

As Reported by the House Agriculture and Conservation Committee

134th General Assembly

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Am. H. B. No. 175

Representative Hillyer

**Cosponsors: Representatives Seitz, Stoltzfus, Kick, Young, T., Creech, Fowler
Arthur, Jones**

A BILL

To amend sections 3745.114 and 6111.01 and to enact 1
section 6111.011 of the Revised Code to 2
deregulate certain ephemeral water features 3
under various water pollution control laws. 4

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 3745.114 and 6111.01 be amended 5
and section 6111.011 of the Revised Code be enacted to read as 6
follows: 7

Sec. 3745.114. (A) A person that applies for a section 401 8
water quality certification under Chapter 6111. of the Revised 9
Code and rules adopted under it shall pay an application fee of 10
two hundred dollars at the time of application plus any of the 11
following fees, as applicable: 12

(1) If the water resource to be impacted is a wetland, a 13
review fee of five hundred dollars per acre of wetland to be 14
impacted; 15

(2) If the water resource to be impacted is a stream one 16
of the following fees, as applicable: 17

~~(a) For an ephemeral stream, a review fee of five dollars per linear foot of stream to be impacted, or two hundred dollars, whichever is greater;~~ 18
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~~(b)~~ For an intermittent stream, a review fee of ten dollars per linear foot of stream to be impacted, or two hundred dollars, whichever is greater; 21
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~~(e)~~ (b) For a perennial stream, a review fee of fifteen dollars per linear foot of stream to be impacted, or two hundred dollars, whichever is greater. 24
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(3) If the water resource to be impacted is a lake, a review fee of three dollars per cubic yard of dredged or fill material to be moved. 27
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(B) One-half of all applicable review fees levied under this section shall be due at the time of application for a section 401 water quality certification. The remainder of the fees shall be paid upon the final disposition of the application for a section 401 water quality certification. The total fee to be paid under this section shall not exceed twenty-five thousand dollars per application. However, if the applicant is a county, township, or municipal corporation in this state, the total fee to be paid shall not exceed five thousand dollars per application. 30
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(C) All money collected under this section shall be transmitted to the treasurer of state for deposit into the state treasury to the credit of the surface water protection fund created in section 6111.038 of the Revised Code. 40
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(D) The fees established under this section do not apply to any state agency as defined in section 119.01 of the Revised Code or to the United States army corps of engineers. 44
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(E) The fees established under this section do not apply 47
to projects that are authorized by the environmental protection 48
agency's general certifications of nationwide permits or general 49
permits issued by the United States army corps of engineers. As 50
used in this division, "general permit" and "nationwide permit" 51
have the same meanings as in rules adopted under Chapter 6111. 52
of the Revised Code. 53

(F) Coal mining and reclamation operations that are 54
authorized under Chapter 1513. of the Revised Code are exempt 55
from the fees established under this section for one year after 56
~~the effective date of this amendment~~ March 30, 2006. 57

(G) As used in this section: 58

(1) ~~"Ephemeral streamfeature" means a stream that flows~~ 59
surface water flowing or pooling only in direct response to 60
~~precipitation in the immediate watershed or in response to the~~ 61
~~melting of a cover of, such as rain or snow and ice and that has~~ 62
~~channel bottom that is always above the local water table.~~ 63
"Ephemeral feature" does not include a wetland as defined in 64
section 6111.02 of the Revised Code. 65

(2) "Intermittent stream" means a stream that is below the 66
local water table and flows for at least a part of each year and 67
that obtains its flow from both surface runoff and ground water 68
discharge. 69

(3) "Perennial stream" means a stream or a part of a 70
stream that flows continuously during all of the calendar year 71
as a result of ground water discharge or surface water runoff. 72
"Perennial stream" does not include an intermittent stream or an 73
ephemeral ~~streamfeature~~. 74

Sec. 6111.01. As used in this chapter: 75

(A) "Pollution" means the placing of any sewage, sludge, 76
sludge materials, industrial waste, or other wastes in any 77
waters of the state. 78

(B) "Sewage" means any liquid waste containing sludge, 79
sludge materials, or animal or vegetable matter in suspension or 80
solution, and may include household wastes as commonly 81
discharged from residences and from commercial, institutional, 82
or similar facilities. 83

(C) "Industrial waste" means any liquid, gaseous, or solid 84
waste substance resulting from any process of industry, 85
manufacture, trade, or business, or from the development, 86
processing, or recovery of any natural resource, together with 87
such sewage as is present. 88

(D) "Other wastes" means garbage, refuse, decayed wood, 89
sawdust, shavings, bark, and other wood debris, lime, sand, 90
ashes, offal, night soil, oil, tar, coal dust, dredged or fill 91
material, or silt, other substances that are not sewage, sludge, 92
sludge materials, or industrial waste, and any other 93
"pollutants" or "toxic pollutants" as defined in the Federal 94
Water Pollution Control Act that are not sewage, sludge, sludge 95
materials, or industrial waste. 96

(E) "Sewerage system" means pipelines or conduits, pumping 97
stations, and force mains, and all other constructions, devices, 98
appurtenances, and facilities used for collecting or conducting 99
water-borne sewage, industrial waste, or other wastes to a point 100
of disposal or treatment, but does not include plumbing 101
fixtures, building drains and subdrains, building sewers, and 102
building storm sewers. 103

(F) "Treatment works" means any plant, disposal field, 104

lagoon, dam, pumping station, building sewer connected directly 105
to treatment works, incinerator, or other works used for the 106
purpose of treating, stabilizing, blending, composting, or 107
holding sewage, sludge, sludge materials, industrial waste, or 108
other wastes, except as otherwise defined. 109

