As Introduced

132nd General Assembly Regular Session 2017-2018

S. B. No. 38

Senator Yuko

Cosponsors: Senators Brown, Tavares, Schiavoni, Skindell, Thomas

A BILL

То	amend sections 119.14, 121.083, 1349.61,	1
	4111.02, 4111.03, 4111.09, 4111.13, 4111.14,	2
	4113.15, 4115.03, 4121.01, 4123.01, 4123.026,	3
	4141.01, and 5747.01 and to enact sections	4
	4177.01, 4177.02, 4177.03, 4177.04, 4177.05,	5
	4177.06, 4177.07, 4177.08, 4177.09, 4177.10,	6
	4177.11, 4177.12, 4177.13, 4177.14, 4177.15,	7
	4177.16, 4177.17, 4177.18, and 4177.99 of the	8
	Revised Code to raise the minimum wage; to	9
	eliminate the prohibition against political	10
	subdivisions establishing a different minimum	11
	wage; to raise the salary threshold above which	12
	certain employees are exempt from the overtime	13
	law; and to create a uniform standard to	14
	determine whether an individual performing	15
	services for an employer is an employee of that	16
	employer.	17

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

	Sect	ion 1.	That	sectio	ns 119.1	4, 121.08	3, 1349.6	1,	18
4111.	.02,	4111.03	3, 411	L1.09,	4111.13,	4111.14,	4113.15.	4115.03,	19

4121.01, 4123.01, 4123.026, 4141.01, and 5747.01 be amended and	20
sections 4177.01, 4177.02, 4177.03, 4177.04, 4177.05, 4177.06,	21
4177.07, 4177.08, 4177.09, 4177.10, 4177.11, 4177.12, 4177.13,	22
4177.14, 4177.15, 4177.16, 4177.17, 4177.18, and 4177.99 of the	23
Revised Code be enacted to read as follows:	24
Sec. 119.14. (A) For any small business that engages in a	25
paperwork violation, the state agency or regulatory authority	26
that regulates the field of operation in which the business	27
operates shall waive any and all administrative fines or civil	28
penalties on that small business for the violation, if the	29
paperwork violation is a first-time offense.	30
(B) When an agency or regulatory authority waives an	31
administrative fine or civil penalty under this section, the	32
state agency or regulatory authority shall require the small	33
business to correct the violation within a reasonable period of	34
time.	35
(C) Notwithstanding this section, a state agency or	36
regulatory authority may impose administrative fines or civil	37
penalties on a small business for a paperwork violation that is	38
a first-time offense for any of the following reasons:	39
(1) The violation has the potential to cause serious harm	40
to the public interest as determined by a state agency or	41
regulatory authority director;	42
(2) The violation involves a small business knowingly or	43
willfully engaging in conduct that may result in a felony	44
conviction;	45
(3) Failure to impose an administrative fine or civil	46
penalty for the violation would impede or interfere with the	47
detection of criminal activity;	48

S. B. No. 38
As Introduced

(4) The violation is of a law concerning the assessment or	49
collection of any tax, debt, revenue, or receipt;	50
(5) The violation presents a direct danger to the public	51
health or safety, results in a financial loss to an employee—as—	52
defined in section 4111.03 of the Revised Code, or presents the	53
risk of severe environmental harm, as determined by the head of	54
the agency or regulatory authority;	55
(6) The violation is a failure to comply with a federal	56
requirement for a program that has been delegated from the	57
federal government to a state agency or regulatory authority and	58
where the federal requirement includes a requirement to impose a	59
fine.	60
(D)(1) Nothing in this section shall prohibit a state	61
agency or regulatory authority from waiving administrative fines	62
or civil penalties incurred by a small business for a paperwork	63
violation that is not a first-time offense.	64
(2) Any administrative fine or civil penalty that is	65
waived under this section, may be reinstated and imposed in	66
addition to any additional fines or penalties associated with a	67
subsequent violation for noncompliance with the same paperwork	68
requirement.	69
(E) This section shall not apply to any violation by a	70
small business of a statutory or regulatory requirement	71
mandating the collection of information by a state agency or	72
regulatory body if that small business previously violated any	73
such requirement mandating the collection of information.	74
(F) Nothing in this section shall be construed to diminish	75
the responsibility for any citizen or business to apply for and	76
obtain a permit, license, or authorizing document that is	77

required to engage in a regulated activity, or otherwise comply	78
with state or federal law.	79
(G) As used in this section:	80
(1) "Small business" has the same meaning as defined by	81
the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 13, Chapter 1, Part 121.	82
(2) "Paperwork violation" means the violation of any	83
statutory or regulatory requirement in the Revised Code	84
mandating the collection of information by a state agency or	85
regulatory body.	86
(3) "First-time offense" means the first instance of a	87
violation of the particular statutory or regulatory requirement	88
mandating the collection of information by a state agency or	89
regulatory body.	90
(4) "Employee" means any individual employed by an	91
<pre>employer but does not include:</pre>	92
(a) Any individual employed by the United States;	93
(b) Any individual employed as a babysitter in the	94
employer's home, or a live-in companion to a sick, convalescing,	95
or elderly person whose principal duties do not include	96
housekeeping;	97
(c) Any individual engaged in the delivery of newspapers	98
to the consumer;	99
(d) Any individual employed as an outside salesperson	100
compensated by commissions or employed in a bona fide executive,	101
administrative, or professional capacity as such terms are	102
defined by the "Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938," 52 Stat.	103
1060, 29 U.S.C. 201, as amended;	104

(e) Any individual who works or provides personal services	105
of a charitable nature in a hospital or health institution for	106
which compensation is not sought or contemplated;	107
(f) A member of a police or fire protection agency or	108
student employed on a part-time or seasonal basis by a political	109
<pre>subdivision of this state;</pre>	110
(g) Any individual in the employ of a camp or recreational	111
area for children under eighteen years of age and owned and	112
operated by a nonprofit organization or group of organizations	113
described in section 501(c)(3) of the "Internal Revenue Code of	114
1954," and exempt from income tax under section 501(a) of that	115
code;	116
(h) Any individual employed directly by the house of	117
representatives or directly by the senate.	118
Sec. 121.083. The superintendent of industrial compliance	119
in the department of commerce shall do all of the following:	120
in the department of commerce shall do all of the following: (A) Administer and enforce the general laws of this state	120 121
(A) Administer and enforce the general laws of this state	121
(A) Administer and enforce the general laws of this state pertaining to buildings, pressure piping, boilers, bedding,	121 122
(A) Administer and enforce the general laws of this state pertaining to buildings, pressure piping, boilers, bedding, upholstered furniture, and stuffed toys, steam engineering,	121 122 123
(A) Administer and enforce the general laws of this state pertaining to buildings, pressure piping, boilers, bedding, upholstered furniture, and stuffed toys, steam engineering, elevators, plumbing, licensed occupations regulated by the	121 122 123 124
(A) Administer and enforce the general laws of this state pertaining to buildings, pressure piping, boilers, bedding, upholstered furniture, and stuffed toys, steam engineering, elevators, plumbing, licensed occupations regulated by the department, and travel agents, as they apply to plans review,	121 122 123 124 125
(A) Administer and enforce the general laws of this state pertaining to buildings, pressure piping, boilers, bedding, upholstered furniture, and stuffed toys, steam engineering, elevators, plumbing, licensed occupations regulated by the department, and travel agents, as they apply to plans review, inspection, code enforcement, testing, licensing, registration, and certification.	121 122 123 124 125
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(A) Administer and enforce the general laws of this state pertaining to buildings, pressure piping, boilers, bedding, upholstered furniture, and stuffed toys, steam engineering, elevators, plumbing, licensed occupations regulated by the department, and travel agents, as they apply to plans review, inspection, code enforcement, testing, licensing, registration, and certification. (B) Exercise the powers and perform the duties delegated to the superintendent by the director of commerce under Chapters 4109., 4111., and 4115., and 4177. of the Revised Code.	121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128 129
(A) Administer and enforce the general laws of this state pertaining to buildings, pressure piping, boilers, bedding, upholstered furniture, and stuffed toys, steam engineering, elevators, plumbing, licensed occupations regulated by the department, and travel agents, as they apply to plans review, inspection, code enforcement, testing, licensing, registration, and certification. (B) Exercise the powers and perform the duties delegated to the superintendent by the director of commerce under Chapters	121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128

engineers, to operate steam boilers, and to act as inspectors of	133
steam boilers, provide for the scope, conduct, and time of such	134
examinations, provide for, regulate, and enforce the renewal and	135
revocation of such licenses, inspect and examine steam boilers	136
and make, publish, and enforce rules and orders for the	137
construction, installation, inspection, and operation of steam	138
boilers, and do, require, and enforce all things necessary to	139
make such examination, inspection, and requirement efficient.	140
(E) Rent and furnish offices as needed in cities in this	141
state for the conduct of its affairs.	142
(F) Oversee a chief of construction and compliance, a	143
chief of operations and maintenance, a chief of licensing and	144
certification, a chief of worker protection, and other designees	145
appointed by the director to perform the duties described in	146
this section.	147
(G) Enforce the rules the board of building standards	148
adopts pursuant to division (A)(2) of section 4104.43 of the	149
Revised Code under the circumstances described in division (D)	150
of that section.	151
(H) Accept submissions, establish a fee for submissions,	152
and review submissions of certified welding and brazing	153
procedure specifications, procedure qualification records, and	154
performance qualification records for building services piping	155
as required by section 4104.44 of the Revised Code.	156
Sec. 1349.61. (A) (1) Subject to division (C) of this	157
section, no person or entity shall sell a gift card to a	158
purchaser containing an expiration date that is less than two	159
years after the date the gift card is issued.	160

(2) No person or entity, within two years after a gift

S. B. No. 38 Page 7
As Introduced

card is issued, shall charge service charges or fees relative to	162
that gift card, including dormancy fees, latency fees, or	163
administrative fees, that have the effect of reducing the total	164
amount for which the holder of the gift card may redeem the gift	165
card.	166
(B) A gift card sold without an expiration date is valid	167
until redeemed or replaced with a new gift card.	168
(C) Division (A) of this section does not apply to any of	169
the following gift cards:	170
(1) A gift card that is distributed by the issuer to a	171
consumer pursuant to an awards, loyalty, or promotional program	172
without any money or anything of value being given in exchange	173
for the gift card by the consumer;	174
(2) A gift card that is sold below face value at a volume	175
discount to employers or to nonprofit and charitable	176
organizations for fundraising purposes, if the expiration date	177
on that gift card is not more than thirty days after the date of	178
sale;	179
(3) A gift card that is sold by a nonprofit or charitable	180
organization for fundraising purposes;	181
(4) A gift card that an employer gives to an employee if	182
use of the gift card is limited to the employer's business	183
establishment, which may include a group of merchants that are	184
affiliated with that business establishment;	185
(5) A gift certificate issued in accordance with section	186
1533.131 of the Revised Code that may be used to obtain hunting	187
and fishing licenses, fur taker, special deer, and special wild	188
turkey permits, and wetlands habitat stamps;	189

(6) A gift card that is usable with multiple, unaffiliated	190
sellers of goods or services;	191
(7) A gift card that an employer issues to an employee in	192
recognition of services performed by the employee.	193
recognition of services performed by the employee.	193
(D) Whoever violates division (A)(2) of this section is	194
liable to the holder for any amount that the redemption value of	195
the gift card was reduced, any court costs incurred, and	196
reasonable attorney's fees.	197
(E) As used in this section:	198
(1) "Gift card" means a certificate, electronic card, or	199
other medium issued by a merchant that evidences the giving of	200
consideration in exchange for the right to redeem the	201
certificate, electronic card, or other medium for goods, food,	202
services, credit, or money of at least an equal value, including	203
any electronic card issued by a merchant with a monetary value	204
where the issuer has received payment for the full monetary	205
value for the future purchase or delivery of goods or services	206
and any certificate issued by a merchant where the issuer has	207
received payment for the full monetary face value of the	208
certificate for the future purchase or delivery of goods and	209
services. "Gift card" does not include a prepaid calling card	210
used to make telephone calls.	211
(2) "Employer" and "employee" have has the same meanings	212
meaning as in section 4121.01 of the Revised Code.	213
(3) "Employee" means every person who may be required or	214
directed by any employer, in consideration of direct or indirect	215
gain or profit, to engage in any employment, or to go, or work,	216
or be at any time in any place of employment.	217
Sec. 4111.02. Every (A) (1) Except as otherwise provided in	218

S. B. No. 38
Page 9
As Introduced

this chapter, beginning January 1, 2018, every employer, as	219
defined in Section 34a of Article II, Ohio Constitution, shall	220
pay each of the employer's employees at a wage rate of not less	221
than the wage rate specified in Section 34a of Article II, Ohio	222
Constitution or ten dollars and fifteen cents per hour,	223
whichever is greater.	224
(2) If an employer is able to demonstrate that an employee	225
receives tips that combined with the wages paid by the employer	226
are equal to or greater than the minimum wage rate for all hours	227
worked, the employer may pay the employee at a rate of less	228
than, but not less than half and rounded up to the nearest cent,	229
the minimum wage rate required by division (A)(1) of this	230
section.	231
(3) An employer may pay an employee a wage rate not less	232
than the wage rate established under the federal "Fair Labor	233
Standards Act of 1938," 52 Stat. 1060, 29 U.S.C. 201 et seq., as	234
amended, or its successor law if authorized to do so under	235
Section 34a of Article II, Ohio Constitution.	236
(B) The director of commerce annually shall adjust the	237
wage rate as specified in Section 34a of Article II, Ohio	238
Constitution.	239
No political subdivision shall establish a minimum wage-	240
rate different from the wage rate required under this section.	241
(C) As used in this section, "employee" has the same	242
meaning as in section 4111.14 of the Revised Code.	243
Sec. 4111.03. (A) An employer shall pay an employee for	244
overtime at a wage rate of one and one-half times the employee's	245
wage rate for hours worked in excess of forty hours in one	246
workweek, in the manner and methods provided in and, except as	247

S. B. No. 38 Page 10 As Introduced

otherwise provided in division (D) of this section, subject to	248
the exemptions of section 7 and section 13 of the "Fair Labor	249
Standards Act of 1938," 52 Stat. 1060, 29 U.S.C.A. 207, 213, as	250
amended.	251
Any employee employed in agriculture shall not be covered	252
by the overtime provision of this section.	253
(B) If a county employee elects to take compensatory time	254
off in lieu of overtime pay, for any overtime worked,	255
compensatory time may be granted by the employee's	256
administrative superior, on a time and one-half basis, at a time	257
mutually convenient to the employee and the administrative	258
superior within one hundred eighty days after the overtime is	259
worked.	260
(C) A county appointing authority with the exception of	261
the county department of job and family services may, by rule or	262
resolution as is appropriate, indicate the authority's intention	263
not to be bound by division (B) of this section, and to adopt a	264
different policy for the calculation and payment of overtime	265
than that established by that division. Upon adoption, the	266
alternative overtime policy prevails. Prior to the adoption of	267
an alternative overtime policy, a county appointing authority	268
with the exception of the county department of job and family	269
services shall give a written notice of the alternative policy	270
to each employee at least ten days prior to its effective date.	271
(D) As used in this section:	272
(1) "Employ" means to suffer or to permit to work.	273
(2) "Employer" means the state of Ohio, its	274
instrumentalities, and its political subdivisions and their	275
instrumentalities, any individual, partnership, association.	276

corporation, business trust, or any person or group of persons,	277
acting in the interest of an employer in relation to an	278
employee, but does not include an employer whose annual gross	279
volume of sales made for business done is less than one hundred	280
fifty thousand dollars, exclusive of excise taxes at the retail	281
level which are separately stated.	282
(3) "Employee" means any individual employed by an	283
employer but does not include:	284
(a) Any individual employed by the United States;	285
(b) Any individual employed as a baby-sitter in the	286
employer's home, or a live-in companion to a sick, convalescing,	287
or elderly person whose principal duties do not include	288
housekeeping;	289
(c) Any individual engaged in the delivery of newspapers	290
to the consumer;	291
(d) Any individual employed as an outside salesperson	292
compensated by commissions—or;	293
(e) Any individual who is employed in a bona fide	294
executive, administrative, or professional capacity as such	295
terms are defined by the "Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938," 52	296
Stat. 1060, 29 U.S.C.A. 201, as amended+, and who is compensated	297
on a salary basis of at least the following amounts:	298
(i) For the time period beginning January 1, 2018, and	299
ending December 31, 2018, fifty thousand dollars per year;	300
(ii) Beginning on and after January 1, 2019, sixty-nine	301
thousand dollars per year.	302
(e) (f) Any individual who works or provides personal	303
services of a charitable nature in a hospital or health	304

institution for which compensation is not sought or	305
contemplated;	306
(f) (q) A member of a police or fire protection agency or	307
student employed on a part-time or seasonal basis by a political	308
subdivision of this state;	309
(g) (h) Any individual in the employ of a camp or	310
recreational area for children under eighteen years of age and	311
owned and operated by a nonprofit organization or group of	312
organizations described in Section 501(c)(3) of the "Internal	313
Revenue Code of 1954," and exempt from income tax under Section	314
501(a) of that code;	315
(h) (i) Any individual employed directly by the house of	316
representatives or directly by the senate.	317
Sec. 4111.09. Every employer subject to sections 4111.01	318
to 4111.17 of the Revised Code, or to any rules issued	319
thereunder, shall keep a summary of the sections, approved by	320
the director of commerce, and copies of any applicable rules	321
issued thereunder, or a summary of the rules, posted in a	322
conspicuous and accessible place in or about the premises	323
wherein any person subject thereto is employed. The director of	324
commerce shall make the summary described in this section	325
available on the web site of the department of commerce. The	326
director shall update this summary as necessary, but not less	327
than annually, in order to reflect changes in the minimum wage	328
rate as required under Section 34a of Article II, Ohio	329
Constitution and section 4111.02 of the Revised Code. Employees	330
and employers shall be furnished copies of the summaries and	331
rules by the state, on request, without charge.	332
Sec. 4111.13. (A) No employer shall hinder or delay the	333

S. B. No. 38 Page 13
As Introduced

director of commerce in the performance of the director's duties	334
in the enforcement of sections 4111.01 to 4111.17 of the Revised	335
Code, or refuse to admit the director to any place of	336
employment, or fail to make, keep, and preserve any records as	337
required under those sections, or falsify any of those records,	338
or refuse to make them accessible to the director upon demand,	339
or refuse to furnish them or any other information required for	340
the proper enforcement of those sections to the director upon	341
demand, or fail to post a summary of those sections or a copy of	342
any applicable rules as required by section 4111.09 of the	343
Revised Code. Each day of violation constitutes a separate	344
offense.	345

- (B) No employer shall discharge or in any other manner discriminate against any employee because the employee has made any complaint to the employee's employer, or to the director, that the employee has not been paid wages in accordance with sections 4111.01 to 4111.17 of the Revised Code, or because the employee has made any complaint or is about to cause to be instituted any proceeding under or related to those sections, or because the employee has testified or is about to testify in any proceeding.
- (C) No employer shall recklessly pay or agree to pay wages
 at a rate less than the rate applicable under sections 4111.01
 356
 to 4111.17 of the Revised Code or recklessly fail to pay
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 overtime as required by those sections. Each week or portion
 358
 thereof for which the employer pays any employee less than the
 359
 rate applicable under those sections constitutes a separate
 360
 offense as to each employer.
 361
- (D) No employer shall otherwise violate sections 4111.01 362 to 4111.17 of the Revised Code, or any rule adopted thereunder. 363

Each day of violation constitutes a separate offense.	364
Sec. 4111.14. (A) Pursuant to the general assembly's	365
authority to establish a minimum wage under Section 34 of	366
Article II, Ohio Constitution, this section is in implementation	367
of Section 34a of Article II, Ohio Constitution. In implementing	368
Section 34a of Article II, Ohio Constitution, the general	369
assembly hereby finds that the purpose of Section 34a of Article	370
II, Ohio Constitution, is to:	371
(1) Ensure that Ohio employees, as defined in division (B)	372
(1) of this section, are paid the wage rate required by section	373
4111.02 of the Revised Code in accordance with Section 34a of	374
Article II, Ohio Constitution;	375
(2) Ensure that covered Ohio employers maintain certain	376
records that are directly related to the enforcement of the wage	377
rate requirements in of Section 34a of Article II, Ohio	378
Constitution and section 4111.02 of the Revised Code;	379
(3) Ensure that Ohio employees who are paid the wage rate	380
required by Section 34a of Article II, Ohio Constitution section	381
4111.02 of the Revised Code, may enforce their right to receive	382
that wage rate in the manner set forth in Section 34a of Article	383
II, Ohio Constitution; and	384
(4) Protect the privacy of Ohio employees' pay and	385
personal information specified in Section 34a of Article II,	386
Ohio Constitution, by restricting an employee's access, and	387
access by a person acting on behalf of that employee, to the	388
employee's own pay and personal information.	389
(B) In accordance with Section 34a of Article II, Ohio	390
Constitution, the terms "employer," "employee," "employ," and	391
"person $_{ au}$ " and "independent contractor" have the same meanings as	392

S. B. No. 38
Page 15
As Introduced

in the "Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938," 52 Stat. 1060, 29	393
U.S.C. 203, as amended. In construing the meaning of these	394
terms, due consideration and great weight shall be given to the	395
United States department of labor's and federal courts'	396
interpretations of those terms under the Fair Labor Standards	397
Act and its regulations. As used in division (B) of this	398
section:	399
(1) "Employee" means individuals employed in Ohio, but	400
does not mean individuals who are excluded from the definition	401
of "employee" under 29 U.S.C. 203(e) or individuals who are	402
exempted from the minimum wage requirements in 29 U.S.C. 213 and	403
from the definition of "employee" in this chapter.	404
(2) "Employ" and "employee" do not include any person-	405
acting as a volunteer. In construing who is a volunteer,	406
"volunteer" shall have the same meaning as in sections 553.101	407
to 553.106 of Title 29 of the Code of Federal Regulations, as	408
amended, and due consideration and great weight shall be given	409
to the United States department of labor's and federal courts'	410
interpretations of the term "volunteer" under the Fair Labor	411
Standards Act and its regulations, "employee" has the same	412
meaning as in section 4177.01 of the Revised Code.	413
(C) In accordance with Section 34a of Article II, Ohio	414
Constitution, the state may issue licenses to employers	415
authorizing payment of a wage below that required by Section 34a	416
of Article II, Ohio Constitution, or section 4111.02 of the	417
Revised Code to individuals with mental or physical disabilities	418
that may otherwise adversely affect their opportunity for	419
employment. In issuing such licenses, the state shall abide by	420
the rules adopted pursuant to section 4111.06 of the Revised	421
Code.	422

(D)(1) In accordance with Section 34a of Article II, Ohio	423
Constitution, individuals employed in or about the property of	424
an employer or an individual's residence on a casual basis are	425
not included within the coverage of Section 34a of Article II,	426
Ohio Constitution. As used in division (D) of this section:	427
(a) "Casual basis" means employment that is irregular or	428
intermittent and that is not performed by an individual whose	429
vocation is to be employed in or about the property of the	430
employer or individual's residence. In construing who is	431
employed on a "casual basis," due consideration and great weight	432
shall be given to the United States department of labor's and	433
federal courts' interpretations of the term "casual basis" under	434
the Fair Labor Standards Act and its regulations.	435
(b) "An individual employed in or about the property of an	436
employer or individual's residence" means an individual employed	437
on a casual basis or an individual employed in or about a	438
residence on a casual basis, respectively.	439
(2) In accordance with Section 34a of Article II, Ohio	440
Constitution, employees of a solely family-owned and operated	441
business who are family members of an owner are not included	442
within the coverage of Section 34a of Article II, Ohio	443
Constitution. As used in division (D)(2) of this section,	444
"family member" means a parent, spouse, child, stepchild,	445
sibling, grandparent, grandchild, or other member of an owner's	446
immediate family.	447
(E) In accordance with Section 34a of Article II, Ohio	448
Constitution, an employer shall at the time of hire provide an	449
employee with the employer's name, address, telephone number,	450
and other contact information and update such information when	451
it changes. As used in division (E) of this section:	452

(1) "Other contact information" may include, where	453
applicable, the address of the employer's internet site on the	454
world wide web, the employer's electronic mail address, fax	455
number, or the name, address, and telephone number of the	456
employer's statutory agent. "Other contact information" does not	457
include the name, address, telephone number, fax number,	458
internet site address, or electronic mail address of any	459
employee, shareholder, officer, director, supervisor, manager,	460
or other individual employed by or associated with an employer.	461
(2) "When it changes" means that the employer shall	462
provide its employees with the change in its name, address,	463
telephone number, or other contact information within sixty	464
business days after the change occurs. The employer shall	465
provide the changed information by using any of its usual	466
methods of communicating with its employees, including, but not	467
limited to, listing the change on the employer's internet site	468
on the world wide web, internal computer network, or a bulletin	469
board where it commonly posts employee communications or by	470
insertion or inclusion with employees' paychecks or pay stubs.	471
(F) In accordance with Section 34a of Article II, Ohio	472
Constitution, an employer shall maintain a record of the name,	473
address, occupation, pay rate, hours worked for each day worked,	474
and each amount paid an employee for a period of not less than	475
three years following the last date the employee was employed by	476
that employer. As used in division (F) of this section:	477
(1) "Address" means an employee's home address as	478
maintained in the employer's personnel file or personnel	479
database for that employee.	480

