As Reported by the House Criminal Justice Committee

132nd General Assembly

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Sub. S. B. No. 145

Senators Huffman, Wilson

Cosponsors: Senators Uecker, Lehner, Jordan, Terhar, Hottinger, Hackett, LaRose, Bacon, Burke, Eklund, Gardner, Hite, Hoagland, Obhof, Oelslager

A BILL

То	amend sections 2305.114, 2307.53, 2901.01,	1
	2903.09, 2919.123, 2919.151, and 2967.193 and to	2
	enact section 2919.15 of the Revised Code to	3
	criminalize and create a civil action for	4
	dismemberment abortions.	5

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 2305.114, 2307.53, 2901.01,	6
2903.09, 2919.123, 2919.151, and 2967.193 be amended and section	7
2919.15 of the Revised Code be enacted to read as follows:	8
Sec. 2305.114. A civil action pursuant to section 2307.53	9
of the Revised Code for partial birth feticide or dismemberment	10
feticide shall be commenced within one year after the commission	11
of that the offense.	12
Sec. 2307.53. (A) As used in this section:	13
(1) "Dismemberment abortion" has the same meaning as in	14
section 2919.15 of the Revised Code.	15
(2) "Frivolous conduct" has the same meaning as in section	16

2323.51 of the Revised Code.	17
(2) (3) "Partial birth procedure" has the same meaning as	18
in section 2919.151 of the Revised Code.	19
(B) A woman upon whom a partial birth procedure is	20
performed in violation of division (B) or (C) of section	21
2919.151 of the Revised Code, a woman upon whom a dismemberment	22
abortion is performed in violation of division (B) of section	23
2919.15 of the Revised Code, the father of the child if the	24
child was not conceived by rape, or the parent of the woman if	25
the woman is not eighteen years of age or older at the time of	26
the violation has and may commence a civil action for	27
compensatory damages, punitive or exemplary damages if	28
authorized by section 2315.21 of the Revised Code, and court	29
costs and reasonable attorney's fees against the person who	30
committed the violation.	31
(C) If a judgment is rendered in favor of the defendant in	32
a civil action commenced pursuant to division (B) of this	33
section and the court finds, upon the filing of a motion under	34
section 2323.51 of the Revised Code, that the commencement of	35
the civil action constitutes frivolous conduct and that the	36
defendant was adversely affected by the frivolous conduct, the	37
court shall award in accordance with section 2323.51 of the	38
Revised Code reasonable attorney's fees to the defendant.	39
Sec. 2901.01. (A) As used in the Revised Code:	40
(1) "Force" means any violence, compulsion, or constraint	41
physically exerted by any means upon or against a person or	42
thing.	43
(2) "Deadly force" means any force that carries a	44

substantial risk that it will proximately result in the death of

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ordinance or law of this or any other state or the United

offense listed in division (A)(9)(a) of this section;

States, substantially equivalent to any section, division, or

(c) An offense, other than a traffic offense, under an

existing or former municipal ordinance or law of this or any	102
other state or the United States, committed purposely or	103
knowingly, and involving physical harm to persons or a risk of	104
serious physical harm to persons;	105
(d) A conspiracy or attempt to commit, or complicity in	106
committing, any offense under division (A)(9)(a), (b), or (c) of	107
this section.	108
(10)(a) "Property" means any property, real or personal,	109
tangible or intangible, and any interest or license in that	110
property. "Property" includes, but is not limited to, cable	111
television service, other telecommunications service,	112
telecommunications devices, information service, computers,	113
data, computer software, financial instruments associated with	114
computers, other documents associated with computers, or copies	115
of the documents, whether in machine or human readable form,	116
trade secrets, trademarks, copyrights, patents, and property	117
protected by a trademark, copyright, or patent. "Financial	118
instruments associated with computers" include, but are not	119
limited to, checks, drafts, warrants, money orders, notes of	120
indebtedness, certificates of deposit, letters of credit, bills	121
of credit or debit cards, financial transaction authorization	122
mechanisms, marketable securities, or any computer system	123
representations of any of them.	124
(b) As used in division (A)(10) of this section, "trade	125
secret" has the same meaning as in section 1333.61 of the	126
Revised Code, and "telecommunications service" and "information	127
service" have the same meanings as in section 2913.01 of the	128
Revised Code.	129
(c) As used in divisions (A)(10) and (13) of this section,	130

