As Introduced

134th General Assembly

Regular Session 2021-2022

H. B. No. 121

Representatives Lanese, Boggs

Cosponsors: Representatives Sweeney, Miranda, Crossman, Liston, Russo, Miller, A., Carfagna, Young, T., Galonski, Weinstein, Lepore-Hagan, Crawley

A BILL

То	amend sections 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04,	1
	2907.05, 2907.06, 2907.07, and 2945.42 of the	2
	Revised Code to eliminate the spousal exceptions	3
	for the offenses of rape, sexual battery,	4
	unlawful sexual conduct with a minor, gross	5
	sexual imposition, sexual imposition, and	6
	importuning and to permit a person to testify	7
	against the person's spouse in a prosecution for	8
	any of those offenses.	9

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04,	10
2907.05, 2907.06, 2907.07, and 2945.42 of the Revised Code be	11
amended to read as follows:	12
Sec. 2907.02. (A)(1) No person shall engage in sexual	13
conduct with another who is not the spouse of the offender or	14
who is the spouse of the offender but is living separate and	15
apart from the offender, when any of the following applies:	16
(a) For the purpose of preventing resistance, the offender	17

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substantially impairs the other person's judgment or control by
administering any drug, intoxicant, or controlled substance to
the other person surreptitiously or by force, threat of force,
or deception.

- (b) The other person is less than thirteen years of age, whether or not the offender knows the age of the other person.
- (c) The other person's ability to resist or consent is substantially impaired because of a mental or physical condition or because of advanced age, and the offender knows or has reasonable cause to believe that the other person's ability to resist or consent is substantially impaired because of a mental or physical condition or because of advanced age.
- (2) No person shall engage in sexual conduct with another when the offender purposely compels the other person to submit by force or threat of force.
- (B) Whoever violates this section is guilty of rape, a felony of the first degree. If the offender under division (A) (1) (a) of this section substantially impairs the other person's judgment or control by administering any controlled substance, as defined in section 3719.01 of the Revised Code, to the other person surreptitiously or by force, threat of force, or deception, the prison term imposed upon the offender shall be one of the definite prison terms prescribed for a felony of the first degree in division (A) (1) (b) of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code that is not less than five years, except that if the violation is committed on or after the effective date of this amendment March 22, 2019, the court shall impose as the minimum prison term for the offense a mandatory prison term that is one of the minimum terms prescribed for a felony of the first degree in division (A) (1) (a) of section 2929.14 of the Revised

Code that is not less than five years. Except as otherwise	48
provided in this division, notwithstanding sections 2929.11 to	49
2929.14 of the Revised Code, an offender under division (A)(1)	50
(b) of this section shall be sentenced to a prison term or term	51
of life imprisonment pursuant to section 2971.03 of the Revised	52
Code. If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	53
violation of division (A)(1)(b) of this section, if the offender	54
was less than sixteen years of age at the time the offender	55
committed the violation of that division, and if the offender	56
during or immediately after the commission of the offense did	57
not cause serious physical harm to the victim, the victim was	58
ten years of age or older at the time of the commission of the	59
violation, and the offender has not previously been convicted of	60
or pleaded guilty to a violation of this section or a	61
substantially similar existing or former law of this state,	62
another state, or the United States, the court shall not	63
sentence the offender to a prison term or term of life	64
imprisonment pursuant to section 2971.03 of the Revised Code,	65
and instead the court shall sentence the offender as otherwise	66
provided in this division. If an offender under division (A)(1)	67
(b) of this section previously has been convicted of or pleaded	68
guilty to violating division (A)(1)(b) of this section or to	69
violating an existing or former law of this state, another	70
state, or the United States that is substantially similar to	71
division (A)(1)(b) of this section, if the offender during or	72
immediately after the commission of the offense caused serious	73
physical harm to the victim, or if the victim under division (A)	74
(1) (b) of this section is less than ten years of age, in lieu of	75
sentencing the offender to a prison term or term of life	76
imprisonment pursuant to section 2971.03 of the Revised Code,	77
the court may impose upon the offender a term of life without	78
parole. If the court imposes a term of life without parole	79

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pursuant to this division, division (F) of section 2971.03 of
the Revised Code applies, and the offender automatically is
classified a tier III sex offender/child-victim offender, as
described in that division.

