As Passed by the House

134th General Assembly

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Representative Roemer

Cosponsors: Representatives Fowler Arthur, Seitz, Young, T., Riedel, McClain, Baldridge, Bird, Brown, Carruthers, Crossman, Cutrona, Edwards, Fraizer, Galonski, Gross, Hoops, Lanese, Merrin, Pavliga, Plummer, Richardson, Stephens

A BILL

То	amend sections 718.01, 718.80, 718.81, 718.83,	1
	718.85, 718.90, and 5703.77 and to enact section	2
	718.841 of the Revised Code to make changes	3
	related to the state administration of municipal	4
	net profits taxes and the municipal taxation of	5
	retirement benefits.	6

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 718.01, 718.80, 718.81, 718.83,	7
718.85, 718.90, and 5703.77 be amended and section 718.841 of	8
the Revised Code be enacted to read as follows:	9

Sec. 718.01. Any term used in this chapter that is not 10 otherwise defined in this chapter has the same meaning as when 11 used in a comparable context in laws of the United States 12 relating to federal income taxation or in Title LVII of the 13 Revised Code, unless a different meaning is clearly required. 14 Except as provided in section 718.81 of the Revised Code, if a 15 term used in this chapter that is not otherwise defined in this 16 chapter is used in a comparable context in both the laws of the 17 United States relating to federal income tax and in Title LVII 18 of the Revised Code and the use is not consistent, then the use 19 of the term in the laws of the United States relating to federal 20 income tax shall control over the use of the term in Title LVII 21 of the Revised Code. 22

Except as otherwise provided in section 718.81 of the Revised Code, as used in this chapter:

(A) (1) "Municipal taxable income" means the following:

(a) For a person other than an individual, income
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apportioned or sitused to the municipal corporation under
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section 718.02 of the Revised Code, as applicable, reduced by
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any pre-2017 net operating loss carryforward available to the
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person for the municipal corporation.

(b) (i) For an individual who is a resident of a municipal corporation other than a qualified municipal corporation, income reduced by exempt income to the extent otherwise included in income, then reduced as provided in division (A) (2) of this section, and further reduced by any pre-2017 net operating loss carryforward available to the individual for the municipal corporation.

(ii) For an individual who is a resident of a qualified 38 municipal corporation, Ohio adjusted gross income reduced by 39 income exempted, and increased by deductions excluded, by the 40 qualified municipal corporation from the qualified municipal 41 corporation's tax. If a qualified municipal corporation, on or 42 before December 31, 2013, exempts income earned by individuals 43 who are not residents of the qualified municipal corporation and 44 net profit of persons that are not wholly located within the 45 qualified municipal corporation, such individual or person shall 46

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have no municipal taxable income for the purposes of the tax47levied by the qualified municipal corporation and may be48exempted by the qualified municipal corporation from the49requirements of section 718.03 of the Revised Code.50

(c) For an individual who is a nonresident of a municipal 51 corporation, income reduced by exempt income to the extent 52 otherwise included in income and then, as applicable, 53 apportioned or sitused to the municipal corporation under 54 section 718.02 of the Revised Code, then reduced as provided in 55 division (A)(2) of this section, and further reduced by any pre-56 57 2017 net operating loss carryforward available to the individual for the municipal corporation. 58

59 (2) In computing the municipal taxable income of a taxpayer who is an individual, the taxpayer may subtract, as 60 provided in division (A)(1)(b)(i) or (c) of this section, the 61 amount of the individual's employee business expenses reported 62 on the individual's form 2106 that the individual deducted for 63 federal income tax purposes for the taxable year, subject to the 64 limitation imposed by section 67 of the Internal Revenue Code. 65 For the municipal corporation in which the taxpayer is a 66 resident, the taxpayer may deduct all such expenses allowed for 67 federal income tax purposes. For a municipal corporation in 68 which the taxpayer is not a resident, the taxpayer may deduct 69 such expenses only to the extent the expenses are related to the 70 taxpayer's performance of personal services in that nonresident 71 municipal corporation. 72

(B) "Income" means the following:

(1) (a) For residents, all income, salaries, qualifying
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wages, commissions, and other compensation from whatever source
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earned or received by the resident, including the resident's
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distributive share of the net profit of pass-through entities owned directly or indirectly by the resident and any net profit of the resident, except as provided in division (D)(5) of this section.

(b) For the purposes of division (B)(1)(a) of this 81 section: 82

(i) Any net operating loss of the resident incurred in the 83 taxable year and the resident's distributive share of any net 84 operating loss generated in the same taxable year and 85 attributable to the resident's ownership interest in a pass-86 through entity shall be allowed as a deduction, for that taxable 87 year and the following five taxable years, against any other net 88 profit of the resident or the resident's distributive share of 89 any net profit attributable to the resident's ownership interest 90 in a pass-through entity until fully utilized, subject to 91 division (B)(1)(d) of this section; 92

(ii) The resident's distributive share of the net profit of each pass-through entity owned directly or indirectly by the resident shall be calculated without regard to any net operating loss that is carried forward by that entity from a prior taxable year and applied to reduce the entity's net profit for the current taxable year.

(c) Division (B) (1) (b) of this section does not apply with 99
respect to any net profit or net operating loss attributable to 100
an ownership interest in an S corporation unless shareholders' 101
distributive shares of net profits from S corporations are 102
subject to tax in the municipal corporation as provided in 103
division (C) (14) (b) or (c) of this section. 104

(d) Any amount of a net operating loss used to reduce a

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taxpayer's net profit for a taxable year shall reduce the amount106of net operating loss that may be carried forward to any107subsequent year for use by that taxpayer. In no event shall the108cumulative deductions for all taxable years with respect to a109taxpayer's net operating loss exceed the original amount of that110net operating loss available to that taxpayer.111

(2) In the case of nonresidents, all income, salaries, 112 qualifying wages, commissions, and other compensation from 113 whatever source earned or received by the nonresident for work 114 115 done, services performed or rendered, or activities conducted in the municipal corporation, including any net profit of the 116 nonresident, but excluding the nonresident's distributive share 117 of the net profit or loss of only pass-through entities owned 118 directly or indirectly by the nonresident. 119

(3) For taxpayers that are not individuals, net profit of120the taxpayer;121

(4) Lottery, sweepstakes, gambling and sports winnings,
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winnings from games of chance, and prizes and awards. If the
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taxpayer is a professional gambler for federal income tax
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purposes, the taxpayer may deduct related wagering losses and
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expenses to the extent authorized under the Internal Revenue
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Code and claimed against such winnings.

(C) "Exempt income" means all of the following:

(1) The military pay or allowances of members of the armed
forces of the United States or members of their reserve
components, including the national guard of any state;
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(2) (a) Except as provided in division (C) (2) (b) of thissection, intangible income;133

(b) A municipal corporation that taxed any type of 134

intangible income on March 29, 1988, pursuant to Section 3 of
S.B. 238 of the 116th general assembly, may continue to tax that
type of income if a majority of the electors of the municipal
corporation voting on the question of whether to permit the
taxation of that type of intangible income after 1988 voted in
favor thereof at an election held on November 8, 1988.

(3) Social security benefits, railroad retirement 141 benefits, unemployment compensation, pensions, retirement 142 benefit payments, payments from annuities, and similar payments 143 made to an employee or to the beneficiary of an employee under a 144 retirement program or plan, disability payments received from 145 private industry or local, state, or federal governments or from 146 charitable, religious or educational organizations, and the 147 proceeds of sickness, accident, or liability insurance policies. 148 As used in division (C)(3) of this section, "unemployment 149 compensation" does not include supplemental unemployment 150 compensation described in section 3402(o)(2) of the Internal 151 Revenue Code. 152

(4) The income of religious, fraternal, charitable,
scientific, literary, or educational institutions to the extent
such income is derived from tax-exempt real estate, tax-exempt
tangible or intangible property, or tax-exempt activities.

(5) Compensation paid under section 3501.28 or 3501.36 of 157 the Revised Code to a person serving as a precinct election 158 official to the extent that such compensation does not exceed 159 one thousand dollars for the taxable year. Such compensation in 160 excess of one thousand dollars for the taxable year may be 161 subject to taxation by a municipal corporation. A municipal 162 corporation shall not require the payer of such compensation to 163 withhold any tax from that compensation. 164

(6) Dues, contributions, and similar payments received by 165 charitable, religious, educational, or literary organizations or 166 labor unions, lodges, and similar organizations; 167 (7) Alimony and child support received; 168 (8) Compensation for personal injuries or for damages to 169 property from insurance proceeds or otherwise, excluding 170 compensation paid for lost salaries or wages or compensation 171 from punitive damages; 172 (9) Income of a public utility when that public utility is 173 subject to the tax levied under section 5727.24 or 5727.30 of 174 the Revised Code. Division (C) (9) of this section does not apply 175 for purposes of Chapter 5745. of the Revised Code. 176 (10) Gains from involuntary conversions, interest on 177 federal obligations, items of income subject to a tax levied by 178 the state and that a municipal corporation is specifically 179 prohibited by law from taxing, and income of a decedent's estate 180 during the period of administration except such income from the 181 operation of a trade or business; 182 (11) Compensation or allowances excluded from federal 183 gross income under section 107 of the Internal Revenue Code; 184 (12) Employee compensation that is not qualifying wages as 185

defined in division (R) of this section; 186

(13) Compensation paid to a person employed within the
boundaries of a United States air force base under the
jurisdiction of the United States air force that is used for the
housing of members of the United States air force and is a
center for air force operations, unless the person is subject to
taxation because of residence or domicile. If the compensation
is subject to taxation because of residence or domicile, tax on

such income shall be payable only to the municipal corporation 194 of residence or domicile. 195

(14) (a) Except as provided in division (C) (14) (b) or (c) 196 of this section, an S corporation shareholder's distributive 197 share of net profits of the S corporation, other than any part 198 of the distributive share of net profits that represents wages 199 as defined in section 3121(a) of the Internal Revenue Code or 200 net earnings from self-employment as defined in section 1402(a) 201 of the Internal Revenue Code. 202

(b) If, pursuant to division (H) of former section 718.01 of the Revised Code as it existed before March 11, 2004, a majority of the electors of a municipal corporation voted in favor of the question at an election held on November 4, 2003, the municipal corporation may continue after 2002 to tax an S corporation shareholder's distributive share of net profits of an S corporation.

