As Introduced

131st General Assembly Regular Session 2015-2016

S. B. No. 141

Senators Burke, Manning Cosponsors: Senators Brown, Seitz, Beagle, Hite

A BILL

То	amend sections 4729.01, 4729.281, and 4729.39 of	1
	the Revised Code to revise the laws governing	2
	pharmacist consult agreements and the laws	3
	governing the circumstances under which a	4
	pharmacist may dispense or sell a drug without a	5
	prescription.	6

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 4729.01, 4729.281, and 4729.39 of	7
the Revised Code be amended to read as follows:	8
Sec. 4729.01. As used in this chapter:	9
(A) "Pharmacy," except when used in a context that refers	10
to the practice of pharmacy, means any area, room, rooms, place	11
of business, department, or portion of any of the foregoing	12
where the practice of pharmacy is conducted.	13
(B) "Practice of pharmacy" means providing pharmacist care	14
requiring specialized knowledge, judgment, and skill derived	15
from the principles of biological, chemical, behavioral, social,	16
pharmaceutical, and clinical sciences. As used in this division,	17
"pharmacist care" includes the following:	18

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(1) Interpreting prescriptions;	19
(2) Dispensing drugs and drug therapy related devices;	20
(3) Compounding drugs;	21
(4) Counseling individuals with regard to their drug	22
therapy, recommending drug therapy related devices, and	23
assisting in the selection of drugs and appliances for treatment	24
of common diseases and injuries and providing instruction in the	25
proper use of the drugs and appliances;	26
(5) Performing drug regimen reviews with individuals by	27
discussing all of the drugs that the individual is taking and	28
explaining the interactions of the drugs;	29
(6) Performing drug utilization reviews with licensed	30
health professionals authorized to prescribe drugs when the	31
pharmacist determines that an individual with a prescription has	32
a drug regimen that warrants additional discussion with the	33
prescriber;	34
(7) Advising an individual and the health care	35
professionals treating an individual with regard to the	36
<pre>individual's drug therapy;</pre>	37
(8) Acting pursuant to a consult agreement with $\frac{a}{a}$	38
physician one or more physicians authorized under Chapter 4731.	39
of the Revised Code to practice medicine and surgery or	40
osteopathic medicine and surgery, if an agreement has been	41
established with the physician;	42
(9) Engaging in the administration of immunizations to the	43
extent authorized by section 4729.41 of the Revised Code.	44
(C) "Compounding" means the preparation, mixing,	45
assembling, packaging, and labeling of one or more drugs in any	46

of the following circumstances:	47
(1) Pursuant to a prescription issued by a licensed health	48
professional authorized to prescribe drugs;	49
(2) Pursuant to the modification of a prescription made in	50
accordance with a consult agreement;	51
(3) As an incident to research, teaching activities, or	52
chemical analysis;	53
(4) In anticipation of orders for drugs pursuant to	54
prescriptions, based on routine, regularly observed dispensing	55
patterns;	56
(5) Pursuant to a request made by a licensed health	57
professional authorized to prescribe drugs for a drug that is to	58
be used by the professional for the purpose of direct	59
administration to patients in the course of the professional's	60
practice, if all of the following apply:	61
(a) At the time the request is made, the drug is not	62
commercially available regardless of the reason that the drug is	63
not available, including the absence of a manufacturer for the	64
drug or the lack of a readily available supply of the drug from	65
a manufacturer.	66
(b) A limited quantity of the drug is compounded and	67
provided to the professional.	68
(c) The drug is compounded and provided to the	69
professional as an occasional exception to the normal practice	70
of dispensing drugs pursuant to patient-specific prescriptions.	71
(D) "Consult agreement" means an agreement to manage an	72
individual's drug therapy that has been entered into by a	73
pharmacist and a physician authorized under Chapter 4731. of the	74