"cable television service," "computer," "computer software,"

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armed forces of the United States, lawfully called to duty to	160
aid civil authorities in keeping the peace or protect against	161
domestic violence;	162
(h) A prosecuting attorney, assistant prosecuting	163
attorney, secret service officer, or municipal prosecutor;	164
(i) A veterans' home police officer appointed under	165
section 5907.02 of the Revised Code;	166
(j) A member of a police force employed by a regional	167
transit authority under division (Y) of section 306.35 of the	168
Revised Code;	169
(k) A special police officer employed by a port authority	170
under section 4582.04 or 4582.28 of the Revised Code;	171
(1) The house of representatives sergeant at arms if the	172
house of representatives sergeant at arms has arrest authority	173
pursuant to division (E)(1) of section 101.311 of the Revised	174
Code and an assistant house of representatives sergeant at arms;	175
(m) The senate sergeant at arms and an assistant senate	176
sergeant at arms;	177
(n) A special police officer employed by a municipal	178
corporation at a municipal airport, or other municipal air	179
navigation facility, that has scheduled operations, as defined	180
in section 119.3 of Title 14 of the Code of Federal Regulations,	181
14 C.F.R. 119.3, as amended, and that is required to be under a	182
security program and is governed by aviation security rules of	183
the transportation security administration of the United States	184
department of transportation as provided in Parts 1542. and	185
1544. of Title 49 of the Code of Federal Regulations, as	186
amended.	187

(12) "Privilege" means an immunity, license, or right	188
conferred by law, bestowed by express or implied grant, arising	189
out of status, position, office, or relationship, or growing out	190
of necessity.	191
(13) "Contraband" means any property that is illegal for a	192
person to acquire or possess under a statute, ordinance, or	193
rule, or that a trier of fact lawfully determines to be illegal	194
to possess by reason of the property's involvement in an	195
offense. "Contraband" includes, but is not limited to, all of	196
the following:	197
(a) Any controlled substance, as defined in section	198
3719.01 of the Revised Code, or any device or paraphernalia;	199
(b) Any unlawful gambling device or paraphernalia;	200
(c) Any dangerous ordnance or obscene material.	201
(14) A person is "not guilty by reason of insanity"	202
relative to a charge of an offense only if the person proves, in	203
the manner specified in section 2901.05 of the Revised Code,	204
that at the time of the commission of the offense, the person	205
did not know, as a result of a severe mental disease or defect,	206
the wrongfulness of the person's acts.	207
(B)(1)(a) Subject to division(B)(2) of this section, as	208
used in any section contained in Title XXIX of the Revised Code	209
that sets forth a criminal offense, "person" includes all of the	210
following:	211
(i) An individual, corporation, business trust, estate,	212
trust, partnership, and association;	213
(ii) An unborn human who is viable.	214
(b) As used in any section contained in Title XXIX of the	215

Revised Code that does not set forth a criminal offense,	216
"person" includes an individual, corporation, business trust,	217
estate, trust, partnership, and association.	218
(c) As used in division (B)(1)(a) of this section:	219
(i) "Unborn human" means an individual organism of the	220
species Homo sapiens from fertilization until live birth.	221
(ii) "Viable" means the stage of development of a human	222
fetus at which there is a realistic possibility of maintaining	223
and nourishing of a life outside the womb with or without	224
temporary artificial life-sustaining support.	225
(2) Notwithstanding division (B)(1)(a) of this section, in	226
no case shall the portion of the definition of the term "person"	227
that is set forth in division (B)(1)(a)(ii) of this section be	228
applied or construed in any section contained in Title XXIX of	229
the Revised Code that sets forth a criminal offense in any of	230
the following manners:	231
(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (B)(2)(a) of	232
this section, in a manner so that the offense prohibits or is	233
construed as prohibiting any pregnant woman or her physician	234
from performing an abortion with the consent of the pregnant	235
woman, with the consent of the pregnant woman implied by law in	236
a medical emergency, or with the approval of one otherwise	237
authorized by law to consent to medical treatment on behalf of	238
the pregnant woman. An abortion that violates the conditions	239
described in the immediately preceding sentence may be punished	240
as a violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03, 2903.04,	241
2903.05, 2903.06, 2903.08, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.14,	242
2903.21, or 2903.22 of the Revised Code, as applicable. An	243