- (C) A victim need not prove physical resistance to the 84 offender in prosecutions under this section. 85
- (D) Evidence of specific instances of the victim's sexual activity, opinion evidence of the victim's sexual activity, and reputation evidence of the victim's sexual activity shall not be admitted under this section unless it involves evidence of the origin of semen, pregnancy, or disease, or the victim's past sexual activity with the offender, and only to the extent that the court finds that the evidence is material to a fact at issue in the case and that its inflammatory or prejudicial nature does not outweigh its probative value.

Evidence of specific instances of the defendant's sexual 95 activity, opinion evidence of the defendant's sexual activity, 96 and reputation evidence of the defendant's sexual activity shall 97 not be admitted under this section unless it involves evidence 98 of the origin of semen, pregnancy, or disease, the defendant's 99 past sexual activity with the victim, or is admissible against 100 the defendant under section 2945.59 of the Revised Code, and 101 only to the extent that the court finds that the evidence is 102 material to a fact at issue in the case and that its 103 inflammatory or prejudicial nature does not outweigh its 104 probative value. 105

(E) Prior to taking testimony or receiving evidence of any sexual activity of the victim or the defendant in a proceeding under this section, the court shall resolve the admissibility of the proposed evidence in a hearing in chambers, which shall be

held at or before preliminary hearing and not less than three	110
days before trial, or for good cause shown during the trial.	111
(F) Upon approval by the court, the victim may be	112
represented by counsel in any hearing in chambers or other	113
proceeding to resolve the admissibility of evidence. If the	114
victim is indigent or otherwise is unable to obtain the services	115
of counsel, the court, upon request, may appoint counsel to	116
represent the victim without cost to the victim.	117
(G) It is not a defense to a charge under division (A)(2)	118
of this section that the offender and the victim were married or	119
were cohabiting at the time of the commission of the offense.	120
Sec. 2907.03. (A) No person shall engage in sexual conduct	121
with another, not the spouse of the offender, when any of the	122
following apply:	123
(1) The offender knowingly coerces the other person to	124
submit by any means that would prevent resistance by a person of	125
ordinary resolution.	126
(2) The offender knows that the other person's ability to	127
appraise the nature of or control the other person's own conduct	128
is substantially impaired.	129
(3) The offender knows that the other person submits	130
because the other person is unaware that the act is being	131
committed.	132
(4) The offender knows that the other person submits	133
because the other person mistakenly identifies the offender as	134
the other person's spouse.	135
(5) The offender is the other person's natural or adoptive	136
parent, or a stepparent, or guardian, custodian, or person in	137

loco parentis of the other person.	138
(6) The other person is in custody of law or a patient in	139
a hospital or other institution, and the offender has	140
supervisory or disciplinary authority over the other person.	141
(7) The offender is a teacher, administrator, coach, or	142
other person in authority employed by or serving in a school for	143
which the state board of education prescribes minimum standards	144
pursuant to division (D) of section 3301.07 of the Revised Code,	145
the other person is enrolled in or attends that school, and the	146
offender is not enrolled in and does not attend that school.	147
(8) The other person is a minor, the offender is a	148
teacher, administrator, coach, or other person in authority	149
employed by or serving in an institution of higher education,	150
and the other person is enrolled in or attends that institution.	151
(9) The other person is a minor, and the offender is the	152
other person's athletic or other type of coach, is the other	153
person's instructor, is the leader of a scouting troop of which	154
the other person is a member, or is a person with temporary or	155
occasional disciplinary control over the other person.	156
(10) The offender is a mental health professional, the	157
other person is a mental health client or patient of the	158
offender, and the offender induces the other person to submit by	159
falsely representing to the other person that the sexual conduct	160
is necessary for mental health treatment purposes.	161
(11) The other person is confined in a detention facility,	162
and the offender is an employee of that detention facility.	163
(12) The other person is a minor, the offender is a	164
cleric, and the other person is a member of, or attends, the	165
church or congregation served by the cleric.	166