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Revised Code to practice medicine and surgery or osteopathic	75
medicine and surgeryunder section 4729.39 of the Revised Code.	76
(E) "Drug" means:	77
(1) Any article recognized in the United States	78
pharmacopoeia and national formulary, or any supplement to them,	79
intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment,	80
or prevention of disease in humans or animals;	81
(2) Any other article intended for use in the diagnosis,	82
cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease in humans	83
or animals;	84
(3) Any article, other than food, intended to affect the	85
structure or any function of the body of humans or animals;	86
(4) Any article intended for use as a component of any	87
article specified in division (E)(1), (2), or (3) of this	88
section; but does not include devices or their components,	89
parts, or accessories.	90
(F) "Dangerous drug" means any of the following:	91
(1) Any drug to which either of the following applies:	92
(a) Under the "Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act," 52	93
Stat. 1040 (1938), 21 U.S.C.A. 301, as amended, the drug is	94
required to bear a label containing the legend "Caution: Federal	95
law prohibits dispensing without prescription" or "Caution:	96
Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a	97
licensed veterinarian" or any similar restrictive statement, or	98
the drug may be dispensed only upon a prescription;	99
(b) Under Chapter 3715. or 3719. of the Revised Code, the	100
drug may be dispensed only upon a prescription.	101

(2) Any drug that contains a schedule V controlled	102
substance and that is exempt from Chapter 3719. of the Revised	103
Code or to which that chapter does not apply;	104
(3) Any drug intended for administration by injection into	105
the human body other than through a natural orifice of the human	106
body.	107
(G) "Federal drug abuse control laws" has the same meaning	108
as in section 3719.01 of the Revised Code.	109
(H) "Prescription" means a written, electronic, or oral	110
order for drugs or combinations or mixtures of drugs to be used	111
by a particular individual or for treating a particular animal,	112
issued by a licensed health professional authorized to prescribe	113
drugs.	114
(I) "Licensed health professional authorized to prescribe	115
drugs" or "prescriber" means an individual who is authorized by	116
law to prescribe drugs or dangerous drugs or drug therapy	117
related devices in the course of the individual's professional	118
practice, including only the following:	119
(1) A dentist licensed under Chapter 4715. of the Revised	120
Code;	121
(2) A clinical nurse specialist, certified nurse-midwife,	122
or certified nurse practitioner who holds a certificate to	123
prescribe issued under section 4723.48 of the Revised Code;	124
(3) An optometrist licensed under Chapter 4725. of the	125
Revised Code to practice optometry under a therapeutic	126
pharmaceutical agents certificate;	127
(4) A physician authorized under Chapter 4731. of the	128
Revised Code to practice medicine and surgery, osteopathic	129

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medicine and surgery, or podiatric medicine and surgery;	130
(5) A physician assistant who holds a certificate to	131
prescribe issued under Chapter 4730. of the Revised Code;	132
(6) A veterinarian licensed under Chapter 4741. of the	133
Revised Code.	134
(J) "Sale" and "sell" include delivery, transfer, barter,	135
exchange, or gift, or offer therefor, and each such transaction	136
made by any person, whether as principal proprietor, agent, or	137
employee.	138
(K) "Wholesale sale" and "sale at wholesale" mean any sale	139
in which the purpose of the purchaser is to resell the article	140
purchased or received by the purchaser.	141
(L) "Retail sale" and "sale at retail" mean any sale other	142
than a wholesale sale or sale at wholesale.	143
(M) "Retail seller" means any person that sells any	144
dangerous drug to consumers without assuming control over and	145
responsibility for its administration. Mere advice or	146
instructions regarding administration do not constitute control	147
or establish responsibility.	148
(N) "Price information" means the price charged for a	149
prescription for a particular drug product and, in an easily	150
understandable manner, all of the following:	151
(1) The proprietary name of the drug product;	152
(2) The established (generic) name of the drug product;	153
(3) The strength of the drug product if the product	154
contains a single active ingredient or if the drug product	155
contains more than one active ingredient and a relevant strength	156