(2)(a) With respect to employees who are not exempt from

the overtime pay requirements of the Fair Labor Standards Act or

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this chapter, "pay rate" means an employee's base rate of pay.	483
(b) With respect to employees who are exempt from the	484
overtime pay requirements of the Fair Labor Standards Act or	485
this chapter, "pay rate" means an employee's annual base salary	486
or other rate of pay by which the particular employee qualifies	487
for that exemption under the Fair Labor Standards Act or this	488
chapter, but does not include bonuses, stock options,	489
incentives, deferred compensation, or any other similar form of	490
compensation.	491
(3) "Record" means the name, address, occupation, pay	492
rate, hours worked for each day worked, and each amount paid an	493
employee in one or more documents, databases, or other paper or	494
electronic forms of record-keeping maintained by an employer. No	495
one particular method or form of maintaining such a record or	496
records is required under this division. An employer is not	497
required to create or maintain a single record containing only	498
the employee's name, address, occupation, pay rate, hours worked	499
for each day worked, and each amount paid an employee. An	500
employer shall maintain a record or records from which the	501
employee or person acting on behalf of that employee could	502
reasonably review the information requested by the employee or	503
person.	504
An employer is not required to maintain the records	505
specified in division (F)(3) of this section for any period	506
before January 1, 2007. On and after January 1, 2007, the	507
employer shall maintain the records required by division (F)(3)	508
of this section for three years from the date the hours were	509
worked by the employee and for three years after the date the	510
employee's employment ends.	511

(4)(a) Except for individuals specified in division (F)(4)

S. B. No. 38
Page 19
As Introduced

(b) of this section, "hours worked for each day worked" means	513
the total amount of time worked by an employee in whatever	514
increments the employer uses for its payroll purposes during a	515
day worked by the employee. An employer is not required to keep	516
a record of the time of day an employee begins and ends work on	517
any given day. As used in division (F)(4) of this section, "day"	518
means a fixed period of twenty-four consecutive hours during	519
which an employee performs work for an employer.	520
(b) An employer is not required to keep records of "hours	521
worked for each day worked" for individuals for whom the	522
employer is not required to keep those records under the Fair	523
Labor Standards Act and its regulations or individuals who are	524
not subject to the overtime pay requirements specified in	525
section 4111.03 of the Revised Code.	526
(5) "Each amount paid an employee" means the total gross	527
wages paid to an employee for each pay period. As used in	528
division (F)(5) of this section, "pay period" means the period	529
of time designated by an employer to pay an employee the	530
employee's gross wages in accordance with the employer's payroll	531
practices under section 4113.15 of the Revised Code.	532
(G) In accordance with Section 34a of Article II, Ohio	533
Constitution, an employer must provide such information without	534
charge to an employee or person acting on behalf of an employee	535
upon request. As used in division (G) of this section:	536
(1) "Such information" means the name, address,	537
occupation, pay rate, hours worked for each day worked, and each	538
amount paid for the specific employee who has requested that	539
specific employee's own information and does not include the	540
name, address, occupation, pay rate, hours worked for each day	541

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worked, or each amount paid of any other employee of the

S. B. No. 38
Page 20
As Introduced

employer. "Such information" does not include hours worked for	543
each day worked by individuals for whom an employer is not	544
required to keep that information under the Fair Labor Standards	545
Act and its regulations or individuals who are not subject to	546
the overtime pay requirements specified in section 4111.03 of	547
the Revised Code.	548
(2) "Acting on behalf of an employee" means a person	549
acting on behalf of an employee as any of the following:	550
(a) The certified or legally recognized collective	551
bargaining representative for that employee under the applicable	552
federal law or Chapter 4117. of the Revised Code;	553
(b) The employee's attorney;	554
(c) The employee's parent, guardian, or legal custodian.	555
A person "acting on behalf of an employee" must be	556
specifically authorized by an employee in order to make a	557
request for that employee's own name, address, occupation, pay	558
rate, hours worked for each day worked, and each amount paid to	559
that employee.	560
(3) "Provide" means that an employer shall provide the	561
requested information within thirty business days after the date	562
the employer receives the request, unless either of the	563
following occurs:	564
(a) The employer and the employee or person acting on	565
behalf of the employee agree to some alternative time period for	566
providing the information.	567
(b) The thirty-day period would cause a hardship on the	568
employer under the circumstances, in which case the employer	569
must provide the requested information as soon as practicable	570

(4) A "request" made by an employee or a person acting on	571
behalf of an employee means a request by an employee or a person	572
acting on behalf of an employee for the employee's own	573
information. The employer may require that the employee provide	574
the employer with a written request that has been signed by the	575
employee and notarized and that reasonably specifies the	576
particular information being requested. The employer may require	577
that the person acting on behalf of an employee provide the	578
employer with a written request that has been signed by the	579
employee whose information is being requested and notarized and	580
that reasonably specifies the particular information being	581
requested.	582
(H) In accordance with Section 34a of Article II, Ohio	583
Constitution, an employee, person acting on behalf of one or	584

- Constitution, an employee, person acting on behalf of one or more employees, and any other interested party may file a 585 complaint with the state for a violation of any provision of 586 Section 34a of Article II, Ohio Constitution, or any law or 587 regulation implementing its provisions. Such complaint shall be 588 promptly investigated and resolved by the state. The employee's 589 name shall be kept confidential unless disclosure is necessary 590 to resolution of a complaint and the employee consents to 591 disclosure. As used in division (H) of this section: 592
- (1) "Complaint" means a complaint of an alleged violation 593
 pertaining to harm suffered by the employee filing the 594
 complaint, by a person acting on behalf of one or more 595
 employees, or by an interested party. 596
- (2) "Acting on behalf of one or more employees" has the 597 same meaning as "acting on behalf of an employee" in division 598 (G)(2) of this section. Each employee must provide a separate 599 written and notarized authorization before the person acting on 600

that employee's or those employees' behalf may request the name,	601
address, occupation, pay rate, hours worked for each day worked,	602
and each amount paid for the particular employee.	603
(3) "Interested party" means a party who alleges to be	604
injured by the alleged violation and who has standing to file a	605
complaint under common law principles of standing.	606
(4) "Resolved by the state" means that the complaint has	607
been resolved to the satisfaction of the state.	608
(5) "Shall be kept confidential" means that the state	609
shall keep the name of the employee confidential as required by	610
division (H) of this section.	611
(I) In accordance with Section 34a of Article II, Ohio	612
Constitution, the state may on its own initiative investigate an	613
employer's compliance with Section 34a of Article II, Ohio	614
Constitution, and any law or regulation implementing Section 34a	615
of Article II, Ohio Constitution. The employer shall make	616
available to the state any records related to such investigation	617
and other information required for enforcement of Section 34a of	618
Article II, Ohio Constitution or any law or regulation	619
implementing Section 34a of Article II, Ohio Constitution. The	620
state shall investigate an employer's compliance with this	621
section in accordance with the procedures described in section	622
4111.04 of the Revised Code. All records and information related	623
to investigations by the state are confidential and are not a	624
public record subject to section 149.43 of the Revised Code.	625
This division does not prevent the state from releasing to or	626
exchanging with other state and federal wage and hour regulatory	627

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authorities information related to investigations.

(J) In accordance with Section 34a of Article II, Ohio

S. B. No. 38
Page 23
As Introduced

Constitution, damages shall be calculated as an additional two	630
times the amount of the back wages and in the case of a	631
violation of an anti-retaliation provision an amount set by the	632
state or court sufficient to compensate the employee and deter	633
future violations, but not less than one hundred fifty dollars	634
for each day that the violation continued. The "not less than	635
one hundred fifty dollar" penalty specified in division (J) of	636
this section shall be imposed only for violations of the anti-	637
retaliation provision in Section 34a of Article II, Ohio	638
Constitution.	639

- (K) In accordance with Section 34a of Article II, Ohio 640 Constitution, an action for equitable and monetary relief may be 641 brought against an employer by the attorney general and/or an 642 employee or person acting on behalf of an employee or all 643 similarly situated employees in any court of competent 644 jurisdiction, including the court of common pleas of an 645 employee's county of residence, for any violation of Section 34a 646 of Article II, Ohio Constitution, or any law or regulation 647 implementing its provisions within three years of the violation 648 or of when the violation ceased if it was of a continuing 649 nature, or within one year after notification to the employee of 650 final disposition by the state of a complaint for the same 651 violation, whichever is later. 652
- (1) As used in division (K) of this section, 653
 "notification" means the date on which the notice was sent to 654
 the employee by the state. 655
- (2) No employee shall join as a party plaintiff in any
 656
 civil action that is brought under division (K) of this section
 657
 by an employee, person acting on behalf of an employee, or
 658
 person acting on behalf of all similarly situated employees
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S. B. No. 38 Page 24 As Introduced

unless that empl	oyee first	gives writ	ten consent	to become	such	660
a party plaintif	f and that	consent is	filed with	the court	in	661
which the action	is brough	t.			(662

- (3) A civil action regarding an alleged violation of this section shall be maintained only under division (K) of this section. This division does not preclude the joinder in a single civil action of an action under this division and an action under section 4111.10 of the Revised Code.
- (4) Any agreement between an employee and employer to work for less than the wage rate specified in Section 34a of Article—

 HI, Ohio Constitution section 4111.02 of the Revised Code, is no defense to an action under this section.
- (L) In accordance with Section 34a of Article II, Ohio Constitution, there shall be no exhaustion requirement, no procedural, pleading, or burden of proof requirements beyond those that apply generally to civil suits in order to maintain such action and no liability for costs or attorney's fees on an employee except upon a finding that such action was frivolous in accordance with the same standards that apply generally in civil suits. Nothing in division (L) of this section affects the right of an employer and employee to agree to submit a dispute under this section to alternative dispute resolution, including, but not limited to, arbitration, in lieu of maintaining the civil suit specified in division (K) of this section. Nothing in this division limits the state's ability to investigate or enforce this section.
- (M) An employer who provides such information specified in 686
 Section 34a of Article II, Ohio Constitution, shall be immune 687
 from any civil liability for injury, death, or loss to person or 688
 property that otherwise might be incurred or imposed as a result 689

S. B. No. 38
Page 25
As Introduced

of providing that information to an employee or person acting on	690
behalf of an employee in response to a request by the employee	691
or person, and the employer shall not be subject to the	692
provisions of Chapters 1347. and 1349. of the Revised Code to	693
the extent that such provisions would otherwise apply. As used	694
in division (M) of this section, "such information," "acting on	695
behalf of an employee," and "request" have the same meanings as	696
in division (G) of this section.	697

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(N) As used in this section, "the state" means the director of commerce.

Sec. 4113.15. (A) Every individual, firm, partnership, 700 association, or corporation doing business in this state shall, 701 on or before the first day of each month, pay all its employees 702 the wages earned by them during the first half of the preceding 703 month ending with the fifteenth day thereof, and shall, on or 704 before the fifteenth day of each month, pay such employees the 705 wages earned by them during the last half of the preceding 706 calendar month. If at any time of payment an employee is absent 707 from his the employee's regular place of labor and does not 708 receive his payment of wages through an authorized 709 representative, such person shall be entitled to said payment at 710 any time thereafter upon demand upon the proper paymaster at the 711 place where such wages are usually paid and where such pay is 712 due. This section does not prohibit the daily or weekly payment 713 of wages. The or the use of a longer time lapse that is 714 customary to a given trade, profession or occupation, or 715 establishment of a different time lapse by written contract or 716 by operation of law. 717

(B) Where wages remain unpaid for thirty days beyond the regularly scheduled payday or, in the case where no regularly

S. B. No. 38 Page 26 As Introduced

scheduled payday is applicable, for sixty days beyond the filing	720
by the employee of a claim or for sixty days beyond the date of	721
the agreement, award, or other act making wages payable and no	722
contest court order or dispute of any wage claim including the	723
assertion of a counterclaim exists accounting for nonpayment,	724
the employer, in addition, as liquidated damages, is liable to	725
the employee in an amount equal to six per cent of the amount of	726
the claim still unpaid and not in contest or disputed or two	727
hundred dollars, whichever is greater.	728
(C) In the absence of a contest, court order or dispute,	729
(o, in the abbence of a contest, court of arspace,	123
an employer who is party to an agreement to pay or provide	7.3.0

- 30 an employer who is party to an agreement to pay or provide fringe benefits to an employee or to make any employee 731 authorized deduction becomes a trustee of any funds required by 732 such agreement to be paid to any person, organization, or 733 governmental agency from the time that the duty to make such 734 payment arises. No person shall, without reasonable 735 justification or excuse for such failure, knowingly fail or 736 refuse to pay to the appropriate person, organization, or 737 governmental agency the amount necessary to provide the benefits 738 or accomplish the purpose of any employee authorized deduction, 739 within thirty days after the close of the pay period during 740 which the employee earned or had deducted the amount of money 741 necessary to pay for the fringe benefit or make any employee 742 authorized deduction. A failure or refusal to pay, regardless of 743 the number of employee pay accounts involved, constitutes one 744 offense for the first delinquency of thirty days and a separate 745 offense for each successive delinquency of thirty days. 746
- (D) As used in this section and section 4113.16 of the

 Revised Code:

 748
 - (1) "Wage" means the net amount of money payable to an 749

employee, including any guaranteed pay or reimbursement for	750
expenses, less any federal, state, or local taxes withheld; any	751
deductions made pursuant to a written agreement for the purpose	752
of providing the employee with any fringe benefits; and any	753
employee authorized deduction.	754
(2) "Fringe benefits" includes but is not limited to	755
health, welfare, or retirement benefits, whether paid for	756
entirely by the employer or on the basis of a joint employer-	757
employee contribution, or vacation, separation, or holiday pay.	758
(3) "Employee authorized deduction" includes but is not	759
limited to deductions for the purpose of: (a) purchase any of	760
<pre>the following:</pre>	761
(a) Purchase of United States savings bonds or corporate	762
stocks or bonds, (b) a ;	763
(b) A charitable contribution, (c) credit;	764
(c) Credit union savings or other regular savings program,	765
or (d) repayment;	766
(d) Repayment of a loan or other obligation.	767
(4) "Employee" has the same meaning as in section 4177.01	768
of the Revised Code.	769
Sec. 4115.03. As used in sections 4115.03 to 4115.16 of	770
the Revised Code:	771
(A) "Public authority" means any officer, board, or	772
commission of the state, or any political subdivision of the	773
state, authorized to enter into a contract for the construction	774
of a public improvement or to construct the same by the direct	775
employment of labor, or any institution supported in whole or in	776
part by public funds and said sections apply to expenditures of	777

such institutions made in whole or in part from public funds.	778
(B) "Construction" means any of the following:	779
(1) Except as provided in division (B)(3) of this section,	780
any new construction of a public improvement, the total overall	781
project cost of which is fairly estimated to be more than the	782
following amounts and performed by other than full-time	783
employees who have completed their probationary periods in the	784
classified service of a public authority:	785
(a) One hundred twenty-five thousand dollars, beginning on	786
September 29, 2011, and continuing for one year thereafter;	787
(b) Two hundred thousand dollars, beginning when the time	788
period described in division (B)(1)(a) of this section expires	789
and continuing for one year thereafter;	790
(c) Two hundred fifty thousand dollars, beginning when the	791
time period described in division (B)(1)(b) of this section	792
expires.	793
(2) Except as provided in division (B)(4) of this section,	794
any reconstruction, enlargement, alteration, repair, remodeling,	795
renovation, or painting of a public improvement, the total	796
overall project cost of which is fairly estimated to be more	797
than the following amounts and performed by other than full-time	798
employees who have completed their probationary period in the	799
classified civil service of a public authority:	800
(a) Thirty-eight thousand dollars, beginning on September	801
29, 2011, and continuing for one year thereafter;	802
(b) Sixty thousand dollars, beginning when the time period	803
described in division (B)(2)(a) of this section expires and	804
continuing for one year thereafter;	805

(c) Seventy-five thousand dollars, beginning when the time	806
period described in division (B)(2)(b) of this section expires.	807
(3) Any new construction of a public improvement that	808
involves roads, streets, alleys, sewers, ditches, and other	809
works connected to road or bridge construction, the total	810
overall project cost of which is fairly estimated to be more	811
than seventy-eight thousand two hundred fifty-eight dollars	812
adjusted biennially by the director of commerce pursuant to	813
section 4115.034 of the Revised Code and performed by other than	814
full-time employees who have completed their probationary	815
periods in the classified service of a public authority;	816
(4) Any reconstruction, enlargement, alteration, repair,	817
remodeling, renovation, or painting of a public improvement that	818
involves roads, streets, alleys, sewers, ditches, and other	819
works connected to road or bridge construction, the total	820
overall project cost of which is fairly estimated to be more	821
than twenty-three thousand four hundred forty-seven dollars	822
adjusted biennially by the director of commerce pursuant to	823
section 4115.034 of the Revised Code and performed by other than	824
full-time employees who have completed their probationary	825
periods in the classified service of a public authority.	826
(C) "Public improvement" includes all buildings, roads,	827
streets, alleys, sewers, ditches, sewage disposal plants, water	828
works, and all other structures or works constructed by a public	829
authority of the state or any political subdivision thereof or	830
by any person who, pursuant to a contract with a public	831
authority, constructs any structure for a public authority of	832
the state or a political subdivision thereof. When a public	833
authority rents or leases a newly constructed structure within	834

six months after completion of such construction, all work

S. B. No. 38
As Introduced

performed on such structure to suit it for occupancy by a public	836
authority is a "public improvement." "Public improvement" does	837
not include an improvement authorized by section 940.06 of the	838
Revised Code that is constructed pursuant to a contract with a	839
soil and water conservation district, as defined in section	840
940.01 of the Revised Code, or performed as a result of a	841
petition filed pursuant to Chapter 6131., 6133., or 6135. of the	842
Revised Code, wherein no less than seventy-five per cent of the	843
project is located on private land and no less than seventy-five	844
per cent of the cost of the improvement is paid for by private	845
property owners pursuant to Chapter 940., 6131., 6133., or 6135.	846
of the Revised Code.	847
(D) "Locality" means the county wherein the physical work	848
upon any public improvement is being performed.	849
(E) "Prevailing wages" means the sum of the following:	850
(1) The basic hourly rate of pay;	851
(2) The rate of contribution irrevocably made by a	852
contractor or subcontractor to a trustee or to a third person	853
pursuant to a fund, plan, or program;	854
(3) The rate of costs to the contractor or subcontractor	855
which may be reasonably anticipated in providing the following	856
fringe benefits to laborers and mechanics pursuant to an	857
enforceable commitment to carry out a financially responsible	858
plan or program which was communicated in writing to the	859
laborers and mechanics affected:	860
(a) Medical or hospital care or insurance to provide such;	861
(b) Pensions on retirement or death or insurance to	862

863

provide such;

(c) Compensation for injuries or illnesses resulting from	864
occupational activities if it is in addition to that coverage	865
required by Chapters 4121. and 4123. of the Revised Code;	866
(d) Supplemental unemployment benefits that are in	867
addition to those required by Chapter 4141. of the Revised Code;	868
(e) Life insurance;	869
(f) Disability and sickness insurance;	870
(g) Accident insurance;	871
(h) Vacation and holiday pay;	872
(i) Defraying of costs for apprenticeship or other similar	873
training programs which are beneficial only to the laborers and	874
mechanics affected;	875
(j) Other bona fide fringe benefits.	876
None of the benefits enumerated in division (E)(3) of this	877
section may be considered in the determination of prevailing	878
wages if federal, state, or local law requires contractors or	879
subcontractors to provide any of such benefits.	880
(F) "Interested party," with respect to a particular	881
contract for construction of a public improvement, means:	882
(1) Any person who submits a bid for the purpose of	883
securing the award of the contract;	884
(2) Any person acting as a subcontractor of a person	885
described in division (F)(1) of this section;	886
(3) Any bona fide organization of labor which has as	887
members or is authorized to represent employees of a person	888
described in division (F)(1) or (2) of this section and which	889
exists, in whole or in part, for the purpose of negotiating with	890

employers concerning the wages, hours, or terms and conditions	891
of employment of employees;	892
(4) Any association having as members any of the persons	893
described in division (F)(1) or (2) of this section.	894
debelibed in divibion (1) (1) of (2) of entb beechon.	051
(G) Except as used in division (A) of this section,	895
"officer" means an individual who has an ownership interest or	896
holds an office of trust, command, or authority in a	897
corporation, business trust, partnership, or association.	898
(H) "Employee" has the same meaning as in section 4177.01_	899
of the Revised Code.	900
Sec. 4121.01. (A) As used in sections 4121.01 to 4121.29	901
of the Revised Code:	902
(1) "Place of employment" means every place, whether	903
indoors or out, or underground, and the premises appurtenant	904
thereto, where either temporarily or permanently any industry,	905
trade, or business is carried on, or where any process or	906
operation, directly or indirectly related to any industry,	907
trade, or business, is carried on and where any person is	908
directly or indirectly employed by another for direct or	909
indirect gain or profit, but does not include any place where	910
persons are employed in private domestic service or agricultural	911
pursuits which do not involve the use of mechanical power.	912
(2) "Employment" means any trade, occupation, or process	913
of manufacture or any method of carrying on such trade,	914
occupation, or process of manufacture in which any person may be	915
engaged, except in such private domestic service or agricultural	916
pursuits as do not involve the use of mechanical power.	917
(3) "Employer" means every person, firm, corporation,	918
agent, manager, representative, or other person having control	919

or custody of any employment, place of employment, or employee.	920
(4) "Employee" - means every person who may be required or	921
directed by any employer, in consideration of direct or indirect	922
gain or profit, to engage in any employment, or to go, or work,	923
or be at any time in any place of employment has the same	924
meaning as in section 4177.01 of the Revised Code.	925
(5) "Frequenter" means every person, other than an	926
employee, who may go in or be in a place of employment under	927
circumstances which render the person other than a trespasser.	928
(6) "Deputy" means any person employed by the industrial	929
commission or the bureau of workers' compensation, designated as	930
a deputy by the commission or the administrator of workers'	931
compensation, who possesses special, technical, scientific,	932
managerial, professional, or personal abilities or qualities in	933
matters within the jurisdiction of the commission or the bureau,	934
and who may be engaged in the performance of duties under the	935
direction of the commission or the bureau calling for the	936
exercise of such abilities or qualities.	937
(7) "Order" means any decision, rule, regulation,	938
direction, requirement, or standard, or any other determination	939
or decision that the bureau is empowered to and does make.	940
(8) "General order" means an order that applies generally	941
throughout the state to all persons, employments, or places of	942
employment, or all persons, employments, or places of employment	943
of a class under the jurisdiction of the bureau. All other	944
orders shall be considered special orders.	945
(9) "Local order" means any ordinance, order, rule, or	946
determination of the legislative authority of any municipal	947
corporation, or any trustees, or board or officers of any	948

S. B. No. 38 Page 34 As Introduced

municipal corporation upon any matter over which the bureau has	949
jurisdiction.	950
(10) "Welfare" means comfort, decency, and moral well-	951
being.	952
(11) "Safe" or "safety," as applied to any employment or a	953
place of employment, means such freedom from danger to the life,	954
health, safety, or welfare of employees or frequenters as the	955
nature of the employment will reasonably permit, including	956
requirements as to the hours of labor with relation to the	957
health and welfare of employees.	958
(12) "Employee organization" means any labor or bona fide	959
organization in which employees participate and that exists for	960
the purpose, in whole or in part, of dealing with employers	961
concerning grievances, labor disputes, wages, hours, terms, and	962
other conditions of employment.	963
(B) As used in the Revised Code:	964
(1) "Industrial commission" means the chairperson of the	965
three-member industrial commission created pursuant to section	966
4121.02 of the Revised Code when the context refers to the	967
authority vested in the chairperson as the chief executive	968
officer of the three-member industrial commission pursuant to	969
divisions (A), (B), (C), and (D) of section 4121.03 of the	970
Revised Code.	971
(2) "Industrial commission" means the three-member	972
industrial commission created pursuant to section 4121.02 of the	973
Revised Code when the context refers to the authority vested in	974
the three-member industrial commission pursuant to division (E)	975
of section 4121.03 of the Revised Code.	976
(3) "Industrial commission" means the industrial	977

commission as a state agency when the context refers to the	978
authority vested in the industrial commission as a state agency.	979
Sec. 4123.01. As used in this chapter:	980
(A)(1) "Employee" means:	981
(a) Every person in the service of the state, or of any	982
county, municipal corporation, township, or school district	983
therein, including has the same meaning as in section 4177.01 of	984
the Revised Code, except that "employee" also includes regular	985
members of lawfully constituted police and fire departments of	986
municipal corporations and townships, whether paid or volunteer,	987
and wherever serving within the state or on temporary assignment	988
outside thereof, and executive officers of boards of education,	989
under any appointment or contract of hire, express or implied,	990
oral or written, including any elected official of the state, or	991
of any county, municipal corporation, or township, or members of	992
boards of education.	993
As used in division (A)(1)(a) of this section, the term	994
"employee" and includes the following persons when responding to	995
an inherently dangerous situation that calls for an immediate	996
response on the part of the person, regardless of whether the	997
person is within the limits of the jurisdiction of the person's	998
regular employment or voluntary service when responding, on the	999
condition that the person responds to the situation as the	1000
person otherwise would if the person were on duty in the	1001
person's jurisdiction:	1002
(i) (a) Off-duty peace officers. As used in division (A)	1003
(1) (a) (i) of this section, "peace officer" has the same meaning	1004
as in section 2935.01 of the Revised Code.	1005
(ii) (b) Off-duty firefighters, whether paid or volunteer,	1006

of a lawfully constituted fire department.	1007
(iii) (c) Off-duty first responders, emergency medical	1008
technicians-basic, emergency medical technicians-intermediate,	1009
or emergency medical technicians-paramedic, whether paid or	1010
volunteer, of an ambulance service organization or emergency	1011
medical service organization pursuant to Chapter 4765. of the	1012
Revised Code.	1013
(b) Every person in the service of any person, firm, or	1014
private corporation, including any public service corporation,	1015
that (i) employs one or more persons regularly in the same-	1016
business or in or about the same establishment under any	1017
contract of hire, express or implied, oral or written, including	1018
aliens and minors, household workers who earn one hundred sixty	1019
dollars or more in cash in any calendar quarter from a single	1020
household and casual workers who earn one hundred sixty dollars	1021
or more in cash in any calendar quarter from a single employer,	1022
or (ii) is bound by any such contract of hire or by any other	1023
written contract, to pay into the state insurance fund the	1024
premiums provided by this chapter.	1025
(c) Every person who performs labor or provides services	1026
pursuant to a construction contract, as defined in section-	1027
4123.79 of the Revised Code, if at least ten of the following	1028
criteria apply:	1029
(i) The person is required to comply with instructions	1030
from the other contracting party regarding the manner or method	1031
of performing services;	1032
(ii) The person is required by the other contracting party	1033
to have particular training;	1034
(iii) The person's services are integrated into the	1035

regular functioning of the other contracting party;	1036
(iv) The person is required to perform the work-	1037
personally;	1038
(v) The person is hired, supervised, or paid by the other	1039
contracting party;	1040
(vi) A continuing relationship exists between the person-	1041
and the other contracting party that contemplates continuing or	1042
recurring work even if the work is not full time;	1043
(vii) The person's hours of work are established by the	1044
other contracting party;	1045
(viii) The person is required to devote full time to the	1046
business of the other contracting party;	1047
(ix) The person is required to perform the work on the	1048
premises of the other contracting party;	1049
(x) The person is required to follow the order of work set-	1050
by the other contracting party;	1051
(xi) The person is required to make oral or written-	1052
reports of progress to the other contracting party;	1053
(xii) The person is paid for services on a regular basis	1054
such as hourly, weekly, or monthly;	1055
(xiii) The person's expenses are paid for by the other	1056
contracting party;	1057
(xiv) The person's tools and materials are furnished by	1058
the other contracting party;	1059
(xv) The person is provided with the facilities used to	1060
perform services;	1061

