ombudsperson for the	1717
construction project that is the subject of the application. The	1718
ombudsperson shall have experience in workers' compensation or the	1719
construction industry, or both. The ombudsperson shall perform all	1720
of the following duties:	1721
(1) Communicate with and provide information to employees who	1722
are injured in the course of, or whose injury arises out of	1723
employment on the construction project, or who contract an	1724
occupational disease in the course of employment on the	1725
construction project;	1726
(2) Investigate the status of a claim upon the request of an	1727
employee to do so;	1728
(3) Provide information to claimants, third party	1729
administrators, employers, and other persons to assist those	1730

persons in protecting their rights under this chapter and Chapter

4121. of the Revised Code.

A self-insuring employer whose application is granted under	1733
division (0) of this section shall post the name of the safety	1734
professional and the ombudsperson and instructions for contacting	1735
the safety professional and the ombudsperson in a conspicuous	1736
place at the site of the construction project.	1737
(Q) The administrator may consider all of the following when	1738
deciding whether to grant a self-insuring employer the privilege	1739
to self-insure a construction project as provided under division	1740
(O) of this section:	1741
(1) Whether the self-insuring employer has an organizational	1742
plan for the administration of the workers' compensation law;	1743
(2) Whether the safety program that is specifically designed	1744
for the construction project provides for the safety of employees	1745
employed on the construction project, is applicable to all	1746
contractors and subcontractors who perform labor or work or	1747
provide materials for the construction project, and has as a	1748
component, a safety training program that complies with standards	1749
adopted pursuant to the "Occupational Safety and Health Act of	1750
1970," 84 Stat. 1590, 29 U.S.C.A. 651, and provides for continuing	1751
management and employee involvement;	1752
(3) Whether granting the privilege to self-insure the	1753
construction project will reduce the costs of the construction	1754
project;	1755
(4) Whether the self-insuring employer has employed an	1756
ombudsperson as required under division (P) of this section;	1757
(5) Whether the self-insuring employer has sufficient surety	1758
to secure the payment of claims for which the self-insuring	1759
employer would be responsible pursuant to the granting of the	1760
privilege to self-insure a construction project under division (0)	1761
of this section.	1762

(R) As used in divisions (O), (P), and (Q), "self-insuring

established pursuant to this section. The fund shall provide for

payment of compensation and benefits to employees of the

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self-insuring employer in order to cover any default in payment by	1793
that employer.	1794
(B) The bureau of workers' compensation shall operate the	1795
self-insuring employers' guaranty fund for self-insuring	1796
employers. The administrator annually shall establish the	1797
contributions due from self-insuring employers for the fund at	1798
rates as low as possible but such as will assure sufficient moneys	1799
to guarantee the payment of any claims against the fund. The	1800
bureau's operation of the fund is not subject to sections 3929.10	1801
to 3929.18 of the Revised Code or to regulation by the	1802
superintendent of insurance.	1803
(C) If a self-insuring employer defaults, the bureau shall	1804
recover the amounts paid as a result of the default from the	1805
self-insuring employers' guaranty fund. If a self-insuring	1806
employer defaults and is in compliance with this section for the	1807
payment of contributions to the fund, such self-insuring employer	1808
is entitled to the immunity conferred by section 4123.74 of the	1809
Revised Code for any claim arising during any period the employer	1810
is in compliance with this section.	1811

- (D)(1) There is hereby established a self-insuring employers' 1812 guaranty fund, which shall be in the custody of the treasurer of 1813 state and which shall be separate from the other funds established 1814 and administered pursuant to this chapter. The fund shall consist 1815 of contributions and other payments made by self-insuring 1816 employers under this section. All investment earnings of the fund 1817 shall be credited to the fund. The bureau shall make disbursements 1818 from the fund pursuant to this section. 1819
- (2) The administrator has the same powers to invest any of the surplus or reserve belonging to the fund as are delegated to 1821 the administrator under section 4123.44 of the Revised Code with 1822 respect to the state insurance fund. The administrator shall apply 1823 interest earned solely to the reduction of assessments for 1824

(G) The administrator, on behalf of the self-insuring

employers' guaranty fund, has the rights of reimbursement and

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subrogation and shall collect from a defaulting self-insuring	1856
employer or other liable person all amounts the administrator has	1857
paid or reasonably expects to pay from the fund on account of the	1858
defaulting self-insuring employer.	1859

(H) The assessments for contributions, the administration of the self-insuring employers' guaranty fund, the investment of the money in the fund, and the payment of liabilities incurred by the fund do not create any liability upon the state.
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Except for a gross abuse of discretion, neither the board, 1864 nor the individual members thereof, nor the administrator shall 1865 incur any obligation or liability respecting the assessments for 1866 contributions, the administration of the self-insuring employers' 1867 guaranty fund, the investment of the fund, or the payment of 1868 liabilities therefrom.