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can be associated with the product without indicating each	157
active ingredient. The established name and quantity of each	158
active ingredient are required if such a relevant strength	159
cannot be so associated with a drug product containing more than	160
one ingredient.	161
(4) The dosage form;	162
(5) The price charged for a specific quantity of the drug	163
product. The stated price shall include all charges to the	164
consumer, including, but not limited to, the cost of the drug	165
product, professional fees, handling fees, if any, and a	166
statement identifying professional services routinely furnished	167
by the pharmacy. Any mailing fees and delivery fees may be	168
stated separately without repetition. The information shall not	169
be false or misleading.	170
(O) "Wholesale distributor of dangerous drugs" means a	171
person engaged in the sale of dangerous drugs at wholesale and	172
includes any agent or employee of such a person authorized by	173
the person to engage in the sale of dangerous drugs at	174
wholesale.	175
(P) "Manufacturer of dangerous drugs" means a person,	176
other than a pharmacist, who manufactures dangerous drugs and	177
who is engaged in the sale of those dangerous drugs within this	178
state.	179
(Q) "Terminal distributor of dangerous drugs" means a	180
person who is engaged in the sale of dangerous drugs at retail,	181
or any person, other than a wholesale distributor or a	182
pharmacist, who has possession, custody, or control of dangerous	183
drugs for any purpose other than for that person's own use and	184
consumption, and includes pharmacies, hospitals, nursing homes,	185

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and laboratories and all other persons who procure dangerous	186
drugs for sale or other distribution by or under the supervision	187
of a pharmacist or licensed health professional authorized to	188
prescribe drugs.	189
(R) "Promote to the public" means disseminating a	190
representation to the public in any manner or by any means,	191
other than by labeling, for the purpose of inducing, or that is	192
likely to induce, directly or indirectly, the purchase of a	193
dangerous drug at retail.	194
(S) "Person" includes any individual, partnership,	195
association, limited liability company, or corporation, the	196
state, any political subdivision of the state, and any district,	197
department, or agency of the state or its political	198
subdivisions.	199
(T) "Finished dosage form" has the same meaning as in	200
section 3715.01 of the Revised Code.	201
(U) "Generically equivalent drug" has the same meaning as	202
in section 3715.01 of the Revised Code.	203
(V) "Animal shelter" means a facility operated by a humane	204
society or any society organized under Chapter 1717. of the	205
Revised Code or a dog pound operated pursuant to Chapter 955. of	206
the Revised Code.	207
(W) "Food" has the same meaning as in section 3715.01 of	208
the Revised Code.	209
(X) "Pain management clinic" has the same meaning as in	210
section 4731.054 of the Revised Code.	211
Sec. 4729.281. (A) A pharmacist may dispense or sell a	212
dangerous drug, other than a schedule II controlled substance as	213

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defined in section 3719.01 of the Revised Code, without a	214
written or oral prescription from a licensed health professional	215
authorized to prescribe drugs if all of the following conditions	216
are met:	217
(1) The pharmacy at which the pharmacist works has a	218
record of a prescription for the drug in the name of the patient	219
who is requesting it, but the prescription does not provide for	220
a refill or the time permitted by rules adopted by the state	221
board of pharmacy for providing refills has elapsed.	222
(2) The pharmacist is unable to obtain authorization to	223
refill the prescription from the health care professional who	224
issued the prescription or another health professional	225
responsible for the patient's care.	226
(3) In the exercise of the pharmacist's professional	227
<pre>judgment:</pre>	228
(a) The drug is essential to sustain the life of the	229
patient or continue therapy for a chronic condition of the	230
patient.	231
(b) Failure to dispense or sell the drug to the patient	232
could result in harm to the health of the patient.	233
(4) The (a) Except as provided in division (A) (4) (b) of	234
this section, the amount of the drug that is dispensed or sold	235
under this section does not exceed a seventy-two—hour supply as	236
provided in the prescription.	237
(b) (i) Subject to division (A) (4) (b) (ii) of this section,	238
if the drug sold or dispensed under this section is not a	239
controlled substance and the patient has been on a consistent	240
drug therapy as demonstrated by records maintained by a	241
pharmacy, the amount of the drug dispensed or sold does not	242