(xvi) The person does not realize a profit or suffer a	1062
loss as a result of the services provided;	1063
(xvii) The person is not performing services for a number	1064
of employers at the same time;	1065
(xviii) The person does not make the same services	1066
available to the general public;	1067
(xix) The other contracting party has a right to discharge	1068
the person;	1069
(xx) The person has the right to end the relationship with	1070
the other contracting party without incurring liability pursuant	1071
to an employment contract or agreement.	1072
Every person in the service of any independent contractor	1073
or subcontractor who has failed to pay into the state insurance	1074
fund the amount of premium determined and fixed by the	1075
administrator of workers' compensation for the person's	1076
employment or occupation or if a self-insuring employer has	1077
failed to pay compensation and benefits directly to the	1078
employer's injured and to the dependents of the employer's	1079
killed employees as required by section 4123.35 of the Revised-	1080
Code, shall be considered as the employee of the person who has	1081
entered into a contract, whether written or verbal, with such-	1082
independent contractor unless such employees or their legal	1083
representatives or beneficiaries elect, after injury or death,	1084
to regard such independent contractor as the employer.	1085
(2) "Employee" does not mean any of the following:	1086
(a) A duly ordained, commissioned, or licensed minister or	1087
assistant or associate minister of a church in the exercise of	1088
ministry:	1089

(b) Any officer of a family farm corporation;	1090
(c) An individual incorporated as a corporation;	1091
(d)—An officer of a nonprofit corporation, as defined in	1092
section 1702.01 of the Revised Code, who volunteers the person's	1093
services as a an officer;	1094
(e) (d) An individual who otherwise is an employee of an	1095
employer but who signs the waiver and affidavit specified in	1096
section 4123.15 of the Revised Code on the condition that the	1097
administrator <u>of workers' compensation</u> has granted a waiver and	1098
exception to the individual's employer under section 4123.15 of	1099
the Revised Code.	1100
Any employer may elect to include as an "employee" within	1101
this chapter, any person excluded from the definition of	1102
"employee" pursuant to division (A)(2)(a), (b), $-(c)$, or (c)	1103
of this section in accordance with rules adopted by the	1104
administrator, with the advice and consent of the bureau of	1105
workers' compensation board of directors. If an employer is a	1106
partnership, sole proprietorship, individual incorporated as a	1107
eorporation, or family farm corporation, such employer may elect	1108
to include as an "employee" within this chapter, any member of	1109
such partnership, the owner of the sole proprietorship, the	1110
individual incorporated as a corporation, or the officers of the	1111
family farm corporation. Nothing in this section shall prohibit	1112
a partner, sole proprietor, or any person excluded from the	1113
definition of "employee" pursuant to division (A)(2)(a), (b),	1114
$\frac{(c)}{(c)}$ or $\frac{(c)}{(d)}$ of this section from electing to be included as	1115
an "employee" under this chapter in accordance with rules	1116
adopted by the administrator, with the advice and consent of the	1117
board.	1118

In the event of an election, the employer or person	1119
electing coverage shall serve upon the bureau of workers'	1120
compensation written notice naming the person to be covered and	1121
include the person's remuneration for premium purposes in all	1122
future payroll reports. No partner, sole proprietor, or person	1123
excluded from the definition of "employee" pursuant to division	1124
(A)(2)(a), (b), $\frac{(e)}{}$ or $\frac{(e)}{}$ of this section, shall receive	1125
benefits or compensation under this chapter until the bureau	1126
receives written notice of the election permitted by this	1127
section.	1128
For informational purposes only, the bureau shall	1129
prescribe such language as it considers appropriate, on such of	1130
its forms as it considers appropriate, to advise employers of	1131
their right to elect to include as an "employee" within this	1132
chapter a sole proprietor, any member of a partnership, or a	1133
person excluded from the definition of "employee" under division	1134
(A)(2)(a), (b), $\frac{(e)}{}$ or $\frac{(e)}{}$ of this section, that they	1135
should check any health and disability insurance policy, or	1136
other form of health and disability plan or contract, presently	1137
covering them, or the purchase of which they may be considering,	1138
to determine whether such policy, plan, or contract excludes	1139
benefits for illness or injury that they might have elected to	1140
have covered by workers' compensation.	1141
(B) "Employer" means:	1142
(1) The state, including state hospitals, each county,	1143
municipal corporation, township, school district, and hospital	1144
owned by a political subdivision or subdivisions other than the	1145
state;	1146

1148

(2) Every person, firm, professional employer

organization, and private corporation, including any public

service corporation, that (a) has in service one or more	1149
employees or shared employees regularly in the same business or	1150
in or about the same establishment under any contract of hire,	1151
express or implied, oral or written, or (b) is bound by any such	1152
contract of hire or by any other written contract, to pay into	1153
the insurance fund the premiums provided by this chapter.	1154
All such employers are subject to this chapter. Any member	1155
of a firm or association, who regularly performs manual labor in	1156
or about a mine, factory, or other establishment, including a	1157
household establishment, shall be considered an employee in	1158
determining whether such person, firm, or private corporation,	1159
or public service corporation, has in its service, one or more	1160
employees and the employer shall report the income derived from	1161
such labor to the bureau as part of the payroll of such	1162
employer, and such member shall thereupon be entitled to all the	1163
benefits of an employee.	1164
(C) "Injury" includes any injury, whether caused by	1165
external accidental means or accidental in character and result,	1166
received in the course of, and arising out of, the injured	1167
employee's employment. "Injury" does not include:	1168
(1) Psychiatric conditions except where the claimant's	1169
psychiatric conditions have arisen from an injury or	1170
occupational disease sustained by that claimant or where the	1171
claimant's psychiatric conditions have arisen from sexual	1172
conduct in which the claimant was forced by threat of physical	1173
harm to engage or participate;	1174
(2) Injury or disability caused primarily by the natural	1175
deterioration of tissue, an organ, or part of the body;	1176

(3) Injury or disability incurred in voluntary

participation in an employer-sponsored recreation or fitness	1178
activity if the employee signs a waiver of the employee's right	1179
to compensation or benefits under this chapter prior to engaging	1180
in the recreation or fitness activity;	1181
(4) A condition that pre-existed an injury unless that	1182
pre-existing condition is substantially aggravated by the	1183
injury. Such a substantial aggravation must be documented by	1184
objective diagnostic findings, objective clinical findings, or	1185
objective test results. Subjective complaints may be evidence of	1186
such a substantial aggravation. However, subjective complaints	1187
without objective diagnostic findings, objective clinical	1188
findings, or objective test results are insufficient to	1189
substantiate a substantial aggravation.	1190
(D) "Child" includes a posthumous child and a child	1191
legally adopted prior to the injury.	1192
(E) "Family farm corporation" means a corporation founded	1193
for the purpose of farming agricultural land in which the	1194
majority of the voting stock is held by and the majority of the	1195
stockholders are persons or the spouse of persons related to	1196
each other within the fourth degree of kinship, according to the	1197
rules of the civil law, and at least one of the related persons	1198
is residing on or actively operating the farm, and none of whose	1199
stockholders are a corporation. A family farm corporation does	1200
not cease to qualify under this division where, by reason of any	1201
devise, bequest, or the operation of the laws of descent or	1202
distribution, the ownership of shares of voting stock is	1203
transferred to another person, as long as that person is within	1204
the degree of kinship stipulated in this division.	1205
(F) "Occupational disease" means a disease contracted in	1206
the course of employment, which by its causes and the	1207

S. B. No. 38
As Introduced

characteristics of its manifestation or the condition of the	1208
employment results in a hazard which distinguishes the	1209
employment in character from employment generally, and the	1210
employment creates a risk of contracting the disease in greater	1211
degree and in a different manner from the public in general.	1212
(G) "Self-insuring employer" means an employer who is	1213
granted the privilege of paying compensation and benefits	1214
directly under section 4123.35 of the Revised Code, including a	1215
board of county commissioners for the sole purpose of	1216
constructing a sports facility as defined in section 307.696 of	1217
the Revised Code, provided that the electors of the county in	1218
which the sports facility is to be built have approved	1219
construction of a sports facility by ballot election no later	1220
than November 6, 1997.	1221
(H) "Private employer" means an employer as defined in	1222
division (B)(2) of this section.	1223
(I) "Professional employer organization" has the same	1224
meaning as in section 4125.01 of the Revised Code.	1225
(J) "Public employer" means an employer as defined in	1226
division (B)(1) of this section.	1227
(K) "Sexual conduct" means vaginal intercourse between a	1228
male and female; anal intercourse, fellatio, and cunnilingus	1229
between persons regardless of gender; and, without privilege to	1230
do so, the insertion, however slight, of any part of the body or	1231
any instrument, apparatus, or other object into the vaginal or	1232
anal cavity of another. Penetration, however slight, is	1233
sufficient to complete vaginal or anal intercourse.	1234
(L) "Other-states' insurer" means an insurance company	1235
that is authorized to provide workers' compensation insurance	1236

coverage in any of the states that permit employers to obtain	1237
insurance for workers' compensation claims through insurance	1238
companies.	1239
(M) "Other-states' coverage" means both of the following:	1240
(1) Insurance coverage secured by an eligible employer for	1241
workers' compensation claims of employees who are in employment	1242
relationships localized in a state other than this state or	1243
those employees' dependents;	1244
(2) Insurance coverage secured by an eligible employer for	1245
workers' compensation claims that arise in a state other than	1246
this state where an employer elects to obtain coverage through	1247
either the administrator or an other-states' insurer.	1248
(N) "Limited other-states coverage" means insurance	1249
coverage provided by the administrator to an eligible employer	1250
for workers' compensation claims of employees who are in an	1251
employment relationship localized in this state but are	1252
temporarily working in a state other than this state, or those	1253
employees' dependents.	1254
Sec. 4123.026. (A) The administrator of workers'	1255
compensation, or a self-insuring public employer for the peace	1256
officers, firefighters, and emergency medical workers employed	1257
by or volunteering for that self-insuring public employer, shall	1258
pay the costs of conducting post-exposure medical diagnostic	1259
services, consistent with the standards of medical care existing	1260
at the time of the exposure, to investigate whether an injury or	1261
occupational disease was sustained by a peace officer,	1262
firefighter, or emergency medical worker when coming into	1263
contact with the blood or other body fluid of another person in	1264
the course of and arising out of the peace officer's,	1265

firefighter's, or emergency medical worker's employment, or when	1266
responding to an inherently dangerous situation in the manner	1267
described in, and in accordance with the conditions specified	1268
under, division (A)(1) $\frac{\text{(a)}}{\text{(a)}}$ of section 4123.01 of the Revised	1269
Code, through any of the following means:	1270
(1) Splash or spatter in the eye or mouth, including when	1271
received in the course of conducting mouth-to-mouth	1272
resuscitation;	1273
(2) A puncture in the skin;	1274
(3) A cut in the skin or another opening in the skin such	1275
as an open sore, wound, lesion, abrasion, or ulcer.	1276
(B) As used in this section:	1277
(1) "Peace officer" has the same meaning as in section	1278
2935.01 of the Revised Code.	1279
(2) "Firefighter" means a firefighter, whether paid or	1280
volunteer, of a lawfully constituted fire department.	1281
(3) "Emergency medical worker" means a first responder,	1282
emergency medical technician-basic, emergency medical	1283
technician-intermediate, or emergency medical technician-	1284
paramedic, certified under Chapter 4765. of the Revised Code,	1285
whether paid or volunteer.	1286
Sec. 4141.01. As used in this chapter, unless the context	1287
otherwise requires:	1288
(A)(1) "Employer" means the state, its instrumentalities,	1289
its political subdivisions and their instrumentalities, Indian	1290
tribes, and any individual or type of organization including any	1291
partnership, limited liability company, association, trust,	1292
estate, joint-stock company, insurance company, or corporation,	1293

whether domestic or foreign, or the receiver, trustee in	1294
bankruptcy, trustee, or the successor thereof, or the legal	1295
representative of a deceased person who subsequent to December	1296
31, 1971, or in the case of political subdivisions or their	1297
instrumentalities, subsequent to December 31, 1973:	1298
(a) Had in employment at least one individual, or in the	1299
case of a nonprofit organization, subsequent to December 31,	1300
1973, had not less than four individuals in employment for some	1301
portion of a day in each of twenty different calendar weeks, in	1302
either the current or the preceding calendar year whether or not	1303
the same individual was in employment in each such day; or	1304
(b) Except for a nonprofit organization, had paid for	1305
service in employment wages of fifteen hundred dollars or more	1306
in any calendar quarter in either the current or preceding	1307
in any carendar quarter in elther the current or preceding	
calendar year; or	1308
	1308 1309
calendar year; or	
calendar year; or (c) Had paid, subsequent to December 31, 1977, for	1309
calendar year; or (c) Had paid, subsequent to December 31, 1977, for employment in domestic service in a local college club, or local	1309 1310
calendar year; or (c) Had paid, subsequent to December 31, 1977, for employment in domestic service in a local college club, or local chapter of a college fraternity or sorority, cash remuneration	1309 1310 1311
calendar year; or (c) Had paid, subsequent to December 31, 1977, for employment in domestic service in a local college club, or local chapter of a college fraternity or sorority, cash remuneration of one thousand dollars or more in any calendar quarter in the	1309 1310 1311 1312
calendar year; or (c) Had paid, subsequent to December 31, 1977, for employment in domestic service in a local college club, or local chapter of a college fraternity or sorority, cash remuneration of one thousand dollars or more in any calendar quarter in the current calendar year or the preceding calendar year, or had	1309 1310 1311 1312 1313
calendar year; or (c) Had paid, subsequent to December 31, 1977, for employment in domestic service in a local college club, or local chapter of a college fraternity or sorority, cash remuneration of one thousand dollars or more in any calendar quarter in the current calendar year or the preceding calendar year, or had paid subsequent to December 31, 1977, for employment in domestic	1309 1310 1311 1312 1313 1314
calendar year; or (c) Had paid, subsequent to December 31, 1977, for employment in domestic service in a local college club, or local chapter of a college fraternity or sorority, cash remuneration of one thousand dollars or more in any calendar quarter in the current calendar year or the preceding calendar year, or had paid subsequent to December 31, 1977, for employment in domestic service in a private home cash remuneration of one thousand	1309 1310 1311 1312 1313 1314 1315
calendar year; or (c) Had paid, subsequent to December 31, 1977, for employment in domestic service in a local college club, or local chapter of a college fraternity or sorority, cash remuneration of one thousand dollars or more in any calendar quarter in the current calendar year or the preceding calendar year, or had paid subsequent to December 31, 1977, for employment in domestic service in a private home cash remuneration of one thousand dollars in any calendar quarter in the current calendar year or	1309 1310 1311 1312 1313 1314 1315 1316
calendar year; or (c) Had paid, subsequent to December 31, 1977, for employment in domestic service in a local college club, or local chapter of a college fraternity or sorority, cash remuneration of one thousand dollars or more in any calendar quarter in the current calendar year or the preceding calendar year, or had paid subsequent to December 31, 1977, for employment in domestic service in a private home cash remuneration of one thousand dollars in any calendar quarter in the current calendar year or the preceding calendar year:	1309 1310 1311 1312 1313 1314 1315 1316 1317
calendar year; or (c) Had paid, subsequent to December 31, 1977, for employment in domestic service in a local college club, or local chapter of a college fraternity or sorority, cash remuneration of one thousand dollars or more in any calendar quarter in the current calendar year or the preceding calendar year, or had paid subsequent to December 31, 1977, for employment in domestic service in a private home cash remuneration of one thousand dollars in any calendar quarter in the current calendar year or the preceding calendar year: (i) For the purposes of divisions (A)(1)(a) and (b) of	1309 1310 1311 1312 1313 1314 1315 1316 1317

(ii) An employer under this division shall not be an

employer with respect to wages paid for any services other than	1323
domestic service unless the employer is also found to be an	1324
employer under division (A)(1)(a), (b), or (d) of this section.	1325
(d) As a farm operator or a crew leader subsequent to	1326
December 31, 1977, had in employment individuals in agricultural	1327
labor; and	1328
(i) During any calendar quarter in the current calendar	1329
year or the preceding calendar year, paid cash remuneration of	1330
twenty thousand dollars or more for the agricultural labor; or	1331
(ii) Had at least ten individuals in employment in	1332
agricultural labor, not including agricultural workers who are	1333
aliens admitted to the United States to perform agricultural	1334
labor pursuant to sections 1184(c) and 1101(a)(15)(H) of the	1335
"Immigration and Nationality Act," 66 Stat. 163, 189, 8 U.S.C.A.	1336
1101(a)(15)(H)(ii)(a), 1184(c), for some portion of a day in	1337
each of the twenty different calendar weeks, in either the	1338
current or preceding calendar year whether or not the same	1339
individual was in employment in each day; or	1340
(e) Is not otherwise an employer as defined under division	1341
(A)(1)(a) or (b) of this section; and	1342
(i) For which, within either the current or preceding	1343
calendar year, service, except for domestic service in a private	1344
home not covered under division (A)(1)(c) of this section, is or	1345
was performed with respect to which such employer is liable for	1346
any federal tax against which credit may be taken for	1347
contributions required to be paid into a state unemployment	1348
fund;	1349
(ii) Which, as a condition for approval of this chapter	1350
for full tax credit against the tax imposed by the "Federal	1351

Unemployment Tax Act," 84 Stat. 713, 26 U.S.C.A. 3301 to 3311,	1352
is required, pursuant to such act to be an employer under this	1353
chapter; or	1354
(iii) Who became an employer by election under division	1355
(A)(4) or (5) of this section and for the duration of such	1356
election; or	1357
(f) In the case of the state, its instrumentalities, its	1358
political subdivisions, and their instrumentalities, and Indian	1359
tribes, had in employment, as defined in divisions (B)(2)(a) and	1360
(B)(2)(l) of this section, at least one individual;	1361
(g) For the purposes of division (A)(1)(a) of this	1362
section, if any week includes both the thirty-first day of	1363
December and the first day of January, the days of that week	1364
before the first day of January shall be considered one calendar	1365
week and the days beginning the first day of January another	1366
week.	1367
(2) Each individual employed to perform or to assist in	1368
performing the work of any agent or employee of an employer is	1369
employed by such employer for all the purposes of this chapter,	1370
whether such individual was hired or paid directly by such	1371
employer or by such agent or employee, provided the employer had	1372
actual or constructive knowledge of the work. All individuals	1373
performing services for an employer of any person in this state	1374
who maintains two or more establishments within this state are	1375
employed by a single employer for the purposes of this chapter.	1376
(3) An employer subject to this chapter within any	1377
calendar year is subject to this chapter during the whole of	1378
such year and during the next succeeding calendar year.	1379

(4) An employer not otherwise subject to this chapter who

S. B. No. 38 Page 49
As Introduced

files with the director of job and family services a written 1381 election to become an employer subject to this chapter for not 1382 less than two calendar years shall, with the written approval of 1383 such election by the director, become an employer subject to 1384 this chapter to the same extent as all other employers as of the 1385 date stated in such approval, and shall cease to be subject to 1386 this chapter as of the first day of January of any calendar year 1387 subsequent to such two calendar years only if at least thirty 1388 days prior to such first day of January the employer has filed 1389 with the director a written notice to that effect. 1390

- (5) Any employer for whom services that do not constitute 1391 employment are performed may file with the director a written 1392 election that all such services performed by individuals in the 1393 employer's employ in one or more distinct establishments or 1394 places of business shall be deemed to constitute employment for 1395 all the purposes of this chapter, for not less than two calendar 1396 years. Upon written approval of the election by the director, 1397 such services shall be deemed to constitute employment subject 1398 to this chapter from and after the date stated in such approval. 1399 Such services shall cease to be employment subject to this 1400 chapter as of the first day of January of any calendar year 1401 subsequent to such two calendar years only if at least thirty 1402 days prior to such first day of January such employer has filed 1403 with the director a written notice to that effect. 1404
- (B) (1) "Employment" means service performed by an 1405 individual for remuneration under any contract of hire, written 1406 or oral, express or implied, including service performed in 1407 interstate commerce and service performed by an officer of a 1408 corporation, without regard to whether such service is 1409 executive, managerial, or manual in nature, and without regard 1410 to whether such officer is a stockholder or a member of the 1411

board of directors of the corporation, unless it is shown to the	1412
satisfaction of the director, based upon a determination made by	1413
the director of commerce under Chapter 4177. of the Revised	1414
Code, that such individual has been and will continue to be free	1415
from direction or control over the performance of such service,	1416
both under a contract of service and in fact. The director shall	1417
adopt rules to define "direction or control."	1418
(2) "Employment" includes:	1419
(a) Service performed after December 31, 1977, by an	1420
individual in the employ of the state or any of its	1421
instrumentalities, or any political subdivision thereof or any	1422
of its instrumentalities or any instrumentality of more than one	1423
of the foregoing or any instrumentality of any of the foregoing	1424
and one or more other states or political subdivisions and	1425
without regard to divisions (A)(1)(a) and (b) of this section,	1426
provided that such service is excluded from employment as	1427
defined in the "Federal Unemployment Tax Act," 53 Stat. 183, 26	1428
U.S.C.A. 3301, 3306(c)(7) and is not excluded under division (B)	1429
(3) of this section; or the services of employees covered by	1430
voluntary election, as provided under divisions (A)(4) and (5)	1431
of this section;	1432
(b) Service performed after December 31, 1971, by an	1433
individual in the employ of a religious, charitable,	1434
educational, or other organization which is excluded from the	1435
term "employment" as defined in the "Federal Unemployment Tax	1436
Act," 84 Stat. 713, 26 U.S.C.A. 3301 to 3311, solely by reason	1437
of section 26 U.S.C.A. 3306(c)(8) of that act and is not	1438
excluded under division (B)(3) of this section;	1439
(c) Domestic service performed after December 31, 1977,	1440

for an employer, as provided in division (A)(1)(c) of this

section;	1442
(d) Agricultural labor performed after December 31, 1977,	1443
for a farm operator or a crew leader, as provided in division	1444
(A)(1)(d) of this section;	1445
(e) Service not covered under division (B)(1) of this	1446
section which is performed after December 31, 1971:	1447
(i) As an agent-driver or commission-driver a delivery	1448
<u>driver</u> engaged in distributing meat products, vegetable	1449
products, fruit products, bakery products, beverages other than	1450
milk, laundry, or parcels, freight, dry-cleaning services, for	1451
the individual's employer or principal similar products;	1452
(ii) As a traveling or city salesperson, other than as an	1453
agent-driver or commission-drivera delivery driver, engaged on a	1454
full-time basis in the solicitation on behalf of and in the	1455
transmission to the salesperson's employer or principal except	1456
for sideline sales activities on behalf of some other person of	1457
orders from wholesalers, retailers, contractors, or operators of	1458
hotels, restaurants, or other similar establishments for	1459
merchandise for resale, or supplies for use in their business	1460
operations, provided that for the purposes of division (B)(2)(e)	1461
(ii) of this section, the services shall be deemed employment if	1462
the contract of service contemplates that substantially all of	1463
the services are to be performed personally by the individual	1464
and that the individual does not have a substantial investment	1465
in facilities used in connection with the performance of the	1466
services other than in facilities for transportation, and the	1467
services are not in the nature of a single transaction that is	1468
not a part of a continuing relationship with the person for whom-	1469
the services are performed.	1470

(f) An individual's entire service performed within or 1471 both within and without the state if: 1472 (i) The service is localized in this state. 1473 (ii) The service is not localized in any state, but some 1474 of the service is performed in this state and either the base of 1475 operations, or if there is no base of operations then the place 1476 from which such service is directed or controlled, is in this 1477 state or the base of operations or place from which such service 1478 is directed or controlled is not in any state in which some part 1479 of the service is performed but the individual's residence is in 1480 this state. 1481 (g) Service not covered under division (B)(2)(f)(ii) of 1482 this section and performed entirely without this state, with 1483 respect to no part of which contributions are required and paid 1484 under an unemployment compensation law of any other state, the 1485 Virgin Islands, Canada, or of the United States, if the 1486 individual performing such service is a resident of this state 1487 and the director approves the election of the employer for whom 1488 such services are performed; or, if the individual is not a 1489 resident of this state but the place from which the service is 1490 directed or controlled is in this state, the entire services of 1491 such individual shall be deemed to be employment subject to this 1492 chapter, provided service is deemed to be localized within this 1493 state if the service is performed entirely within this state or 1494 if the service is performed both within and without this state 1495 but the service performed without this state is incidental to 1496 the individual's service within the state, for example, is 1497 temporary or transitory in nature or consists of isolated 1498 transactions; 1499