Sec. 4123.411. (A) For all injuries and disabilities 1870 occurring before January 1, 1987, the administrator of workers' 1871 compensation, for the purpose of carrying out sections 4123.412 to 1872 4123.418 of the Revised Code, the administrator of workers' 1873 compensation, and with the advice and consent of the bureau of 1874 workers' compensation board of directors, shall may levy an 1875 assessment against all employers at a rate not to exceed ten cents 1876 per one hundred dollars of payroll, such. If the administrator 1877 levies an assessment under this division, the rate to of that 1878 assessment shall be determined annually for each employer group 1879 listed in divisions (A)(1) to (3) of this section, which will. The 1880 rates determined under this division shall be sufficient to 1881 produce an amount no greater than the amount the administrator 1882 estimates to be necessary to carry out such sections for the 1883 period for which the assessment is levied. In the event the amount 1884 produced by the assessment is not sufficient to carry out such 1885 sections the additional amount necessary shall be provided, 1886

pursuant to section 4123.419 of the Revised Code, from the income	1887
produced as a result of investments made pursuant to section	1888
4123.44 of the Revised Code.	1889
Assessments If levied, assessments shall be levied according	1890
to the following schedule:	1891
(1) For private fund employers, except self-insuring	1892
employers:	1893
(a) For policy years commencing prior to July 1, 2015, in	1894
January and July of each year upon gross payrolls of the preceding	1895
six months;	1896
(b) For policy years commencing on or after July 1, 2015, in	1897
the month of June immediately preceding each policy year upon	1898
gross payrolls estimated for that policy year.	1899
(2) For counties and taxing district employers therein,	1900
except county hospitals that are self-insuring employers:	1901
(a) For policy years commencing prior to January 1, 2016, in	1902
January of each year upon gross payrolls of the preceding twelve	1903
months;	1904
(b) For policy years commencing on or after January 1, 2016,	1905
in the month of December immediately preceding each policy year	1906
upon gross payrolls estimated for that policy year.	1907
(3) For the state as an employerin January, April, July,	1908
and October of each year upon gross payrolls of the preceding	1909
three months or at other intervals as the administrator	1910
establishes.	1911
After the completion of each policy year that commences on or	1912
after July 1, 2015, for private fund employers or that commences	1913
on or after January 1, 2016, for counties and taxing district	1914
employers therein, the assessments levied under this section shall	1915
be adjusted for the difference between estimated gross payrolls	1916
at adjusted for one difference between epointed group payfolib	±2±0

and actual gross payrolls reported by the employer on the payroll	1917
report submitted by a private employer pursuant to section 4123.26	1918
of the Revised Code, or, for a public employer, submitted pursuant	1919
to section 4123.41 of the Revised Code.	1920

Amounts assessed in accordance with this section shall be 1921 collected from each employer as prescribed in rules the 1922 administrator adopts.

The moneys derived from the assessment provided for in this

1924
section shall be credited to the disabled workers' relief fund

1925
created by section 4123.412 of the Revised Code. The administrator
1926
shall establish by rule classifications of employers within

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divisions (A)(1) to (3) of this section and shall determine rates
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for each class so as to fairly apportion the costs of carrying out
1929
sections 4123.412 to 4123.418 of the Revised Code.

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(B) For all injuries and disabilities occurring on or after 1931 January 1, 1987, the administrator, for the purposes of carrying 1932 out sections 4123.412 to 4123.418 of the Revised Code, shall levy 1933 an assessment against all employers at a rate per one hundred 1934 dollars of payroll, such rate to be determined annually for each 1935 classification of employer in each employer group listed in 1936 divisions (A)(1) to (3) of this section, which will produce an 1937 amount no greater than the amount the administrator estimates to 1938 be necessary to carry out such sections for the period for which 1939 the assessment is levied. The administrator annually shall 1940 establish the contributions due from employers for the disabled 1941 workers' relief fund at rates as low as possible but that will 1942 assure sufficient moneys to guarantee the payment of any claims 1943 against that fund. 1944

