As Introduced

134th General Assembly Regular Session 2021-2022

H. B. No. 510

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Representatives Fraizer, Ray

A BILL

of the Revised Code to allow the Attorney

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

5513.06 and to enact sections 109.38 and 2323.59

To amend sections 9.242, 125.25, 153.02, and

General to debar a state vendor.

Section 1. That sections 9.242, 125.25, 153.02, and	5
5513.06 be amended and sections 109.38 and 2323.59 of the	6
Revised Code be enacted to read as follows:	7
Sec. 9.242. (A) As used in this section:	8
(1) "State agency" has the meaning defined in section 1.60	9
of the Revised Code.	10
(2) "State contract" means any contract for goods,	11
services, or construction that is paid for in whole or in part	12
with state funds. A state contract is considered to be awarded	13
when it is entered into or executed, regardless of whether the	14
parties to the contract have exchanged any money.	15
(3) "Participate" means to respond to any solicitation or	16
procurement issued by a state agency or be the recipient of an	17

award of a state contract, or to provide any goods or services

to any state agency.	
(B) No vendor who has been debarred by—any the attorney	20
general, a state agency, or a court of common pleas shall	21
participate in any state contract during the period of	22
debarment. After the debarment period expires, the vendor may be	23
eligible to respond to any solicitation or procurement, provide	24
goods or services to, and be awarded contracts by state agencies	25
if the vendor is not otherwise listed on a list of debarred	26
vendors applicable to state contracts.	27
(C) State agencies shall exclude any vendor debarred under	28
sections <u>section</u> 125.25, 153.02, <u>2323.59</u> , or 5513.06 of the	29
Revised Code, or any other section of the Revised Code from	30
participating in state contracts.	31
Sec. 109.38. (A) The attorney general may debar a vendor	32
as provided in section 125.25, 153.02, or 5513.06 of the Revised	
Code.	34
The authority of the attorney general to debar a vendor is	35
concurrent to the authority of the director of administrative	36
services, the executive director of the Ohio facilities	37
construction commission, and the director of transportation to	38
debar a vendor under those sections, respectively.	39
(B) The attorney general may request that a court of	40
common pleas debar a vendor as remedy in a civil action or	41
proceeding, as provided in section 2323.59 of the Revised Code.	42
Sec. 125.25. (A) The attorney general or director of	43
administrative services may debar a vendor from consideration	44
for contract awards upon a finding based upon a reasonable	45
belief that the vendor has done any of the following:	46
(1) Abused the selection process by repeatedly withdrawing	47

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bids or proposals before purchase orders or contracts are issued	48
or failing to accept orders based upon firm bids;	49
(2) Failed to substantially perform a contract according	50
to its terms, conditions, and specifications within specified	51
time limits;	52
(3) Failed to cooperate in monitoring contract performance	53
by refusing to provide information or documents required in a	54
contract, failed to respond to complaints to the vendor, or	55
accumulated repeated justified complaints regarding performance	56
of a contract;	57
(4) Attempted to influence a public employee to breach	58
ethical conduct standards or to influence a contract award;	59
(5) Colluded to restrain competition by any means;	60
(6) Been convicted of a criminal offense related to the	61
application for or performance of any public or private	62
contract, including, but not limited to, embezzlement, theft,	63
forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records,	64
receiving stolen property, and any other offense that directly	65
reflects on the vendor's business integrity;	66
(7) Been convicted under state or federal antitrust laws;	67
(8) Deliberately or willfully submitted false or	68
misleading information in connection with the application for or	69
performance of a public contract;	70
(9) Violated any other responsible business practice or	71
performed in an unsatisfactory manner as determined by the	72
attorney general or director;	73
(10) Through the default of a contract or through other	74
means had a determination of unresolved finding for recovery by	75