(c) If, on December 6, 2002, a municipal corporation was 210 imposing, assessing, and collecting a tax on an S corporation 211 shareholder's distributive share of net profits of the S 212 corporation to the extent the distributive share would be 213 allocated or apportioned to this state under divisions (B)(1) 214 and (2) of section 5733.05 of the Revised Code if the S 215 corporation were a corporation subject to taxes imposed under 216 Chapter 5733. of the Revised Code, the municipal corporation may 217 continue to impose the tax on such distributive shares to the 218 extent such shares would be so allocated or apportioned to this 219 state only until December 31, 2004, unless a majority of the 220 electors of the municipal corporation voting on the question of 221 continuing to tax such shares after that date voted in favor of 222 that question at an election held November 2, 2004. If a 223

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majority of those electors voted in favor of the question, the224municipal corporation may continue after December 31, 2004, to225impose the tax on such distributive shares only to the extent226such shares would be so allocated or apportioned to this state.227

(d) A municipal corporation shall be deemed to have 228 elected to tax S corporation shareholders' distributive shares 229 of net profits of the S corporation in the hands of the 230 shareholders if a majority of the electors of a municipal 231 corporation voted in favor of a question at an election held 232 under division (C)(14)(b) or (c) of this section. The municipal 233 234 corporation shall specify by resolution or ordinance that the tax applies to the distributive share of a shareholder of an S 235 corporation in the hands of the shareholder of the S 236 corporation. 237

(15) To the extent authorized under a resolution or
ordinance adopted by a municipal corporation before January 1,
2016, all or a portion of the income of individuals or a class
of individuals under eighteen years of age.

(16) (a) Except as provided in divisions (C) (16) (b), (c),
and (d) of this section, qualifying wages described in division
(B) (1) or (E) of section 718.011 of the Revised Code to the
extent the qualifying wages are not subject to withholding for
the municipal corporation under either of those divisions.

(b) The exemption provided in division (C) (16) (a) of this
section does not apply with respect to the municipal corporation
in which the employee resided at the time the employee earned
the qualifying wages.

(c) The exemption provided in division (C) (16) (a) of this251section does not apply to qualifying wages that an employer252

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elects to withhold under division (D)(2) of section 718.011 of 253 254 the Revised Code. (d) The exemption provided in division (C) (16) (a) of this 255 section does not apply to qualifying wages if both of the 256 following conditions apply: 257 (i) For qualifying wages described in division (B)(1) of 258 section 718.011 of the Revised Code, the employee's employer 259 withholds and remits tax on the qualifying wages to the 260 municipal corporation in which the employee's principal place of 261 work is situated, or, for qualifying wages described in division 262 (E) of section 718.011 of the Revised Code, the employee's 263 employer withholds and remits tax on the qualifying wages to the 264 municipal corporation in which the employer's fixed location is 265 located; 266 (ii) The employee receives a refund of the tax described 267 in division (C) (16) (d) (i) of this section on the basis of the 268 employee not performing services in that municipal corporation. 269 270 (17) (a) Except as provided in division (C) (17) (b) or (c) of this section, compensation that is not qualifying wages paid 271 to a nonresident individual for personal services performed in 272 the municipal corporation on not more than twenty days in a 273 274 taxable year. (b) The exemption provided in division (C)(17)(a) of this 275 section does not apply under either of the following 276 circumstances: 277 (i) The individual's base of operation is located in the 278 municipal corporation. 279 (ii) The individual is a professional athlete, 280 professional entertainer, or public figure, and the compensation 281

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is paid for the performance of services in the individual's 282 capacity as a professional athlete, professional entertainer, or 283 public figure. For purposes of division (C) (17) (b) (ii) of this 284 section, "professional athlete," "professional entertainer," and 285 "public figure" have the same meanings as in section 718.011 of 286 the Revised Code. 287

(c) Compensation to which division (C)(17) of this section applies shall be treated as earned or received at the individual's base of operation. If the individual does not have a base of operation, the compensation shall be treated as earned or received where the individual is domiciled.

(d) For purposes of division (C) (17) of this section,
"base of operation" means the location where an individual owns
or rents an office, storefront, or similar facility to which the
individual regularly reports and at which the individual
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regularly performs personal services for compensation.

(18) Compensation paid to a person for personal services 298 performed for a political subdivision on property owned by the 299 political subdivision, regardless of whether the compensation is 300 received by an employee of the subdivision or another person 301 performing services for the subdivision under a contract with 302 the subdivision, if the property on which services are performed 303 is annexed to a municipal corporation pursuant to section 304 709.023 of the Revised Code on or after March 27, 2013, unless 305 the person is subject to such taxation because of residence. If 306 the compensation is subject to taxation because of residence, 307 municipal income tax shall be payable only to the municipal 308 corporation of residence. 309

(19) In the case of a tax administered, collected, andenforced by a municipal corporation pursuant to an agreement311

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with the board of directors of a joint economic development 312 district under section 715.72 of the Revised Code, the net 313 profits of a business, and the income of the employees of that 314 business, exempted from the tax under division (Q) of that 315 section. 316

(20) All of the following:

(a) Income derived from disaster work conducted in this
state by an out-of-state disaster business during a disaster
response period pursuant to a qualifying solicitation received
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by the business;

(b) Income of a qualifying employee described in division 322
(A) (14) (a) of section 5703.94 of the Revised Code, to the extent 323
such income is derived from disaster work conducted in this 324
state by the employee during a disaster response period pursuant 325
to a qualifying solicitation received by the employee's 326
employer; 327

(c) Income of a qualifying employee described in division
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(A) (14) (b) of section 5703.94 of the Revised Code, to the extent
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such income is derived from disaster work conducted in this
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state by the employee during a disaster response period on
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critical infrastructure owned or used by the employee's
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employer.

(21) Income the taxation of which is prohibited by the334constitution or laws of the United States.335

Any item of income that is exempt income of a pass-through 336 entity under division (C) of this section is exempt income of 337 each owner of the pass-through entity to the extent of that 338 owner's distributive or proportionate share of that item of the 339 entity's income. 340

(D) (1) "Net profit" for a person who is an individual 341
means the individual's net profit required to be reported on 342
schedule C, schedule E, or schedule F reduced by any net 343
operating loss carried forward. For the purposes of division (D) 344
(1) of this section, the net operating loss carried forward 345
shall be calculated and deducted in the same manner as provided 346
in division (D) (3) of this section. 347

(2) "Net profit" for a person other than an individual 348
means adjusted federal taxable income reduced by any net 349
operating loss incurred by the person in a taxable year 350
beginning on or after January 1, 2017, subject to the 351
limitations of division (D) (3) of this section. 352

(3) (a) The amount of such net operating loss shall be 353 deducted from net profit to the extent necessary to reduce 354 municipal taxable income to zero, with any remaining unused 355 portion of the net operating loss carried forward to not more 356 than five consecutive taxable years following the taxable year 357 in which the loss was incurred, but in no case for more years 358 than necessary for the deduction to be fully utilized. 359

(b) No person shall use the deduction allowed by division(D) (3) of this section to offset qualifying wages.

(c) (i) For taxable years beginning in 2018, 2019, 2020, 362
2021, or 2022, a person may not deduct, for purposes of an 363
income tax levied by a municipal corporation that levies an 364
income tax before January 1, 2016, more than fifty per cent of 365
the amount of the deduction otherwise allowed by division (D) (3) 366
of this section. 367

(ii) For taxable years beginning in 2023 or thereafter, agerson may deduct, for purposes of an income tax levied by a369

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municipal corporation that levies an income tax before January 370
1, 2016, the full amount allowed by division (D)(3) of this 371
section without regard to the limitation of division (D)(3)(b) 372
(i) of this section. 373

(d) Any pre-2017 net operating loss carryforward deduction 374
that is available may be utilized before a taxpayer may deduct 375
any amount pursuant to division (D) (3) of this section. 376

(e) Nothing in division (D)(3)(c)(i) of this section 377 precludes a person from carrying forward, for use with respect 378 to any return filed for a taxable year beginning after 2018, any 379 amount of net operating loss that was not fully utilized by 380 operation of division (D)(3)(c)(i) of this section. To the 381 extent that an amount of net operating loss that was not fully 382 utilized in one or more taxable years by operation of division 383 (D) (3) (c) (i) of this section is carried forward for use with 384 respect to a return filed for a taxable year beginning in 2019, 385 2020, 2021, or 2022, the limitation described in division (D)(3) 386 (c) (i) of this section shall apply to the amount carried 387 forward. 388

(4) For the purposes of this chapter, and notwithstanding division (D)(2) of this section, net profit of a disregarded entity shall not be taxable as against that disregarded entity, but shall instead be included in the net profit of the owner of the disregarded entity.