Amounts assessed in accordance with this division shall be
1945
billed at the same time premiums are billed and credited to the
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disabled workers' relief fund created by section 4123.412 of the
1947
Revised Code. The administrator shall determine the rates for each
1948

class in the same manner as the administrator fixes the rates for	1949
premiums pursuant to section 4123.29 of the Revised Code.	1950
(C) For a self-insuring employer, the bureau of workers'	1951
compensation shall pay to employees who are participants	1952
regardless of the date of injury, any amounts due to the	1953
participants under section 4123.414 of the Revised Code and shall	1954
bill the self-insuring employer, semiannually, for all amounts	1955
paid to a participant.	1956
Sec. 4123.419. The assessment rate established pursuant to	1957
section 4123.411 of the Revised Code, subject to the limits set	1958
forth in that section, shall be adequate to provide the amounts	1959
estimated as necessary by the administrator of workers'	1960
compensation to carry out the provisions of sections 4123.412 to	1961
4123.418 of the Revised Code, and in addition to provide moneys to	1962
reimburse the general revenue fund for moneys appropriated by	1963
Section 2 of H.B. No. 1131 of the 103rd general assembly or by the	1964
104th and succeeding general assemblies for disabled workers'	1965
relief. When the additional moneys are available in whole or part	1966
for the purpose of making the reimbursement, the director of	1967
budget and management shall certify the amount to the bureau of	1968
workers' compensation which shall thereupon cause the moneys to be	1969
paid to the general revenue fund from the disabled workers' relief	1970
fund except that any amounts due because of the state's obligation	1971
as an employer pursuant to section 4123.411 of the Revised Code	1972
and not paid to the disabled workers' relief fund shall be	1973
deducted from any such reimbursement.	1974
For all injuries and disabilities occurring before January 1,	1975
1987, the administrator, for the purpose of carrying out those	1976
sections and with the advice and consent of the bureau of workers'	1977
compensation board of directors, may transfer to the disabled	1978

workers' relief fund from the income produced as a result of

2011

investments made pursuant to section 4123.44 of the Revised Code	1980
amounts necessary to carry out those sections with respect to	1981
claims related to private and public taxing district employers,	1982
rather than levying an assessment against those employers under	1983
section 4123.411 of the Revised Code.	1984

Sec. 4123.512. (A) The claimant or the employer may appeal an 1985 order of the industrial commission made under division (E) of 1986 section 4123.511 of the Revised Code in any injury or occupational 1987 disease case, other than a decision as to the extent of disability 1988 to the court of common pleas of the county in which the injury was 1989 inflicted or in which the contract of employment was made if the 1990 injury occurred outside the state, or in which the contract of 1991 employment was made if the exposure occurred outside the state. If 1992 no common pleas court has jurisdiction for the purposes of an 1993 appeal by the use of the jurisdictional requirements described in 1994 this division, the appellant may use the venue provisions in the 1995 Rules of Civil Procedure to vest jurisdiction in a court. If the 1996 claim is for an occupational disease, the appeal shall be to the 1997 court of common pleas of the county in which the exposure which 1998 caused the disease occurred. Like appeal may be taken from an 1999 order of a staff hearing officer made under division (D) of 2000 section 4123.511 of the Revised Code from which the commission has 2001 refused to hear an appeal. The appellant shall file the notice of 2002 appeal with a court of common pleas within sixty days after the 2003 date of the receipt of the order appealed from or the date of 2004 receipt of the order of the commission refusing to hear an appeal 2005 of a staff hearing officer's decision under division (D) of 2006 section 4123.511 of the Revised Code. The filing of the notice of 2007 the appeal with the court is the only act required to perfect the 2008 2009 appeal.

If an action has been commenced in a court of a county other than a court of a county having jurisdiction over the action, the

court,	upon	notice	by	any	party	or	upon	its	own r	motion,	shall	
transfe	er the	e action	ı to	a	court	of	a cou	nty l	having	g juriso	diction.	

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this section, if 2014 the commission determines under section 4123.522 of the Revised 2015 Code that an employee, employer, or their respective 2016 representatives have not received written notice of an order or 2017 decision which is appealable to a court under this section and 2018 which grants relief pursuant to section 4123.522 of the Revised 2019 Code, the party granted the relief has sixty days from receipt of 2020 the order under section 4123.522 of the Revised Code to file a 2021 notice of appeal under this section. 2022

(B) The notice of appeal shall state the names of the 2023 administrator of workers' compensation, the claimant, and the 2024 employer; the number of the claim; the date of the order appealed 2025 from; and the fact that the appellant appeals therefrom. 2026

The administrator, the claimant, and the employer shall be 2027 parties to the appeal and the court, upon the application of the 2028 commission, shall make the commission a party. The party filing 2029 the appeal shall serve a copy of the notice of appeal on the 2030 administrator at the central office of the bureau of workers' 2031 compensation in Columbus. The administrator shall notify the 2032 employer that if the employer fails to become an active party to 2033 the appeal, then the administrator may act on behalf of the 2034 employer and the results of the appeal could have an adverse 2035 effect upon the employer's premium rates or may result in a 2036 recovery from the employer if the employer is determined to be a 2037 noncomplying employer under section 4123.75 of the Revised Code. 2038

(C) The attorney general or one or more of the attorney 2039 general's assistants or special counsel designated by the attorney 2040 general shall represent the administrator and the commission. In 2041 the event the attorney general or the attorney general's 2042 designated assistants or special counsel are absent, the 2043

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Am. H. B. No. 52 As Passed by the House

administrator or the commission shall select one or more of the
attorneys in the employ of the administrator or the commission as
the administrator's attorney or the commission's attorney in the
appeal. Any attorney so employed shall continue the representation
during the entire period of the appeal and in all hearings thereof
except where the continued representation becomes impractical.