the auditor of state under section 9.24 of the Revised Code;	76
(11) Acted in such a manner as to be debarred from	77
participating in a contract with any governmental agency.	78
(B) When the <u>attorney general or</u> director reasonably	79
believes that grounds for debarment exist, the <u>attorney general</u>	80
or director shall send the vendor a notice of proposed debarment	81
indicating the grounds for the proposed debarment and the	82
procedure for requesting a hearing on the proposed debarment.	83
The hearing shall be conducted in accordance with Chapter 119.	84
of the Revised Code. If the vendor does not respond with a	85
request for a hearing in the manner specified in Chapter 119. of	86
the Revised Code, the <u>attorney general or</u> director shall issue	87
the debarment decision without a hearing and shall notify the	88
vendor of the decision by certified mail, return receipt	89
requested.	90
(C) The <u>attorney general or</u> director shall determine the	91
length of the debarment period and may rescind the debarment at	92
any time upon notification to the vendor. During the period of	93
debarment, the vendor is not eligible to participate in any	94
state contract. After the debarment period expires, the vendor	95
may be eligible to be awarded contracts by state agencies if the	96
vendor is not otherwise debarred.	97
(D) The director, through the office of procurement	98
services, shall maintain a list of all vendors currently	99
debarred under this section.	100
Sec. 153.02. (A) The attorney general or the executive	101
director of the Ohio facilities construction commission, may	101
debar a contractor from contract awards for public improvements	103
as referred to in section 153.01 of the Revised Code or for	104

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projects as defined in section 3318.01 of the Revised Code, upon	105
proof that the contractor has done any of the following:	106
(1) Defaulted on a contract requiring the execution of a	107
takeover agreement as set forth in division (B) of section	108
153.17 of the Revised Code;	109
(2) Knowingly failed during the course of a contract to	110
maintain the coverage required by the bureau of workers'	111
compensation;	112
(3) Knowingly failed during the course of a contract to	113
maintain the contractor's drug-free workplace program as	114
required by the contract;	115
(4) Knowingly failed during the course of a contract to	116
maintain insurance required by the contract or otherwise by law,	117
resulting in a substantial loss to the owner, as owner is	118
referred to in section 153.01 of the Revised Code, or to the	119
commission and school district board, as provided in division	
(F) of section 3318.08 of the Revised Code;	121
(5) Misrepresented the firm's qualifications in the	122
selection process set forth in sections 153.65 to 153.71 or	123
section 3318.10 of the Revised Code;	124
(6) Been convicted of a criminal offense related to the	125
application for or performance of any public or private	126
contract, including, but not limited to, embezzlement, theft,	127
forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records,	128
receiving stolen property, and any other offense that directly	129
reflects on the contractor's business integrity;	130
(7) Been convicted of a criminal offense under state or	131
federal antitrust laws;	132

(8) Deliberately or willfully submitted false or	133
misleading information in connection with the application for or	134
performance of a public contract;	135
(9) Been debarred from bidding on or participating in a	136
contract with any state or federal agency.	137
(B) When the <u>attorney general or</u> executive director debars	138
a contractor that is a partnership, association, or corporation,	139
the <u>attorney general or</u> executive director also may debar any	140
partner of the partnership or any officer or director of the	141
association or corporation, as applicable.	142
(C) When the attorney general or executive director	143
reasonably believes that grounds for debarment exist, the	144
attorney general or executive director shall send the contractor	145
a notice of proposed debarment indicating the grounds for the	146
proposed debarment and the procedure for requesting a hearing on	147
the proposed debarment. The hearing shall be conducted in	148
accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code. If the	149
contractor does not respond with a request for a hearing in the	150
manner specified in Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, the	151
attorney general or executive director shall issue the debarment	152
decision without a hearing and shall notify the contractor of	153
the decision by certified mail, return receipt requested.	154
(D) The attorney general or executive director shall	155
determine the length of the debarment period and may rescind the	156
debarment at any time upon notification to the contractor.	157
During the period of debarment, the contractor is not eligible	158
to bid for or participate in any contract for a public	159
improvement as referred to in section 153.01 of the Revised Code	160
or for a project as defined in section 3318.01 of the Revised	161
Code. After the debarment period expires, the contractor may be	162