(h) Service of an individual who is a citizen of the

United States, performed outside the United States except in	1501
Canada after December 31, 1971, or the Virgin Islands, after	1502
December 31, 1971, and before the first day of January of the	1503
year following that in which the United States secretary of	1504
labor approves the Virgin Islands law for the first time, in the	1505
employ of an American employer, other than service which is	1506
"employment" under divisions (B)(2)(f) and (g) of this section	1507
or similar provisions of another state's law, if:	1508
(i) The employer's principal place of business in the	1509
United States is located in this state;	1510
(ii) The employer has no place of business in the United	1511
States, but the employer is an individual who is a resident of	1512
this state; or the employer is a corporation which is organized	1513
under the laws of this state, or the employer is a partnership	1514
or a trust and the number of partners or trustees who are	1515
residents of this state is greater than the number who are	1516
residents of any other state; or	1517
(iii) None of the criteria of divisions (B)(2)(f)(i) and	1518
(ii) of this section is met but the employer has elected	1519
coverage in this state or the employer having failed to elect	1520
coverage in any state, the individual has filed a claim for	1521
benefits, based on such service, under this chapter.	1522
(i) For the purposes of division (B)(2)(h) of this	1523
section, the term "American employer" means an employer who is	1524
an individual who is a resident of the United States; or a	1525
partnership, if two-thirds or more of the partners are residents	1526
of the United States; or a trust, if all of the trustees are	1527
residents of the United States; or a corporation organized under	1528
the laws of the United States or of any state, provided the term	1529

"United States" includes the states, the District of Columbia,

the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands.	1531
(j) Notwithstanding any other provisions of divisions (B)	1532
(1) and (2) of this section, service, except for domestic	1533
service in a private home not covered under division (A)(1)(c)	1534
of this section, with respect to which a tax is required to be	1535
paid under any federal law imposing a tax against which credit	1536
may be taken for contributions required to be paid into a state	1537
unemployment fund, or service, except for domestic service in a	1538
private home not covered under division (A)(1)(c) of this	1539
section, which, as a condition for full tax credit against the	1540
tax imposed by the "Federal Unemployment Tax Act," 84 Stat. 713,	1541
26 U.S.C.A. 3301 to 3311, is required to be covered under this	1542
chapter.	1543
(k) Construction services performed by any individual	1544
under a construction contract, as defined in section 4141.39 of	1545
the Revised Code, if the director determines that the employer	1546
for whom services are performed has the right to direct or	1547
control the performance of the services and that the individuals	1548
who perform the services receive remuneration for the services	1549
performed. The director shall presume that the employer for whom-	1550
services are performed has the right to direct or control the	1551
performance of the services if ten or more of the following-	1552
criteria apply:	1553
(i) The employer directs or controls the manner or method	1554
by which instructions are given to the individual performing	1555
services;	1556
(ii) The employer requires particular training for the	1557
<pre>individual performing services;</pre>	1558
(iii) Corviges performed by the individual are integrated	1550

into the regular functioning of the employer;	1560
(iv) The employer requires that services be provided by a	1561
particular individual;	1562
(v) The employer hires, supervises, or pays the wages of	1563
the individual performing services;	1564
(vi) A continuing relationship between the employer and	1565
the individual performing services exists which contemplates	1566
continuing or recurring work, even if not full-time work;	1567
(vii) The employer requires the individual to perform-	1568
services during established hours;	1569
(viii) The employer requires that the individual	1570
performing services be devoted on a full-time basis to the-	1571
business of the employer;	1572
(ix) The employer requires the individual to perform	1573
services on the employer's premises;	1574
(x) The employer requires the individual performing	1575
services to follow the order of work established by the-	1576
<pre>employer;</pre>	1577
(xi) The employer requires the individual performing	1578
services to make oral or written reports of progress;	1579
(xii) The employer makes payment to the individual for	1580
services on a regular basis, such as hourly, weekly, or monthly;	1581
(xiii) The employer pays expenses for the individual	1582
performing services;	1583
(xiv) The employer furnishes the tools and materials for	1584
use by the individual to perform services;	1585
(xv) The individual performing services has not invested	1586

in the facilities used to perform services;	1587
(xvi) The individual performing services does not realize	1588
a profit or suffer a loss as a result of the performance of the	1589
services;	1590
(xvii) The individual performing services is not	1591
performing services for more than two employers simultaneously;	1592
(xviii) The individual performing services does not make	1593
the services available to the general public;	1594
(xix) The employer has a right to discharge the individual	1595
performing services;	1596
(xx) The individual performing services has the right to	1597
end the individual's relationship with the employer without	1598
incurring liability pursuant to an employment contract or-	1599
agreement.	1600
(1) Service performed by an individual in the employ of an	1601
Indian tribe as defined by section 4(e) of the "Indian Self-	1602
Determination and Education Assistance Act," 88 Stat. 2204	1603
(1975), 25 U.S.C.A. 450b(e), including any subdivision,	1604
subsidiary, or business enterprise wholly owned by an Indian	1605
tribe provided that the service is excluded from employment as	1606
defined in the "Federal Unemployment Tax Act," 53 Stat. 183	1607
(1939), 26 U.S.C.A. 3301 and 3306(c)(7) and is not excluded	1608
under division (B)(3) of this section.	1609
(3) "Employment" does not include the following services	1610
if they are found not subject to the "Federal Unemployment Tax	1611
Act," 84 Stat. 713 (1970), 26 U.S.C.A. 3301 to 3311, and if the	1612
services are not required to be included under division (B)(2)	1613
(j) of this section:	1614

(a) Service performed after December 31, 1977, in	1615
agricultural labor, except as provided in division (A)(1)(d) of	1616
this section;	1617
(b) Domestic service performed after December 31, 1977, in	1618
a private home, local college club, or local chapter of a	1619
college fraternity or sorority except as provided in division	1620
(A)(1)(c) of this section;	1621
(c) Service performed after December 31, 1977, for this	1622
state or a political subdivision as described in division (B)(2)	1623
(a) of this section when performed:	1624
(i) As a publicly elected official;	1625
(ii) As a member of a legislative body, or a member of the	1626
judiciary;	1627
(iii) As a military member of the Ohio national guard;	1628
(iv) As an employee, not in the classified service as	1629
defined in section 124.11 of the Revised Code, serving on a	1630
temporary basis in case of fire, storm, snow, earthquake, flood,	1631
or similar emergency;	1632
(v) In a position which, under or pursuant to law, is	1633
designated as a major nontenured policymaking or advisory	1634
position, not in the classified service of the state, or a	1635
policymaking or advisory position the performance of the duties	1636
of which ordinarily does not require more than eight hours per	1637
week.	1638
(d) In the employ of any governmental unit or	1639
instrumentality of the United States;	1640
(e) Service performed after December 31, 1971:	1641

(i) Service in the employ of an educational institution or	1642
institution of higher education, including those operated by the	1643
state or a political subdivision, if such service is performed	1644
by a student who is enrolled and is regularly attending classes	1645
at the educational institution or institution of higher	1646
education; or	1647
(ii) By an individual who is enrolled at a nonprofit or	1648
public educational institution which normally maintains a	1649
regular faculty and curriculum and normally has a regularly	1650
organized body of students in attendance at the place where its	1651
educational activities are carried on as a student in a full-	1652
time program, taken for credit at the institution, which	1653
combines academic instruction with work experience, if the	1654
service is an integral part of the program, and the institution	1655
has so certified to the employer, provided that this subdivision	1656
shall not apply to service performed in a program established	1657
for or on behalf of an employer or group of employers.	1658
(f) Service performed by an individual in the employ of	1659
the individual's son, daughter, or spouse and service performed	1660
by a child under the age of eighteen in the employ of the	1661
child's father or mother;	1662
(g) Service performed for one or more principals by an-	1663
individual who is compensated on a commission basis, who in the	1664
performance of the work is master of the individual's own time-	1665
and efforts, and whose remuneration is wholly dependent on the	1666
amount of effort the individual chooses to expend, and which	1667
service is not subject to the "Federal Unemployment Tax Act," 53	1668
Stat. 183 (1939), 26 U.S.C.A. 3301 to 3311. Service performed	1669
after December 31, 1971:	1670
(i) By an individual for an employer as an insurance agent	1671

or as an insurance solicitor, if all this service is performed	1672
for remuneration solely by way of commission;	1673
(ii) As a home worker performing work, according to	1674
specifications furnished by the employer for whom the services	1675
are performed, on materials or goods furnished by such employer	1676
which are required to be returned to the employer or to a person	1677
designated for that purpose.	1678
(h) Service performed after December 31, 1971:	1679
(i) In the employ of a church or convention or association	1680
of churches, or in an organization which is operated primarily	1681
for religious purposes and which is operated, supervised,	1682
controlled, or principally supported by a church or convention	1683
or association of churches;	1684
(ii) By a duly ordained, commissioned, or licensed	1685
minister of a church in the exercise of the individual's	1686
ministry or by a member of a religious order in the exercise of	1687
duties required by such order; or	1688
(iii) In a facility conducted for the purpose of carrying	1689
out a program of rehabilitation for individuals whose earning	1690
capacity is impaired by age or physical or mental deficiency or	1691
injury, or providing remunerative work for individuals who	1692
because of their impaired physical or mental capacity cannot be	1693
readily absorbed in the competitive labor market, by an	1694
individual receiving such rehabilitation or remunerative work.	1695
(i) Service performed after June 30, 1939, with respect to	1696
which unemployment compensation is payable under the "Railroad	1697
Unemployment Insurance Act," 52 Stat. 1094 (1938), 45 U.S.C.	1698
351;	1699
(j) Service performed by an individual in the employ of	1700

S. B. No. 38
As Introduced

any organization exempt from income tax under section 501 of the	1701
"Internal Revenue Code of 1954," if the remuneration for such	1702
service does not exceed fifty dollars in any calendar quarter,	1703
or if such service is in connection with the collection of dues	1704
or premiums for a fraternal beneficial society, order, or	1705
association and is performed away from the home office or is	1706
ritualistic service in connection with any such society, order,	1707
or association;	1708
(k) Casual labor not in the course of an employer's trade	1709
or business; incidental service performed by an officer,	1710
appraiser, or member of a finance committee of a bank, building	1711
and loan association, savings and loan association, or savings	1712
association when the remuneration for such incidental service	1713
exclusive of the amount paid or allotted for directors' fees	1714
does not exceed sixty dollars per calendar quarter is casual	1715
labor;	1716
(1) Service performed in the employ of a voluntary	1717
employees' beneficial association providing for the payment of	1718
life, sickness, accident, or other benefits to the members of	1719
such association or their dependents or their designated	1720
beneficiaries, if admission to a membership in such association	1721
is limited to individuals who are officers or employees of a	1722
municipal or public corporation, of a political subdivision of	1723
the state, or of the United States and no part of the net	1724
earnings of such association inures, other than through such	1725
payments, to the benefit of any private shareholder or	1726
individual;	1727
(m) Service performed by an individual in the employ of a	1728
foreign government, including service as a consular or other	1729
officer or employee or of a nondiplomatic representative;	1730

(n) Service performed in the employ of an instrumentality	1731
wholly owned by a foreign government if the service is of a	1732
character similar to that performed in foreign countries by	1733
employees of the United States or of an instrumentality thereof	1734
and if the director finds that the secretary of state of the	1735
United States has certified to the secretary of the treasury of	1736
the United States that the foreign government, with respect to	1737
whose instrumentality exemption is claimed, grants an equivalent	1738
exemption with respect to similar service performed in the	1739
foreign country by employees of the United States and of	1740
instrumentalities thereof;	1741
(o) Service with respect to which unemployment	1742
compensation is payable under an unemployment compensation	1743
system established by an act of congress;	1744
(p) Service performed as a student nurse in the employ of	1745
a hospital or a nurses' training school by an individual who is	1746
enrolled and is regularly attending classes in a nurses'	1747
training school chartered or approved pursuant to state law, and	1748
service performed as an intern in the employ of a hospital by an	1749
individual who has completed a four years' course in a medical	1750
school chartered or approved pursuant to state law;	1751
(q) Service performed by an individual under the age of	1752
eighteen in the delivery or distribution of newspapers or	1753
shopping news, not including delivery or distribution to any	1754
point for subsequent delivery or distribution;	1755
(r) Service performed in the employ of the United States	1756
or an instrumentality of the United States immune under the	1757
Constitution of the United States from the contributions imposed	1758
by this chapter, except that to the extent that congress permits	1759

states to require any instrumentalities of the United States to

make payments into an unemployment fund under a state	1761
unemployment compensation act, this chapter shall be applicable	1762
to such instrumentalities and to services performed for such	1763
instrumentalities in the same manner, to the same extent, and on	1764
the same terms as to all other employers, individuals, and	1765
services, provided that if this state is not certified for any	1766
year by the proper agency of the United States under section	1767
3304 of the "Internal Revenue Code of 1954," the payments	1768
required of such instrumentalities with respect to such year	1769
shall be refunded by the director from the fund in the same	1770
manner and within the same period as is provided in division (E)	1771
of section 4141.09 of the Revised Code with respect to	1772
contributions erroneously collected;	1773
(s) Service performed by an individual as a member of a	1774
band or orchestra, provided such service does not represent the	1775
principal occupation of such individual, and which service is	1776
not subject to or required to be covered for full tax credit	1777
against the tax imposed by the "Federal Unemployment Tax Act,"	1778
53 Stat. 183 (1939), 26 U.S.C.A. 3301 to 3311.	1779
(t) Service performed in the employ of a day camp whose	1780
camping season does not exceed twelve weeks in any calendar	1781
year, and which service is not subject to the "Federal	1782
Unemployment Tax Act," 53 Stat. 183 (1939), 26 U.S.C.A. 3301 to	1783
3311. Service performed after December 31, 1971:	1784
(i) In the employ of a hospital, if the service is	1785
performed by a patient of the hospital, as defined in division	1786
(W) of this section;	1787
(ii) For a prison or other correctional institution by an	1788

inmate of the prison or correctional institution;

inmate of a custodial institution operated by the state, a political subdivision, or a nonprofit organization. (u) Service that is performed by a nonresident alien individual for the period the individual temporarily is present in the United States as a nonimmigrant under division (F), (J), (M), or (Q) of section 101(a)(15) of the "Immigration and Nationality Act," 66 Stat. 163, 8 U.S.C.A. 1101, as amended, that is excluded under section 3306(c)(19) of the "Federal Unemployment Tax Act," 53 Stat. 183 (1939), 26 U.S.C.A. 3301 to 3311. (v) Notwithstanding any other provisions of division (B) (3) of this section, services that are excluded under divisions (B)(3)(g), (j), (k), and (l) of this section shall not be excluded from employment when performed for a nonprofit organization, as defined in division (X) of this section, or for this state or its instrumentalities, or for a political subdivision or its instrumentalities or for Indian tribes; (w) Service that is performed by an individual working as an election official or election worker if the amount of remuneration received by the individual during the calendar year for services as an election official or election worker is less than one thousand dollars; (x) Service performed for an elementary or secondary school that is operated primarily for religious purposes, that is described in subsection 501(c)(3) and exempt from federal income taxation under subsection 501(a) of the Internal Revenue		
political subdivision, or a nonprofit organization. (u) Service that is performed by a nonresident alien individual for the period the individual temporarily is present in the United States as a nonimmigrant under division (F), (J), (M), or (Q) of section 101(a)(15) of the "Immigration and Nationality Act," 66 Stat. 163, 8 U.S.C.A. 1101, as amended, that is excluded under section 3306(c)(19) of the "Federal Unemployment Tax Act," 53 Stat. 183 (1939), 26 U.S.C.A. 3301 to 3311. (v) Notwithstanding any other provisions of division (B) (3) of this section, services that are excluded under divisions (B)(3)(g), (j), (k), and (1) of this section shall not be excluded from employment when performed for a nonprofit organization, as defined in division (X) of this section, or for this state or its instrumentalities, or for a political subdivision or its instrumentalities or for Indian tribes; (w) Service that is performed by an individual working as an election official or election worker if the amount of remuneration received by the individual during the calendar year for services as an election official or election worker is less than one thousand dollars; (x) Service performed for an elementary or secondary school that is operated primarily for religious purposes, that is described in subsection 501(c)(3) and exempt from federal income taxation under subsection 501(a) of the Internal Revenue	(iii) Service performed after December 31, 1977, by an	1790
(u) Service that is performed by a nonresident alien individual for the period the individual temporarily is present in the United States as a nonimmigrant under division (F), (J), (M), or (Q) of section 101(a)(15) of the "Immigration and Nationality Act," 66 Stat. 163, 8 U.S.C.A. 1101, as amended, that is excluded under section 3306(c)(19) of the "Federal Unemployment Tax Act," 53 Stat. 183 (1939), 26 U.S.C.A. 3301 to 3311. (v) Notwithstanding any other provisions of division (B) (3) of this section, services that are excluded under divisions (B)(3)(g), (j), (k), and (1) of this section shall not be excluded from employment when performed for a nonprofit organization, as defined in division (X) of this section, or for this state or its instrumentalities, or for a political subdivision or its instrumentalities or for Indian tribes; (w) Service that is performed by an individual working as an election official or election worker if the amount of remuneration received by the individual during the calendar year for services as an election official or election worker is less than one thousand dollars; (x) Service performed for an elementary or secondary school that is operated primarily for religious purposes, that is described in subsection 501(c)(3) and exempt from federal income taxation under subsection 501(a) of the Internal Revenue	inmate of a custodial institution operated by the state, a	1791
individual for the period the individual temporarily is present in the United States as a nonimmigrant under division (F), (J), (M), or (Q) of section 101(a)(15) of the "Immigration and 175 Nationality Act," 66 Stat. 163, 8 U.S.C.A. 1101, as amended, 175 that is excluded under section 3306(c)(19) of the "Federal 175 Unemployment Tax Act," 53 Stat. 183 (1939), 26 U.S.C.A. 3301 to 175 3311. (v) Notwithstanding any other provisions of division (B) (3) of this section, services that are excluded under divisions (B)(3)(g), (j), (k), and (1) of this section shall not be excluded from employment when performed for a nonprofit organization, as defined in division (X) of this section, or for this state or its instrumentalities, or for a political subdivision or its instrumentalities or for Indian tribes; (w) Service that is performed by an individual working as an election official or election worker if the amount of remuneration received by the individual during the calendar year for services as an election official or election worker is less than one thousand dollars; (x) Service performed for an elementary or secondary school that is operated primarily for religious purposes, that is described in subsection 501(c)(3) and exempt from federal income taxation under subsection 501(a) of the Internal Revenue	political subdivision, or a nonprofit organization.	1792
in the United States as a nonimmigrant under division (F), (J), (M), or (Q) of section 101(a)(15) of the "Immigration and Nationality Act," 66 Stat. 163, 8 U.S.C.A. 1101, as amended, that is excluded under section 3306(c)(19) of the "Federal Unemployment Tax Act," 53 Stat. 183 (1939), 26 U.S.C.A. 3301 to 3311. (v) Notwithstanding any other provisions of division (B) (3) of this section, services that are excluded under divisions (B) (3)(g), (j), (k), and (l) of this section shall not be excluded from employment when performed for a nonprofit organization, as defined in division (X) of this section, or for this state or its instrumentalities, or for a political subdivision or its instrumentalities or for Indian tribes; (w) Service that is performed by an individual working as an election official or election worker if the amount of remuneration received by the individual during the calendar year for services as an election official or election worker is less than one thousand dollars; (x) Service performed for an elementary or secondary school that is operated primarily for religious purposes, that is described in subsection 501(c) (3) and exempt from federal income taxation under subsection 501(a) of the Internal Revenue	(u) Service that is performed by a nonresident alien	1793
(M), or (Q) of section 101(a)(15) of the "Immigration and 179 Nationality Act," 66 Stat. 163, 8 U.S.C.A. 1101, as amended, 179 that is excluded under section 3306(c)(19) of the "Federal 179 Unemployment Tax Act," 53 Stat. 183 (1939), 26 U.S.C.A. 3301 to 179 3311. (v) Notwithstanding any other provisions of division (B) 180 (3) of this section, services that are excluded under divisions 180 (B) (3) (g), (j), (k), and (l) of this section shall not be 180 excluded from employment when performed for a nonprofit 180 organization, as defined in division (X) of this section, or for 180 this state or its instrumentalities, or for a political 180 subdivision or its instrumentalities or for Indian tribes; 180 (w) Service that is performed by an individual working as 180 an election official or election worker if the amount of 180 remuneration received by the individual during the calendar year 181 for services as an election official or election worker is less 181 than one thousand dollars; 182 (x) Service performed for an elementary or secondary 183 school that is operated primarily for religious purposes, that 183 is described in subsection 501(c)(3) and exempt from federal 183 income taxation under subsection 501(a) of the Internal Revenue 183	individual for the period the individual temporarily is present	1794
Nationality Act," 66 Stat. 163, 8 U.S.C.A. 1101, as amended, that is excluded under section 3306(c)(19) of the "Federal Unemployment Tax Act," 53 Stat. 183 (1939), 26 U.S.C.A. 3301 to 173 3311. (v) Notwithstanding any other provisions of division (B) (3) of this section, services that are excluded under divisions (B) (3)(g), (j), (k), and (l) of this section shall not be excluded from employment when performed for a nonprofit organization, as defined in division (X) of this section, or for this state or its instrumentalities, or for a political subdivision or its instrumentalities or for Indian tribes; (w) Service that is performed by an individual working as an election official or election worker if the amount of remuneration received by the individual during the calendar year for services as an election official or election worker is less than one thousand dollars; (x) Service performed for an elementary or secondary school that is operated primarily for religious purposes, that is described in subsection 501(c)(3) and exempt from federal income taxation under subsection 501(a) of the Internal Revenue	in the United States as a nonimmigrant under division (F), (J),	1795
that is excluded under section 3306(c)(19) of the "Federal 175 Unemployment Tax Act," 53 Stat. 183 (1939), 26 U.S.C.A. 3301 to 175 3311. (v) Notwithstanding any other provisions of division (B) 186 (3) of this section, services that are excluded under divisions 186 (B)(3)(g), (j), (k), and (l) of this section shall not be 186 excluded from employment when performed for a nonprofit organization, as defined in division (X) of this section, or for 186 this state or its instrumentalities, or for a political 186 subdivision or its instrumentalities or for Indian tribes; 186 (w) Service that is performed by an individual working as 186 an election official or election worker if the amount of 186 remuneration received by the individual during the calendar year 187 for services as an election official or election worker is less 187 than one thousand dollars; 187 (x) Service performed for an elementary or secondary 187 school that is operated primarily for religious purposes, that 187 is described in subsection 501(c)(3) and exempt from federal 187 income taxation under subsection 501(a) of the Internal Revenue 188 income taxation under subsection 501(a) of the Internal Revenue 188 income taxation under subsection 501(a) of the Internal Revenue 188 income taxation under subsection 501(a) of the Internal Revenue	(M), or (Q) of section 101(a)(15) of the "Immigration and	1796
Unemployment Tax Act," 53 Stat. 183 (1939), 26 U.S.C.A. 3301 to 173 3311. (v) Notwithstanding any other provisions of division (B) (3) of this section, services that are excluded under divisions (B) (3) (g), (j), (k), and (l) of this section shall not be excluded from employment when performed for a nonprofit organization, as defined in division (X) of this section, or for this state or its instrumentalities, or for a political subdivision or its instrumentalities or for Indian tribes; (w) Service that is performed by an individual working as an election official or election worker if the amount of remuneration received by the individual during the calendar year for services as an election official or election worker is less than one thousand dollars; (x) Service performed for an elementary or secondary school that is operated primarily for religious purposes, that is described in subsection 501(c)(3) and exempt from federal income taxation under subsection 501(a) of the Internal Revenue	Nationality Act," 66 Stat. 163, 8 U.S.C.A. 1101, as amended,	1797
(v) Notwithstanding any other provisions of division (B) (3) of this section, services that are excluded under divisions (B) (3) (g), (j), (k), and (l) of this section shall not be excluded from employment when performed for a nonprofit organization, as defined in division (X) of this section, or for this state or its instrumentalities, or for a political subdivision or its instrumentalities or for Indian tribes; (w) Service that is performed by an individual working as an election official or election worker if the amount of remuneration received by the individual during the calendar year for services as an election official or election worker is less than one thousand dollars; (x) Service performed for an elementary or secondary school that is operated primarily for religious purposes, that is described in subsection 501(c) (3) and exempt from federal income taxation under subsection 501(a) of the Internal Revenue	that is excluded under section 3306(c)(19) of the "Federal	1798
(v) Notwithstanding any other provisions of division (B) (3) of this section, services that are excluded under divisions (B) (3) (g), (j), (k), and (l) of this section shall not be excluded from employment when performed for a nonprofit organization, as defined in division (X) of this section, or for this state or its instrumentalities, or for a political subdivision or its instrumentalities or for Indian tribes; (w) Service that is performed by an individual working as an election official or election worker if the amount of remuneration received by the individual during the calendar year for services as an election official or election worker is less than one thousand dollars; (x) Service performed for an elementary or secondary school that is operated primarily for religious purposes, that is described in subsection 501(c)(3) and exempt from federal income taxation under subsection 501(a) of the Internal Revenue	Unemployment Tax Act," 53 Stat. 183 (1939), 26 U.S.C.A. 3301 to	1799
(3) of this section, services that are excluded under divisions (B) (3) (g), (j), (k), and (1) of this section shall not be excluded from employment when performed for a nonprofit 180 organization, as defined in division (X) of this section, or for this state or its instrumentalities, or for a political subdivision or its instrumentalities or for Indian tribes; (w) Service that is performed by an individual working as an election official or election worker if the amount of remuneration received by the individual during the calendar year for services as an election official or election worker is less than one thousand dollars; (x) Service performed for an elementary or secondary school that is operated primarily for religious purposes, that is described in subsection 501(c)(3) and exempt from federal income taxation under subsection 501(a) of the Internal Revenue	3311.	1800
(B) (3) (g), (j), (k), and (l) of this section shall not be excluded from employment when performed for a nonprofit 180 organization, as defined in division (X) of this section, or for this state or its instrumentalities, or for a political subdivision or its instrumentalities or for Indian tribes; (w) Service that is performed by an individual working as an election official or election worker if the amount of remuneration received by the individual during the calendar year for services as an election official or election worker is less than one thousand dollars; (x) Service performed for an elementary or secondary school that is operated primarily for religious purposes, that is described in subsection 501(c)(3) and exempt from federal income taxation under subsection 501(a) of the Internal Revenue	(v) Notwithstanding any other provisions of division (B)	1801
excluded from employment when performed for a nonprofit organization, as defined in division (X) of this section, or for this state or its instrumentalities, or for a political subdivision or its instrumentalities or for Indian tribes; (w) Service that is performed by an individual working as an election official or election worker if the amount of remuneration received by the individual during the calendar year for services as an election official or election worker is less than one thousand dollars; (x) Service performed for an elementary or secondary school that is operated primarily for religious purposes, that is described in subsection 501(c)(3) and exempt from federal income taxation under subsection 501(a) of the Internal Revenue	(3) of this section, services that are excluded under divisions	1802
organization, as defined in division (X) of this section, or for this state or its instrumentalities, or for a political 180 subdivision or its instrumentalities or for Indian tribes; 180 (w) Service that is performed by an individual working as an election official or election worker if the amount of 180 remuneration received by the individual during the calendar year for services as an election official or election worker is less 183 than one thousand dollars; 183 (x) Service performed for an elementary or secondary 183 school that is operated primarily for religious purposes, that 184 is described in subsection 501(c)(3) and exempt from federal 185 income taxation under subsection 501(a) of the Internal Revenue 185	(B) (3) (g), (j), (k), and (l) of this section shall not be	1803
this state or its instrumentalities, or for a political subdivision or its instrumentalities or for Indian tribes; (w) Service that is performed by an individual working as an election official or election worker if the amount of remuneration received by the individual during the calendar year for services as an election official or election worker is less than one thousand dollars; (x) Service performed for an elementary or secondary school that is operated primarily for religious purposes, that is described in subsection 501(c)(3) and exempt from federal income taxation under subsection 501(a) of the Internal Revenue	excluded from employment when performed for a nonprofit	1804
subdivision or its instrumentalities or for Indian tribes; (w) Service that is performed by an individual working as an election official or election worker if the amount of remuneration received by the individual during the calendar year for services as an election official or election worker is less than one thousand dollars; (x) Service performed for an elementary or secondary school that is operated primarily for religious purposes, that is described in subsection 501(c)(3) and exempt from federal income taxation under subsection 501(a) of the Internal Revenue	organization, as defined in division (X) of this section, or for	1805
(w) Service that is performed by an individual working as an election official or election worker if the amount of remuneration received by the individual during the calendar year for services as an election official or election worker is less than one thousand dollars; (x) Service performed for an elementary or secondary school that is operated primarily for religious purposes, that is described in subsection 501(c)(3) and exempt from federal income taxation under subsection 501(a) of the Internal Revenue	this state or its instrumentalities, or for a political	1806
an election official or election worker if the amount of remuneration received by the individual during the calendar year for services as an election official or election worker is less than one thousand dollars; (x) Service performed for an elementary or secondary school that is operated primarily for religious purposes, that is described in subsection 501(c)(3) and exempt from federal income taxation under subsection 501(a) of the Internal Revenue 183	subdivision or its instrumentalities or for Indian tribes;	1807
remuneration received by the individual during the calendar year for services as an election official or election worker is less than one thousand dollars; (x) Service performed for an elementary or secondary school that is operated primarily for religious purposes, that is described in subsection 501(c)(3) and exempt from federal income taxation under subsection 501(a) of the Internal Revenue 183	(w) Service that is performed by an individual working as	1808
for services as an election official or election worker is less than one thousand dollars; (x) Service performed for an elementary or secondary school that is operated primarily for religious purposes, that is described in subsection 501(c)(3) and exempt from federal income taxation under subsection 501(a) of the Internal Revenue 183	an election official or election worker if the amount of	1809
than one thousand dollars; (x) Service performed for an elementary or secondary school that is operated primarily for religious purposes, that is described in subsection 501(c)(3) and exempt from federal income taxation under subsection 501(a) of the Internal Revenue 183	remuneration received by the individual during the calendar year	1810
(x) Service performed for an elementary or secondary school that is operated primarily for religious purposes, that is described in subsection 501(c)(3) and exempt from federal income taxation under subsection 501(a) of the Internal Revenue 183	for services as an election official or election worker is less	1811
school that is operated primarily for religious purposes, that is described in subsection 501(c)(3) and exempt from federal income taxation under subsection 501(a) of the Internal Revenue 183	than one thousand dollars;	1812
is described in subsection 501(c)(3) and exempt from federal income taxation under subsection 501(a) of the Internal Revenue 183	(x) Service performed for an elementary or secondary	1813
income taxation under subsection 501(a) of the Internal Revenue 183	school that is operated primarily for religious purposes, that	1814
	is described in subsection 501(c)(3) and exempt from federal	1815
Code, 26 U.S.C.A. 501;	income taxation under subsection 501(a) of the Internal Revenue	1816
	Code, 26 U.S.C.A. 501;	1817