(13) The other person is a minor, the offender is a peace	167
officer, and the offender is more than two years older than the	168
other person.	169
(B) Whoever violates this section is guilty of sexual	170
battery. Except as otherwise provided in this division, sexual	171
battery is a felony of the third degree. If the other person is	172
less than thirteen years of age, sexual battery is a felony of	173
the second degree, and the court shall impose upon the offender	174
a mandatory prison term equal to one of the definite prison	175
terms prescribed in division (A)(2)(b) of section 2929.14 of the	176
Revised Code for a felony of the second degree, except that if	177
the violation is committed on or after the effective date of	178
this amendment March 22, 2019, the court shall impose as the	179
minimum prison term for the offense a mandatory prison term that	180
is one of the minimum terms prescribed in division (A)(2)(a) of	181
that section for a felony of the second degree.	182
(C) As used in this section:	183
(1) "Cleric" has the same meaning as in section 2317.02 of	184
the Revised Code.	185
(2) "Detention facility" has the same meaning as in	186
section 2921.01 of the Revised Code.	187
(3) "Institution of higher education" means a state	188
institution of higher education defined in section 3345.011 of	189
the Revised Code, a private nonprofit college or university	190
located in this state that possesses a certificate of	191
authorization issued by the Ohio board of regents pursuant to	192
Chapter 1713. of the Revised Code, or a school certified under	193
Chapter 3332. of the Revised Code.	194
(4) "Peace officer" has the same meaning as in section	195

2935.01 of the Revised Code.	196
Sec. 2907.04. (A) No person who is eighteen years of age	197
or older shall engage in sexual conduct with another, who is not	198
the spouse of the offender, when the offender knows the other	199
person is thirteen years of age or older but less than sixteen	200
years of age, or the offender is reckless in that regard.	201
(B) Whoever violates this section is guilty of unlawful	202
sexual conduct with a minor.	203
(1) Except as otherwise provided in divisions (B)(2), (3),	204
and (4) of this section, unlawful sexual conduct with a minor is	205
a felony of the fourth degree.	206
(2) Except as otherwise provided in division (B)(4) of	207
this section, if the offender is less than four years older than	208
the other person, unlawful sexual conduct with a minor is a	209
misdemeanor of the first degree.	210
(3) Except as otherwise provided in division (B)(4) of	211
this section, if the offender is ten or more years older than	212
the other person, unlawful sexual conduct with a minor is a	213
felony of the third degree.	214
(4) If the offender previously has been convicted of or	215
pleaded guilty to a violation of section 2907.02, 2907.03, or	216
2907.04 of the Revised Code or a violation of former section	217
2907.12 of the Revised Code, unlawful sexual conduct with a	218
minor is a felony of the second degree.	219
Sec. 2907.05. (A) No person shall have sexual contact with	220
another, not the spouse of the offender; cause another, not the	221
spouse of the offender, to have sexual contact with the	222
offender; or cause two or more other persons to have sexual	223
contact when any of the following applies:	224

(1) The offender purposely compels the other person, or	225
one of the other persons, to submit by force or threat of force.	226
(2) For the purpose of preventing resistance, the offender	227
substantially impairs the judgment or control of the other	228
person or of one of the other persons by administering any drug,	229
intoxicant, or controlled substance to the other person	230
surreptitiously or by force, threat of force, or deception.	231
(3) The offender knows that the judgment or control of the	232
other person or of one of the other persons is substantially	233
impaired as a result of the influence of any drug or intoxicant	234
administered to the other person with the other person's consent	235
for the purpose of any kind of medical or dental examination,	236
treatment, or surgery.	237
(4) The other person, or one of the other persons, is less	238
than thirteen years of age, whether or not the offender knows	239
the age of that person.	240
(5) The ability of the other person to resist or consent	241
or the ability of one of the other persons to resist or consent	242
is substantially impaired because of a mental or physical	243
condition or because of advanced age, and the offender knows or	244
has reasonable cause to believe that the ability to resist or	245
consent of the other person or of one of the other persons is	246
substantially impaired because of a mental or physical condition	247
or because of advanced age.	248
(B) No person shall knowingly touch the genitalia of	249
another, when the touching is not through clothing, the other	250
person is less than twelve years of age, whether or not the	251
offender knows the age of that person, and the touching is done	252
with an intent to abuse, humiliate, harass, degrade, or arouse	253