(5) For the purposes of this chapter, and notwithstanding
any other provision of this chapter, the net profit of a
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publicly traded partnership that makes the election described in
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division (D) (5) of this section shall be taxed as if the
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partnership were a C corporation, and shall not be treated as
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the net profit or income of any owner of the partnership.

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A publicly traded partnership that is treated as a 400 partnership for federal income tax purposes and that is subject 401 to tax on its net profits in one or more municipal corporations 402 in this state may elect to be treated as a C corporation for 403 municipal income tax purposes. The publicly traded partnership 404 shall make the election in every municipal corporation in which 405 406 the partnership is subject to taxation on its net profits. The election shall be made on the annual tax return filed in each 407 such municipal corporation. The publicly traded partnership 408 shall not be required to file the election with any municipal 409 corporation in which the partnership is not subject to taxation 410 on its net profits, but division (D)(5) of this section applies 411 to all municipal corporations in which an individual owner of 412 the partnership resides. 413

(E) "Adjusted federal taxable income," for a person
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required to file as a C corporation, or for a person that has
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elected to be taxed as a C corporation under division (D) (5) of
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this section, means a C corporation's federal taxable income
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before net operating losses and special deductions as determined
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under the Internal Revenue Code, adjusted as follows:

(1) Deduct intangible income to the extent included in
federal taxable income. The deduction shall be allowed
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regardless of whether the intangible income relates to assets
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used in a trade or business or assets held for the production of
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income.

(2) Add an amount equal to five per cent of intangible
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income deducted under division (E) (1) of this section, but
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excluding that portion of intangible income directly related to
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the sale, exchange, or other disposition of property described
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in section 1221 of the Internal Revenue Code;
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(3) Add any losses allowed as a deduction in the	430
computation of federal taxable income if the losses directly	431
relate to the sale, exchange, or other disposition of an asset	432
described in section 1221 or 1231 of the Internal Revenue Code;	433
described in section 1221 of 1231 of the internal Revenue code,	400
(4)(a) Except as provided in division (E)(4)(b) of this	434
section, deduct income and gain included in federal taxable	435
income to the extent the income and gain directly relate to the	436
sale, exchange, or other disposition of an asset described in	437
section 1221 or 1231 of the Internal Revenue Code;	438
(b) Division (E)(4)(a) of this section does not apply to	439
the extent the income or gain is income or gain described in	440
section 1245 or 1250 of the Internal Revenue Code.	441
(5) Add taxes on or measured by net income allowed as a	442
deduction in the computation of federal taxable income;	443
(6) In the case of a real estate investment trust or	444
regulated investment company, add all amounts with respect to	445
dividends to, distributions to, or amounts set aside for or	446
credited to the benefit of investors and allowed as a deduction	447
in the computation of federal taxable income;	448
(7) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	449
excluded in computing federal taxable income, any income derived	450
from a transfer agreement or from the enterprise transferred	451
under that agreement under section 4313.02 of the Revised Code;	452
(8) Deduct exempt income to the extent not otherwise	453
deducted or excluded in computing adjusted federal taxable	454
income.	455
(9) Deduct any net profit of a pass-through entity owned	456
directly or indirectly by the taxpayer and included in the	457
taxpayer's federal taxable income unless an affiliated group of	458

corporations includes that net profit in the group's federal taxable income in accordance with division (E)(3)(b) of section 718.06 of the Revised Code.

(10) Add any loss incurred by a pass-through entity owned 462 directly or indirectly by the taxpayer and included in the 463 taxpayer's federal taxable income unless an affiliated group of 464 corporations includes that loss in the group's federal taxable 465 income in accordance with division (E) (3) (b) of section 718.06 466 of the Revised Code. 467

If the taxpayer is not a C corporation, is not a 468 disregarded entity that has made the election described in 469 division (L)(2) of this section, is not a publicly traded 470 partnership that has made the election described in division (D) 471 (5) of this section, and is not an individual, the taxpayer 472 shall compute adjusted federal taxable income under this section 473 as if the taxpayer were a C corporation, except guaranteed 474 payments and other similar amounts paid or accrued to a partner, 475 former partner, shareholder, former shareholder, member, or 476 former member shall not be allowed as a deductible expense 477 unless such payments are a pension or retirement benefit payment 478 paid to a retired partner, retired shareholder, or retired 479 member or are in consideration for the use of capital and 480 treated as payment of interest under section 469 of the Internal 481 Revenue Code or United States treasury regulations. Amounts paid 482 or accrued to a qualified self-employed retirement plan with 483 respect to a partner, former partner, shareholder, former 484 shareholder, member, or former member of the taxpayer, amounts 485 paid or accrued to or for health insurance for a partner, former 486 partner, shareholder, former shareholder, member, or former 487 member, and amounts paid or accrued to or for life insurance for 488 489 a partner, former partner, shareholder, former shareholder,

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member, or former member shall not be allowed as a deduction. 490 Nothing in division (E) of this section shall be construed 491 as allowing the taxpayer to add or deduct any amount more than 492 once or shall be construed as allowing any taxpayer to deduct 493 any amount paid to or accrued for purposes of federal self-494 employment tax. 495 (F) "Schedule C" means internal revenue service schedule C 496 (form 1040) filed by a taxpayer pursuant to the Internal Revenue 497 Code. 498 (G) "Schedule E" means internal revenue service schedule E 499 (form 1040) filed by a taxpayer pursuant to the Internal Revenue 500 Code. 501 (H) "Schedule F" means internal revenue service schedule F 502 (form 1040) filed by a taxpayer pursuant to the Internal Revenue 503 Code. 504 (I) "Internal Revenue Code" has the same meaning as in 505 section 5747.01 of the Revised Code. 506 (J) "Resident" means an individual who is domiciled in the 507 municipal corporation as determined under section 718.012 of the 508 Revised Code. 509 (K) "Nonresident" means an individual that is not a 510 resident. 511 (L) (1) "Taxpayer" means a person subject to a tax levied 512 on income by a municipal corporation in accordance with this 513 chapter. "Taxpayer" does not include a grantor trust or, except 514 as provided in division (L)(2)(a) of this section, a disregarded 515 entity. 516

(2) (a) A single member limited liability company that is a 517

disregarded entity for federal tax purposes may be a separate 518 taxpayer from its single member in all Ohio municipal 519 corporations in which it either filed as a separate taxpayer or 520 did not file for its taxable year ending in 2003, if all of the 521 following conditions are met: 522 (i) The limited liability company's single member is also 523 a limited liability company. 524 (ii) The limited liability company and its single member 525 were formed and doing business in one or more Ohio municipal 526 corporations for at least five years before January 1, 2004. 527 (iii) Not later than December 31, 2004, the limited 528 liability company and its single member each made an election to 529 be treated as a separate taxpayer under division (L) of this 530 section as this section existed on December 31, 2004. 5.31 (iv) The limited liability company was not formed for the 532 purpose of evading or reducing Ohio municipal corporation income 533 tax liability of the limited liability company or its single 534 member. 535 (v) The Ohio municipal corporation that was the primary 536 place of business of the sole member of the limited liability 537 company consented to the election. 538 (b) For purposes of division (L)(2)(a)(v) of this section, 539 a municipal corporation was the primary place of business of a 540 limited liability company if, for the limited liability 541 company's taxable year ending in 2003, its income tax liability 542 was greater in that municipal corporation than in any other 543 municipal corporation in Ohio, and that tax liability to that 544

municipal corporation for its taxable year ending in 2003 was at

least four hundred thousand dollars.

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(M) "Person" includes individuals, firms, companies, joint 547
stock companies, business trusts, estates, trusts, partnerships, 548
limited liability partnerships, limited liability companies, 549
associations, C corporations, S corporations, governmental 550
entities, and any other entity. 551

(N) "Pass-through entity" means a partnership not treated as an association taxable as a C corporation for federal income tax purposes, a limited liability company not treated as an association taxable as a C corporation for federal income tax purposes, an S corporation, or any other class of entity from which the income or profits of the entity are given pass-through treatment for federal income tax purposes. "Pass-through entity" does not include a trust, estate, grantor of a grantor trust, or disregarded entity.