exceed a thirty-day supply as provided in the prescription or,	243
if the standard unit of dispensing for the drug exceeds a	244
thirty-day supply, the amount of the drug dispensed or sold does	245
not exceed the standard unit of dispensing.	246
(ii) A pharmacist shall not dispense or sell a particular	247
drug to the same patient in an amount described in division (A)	248
(4) (b) (i) of this section more than once in any twelve-month	249
period.	250
(B) A pharmacist who dispenses or sells a drug under this	251
section shall do all of the following:	252
(1) For one year after the date of dispensing or sale,	253
maintain a record in accordance with this chapter of the drug	254
dispensed or sold, including the name and address of the patient	255
and the individual receiving the drug, if the individual	256
receiving the drug is not the patient, the amount dispensed or	257
sold, and the original prescription number;	258
(2) Notify the health professional who issued the	259
prescription described in division (A)(1) of this section or	260
another health professional responsible for the patient's care	261
not later than seventy-two hours after the drug is sold or	262
dispensed;	263
(3) If applicable, obtain authorization for additional	264
dispensing from one of the health professionals described in	265
division (B)(2) of this section.	266
(C) A pharmacist who dispenses or sells a drug under this	267
section may do so once for each prescription described in	268
division (A)(1) of this section.	269
Sec. 4729.39. (A) A pharmacist One or more pharmacists may	270
enter into a consult agreement with a physician one or more	271

physicians authorized under Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code to	272
practice medicine and surgery or osteopathic medicine and	273
surgery if all of the following conditions are met:	274
(1) Each physician has an ongoing physician-patient	275
relationship with each patient whose drug therapy is being	276
managed.	275
(2) The diagnosis for which each patient has been	278
prescribed drug therapy is within the scope of each physician's	279
practice.	280
(3) Each pharmacist has training and experience related to	281
the particular diagnosis for which drug therapy is prescribed.	282
Under (B) With respect to consult agreements, all of the	283
<pre>following apply:</pre>	284
(1) Under a consult agreement, a pharmacist is authorized	285
to manage an individual's drug therapydo both of the following,	286
but only to the extent specified in the agreement, this section,	287
and the rules adopted under this section:	288
(a) Manage drug therapy for treatment of specified	289
diagnoses or diseases for each patient who is subject to the	290
agreement, including all of the following:	291
(i) Changing the duration of treatment for the current	292
<pre>drug therapy;</pre>	293
(ii) Adjusting a drug's strength, dose, dosage form,	294
frequency, administration, or route of administration;	295
(iii) Discontinuing the use of a drug;	296
(iv) Administering a drug;	297
(v) Notwithstanding the definition of "licensed health	298

professional authorized to prescribe drugs" in section 4729.01	299
of the Revised Code, adding a drug to the patient's drug	300
therapy.	301
(b) (i) Order blood and write tests and in aggordance with	302
(b) (i) Order blood and urine tests and, in accordance with	
practice protocols that are part of the the consult agreement,	303
evaluate results related to the drug therapy being managed.	304
(ii) A pharmacist's authority to evaluate blood and urine	305
tests under division (B)(1)(b)(i) of this section does not	306
authorize the pharmacist to make a diagnosis.	307
(B) All of the following apply to a consult agreement that	308
authorizes a pharmacist to manage the drug therapy of an-	309
individual who is not a patient of a hospital, as defined in	310
section 3727.01 of the Revised Code, or a resident in a long-	311
term care facility, as defined in section 3729.01 of the Revised	312
Code:	313
(1) A separate consult agreement must be entered into for	314
each individual whose drug therapy is to be managed by a	315
pharmacist. A consult agreement applies only to the particular	316
diagnosis for which a physician prescribed an individual's drug-	317
therapy. If a different diagnosis is made for the individual,	318
the pharmacist and physician must enter into a new or additional	319
consult agreement.	320
(2) Management of an individual's drug therapy by a	321
pharmacist under a consult agreement may include monitoring and	322
modifying a prescription that has been issued for the-	323
individual. Except as provided in section 4729.38 of the Revised	324
Code for the selection of generically equivalent drugs,	325
management of an individual's drug therapy by a pharmacist under-	326
a consult agreement shall not include dispensing a drug that has	327