(D) Upon receipt of notice of appeal, the clerk of courts 2050 shall provide notice to all parties who are appellees and to the 2051 commission.

The claimant shall, within thirty days after the filing of 2053 the notice of appeal, file a petition containing a statement of 2054 facts in ordinary and concise language showing a cause of action 2055 to participate or to continue to participate in the fund and 2056 setting forth the basis for the jurisdiction of the court over the 2057 action. Further pleadings shall be had in accordance with the 2058 Rules of Civil Procedure, provided that service of summons on such 2059 petition shall not be required and provided that the claimant may 2060 not dismiss the complaint without the employer's consent if the 2061 employer is the party that filed the notice of appeal to court 2062 pursuant to this section. The clerk of the court shall, upon 2063 receipt thereof, transmit by certified mail a copy thereof to each 2064 party named in the notice of appeal other than the claimant. Any 2065 party may file with the clerk prior to the trial of the action a 2066 deposition of any physician taken in accordance with the 2067 provisions of the Revised Code, which deposition may be read in 2068 the trial of the action even though the physician is a resident of 2069 or subject to service in the county in which the trial is had. The 2070 bureau of workers' compensation shall pay the cost of the 2071 stenographic deposition filed in court and of copies of the 2072 stenographic deposition for each party from the surplus fund and 2073 charge the costs thereof against the unsuccessful party if the 2074 claimant's right to participate or continue to participate is 2075 finally sustained or established in the appeal. In the event the 2076 deposition is taken and filed, the physician whose deposition is 2077 taken is not required to respond to any subpoena issued in the 2078 trial of the action. The court, or the jury under the instructions 2079 of the court, if a jury is demanded, shall determine the right of 2080 the claimant to participate or to continue to participate in the 2081 fund upon the evidence adduced at the hearing of the action.

- (E) The court shall certify its decision to the commission 2083 and the certificate shall be entered in the records of the court. 2084 Appeals from the judgment are governed by the law applicable to 2085 the appeal of civil actions. 2086
- (F) The cost of any legal proceedings authorized by this 2087 section, including an attorney's fee to the claimant's attorney to 2088 be fixed by the trial judge, based upon the effort expended, in 2089 the event the claimant's right to participate or to continue to 2090 participate in the fund is established upon the final 2091 determination of an appeal, shall be taxed against the employer or 2092 the commission if the commission or the administrator rather than 2093 the employer contested the right of the claimant to participate in 2094 the fund. The attorney's fee shall not exceed forty-two hundred 2095 dollars. 2096
- (G) If the finding of the court or the verdict of the jury is 2097 in favor of the claimant's right to participate in the fund, the 2098 commission and the administrator shall thereafter proceed in the 2099 matter of the claim as if the judgment were the decision of the 2100 commission, subject to the power of modification provided by 2101 section 4123.52 of the Revised Code. 2102
- (H)(1) An appeal from an order issued under division (E) of 2103 section 4123.511 of the Revised Code or any action filed in court 2104 in a case in which an award of compensation or medical benefits 2105 has been made shall not stay the payment of compensation or 2106 medical benefits under the award, or payment for subsequent 2107

determination.

determination.

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periods of total disability or medical benefits during the	2108
pendency of the appeal. If, in a final administrative or judicial	2109
action, it is determined that payments of compensation or	2110
benefits, or both, made to or on behalf of a claimant should not	2111
have been made, the amount thereof shall be charged to the surplus	2112
fund account under division (B) of section 4123.34 of the Revised	2113
Code. In the event the employer is a state risk, the amount shall	2114
not be charged to the employer's experience, and the administrator	2115
shall adjust the employer's account accordingly. In the event the	2116
employer is a self-insuring employer, the self-insuring employer	2117
shall deduct the amount from the paid compensation the	2118
self-insuring employer reports to the administrator under division	2119
(L) of section 4123.35 of the Revised Code. If an employer is a	2120
state risk and has paid an assessment for a violation of a	2121
specific safety requirement, and, in a final administrative or	2122
judicial action, it is determined that the employer did not	2123
violate the specific safety requirement, the administrator shall	2124
reimburse the employer from the surplus fund account under	2125
division (B) of section 4123.34 of the Revised Code for the amount	2126
of the assessment the employer paid for the violation.	2127
(2)(a) Notwithstanding a final determination that payments of	2128
benefits made to or on behalf of a claimant should not have been	2129
made, the administrator or self-insuring employer shall award	2130
payment of medical or vocational rehabilitation services submitted	2131
for payment after the date of the final determination if all of	2132
the following apply:	2133
(i) The services were approved and were rendered by the	2134