abortion that does not violate the conditions described in the

second immediately preceding sentence, but that does violate	245
section 2919.12, division (B) of section 2919.13, or section	246
<u>2919.15,</u> 2919.151, 2919.17, or 2919.18 of the Revised Code, may	247
be punished as a violation of section 2919.12, division (B) of	248
section 2919.13, or section $\underline{2919.15}$, $\underline{2919.151}$, 2919.17, or	249
2919.18 of the Revised Code, as applicable. Consent is	250
sufficient under this division if it is of the type otherwise	251
adequate to permit medical treatment to the pregnant woman, even	252
if it does not comply with section 2919.12 of the Revised Code.	253
(b) In a manner so that the offense is applied or is	254
construed as applying to a woman based on an act or omission of	255
the woman that occurs while she is or was pregnant and that	256
results in any of the following:	257
(i) Her delivery of a stillborn baby;	258
(ii) Her causing, in any other manner, the death in utero	259
of a viable, unborn human that she is carrying;	260
(iii) Her causing the death of her child who is born alive	261
but who dies from one or more injuries that are sustained while	262
the child is a viable, unborn human;	263
(iv) Her causing her child who is born alive to sustain	264
one or more injuries while the child is a viable, unborn human;	265
(v) Her causing, threatening to cause, or attempting to	266
cause, in any other manner, an injury, illness, or other	267
physiological impairment, regardless of its duration or gravity,	268
or a mental illness or condition, regardless of its duration or	269
gravity, to a viable, unborn human that she is carrying.	270
(C) As used in Title XXIX of the Revised Code:	271

(1) "School safety zone" consists of a school, school

building, school premises, school activity, and school bus.	273
(2) "School," "school building," and "school premises"	274
have the same meanings as in section 2925.01 of the Revised	275
Code.	276
(3) "School activity" means any activity held under the	277
auspices of a board of education of a city, local, exempted	278
village, joint vocational, or cooperative education school	279
district; a governing authority of a community school	280
established under Chapter 3314. of the Revised Code; a governing	281
board of an educational service center, or the governing body of	282
a school for which the state board of education prescribes	283
minimum standards under section 3301.07 of the Revised Code.	284
(4) "School bus" has the same meaning as in section	285
4511.01 of the Revised Code.	286
Sec. 2903.09. As used in sections 2903.01 to 2903.08,	287
2903.11 to 2903.14, 2903.21, and 2903.22 of the Revised Code:	288
(A) "Unlawful termination of another's pregnancy" means	289
causing the death of an unborn member of the species homo	290
sapiens, who is or was carried in the womb of another, as a	291
result of injuries inflicted during the period that begins with	292
fertilization and that continues unless and until live birth	293
occurs.	294
(B) "Another's unborn" or "such other person's unborn"	295
means a member of the species homo sapiens, who is or was	296
carried in the womb of another, during a period that begins with	297
fertilization and that continues unless and until live birth	298
occurs.	299
(C) Notwithstanding divisions (A) and (B) of this section,	300
in no case shall the definitions of the terms "unlawful	301

termination of another's pregnancy," "another's unborn," and	302
"such other person's unborn" that are set forth in division (A)	303
of this section be applied or construed in any of the following	304
manners:	305
(1) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(1) of	306