(O) "S corporation" means a person that has made an
election under subchapter S of Chapter 1 of Subtitle A of the
Internal Revenue Code for its taxable year.
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(P) "Single member limited liability company" means a 564limited liability company that has one direct member. 565

(Q) "Limited liability company" means a limited liability
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 company formed under Chapter 1705. or 1706. of the Revised Code
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 or under the laws of another state.
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(R) "Qualifying wages" means wages, as defined in section3121(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, without regard to any wagelimitations, adjusted as follows:

(1) Deduct the following amounts:

(a) Any amount included in wages if the amount constitutes
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 compensation attributable to a plan or program described in
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 section 125 of the Internal Revenue Code.
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(b) Any amount included in wages if the amount constitutes
payment on account of a disability related to sickness or an
accident paid by a party unrelated to the employer, agent of an
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employer, or other payer.

(c) Any amount attributable to a nonqualified deferred 580 compensation plan or program described in section 3121(v)(2)(C) 581 of the Internal Revenue Code if the compensation is included in 582 wages and the municipal corporation has, by resolution or 583 ordinance adopted before January 1, 2016, exempted the amount 584 from withholding and tax. 585

(d) Any amount included in wages if the amount arises from 586 the sale, exchange, or other disposition of a stock option, the 587 exercise of a stock option, or the sale, exchange, or other 588 disposition of stock purchased under a stock option and the 589 municipal corporation has, by resolution or ordinance adopted 590 before January 1, 2016, exempted the amount from withholding and 591 tax. 592

(e) Any amount included in wages that is exempt income. 593

(2) Add the following amounts:

(a) Any amount not included in wages solely because the 595employee was employed by the employer before April 1, 1986. 596

(b) Any amount not included in wages because the amount 597 arises from the sale, exchange, or other disposition of a stock 598 option, the exercise of a stock option, or the sale, exchange, 599 or other disposition of stock purchased under a stock option and 600 the municipal corporation has not, by resolution or ordinance, 601 exempted the amount from withholding and tax adopted before 602 January 1, 2016. Division (R) (2) (b) of this section applies only 603 to those amounts constituting ordinary income. 604

(c) Any amount not included in wages if the amount is an	605
amount described in section 401(k), 403(b), or 457 of the	606
Internal Revenue Code. Division (R)(2)(c) of this section	607
applies only to employee contributions and employee deferrals.	608
(d) Any amount that is supplemental unemployment	609
compensation benefits described in section 3402(o)(2) of the	610
Internal Revenue Code and not included in wages.	611
(e) Any amount received that is treated as self-employment	612
income for federal tax purposes in accordance with section	613
1402(a)(8) of the Internal Revenue Code.	614
(f) Any amount not included in wages if all of the	615
following apply:	616
(i) For the taxable year the amount is employee	617
compensation that is earned outside of the United States and	618
that either is included in the taxpayer's gross income for	619
federal income tax purposes or would have been included in the	620
taxpayer's gross income for such purposes if the taxpayer did	621
not elect to exclude the income under section 911 of the	622
Internal Revenue Code;	623
(ii) For no preceding taxable year did the amount	624
constitute wages as defined in section 3121(a) of the Internal	625
Revenue Code;	626
(iii) For no succeeding taxable year will the amount	627
constitute wages; and	628
(iv) For any taxable year the amount has not otherwise	629
been added to wages pursuant to either division (R)(2) of this	630
section or section 718.03 of the Revised Code, as that section	631
existed before the effective date of H.B. 5 of the 130th general	632
assembly, March 23, 2015.	633

Page 22

(S) "Intangible income" means income of any of the 634 following types: income yield, interest, capital gains, 635 dividends, or other income arising from the ownership, sale, 636 exchange, or other disposition of intangible property including, 637 but not limited to, investments, deposits, money, or credits as 638 those terms are defined in Chapter 5701. of the Revised Code, 639 and patents, copyrights, trademarks, tradenames, investments in 640 real estate investment trusts, investments in regulated 641 investment companies, and appreciation on deferred compensation. 642 "Intangible income" does not include prizes, awards, or other 643 income associated with any lottery winnings, gambling winnings, 644 or other similar games of chance. 645

(T) "Taxable year" means the corresponding tax reporting period as prescribed for the taxpayer under the Internal Revenue Code.

(U) "Tax administrator" means the individual charged with direct responsibility for administration of an income tax levied by a municipal corporation in accordance with this chapter, and also includes the following:

(1) A municipal corporation acting as the agent of another municipal corporation;

(2) A person retained by a municipal corporation to
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administer a tax levied by the municipal corporation, but only
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if the municipal corporation does not compensate the person in
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whole or in part on a contingency basis;
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(3) The central collection agency or the regional income
(3) The central collection agency or the regional income
(5) tax agency or their successors in interest, or another entity
(6) organized to perform functions similar to those performed by the
(6) central collection agency and the regional income tax agency.

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refund claim.

(V) "Employer" means a person that is an employer for	664
federal income tax purposes.	665
(W) "Employee" means an individual who is an employee for	666
federal income tax purposes.	667
(X) "Other payer" means any person, other than an	668
individual's employer or the employer's agent, that pays an	669
individual any amount included in the federal gross income of	670
the individual. "Other payer" includes casino operators and	671
video lottery terminal sales agents.	672
(Y) "Calendar quarter" means the three-month period ending	673
on the last day of March, June, September, or December.	674
(Z) "Form 2106" means internal revenue service form 2106	675
filed by a taxpayer pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code.	676
(AA) "Municipal corporation" includes a joint economic	677
development district or joint economic development zone that	678
levies an income tax under section 715.691, 715.70, 715.71, or	679
715.72 of the Revised Code.	680
(BB) "Disregarded entity" means a single member limited	681
liability company, a qualifying subchapter S subsidiary, or	682
another entity if the company, subsidiary, or entity is a	683
disregarded entity for federal income tax purposes.	684
(CC) "Generic form" means an electronic or paper form that	685
is not prescribed by a particular municipal corporation and that	686
is designed for reporting taxes withheld by an employer, agent	687
of an employer, or other payer, estimated municipal income	688
taxes, or annual municipal income tax liability or for filing a	689

"Tax administrator" does not include the tax commissioner.

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(DD) "Tax return preparer" means any individual described 691 in section 7701(a)(36) of the Internal Revenue Code and 26 692 C.F.R. 301.7701-15. 693 (EE) "Ohio business gateway" means the online computer 694 network system, created under section 125.30 of the Revised 695 Code, that allows persons to electronically file business reply 696 forms with state agencies and includes any successor electronic 697 698 filing and payment system. (FF) "Local board of tax review" and "board of tax review" 699 mean the entity created under section 718.11 of the Revised 700 Code. 701 (GG) "Net operating loss" means a loss incurred by a 702 person in the operation of a trade or business. "Net operating 703 loss" does not include unutilized losses resulting from basis 704 limitations, at-risk limitations, or passive activity loss 705 limitations. 706 (HH) "Casino operator" and "casino facility" have the same 707 meanings as in section 3772.01 of the Revised Code. 708 (II) "Video lottery terminal" has the same meaning as in 709 section 3770.21 of the Revised Code. 710 (JJ) "Video lottery terminal sales agent" means a lottery 711 sales agent licensed under Chapter 3770. of the Revised Code to 712 conduct video lottery terminals on behalf of the state pursuant 713 to section 3770.21 of the Revised Code. 714 (KK) "Postal service" means the United States postal 715 service. 716

(LL) "Certified mail," "express mail," "United States 717
mail," "postal service," and similar terms include any delivery 718

service authorized pursuant to section 5703.056 of the Revised 719 Code. 720

(MM) "Postmark date," "date of postmark," and similar 721 terms include the date recorded and marked in the manner 722 described in division (B)(3) of section 5703.056 of the Revised 723 Code. 724

(NN) "Related member" means a person that, with respect to 725 the taxpayer during all or any portion of the taxable year, is 726 either a related entity, a component member as defined in 727 section 1563(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, or a person to or 728 from whom there is attribution of stock ownership in accordance 729 with section 1563(e) of the Internal Revenue Code except, for 730 purposes of determining whether a person is a related member 731 under this division, "twenty per cent" shall be substituted for 732 "5 percent" wherever "5 percent" appears in section 1563(e) of 733 the Internal Revenue Code. 734

(OO) "Related entity" means any of the following:

(1) An individual stockholder, or a member of the
stockholder's family enumerated in section 318 of the Internal
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Revenue Code, if the stockholder and the members of the
stockholder's family own directly, indirectly, beneficially, or
constructively, in the aggregate, at least fifty per cent of the
value of the taxpayer's outstanding stock;
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(2) A stockholder, or a stockholder's partnership, estate,
trust, or corporation, if the stockholder and the stockholder's
partnerships, estates, trusts, or corporations own directly,
indirectly, beneficially, or constructively, in the aggregate,
at least fifty per cent of the value of the taxpayer's
outstanding stock;

(3) A corporation, or a party related to the corporation 748 in a manner that would require an attribution of stock from the 749 corporation to the party or from the party to the corporation 750 under division (00) (4) of this section, provided the taxpayer 751 owns directly, indirectly, beneficially, or constructively, at 752 least fifty per cent of the value of the corporation's 753 outstanding stock; 754

(4) The attribution rules described in section 318 of the
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Internal Revenue Code apply for the purpose of determining
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whether the ownership requirements in divisions (OO) (1) to (3)
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of this section have been met.
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(PP) (1) "Assessment" means a written finding by the tax 759 administrator that a person has underpaid municipal income tax, 760 or owes penalty and interest, or any combination of tax, 761 penalty, or interest, to the municipal corporation that 762 commences the person's time limitation for making an appeal to 763 the local board of tax review pursuant to section 718.11 of the 764 Revised Code, and has "ASSESSMENT" written in all capital 765 letters at the top of such finding. 766