provider in good faith prior to the date of the final

4123.511 of the Revised Code prior to the date of the final

(ii) The services were payable under division (I) of section

- (iii) The request for payment is submitted within the time 2140 limit set forth in section 4123.52 of the Revised Code. 2141
- (b) Payments made under division (H)(1) of this section shall 2142 be charged to the surplus fund account under division (B) of 2143 section 4123.34 of the Revised Code. If the employer of the 2144 employee who is the subject of a claim described in division 2145 (H)(2)(a) of this section is a state fund employer, the payments 2146 made under that division shall not be charged to the employer's 2147 experience. If that employer is a self-insuring employer, the 2148 self-insuring employer shall deduct the amount from the paid 2149 compensation the self-insuring employer reports to the 2150 administrator under division (L) of section 4123.35 of the Revised 2151 Code. 2152
- (c) Division (H)(2) of this section shall apply only to a 2153 claim under this chapter or Chapter 4121., 4127., or 4131. of the 2154 Revised Code arising on or after July 29, 2011. 2155
- (3) A self-insuring employer may elect to pay compensation 2156 and benefits under this section directly to an employee or an 2157 employee's dependents by filing an application with the bureau of 2158 workers' compensation not more than one hundred eighty days and 2159 not less than ninety days before the first day of the employer's 2160 next six-month coverage period. If the self-insuring employer 2161 timely files the application, the application is effective on the 2162 first day of the employer's next six-month coverage period, 2163 provided that the administrator shall compute the employer's 2164 assessment for the surplus fund account due with respect to the 2165 period during which that application was filed without regard to 2166 the filing of the application. On and after the effective date of 2167 the employer's election, the self-insuring employer shall pay 2168 directly to an employee or to an employee's dependents 2169 compensation and benefits under this section regardless of the 2170 date of the injury or occupational disease, and the employer shall 2171

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receive no money or credits from the surplus fund account on	2172
account of those payments and shall not be required to pay any	2173
amounts into the surplus fund account on account of this section.	2174
The election made under this division is irrevocable.	2175

(I) All actions and proceedings under this section which are the subject of an appeal to the court of common pleas or the court of appeals shall be preferred over all other civil actions except election causes, irrespective of position on the calendar.

This section applies to all decisions of the commission or 2180 the administrator on November 2, 1959, and all claims filed 2181 thereafter are governed by sections 4123.511 and 4123.512 of the 2182 Revised Code. 2183

Any action pending in common pleas court or any other court 2184 on January 1, 1986, under this section is governed by former 2185 sections 4123.514, 4123.515, 4123.516, and 4123.519 and section 2186 4123.522 of the Revised Code.

Sec. 4123.56. (A) Except as provided in division (D) of this 2188 section, in the case of temporary disability, an employee shall 2189 receive sixty-six and two-thirds per cent of the employee's 2190 average weekly wage so long as such disability is total, not to 2191 exceed a maximum amount of weekly compensation which is equal to 2192 the statewide average weekly wage as defined in division (C) of 2193 section 4123.62 of the Revised Code, and not less than a minimum 2194 amount of compensation which is equal to thirty-three and 2195 one-third per cent of the statewide average weekly wage as defined 2196 in division (C) of section 4123.62 of the Revised Code unless the 2197 employee's wage is less than thirty-three and one-third per cent 2198 of the minimum statewide average weekly wage, in which event the 2199 employee shall receive compensation equal to the employee's full 2200 wages; provided that for the first twelve weeks of total 2201 disability the employee shall receive seventy-two per cent of the 2202

employee's full weekly wage, but not to exceed a maximum amount of	2203
weekly compensation which is equal to the lesser of the statewide	2204
average weekly wage as defined in division (C) of section 4123.62	2205
of the Revised Code or one hundred per cent of the employee's net	2206
take-home weekly wage. In the case of a self-insuring employer,	2207
payments shall be for a duration based upon the medical reports of	2208
the attending physician. If the employer disputes the attending	2209
physician's report, payments may be terminated only upon	2210
application and hearing by a district hearing officer pursuant to	2211
division (C) of section 4123.511 of the Revised Code. Payments	2212
shall continue pending the determination of the matter, however	2213
payment shall not be made for the period when any employee has	2214
returned to work, when an employee's treating physician has made a	2215
written statement that the employee is capable of returning to the	2216
employee's former position of employment, when work within the	2217
physical capabilities of the employee is made available by the	2218
employer or another employer, or when the employee has reached the	2219
maximum medical improvement. Where the employee is capable of work	2220
activity, but the employee's employer is unable to offer the	2221
employee any employment, the employee shall register with the	2222
director of job and family services, who shall assist the employee	2223
in finding suitable employment. The termination of temporary total	2224
disability, whether by order or otherwise, does not preclude the	2225
commencement of temporary total disability at another point in	2226
time if the employee again becomes temporarily totally disabled.	2227