- this section, in a manner so that the offense prohibits or is 307 construed as prohibiting any pregnant woman or her physician 308 from performing an abortion with the actual consent of the 309 pregnant woman, with the consent of the pregnant woman implied 310 by law in a medical emergency, or with the approval of one 311 otherwise authorized by law to consent to medical treatment on 312 behalf of the pregnant woman. An abortion that violates the 313 conditions described in the immediately preceding sentence may 314 be punished as a violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03, 315 2903.04, 2903.05, 2903.06, 2903.08, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 316 2903.14, 2903.21, or 2903.22 of the Revised Code, as applicable. 317 An abortion that does not violate the conditions described in 318 the second immediately preceding sentence, but that does violate 319 section 2919.12, division (B) of section 2919.13, or section 320 2919.15, 2919.151, 2919.17, or 2919.18 of the Revised Code, may 321 be punished as a violation of section 2919.12, division (B) of 322 section 2919.13, or section 2919.15, 2919.151, 2919.17, or 323 2919.18 of the Revised Code, as applicable. 324
- (2) In a manner so that the offense is applied or is

 construed as applying to a woman based on an act or omission of

 the woman that occurs while she is or was pregnant and that

 results in any of the following:

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 - (a) Her delivery of a stillborn baby;
- (b) Her causing, in any other manner, the death in utero 330 of an unborn that she is carrying; 331

- (c) Her causing the death of her child who is born alive

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 but who dies from one or more injuries that are sustained while

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 the child is an unborn;

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- (d) Her causing her child who is born alive to sustain one 335 or more injuries while the child is an unborn; 336
- (e) Her causing, threatening to cause, or attempting to

 cause, in any other manner, an injury, illness, or other

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 physiological impairment, regardless of its duration or gravity,

 or a mental illness or condition, regardless of its duration or

 gravity, to an unborn that she is carrying.

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342 Sec. 2919.123. (A) No person shall knowingly give, sell, dispense, administer, otherwise provide, or prescribe RU-486 343 (mifepristone) to another for the purpose of inducing an 344 abortion in any person or enabling the other person to induce an 345 abortion in any person, unless the person who gives, sells, 346 dispenses, administers, or otherwise provides or prescribes the 347 RU-486 (mifepristone) is a physician, the physician satisfies 348 all the criteria established by federal law that a physician 349 must satisfy in order to provide RU-486 (mifepristone) for 350 inducing abortions, and the physician provides the RU-486 351 (mifepristone) to the other person for the purpose of inducing 352 an abortion in accordance with all provisions of federal law 353 that govern the use of RU-486 (mifepristone) for inducing 354 abortions. A person who gives, sells, dispenses, administers, 355 otherwise provides, or prescribes RU-486 (mifepristone) to 356 another as described in division (A) of this section shall not 357 be prosecuted based on a violation of the criteria contained in 358 this division unless the person knows that the person is not a 359 physician, that the person did not satisfy all the specified 360 criteria established by federal law, or that the person did not 361

provide the RU-486 (mifepristone) in accordance with the 362 specified provisions of federal law, whichever is applicable. 363

- (B) No physician who provides RU-486 (mifepristone) to 364 another for the purpose of inducing an abortion as authorized 365 under division (A) of this section shall knowingly fail to 366 comply with the applicable requirements of any federal law that 367 pertain to follow-up examinations or care for persons to whom or 368 for whom RU-486 (mifepristone) is provided for the purpose of 369 inducing an abortion.
- (C)(1) If a physician provides RU-486 (mifepristone) to 371 another for the purpose of inducing an abortion as authorized 372 under division (A) of this section and if the physician knows 373 that the person who uses the RU-486 (mifepristone) for the 374 purpose of inducing an abortion experiences during or after the 375 use an incomplete abortion, severe bleeding, or an adverse 376 reaction to the RU-486 (mifepristone) or is hospitalized, 377 receives a transfusion, or experiences any other serious event, 378 the physician promptly must provide a written report of the 379 incomplete abortion, severe bleeding, adverse reaction, 380 hospitalization, transfusion, or serious event to the state 381 medical board. The board shall compile and retain all reports it 382 receives under this division. Except as otherwise provided in 383 this division, all reports the board receives under this 384 division are public records open to inspection under section 385 149.43 of the Revised Code. In no case shall the board release 386 to any person the name or any other personal identifying 387 information regarding a person who uses RU-486 (mifepristone) 388 for the purpose of inducing an abortion and who is the subject 389 of a report the board receives under this division. 390
 - (2) No physician who provides RU-486 (mifepristone) to