(2) "Assessment" does not include an informal notice 767 denying a request for refund issued under division (B)(3) of 768 section 718.19 of the Revised Code, a billing statement 769 notifying a taxpayer of current or past-due balances owed to the 770 municipal corporation, a tax administrator's request for 771 additional information, a notification to the taxpayer of 772 mathematical errors, or a tax administrator's other written 773 correspondence to a person or taxpayer that does meet the 774 criteria prescribed by division (PP)(1) of this section. 775

(QQ) "Taxpayers' rights and responsibilities" means the 776 rights provided to taxpayers in sections 718.11, 718.12, 718.19, 777

718.23, 718.36, 718.37, 718.38, 5717.011, and 5717.03 of the 778 Revised Code and the responsibilities of taxpayers to file, 779 report, withhold, remit, and pay municipal income tax and 780 otherwise comply with Chapter 718. of the Revised Code and 781 resolutions, ordinances, and rules adopted by a municipal 782 corporation for the imposition and administration of a municipal 783 income tax. 784

(RR) "Qualified municipal corporation" means a municipal 785 corporation that, by resolution or ordinance adopted on or 786 before December 31, 2011, adopted Ohio adjusted gross income, as 787 defined by section 5747.01 of the Revised Code, as the income 788 subject to tax for the purposes of imposing a municipal income 789 tax. 790

(SS)(1) "Pre-2017 net operating loss carryforward" means any net operating loss incurred in a taxable year beginning before January 1, 2017, to the extent such loss was permitted, by a resolution or ordinance of the municipal corporation that was adopted by the municipal corporation before January 1, 2016, to be carried forward and utilized to offset income or net profit generated in such municipal corporation in future taxable years.

(2) For the purpose of calculating municipal taxable
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income, any pre-2017 net operating loss carryforward may be
carried forward to any taxable year, including taxable years
beginning in 2017 or thereafter, for the number of taxable years
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provided in the resolution or ordinance or until fully utilized,
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whichever is earlier.

(TT) "Small employer" means any employer that had total
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revenue of less than five hundred thousand dollars during the
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preceding taxable year. For purposes of this division, "total
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revenue" means receipts of any type or kind, including, but not 808 limited to, sales receipts; payments; rents; profits; gains, 809 dividends, and other investment income; compensation; 810 commissions; premiums; money; property; grants; contributions; 811 donations; gifts; program service revenue; patient service 812 revenue; premiums; fees, including premium fees and service 81.3 814 fees; tuition payments; unrelated business revenue; reimbursements; any type of payment from a governmental unit, 815 including grants and other allocations; and any other similar 816 receipts reported for federal income tax purposes or under 817 generally accepted accounting principles. "Small employer" does 818 not include the federal government; any state government, 819 including any state agency or instrumentality; any political 820 subdivision; or any entity treated as a government for financial 821 accounting and reporting purposes. 822

(UU) "Audit" means the examination of a person or the inspection of the books, records, memoranda, or accounts of a person for the purpose of determining liability for a municipal income tax.

(VV) "Publicly traded partnership" means any partnership,
an interest in which is regularly traded on an established
securities market. A "publicly traded partnership" may have any
number of partners.

(WW) "Tax commissioner" means the tax commissioner 831 appointed under section 121.03 of the Revised Code. 832

(XX) "Out-of-state disaster business," "qualifying 833 solicitation," "qualifying employee," "disaster work," "critical 834 infrastructure," and "disaster response period" have the same 835 meanings as in section 5703.94 of the Revised Code. 836

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(YY) "Pension" means a retirement benefit plan, regardless 837 of whether the plan satisfies the qualifications described under 838 section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, including amounts 839 that are taxable under the "Federal Insurance Contributions 840 Act," Chapter 21 of the Internal Revenue Code, excluding 841 employee contributions and elective deferrals, and regardless of 842 whether such amounts are paid in the same taxable year in which 843 the amounts are included in the employee's wages, as defined by 844 section 3121(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. 845

(ZZ) "Retirement benefit plan" means an arrangement 846 whereby an entity provides benefits to individuals either on or 847 after their termination of service because of retirement or 848 disability. "Retirement benefit plan" does not include wage 849 continuation payments, severance payments, or payments made for 850 accrued personal or vacation time. 851

Sec. 718.80. (A) A taxpayer may elect to be subject to852sections 718.80 to 718.95 of the Revised Code in lieu of the853provisions set forth in the remainder of this chapter.854Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, upon the855taxpayer's election, both of the following shall apply:856

(1) The tax commissioner shall serve as the sole
administrator of each municipal income tax for which the
taxpayer is liable for the term of the election;
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(2) The commissioner shall administer the tax pursuant to
sections 718.80 to 718.95 of the Revised Code and any applicable
provision of Chapter 5703. of the Revised Code.
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(B) (1) A taxpayer shall make the initial election on or
 before the <u>first_fifteenth_day</u> of the <u>third_fourth_month</u> after
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 the beginning of the taxpayer's taxable year by notifying
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providing to the tax commissioner and each a list of all	866
municipal corporation corporations in which the taxpayer	867
conducted business during the previous taxable year, on a form	868
prescribed by the tax commissioner.	869
$\frac{(2)(a)}{(2)}$ At least quarterly, the tax commissioner shall	870
notify each municipal corporation that a taxpayer lists in its	871
election under division (B)(1) of this section that the taxpayer	872
has made the election.	873
(3)(a) The election, once made by the taxpayer, applies to	874
the taxable year in which the election is made and to each	875
subsequent taxable year until the taxpayer notifies the tax	876
commissioner of its termination of the election.	877
(b) A notification of termination shall be made, on a form	878
prescribed by the tax commissioner, on or before the first	879
<u>fifteenth</u> day of the third fourth month of any taxable year.	880
(c) Upon a timely and valid termination of the election,	881
the taxpayer is no longer subject to sections 718.80 to 718.95	882
of the Revised Code, and is instead subject to the provisions	883
set forth in the remainder of this chapter.	884
(d) At least quarterly, the tax commissioner shall notify	885
each municipal corporation reported on a taxpayer's most recent	886
return or declaration filed with the commissioner of the	887
taxpayer's termination of its election.	888
(4) The tax commissioner shall provide to all municipal	889
corporations imposing a tax on income on or after January 1,	890
2018, a list of taxpayers that are subject to sections 718.80 to	891
718.95 of the Revised Code, including the taxpayers' names,	892
addresses, and federal employee identification numbers. The list	893
shall be made available via the portal created under section	894

718.841 of the Revised Code.

(C) (1) (a) On or before the thirty-first day of January
each year, each municipal corporation imposing a tax on income
shall certify to the tax commissioner the rate of the tax in
effect on the first day of January of that year.

(b) If, after the thirty-first day of January of any year,
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the electors of a municipal corporation approve an increase in
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the rate of the municipal corporation's tax on income that takes
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effect within that year, the municipal corporation shall certify
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to the tax commissioner the new rate of tax not less than sixty
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days before the effective date of the increase, after which
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effective date the commissioner shall apply the increased rate.

(2) A municipal corporation, within ninety days of 907 receiving that receives a taxpayer's notification of election 908 under division (B) (2) of this section τ shall submit to the tax 909 commissioner, on a form prescribed by the tax commissioner and 910 within the time prescribed by division (C) (3) of this section, 911 the following information regarding the taxpayer and any member_ 912 of an affiliated group of corporations included on the 913 taxpayer's consolidated tax return, when applicable: 914

(a) The amount of any net operating loss that the taxpayer915is entitled to carry forward to a future tax year;916

(b) The amount of any net operating loss carryforward917utilized by the taxpayer in prior years;918

(c) Any credits granted by the municipal corporation to
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which the taxpayer is entitled, the amount of such credits,
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whether the credits may be carried forward to future tax years,
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and, if the credits may be carried forward, the duration of any
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such carryforward;
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(d) Any overpayments of tax that the taxpayer has elected 924 to carry forward to a subsequent tax year; 925 (e) Any other information the municipal corporation deems 926 relevant in order to effectuate the tax commissioner's efficient 927 administration of the tax on the municipal corporation's behalf. 928 (3) <u>A municipal corporation shall submit the information</u> 929 required under division (C)(2) of this section to the tax 930 commissioner within ninety days after the taxpayer files its 931 final return or within fifteen days after the end of the taxable 932 year for which the taxpayer made the initial election under 933 division (B)(1) of this section, whichever occurs first. For the 934 purposes of this section, "final return" means the return filed 935 with the municipal corporation for the taxable year immediately 936 preceding the taxable year for which the taxpayer made the 937 election under division (B)(1) of this section. 938 (4) If any municipal corporation fails to timely comply 939 with divisions division (C) (1) and, (2), or (3) of this section, 940 the tax commissioner shall may notify the director of budget and 941 management, who, upon receiving such notification, shall 942 withhold from a portion of each payment made to the municipal 943 corporation under section 718.83 of the Revised Code. The 944 commissioner shall specify the percentage of the payment to be 945 withheld, not to exceed fifty per cent of the amount of the 946 payment otherwise due to the municipal corporation under that 947

section. The director shall compute the withholding on the basis of the tax rate most recently certified to the tax commissioner until the municipal corporation complies with divisions (C)(1) and, (2), and (3) of this section.