After two hundred weeks of temporary total disability 2228 benefits, the medical section of the bureau of workers' 2229 compensation shall schedule the claimant for an examination for an 2230 evaluation to determine whether or not the temporary disability 2231 has become permanent. A self-insuring employer shall notify the 2232 bureau immediately after payment of two hundred weeks of temporary 2233 total disability and request that the bureau schedule the claimant 2234 for such an examination. 2235

Am. H. B. No. 52 As Passed by the House

When the employee is awarded compensation for temporary total	2236
disability for a period for which the employee has received	2237
benefits under Chapter 4141. of the Revised Code, the bureau shall	2238
pay an amount equal to the amount received from the award to the	2239
director of job and family services and the director shall credit	2240
the amount to the accounts of the employers to whose accounts the	2241
payment of benefits was charged or is chargeable to the extent it	2242
was charged or is chargeable.	2243

If any compensation under this section has been paid for the 2244 same period or periods for which temporary nonoccupational 2245 accident and sickness insurance is or has been paid pursuant to an 2246 insurance policy or program to which the employer has made the 2247 entire contribution or payment for providing insurance or under a 2248 nonoccupational accident and sickness program fully funded by the 2249 employer, except as otherwise provided in this division 2250 compensation paid under this section for the period or periods 2251 shall be paid only to the extent by which the payment or payments 2252 exceeds the amount of the nonoccupational insurance or program 2253 paid or payable. Offset of the compensation shall be made only 2254 upon the prior order of the bureau or industrial commission or 2255 agreement of the claimant. <u>If an employer provides supplemental</u> 2256 sick leave benefits in addition to temporary total disability 2257 compensation paid under this section, and if the employer and an 2258 employee agree in writing to the payment of the supplemental sick 2259 leave benefits, temporary total disability benefits may be paid 2260 without an offset for those supplemental sick leave benefits. 2261

As used in this division, "net take-home weekly wage" means 2262 the amount obtained by dividing an employee's total remuneration, 2263 as defined in section 4141.01 of the Revised Code, paid to or 2264 earned by the employee during the first four of the last five 2265 completed calendar quarters which immediately precede the first 2266 day of the employee's entitlement to benefits under this division, 2267

by the number of weeks during which the employee was paid or	2268
earned remuneration during those four quarters, less the amount of	2269
local, state, and federal income taxes deducted for each such	2270
week.	2271

- (B)(1) If an employee in a claim allowed under this chapter 2272 suffers a wage loss as a result of returning to employment other 2273 than the employee's former position of employment due to an injury 2274 or occupational disease, the employee shall receive compensation 2275 at sixty-six and two-thirds per cent of the difference between the 2276 employee's average weekly wage and the employee's present earnings 2277 not to exceed the statewide average weekly wage. The payments may 2278 continue for up to a maximum of two hundred weeks, but the 2279 payments shall be reduced by the corresponding number of weeks in 2280 which the employee receives payments pursuant to division 2281 $\frac{(B)(A)(2)}{(B)(B)}$ of section 4121.67 Of the Revised Code. 2282
- (2) If an employee in a claim allowed under this chapter 2283 suffers a wage loss as a result of being unable to find employment 2284 consistent with the employee's disability resulting from the 2285 employee's injury or occupational disease, the employee shall 2286 receive compensation at sixty-six and two-thirds per cent of the 2287 difference between the employee's average weekly wage and the 2288 employee's present earnings, not to exceed the statewide average 2289 weekly wage. The payments may continue for up to a maximum of 2290 fifty-two weeks. The first twenty-six weeks of payments under 2291 division (B)(2) of this section shall be in addition to the 2292 maximum of two hundred weeks of payments allowed under division 2293 (B)(1) of this section. If an employee in a claim allowed under 2294 this chapter receives compensation under division (B)(2) of this 2295 section in excess of twenty-six weeks, the number of weeks of 2296 compensation allowable under division (B)(1) of this section shall 2297 be reduced by the corresponding number of weeks in excess of 2298 twenty-six, and up to fifty-two, that is allowable under division 2299