(G) "Disposal system" means a system for disposing of 110
sewage, sludge, sludge materials, industrial waste, or other 111
wastes and includes sewerage systems and treatment works. 112

(H) "Waters of the state" means all streams, lakes, ponds, 113
marshes, watercourses, waterways, wells, springs, irrigation 114
systems, drainage systems, and other bodies or accumulations of 115
water, surface and underground, natural or artificial, 116
regardless of the depth of the strata in which underground water 117
is located, that are situated wholly or partly within, or border 118
upon, this state, or are within its jurisdiction, except those 119
private waters that do not combine or effect a junction with 120
natural surface or underground waters. "Waters of the state" 121
does not include an ephemeral feature. 122

(I) "Person" means the state, any municipal corporation, 123
any other political subdivision of the state, any person as 124
defined in section 1.59 of the Revised Code, any interstate body 125
created by compact, or the federal government or any department, 126
agency, or instrumentality thereof. 127

(J) "Industrial water pollution control facility" means 128
any disposal system or any treatment works, pretreatment works, 129
appliance, equipment, machinery, pipeline or conduit, pumping 130
station, force main, or installation constructed, used, or 131
placed in operation primarily for the purpose of collecting or 132
conducting industrial waste to a point of disposal or treatment; 133
reducing, controlling, or eliminating water pollution caused by 134

industrial waste; or reducing, controlling, or eliminating the 135
discharge into a disposal system of industrial waste or what 136
would be industrial waste if discharged into the waters of the 137
state. 138

(K) "Schedule of compliance" means a schedule of remedial 139
measures including an enforceable sequence of actions or 140
operations leading to compliance with standards and rules 141
adopted under sections 6111.041 and 6111.042 of the Revised Code 142
or compliance with terms and conditions of permits set under 143
division (J) of section 6111.03 of the Revised Code. 144

(L) "Federal Water Pollution Control Act" means the 145
"Federal Water Pollution Control Act Amendments of 1972," 86 146
Stat. 886, 33 U.S.C.A. 1251, as amended by the "Clean Water Act 147
of 1977," 91 Stat. 1566, 33 U.S.C.A. 1251, and all other 148
amendments to that act. 149

(M) "Historically channelized watercourse" means the 150
portion of a watercourse on which an improvement, as defined in 151
divisions (C) (2) to (4) of section 6131.01 of the Revised Code, 152
was constructed pursuant to Chapter 940., 6131., or 6133. of the 153
Revised Code or a similar state law that preceded any of those 154
chapters and authorized such an improvement. 155

(N) "Sludge" means sewage sludge and a solid, semi-solid, 156
or liquid residue that is generated from an industrial 157
wastewater treatment process and that is applied to land for 158
agronomic benefit. "Sludge" does not include ash generated 159
during the firing of sludge in a sludge incinerator, grit and 160
screening generated during preliminary treatment of sewage in a 161
treatment works, animal manure, residue generated during 162
treatment of animal manure, or domestic septage. 163

(O) "Sludge materials" means solid, semi-solid, or liquid materials derived from sludge and includes products from a treatment works that result from the treatment, blending, or composting of sludge.	164 165 166 167
(P) "Storage of sludge" means the placement of sludge on land on which the sludge remains for not longer than two years, but does not include the placement of sludge on land for treatment.	168 169 170 171
(Q) "Sludge disposal program" means any program used by an entity that begins with the generation of sludge and includes treatment or disposal of the sludge, as "treatment" and "disposal" are defined in division (Y) of section 3745.11 of the Revised Code.	172 173 174 175 176
(R) "Agronomic benefit" means any process that promotes or enhances plant growth and includes, but is not limited to, a process that increases soil fertility and moisture retention.	177 178 179
(S) "Sludge management" means the use, storage, treatment, or disposal of, and management practices related to, sludge and sludge materials.	180 181 182
(T) "Sludge management permit" means a permit for sludge management that is issued under division (J) of section 6111.03 of the Revised Code.	183 184 185
(U) "Sewage sludge" has the same meaning as in division (Y) of section 3745.11 of the Revised Code.	186 187
<u>(V) "Ephemeral feature" means surface water flowing or pooling only in direct response to precipitation, such as rain or snow. "Ephemeral feature" does not include a wetland, as defined in section 6111.02 of the Revised Code.</u>	188 189 190 191

Sec. 6111.011. (A) The exclusion of ephemeral features 192
from the definition of waters of the state under section 6111.01 193
of the Revised Code does not affect the director of 194
environmental protection's authority to do all of the following: 195

(1) Administer and enforce Chapter 3734. of the Revised 196
Code with regard to any discharge, deposit, dumping, or 197
placement of wastes regulated under that chapter in an ephemeral 198
feature; 199

(2) Administer and enforce Chapter 3714. of the Revised 200
Code with regard to any discharge, deposit, dumping, or 201
placement of construction and demolition debris in an ephemeral 202
feature; 203

(3) Take any other authorized actions under the Revised 204
Code, other than Chapter 6111. of the Revised Code, that apply 205
to the discharge, deposit, dumping, or placement of waste, 206
debris, or other materials in an ephemeral feature. 207

(B) The exclusion of ephemeral features from the 208
definition of waters of the state under section 6111.01 of the 209
Revised Code does not affect the authority of any state agency, 210
other than the environmental protection agency, to take any 211
authorized actions under the Revised Code, other than Chapter 212
6111. of the Revised Code, that apply to the discharge, deposit, 213
dumping, or placement of waste, debris, or other materials in an 214
ephemeral feature. 215

Section 2. That existing sections 3745.114 and 6111.01 of 216
the Revised Code are hereby repealed. 217