(2) The legal transport of RU-486 (mifepristone) by any 400 person or entity and the legal delivery of the RU-486 401 (mifepristone) by any person to the recipient, provided that 402 this division does not apply regarding any conduct related to 403 the RU-486 (mifepristone) other than its transport and delivery 404 to the recipient; 405

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terminate her own pregnancy;

- (3) The distribution, provision, or sale of RU-486 406 (mifepristone) by any legal manufacturer or distributor of RU-407 486 (mifepristone), provided the manufacturer or distributor 408 made a good faith effort to comply with any applicable 409 requirements of federal law regarding the distribution, 410 provision, or sale.
- (E) Whoever violates this section is guilty of unlawful

 distribution of an abortion-inducing drug, a felony of the

 fourth degree. If the offender previously has been convicted of

 or pleaded guilty to a violation of this section or of section

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 2919.12, 2919.121, 2919.13, 2919.14, 2919.15, 2919.151, 2919.17,

 or 2919.18 of the Revised Code, unlawful distribution of an

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 abortion-inducing drug is a felony of the third degree.

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If the offender is a professionally licensed person, in
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addition to any other sanction imposed by law for the offense,
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the offender is subject to sanctioning as provided by law by the	421
regulatory or licensing board or agency that has the	422
administrative authority to suspend or revoke the offender's	423
professional license, including the sanctioning provided in	424
section 4731.22 of the Revised Code for offenders who have a	425
certificate to practice or certificate of registration issued	426
under that chapter.	427
(F) As used in this section:	428
(1) "Federal law" means any law, rule, or regulation of	429
the United States or any drug approval letter of the food and	430
drug administration of the United States that governs or	431
regulates the use of RU-486 (mifepristone) for the purpose of	432
inducing abortions.	433
(2) "Personal identifying information" has the same	434
meaning as in section 2913.49 of the Revised Code.	435
(3) "Physician" has the same meaning as in section	436
2305.113 of the Revised Code.	437
(4) "Professionally licensed person" has the same meaning	438
as in section 2925.01 of the Revised Code.	439
as in section 2323.01 of the nevisea code.	100
Sec. 2919.15. (A) As used in this section:	440
"Dismemberment abortion" means, with the purpose of	441
causing the death of an unborn child, to dismember a living	442
unborn child and extract the unborn child one piece at a time	443
from the uterus through use of clamps, grasping forceps, tongs,	444
scissors, or similar instruments that, through the convergence	445
of two rigid levers, slice, crush, or grasp a portion of the	446
unborn child's body to cut or rip it off. "Dismemberment	447
abortion" does not include a procedure performed after the death	448
of the unborn child to extract any remaining parts of the unborn	449

child.	450
"Serious risk of the substantial and irreversible	451
impairment of a major bodily function" has the same meaning as	452
in section 2919.151 of the Revised Code.	453
"Unborn child" has the same meaning as in section 2919.16	454
of the Revised Code.	455
(B) No person shall knowingly perform or attempt to	456
perform a dismemberment abortion when the dismemberment abortion	457
is not necessary, in reasonable medical judgment, to preserve	458
the life or physical health of the mother as a result of the	459
mother's life or physical health being endangered by a serious	460
risk of the substantial and irreversible physical impairment of	461
a major bodily function.	462
(C) Whoever violates division (B) of this section is	463
guilty of dismemberment feticide, a felony of the fourth degree.	464
(D) None of the following are guilty of committing,	465
attempting to commit, complicity in the commission of, or	466
conspiracy in the commission of a violation of division (B) of	467
<pre>this section:</pre>	468
(1) A pregnant woman upon whom a dismemberment abortion is	469
performed in violation of division (B) of this section;	470
(2) An individual who is employed by the person who	471
violates division (B) of this section and who acts at the	472
direction of the person who violates division (B) of this	473
<pre>section;</pre>	474
(3) A pharmacist or other individual who fills a	475
prescription or provides instruments or materials used in	476
violating division (B) of this section.	477