If, after any such withholding, the municipal corporation952complies with divisions (C)(1), (2), and (3) of this section,953

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the tax commissioner shall notify the director of budget and	954
management, who shall provide payment to the municipal	
corporation under section 718.83 of the Revised Code of such	956
amounts withheld under this division.	957
(D) The tax commissioner shall enforce and administer	958
sections 718.80 to 718.95 of the Revised Code. In addition to	959
any other powers conferred upon the tax commissioner by law, the	960
tax commissioner may:	
(1) Prescribe all forms necessary to administer those	962
sections;	963
(2) Adopt such rules as the tax commissioner finds	964
necessary to carry out those sections;	965
(3) Appoint and employ such personnel as are necessary to	966
carry out the duties imposed upon the tax commissioner by those	967
sections.	968
(E) No tax administrator shall utilize sections 718.81 to	969
718.95 of the Revised Code in the administrator's administration	970
of a municipal income tax, and those sections shall not be	971
applied to any taxpayer that has not made the election under	972
this section.	973
(F) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to make any	974
section of this chapter, other than sections 718.01 and 718.80	975
to 718.95 of the Revised Code, applicable to the tax	976
commissioner's administration of a municipal income tax or to	977
any taxpayer that has made the election under this section.	978
any taxpayer that has made the election under this section. (G) The tax commissioner shall not be considered a tax	
	978
(G) The tax commissioner shall not be considered a tax	978 979

Sec. 718.81. If a term used in sections 718.80 to 718.95 982 of the Revised Code that is not otherwise defined in this 983 chapter is used in a comparable context in both the laws of the 984 United States relating to federal income tax and in Title LVII 985 of the Revised Code and the use is not consistent, then the use 986 of the term in the laws of the United States relating to federal 987 income tax shall have control over the use of the term in Title 988 LVII of the Revised Code, unless the term is defined in Chapter 989 5703. of the Revised Code, in which case the definition in that 990 chapter shall control. Any reference in this chapter to the 991 Internal Revenue Code includes other laws of the United States 992 related to federal income taxes. If a term is defined in both 993 this section and section 718.01 of the Revised Code, the 994 definition in this section shall control for all uses of that 995 term in sections 718.80 through 718.95 of the Revised Code. 996

As used in sections 718.80 to 718.95 of the Revised Code 997 only: 998

(A) "Municipal taxable income" means income apportioned or 999
sitused to the municipal corporation under section 718.82 of the 1000
Revised Code, as applicable, reduced by any pre-2017 net 1001
operating loss carryforward available to the person for the 1002
municipal corporation. 1003

(1) Deduct intangible income to the extent included in 1011

federal taxable income. The deduction shall be allowed1012regardless of whether the intangible income relates to assets1013used in a trade or business or assets held for the production of1014income.1015

(2) Add an amount equal to five per cent of intangible
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income deducted under division (B)(1) of this section, but
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excluding that portion of intangible income directly related to
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the sale, exchange, or other disposition of property described
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in section 1221 of the Internal Revenue Code.
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(3) Add any losses allowed as a deduction in the
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computation of federal taxable income if the losses directly
relate to the sale, exchange, or other disposition of an asset
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described in section 1221 or 1231 of the Internal Revenue Code.
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(4) (a) Except as provided in division (B) (4) (b) of this
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section, deduct income and gain included in federal taxable
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income to the extent the income and gain directly relate to the
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sale, exchange, or other disposition of an asset described in
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section 1221 or 1231 of the Internal Revenue Code.

(b) Division (B) (4) (a) of this section does not apply to
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the extent the income or gain is income or gain described in
section 1245 or 1250 of the Internal Revenue Code.
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(5) Add taxes on or measured by net income allowed as adeduction in the computation of federal taxable income.1034

(6) In the case of a real estate investment trust or
regulated investment company, add all amounts with respect to
dividends to, distributions to, or amounts set aside for or
credited to the benefit of investors and allowed as a deduction
in the computation of federal taxable income.

(7) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or 1040
excluded in computing federal taxable income, any income derived1041from a transfer agreement or from the enterprise transferred1042under that agreement under section 4313.02 of the Revised Code.1043

(8) Deduct exempt income to the extent not otherwise1044deducted or excluded in computing adjusted federal taxable1045income.

(9) Deduct any net profit of a pass-through entity owned
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directly or indirectly by the taxpayer and included in the
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taxpayer's federal taxable income unless an affiliated group of
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corporations includes that net profit in the group's federal
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taxable income in accordance with division (E) (3) (b) of section
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718.86 of the Revised Code.

(10) Add any loss incurred by a pass-through entity owned 1053 directly or indirectly by the taxpayer and included in the 1054 taxpayer's federal taxable income unless an affiliated group of 1055 corporations includes that loss in the group's federal taxable 1056 income in accordance with division (E) (3) (b) of section 718.86 1057 of the Revised Code. 1058

If the taxpayer is not a C corporation, is not a 1059 1060 disregarded entity that has made the election described in division (L)(2) of section 718.01 of the Revised Code, and is 1061 not a publicly traded partnership that has made the election 1062 described in division (D)(5) of section 718.01 of the Revised 1063 Code, the taxpayer shall compute adjusted federal taxable income 1064 under this section as if the taxpayer were a C corporation, 1065 except guaranteed payments and other similar amounts paid or 1066 accrued to a partner, former partner, shareholder, former 1067 shareholder, member, or former member shall not be allowed as a 1068 deductible expense unless such payments are a pension or 1069 retirement benefit payment paid to a retired partner, retired 1070

shareholder, or retired member or are in consideration for the 1071 use of capital and treated as payment of interest under section 1072 469 of the Internal Revenue Code or United States treasury 1073 regulations. Amounts paid or accrued to a gualified self-1074 1075 employed retirement plan with respect to a partner, former partner, shareholder, former shareholder, member, or former 1076 member of the taxpayer, amounts paid or accrued to or for health 1077 insurance for a partner, former partner, shareholder, former 1078 shareholder, member, or former member, and amounts paid or 1079 accrued to or for life insurance for a partner, former partner, 1080 shareholder, former shareholder, member, or former member shall 1081 not be allowed as a deduction. 1082 Nothing in division (B) of this section shall be construed 1083 as allowing the taxpayer to add or deduct any amount more than 1084 once or shall be construed as allowing any taxpayer to deduct 1085 any amount paid to or accrued for purposes of federal self-1086 employment tax. 1087 (C) "Taxpayer" has the same meaning as in section 718.01 1088 of the Revised Code, except that "taxpayer" does not include 1089 natural persons or entities subject to the tax imposed under 1090 Chapter 5745. of the Revised Code. "Taxpayer" may include 1091 1092 receivers, assignees, or trustees in bankruptcy when such

(D) "Tax return" or "return" means the notifications and 1094
reports required to be filed pursuant to sections 718.80 to 1095
718.95 of the Revised Code for the purpose of reporting 1096
municipal income taxes, and includes declarations of estimated 1097
tax. 1098

persons are required to assume the role of a taxpayer.

(E) "Taxable year" means the calendar year or the 1099 taxpayer's fiscal year beginning during the calendar year, or 1100

fractional part thereof, upon which the calculation of the 1101 taxpayer's adjusted federal taxable income is based pursuant to 1102 this chapter. If a taxpayer's taxable year is changed for-1103 federal income tax purposes, the taxable year for purposes of 1104 sections 718.80 to 718.95 of the Revised Code is changed 1105 1106 accordingly but may consist of an aggregation of more than one 1107 taxable year for federal income tax purposes. The taxcommissioner may prescribe by rule an appropriate period as the 1108 taxable year for a taxpayer that has had a change of its taxable 1109 year for federal income tax purposes, for a taxpayer that has 1110 two or more short taxable years for federal income tax purposes 1111 as the result of a change of ownership, or for a new taxpaver 1112 that would otherwise have no taxable year. 1113

(F)"Assessment" means a notice of underpayment or1114nonpayment of a tax issued pursuant to section 718.90 of the1115Revised Code.1116

Sec. 718.83. (A) On or before the last day of each month, 1117 the tax commissioner shall certify to the director of budget and 1118 management the amount to be paid to each municipal corporation, 1119 based on amounts reported on annual returns and declarations of 1120 estimated tax under sections 718.85 and 718.88 of the Revised 1121 Code, less any amounts previously distributed and net of any 1122 audit adjustments made or refunds granted by the commissioner, 1123 for the calendar month preceding the month in which the 1124 certification is made. Not later than the fifth day of each 1125 month, the director shall provide for payment of the amount 1126 certified to each municipal corporation from the municipal net 1127 profit tax fund, plus a pro rata share of any investment 1128 earnings accruing to the fund since the previous payment under 1129 this section, and minus any reduction required by the 1130 commissioner under division (D) of this section. Each municipal 1131

corporation's share of such earnings shall equal the proportion1132that the municipal corporation's certified tax payment is of the1133total taxes certified to all municipal corporations in that1134quarter. All investment earnings on money in the municipal net1135profit tax fund shall be credited to that fund.1136