(y) Service performed by a person committed to a penal

S. B. No. 38 Page 64 As Introduced

institution.	1819
(z) Service performed for an Indian tribe as described in	1820
division (B)(2)(1) of this section when performed in any of the	1821
following manners:	1822
(i) As a publicly elected official;	1823
(ii) As a member of an Indian tribal council;	1824
(iii) As a member of a legislative or judiciary body;	1825
(iv) In a position which, pursuant to Indian tribal law,	1826
is designated as a major nontenured policymaking or advisory	1827
position, or a policymaking or advisory position where the	1828
performance of the duties ordinarily does not require more than	1829
eight hours of time per week;	1830
(v) As an employee serving on a temporary basis in the	1831
case of a fire, storm, snow, earthquake, flood, or similar	1832
emergency.	1833
(aa) Service performed after December 31, 1971, for a	1834
nonprofit organization, this state or its instrumentalities, a	1835
political subdivision or its instrumentalities, or an Indian	1836
tribe as part of an unemployment work-relief or work-training	1837
program assisted or financed in whole or in part by any federal	1838
agency or an agency of a state or political subdivision,	1839
thereof, by an individual receiving the work-relief or work-	1840
training.	1841
(bb) Participation in a learn to earn program as defined	1842
in section 4141.293 of the Revised Code.	1843
(4) If the services performed during one half or more of	1844
any pay period by an employee for the person employing that	1845
employee constitute employment, all the services of such	1846

employee for such period shall be deemed to be employment; but	1847
if the services performed during more than one half of any such	1848
pay period by an employee for the person employing that employee	1849
do not constitute employment, then none of the services of such	1850
employee for such period shall be deemed to be employment. As	1851
used in division (B)(4) of this section, "pay period" means a	1852
period, of not more than thirty-one consecutive days, for which	1853
payment of remuneration is ordinarily made to the employee by	1854
the person employing that employee. Division (B)(4) of this	1855
section does not apply to services performed in a pay period by	1856
an employee for the person employing that employee, if any of	1857
such service is excepted by division (B)(3)(o) of this section.	1858
(C) "Benefits" means money payments payable to an	1859
individual who has established benefit rights, as provided in	1860
this chapter, for loss of remuneration due to the individual's	1861
unemployment.	1862
(D) "Benefit rights" means the weekly benefit amount and	1863
the maximum benefit amount that may become payable to an	1864
individual within the individual's benefit year as determined by	1865
the director.	1866
(E) "Claim for benefits" means a claim for waiting period	1867
or benefits for a designated week.	1868
(F) "Additional claim" means the first claim for benefits	1869
filed following any separation from employment during a benefit	1870
year; "continued claim" means any claim other than the first	1871
claim for benefits and other than an additional claim.	1872
(G)(1) "Wages" means remuneration paid to an employee by	1873

1875

each of the employee's employers with respect to employment;

except that wages shall not include that part of remuneration

paid during any calendar year to an individual by an employer or	1876
such employer's predecessor in interest in the same business or	1877
enterprise, which in any calendar year is in excess of eight	1878
thousand two hundred fifty dollars on and after January 1, 1992;	1879
eight thousand five hundred dollars on and after January 1,	1880
1993; eight thousand seven hundred fifty dollars on and after	1881
January 1, 1994; and nine thousand dollars on and after January	1882
1, 1995. Remuneration in excess of such amounts shall be deemed	1883
wages subject to contribution to the same extent that such	1884
remuneration is defined as wages under the "Federal Unemployment	1885
Tax Act," 84 Stat. 714 (1970), 26 U.S.C.A. 3301 to 3311, as	1886
amended. The remuneration paid an employee by an employer with	1887
respect to employment in another state, upon which contributions	1888
were required and paid by such employer under the unemployment	1889
compensation act of such other state, shall be included as a	1890
part of remuneration in computing the amount specified in this	1891
division.	1892

(2) Notwithstanding division (G)(1) of this section, if, 1893 as of the computation date for any calendar year, the director 1894 determines that the level of the unemployment compensation fund 1895 is sixty per cent or more below the minimum safe level as 1896 defined in section 4141.25 of the Revised Code, then, effective 1897 the first day of January of the following calendar year, wages 1898 subject to this chapter shall not include that part of 1899 remuneration paid during any calendar year to an individual by 1900 an employer or such employer's predecessor in interest in the 1901 same business or enterprise which is in excess of nine thousand 1902 dollars. The increase in the dollar amount of wages subject to 1903 this chapter under this division shall remain in effect from the 1904 date of the director's determination pursuant to division (G)(2) 1905 of this section and thereafter notwithstanding the fact that the 1906

level in the fund may subsequently become less than sixty per	1907
cent below the minimum safe level.	1908
(H)(1) "Remuneration" means all compensation for personal	1909
services, including commissions and bonuses and the cash value	1910
of all compensation in any medium other than cash, except that	1911
in the case of agricultural or domestic service, "remuneration"	1912
includes only cash remuneration. Gratuities customarily received	1913
by an individual in the course of the individual's employment	1914
from persons other than the individual's employer and which are	1915
accounted for by such individual to the individual's employer	1916
are taxable wages.	1917
The reasonable cash value of compensation paid in any	1918
medium other than cash shall be estimated and determined in	1919
accordance with rules prescribed by the director, provided that	1920
"remuneration" does not include:	1921
(a) Payments as provided in divisions (b)(2) to (b)(20) of	1922
section 3306 of the "Federal Unemployment Tax Act," 84 Stat.	1923
713, 26 U.S.C.A. 3301 to 3311, as amended;	1924
(b) The payment by an employer, without deduction from the	1925
remuneration of the individual in the employer's employ, of the	1926
tax imposed upon an individual in the employer's employ under	1927
section 3101 of the "Internal Revenue Code of 1954," with	1928
respect to services performed after October 1, 1941.	1929
(2) "Cash remuneration" means all remuneration paid in	1930
cash, including commissions and bonuses, but not including the	1931
cash value of all compensation in any medium other than cash.	1932
(I) "Interested party" means the director and any party to	1933
whom notice of a determination of an application for benefit	1934
rights or a claim for benefits is required to be given under	1935

section 4141.28 of the Revised Code.	1936
(J) "Annual payroll" means the total amount of wages	1937
subject to contributions during a twelve-month period ending	1938
with the last day of the second calendar quarter of any calendar	1939
year.	1940
(K) "Average annual payroll" means the average of the last	1941
three annual payrolls of an employer, provided that if, as of	1942
any computation date, the employer has had less than three	1943
annual payrolls in such three-year period, such average shall be	1944
based on the annual payrolls which the employer has had as of	1945
such date.	1946
(L)(1) "Contributions" means the money payments to the	1947
state unemployment compensation fund required of employers by	1948
section 4141.25 of the Revised Code and of the state and any of	1949
its political subdivisions electing to pay contributions under	1950
section 4141.242 of the Revised Code. Employers paying	1951
contributions shall be described as "contributory employers."	1952
(2) "Payments in lieu of contributions" means the money	1953
payments to the state unemployment compensation fund required of	1954
reimbursing employers under sections 4141.241 and 4141.242 of	1955
the Revised Code.	1956
(M) An individual is "totally unemployed" in any week	1957
during which the individual performs no services and with	1958
respect to such week no remuneration is payable to the	1959
individual.	1960
(N) An individual is "partially unemployed" in any week	1961
if, due to involuntary loss of work, the total remuneration	1962
payable to the individual for such week is less than the	1963
individual's weekly benefit amount.	1964

(O) "Week" means the calendar week ending at midnight	1965
Saturday unless an equivalent week of seven consecutive calendar	1966
days is prescribed by the director.	1967
(1) "Qualifying week" means any calendar week in an	1968
individual's base period with respect to which the individual	1969
earns or is paid remuneration in employment subject to this	1970
chapter. A calendar week with respect to which an individual	1971
earns remuneration but for which payment was not made within the	1972
base period, when necessary to qualify for benefit rights, may	1973
be considered to be a qualifying week. The number of qualifying	1974
weeks which may be established in a calendar quarter shall not	1975
exceed the number of calendar weeks in the quarter.	1976
(2) "Average weekly wage" means the amount obtained by	1977
dividing an individual's total remuneration for all qualifying	1978
weeks during the base period by the number of such qualifying	1979
weeks, provided that if the computation results in an amount	1980
that is not a multiple of one dollar, such amount shall be	1981
rounded to the next lower multiple of one dollar.	1982
(P) "Weekly benefit amount" means the amount of benefits	1983
an individual would be entitled to receive for one week of total	1984
unemployment.	1985
(Q)(1) "Base period" means the first four of the last five	1986
completed calendar quarters immediately preceding the first day	1987
of an individual's benefit year, except as provided in division	1988
(Q)(2) of this section.	1989
(2) If an individual does not have sufficient qualifying	1990
weeks and wages in the base period to qualify for benefit	1991

1993

rights, the individual's base period shall be the four most

recently completed calendar quarters preceding the first day of

the individual's benefit year. Such base period shall be known	1994
as the "alternate base period." If information as to weeks and	1995
wages for the most recent quarter of the alternate base period	1996
is not available to the director from the regular quarterly	1997
reports of wage information, which are systematically	1998
accessible, the director may, consistent with the provisions of	1999
section 4141.28 of the Revised Code, base the determination of	2000
eligibility for benefits on the affidavit of the claimant with	2001
respect to weeks and wages for that calendar quarter. The	2002
claimant shall furnish payroll documentation, where available,	2003
in support of the affidavit. The determination based upon the	2004
alternate base period as it relates to the claimant's benefit	2005
rights, shall be amended when the quarterly report of wage	2006
information from the employer is timely received and that	2007
information causes a change in the determination. As provided in	2008
division (B) of section 4141.28 of the Revised Code, any	2009
benefits paid and charged to an employer's account, based upon a	2010
claimant's affidavit, shall be adjusted effective as of the	2011
beginning of the claimant's benefit year. No calendar quarter in	2012
a base period or alternate base period shall be used to	2013
establish a subsequent benefit year.	2014

- (3) The "base period" of a combined wage claim, as

 2015
 described in division (H) of section 4141.43 of the Revised

 2016
 Code, shall be the base period prescribed by the law of the

 2017
 state in which the claim is allowed.
- (4) For purposes of determining the weeks that comprise a 2019 completed calendar quarter under this division, only those weeks 2020 ending at midnight Saturday within the calendar quarter shall be 2021 utilized.
 - (R)(1) "Benefit year" with respect to an individual means

the fifty-two week period beginning with the first day of that	2024
week with respect to which the individual first files a valid	2025
application for determination of benefit rights, and thereafter	2026
the fifty-two week period beginning with the first day of that	2027
week with respect to which the individual next files a valid	2028
application for determination of benefit rights after the	2029
termination of the individual's last preceding benefit year,	2030
except that the application shall not be considered valid unless	2031
the individual has had employment in six weeks that is subject	2032
to this chapter or the unemployment compensation act of another	2033
state, or the United States, and has, since the beginning of the	2034
individual's previous benefit year, in the employment earned	2035
three times the average weekly wage determined for the previous	2036
benefit year. The "benefit year" of a combined wage claim, as	2037
described in division (H) of section 4141.43 of the Revised	2038
Code, shall be the benefit year prescribed by the law of the	2039
state in which the claim is allowed. Any application for	2040
determination of benefit rights made in accordance with section	2041
4141.28 of the Revised Code is valid if the individual filing	2042
such application is unemployed, has been employed by an employer	2043
or employers subject to this chapter in at least twenty	2044
qualifying weeks within the individual's base period, and has	2045
earned or been paid remuneration at an average weekly wage of	2046
not less than twenty-seven and one-half per cent of the	2047
statewide average weekly wage for such weeks. For purposes of	2048
determining whether an individual has had sufficient employment	2049
since the beginning of the individual's previous benefit year to	2050
file a valid application, "employment" means the performance of	2051
services for which remuneration is payable.	2052

(2) Effective for benefit years beginning on and after

December 26, 2004, any application for determination of benefit

2053

rights made in accordance with section 4141.28 of the Revised	2055
Code is valid if the individual satisfies the criteria described	2056
in division (R)(1) of this section, and if the reason for the	2057
individual's separation from employment is not disqualifying	2058
pursuant to division (D)(2) of section 4141.29 or section	2059
4141.291 of the Revised Code. A disqualification imposed	2060
pursuant to division (D)(2) of section 4141.29 or section	2061
4141.291 of the Revised Code must be removed as provided in	2062
those sections as a requirement of establishing a valid	2063
application for benefit years beginning on and after December	2064
26, 2004.	2065

- (3) The statewide average weekly wage shall be calculated 2066 by the director once a year based on the twelve-month period 2067 ending the thirtieth day of June, as set forth in division (B) 2068 (3) of section 4141.30 of the Revised Code, rounded down to the 2069 nearest dollar. Increases or decreases in the amount of 2070 remuneration required to have been earned or paid in order for 2071 individuals to have filed valid applications shall become 2072 effective on Sunday of the calendar week in which the first day 2073 of January occurs that follows the twelve-month period ending 2074 the thirtieth day of June upon which the calculation of the 2075 statewide average weekly wage was based. 2076
- (4) As used in this division, an individual is 2077 "unemployed" if, with respect to the calendar week in which such 2078 application is filed, the individual is "partially unemployed" 2079 or "totally unemployed" as defined in this section or if, prior 2080 to filing the application, the individual was separated from the 2081 individual's most recent work for any reason which terminated 2082 the individual's employee-employer relationship, or was laid off 2083 indefinitely or for a definite period of seven or more days. 2084

(S) "Calendar quarter" means the period of three	2085
consecutive calendar months ending on the thirty-first day of	2086
March, the thirtieth day of June, the thirtieth day of	2087
September, and the thirty-first day of December, or the	2088
equivalent thereof as the director prescribes by rule.	2089
(T) "Computation date" means the first day of the third	2090
calendar quarter of any calendar year.	2091
(U) "Contribution period" means the calendar year	2092
beginning on the first day of January of any year.	2093
(V) "Agricultural labor," for the purpose of this	2094
division, means any service performed prior to January 1, 1972,	2095
which was agricultural labor as defined in this division prior	2096
to that date, and service performed after December 31, 1971:	2097
(1) On a farm, in the employ of any person, in connection	2098
with cultivating the soil, or in connection with raising or	2099
harvesting any agricultural or horticultural commodity,	2100
including the raising, shearing, feeding, caring for, training,	2101
and management of livestock, bees, poultry, and fur-bearing	2102
animals and wildlife;	2103
(2) In the employ of the owner or tenant or other operator	2104
of a farm in connection with the operation, management,	2105
conservation, improvement, or maintenance of such farm and its	2106
tools and equipment, or in salvaging timber or clearing land of	2107
brush and other debris left by hurricane, if the major part of	2108
such service is performed on a farm;	2109
(3) In connection with the production or harvesting of any	2110
commodity defined as an agricultural commodity in section 15 (g)	2111
of the "Agricultural Marketing Act," 46 Stat. 1550 (1931), 12	2112
U.S.C. 1141j, as amended, or in connection with the ginning of	2113

cotton, or in connection with the operation or maintenance of	2114
ditches, canals, reservoirs, or waterways, not owned or operated	2115
for profit, used exclusively for supplying and storing water for	2116
farming purposes;	2117
(4) In the employ of the operator of a farm in handling,	2118
planting, drying, packing, packaging, processing, freezing,	2119
grading, storing, or delivering to storage or to market or to a	2120
carrier for transportation to market, in its unmanufactured	2121
state, any agricultural or horticultural commodity, but only if	2122
the operator produced more than one half of the commodity with	2123
respect to which such service is performed;	2124
(5) In the employ of a group of operators of farms, or a	2125
cooperative organization of which the operators are members, in	2126
the performance of service described in division (V)(4) of this	2127
section, but only if the operators produced more than one-half	2128
of the commodity with respect to which the service is performed;	2129
(6) Divisions (V)(4) and (5) of this section shall not be	2130
deemed to be applicable with respect to service performed:	2131
(a) In connection with commercial canning or commercial	2132
freezing or in connection with any agricultural or horticultural	2133
commodity after its delivery to a terminal market for	2134
distribution for consumption; or	2135
(b) On a farm operated for profit if the service is not in	2136
the course of the employer's trade or business.	2137
As used in division (V) of this section, "farm" includes	2138
stock, dairy, poultry, fruit, fur-bearing animal, and truck	2139
farms, plantations, ranches, nurseries, ranges, greenhouses, or	2140
other similar structures used primarily for the raising of	2141
agricultural or horticultural commodities and orchards.	2142

(W) "Hospital" means an institution which has been	2143
registered or licensed by the Ohio department of health as a	2144
hospital.	2145
(X) "Nonprofit organization" means an organization, or	2146
group of organizations, described in section 501(c)(3) of the	2147
"Internal Revenue Code of 1954," and exempt from income tax	2148
under section 501(a) of that code.	2149
(Y) "Institution of higher education" means a public or	2150
nonprofit educational institution, including an educational	2151
institution operated by an Indian tribe, which:	2152
(1) Admits as regular students only individuals having a	2153
certificate of graduation from a high school, or the recognized	2154
equivalent;	2155
(2) Is legally authorized in this state or by the Indian	2156
tribe to provide a program of education beyond high school; and	2157
(3) Provides an educational program for which it awards a	2158
bachelor's or higher degree, or provides a program which is	2159
acceptable for full credit toward such a degree, a program of	2160
post-graduate or post-doctoral studies, or a program of training	2161
to prepare students for gainful employment in a recognized	2162
occupation.	2163
For the purposes of this division, all colleges and	2164
universities in this state are institutions of higher education.	2165
(Z) For the purposes of this chapter, "states" includes	2166
the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and	2167
the Virgin Islands.	2168
(AA) "Alien" means, for the purposes of division (A)(1)(d)	2169
of this section, an individual who is an alien admitted to the	2170

	0.4.5.4
United States to perform service in agricultural labor pursuant	2171
to sections 214 (c) and 101 (a)(15)(H) of the "Immigration and	2172
Nationality Act," 66 Stat. 163, 8 U.S.C.A. 1101.	2173
(BB)(1) "Crew leader" means an individual who furnishes	2174
individuals to perform agricultural labor for any other employer	2175
or farm operator, and:	2176
(a) Pays, either on the individual's own behalf or on	2177
behalf of the other employer or farm operator, the individuals	2178
so furnished by the individual for the service in agricultural	2179
labor performed by them;	2180
(b) Has not entered into a written agreement with the	2181
other employer or farm operator under which the agricultural	2182
worker is designated as in the employ of the other employer or	2183
farm operator.	2184
(2) For the purposes of this chapter, any individual who	2185
is a member of a crew furnished by a crew leader to perform	2186
service in agricultural labor for any other employer or farm	2187
operator shall be treated as an employee of the crew leader if:	2188
(a) The crew leader holds a valid certificate of	2189
registration under the "Farm Labor Contractor Registration Act	2190
of 1963," 90 Stat. 2668, 7 U.S.C. 2041; or	2191
(b) Substantially all the members of the crew operate or	2192
maintain tractors, mechanized harvesting or crop-dusting	2193
equipment, or any other mechanized equipment, which is provided	2194
by the crew leader; and	2195
(c) If the individual is not in the employment of the	2196
other employer or farm operator within the meaning of division	2197
(B) (1) of this section.	2198