death, the weekly payment is sixty-six and two-thirds per cent of

the average weekly wage, but not to exceed a maximum aggregate

amount of weekly compensation which is equal to sixty-six and

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two-thirds per cent of the statewide average weekly wage as	2330
defined in division (C) of section 4123.62 of the Revised Code,	2331
and not in any event less than a minimum amount of weekly	2332
compensation which is equal to fifty per cent of the statewide	2333
average weekly wage as defined in division (C) of section 4123.62	2334
of the Revised Code, regardless of the average weekly wage;	2335
provided however, that if the death is due to injury received or	2336
occupational disease first diagnosed after January 1, 1976, the	2337
weekly payment is sixty-six and two-thirds per cent of the average	2338
weekly wage but not to exceed a maximum aggregate amount of weekly	2339
compensation which is equal to the statewide average weekly wage	2340
as defined in division (C) of section 4123.62 of the Revised Code;	2341
provided that when any claimant is receiving total disability	2342
compensation at the time of death the wholly dependent person is	2343
eligible for the maximum compensation provided for in this	2344
section. Where there is more than one person who is wholly	2345
dependent at the time of the death of the employee, the	2346
administrator of workers' compensation shall promptly apportion	2347
the weekly amount of compensation payable under this section among	2348
the dependent persons as provided in division (D) of this section.	2349

- (1) The payment as provided in this section shall continue 2350 from the date of death of an injured or disabled employee until 2351 the death or remarriage of such dependent spouse. If the dependent 2352 spouse remarries, an amount equal to two years of compensation 2353 benefits at the weekly amount determined to be applicable to and 2354 being paid to the dependent spouse shall be paid in a lump sum to 2355 such spouse and no further compensation shall be paid to such 2356 spouse. 2357
- (2) That portion of the payment provided in division (B) of 2358 this section applicable to wholly dependent persons other than a 2359 spouse shall continue from the date of death of an injured or 2360 disabled employee to a dependent as of the date of death, other 2361

(1) A surviving spouse who was living with the employee at

the time of death or a surviving spouse who was separated from the

employee at the time of death because of the aggression of the

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employee;	2392
emblovee;	/ 4 9 /

(2) A child under the age of eighteen years, or twenty-five 2393 years if pursuing a full-time educational program while enrolled 2394 in an accredited educational institution and program, or over said 2395 age if physically or mentally incapacitated from earning, upon 2396 only the one parent who is contributing more than one-half of the 2397 support for such child and with whom he the child is living at the 2398 time of the death of such parent, or for whose maintenance such 2399 parent was legally liable at the time of his the parent's death. 2400

It is presumed that there is sufficient dependency to entitle 2401 a surviving natural parent or surviving natural parents, share and 2402 share alike, with whom the decedent was living at the time of his 2403 the decedent's death, to a total minimum award of three thousand 2404 dollars.

The administrator may take into consideration any 2406 circumstances which, at the time of the death of the decedent, 2407 clearly indicate prospective dependency on the part of the 2408 claimant and potential support on the part of the decedent. No 2409 person shall be considered a prospective dependent unless such 2410 person is a member of the family of the deceased employee and 2411 bears to him the deceased employee the relation of surviving 2412 spouse, lineal descendant, ancestor, or brother or sister. The 2413 total award for any or all prospective dependency to all such 2414 claimants, except to a natural parent or natural parents of the 2415 deceased, shall not exceed three thousand dollars to be 2416 apportioned among them as the administrator orders. 2417

In all other cases, the question of dependency, in whole or
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in part, shall be determined in accordance with the facts in each
particular case existing at the time of the injury resulting in
the death of such employee, but no person shall be considered as
dependent unless such person is a member of the family of the
deceased employee, or bears to him the deceased employee the
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Am. H. B. No. 52 As Passed by the	House				Page 79
relation of s	surviving spouse, linea	.l de	escendant, ances	tor, or	2424
brother or s	ister.				2425
(E) An o	order issued by the adm	inis	strator under th	is section	2426
is appealable	e pursuant to sections	4123	3.511 to 4123.51	2 of the	2427
Revised Code					2428
	2. That existing secti				2429
	1.65, 4121.66, 4121.67,				2430
	3.343, 4123.35, 4123.35				2431
4123.512, 412	23.56, and 4123.59 and	sect	ion 4121.48 of	the Revised	2432
Code are here	eby repealed.				2433
Coation	3. All items in this s	0a+ i	on are hereby a	opropriated	2434
	oneys in the state trea				2435
_	und. For all appropriat	_			2436
	lumn are for fiscal yea				2437
	or fiscal year 2017.		, 10, and enese in	ir circ become	2438
	AI TITLE		Appropri	ations	2439
	BWC BUREAU OF WORKER	RS' (2440
Dedicated Pur	rpose Fund Group				2441
7023 855407	Claims, Risk and	\$	110,445,000 \$	110,445,000	2442
	Medical Management				
7023 855408	Fraud Prevention	\$	11,909,400 \$	11,909,400	2443
7023 855409	Administrative	\$	110,360,919 \$	110,360,919	2444
	Services				
7023 855410	Attorney General	\$	4,621,850 \$	4,621,850	2445
	Payments				
8220 855606	Coal Workers' Fund	\$	147,666 \$	147,666	2446
8230 855608	Marine Industry	\$	55,000 \$	55,000	2447
8250 855605	Disabled Workers	\$	170,000 \$	170,000	2448
	Relief Fund				
8260 855609	Safety and Hygiene	\$	21,661,132 \$	21,661,132	2449