not been prescribed by the physician.	328
(3) Each consult agreement shall be in writing, except	329
that a consult agreement may be entered into verbally if it is	330
<pre>immediately reduced to writing.</pre>	331
(4) A physician entering into a consult agreement shall-	332
specify in the agreement the extent to which the pharmacist is	333
authorized to manage the drug therapy of the individual	334
specified in the agreement.	335
(5) A physician entering into a consult agreement may	336
specify one other physician who has agreed to serve as an	337
alternate physician in the event that the primary physician is	338
unavailable to consult directly with the pharmacist. The	339
pharmacist may specify one other pharmacist who has agreed to	340
serve as an alternate pharmacist in the event that the primary	341
pharmacist is unavailable to consult directly with the	342
physician.	343
(6) A consult agreement may not be implemented until it-	344
has been signed by the primary pharmacist, the primary	345
physician, and the individual whose drug therapy will be managed	346
or another person who has the authority to provide consent to-	347
treatment on behalf of the individual. Once the agreement is	348
signed by all required parties, the physician shall include in	349
the individual's medical record the fact that a consult	350
agreement has been entered into with a pharmacist.	351
(7) Prior to commencing any action to manage an-	352
individual's drug therapy under a consult agreement, the	353
pharmacist shall make reasonable attempts to contact and confer-	354
with the physician who entered into the consult agreement with	355
the pharmacist. A pharmacist may commence an action to manage an	356

individual's drug therapy prior to conferring with the physician-	357
or the physician's alternate, but shall immediately cease the	358
action that was commenced if the pharmacist has not conferred	359
with either physician within forty-eight hours.	360
A pharmacist acting under a consult agreement shall	361
maintain a record of each action taken to manage an individual's	362
drug therapy. The pharmacist shall send to the individual's	363
physician a written report of all actions taken to manage the	364
individual's drug therapy at intervals the physician shall-	365
specify when entering into the agreement. The physician shall	366
include the pharmacist's report in the medical records the-	367
physician maintains for the individual.	368
(8) (2) (a) A consult agreement, or the portion of the	369
agreement that applies to a particular patient, may be	370
terminated by either the any of the following:	371
(i) A pharmacist or who entered into the agreement;	372
(ii) A physician who entered into the agreement. By	373
withdrawing consent, the individual;	374
(iii) A patient whose drug therapy is being managed or	375
the;	376
(iv) An individual who consented to the treatment on	377
behalf of the individual may terminate a consult agreementa	378
patient or an individual authorized to act on behalf of a	379
patient.	380
The (b) The pharmacist or physician who receives the	381
individual's withdrawal of consent notice of a patient's	382
termination of the agreement shall provide written notice to the	383
opposite partyevery other pharmacist or physician who is a party	384
to the agreement. A pharmacist or physician who terminates a	385

consult agreement with regard to one or more patients shall	386
provide written notice to the opposite party all other	387
pharmacists and physicians who entered into the agreement and to	388
the <u>each</u> individual who consented to treatment under the	389
agreement. The termination of a consult agreement with regard to	390
one or more patients shall be recorded by the pharmacist and	391
physician in the <u>medical</u> records they maintain on the individual	392
being treatedof each patient to whom the termination applies.	393
(9) Except as described in division (B) (5) of this	394
section, the authority of a pharmacist to manage an individual's	395
drug therapy under a consult agreement does not permit the	396
pharmacist to manage drug therapy prescribed by any other-	397
physician.	398
(C) All of the following apply to a consult agreement that	399
authorizes a pharmacist to manage the drug therapy of an-	400
individual who is a patient of a hospital, as defined in section-	401
3727.01 of the Revised Code, or a resident in a long term care	402
facility, as defined in section 3729.01 of the Revised Code:	403
(1) Before a consult agreement may be entered into and	404
implemented, a hospital or long-term care facility shall adopt a	405
policy for consult agreements. For any period of time during	406
which a pharmacist or physician acting under a consult agreement	407
is not physically present and available at the hospital or	408
facility, the policy shall require that another pharmacist and	409
physician be available at the hospital or facility.	410
(2) The (3) A consult agreement shall be made in writing	411
and shall comply with the hospital's or facility's policy on	412
consult agreements include all of the following:	413
(a) The diagnoses and diseases being managed under the	414