or gratify the sexual desire of any person.	254
(C) Whoever violates this section is guilty of gross	255
sexual imposition.	256
(1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, gross	257
sexual imposition committed in violation of division (A)(1),	258
(2), (3), or (5) of this section is a felony of the fourth	259
degree. If the offender under division (A)(2) of this section	260
substantially impairs the judgment or control of the other	261
person or one of the other persons by administering any	262
controlled substance, as defined in section 3719.01 of the	263
Revised Code, to the person surreptitiously or by force, threat	264
of force, or deception, gross sexual imposition committed in	265
violation of division (A)(2) of this section is a felony of the	266
third degree.	267
(2) Gross sexual imposition committed in violation of	268
division (A)(4) or (B) of this section is a felony of the third	269
degree. Except as otherwise provided in this division, for gross	270
sexual imposition committed in violation of division (A)(4) or	271
(B) of this section there is a presumption that a prison term	272
shall be imposed for the offense. The court shall impose on an	273
offender convicted of gross sexual imposition in violation of	274
division (A)(4) or (B) of this section a mandatory prison term,	275
as described in division (C)(3) of this section, for a felony of	276
the third degree if either of the following applies:	277
(a) Evidence other than the testimony of the victim was	278
admitted in the case corroborating the violation;	279
(b) The offender previously was convicted of or pleaded	280
guilty to a violation of this section, rape, the former offense	281
of felonious sexual penetration, or sexual battery, and the	282

victim of the previous offense was less than thirteen years of	283
age.	284
(3) A mandatory prison term required under division (C)(2)	285
of this section shall be a definite term from the range of	286
prison terms provided in division (A)(3)(a) of section 2929.14	287
of the Revised Code for a felony of the third degree.	288
(D) A victim need not prove physical resistance to the	289
offender in prosecutions under this section.	290
(E) Evidence of specific instances of the victim's sexual	291
activity, opinion evidence of the victim's sexual activity, and	292
reputation evidence of the victim's sexual activity shall not be	293
admitted under this section unless it involves evidence of the	294
origin of semen, pregnancy, or disease, or the victim's past	295
sexual activity with the offender, and only to the extent that	296
the court finds that the evidence is material to a fact at issue	297
in the case and that its inflammatory or prejudicial nature does	298
not outweigh its probative value.	299
Evidence of specific instances of the defendant's sexual	300
activity, opinion evidence of the defendant's sexual activity,	301
and reputation evidence of the defendant's sexual activity shall	302
not be admitted under this section unless it involves evidence	303
of the origin of semen, pregnancy, or disease, the defendant's	304
past sexual activity with the victim, or is admissible against	305
the defendant under section 2945.59 of the Revised Code, and	306
only to the extent that the court finds that the evidence is	307
material to a fact at issue in the case and that its	308
inflammatory or prejudicial nature does not outweigh its	309
probative value.	310

(F) Prior to taking testimony or receiving evidence of any 311

sexual activity of the victim or the defendant in a proceeding	312
under this section, the court shall resolve the admissibility of	313
the proposed evidence in a hearing in chambers, which shall be	314
held at or before preliminary hearing and not less than three	315
days before trial, or for good cause shown during the trial.	316
(G) Upon approval by the court, the victim may be	317
represented by counsel in any hearing in chambers or other	318
proceeding to resolve the admissibility of evidence. If the	319
victim is indigent or otherwise is unable to obtain the services	320
of counsel, the court, upon request, may appoint counsel to	321
represent the victim without cost to the victim.	322
Sec. 2907.06. (A) No person shall have sexual contact with	323
another, not the spouse of the offender; cause another, not the	324
spouse of the offender, to have sexual contact with the	325
offender; or cause two or more other persons to have sexual	326
contact when any of the following applies:	327
(1) The offender knows that the sexual contact is	328
offensive to the other person, or one of the other persons, or	329
is reckless in that regard.	330
(2) The offender knows that the other person's, or one of	331
the other person's, ability to appraise the nature of or control	332
the offender's or touching person's conduct is substantially	333
impaired.	334
(3) The offender knows that the other person, or one of	335
the other persons, submits because of being unaware of the	336
sexual contact.	337
(4) The other person, or one of the other persons, is	338
thirteen years of age or older but less than sixteen years of	339
age, whether or not the offender knows the age of such person,	340