(E) This section does not prohibit the suction curettage	478
procedure of abortion or the suction aspiration procedure of	479
abortion.	480
Sec. 2919.151. (A) As used in this section:	481
(1) "Dilation and evacuation procedure of abortion" does	482
not include the dilation and extraction procedure of abortion.	483
$\frac{(2)}{}$ "From the body of the mother" means that the portion	484
of the fetus' body in question is beyond the mother's vaginal	485
introitus in a vaginal delivery.	486
(3)—(2) "Partial birth procedure" means the medical	487
procedure that includes all of the following elements in	488
sequence:	489
(a) Intentional dilation of the cervix of a pregnant	490
woman, usually over a sequence of days;	491
(b) In a breech presentation, intentional extraction of at	492
least the lower torso to the navel, but not the entire body, of	493
an intact fetus from the body of the mother, or in a cephalic	494
presentation, intentional extraction of at least the complete	495
head, but not the entire body, of an intact fetus from the body	496
of the mother;	497
(c) Intentional partial evacuation of the intracranial	498
contents of the fetus, which procedure the person performing the	499
procedure knows will cause the death of the fetus, intentional	500
compression of the head of the fetus, which procedure the person	501
performing the procedure knows will cause the death of the	502
fetus, or performance of another intentional act that the person	503
performing the procedure knows will cause the death of the	504
fetus;	505

(d) Completion of the vaginal delivery of the fetus. 506 (4) "Partially born" means that the portion of the 507 body of an intact fetus described in division (A)(3)(b) of this 508 section has been intentionally extracted from the body of the 509 mother. 510 (5) (4) "Serious risk of the substantial and irreversible 511 impairment of a major bodily function" means any medically 512 diagnosed condition that so complicates the pregnancy of the 513 woman as to directly or indirectly cause the substantial and 514 irreversible impairment of a major bodily function. 515 $\frac{(6)}{(5)}$ "Viable" has the same meaning as in section 516 2901.01 of the Revised Code. 517 (B) When the fetus that is the subject of the procedure is 518 viable, no person shall knowingly perform a partial birth 519 procedure on a pregnant woman when the procedure is not 520 necessary, in reasonable medical judgment, to preserve the life 521 or health of the mother as a result of the mother's life or 522 health being endangered by a serious risk of the substantial and 523 irreversible impairment of a major bodily function. 524 (C) When the fetus that is the subject of the procedure is 525 not viable, no person shall knowingly perform a partial birth 526 procedure on a pregnant woman when the procedure is not 527 necessary, in reasonable medical judgment, to preserve the life 528 or health of the mother as a result of the mother's life or 529 health being endangered by a serious risk of the substantial and 530 irreversible impairment of a major bodily function. 531 (D) Whoever violates division (B) or (C) of this section 532 is quilty of partial birth feticide, a felony of the second 533 degree. 534

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- (E) A pregnant woman upon whom a partial birth procedure is performed in violation of division (B) or (C) of this section is not guilty of committing, attempting to commit, complicity in the commission of, or conspiracy in the commission of a violation of those divisions.
- (F) This section does not prohibit the suction curettage procedure of abortion, or the suction aspiration procedure of abortion, or the dilation and evacuation procedure of abortion.
- (G) This section does not apply to any person who performs 543 or attempts to perform a legal abortion if the act that causes 544 the death of the fetus is performed prior to the fetus being 545 partially born even though the death of the fetus occurs after 546 it is partially born.