eligible to bid for and participate in such contracts if the	163
vendor is not otherwise debarred.	164
(E) The executive director shall maintain a list of all	165
contractors currently debarred under this section. Any	166
governmental entity awarding a contract for construction of a	
public improvement or project may use a contractor's presence on	
the debarment list to determine whether a contractor is	169
responsible or best under section 9.312 or any other section of	170
the Revised Code in the award of a contract.	171
(F) As used in this section, "contractor" means a	172
construction contracting business, a subcontractor of a	173
construction contracting business, a supplier of materials, or a	174
manufacturer of materials.	175
Sec. 2323.59. In a civil action or proceeding between the	176
attorney general and a vendor, upon request of the attorney	177
general, the court may debar a vendor from consideration for	178
state contract awards as a remedy in the civil action or	179
proceeding. The court shall consider whether the debarment is in	180
the public interest.	181
The court shall determine the length of the debarment	182
period and may rescind the debarment at any time upon	183
notification to the vendor. The vendor is not eligible to bid	184
for or participate in any state contract during the period of	185
debarment. After the debarment period expires, the vendor may be	186
eligible to bid for and participate in such contracts if the	187
vendor is not otherwise debarred.	188
The attorney general shall maintain a list of all vendors	189
currently debarred under this section.	190
Sec. 5513.06. (A) The attorney general or the director of	191

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transportation may debar a vendor from consideration for	192
contract awards upon a finding based upon a reasonable belief	193
that the vendor has done any of the following:	194
(1) Abused the solicitation process by repeatedly	195
withdrawing bids before purchase orders or contracts are issued	196
or failing to accept orders based upon firm bids;	197
(2) Failed to substantially perform a contract according	198
to its terms, conditions, and specifications within specified	199
time limits;	200
(3) Failed to cooperate in monitoring contract performance	201
by refusing to provide information or documents required in a	202
contract, failed to respond and correct matters related to	203
complaints to the vendor, or accumulated repeated justified	204
complaints regarding performance of a contract;	205
(4) Attempted to influence a public employee to breach	206
ethical conduct standards;	207
(5) Colluded with other bidders to restrain competition by	208
any means;	209
(6) Been convicted of a criminal offense related to the	210
application for or performance of any public or private	211
contract, including, but not limited to, embezzlement, theft,	212
forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records,	213
receiving stolen property, and any other offense that directly	214
reflects on the vendor's business integrity;	215
(7) Been convicted under state or federal antitrust laws;	216
(8) Deliberately or willfully submitted false or	217
misleading information in connection with the application for or	218
performance of a public contract;	219

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(9) Has been debarred by a state agency, another state, or	220
by any agency or department of the federal government;	221
(10) Violated any other responsible business practice or	222
performed in an unsatisfactory manner as determined by the	223
attorney general or director.	224
(B) When the <u>attorney general or</u> director reasonably	225
believes that grounds for debarment exist, the <u>attorney general</u>	226
or director shall send the vendor a notice of proposed	227
debarment. If the vendor is a partnership, association, or	228
corporation, the <u>attorney general or</u> director also may debar	229
from consideration for contract awards any partner of the	230
partnership, or the officers and directors of the association or	231
corporation, being debarred. When the <u>attorney general or</u>	232
director reasonably believes that grounds for debarment exist,	233
the <u>attorney general or director</u> shall send the individual	234
involved a notice of proposed debarment. A notice of proposed	235
debarment shall indicate the grounds for the debarment of the	236
vendor or individual and the procedure for requesting a hearing.	237
The notice and hearing shall be in accordance with Chapter 119.	238
of the Revised Code. If the vendor or individual does not	239
respond with a request for a hearing in the manner specified in	240
Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, the attorney general or	241
director shall issue the debarment decision without a hearing	242
and shall notify the vendor or individual of the decision by	243
certified mail, return receipt requested. The-	244
(C) The debarment period may be of any length determined	245
by the <u>attorney general or</u> director and the <u>attorney general or</u>	246
director may modify or rescind the debarment at any time. During	247
the period of debarment, the director shall not include on a	248
bidder list or consider for a contract award any partnership,	249

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association, or corporation affiliated with a debarred	250
individual. After the debarment period expires, the vendor or	251
individual, and any partnership, association, or corporation	252
affiliated with the individual, may reapply for inclusion on	253
bidder lists through the regular application process if such	254
entity or individual is not otherwise debarred.	255
Section 2. That existing sections 9.242, 125.25, 153.02,	256
and 5513.06 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	257