and the offender is at least eighteen years of age and four or	341
more years older than such other person.	342
(5) The offender is a mental health professional, the	343
other person or one of the other persons is a mental health	344
client or patient of the offender, and the offender induces the	345
other person who is the client or patient to submit by falsely	346
representing to the other person who is the client or patient	347
that the sexual contact is necessary for mental health treatment	348
purposes.	349
(B) No person shall be convicted of a violation of this	350
section solely upon the victim's testimony unsupported by other	351
evidence.	352
evidence.	332
(C) Whoever violates this section is guilty of sexual	353
imposition, a misdemeanor of the third degree. If the offender	354
previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a	355
violation of this section or of section 2907.02, 2907.03,	356
2907.04, or 2907.05, or former section 2907.12 of the Revised	357
Code, a violation of this section is a misdemeanor of the first	358
degree. If the offender previously has been convicted of or	359
pleaded guilty to three or more violations of this section or	360
section 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04, or 2907.05, or former section	361
2907.12 of the Revised Code, or of any combination of those	362
sections, a violation of this section is a misdemeanor of the	363
first degree and, notwithstanding the range of jail terms	364
prescribed in section 2929.24 of the Revised Code, the court may	365
impose on the offender a definite jail term of not more than one	366
year.	367
Sec. 2907.07. (A) No person shall solicit a person who is	368
less than thirteen years of age to engage in sexual activity	369

with the offender, whether or not the offender knows the age of

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such person.	371
(B)(1) No person shall solicit another, not the spouse of	372
the offender, to engage in sexual conduct with the offender,	373
when the offender is eighteen years of age or older and four or	374
more years older than the other person, and the other person is	375
thirteen years of age or older but less than sixteen years of	376
age, whether or not the offender knows the age of the other	377
person.	378
(2) No person shall solicit another, not the spouse of the	379
offender, to engage in sexual conduct with the offender, when	380
the offender is eighteen years of age or older and four or more	381
years older than the other person, the other person is sixteen	382
or seventeen years of age and a victim of a violation of section	383
2905.32 of the Revised Code, and the offender knows or has	384
reckless disregard of the age of the other person.	385
(C) No person shall solicit another by means of a	386
telecommunications device, as defined in section 2913.01 of the	387
Revised Code, to engage in sexual activity with the offender	388
when the offender is eighteen years of age or older and either	389
of the following applies:	390
(1) The other person is less than thirteen years of age,	391
and the offender knows that the other person is less than	392
thirteen years of age or is reckless in that regard.	393
(2) The other person is a law enforcement officer posing	394
as a person who is less than thirteen years of age, and the	395
offender believes that the other person is less than thirteen	396
years of age or is reckless in that regard.	397
(D) No person shall solicit another by means of a	398

telecommunications device, as defined in section 2913.01 of the

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Revised Code, to engage in sexual activity with the offender	400
when the offender is eighteen years of age or older and either	401
of the following applies:	402
(1) The other person is thirteen years of age or older but	403
less than sixteen years of age, the offender knows that the	404
other person is thirteen years of age or older but less than	405
sixteen years of age or is reckless in that regard, and the	406
offender is four or more years older than the other person.	407
(2) The other person is a law enforcement officer posing	408
as a person who is thirteen years of age or older but less than	409
sixteen years of age, the offender believes that the other	410
person is thirteen years of age or older but less than sixteen	411
years of age or is reckless in that regard, and the offender is	412
four or more years older than the age the law enforcement	413
officer assumes in posing as the person who is thirteen years of	414
age or older but less than sixteen years of age.	415
(E) Divisions (C) and (D) of this section apply to any	416
solicitation that is contained in a transmission via a	417
telecommunications device that either originates in this state	418
or is received in this state.	419
(F)(1) Whoever violates this section is guilty of	420
importuning.	421
(2) Except as otherwise provided in this division, a	422
violation of division (A) or (C) of this section is a felony of	423
the third degree on a first offense, and, notwithstanding	424
division (C) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code, there is a	425
presumption that a prison term shall be imposed as described in	426
division (D) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code. If the	427
offender previously has been convicted of a sexually oriented	428

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offense or a child-victim oriented offense, a violation of	429
division (A) or (C) of this section is a felony of the second	430
degree, and the court shall impose upon the offender as a	431
mandatory prison term one of the definite prison terms	432
prescribed in division (A)(2)(b) of section 2929.14 of the	433
Revised Code for a felony of the second degree, except that if	434
the violation is committed on or after the effective date of	435
this amendment March 22, 2019, the court shall impose as the	436
minimum prison term for the offense a mandatory prison term that	437
is one of the minimum terms prescribed in division (A)(2)(a) of	438
that section for a felony of the second degree.	439