Sec. 2967.193. (A) (1) Except as provided in division (C) 548 of this section and subject to the maximum aggregate total 549 specified in division (A)(3) of this section, a person confined 550 in a state correctional institution or placed in the substance 551 use disorder treatment program may provisionally earn one day or 552 five days of credit, based on the category set forth in division 553 (D) (1), (2), (3), (4), or (5) of this section in which the 554 person is included, toward satisfaction of the person's stated 555 prison term for each completed month during which the person, if 556 confined in a state correctional institution, productively 557 participates in an education program, vocational training, 558 employment in prison industries, treatment for substance abuse, 559 or any other constructive program developed by the department 560 with specific standards for performance by prisoners or during 561 which the person, if placed in the substance use disorder 562 treatment program, productively participates in the program. 563 Except as provided in division (C) of this section and subject 564

to the maximum aggregate total specified in division (A)(3) of	565
this section, a person so confined in a state correctional	566
institution who successfully completes two programs or	567
activities of that type may, in addition, provisionally earn up	568
to five days of credit toward satisfaction of the person's	569
stated prison term for the successful completion of the second	570
program or activity. The person shall not be awarded any	571
provisional days of credit for the successful completion of the	572
first program or activity or for the successful completion of	573
any program or activity that is completed after the second	574
program or activity. At the end of each calendar month in which	575
a person productively participates in a program or activity	576
listed in this division or successfully completes a program or	577
activity listed in this division, the department of	578
rehabilitation and correction shall determine and record the	579
total number of days credit that the person provisionally earned	580
in that calendar month. If the person in a state correctional	581
institution violates prison rules or the person in the substance	582
use disorder treatment program violates program or department	583
rules, the department may deny the person a credit that	584
otherwise could have been provisionally awarded to the person or	585
may withdraw one or more credits previously provisionally earned	586
by the person. Days of credit provisionally earned by a person	587
shall be finalized and awarded by the department subject to	588
administrative review by the department of the person's conduct.	589

(2) Unless a person is serving a mandatory prison term or 590 a prison term for an offense of violence or a sexually oriented 591 offense, and notwithstanding the maximum aggregate total 592 specified in division (A)(3) of this section, a person who 593 successfully completes any of the following shall earn ninety 594 days of credit toward satisfaction of the person's stated prison 595

term or a ten per cent reduction of the person's stated prison	596
term, whichever is less:	597
(a) An Ohio high school diploma or Ohio certificate of	598
high school equivalence certified by the Ohio central school	599
system;	600
(b) A therapeutic drug community program;	601
(c) All three phases of the department of rehabilitation	602
and correction's intensive outpatient drug treatment program;	603
(d) A career technical vocational school program;	604
(e) A college certification program;	605
(f) The criteria for a certificate of achievement and	606
employability as specified in division (A)(1) of section 2961.22	607
of the Revised Code.	608
(3) Except for persons described in division (A)(2) of	609
this section, the aggregate days of credit provisionally earned	610
by a person for program or activity participation and program	611
and activity completion under this section and the aggregate	612
days of credit finally credited to a person under this section	613
shall not exceed eight per cent of the total number of days in	614
the person's stated prison term.	615
(B) The department of rehabilitation and correction shall	616
adopt rules that specify the programs or activities for which	617
credit may be earned under this section, the criteria for	618
determining productive participation in, or completion of, the	619
programs or activities and the criteria for awarding credit,	620
including criteria for awarding additional credit for successful	621
program or activity completion, and the criteria for denying or	622
withdrawing previously provisionally earned credit as a result	623

of a violation of prison rules, or program or department rules,	624
whichever is applicable.	625
(C) No person confined in a state correctional institution	626
or placed in a substance use disorder treatment program to whom	627
any of the following applies shall be awarded any days of credit	628
under division (A) of this section:	629
(1) The person is serving a prison term that section	630
2929.13 or section 2929.14 of the Revised Code specifies cannot	631
be reduced pursuant to this section or this chapter or is	632
serving a sentence for which section 2967.13 or division (B) of	633
section 2929.143 of the Revised Code specifies that the person	634
is not entitled to any earned credit under this section.	635
(2) The person is sentenced to death or is serving a	636
prison term or a term of life imprisonment for aggravated	637
murder, murder, or a conspiracy or attempt to commit, or	638
complicity in committing, aggravated murder or murder.	639
(3) The person is serving a sentence of life imprisonment	640
without parole imposed pursuant to section 2929.03 or 2929.06 of	641
the Revised Code, a prison term or a term of life imprisonment	642
without parole imposed pursuant to section 2971.03 of the	643
Revised Code, or a sentence for a sexually oriented offense that	644
was committed on or after September 30, 2011.	645
(D) This division does not apply to a determination of	646
whether a person confined in a state correctional institution or	647
placed in a substance use disorder treatment program may earn	648
any days of credit under division (A) of this section for	649
successful completion of a second program or activity. The	650
determination of whether a person confined in a state	651
correctional institution may earn one day of credit or five days	652