(3) For the purposes of this division, any individual who	2199
is furnished by a crew leader to perform service in agricultural	2200
labor for any other employer or farm operator and who is not	2201
treated as in the employment of the crew leader under division	2202
(BB)(2) of this section shall be treated as the employee of the	2203
other employer or farm operator and not of the crew leader. The	2204
other employer or farm operator shall be treated as having paid	2205
cash remuneration to the individual in an amount equal to the	2206
amount of cash remuneration paid to the individual by the crew	2207
leader, either on the crew leader's own behalf or on behalf of	2208
the other employer or farm operator, for the service in	2209
agricultural labor performed for the other employer or farm	2210
operator.	2211
(CC) "Educational institution" means an institution other	2212
than an institution of higher education as defined in division	2213
(Y) of this section, including an educational institution	2214
operated by an Indian tribe, which:	2215
(1) 0.55	0016
(1) Offers participants, trainees, or students an	2216
organized course of study or training designed to transfer to	2217
them knowledge, skills, information, doctrines, attitudes, or	2218
abilities from, by, or under the guidance of an instructor or	2219
teacher; and	2220
(2) Is approved, chartered, or issued a permit to operate	2221
as a school by the state board of education, other government	2222
agency, or Indian tribe that is authorized within the state to	2223
approve, charter, or issue a permit for the operation of a	2224
school.	2225
For the purposes of this division, the courses of study or	2226
training which the institution offers may be academic,	2227

technical, trade, or preparation for gainful employment in a

recognized occupation.	2229
(DD) "Cost savings day" means any unpaid day off from work	2230
in which employees continue to accrue employee benefits which	2231
have a determinable value including, but not limited to,	2232
vacation, pension contribution, sick time, and life and health	2233
insurance.	2234
(EE) "Employee" has the same meaning as in section 4177.01	2235
of the Revised Code, unless the services performed by the	2236
individual do not constitute "employment" as defined in division	2237
(B) of this section.	2238
Sec. 4177.01. As used in this chapter:	2239
(A) "Aggrieved party" means any of the following	2240
individuals or entities that believes that the individual or	2241
entity has been injured by an employer's alleged violation of	2242
<pre>section 4177.02 of the Revised Code:</pre>	2243
(1) An employee;	2244
(2) An employer association;	2245
(3) An interested party;	2246
(4) A labor organization.	2247
(B) "Construction" means any constructing, altering,	2248
reconstructing, repairing, rehabilitating, refinishing,	2249
refurbishing, remodeling, remediating, renovating, custom	2250
fabricating, maintenance, landscaping, improving, wrecking,	2251
painting, decorating, demolishing, and adding to or subtracting	2252
from any building, structure, highway, roadway, street, bridge,	2253
alley, sewer, ditch, sewage disposal plant, water works, parking	2254
facility, railroad, excavation, or other structure, project,	2255
development, real property or improvement, or to do any part	2256

thereof, regardless of whether the performance of the work	2257
involves the addition to or fabrication of any material or	2258
article of merchandise into any structure, project, development,	2259
real property, or improvement. "Construction" includes moving	2260
construction-related materials to the job site and removing	2261
construction-related materials from the job site.	2262
(C) "Contractor" means any sole proprietorship,	2263
partnership, firm, corporation, limited liability company,	2264
association, or other entity permitted by law to do business	2265
within this state that engages in construction. "Contractor"	2266
does not include either of the following:	2267
(1) The state or its officers, agencies, or political	2268
subdivisions;	2269
(2) The federal government.	2270
(D)(1) "Employee" means an individual who performs	2271
services for compensation for an employer.	2272
(2) "Employee" does not mean an individual who performs	2273
services for an employer and to whom all of the following	2274
<pre>conditions apply:</pre>	2275
(a) The individual has been and continues to be free from	2276
control and direction in connection with the performance of the	2277
service.	2278
(b) The individual customarily is engaged in an	2279
independently established trade, occupation, profession, or	2280
business of the same nature of the trade, occupation,	2281
profession, or business involved in the service performed.	2282
(c) The individual is a separate and distinct business	2283
entity from the entity for which the service is being performed	2284

or if the individual is providing construction services and is a	2285
sole proprietorship or a partner in a partnership, the	2286
individual is a legitimate sole proprietorship or a partner in a	2287
legitimate partnership to which section 4177.04 of the Revised	2288
Code applies, as applicable.	2289
(d) The individual incurs the main expenses and has	2290
continuing or recurring business liabilities related to the	2291
service performed.	2292
(e) The individual is liable for breach of contract for	2293
failure to complete the service.	2294
(f) An agreement, written or oral, express or implied,	2295
exists describing the service to be performed, the payment the	2296
individual will receive for performance of the service, and the	2297
time frame for completion of the service.	2298
(g) The service performed by the individual is outside of	2299
the usual course of business of the employer.	2300
(E) "Employer" means any person, the state, any agency or	2301
instrumentality of the state, and any municipal corporation,	2302
county, township, school district, or other political	2303
subdivision or any agency or instrumentality thereof that	2304
engages an individual to perform services.	2305
(F) "Interested party" means any of the following	2306
<pre>entities:</pre>	2307
(1) Any contractor who submits a bid for the purpose of	2308
securing the award of a contract for construction of a public	2309
improvement as that term is defined in section 4115.03 of the	2310
Revised Code;	2311
(2) Any person acting as a subcontractor of a contractor	2312

described in division (F)(1) of this section;	2313
(3) Any bona fide labor organization that has as members	2314
or is authorized to represent employees of a person described in	2315
division (F)(1) or (2) of this section;	2316
(4) Any association having as members any of the persons	2317
described in division (F)(1) or (2) of this section.	2318
(G) "Labor organization" has the same meaning as in	2319
section 3517.01 of the Revised Code.	2320
(H) "State agency" has the same meaning as in section 1.60	2321
of the Revised Code.	2322
(I) "Subcontractor" means any person who undertakes to	2323
perform construction services under a contract with any	2324
individual other than the owner, part owner, or lessee.	2325
Sec. 4177.02. (A) No employer shall fail to designate an	2326
individual who performs services for the employer as an employee	2327
unless the conditions described in division (D)(2) of section	2328
4177.01 of the Revised Code apply to that individual. The	2329
director of commerce shall not use an employer's failure to	2330
withhold federal or state income taxes with respect to an	2331
individual or to include remuneration paid to an individual for	2332
purposes of section 4123.26, 4123.41, or 4141.20 of the Revised	2333
Code when making a determination as to whether the employer	2334
violated this division. The director shall not use an	2335
individual's election to obtain workers' compensation coverage	2336
as a sole proprietor or a partnership in making a determination	2337
as to whether the individual has violated this division. The	2338
burden of proof is on the party asserting that an individual is	2339
not an employee.	2340
(B) No employer shall retaliate through discharge, or in	2341

(B) No employer shall retaliate through discharge, or in

Page 81

any other manner, against any individual for exercising any	2342
rights granted under this chapter.	2343
(C) No employer shall retaliate against an individual if	2344
the individual does any of the following:	2345
the individual does any of the following.	2343
(1) Makes a complaint to an employer, coworker, community	2346
organization, or to a federal or state agency or at a public	2347
hearing, stating that provisions of this chapter allegedly have	2348
been violated;	2349
(2) Causes to be instituted any proceeding under or	2350
related to this chapter;	2351
(3) Testifies or prepares to testify in an investigation	2352
or proceeding under this chapter;	2353
(4) Opposes misclassification.	2354
(D) No employer shall attempt to cause or cause an	2355
individual to waive the provisions of this chapter or to enter	2356
into a predispute waiver.	2357
(E) No employer shall violate a rule adopted by the	2358
director pursuant to section 4177.06 of the Revised Code.	2359
(F) No person shall require or request an individual to	2360
enter into an agreement or sign a document that results in the	2361
misclassification of the individual as an independent contractor	2362
or otherwise does not accurately reflect the individual's	2363
relationship with an employer.	2364
Sec. 4177.03. This chapter shall apply only to	2365
determinations as to whether an individual is an employer for	2366
purposes of section 4111.02, 4111.14, 4113.15, or 4115.03 of the	2367
Revised Code or Chapter 4121., 4123., 4141., or 5747. of the	2368
Revised Code. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed as to	2369

limit the application of any other remedies available at law or	2370
in equity.	2371
Sec. 4177.04. An employer and the director of commerce	2372
shall consider a sole proprietorship or partnership that	2373
performs construction services for the employer to be a	2374
legitimate sole proprietorship or a legitimate partnership if	2375
the employer demonstrates all of the following:	2376
(A) The sole proprietorship or partnership performs the	2377
construction service free from the direction or control of the	2378
employer over the means and manner of providing the service,	2379
subject only to the right of the employer for whom the service	2380
is provided to specify the desired result.	2381
(B) The sole proprietorship or partnership is not subject	2382
to cancellation or destruction upon severance of the	2383
relationship with the employer.	2384
(C) The owner of the sole proprietorship or the partners	2385
in the partnership have a substantial investment of capital in	2386
the sole proprietorship or partnership beyond ordinary tools and	2387
equipment and a personal vehicle.	2388
(D) The sole proprietorship or partnership owns the	2389
capital goods, gains the profits, and bears the losses of the	2390
sole proprietorship or partnership.	2391
(E) The sole proprietorship or partnership makes its	2392
construction services available to the general public or the	2393
business community on a continuing basis.	2394
(F) The sole proprietorship or partnership reported a	2395
profit or loss or earnings from self-employment on the sole	2396
proprietorship or partnership's federal income tax schedule.	2397

(G) The sole proprietorship or partnership performs	2398
construction services for the employer under the name of the	2399
sole proprietorship or partnership.	2400
(H) If the construction services the sole proprietorship	2401
or partnership provides to the employer require a license or	2402
permit in order to provide those services, the sole	2403
proprietorship or partnership obtains the appropriate license or	2404
permit in the name of the sole proprietorship or partnership	2405
name and directly pays for the appropriate license or permit.	2406
(I) The sole proprietorship or partnership furnishes the	2407
tools and equipment necessary for the sole proprietorship or	2408
partnership to provide the construction service for the	2409
<pre>employer.</pre>	2410
(J) If necessary, the sole proprietorship or partnership	2411
hires its own employees without obtaining approval from the	2412
employer, pays those employees without direct reimbursement from	2413
the employer, and reports the employees' income to the internal	2414
revenue service.	2415
(K) The employer does not represent the sole	2416
proprietorship or the partners of the partnership as an employee	2417
of the employer to the employer's customers.	2418
(L) The sole proprietorship or partnership performs	2419
similar construction services for others on whatever basis and	2420
whenever the sole proprietorship or partnership chooses.	2421
If the director of commerce, using the factors listed in	2422
this section, determines that a sole proprietorship or	2423
partnership performing construction services for an employer is	2424
not a legitimate sole proprietorship or a legitimate	2425
partnership, the director shall consider the owner of the sole	2426

proprietorship, each partner of the partnership, and each of the	2427
employees of the sole proprietorship or partnership, as	2428
applicable, as an employee of the employer for the purposes of	2429
this chapter.	2430
Sec. 4177.05. The provisions of this chapter apply to all	2431
subcontractors or lower tier subcontractors.	2432
A contractor is liable under this chapter for the failure	2433
of any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor to properly	2434
classify individuals performing services related to construction	2435
as employees. A subcontractor is liable under this chapter for	2436
the failure of any lower tier subcontractor to properly classify	2437
individuals performing services related to construction as	2438
employees.	2439
Sec. 4177.06. The director of commerce shall enforce this	2440
chapter. The director shall hire as many investigators and other	2441
personnel as the director determines are necessary to administer	2442
and enforce this chapter. The director may adopt reasonable	2443
rules in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to	2444
implement and administer this chapter.	2445
Sec. 4177.07. Any aggrieved party may file a complaint	2446
with the director of commerce against an employer if the	2447
aggrieved party reasonably believes that the employer is in	2448
violation of section 4177.02 of the Revised Code. The director	2449
shall conduct investigations in connection with the	2450
administration and enforcement of this chapter. Any investigator	2451
employed by the division of industrial compliance within the	2452
department of commerce is authorized to visit and inspect, at	2453
all reasonable times, all of the offices and job sites	2454
maintained by the employer who is the subject of the complaint,	2455
and is authorized to inspect and audit, at all reasonable times,	2456

all documents necessary to determine whether an individual_	2457
performing services for the employer is an employee. The	2458
director may compel, by subpoena, the attendance and testimony	2459
of witnesses and the production of books, payrolls, records,	2460
papers, and other evidence in any investigation, and may	2461
administer oaths to witnesses. Upon completion of an	2462
investigation under this section, the investigator shall submit	2463
the results of the investigator's investigation to the	2464
superintendent of industrial compliance.	2465
Sec. 4177.08. If, after receiving the results of an	2466
investigation conducted pursuant to section 4177.07 of the	2467
Revised Code, the superintendent of industrial compliance	2468
determines that reasonable evidence exists that an employer has	2469
violated section 4177.02 of the Revised Code, the superintendent	2470
shall send a written notice to the director of commerce	2471
informing the director of the superintendent's determination.	2472
Within seven days after the director receives a written	2473
report from the superintendent, the director shall send a	2474
written notice to the employer who is the subject of the	2475
investigation in the same manner as prescribed in section 119.07	2476
of the Revised Code for licensees, except that the notice shall	2477
specify that a hearing will be held and shall specify the date,	2478
time, and place of the hearing. The director shall hold a	2479
hearing regarding the alleged violation in the same manner	2480
prescribed for an adjudication hearing under section 119.09 of	2481
the Revised Code. If the director, after the hearing, determines	2482
a violation has occurred, the director may discipline the	2483
employer in accordance with section 4177.09 of the Revised Code.	2484
The director's determination is an order that the person may	2485
appeal in accordance with section 119.12 of the Revised Code. If	2486
an employer who allegedly committed a violation of section	2487

4177.02 of the Revised Code fails to appear for a hearing, the	2488
director may request the court of common pleas of the county	2489
where the alleged violation occurred to compel the person to	2490
appear before the director for a hearing.	2491
Sec. 4177.09. (A) If, after a hearing held in accordance	2492
with section 4177.08 of the Revised Code, the director of	2493
commerce determines that an employer violated section 4177.02 of	2494
the Revised Code, the director may do any of the following:	2495
(1) Issue and cause to be served on any party an order to	2496
<pre>cease and desist from further violation of that section;</pre>	2497
(2) Take affirmative or other action the director	2498
considers reasonable to eliminate the effect of the violation;	2499
(3) Collect the amount of any wages, salary, employment	2500
benefits, or other compensation denied or lost to an individual	2501
because the employer misclassified the individual;	2502
(4) Assess any civil penalty allowed under section 4177.10	2503
or 4177.11 of the Revised Code.	2504
(B) If the director assesses an employer a civil penalty	2505
for a violation of section 4177.02 of the Revised Code and the	2506
employer fails to pay that civil penalty within the time period	2507
prescribed by the director, the director shall forward to the	2508
attorney general the name of the employer and the amount of the	2509
civil penalty for the purpose of collecting that civil penalty.	2510
In addition to the civil penalty assessed pursuant to this	2511
section, the employer also shall pay any fee assessed by the	2512
attorney general for collection of the civil penalty.	2513
(C) The attorney general shall bring any action for relief	2514
requested by the director in the name of the people of the state	2515
of Ohio.	2516

Sec. 4177.10. (A) Except as otherwise provided in division	2517
(B) of this section and section 4177.11 of the Revised Code, if,	2518
after a hearing conducted pursuant to section 4177.08 of the	2519
Revised Code, the director of commerce determines that an	2520
employer has violated section 4177.02 of the Revised Code, the	2521
employer may be subject to a civil penalty of one thousand five	2522
hundred dollars for each violation.	2523
(B) Except as otherwise provided in section 4177.11 of the	2524
Revised Code if, after a hearing held in accordance with section	2525
4177.08 of the Revised Code, the director determines that the	2526
employer has committed a violation of section 4177.02 of the	2527
Revised Code and that violation occurred within five years after	2528
the date the director made a determination that resulted in the	2529
director assessing the employer a civil penalty under division	2530
(A) or (B) of this section, the employer may be subject to a	2531
civil penalty not less than one thousand five hundred dollars or	2532
more than two thousand five hundred dollars for each violation	2533
found by the director that occurred during that five-year	2534
period.	2535
(C) For purposes of this section, each violation of	2536
section 4177.02 of the Revised Code constitutes a separate	2537
violation for each individual or rule involved and for each day	2538
the violation continues.	2539
(D) The director shall base the amount of any civil	2540
penalty assessed under this section upon the director's	2541
determination of the gravity of the violations committed by the	2542
<pre>employer.</pre>	2543
Sec. 4177.11. (A) Whoever knowingly violates section	2544
4177.02 of the Revised Code, or whoever obstructs the director	2545
of commerce or any other person authorized to inspect places of	2546

employment pursuant to section 4177.07 of the Revised Code may	2547
be liable for penalties up to double the amount specified in	2548
section 4177.10 of the Revised Code.	2549
(B) An employer who is liable under division (A) of this	2550
section because the employer knowingly violated section 4177.02	2551
of the Revised Code also is liable to the employee who was	2552
injured by the employer's violation for punitive damages in an	2553
amount equal to the amount of the penalties assessed against the	2554
employer pursuant to division (A) of this section.	2555
(C) The director shall impose the penalties described in	2556
divisions (A) and (B) of this section if a preponderance of the	2557
evidence demonstrates that the employer acted knowingly when	2558
committing the violation.	2559
Sec. 4177.12. If the director of commerce determines that	2560
an alleged violation of this chapter has occurred that may	2561
result in a penalty assessed pursuant to section 4177.99 of the	2562
Revised Code, the director shall refer the matter to the	2563
appropriate prosecutorial authority.	2564
Sec. 4177.13. If the director of commerce believes that	2565
any employer allegedly has violated a valid order issued by the	2566
director pursuant to section 4177.09 of the Revised Code, the	2567
director may commence an action in the court of common pleas in	2568
the county where the alleged violation has occurred and obtain	2569
from the court an order compelling the employer to obey the	2570
order of the director or be found guilty of contempt of court	2571
and punished in accordance with Chapter 2705. of the Revised	2572
Code.	2573
Sec. 4177.14. (A) An aggrieved party may file suit in the	2574
court of common pleas in the county where the alleged violation	2575

occurred or where any individual who is party to the action	2576
resides, without regard to exhaustion of any alternative	2577
administrative remedies provided in this chapter. An aggrieved	2578
party may bring an action on behalf of the aggrieved party or on	2579
behalf of any other individual who is similarly situated to the	2580
aggrieved party. If a court or a jury in a civil action brought	2581
pursuant to this division determines that a violation of section	2582
4177.02 of the Revised Code has occurred, the court shall award	2583
to the plaintiff all of the following:	2584
(1) The amount of any wages, salary, employment benefits,	2585
or other compensation denied or lost to an individual by reason	2586
of the violation, plus an equal amount in liquidated damages;	2587
(2) Compensatory damages and an amount up to five hundred	2588
dollars for each violation of section 4177.02 of the Revised	2589
Code;	2590
(3) In the case of a violation of division (B) or (C) of	2591
section 4177.02 of the Revised Code, all legal or equitable	2592
relief that the court determines appropriate;	2593
(4) Attorney's fees and costs.	2594
(B) An aggrieved party shall bring an action under	2595
division (A) of this section not later than three years after	2596
the last day the aggrieved individual or individual for whom the	2597
aggrieved party is bringing the action performed services for an	2598
employer who has allegedly violated section 4177.02 of the	2599
Revised Code. The three-year period specified in this division	2600
is tolled if the employer has deterred the ability of an	2601
individual to bring an action under this section or to file a	2602
complaint under section 4177.07 of the Revised Code.	2603
(C) If the director of commerce has determined under	2604

section 4177.09 of the Revised Code that an employer is subject	2605
to a civil penalty under section 4177.10 or 4177.11 of the	2606
Revised Code for a violation of section 4177.02 of the Revised	2607
Code, an aggrieved party, within ninety days after the director	2608
issues that determination, may bring a civil action in the court	2609
of common pleas in the county where the violation occurred to	2610
enforce that penalty. If an aggrieved party elects to bring such	2611
an action, the aggrieved party shall notify the director of that	2612
election in writing. During that ninety-day period, the attorney	2613
general shall not bring an action to enforce that penalty. After	2614
the ninety-day period expires, only the attorney general, on	2615
behalf of the director and in accordance with this chapter, may	2616
bring an action to collect the civil penalty. In any civil	2617
action brought by an aggrieved party pursuant to this division,	2618
the court shall award the aggrieved party ten per cent of the	2619
amount of the penalty owed by the employer, and the remaining	2620
amount recovered shall be awarded to the director.	2621
Sec. 4177.15. (A) The director of commerce shall create a	2622
summary of the requirements of this chapter in English and	2623
Spanish and shall post that summary on the official web site	2624
maintained by the department of commerce and on the bulletin	2625
boards located in each of the offices of the department.	2626
(B) If an employer engages an individual to perform	2627
services and that individual is not considered an employee, that	2628
employer shall post and keep posted, in a conspicuous place on	2629
each job site where that individual performs services and in	2630
each of the employer's offices, the notice prepared by the	2631
director pursuant to division (A) of this section. The director	2632
shall furnish copies of the notice without charge to an employer	2633
upon request.	2634

Sec. 4177.16. The director of commerce shall create a list	2635
of employers who have committed multiple violations of section	2636
4177.02 of the Revised Code. The director shall add an	2637
employer's name to the list if the director assesses against the	2638
employer the civil penalty described in division (B) of section	2639
4177.10 of the Revised Code. The list shall include the name of	2640
the employer and the date that the employer committed the	2641
employer's most recent violation. The director shall notify an	2642
employer that the employer will be added to this list within	2643
five days after the director determines that the employer will	2644
be added to the list. The director shall publish the list on the	2645
web site maintained by the department of commerce. No state	2646
agency shall enter into a contract with an employer included in	2647
that list for a period of four years after the date of the	2648
employer's most recent violation. The director shall remove an	2649
employer's name and information from the list upon expiration of	2650
the time period of the employer's debarment.	2651
Con 4177 17 The director of commerce the director of	2652
Sec. 4177.17. The director of commerce, the director of	
job and family services, the tax commissioner, and the	2653
administrator of workers' compensation shall share information	2654
concerning any suspected misclassification by an employer or	2655
entity of one or more of the employer's employees as independent	2656
contractors in violation of section 4177.02 of the Revised Code.	2657
Upon determining that an employer has misclassified an employee	2658
as an independent contractor in violation of division (A) of	2659
that section, the director of commerce shall notify the director	2660
of job and family services, the tax commissioner, and the	2661
administrator, each of whom shall determine whether the	2662
employer's violation of section 4177.02 of the Revised Code	2663
results in the employer not complying with the requirements of	2664
Chapter 4121., 4123., 4127., 4131., 4141., or 5747. of the	2665

Revised Code, as applicable. The director of commerce shall	2666
determine whether the employer's violation of section 4177.02 of	2667
the Revised Code results in the employer not complying with the	2668
requirements of sections 4111.02, 4111.14, 4113.15, or 4115.03	2669
to 4115.21 of the Revised Code. The determination made by the	2670
director of commerce that an employer has misclassified an	2671
employee as an independent contractor is binding on the director	2672
of job and family services, the tax commissioner, and the	2673
administrator unless the individual is otherwise not considered	2674
an employee under the applicable law. Notwithstanding any	2675
provision of this section to the contrary, nothing in this	2676
chapter shall be construed to limit or otherwise constrain the	2677
duties and powers of the administrator under Chapters 4121.,	2678
4123., 4127., and 4131. of the Revised Code, the director of job	2679
and family services under Chapter 4141. of the Revised Code, or	2680
the tax commissioner under Chapter 5747. of the Revised Code.	2681
Sec. 4177.18. There is hereby created in the state	2682
treasury the employee classification fund. The director of	2683
commerce shall deposit all moneys the director receives under	2684
this chapter, including civil penalties, into the fund. The	2685
director shall use the fund for the administration,	2686
investigation, and other expenses incurred in carrying out the	2687
director's powers and duties under this chapter. If, at the end	2688
of a fiscal year, the director determines that excess moneys	2689
exist in the fund, the director shall coordinate with the	2690
director of budget and management to transfer the excess funds	2691
to the division of administration fund created under section	2692
121.08 of the Revised Code.	2693
Sec. 4177.99. (A) An employer or person who knowingly	2694
violates division (A), (B), (C), (E), or (F) of section 4177.02	2695
of the Revised Code, for the first offense, is guilty of a	2696

misdemeanor of the fourth degree, and for any subsequent	2697
violation of division (A), (B), (C), (E), or (F) of section	2698
4177.02 of the Revised Code committed within a five-year period	2699
beginning on the date the employer or person previously was	2700
convicted of or pleaded guilty to the first violation, the	2701
employer or entity is guilty of a felony of the fifth degree.	2702
(B) Whoever knowingly violates division (D) of section	2703
4177.02 of the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the	2704
fourth degree.	2705
Sec. 5747.01. Except as otherwise expressly provided or	2706
clearly appearing from the context, any term used in this	2707
chapter that is not otherwise defined in this section has the	2708
same meaning as when used in a comparable context in the laws of	2709
the United States relating to federal income taxes or if not	2710
used in a comparable context in those laws, has the same meaning	2711
as in section 5733.40 of the Revised Code. Any reference in this	2712
chapter to the Internal Revenue Code includes other laws of the	2713
United States relating to federal income taxes.	2714
As used in this chapter:	2715
(A) "Adjusted gross income" or "Ohio adjusted gross	2716
income" means federal adjusted gross income, as defined and used	2717
in the Internal Revenue Code, adjusted as provided in this	2718
section:	2719
(1) Add interest or dividends on obligations or securities	2720
of any state or of any political subdivision or authority of any	2721
state, other than this state and its subdivisions and	2722
authorities.	2723
(2) Add interest or dividends on obligations of any	2724
authority, commission, instrumentality, territory, or possession	2725

of the United States to the extent that the interest or 2726 dividends are exempt from federal income taxes but not from 2727 state income taxes.