(3) A violation of division (B) or (D) of this section is 440 a felony of the fifth degree on a first offense, and, 441 notwithstanding division (B) of section 2929.13 of the Revised 442 Code, there is a presumption that a prison term shall be imposed 443 as described in division (D) of section 2929.13 of the Revised 444 Code. If the offender previously has been convicted of a 445 sexually oriented offense or a child-victim oriented offense, a 446 violation of division (B) or (D) of this section is a felony of 447 the fourth degree, and the court shall impose upon the offender 448 as a mandatory prison term one of the prison terms prescribed in 449 section 2929.14 of the Revised Code for a felony of the fourth 450 degree that is not less than twelve months in duration. 451

Sec. 2945.42. No person is disqualified as a witness in a 452 criminal prosecution by reason of the person's interest in the 453 prosecution as a party or otherwise or by reason of the person's 454 conviction of crime. Husband and wife are competent witnesses to 455 testify in behalf of each other in all criminal prosecutions and 456 to testify against each other in all actions, prosecutions, and 457 proceedings for personal injury of either by the other, bigamy, 458 or failure to provide for, neglect of, or cruelty to their 459

children under eighteen years of age or their physically or	460
mentally handicapped child under twenty-one years of age. A	461
spouse may testify against his or her spouse in a prosecution	462
under a provision of sections 2903.11 to 2903.13, 2919.21,	463
2919.22, or 2919.25 of the Revised Code for cruelty to, neglect	464
of, or abandonment of such spouse, in a prosecution against his	465
or her spouse under section 2903.211 or 2911.211 $_{ au}$ of the Revised	466
Code for the commission of the offense against the spouse who is	467
testifying, in a prosecution under section 2919.27 of the	468
Revised Code involving a protection order issued or consent	469
agreement approved pursuant to section 2919.26 or 3113.31 of the	470
Revised Code for the commission of the offense against the	471
spouse who is testifying, or in a prosecution under section	472
2907.02 of the Revised Code for the commission of rape, under	473
section 2907.03 of the Revised Code for the commission of sexual	474
battery, under section 2907.04 of the Revised Code for the	475
commission of unlawful sexual conduct with a minor, under	476
section 2907.05 of the Revised Code for the commission of gross	477
sexual imposition, under section 2907.06 of the Revised Code for	478
the commission of sexual imposition, under division (B)(2) of	479
section 2907.07 of the Revised Code for the commission of	480
importuning, or under former section 2907.12 of the Revised Code	481
for felonious sexual penetration against such spouse in a case	482
in which the offense can be committed against a spouse. Such	483
interest, conviction, or relationship may be shown for the	484
purpose of affecting the credibility of the witness. Husband or	485
wife shall not testify concerning a communication made by one to	486
the other, or act done by either in the presence of the other,	487
during coverture, unless the communication was made or act done	488
in the known presence or hearing of a third person competent to	489
be a witness, or in case of personal injury by either the	490
husband or wife to the other, or rape or the former offense of	491

felonious sexual penetration in a case in which the offense can	492
be committed against a spouse, or sexual battery, unlawful	493
sexual conduct with a minor, gross sexual imposition, sexual	494
imposition, importuning, public indecency, or bigamy, or failure	495
to provide for, or neglect or cruelty of either to their	496
children under eighteen years of age or their physically or	497
mentally handicapped child under twenty-one years of age,	498
violation of a protection order or consent agreement, or neglect	499
or abandonment of a spouse under a provision of those sections.	500
The presence or whereabouts of the husband or wife is not an act	501
under this section. The rule is the same if the marital relation	502
has ceased to exist.	503
Section 2. That existing sections 2907.02, 2907.03,	504
2907.04, 2907.05, 2907.06, 2907.07, and 2945.42 of the Revised	505
Code are hereby repealed.	506
Section 3. The General Assembly, applying the principle	507
stated in division (B) of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that	508
amendments are to be harmonized if reasonably capable of	509
simultaneous operation, finds that the following sections,	510
presented in this act as composites of the sections as amended	511
by the acts indicated, are the resulting versions of the	512
sections in effect prior to the effective date of the sections	513
as presented in this act:	514
Section 2907.02 of the Revised Code as amended by both	515
S.B. 201 and S.B. 229 of the 132nd General Assembly.	516
Section 2907.05 of the Revised Code as amended by both	517
S.B. 201 and S.B. 229 of the 132nd General Assembly.	518