As I asset by the House					
Operating					
8260 855610 Safety Grants	\$	15,000,000	\$ 15,000,000	2450	
TOTAL DPF Dedicated Purpose Fund	\$	274,370,967	\$ 274,370,967	2451	
Group					
Federal Fund Group				2452	
3490 855601 OSHA Enforcement	\$	1,731,000	\$ 1,731,000	2453	
3FW0 855614 BLS SOII Grant	\$	141,000	\$ 141,000	2454	
TOTAL FED Federal Fund Group	\$	1,872,000	\$ 1,872,000	2455	
TOTAL ALL BUDGET FUND GROUPS	\$	276,242,967	\$ 276,242,967	2456	
WORKERS' COMPENSATION FRAUD U	NIT			2457	
Of the foregoing appropriation	n ite	em 855410, Att	orney General	2458	
Payments, \$828,200 in each fiscal	year	shall be used	to fund the	2459	
expenses of the Workers' Compensat	ion F	raud Unit wit	hin the	2460	
Attorney General's Office. These payments shall be processed at					
the beginning of each quarter of each fiscal year and deposited					
into the Workers' Compensation Section Fund (Fund 1950) used by					
the Attorney General.				2464	
SAFETY AND HYGIENE				2465	
Notwithstanding section 4121.37 of the Revised Code, the					
Treasurer of State shall transfer	\$21,6	61,132 cash i	n fiscal year	2467	
2016 and \$21,661,132 cash in fisca	l yea	ar 2017 from t	he State	2468	
Insurance Fund to the Safety and Hygiene Fund (Fund 8260).					
OSHA ON-SITE CONSULTATION PRO	GRAM			2470	
A portion of the foregoing ap	propr	riation item 8	55609, Safety	2471	
and Hygiene Operating, may be used	to p	provide the st	ate match for	2472	
federal funding of the Occupational Safety and Health					
Administration's On-site Consultat	ion F	rogram operat	ed by the	2474	
Division of Safety and Hygiene.				2475	
VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION				2476	
The Bureau of Workers' Compen	satio	on and the Opp	ortunities for	2477	

Am. H. B. No. 52

As Passed by the House

Page 80

Ohioans with Disabilities Agency shall enter into an interagency	2478
agreement for the provision of vocational rehabilitation services	2479
and staff to mutually eligible clients. The Bureau may provide not	2480
more than \$605,407 in fiscal year 2016 and \$605,407 in fiscal year	2481
2017 from the State Insurance Fund to fund vocational	2482
rehabilitation services and staff in accordance with the	2483
interagency agreement.	2484

Section 4. DEPUTY INSPECTOR GENERAL FOR BWC AND OIC FUNDING 2485

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To pay for the FY 2016 costs related to the Deputy Inspector General for the Bureau of Workers' Compensation and Industrial Commission, on July 1, 2015, and January 1, 2016, or as soon as possible thereafter, the Director of Budget and Management shall transfer \$212,500 in cash from the Workers' Compensation Fund (Fund 7023) to the Deputy Inspector General for the Bureau of Workers' Compensation and Industrial Commission Fund (Fund 5FT0).

To pay for the FY 2017 costs related to the Deputy Inspector 2493

General for the Bureau of Workers' Compensation and Industrial 2494

Commission, on July 1, 2016, and January 1, 2017, or as soon as 2495

possible thereafter, the Director of Budget and Management shall 2496

transfer \$212,500 in cash from the Workers' Compensation Fund 2497

(Fund 7023) to the Deputy Inspector General for the Bureau of 2498

Workers' Compensation and Industrial Commission Fund (Fund 5FT0). 2499

If additional amounts are needed, the Inspector General may 2500 seek Controlling Board approval for additional transfers of cash 2501 and to increase the amount appropriated in appropriation item 2502 965604, Deputy Inspector General for the Bureau of Workers' 2503 Compensation and Industrial Commission.

Section 5. Law contained in the Main Operating Appropriations 2505

Act of the 131st General Assembly that applies generally to the 2506

appropriations made in that act also applies generally to the 2507