(3) Deduct interest or dividends on obligations of the 2729
United States and its territories and possessions or of any 2730
authority, commission, or instrumentality of the United States 2731
to the extent that the interest or dividends are included in 2732
federal adjusted gross income but exempt from state income taxes 2733
under the laws of the United States. 2734

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- (4) Deduct disability and survivor's benefits to the extent included in federal adjusted gross income.
- (5) Deduct benefits under Title II of the Social Security 2737

 Act and tier 1 railroad retirement benefits to the extent 2738 included in federal adjusted gross income under section 86 of 2739 the Internal Revenue Code. 2740
- (6) In the case of a taxpayer who is a beneficiary of a 2741 trust that makes an accumulation distribution as defined in 2742 section 665 of the Internal Revenue Code, add, for the 2743 beneficiary's taxable years beginning before 2002, the portion, 2744 if any, of such distribution that does not exceed the 2745 undistributed net income of the trust for the three taxable 2746 2747 years preceding the taxable year in which the distribution is made to the extent that the portion was not included in the 2748 trust's taxable income for any of the trust's taxable years 2749 beginning in 2002 or thereafter. "Undistributed net income of a 2750 trust" means the taxable income of the trust increased by (a)(i) 2751 the additions to adjusted gross income required under division 2752 (A) of this section and (ii) the personal exemptions allowed to 2753 the trust pursuant to section 642(b) of the Internal Revenue 2754 Code, and decreased by (b) (i) the deductions to adjusted gross 2755

income required under division (A) of this section, (ii) the	2756
amount of federal income taxes attributable to such income, and	2757
(iii) the amount of taxable income that has been included in the	2758
adjusted gross income of a beneficiary by reason of a prior	2759
accumulation distribution. Any undistributed net income included	2760
in the adjusted gross income of a beneficiary shall reduce the	2761
undistributed net income of the trust commencing with the	2762
earliest years of the accumulation period.	2763
(7) Deduct the amount of wages and calaries if any not	2764

- (7) Deduct the amount of wages and salaries, if any, not
 2764
 otherwise allowable as a deduction but that would have been
 2765
 allowable as a deduction in computing federal adjusted gross
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 income for the taxable year, had the targeted jobs credit
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 allowed and determined under sections 38, 51, and 52 of the
 2768
 Internal Revenue Code not been in effect.
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- (8) Deduct any interest or interest equivalent on public 2770 obligations and purchase obligations to the extent that the 2771 interest or interest equivalent is included in federal adjusted 2772 gross income. 2773
- (9) Add any loss or deduct any gain resulting from the 2774 sale, exchange, or other disposition of public obligations to 2775 the extent that the loss has been deducted or the gain has been 2776 included in computing federal adjusted gross income. 2777
- (10) Deduct or add amounts, as provided under section 2778
 5747.70 of the Revised Code, related to contributions to 2779
 variable college savings program accounts made or tuition units 2780
 purchased pursuant to Chapter 3334. of the Revised Code. 2781
- (11) (a) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise allowable as a 2782 deduction or exclusion in computing federal or Ohio adjusted 2783 gross income for the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer paid 2784

during the taxable year for medical care insurance and qualified 2785 long-term care insurance for the taxpayer, the taxpayer's 2786 spouse, and dependents. No deduction for medical care insurance 2787 under division (A)(11) of this section shall be allowed either 2788 to any taxpayer who is eligible to participate in any subsidized 2789 health plan maintained by any employer of the taxpayer or of the 2790 taxpayer's spouse, or to any taxpayer who is entitled to, or on 2791 application would be entitled to, benefits under part A of Title 2792 XVIII of the "Social Security Act," 49 Stat. 620 (1935), 42 2793 U.S.C. 301, as amended. For the purposes of division (A) (11) (a) 2794 of this section, "subsidized health plan" means a health plan 2795 for which the employer pays any portion of the plan's cost. The 2796 deduction allowed under division (A)(11)(a) of this section 2797 shall be the net of any related premium refunds, related premium 2798 reimbursements, or related insurance premium dividends received 2799 during the taxable year. 2800

- (b) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or 2801 excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income 2802 during the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer paid during the 2803 taxable year, not compensated for by any insurance or otherwise, 2804 for medical care of the taxpayer, the taxpayer's spouse, and 2805 dependents, to the extent the expenses exceed seven and one-half 2806 per cent of the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income. 2807
- (c) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or 2808 excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income, any 2809 amount included in federal adjusted gross income under section 2810 105 or not excluded under section 106 of the Internal Revenue 2811 Code solely because it relates to an accident and health plan 2812 for a person who otherwise would be a "qualifying relative" and 2813 thus a "dependent" under section 152 of the Internal Revenue 2814 Code but for the fact that the person fails to meet the income 2815

and support limitations under section 152(d)(1)(B) and (C) of 2816 the Internal Revenue Code. 2817 (d) For purposes of division (A) (11) of this section, 2818 "medical care" has the meaning given in section 213 of the 2819 2820 Internal Revenue Code, subject to the special rules, limitations, and exclusions set forth therein, and "qualified 2821 long-term care" has the same meaning given in section 7702B(c) 2822 of the Internal Revenue Code. Solely for purposes of divisions 2823 (A) (11) (a) and (c) of this section, "dependent" includes a 2824 person who otherwise would be a "qualifying relative" and thus a 2825 2826 "dependent" under section 152 of the Internal Revenue Code but for the fact that the person fails to meet the income and 2827 support limitations under section 152(d)(1)(B) and (C) of the 2828 Internal Revenue Code. 2829 (12) (a) Deduct any amount included in federal adjusted 2830 gross income solely because the amount represents a 2831 2832 reimbursement or refund of expenses that in any year the 2833 taxpayer had deducted as an itemized deduction pursuant to section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code and applicable United 2834 States department of the treasury regulations. The deduction 2835 otherwise allowed under division (A)(12)(a) of this section 2836 shall be reduced to the extent the reimbursement is attributable 2837 to an amount the taxpayer deducted under this section in any 2838 2839 taxable year. (b) Add any amount not otherwise included in Ohio adjusted 2840 gross income for any taxable year to the extent that the amount 2841 is attributable to the recovery during the taxable year of any 2842 amount deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio 2843 adjusted gross income in any taxable year. 2844

(13) Deduct any portion of the deduction described in

section 1341(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, for repaying	2846
previously reported income received under a claim of right, that	2847
meets both of the following requirements:	2848
(a) It is allowable for repayment of an item that was	2849
included in the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for a prior	2850
taxable year and did not qualify for a credit under division (A)	2851
or (B) of section 5747.05 of the Revised Code for that year;	2852
(b) It does not otherwise reduce the taxpayer's adjusted	2853
gross income for the current or any other taxable year.	2854
(14) Deduct an amount equal to the deposits made to, and	2855
net investment earnings of, a medical savings account during the	2856
taxable year, in accordance with section 3924.66 of the Revised	2857
Code. The deduction allowed by division (A)(14) of this section	2858
does not apply to medical savings account deposits and earnings	2859
otherwise deducted or excluded for the current or any other	2860
taxable year from the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income.	2861
(15)(a) Add an amount equal to the funds withdrawn from a	2862
medical savings account during the taxable year, and the net	2863
investment earnings on those funds, when the funds withdrawn	2864
were used for any purpose other than to reimburse an account	2865
holder for, or to pay, eligible medical expenses, in accordance	2866
with section 3924.66 of the Revised Code;	2867
(b) Add the amounts distributed from a medical savings	2868
account under division (A)(2) of section 3924.68 of the Revised	2869
Code during the taxable year.	2870
(16) Add any amount claimed as a credit under section	2871
5747.059 or 5747.65 of the Revised Code to the extent that such	2872
amount satisfies either of the following:	2873
(a) The amount was deducted or excluded from the	2874

computation of the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income as 2875 required to be reported for the taxpayer's taxable year under 2876 the Internal Revenue Code; 2877

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- (b) The amount resulted in a reduction of the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income as required to be reported for any of the taxpayer's taxable years under the Internal Revenue Code.
- (17) Deduct the amount contributed by the taxpayer to an 2881 individual development account program established by a county 2882 department of job and family services pursuant to sections 2883 329.11 to 329.14 of the Revised Code for the purpose of matching 2884 funds deposited by program participants. On request of the tax 2885 commissioner, the taxpayer shall provide any information that, 2886 in the tax commissioner's opinion, is necessary to establish the 2887 amount deducted under division (A) (17) of this section. 2888
- (18) Beginning in taxable year 2001 but not for any 2889 taxable year beginning after December 31, 2005, if the taxpayer 2890 is married and files a joint return and the combined federal 2891 adjusted gross income of the taxpayer and the taxpayer's spouse 2892 for the taxable year does not exceed one hundred thousand 2893 dollars, or if the taxpayer is single and has a federal adjusted 2894 gross income for the taxable year not exceeding fifty thousand 2895 dollars, deduct amounts paid during the taxable year for 2896 qualified tuition and fees paid to an eliqible institution for 2897 the taxpayer, the taxpayer's spouse, or any dependent of the 2898 taxpayer, who is a resident of this state and is enrolled in or 2899 attending a program that culminates in a degree or diploma at an 2900 eligible institution. The deduction may be claimed only to the 2901 extent that qualified tuition and fees are not otherwise 2902 deducted or excluded for any taxable year from federal or Ohio 2903 adjusted gross income. The deduction may not be claimed for 2904

educational expenses for which the taxpayer claims a credit	2905
under section 5747.27 of the Revised Code.	2906
(19) Add any reimbursement received during the taxable	2907
year of any amount the taxpayer deducted under division (A)(18)	2908
of this section in any previous taxable year to the extent the	2909
amount is not otherwise included in Ohio adjusted gross income.	2910
(20)(a)(i) Subject to divisions (A)(20)(a)(iii), (iv), and	2911
(v) of this section, add five-sixths of the amount of	2912
depreciation expense allowed by subsection (k) of section 168 of	2913
the Internal Revenue Code, including the taxpayer's	2914
proportionate or distributive share of the amount of	2915
depreciation expense allowed by that subsection to a pass-	2916
through entity in which the taxpayer has a direct or indirect	2917
ownership interest.	2918
(ii) Subject to divisions (A)(20)(a)(iii), (iv), and (v)	2919
of this section, add five-sixths of the amount of qualifying	2920
section 179 depreciation expense, including the taxpayer's	2921
proportionate or distributive share of the amount of qualifying	2922
section 179 depreciation expense allowed to any pass-through	2923
entity in which the taxpayer has a direct or indirect ownership	2924
interest.	2925
(iii) Subject to division (A)(20)(a)(v) of this section,	2926
for taxable years beginning in 2012 or thereafter, if the	2927
increase in income taxes withheld by the taxpayer is equal to or	2928
greater than ten per cent of income taxes withheld by the	2929
taxpayer during the taxpayer's immediately preceding taxable	2930
year, "two-thirds" shall be substituted for "five-sixths" for	2931
the purpose of divisions (A)(20)(a)(i) and (ii) of this section.	2932
(iv) Subject to division (A)(20)(a)(v) of this section,	2933

for taxable years beginning in 2012 or thereafter, a taxpayer is	2934
not required to add an amount under division (A)(20) of this	2935
section if the increase in income taxes withheld by the taxpayer	2936
and by any pass-through entity in which the taxpayer has a	2937
direct or indirect ownership interest is equal to or greater	2938
than the sum of (I) the amount of qualifying section 179	2939
depreciation expense and (II) the amount of depreciation expense	2940
allowed to the taxpayer by subsection (k) of section 168 of the	2941
Internal Revenue Code, and including the taxpayer's	2942
proportionate or distributive shares of such amounts allowed to	2943
any such pass-through entities.	2944

(v) If a taxpayer directly or indirectly incurs a net operating loss for the taxable year for federal income tax purposes, to the extent such loss resulted from depreciation expense allowed by subsection (k) of section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code and by qualifying section 179 depreciation expense, "the entire" shall be substituted for "five-sixths of the" for the purpose of divisions (A) (20) (a) (i) and (ii) of this section.

The tax commissioner, under procedures established by the commissioner, may waive the add-backs related to a pass-through entity if the taxpayer owns, directly or indirectly, less than five per cent of the pass-through entity.

- (b) Nothing in division (A)(20) of this section shall be construed to adjust or modify the adjusted basis of any asset.
- (c) To the extent the add-back required under division (A) (20) (a) of this section is attributable to property generating nonbusiness income or loss allocated under section 5747.20 of the Revised Code, the add-back shall be sitused to the same location as the nonbusiness income or loss generated by the property for the purpose of determining the credit under

division (A) of section 5747.05 of the Revised Code. Otherwise,	2964
the add-back shall be apportioned, subject to one or more of the	2965
four alternative methods of apportionment enumerated in section	2966
5747.21 of the Revised Code.	2967
(d) For the purposes of division (A)(20)(a)(v) of this	2968
section, net operating loss carryback and carryforward shall not	2969
include the allowance of any net operating loss deduction	2970
carryback or carryforward to the taxable year to the extent such	2971
loss resulted from depreciation allowed by section 168(k) of the	2972
Internal Revenue Code and by the qualifying section 179	2973
depreciation expense amount.	2974
(e) For the purposes of divisions (A)(20) and (21) of this	2975
section:	2976
(i) "Income taxes withheld" means the total amount	2977
withheld and remitted under sections 5747.06 and 5747.07 of the	2978
Revised Code by an employer during the employer's taxable year.	2979
(ii) "Increase in income taxes withheld" means the amount	2980
by which the amount of income taxes withheld by an employer	2981
during the employer's current taxable year exceeds the amount of	2982
income taxes withheld by that employer during the employer's	2983
immediately preceding taxable year.	2984
(iii) "Qualifying section 179 depreciation expense" means	2985
the difference between (I) the amount of depreciation expense	2986
directly or indirectly allowed to a taxpayer under section 179	2987
of the Internal Revised Code, and (II) the amount of	2988
depreciation expense directly or indirectly allowed to the	2989
taxpayer under section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code as that	2990
section existed on December 31, 2002.	2991
(21)(a) If the taxpayer was required to add an amount	2992

under division (A)(20)(a) of this section for a taxable year,	2993
deduct one of the following:	2994
(i) One-fifth of the amount so added for each of the five	2995
succeeding taxable years if the amount so added was five-sixths	2996
of qualifying section 179 depreciation expense or depreciation	2997
expense allowed by subsection (k) of section 168 of the Internal	2998
Revenue Code;	2999
(ii) One-half of the amount so added for each of the two	3000
succeeding taxable years if the amount so added was two-thirds	3001
of such depreciation expense;	3002
(iii) One-sixth of the amount so added for each of the six	3003
succeeding taxable years if the entire amount of such	3004
depreciation expense was so added.	3005
(b) If the amount deducted under division (A)(21)(a) of	3006
this section is attributable to an add-back allocated under	3007
division (A)(20)(c) of this section, the amount deducted shall	3008
be sitused to the same location. Otherwise, the add-back shall	3009
be apportioned using the apportionment factors for the taxable	3010
year in which the deduction is taken, subject to one or more of	3011
the four alternative methods of apportionment enumerated in	3012
section 5747.21 of the Revised Code.	3013
(c) No deduction is available under division (A)(21)(a) of	3014
this section with regard to any depreciation allowed by section	3015
168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code and by the qualifying	3016
section 179 depreciation expense amount to the extent that such	3017
depreciation results in or increases a federal net operating	3018
loss carryback or carryforward. If no such deduction is	3019
available for a taxable year, the taxpayer may carry forward the	3020
amount not deducted in such taxable year to the next taxable	3021

year and add that amount to any deduction otherwise available	3022
under division (A)(21)(a) of this section for that next taxable	3023
year. The carryforward of amounts not so deducted shall continue	3024
until the entire addition required by division (A)(20)(a) of	3025
this section has been deducted.	3026
(d) No refund shall be allowed as a result of adjustments	3027
made by division (A)(21) of this section.	3028
(22) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	3029
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	3030
the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer received during the	3031
taxable year as reimbursement for life insurance premiums under	3032
section 5919.31 of the Revised Code.	3033
(23) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	3034
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	3035
the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer received during the	3036
taxable year as a death benefit paid by the adjutant general	3037
under section 5919.33 of the Revised Code.	3038
(24) Deduct, to the extent included in federal adjusted	3039
gross income and not otherwise allowable as a deduction or	3040
exclusion in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	3041
the taxable year, military pay and allowances received by the	3042
taxpayer during the taxable year for active duty service in the	3043
United States army, air force, navy, marine corps, or coast	3044
guard or reserve components thereof or the national guard. The	3045
deduction may not be claimed for military pay and allowances	3046
received by the taxpayer while the taxpayer is stationed in this	3047
state.	3048
(25) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise allowable as a	3049

deduction or exclusion in computing federal or Ohio adjusted

gross income for the taxable year and not otherwise compensated	3051
for by any other source, the amount of qualified organ donation	3052
expenses incurred by the taxpayer during the taxable year, not	3053
to exceed ten thousand dollars. A taxpayer may deduct qualified	3054
organ donation expenses only once for all taxable years	3055
beginning with taxable years beginning in 2007.	3056

For the purposes of division (A)(25) of this section:

(a) "Human organ" means all or any portion of a human 3058 liver, pancreas, kidney, intestine, or lung, and any portion of 3059 human bone marrow.

- (b) "Qualified organ donation expenses" means travel 3061 expenses, lodging expenses, and wages and salary forgone by a 3062 taxpayer in connection with the taxpayer's donation, while 3063 living, of one or more of the taxpayer's human organs to another 3064 human being.
- (26) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or 3066 excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for 3067 the taxable year, amounts received by the taxpayer as retired 3068 personnel pay for service in the uniformed services or reserve 3069 components thereof, or the national guard, or received by the 3070 surviving spouse or former spouse of such a taxpayer under the 3071 survivor benefit plan on account of such a taxpayer's death. If 3072 the taxpayer receives income on account of retirement paid under 3073 the federal civil service retirement system or federal employees 3074 retirement system, or under any successor retirement program 3075 enacted by the congress of the United States that is established 3076 and maintained for retired employees of the United States 3077 government, and such retirement income is based, in whole or in 3078 part, on credit for the taxpayer's uniformed service, the 3079 deduction allowed under this division shall include only that 3080

portion of such retirement income that is attributable to the	3081
taxpayer's uniformed service, to the extent that portion of such	3082
retirement income is otherwise included in federal adjusted	3083
gross income and is not otherwise deducted under this section.	3084
Any amount deducted under division (A) (26) of this section is	3085
not included in a taxpayer's adjusted gross income for the	3086
purposes of section 5747.055 of the Revised Code. No amount may	3087
be deducted under division (A)(26) of this section on the basis	3088
of which a credit was claimed under section 5747.055 of the	3089
Revised Code.	3090
(27) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	3091
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	3092
the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer received during the	3093
taxable year from the military injury relief fund created in	3094
section 5902.05 of the Revised Code.	3095
(28) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	3096
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	3097
the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer received as a veterans	3098
bonus during the taxable year from the Ohio department of	3099
veterans services as authorized by Section 2r of Article VIII,	3100
Ohio Constitution.	3101
(29) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	3102
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	3103
the taxable year, any income derived from a transfer agreement	3104
or from the enterprise transferred under that agreement under	3105
section 4313.02 of the Revised Code.	3106
(30) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	3107

excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for

amounts received by the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse or

the taxable year, Ohio college opportunity or federal Pell grant

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dependent pursuant to section 3333.122 of the Revised Code or 20	3111
U.S.C. 1070a, et seq., and used to pay room or board furnished	3112
by the educational institution for which the grant was awarded	3113
at the institution's facilities, including meal plans	3114
administered by the institution. For the purposes of this	3115
division, receipt of a grant includes the distribution of a	3116
grant directly to an educational institution and the crediting	3117
of the grant to the enrollee's account with the institution.	3118
(31)(a) For taxable years beginning in 2015, deduct from	3119
the portion of an individual's adjusted gross income that is	3120
business income, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	3121
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	3122
the taxable year, the lesser of the following amounts:	3123
(i) Seventy-five per cent of the individual's business	3124
income;	3125
(ii) Ninety-three thousand seven hundred fifty dollars for	3126
each spouse if spouses file separate returns under section	3127
5747.08 of the Revised Code or one hundred eighty-seven thousand	3128
five hundred dollars for all other individuals.	3129
(b) For taxable years beginning in 2016 or thereafter,	3130
deduct from the portion of an individual's adjusted gross income	3131
that is business income, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	3132
excluded in computing federal adjusted gross income for the	3133
taxable year, one hundred twenty-five thousand dollars for each	3134
spouse if spouses file separate returns under section 5747.08 of	3135
the Revised Code or two hundred fifty thousand dollars for all	3136
other individuals.	3137
(32) Deduct, as provided under section 5747.78 of the	3138

Revised Code, contributions to ABLE savings accounts made in

accordance with sections 113.50 to 113.56 of the Revised Code.	3140
(B) "Business income" means income, including gain or	3141
loss, arising from transactions, activities, and sources in the	3142
regular course of a trade or business and includes income, gain,	3143
or loss from real property, tangible property, and intangible	3144
property if the acquisition, rental, management, and disposition	3145
of the property constitute integral parts of the regular course	3146
of a trade or business operation. "Business income" includes	3147
income, including gain or loss, from a partial or complete	3148
liquidation of a business, including, but not limited to, gain	3149
or loss from the sale or other disposition of goodwill.	3150
(C) "Nonbusiness income" means all income other than	3151
business income and may include, but is not limited to,	3152
compensation, rents and royalties from real or tangible personal	3153
property, capital gains, interest, dividends and distributions,	3154
patent or copyright royalties, or lottery winnings, prizes, and	3155
awards.	3156
(D) "Compensation" means any form of remuneration paid to	3157
an employee for personal services.	3158
(E) "Fiduciary" means a guardian, trustee, executor,	3159
administrator, receiver, conservator, or any other person acting	3160
in any fiduciary capacity for any individual, trust, or estate.	3161
(F) "Fiscal year" means an accounting period of twelve	3162
months ending on the last day of any month other than December.	3163
(G) "Individual" means any natural person.	3164
(H) "Internal Revenue Code" means the "Internal Revenue	3165
Code of 1986," 100 Stat. 2085, 26 U.S.C.A. 1, as amended.	3166
(I) "Resident" means any of the following, provided that	3167

division (I)(3) of this section applies only to taxable years of	3168
a trust beginning in 2002 or thereafter:	3169
(1) An individual who is domiciled in this state, subject	3170
to section 5747.24 of the Revised Code;	3171
(2) The estate of a decedent who at the time of death was	3172
domiciled in this state. The domicile tests of section 5747.24	3173
of the Revised Code are not controlling for purposes of division	3174
(I)(2) of this section.	3175
(3) A trust that, in whole or part, resides in this state.	3176
If only part of a trust resides in this state, the trust is a	3177
resident only with respect to that part.	3178
For the purposes of division (I)(3) of this section:	3179
(a) A trust resides in this state for the trust's current	3180
taxable year to the extent, as described in division (I)(3)(d)	3181
of this section, that the trust consists directly or indirectly,	3182
in whole or in part, of assets, net of any related liabilities,	3183
that were transferred, or caused to be transferred, directly or	3184
indirectly, to the trust by any of the following:	3185
(i) A person, a court, or a governmental entity or	3186
instrumentality on account of the death of a decedent, but only	3187
if the trust is described in division (I)(3)(e)(i) or (ii) of	3188
this section;	3189
(ii) A person who was domiciled in this state for the	3190
purposes of this chapter when the person directly or indirectly	3191
transferred assets to an irrevocable trust, but only if at least	3192
one of the trust's qualifying beneficiaries is domiciled in this	3193
state for the purposes of this chapter during all or some	3194
portion of the trust's current taxable year;	3195

(iii) A person who was domiciled in this state for the	3196
purposes of this chapter when the trust document or instrument	3197
or part of the trust document or instrument became irrevocable,	3198
but only if at least one of the trust's qualifying beneficiaries	3199
is a resident domiciled in this state for the purposes of this	3200
chapter during all or some portion of the trust's current	3201
taxable year. If a trust document or instrument became	3202
irrevocable upon the death of a person who at the time of death	3203
was domiciled in this state for purposes of this chapter, that	3204
person is a person described in division (I)(3)(a)(iii) of this	3205
section.	3206
(b) A trust is irrevocable to the extent that the	3207
transferor is not considered to be the owner of the net assets	3208
of the trust under sections 671 to 678 of the Internal Revenue	3209
Code.	3210
(c) With respect to a trust other than a charitable lead	3211
trust, "qualifying beneficiary" has the same meaning as	3212
"potential current beneficiary" as defined in section 1361(e)(2)	3213
of the Internal Revenue Code, and with respect to a charitable	3214
lead trust "qualifying beneficiary" is any current, future, or	3215
contingent beneficiary, but with respect to any trust	3216
"qualifying beneficiary" excludes a person or a governmental	3217
entity or instrumentality to any of which a contribution would	3218
qualify for the charitable deduction under section 170 of the	3219
Internal Revenue Code.	3220
(d) For the purposes of division (I)(3)(a) of this	3221
section, the extent to which a trust consists directly or	3222
indirectly, in whole or in part, of assets, net of any related	3223
liabilities, that were transferred directly or indirectly, in	3224

whole or part, to the trust by any of the sources enumerated in 3225

that division shall be ascertained by multiplying the fair	3226
market value of the trust's assets, net of related liabilities,	3227
by the qualifying ratio, which shall be computed as follows:	3228
(i) The first time the trust receives assets, the	3229
numerator of the qualifying ratio is the fair market value of	3230
those assets at that time, net of any related liabilities, from	3231
sources enumerated in division (I)(3)(a) of this section. The	3232
denominator of the qualifying ratio is the fair market value of	3233
all the trust's assets at that time, net of any related	3234
liabilities.	3235
(ii) Each subsequent time the trust receives assets, a	3236
revised qualifying ratio shall be computed. The numerator of the	3237
revised qualifying ratio is the sum of (1) the fair market value	3238
of the trust's assets immediately prior to the subsequent	3239
transfer, net of any related liabilities, multiplied by the	3240
qualifying ratio last computed without regard to the subsequent	3241
transfer, and (2) the fair market value of the subsequently	3242
transferred assets at the time transferred, net of any related	3243
liabilities, from sources enumerated in division (I)(3)(a) of	3244
this section. The denominator of the revised qualifying ratio is	3245
the fair market value of all the trust's assets immediately	3246
after the subsequent transfer, net of any related liabilities.	3247
(iii) Whether a transfer to the trust is by or from any of	3248
the sources enumerated in division (I)(3)(a) of this section	3249
shall be ascertained without regard to the domicile of the	3250
trust's beneficiaries.	3251
(e) For the purposes of division (I)(3)(a)(i) of this	3252
section:	3253

(i) A trust is described in division (I)(3)(e)(i) of this

section if the trust is a testamentary trust and the testator of	3255
that testamentary trust was domiciled in this state at the time	3256
of the testator's death for purposes of the taxes levied under	3257
Chapter 5731. of the Revised Code.	3258
(ii) A trust is described in division (I)(3)(e)(ii) of	3259
this section if the transfer is a qualifying transfer described	3260
in any of divisions (I)(3)(f)(i) to (vi) of this section, the	3261
trust is an irrevocable inter vivos trust, and at least one of	3262
the trust's qualifying beneficiaries is domiciled in this state	3263
for purposes of this chapter during all or some portion of the	3264
trust's current taxable year.	3265
(f) For the purposes of division (I)(3)(e)(ii) of this	3266
section, a "qualifying transfer" is a transfer of assets, net of	3267
any related liabilities, directly or indirectly to a trust, if	3268
the transfer is described in any of the following:	3269
(i) The transfer is made to a trust, created by the	3270
decedent before the decedent's death and while the decedent was	3271
domiciled in this state for the purposes of this chapter, and,	3272
prior to the death of the decedent, the trust became irrevocable	3273
while the decedent was domiciled in this state for the purposes	3274
of this chapter.	3275
(ii) The transfer is made to a trust to which the	3276
decedent, prior to the decedent's death, had directly or	3277
indirectly transferred assets, net of any related liabilities,	3278
while the decedent was domiciled in this state for the purposes	3279
of this chapter, and prior to the death of the decedent the	3280
trust became irrevocable while the decedent was domiciled in	3281
this state for the purposes of this chapter.	3282

(iii) The transfer is made on account of a contractual

relationship existing directly or indirectly between the	3284
transferor and either the decedent or the estate of the decedent	3285
at any time prior to the date of the decedent's death, and the	3286
decedent was domiciled in this state at the time of death for	3287
purposes of the taxes levied under Chapter 5731. of the Revised	3288
Code.	3289
(iv) The transfer is made to a trust on account of a	3290
contractual relationship existing directly or indirectly between	3291
the transferor and another person who at the time of the	3292
decedent's death was domiciled in this state for purposes of	3293
this chapter.	3294
(v) The transfer is made to a trust on account of the will	3295
of a testator who was domiciled in this state at the time of the	3296
testator's death for purposes of the taxes levied under Chapter	3297
5731. of the Revised Code.	3298
(vi) The transfer is made to a trust created by or caused	3299
to be created by a court, and the trust was directly or	3300
indirectly created in connection with or as a result of the	3301
death of an individual who, for purposes of the taxes levied	3302
under Chapter 5731. of the Revised Code, was domiciled in this	3303
state at the time of the individual's death.	3304
(g) The tax commissioner may adopt rules to ascertain the	3305
part of a trust residing in this state.	3306
(J) "Nonresident" means an individual or estate that is	3307
not a resident. An individual who is a resident for only part of	3308
a taxable year is a nonresident for the remainder of that	3309
taxable year.	3310
(K) "Pass-through entity" has the same meaning as in	3311

section 5733.04 of the Revised Code.