(B) If the tax commissioner determines that the amount of 1137 tax paid by a taxpayer and distributed to a municipal 1138 corporation under this section for a taxable year exceeds the 1139 amount payable to that municipal corporation under sections 1140 718.80 to 718.95 of the Revised Code after accounting for 1141 amounts remitted with the annual return and as estimated taxes, 1142 the commissioner shall proceed according to divisions (A) and 1143 (B) of section 5703.77 of the Revised Code. 1144

(C) If the amount of a municipal corporation's net 1145 distribution computed by the commissioner under division (A) of 1146 this section is less than zero, the commissioner may notify the 1147 municipal corporation of the deficiency. Within thirty days 1148 after receiving such a notice, the municipal corporation shall 1149 pay an amount equal to the deficiency to the treasurer of state. 1150 1151 The treasurer of state shall credit any payment received under this division to the municipal net profit tax fund. 1152

(D) If a municipal corporation fails to make a timely
payment required under division (C) of this section, the
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commissioner may recover the deficiency using any or all of the
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following options:

(1) Deduct the amount of the deficiency from the next
distribution to that municipal corporation under division (A) of
this section or, if the amount of the deficiency exceeds the
amount of such distribution, withhold such distributions
entirely until the withheld amount equals the amount of the

municipal corporation's deficiency;

(2) Deduct the amount of the deficiency from the next
payment to that municipal corporation under division (A) of
section 5745.05 of the Revised Code or, if the amount of the
deficiency exceeds the amount of such distribution, withhold
such distributions entirely until the withheld amount equals the
amount of the municipal corporation's deficiency;

(3) Deduct the amount of the deficiency from the municipal 1169 corporation's share of the next payment made by the commissioner 1170 under division (F) of section 321.24 of the Revised Code or, if 1171 the amount of the deficiency exceeds the amount of the municipal 1172 corporation's share of such payment, withhold the municipal 1173 corporation's share of the payments entirely until the withheld 1174 amount equals the amount of the municipal corporation's 1175 deficiency. 1176

(E) The total amount of payments and distributions
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withheld from a municipal corporation under division (D) of this
section shall not exceed the unpaid portion of the municipal
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corporation's net distribution deficiency. All amounts withheld
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under division (D) of this section shall be credited to the
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municipal net profit tax fund.

(F) The commissioner may adopt rules necessary toadminister this section.

Sec. 718.841. (A) The department of taxation shall create1185and maintain a world wide web portal capable of securely1186exchanging information between the department and municipal1187corporations.1188

(B) The web portal created pursuant to division (A) of1189this section shall be used by both the department and municipal1190

corporations to securely exchange information as required under	1191
sections 718.80 to 718.95 of the Revised Code. The tax	1192
commissioner shall establish the procedures by which municipal	1193
corporations may access the web portal and the format in which	1194
information must be submitted.	1195
(C) If the web portal is unavailable for any reason, the	1196
tax commissioner and municipal corporations shall provide the	1197
information as required under sections 718.80 to 718.95 of the	1198
Revised Code through another secure format. If the commissioner	1199
determines it reasonably necessary, the commissioner may extend	1200
the time within which information must be provided by not more	1201
than forty-five days. If the commissioner extends the time	1202
within which information must be provided, any event attaching a	1203
penalty for failure to provide such information shall be	1204
extended accordingly.	1205
(D) The tax commissioner may modify the web portal created	1206
pursuant to division (A) of this section to enable the exchange	1207
of information between the commissioner and municipal	1208
corporations under Chapter 5745. and division (D) of section	1209
5747.50 of the Revised Code and as otherwise required or	1210
permitted by law.	1211
(E) The tax commissioner may adopt rules governing the use	1212
of the web portal created pursuant to division (A) of this	1213
section.	1214
Sec. 718.85. (A)(1) For each taxable year, every taxpayer	1215
shall file an annual return. Such return, along with the amount	1216
of tax shown to be due on the return less the amount paid for	1217
the taxable year under section 718.88 of the Revised Code, shall	1218
be submitted to the tax commissioner, on a form and in the	1219
manner prescribed by the commissioner, on or before the	1220

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fifteenth day of the fourth month following the end of the 1221 1222 taxpayer's taxable year. (2) If a taxpayer has multiple taxable years beginning-1223 within one calendar year, the taxpayer shall aggregate the facts 1224 and figures necessary to compute the tax due under this chapter, 1225 in accordance with sections 718.81, 718.82, and, if applicable, 1226 718.86 of the Revised Code onto its annual return. 1227 (3) The remittance shall be made payable to the treasurer 1228 of state and in the form prescribed by the tax commissioner. If 1229 the amount payable with the tax return is ten dollars or less, 1230 no remittance is required. 1231 (B) The tax commissioner shall immediately forward to the 1232 treasurer of state all amounts the commissioner receives 1233 pursuant to sections 718.80 to 718.95 of the Revised Code. The 1234 treasurer shall credit ninety nine and one half per cent of such 1235 amounts to the municipal net profit tax fund which is hereby 1236 created in the state treasury, and the remainder to the 1237 municipal income tax administrative fund established under-1238

(C)(1) Each return required to be filed under this section shall contain the signature of the taxpayer or the taxpayer's duly authorized agent and of the person who prepared the return for the taxpayer, and shall include the taxpayer's identification number. Each return shall be verified by a

section 5745.03 of the Revised Code.

declaration under penalty of perjury.

(2) (a) The tax commissioner may require a taxpayer to
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include, with each annual tax return, amended return, or request
for refund filed with the commissioner under sections 718.80 to
718.95 of the Revised Code, copies of any relevant documents or
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request.

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other information.	1250
(b) A taxpayer that files an annual tax return	1251
electronically through the Ohio business gateway or in another	1252
manner as prescribed by the tax commissioner shall either submit	1253
the documents required under this division electronically as	1254
prescribed at the time of filing or, if electronic submission is	1255
not available, mail the documents to the tax commissioner. The	1256
department of taxation shall publish a method of electronically	1257
submitting the documents required under this division on or	1258
before January 1, 2019.	1259
(3) After a taxpayer files a tax return, the tax	1260
commissioner may request, and the taxpayer shall provide, any	1261
information, statements, or documents required to determine and	1262
verify the taxpayer's municipal income tax.	1263
(D)(1)(a) Any taxpayer that has duly requested an	1264
automatic extension for filing the taxpayer's federal income tax	1265
return shall automatically receive an extension for the filing	1266
of a tax return with the commissioner under this section. The	1267
extended due date of the return shall be the fifteenth day of	1268
the tenth month after the last day of the taxable year to which	1269
the return relates.	1270
(b) A taxpayer that has not requested or received a six-	1271
month extension for filing the taxpayer's federal income tax	1272
return may request that the commissioner grant the taxpayer a	1273
six-month extension of the date for filing the taxpayer's	1274
municipal income tax return. If the commissioner receives the	1275
request on or before the date the municipal income tax return is	1276
due, the commissioner shall grant the taxpayer's extension	1277

(c) An extension of time to file under division (D) (1) of
this section is not an extension of the time to pay any tax due
unless the tax commissioner grants an extension of that date.
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(2) If the commissioner considers it necessary in order to
ensure payment of a tax imposed in accordance with section
718.04 of the Revised Code, the commissioner may require
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taxpayers to file returns and make payments otherwise than as
provided in this section, including taxpayers not otherwise
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required to file annual returns.

(E) Each return required to be filed in accordance with 1288 this section shall include a box that the taxpayer may check to 1289 authorize another person, including a tax return preparer who 1290 prepared the return, to communicate with the tax commissioner 1291 about matters pertaining to the return. The return or 1292 instructions accompanying the return shall indicate that by 1293 checking the box the taxpayer authorizes the commissioner to 1294 contact the preparer or other person concerning questions that 1295 arise during the examination or other review of the return and 1296 authorizes the preparer or other person only to provide the 1297 commissioner with information that is missing from the return, 1298 to contact the commissioner for information about the 1299 examination or other review of the return or the status of the 1300 taxpayer's refund or payments, and to respond to notices about 1301 mathematical errors, offsets, or return preparation that the 1302 taxpayer has received from the commissioner and has shown to the 1303 preparer or other person. 1304

(F) When income tax returns or other documents require the
signature of a tax return preparer, the tax commissioner shall
accept a facsimile or electronic version of such a signature in
lieu of a manual signature.