of credit under division (A) of this section for each completed	653
month during which the person productively participates in a	654
program or activity specified under that division shall be made	655
in accordance with the following:	656
(1) The offender may earn one day of credit under division	657
(A) of this section, except as provided in division (C) of this	658
section, if the most serious offense for which the offender is	659
confined is any of the following that is a felony of the first	660
or second degree:	661
(a) A violation of division (A) of section 2903.04 or of	662
section 2903.03, 2903.11, 2903.15, 2905.01, 2907.24, 2907.25,	663
2909.02, 2909.09, 2909.10, 2909.101, 2909.26, 2909.27, 2909.29,	664
2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11, 2911.12, 2919.13, <u>2919.15,</u> 2919.151,	665
2919.22, 2921.34, 2923.01, 2923.131, 2923.162, 2923.32, 2925.24,	666
or 2927.24 of the Revised Code;	667
(b) A conspiracy or attempt to commit, or complicity in	668
committing, any other offense for which the maximum penalty is	669
imprisonment for life or any offense listed in division (D)(1)	670
(a) of this section.	671
(2) The offender may earn one day of credit under division	672
(A) of this section, except as provided in division (C) of this	673
section, if the offender is serving a stated prison term that	674
includes a prison term imposed for a sexually oriented offense	675
that the offender committed prior to September 30, 2011.	676
(3) The offender may earn one day of credit under division	677
(A) of this section, except as provided in division (C) of this	678
section, if the offender is serving a stated prison term that	679
includes a prison term imposed for a felony other than carrying	680

a concealed weapon an essential element of which is any conduct

or failure to act expressly involving any deadly weapon or 682 dangerous ordnance. 683

- (4) Except as provided in division (C) of this section, if 684 the most serious offense for which the offender is confined is a 685 felony of the first or second degree and divisions (D)(1), (2), 686 and (3) of this section do not apply to the offender, the 687 offender may earn one day of credit under division (A) of this 688 section if the offender committed that offense prior to 689 September 30, 2011, and the offender may earn five days of 690 credit under division (A) of this section if the offender 691 committed that offense on or after September 30, 2011. 692
- (5) Except as provided in division (C) of this section, if 693 the most serious offense for which the offender is confined is a 694 felony of the third, fourth, or fifth degree or an unclassified 695 felony and neither division (D)(2) nor (3) of this section 696 applies to the offender, the offender may earn one day of credit 697 under division (A) of this section if the offender committed 698 that offense prior to September 30, 2011, and the offender may 699 earn five days of credit under division (A) of this section if 700 701 the offender committed that offense on or after September 30, 2011. 702
- (E) The department annually shall seek and consider the written feedback of the Ohio prosecuting attorneys association, the Ohio judicial conference, the Ohio public defender, the Ohio association of criminal defense lawyers, and other organizations and associations that have an interest in the operation of the corrections system and the earned credits program under this section as part of its evaluation of the program and in determining whether to modify the program.
 - (F) As used in this section:

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Sub. S. B. No. 145 As Reported by the House Criminal Justice Committee	Page 26	
(1) "Sexually oriented offense" has the same meaning as in	712	
section 2950.01 of the Revised Code.	713	
(2) "Substance use disorder treatment program" means the	714	
substance use disorder treatment program established by the	715	
department of rehabilitation and correction under section	716	
5120.035 of the Revised Code.	717	
Section 2. That existing sections 2305.114, 2307.53,	718	
2901.01, 2903.09, 2919.123, 2919.151, and 2967.193 of the	719	
Revised Code are hereby repealed.	720	