(L) "Return" means the notifications and reports required	3313
to be filed pursuant to this chapter for the purpose of	3314
reporting the tax due and includes declarations of estimated tax	3315
when so required.	3316
(M) "Taxable year" means the calendar year or the	3317
taxpayer's fiscal year ending during the calendar year, or	3318
fractional part thereof, upon which the adjusted gross income is	3319
calculated pursuant to this chapter.	3320
(N) "Taxpayer" means any person subject to the tax imposed	3321
by section 5747.02 of the Revised Code or any pass-through	3322
entity that makes the election under division (D) of section	3323
5747.08 of the Revised Code.	3324
(O) "Dependents" means dependents as defined in the	3325
Internal Revenue Code and as claimed in the taxpayer's federal	3326
income tax return for the taxable year or which the taxpayer	3327
would have been permitted to claim had the taxpayer filed a	3328
federal income tax return.	3329
(P) "Principal county of employment" means, in the case of	3330
a nonresident, the county within the state in which a taxpayer	3331
performs services for an employer or, if those services are	3332
performed in more than one county, the county in which the major	3333
portion of the services are performed.	3334
(Q) As used in sections 5747.50 to 5747.55 of the Revised	3335
Code:	3336
(1) "Subdivision" means any county, municipal corporation,	3337
park district, or township.	3338
(2) "Essential local government purposes" includes all	3339
functions that any subdivision is required by general law to	3340
exercise, including like functions that are exercised under a	3341

charter adopted pursuant to the Ohio Constitution.	3342
(R) "Overpayment" means any amount already paid that	3343
exceeds the figure determined to be the correct amount of the	3344
tax.	3345
(S) "Taxable income" or "Ohio taxable income" applies only	3346
to estates and trusts, and means federal taxable income, as	3347
defined and used in the Internal Revenue Code, adjusted as	3348
follows:	3349
(1) Add interest or dividends, net of ordinary, necessary,	3350
and reasonable expenses not deducted in computing federal	3351
taxable income, on obligations or securities of any state or of	3352
any political subdivision or authority of any state, other than	3353
this state and its subdivisions and authorities, but only to the	3354
extent that such net amount is not otherwise includible in Ohio	3355
taxable income and is described in either division (S)(1)(a) or	3356
(b) of this section:	3357
(a) The net amount is not attributable to the S portion of	3358
an electing small business trust and has not been distributed to	3359
beneficiaries for the taxable year;	3360
(b) The net amount is attributable to the S portion of an	3361
electing small business trust for the taxable year.	3362
(2) Add interest or dividends, net of ordinary, necessary,	3363
and reasonable expenses not deducted in computing federal	3364
taxable income, on obligations of any authority, commission,	3365
instrumentality, territory, or possession of the United States	3366
to the extent that the interest or dividends are exempt from	3367
federal income taxes but not from state income taxes, but only	3368
to the extent that such net amount is not otherwise includible	3369
in Ohio taxable income and is described in either division (S)	3370

(1)(a) or (b) of this section;	3371
(3) Add the amount of personal exemption allowed to the	3372
estate pursuant to section 642(b) of the Internal Revenue Code;	3373
(4) Deduct interest or dividends, net of related expenses	3374
deducted in computing federal taxable income, on obligations of	3375
the United States and its territories and possessions or of any	3376
authority, commission, or instrumentality of the United States	3377
to the extent that the interest or dividends are exempt from	3378
state taxes under the laws of the United States, but only to the	3379
extent that such amount is included in federal taxable income	3380
and is described in either division (S)(1)(a) or (b) of this	3381
section;	3382
(5) Deduct the amount of wages and salaries, if any, not	3383
otherwise allowable as a deduction but that would have been	3384
allowable as a deduction in computing federal taxable income for	3385
the taxable year, had the targeted jobs credit allowed under	3386
sections 38, 51, and 52 of the Internal Revenue Code not been in	3387
effect, but only to the extent such amount relates either to	3388
income included in federal taxable income for the taxable year	3389
or to income of the S portion of an electing small business	3390
trust for the taxable year;	3391
(6) Deduct any interest or interest equivalent, net of	3392
related expenses deducted in computing federal taxable income,	3393
on public obligations and purchase obligations, but only to the	3394
extent that such net amount relates either to income included in	3395
federal taxable income for the taxable year or to income of the	3396
S portion of an electing small business trust for the taxable	3397
year;	3398
(7) Add any loss or deduct any gain resulting from sale,	3399

exchange, or other disposition of public obligations to the	3400
extent that such loss has been deducted or such gain has been	3401
included in computing either federal taxable income or income of	3402
the S portion of an electing small business trust for the	3403
taxable year;	3404
(8) Except in the case of the final return of an estate,	3405
add any amount deducted by the taxpayer on both its Ohio estate	3406
tax return pursuant to section 5731.14 of the Revised Code, and	3407
on its federal income tax return in determining federal taxable	3408
income;	3409
(9)(a) Deduct any amount included in federal taxable	3410
income solely because the amount represents a reimbursement or	3411
refund of expenses that in a previous year the decedent had	3412
deducted as an itemized deduction pursuant to section 63 of the	3413
Internal Revenue Code and applicable treasury regulations. The	3414
deduction otherwise allowed under division (S)(9)(a) of this	3415
section shall be reduced to the extent the reimbursement is	3416
attributable to an amount the taxpayer or decedent deducted	3417
under this section in any taxable year.	3418
(b) Add any amount not otherwise included in Ohio taxable	3419
income for any taxable year to the extent that the amount is	3420
attributable to the recovery during the taxable year of any	3421
amount deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio taxable	3422
income in any taxable year, but only to the extent such amount	3423
has not been distributed to beneficiaries for the taxable year.	3424
(10) Deduct any portion of the deduction described in	3425
section 1341(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, for repaying	3426
previously reported income received under a claim of right, that	3427
meets both of the following requirements:	3428

(a) It is allowable for repayment of an item that was	3429
included in the taxpayer's taxable income or the decedent's	3430
adjusted gross income for a prior taxable year and did not	3431
qualify for a credit under division (A) or (B) of section	3432
5747.05 of the Revised Code for that year.	3433
(b) It does not otherwise reduce the taxpayer's taxable	3434
income or the decedent's adjusted gross income for the current	3435
or any other taxable year.	3436
(11) Add any amount claimed as a credit under section	3437
5747.059 or 5747.65 of the Revised Code to the extent that the	3438
amount satisfies either of the following:	3439
(a) The amount was deducted or excluded from the	3440
computation of the taxpayer's federal taxable income as required	3441
to be reported for the taxpayer's taxable year under the	3442
Internal Revenue Code;	3443
(b) The amount resulted in a reduction in the taxpayer's	3444
federal taxable income as required to be reported for any of the	3445
taxpayer's taxable years under the Internal Revenue Code.	3446
(12) Deduct any amount, net of related expenses deducted	3447
in computing federal taxable income, that a trust is required to	3448
report as farm income on its federal income tax return, but only	3449
if the assets of the trust include at least ten acres of land	3450
satisfying the definition of "land devoted exclusively to	3451
agricultural use" under section 5713.30 of the Revised Code,	3452
regardless of whether the land is valued for tax purposes as	3453
such land under sections 5713.30 to 5713.38 of the Revised Code.	3454
If the trust is a pass-through entity investor, section 5747.231	3455
of the Revised Code applies in ascertaining if the trust is	3456

eligible to claim the deduction provided by division (S)(12) of

this section in connection with the pass-through entity's farm	3458
income.	3459
Except for farm income attributable to the S portion of an	3460
electing small business trust, the deduction provided by	3461
division (S)(12) of this section is allowed only to the extent	3462
that the trust has not distributed such farm income. Division	3463
(S)(12) of this section applies only to taxable years of a trust	3464
beginning in 2002 or thereafter.	3465
(13) Add the net amount of income described in section	3466
641(c) of the Internal Revenue Code to the extent that amount is	3467
not included in federal taxable income.	3468
(14) Add or deduct the amount the taxpayer would be	3469
required to add or deduct under division (A)(20) or (21) of this	3470
section if the taxpayer's Ohio taxable income were computed in	3471
the same manner as an individual's Ohio adjusted gross income is	3472
computed under this section. In the case of a trust, division	3473
(S) (14) of this section applies only to any of the trust's	3474
taxable years beginning in 2002 or thereafter.	3475
(T) "School district income" and "school district income	3476
tax" have the same meanings as in section 5748.01 of the Revised	3477
Code.	3478
(U) As used in divisions (A)(8), (A)(9), (S)(6), and (S)	3479
(7) of this section, "public obligations," "purchase	3480
obligations," and "interest or interest equivalent" have the	3481
same meanings as in section 5709.76 of the Revised Code.	3482
(V) "Limited liability company" means any limited	3483
liability company formed under Chapter 1705. of the Revised Code	3484
or under the laws of any other state.	3485
(W) "Pass-through entity investor" means any person who,	3486

during any portion of a taxable year of a pass-through entity,	3487
is a partner, member, shareholder, or equity investor in that	3488
pass-through entity.	3489
(X) "Banking day" has the same meaning as in section	3490
1304.01 of the Revised Code.	3491
(Y) "Month" means a calendar month.	3492
(Z) "Quarter" means the first three months, the second	3493
three months, the third three months, or the last three months	3494
of the taxpayer's taxable year.	3495
(AA)(1) "Eligible institution" means a state university or	3496
state institution of higher education as defined in section	3497
3345.011 of the Revised Code, or a private, nonprofit college,	3498
university, or other post-secondary institution located in this	3499
state that possesses a certificate of authorization issued by	3500
the chancellor of higher education pursuant to Chapter 1713. of	3501
the Revised Code or a certificate of registration issued by the	3502
state board of career colleges and schools under Chapter 3332.	3503
of the Revised Code.	3504
(2) "Qualified tuition and fees" means tuition and fees	3505
imposed by an eligible institution as a condition of enrollment	3506
or attendance, not exceeding two thousand five hundred dollars	3507
in each of the individual's first two years of post-secondary	3508
education. If the individual is a part-time student, "qualified	3509
tuition and fees" includes tuition and fees paid for the	3510
academic equivalent of the first two years of post-secondary	3511
education during a maximum of five taxable years, not exceeding	3512
a total of five thousand dollars. "Qualified tuition and fees"	3513
does not include:	3514
(a) Expenses for any course or activity involving sports,	3515

games, or hobbies unless the course or activity is part of the	3516
<pre>individual's degree or diploma program;</pre>	3517
(b) The cost of books, room and board, student activity	3518
fees, athletic fees, insurance expenses, or other expenses	3519
unrelated to the individual's academic course of instruction;	3520
(c) Tuition, fees, or other expenses paid or reimbursed	3521
through an employer, scholarship, grant in aid, or other	3522
educational benefit program.	3523
(BB)(1) "Modified business income" means the business	3524
income included in a trust's Ohio taxable income after such	3525
taxable income is first reduced by the qualifying trust amount,	3526
if any.	3527
(2) "Qualifying trust amount" of a trust means capital	3528
gains and losses from the sale, exchange, or other disposition	3529
of equity or ownership interests in, or debt obligations of, a	3530
qualifying investee to the extent included in the trust's Ohio	3531
taxable income, but only if the following requirements are	3532
satisfied:	3533
(a) The book value of the qualifying investee's physical	3534
assets in this state and everywhere, as of the last day of the	3535
qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar year ending immediately	3536
prior to the date on which the trust recognizes the gain or	3537
loss, is available to the trust.	3538
(b) The requirements of section 5747.011 of the Revised	3539
Code are satisfied for the trust's taxable year in which the	3540
trust recognizes the gain or loss.	3541
Any gain or loss that is not a qualifying trust amount is	3542
modified business income, qualifying investment income, or	3543
modified nonbusiness income, as the case may be.	3544

(3) "Modified nonbusiness income" means a trust's Ohio	3545							
taxable income other than modified business income, other than	3546							
the qualifying trust amount, and other than qualifying								
investment income, as defined in section 5747.012 of the Revised	3548							
Code, to the extent such qualifying investment income is not	3549							
otherwise part of modified business income.	3550							
(4) "Modified Ohio taxable income" applies only to trusts,	3551							
and means the sum of the amounts described in divisions (BB)(4)	3552							
(a) to (c) of this section:	3553							
(a) The fraction, calculated under section 5747.013, and	3554							
applying section 5747.231 of the Revised Code, multiplied by the	3555							
sum of the following amounts:	3556							
(i) The trust's modified business income;	3557							
(ii) The trust's qualifying investment income, as defined	3558							
in section 5747.012 of the Revised Code, but only to the extent	3559							
the qualifying investment income does not otherwise constitute								
modified business income and does not otherwise constitute a								
qualifying trust amount.	3562							
(b) The qualifying trust amount multiplied by a fraction,	3563							
the numerator of which is the sum of the book value of the	3564							
qualifying investee's physical assets in this state on the last	3565							
day of the qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar year ending	3566							
immediately prior to the day on which the trust recognizes the	3567							
qualifying trust amount, and the denominator of which is the sum	3568							
of the book value of the qualifying investee's total physical	3569							
assets everywhere on the last day of the qualifying investee's	3570							
fiscal or calendar year ending immediately prior to the day on	3571							
which the trust recognizes the qualifying trust amount. If, for	3572							

a taxable year, the trust recognizes a qualifying trust amount

with respect to more than one qualifying investee, the amount	3574					
described in division (BB)(4)(b) of this section shall equal the	3575					
sum of the products so computed for each such qualifying	3576					
investee.	3577					
(c)(i) With respect to a trust or portion of a trust that	3578					
is a resident as ascertained in accordance with division (I)(3)	3579					
(d) of this section, its modified nonbusiness income.						
(ii) With respect to a trust or portion of a trust that is	3581					
not a resident as ascertained in accordance with division (I)(3)	3582					
(d) of this section, the amount of its modified nonbusiness	3583					
income satisfying the descriptions in divisions (B)(2) to (5) of	3584					
5747 20 of the Deviced Code assert as atheresis	2505					
section 5747.20 of the Revised Code, except as otherwise	3585					

provided in division (BB) (4) (c) (ii) of this section. With 3586 respect to a trust or portion of a trust that is not a resident 3587 as ascertained in accordance with division (I)(3)(d) of this 3588 section, the trust's portion of modified nonbusiness income 3589 recognized from the sale, exchange, or other disposition of a 3590 3591 debt interest in or equity interest in a section 5747.212 entity, as defined in section 5747.212 of the Revised Code, 3592 without regard to division (A) of that section, shall not be 3593 allocated to this state in accordance with section 5747.20 of 3594 the Revised Code but shall be apportioned to this state in 3595 accordance with division (B) of section 5747.212 of the Revised 3596 Code without regard to division (A) of that section. 3597

If the allocation and apportionment of a trust's income 3598 under divisions (BB)(4)(a) and (c) of this section do not fairly 3599 represent the modified Ohio taxable income of the trust in this 3600 state, the alternative methods described in division (C) of 3601 section 5747.21 of the Revised Code may be applied in the manner 3602 and to the same extent provided in that section. 3603

(5) (a) Except as set forth in division (BB) (5) (b) of this 3604 section, "qualifying investee" means a person in which a trust 3605 has an equity or ownership interest, or a person or unit of 3606 government the debt obligations of either of which are owned by 3607 a trust. For the purposes of division (BB) (2) (a) of this section 3608 and for the purpose of computing the fraction described in 3609 division (BB) (4) (b) of this section, all of the following apply: 3610

- (i) If the qualifying investee is a member of a qualifying 3611 controlled group on the last day of the qualifying investee's 3612 fiscal or calendar year ending immediately prior to the date on 3613 which the trust recognizes the gain or loss, then "qualifying 3614 investee" includes all persons in the qualifying controlled 3615 group on such last day.
- (ii) If the qualifying investee, or if the qualifying 3617 investee and any members of the qualifying controlled group of 3618 which the qualifying investee is a member on the last day of the 3619 qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar year ending immediately 3620 prior to the date on which the trust recognizes the gain or 3621 loss, separately or cumulatively own, directly or indirectly, on 3622 the last day of the qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar 3623 year ending immediately prior to the date on which the trust 3624 recognizes the qualifying trust amount, more than fifty per cent 3625 of the equity of a pass-through entity, then the qualifying 3626 investee and the other members are deemed to own the 3627 proportionate share of the pass-through entity's physical assets 3628 which the pass-through entity directly or indirectly owns on the 3629 last day of the pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year 3630 ending within or with the last day of the qualifying investee's 3631 fiscal or calendar year ending immediately prior to the date on 3632 which the trust recognizes the qualifying trust amount. 3633

(iii) For the purposes of division (BB) (5) (a) (iii) of this 3634 section, "upper level pass-through entity" means a pass-through entity directly or indirectly owning any equity of another pass-through entity, and "lower level pass-through entity" means that 3637 other pass-through entity.

An upper level pass-through entity, whether or not it is 3639 also a qualifying investee, is deemed to own, on the last day of 3640 the upper level pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year, 3641 the proportionate share of the lower level pass-through entity's 3642 physical assets that the lower level pass-through entity 3643 3644 directly or indirectly owns on the last day of the lower level pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year ending within or 3645 with the last day of the upper level pass-through entity's 3646 fiscal or calendar year. If the upper level pass-through entity 3647 directly and indirectly owns less than fifty per cent of the 3648 equity of the lower level pass-through entity on each day of the 3649 upper level pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year in 3650 which or with which ends the calendar or fiscal year of the 3651 lower level pass-through entity and if, based upon clear and 3652 convincing evidence, complete information about the location and 3653 cost of the physical assets of the lower pass-through entity is 3654 not available to the upper level pass-through entity, then 3655 solely for purposes of ascertaining if a gain or loss 3656 constitutes a qualifying trust amount, the upper level pass-3657 through entity shall be deemed as owning no equity of the lower 3658 level pass-through entity for each day during the upper level 3659 pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year in which or with 3660 which ends the lower level pass-through entity's calendar or 3661 fiscal year. Nothing in division (BB)(5)(a)(iii) of this section 3662 shall be construed to provide for any deduction or exclusion in 3663 computing any trust's Ohio taxable income. 3664

(b) With respect to a trust that is not a resident for the	3665						
taxable year and with respect to a part of a trust that is not a	3666						
resident for the taxable year, "qualifying investee" for that	3667						
taxable year does not include a C corporation if both of the	3668						
following apply:	3669						
(i) During the taxable year the trust or part of the trust	3670						
recognizes a gain or loss from the sale, exchange, or other	3671						
disposition of equity or ownership interests in, or debt							
obligations of, the C corporation.	3673						
(ii) Such gain or loss constitutes nonbusiness income.	3674						
(6) "Available" means information is such that a person is	3675						
able to learn of the information by the due date plus	3676						
extensions, if any, for filing the return for the taxable year	3677						
in which the trust recognizes the gain or loss.	3678						
(CC) "Qualifying controlled group" has the same meaning as	3679						
in section 5733.04 of the Revised Code.	3680						
(DD) "Related member" has the same meaning as in section	3681						
5733.042 of the Revised Code.	3682						
(EE)(1) For the purposes of division (EE) of this section:	3683						
(a) "Qualifying person" means any person other than a	3684						
qualifying corporation.	3685						
(b) "Qualifying corporation" means any person classified	3686						
for federal income tax purposes as an association taxable as a	3687						
corporation, except either of the following:	3688						
(i) A corporation that has made an election under	3689						
subchapter S, chapter one, subtitle A, of the Internal Revenue	3690						
Code for its taxable year ending within, or on the last day of,	3691						
the investor's taxable year;							

(ii) A subsidiary that is wholly owned by any corporation	3693
that has made an election under subchapter S, chapter one,	3694
subtitle A of the Internal Revenue Code for its taxable year	3695
ending within, or on the last day of, the investor's taxable	3696
year.	3697
(2) For the purposes of this chapter, unless expressly	3698
stated otherwise, no qualifying person indirectly owns any asset	3699
directly or indirectly owned by any qualifying corporation.	3700
(FF) For purposes of this chapter and Chapter 5751. of the	3701
Revised Code:	3702
(1) "Trust" does not include a qualified pre-income tax	3703
trust.	3704
(2) A "qualified pre-income tax trust" is any pre-income	3705
tax trust that makes a qualifying pre-income tax trust election	3706
as described in division (FF)(3) of this section.	3707
(3) A "qualifying pre-income tax trust election" is an	3708
election by a pre-income tax trust to subject to the tax imposed	3709
by section 5751.02 of the Revised Code the pre-income tax trust	3710
and all pass-through entities of which the trust owns or	3711
controls, directly, indirectly, or constructively through	3712
related interests, five per cent or more of the ownership or	3713
equity interests. The trustee shall notify the tax commissioner	3714
in writing of the election on or before April 15, 2006. The	3715
election, if timely made, shall be effective on and after	3716
January 1, 2006, and shall apply for all tax periods and tax	3717
years until revoked by the trustee of the trust.	3718
(4) A "pre-income tax trust" is a trust that satisfies all	3719
of the following requirements:	3720

(a) The document or instrument creating the trust was

executed by the grantor before January 1, 1972;	3722
(b) The trust became irrevocable upon the creation of the	3723
trust; and	3724
(c) The grantor was domiciled in this state at the time	3725
the trust was created.	3726
(GG) "Uniformed services" has the same meaning as in 10	3727
U.S.C. 101.	3728
(HH) "Taxable business income" means the amount by which	3729
an individual's business income that is included in federal	3730
adjusted gross income exceeds the amount of business income the	3731
individual is authorized to deduct under division (A)(31) of	3732
this section for the taxable year.	3733
(II) "Employee" has the same meaning as in section 4177.01	3734
of the Revised Code, unless the internal revenue service has	3735
accepted the classification of an individual as an independent	3736
contractor made by the individual and the individual's payer.	3737
	3738
Section 2. That existing sections 119.14, 121.083,	3739
1349.61, 4111.02, 4111.03, 4111.09, 4111.13, 4111.14, 4113.15,	3740
4115.03, 4121.01, 4123.01, 4123.026, 4141.01, and 5747.01 of the	3741
Revised Code are hereby repealed.	3742
Section 3. Section 4111.03 of the Revised Code is	3743
presented in this act as a composite of the section as amended	3744
by both Sub. H.B. 187 and Am. Sub. H.B. 690 of the 126th General	3745
Assembly. The General Assembly, applying the principle stated in	3746
division (B) of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that amendments	3747
are to be harmonized if reasonably capable of simultaneous	3748
operation, finds that the composite is the resulting version of	3749

S. B. No. 38 As Introduced

the	section	in	effect	prior	to	the	effective	date	of	the	section	3750
as	presented	lin	this	act.								3751