agreement, including whether each disease is primary or	415
<pre>comorbid;</pre>	416
(b) Practice protocols;	417
(c) A description of the drug therapy management	418
protocols.	419
$\frac{(3)-(4)}{(4)}$ The content of the <u>a</u> consult agreement shall be	420
communicated to the individual each patient whose drug therapy	421
will be is managed in a manner consistent with the hospital's or	422
facility's policy on consult agreements under the agreement.	423
$\frac{(4)-(5)}{(5)}$ A pharmacist acting under a consult agreement	424
shall maintain in the individual's medical record a record of	425
each action taken for each patient whose drug therapy is managed	426
under the agreement.	427
(5) (6) Communication between a pharmacist and physician	428
acting under the a consult agreement shall take place at regular	429
intervals specified by the primary physician acting under the	430
agreement. The agreement may include a requirement that a	431
pharmacist send a consult report to each consulting physician.	432
(6) A consult agreement may be terminated by the	433
individual, a person authorized to act on behalf of the	434
individual, the primary physician acting under the agreement, or	435
the primary pharmacist acting under the agreement. When a	436
consult agreement is terminated, all parties to the agreement	437
shall be notified and the termination shall be recorded in the-	438
individual's medical record.	439
(7) The authority of a pharmacist acting under a A consult	440
agreement is effective for two years and may be renewed if the	441
conditions specified in division (A) of this section are met.	442

(8) A consult agreement does not permit the a pharmacist	443
to act under the agreement in a hospital long-term care facility-	444
at which the pharmacist is not authorized to practice manage drug	445
therapy prescribed by a physician who has not entered into the	446
agreement.	447
$\frac{(D)-(C)}{(D)}$ The state board of pharmacy, in consultation with	448
the state medical board, shall adopt rules to be followed by	449
pharmacists, and the state medical board, in consultation with	450
the state board of pharmacy, shall adopt rules to be followed by	451
physicians, that establish standards and procedures for entering	452
into a consult agreement and managing an individual's a	453
patient's drug therapy under a consult agreement. The boards	454
shall specify in the rules any categories of drugs or types of	455
diseases for which a consult agreement may not be established.	456
Either board may adopt any other rules it considers necessary	457
for the implementation and administration of this section. All	458
rules adopted under this division shall be adopted in accordance	459
with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code.	460
(D) (1) Subject to division (D) (2) of this section, both of	461
the following apply:	462
(a) A pharmacist is not liable in damages in a tort or	463
other civil action for injury or loss to person or property	464
allegedly arising from a physician's change in a drug for a	465
patient whose drug therapy the pharmacist is managing under a	466
consult agreement.	467
(b) A physician is not liable in damages in a tort or	468
other civil action for injury or loss to person or property	469
allegedly arising from a pharmacist's change in a drug for a	470
patient whose drug therapy the pharmacist is managing under a	471
consult agreement unless the physician authorized the specific	472

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change in the drug.	473
(2) Division (D)(1) of this section does not limit a	474
physician's or pharmacist's liability in damages in a tort or	475
other civil action for injury or loss to person or property	476
allegedly arising from actions that are not related to the	477
physician's or pharmacist's change in a drug for a patient whose	478
drug therapy is being managed under a consult agreement.	479
Section 2. That existing sections 4729.01, 4729.281, and	480
4729.39 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	481