Sec. 718.90. (A) If any taxpayer required to file a return 1309 under section 718.80 to 718.95 of the Revised Code fails to file 1310 the return within the time prescribed, files an incorrect 1311 return, or fails to remit the full amount of the tax due for the 1312 period covered by the return, the tax commissioner may make an 1313 assessment against the taxpayer for any deficiency for the 1314 1315 period for which the return or tax is due, based upon any information in the commissioner's possession. 1316

The tax commissioner shall not make or issue an assessment 1317 against a taxpayer more than three years after the later of the 1318 date the return subject to assessment was required to be filed 1319 or the date the return was filed. Such time limit may be 1320 1321 extended if both the taxpayer and the commissioner consent in writing to the extension. Any such extension shall extend the 1322 three-year time limit in section 718.91 of the Revised Code for 1323 the same period of time. There shall be no bar or limit to an 1324 assessment against a taxpayer that fails to file a return 1325 subject to assessment as required by sections 718.80 to 718.95 1326 of the Revised Code, or that files a fraudulent return. The 1327 commissioner shall give the taxpayer assessed written notice of 1328 the assessment as provided in section 5703.37 of the Revised 1329 Code. With the notice, the commissioner shall provide 1330 instructions on how to petition for reassessment and request a 1331 hearing on the petition. 1332

(B) Unless the taxpayer assessed files with the tax
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commissioner within sixty days after service of the notice of
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assessment, either personally or by certified mail, a written
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petition for reassessment signed by the authorized agent of the
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taxpayer assessed having knowledge of the facts, the assessment
becomes final, and the amount of the assessment is due and
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payable from the taxpayer to the treasurer of state. The

petition shall indicate the taxpayer's objections, but1340additional objections may be raised in writing if received by1341the commissioner prior to the date shown on the final1342determination. If the petition has been properly filed, the1343commissioner shall proceed under section 5703.60 of the Revised1344Code.1345

(C) After an assessment becomes final, if any portion of
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the assessment remains unpaid, including accrued interest, a
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certified copy of the tax commissioner's entry making the
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assessment final may be filed in the office of the clerk of the
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court of common pleas in the county in which the taxpayer has an
office or place of business in this state, the county in which
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the taxpayer's statutory agent is located, or Franklin county.

Immediately upon the filing of the entry, the clerk shall 1353 enter a judgment against the taxpayer assessed in the amount 1354 shown on the entry. The judgment may be filed by the clerk in a 1355 loose-leaf book entitled "special judgments for municipal income 1356 taxes," and shall have the same effect as other judgments. 1357 Execution shall issue upon the judgment upon the request of the 1358 tax commissioner, and all laws applicable to sales on execution 1359 shall apply to sales made under the judgment. 1360

If the assessment is not paid in its entirety within sixty 1361 days after the day the assessment was issued, the portion of the 1362 assessment consisting of tax due shall bear interest at the rate 1363 per annum prescribed by section 5703.47 of the Revised Code from 1364 the day the commissioner issues the assessment until the 1365 assessment is paid or until it is certified to the attorney 1366 general for collection under section 131.02 of the Revised Code, 1367 whichever comes first. If the unpaid portion of the assessment 1368 is certified to the attorney general for collection, the entire 1369 unpaid portion of the assessment shall bear interest at the rate 1370 per annum prescribed by section 5703.47 of the Revised Code from 1371 the date of certification until the date it is paid in its 1372 entirety. Interest shall be paid in the same manner as the tax 1373 and may be collected by issuing an assessment under this 1374 section. 1375

(D) All (D) (1) Except as provided in division (D) (2) of1376this section, all money collected under this section shall be1377credited to the municipal net profit tax fund and distributed to1378the municipal corporation to which the money is owed based on1379the assessment issued under this section.1380

(2) The attorney general may assess collection costs as1381authorized under section 109.08, 109.081, or 131.02 of the1382Revised Code on amounts collected under this section, which1383shall be credited to the attorney general claims fund created1384under section 109.081 of the Revised Code.1385

(E) If the tax commissioner believes that collection of 1386 the tax will be jeopardized unless proceedings to collect or 1387 secure collection of the tax are instituted without delay, the 1388 commissioner may issue a jeopardy assessment against the 1389 1390 taxpayer liable for the tax. Immediately upon the issuance of the jeopardy assessment, the commissioner shall file an entry 1391 with the clerk of the court of common pleas in the manner 1392 prescribed by division (C) of this section. Notice of the 1393 jeopardy assessment shall be served on the taxpayer assessed or 1394 the taxpayer's legal representative in the manner provided in 1395 section 5703.37 of the Revised Code within five days of the 1396 filing of the entry with the clerk. The total amount assessed is 1397 immediately due and payable, unless the taxpayer assessed files 1398 a petition for reassessment in accordance with division (B) of 1399

this section and provides security in a form satisfactory to the1400commissioner and in an amount sufficient to satisfy the unpaid1401balance of the assessment. Full or partial payment of the1402assessment does not prejudice the commissioner's consideration1403of the petition for reassessment.1404

(F) Notwithstanding the fact that a petition for 1405
reassessment is pending, the taxpayer may pay all or a portion 1406
of the assessment that is the subject of the petition. The 1407
acceptance of a payment by the treasurer of state does not 1408
prejudice any claim for refund upon final determination of the 1409
petition. 1410

If upon final determination of the petition an error in 1411 the assessment is corrected by the tax commissioner, upon 1412 petition so filed or pursuant to a decision of the board of tax 1413 appeals or any court to which the determination or decision has 1414 been appealed, so that the amount due from the taxpayer under 1415 the corrected assessment is less than the portion paid, there 1416 shall be issued to the taxpayer, its assigns, or legal 1417 representative a refund in the amount of the overpayment as 1418 provided by section 718.91 of the Revised Code, with interest on 1419 that amount as provided by that section. 1420

Sec. 5703.77. (A) As used in this section: 1421

(1) "Taxpayer" means a person subject to or previously
subject to a tax or fee, a person that remits a tax or fee, or a
person required to or previously required to withhold or collect
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and remit a tax or fee on behalf of another person.

(2) "Tax or fee" means a tax or fee administered by the1426tax commissioner.

(3) "Credit account balance" means the amount of a tax or 1428

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fee that a taxpayer remits to the state in excess of the amount 1429 required to be remitted, after accounting for factors applicable 1430 to the taxpayer such as accelerated payments, estimated 1431 payments, tax credits, and tax credit balances that may be 1432 carried forward. 1433

(4) "Tax debt" means an unpaid tax or fee or any unpaid1434penalty, interest, or additional charge on such a tax or fee due1435the state.

(B) As soon as practicable, but not later than sixty days 1437 before the expiration of the period of time during which a 1438 taxpayer may file a refund application for a tax or fee, the tax 1439 commissioner shall review the taxpayer's accounts for the tax or 1440 fee and notify the taxpayer of any credit account balance for 1441 which the commissioner is required to issue a refund if the 1442 taxpayer were to file a refund application for that balance, 1443 regardless of whether the taxpayer files a refund application or 1444 amended return with respect to that tax or fee. The notice shall 1445 be made using contact information for the taxpayer on file with 1446 the commissioner. 1447

(C) Notwithstanding sections 128.47, <u>718.91</u>, 3734.905, 1448 4307.05, 5726.30, 5727.28, 5727.42, 5727.91, 5728.061, 5735.122, 1449 5736.08, 5739.07, 5739.104, 5741.10, 5743.05, 5743.53, 5747.11, 1450 5749.08, 5751.08, 5753.06, and any other section of the Revised 1451 Code governing refunds of taxes or fees, the commissioner may 1452 apply the amount of any credit account balance for which the 1453 commissioner is required to issue a refund if the taxpayer were 1454 to file a refund application for that balance as a credit 1455 against the taxpayer's liability for the tax or fee in the 1456 taxpayer's next reporting period for that tax or fee or issue a 1457 refund of that credit account balance to the taxpayer, subject 1458 to division (D) of this section.

(D) Before issuing a refund to a taxpayer under division 1460 (C) of this section, the tax commissioner shall withhold from 1461 that refund the amount of any of the taxpayer's tax debt 1462 certified to the attorney general under section 131.02 of the 1463 Revised Code and the amount of the taxpayer's liability, if any, 1464 for a tax or fee. The commissioner shall apply any amount 1465 withheld first in satisfaction of the amount of the taxpayer's 1466 certified tax debt and then in satisfaction of the taxpayer's 1467 liability. If the credit account balance originates from the tax 1468 administered under sections 718.80 to 718.95 of the Revised 1469 Code, it may be applied only against the taxpayer's certified 1470 tax debt or tax liability due under those sections. 1471

(E) The tax commissioner may adopt rules to administer 1472 this section. 1473

Section 2. That existing sections 718.01, 718.80, 718.81, 1474 718.83, 718.85, 718.90, and 5703.77 of the Revised Code are 1475 hereby repealed. 1476

Section 3. (A) The amendment by this act of section 718.01 1477 and division (B) of section 718.81 of the Revised Code applies 1478 to municipal taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 1479 2020. 1480

(B) Except as provided in division (A) of this section, 1481 the amendment by this act of sections 718.80, 718.81, and 718.85 1482 of the Revised Code applies to municipal taxable years beginning 1483 on or after January 1, 2022. 1484

Section 4. With respect to the world wide web portal 1485 required to be established under section 718.841 of the Revised 1486 Code, the Department of Taxation shall make the portal available 1487

to municipal corporations for the exchange of information	1488
required by division (C)(1) of section 718.80 of the Revised	1489
Code and divisions (B), (C), and (D) of section 718.84 of the	1490
Revised Code upon the effective date of the enactment by this	1491
act of section 718.841 of the Revised Code, and shall continue	1492
to add functionality to the portal until such time that the	1493
portal is capable of handling the exchange of all information	1494
necessary to be exchanged for the purposes of administering	1495
sections 718.80 to 718.95 of the Revised Code.	1496