#### As Introduced

# 134th General Assembly

# Regular Session 2021-2022

H. B. No. 580

# Representative Miller, K.

Cosponsors: Representatives Plummer, Ghanbari, Swearingen, Fraizer, Carruthers, Abrams, Holmes, Riedel, Richardson, Lanese, Creech, Hall, LaRe

## A BILL

То	amend sections 2921.331 and 2929.14 of the	1
	Revised Code to modify the penalty for the	2
	offense of "failure to comply with an order or	3
	signal of a police officer" involving the	4
	offender's operation of a motor vehicle and	-
	expressly provide that a motor vehicle used in	6
	the offense is subject to possible seizure and	7
	forfeiture.	8

### BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 2921.331 and 2929.14 of the	9
Revised Code be amended to read as follows:	10
Sec. 2921.331. (A) No person shall fail to comply with any	11
lawful order or direction of any police officer invested with	12
authority to direct, control, or regulate traffic.	13
(B) No person shall operate a motor vehicle so as	14
willfully to elude or flee a police officer after receiving a	15
visible or audible signal from a police officer to bring the	16
person's motor vehicle to a stop.	17

(C)(1) Whoever violates this section is guilty of failure	18
to comply with an order or signal of a police officer.	19
(2) A violation of division (A) of this section is a	20
misdemeanor of the first degree.	21
(3) Except as <u>otherwise</u> provided in divisions (C)(4) and	22
(5) of this section, a violation of division (B) of this section	23
is a <u>misdemeanor</u> <u>felony</u> of the <u>first</u> <u>fourth</u> degree.	24
(4) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(5) of	25
this section, a violation of division (B) of this section is a	26
felony of the fourth third degree if the jury or judge as trier	27
of fact finds by proof beyond a reasonable doubt that, in either	28
of the following applies:	29
(a) In committing the offense, the offender was fleeing	30
immediately after the commission of a felony.	31
(5)(a) (b) The operation of the motor vehicle by the	32
offender caused a substantial risk of serious physical harm to	33
persons or property.	34
(5) A violation of division (B) of this section is a	35
felony of the third second degree if the jury or judge as trier	36
of fact finds <del>any of the following</del> by proof beyond a reasonable	37
doubt:	38
(i) The that the operation of the motor vehicle by the	39
offender was a proximate cause of serious physical harm to	40
persons or property.	41
(ii) The operation of the motor vehicle by the offender	42
caused a substantial risk of serious physical harm to persons or	43
property.	44
(b)(6) If a police officer pursues an offender who is	45

violating division (B) of this section and division $\frac{(C)}{(5)}\frac{(5)}{(a)}\frac{(C)}{(a)}$	46
(4) (b) or (C) $(5)$ of this section applies, the sentencing court,	47
in determining the seriousness of an offender's conduct for	48
purposes of sentencing the offender for a violation of division	49
(B) of this section, shall consider, along with the factors set	50
forth in sections 2929.12 and 2929.13 of the Revised Code that	51
are required to be considered, all of the following:	52
(i) The duration of the pursuit;	53
(ii) The distance of the pursuit;	54
(iii) The rate of speed at which the offender operated the	55
motor vehicle during the pursuit;	56
(iv) Whether the offender failed to stop for traffic	57
lights or stop signs during the pursuit;	58
(v) The number of traffic lights or stop signs for which	59
the offender failed to stop during the pursuit;	60
(vi) Whether the offender operated the motor vehicle	61
during the pursuit without lighted lights during a time when	62
lighted lights are required;	63
(vii) Whether the offender committed a moving violation	64
during the pursuit;	65
(viii) The number of moving violations the offender	66
committed during the pursuit;	67
(ix) Any other relevant factors indicating that the	68
offender's conduct is more serious than conduct normally	69
constituting the offense.	70
(D) If an offender is sentenced pursuant to division (C)	71
(4) or (5) of this section for a violation of division (B) of	72

this section, and if the offender is sentenced to a prison term 73 for that violation, the offender shall serve the prison term 74 consecutively to any other prison term or mandatory prison term 75 imposed upon the offender. 76

77 (E) In addition to any other sanction imposed for  $\underline{a}$ violation of division (A) or (B) of this section, the court 78 shall suspend the offender's driver's license, commercial 79 driver's license, temporary instruction permit, probationary 80 license, or nonresident operating privilege as specified in this 81 division. For a felony violation of division (B) of this 82 83 section, the court shall impose a class two suspension from the range specified in division (A)(2) of section 4510.02 of the 84 Revised Code. In addition to any other sanction imposed for For 85 a violation of division (A) of this section or for a misdemeanor-86 violation of division (B) of this section committed prior to the 87 effective date of this amendment that was a misdemeanor prior to 88 that date, the court shall impose a class five suspension from 89 the range specified in division (A)(5) of section 4510.02 of the 90 Revised Code. If the offender previously has been found quilty 91 of an offense under this section, in addition to any other-92 sanction imposed for the offense, the court shall impose a class 93 one suspension as described in division (A)(1) of that-section 94 4510.02 of the Revised Code. The court shall not grant limited 95 driving privileges to the offender on a suspension imposed for a 96 felony violation of this section. The court may grant limited 97 driving privileges to the offender on a suspension imposed for a 98 misdemeanor violation of this section as set forth in section 99 4510.021 of the Revised Code. No judge shall suspend the first 100 three years of suspension under a class two suspension of an 101 offender's license, permit, or privilege required by this 102 division on or any portion of the suspension under a class one 103

suspension of an offender's license, permit, or privilege	104
required by this division.	105
(F) A motor vehicle used in a violation of division (B) of	106
this section is contraband, and is an instrumentality, that is	107
subject to seizure and forfeiture under Chapter 2981. of the	108
Revised Code.	109
(G) As used in this section:	110
(1) "Moving violation" has the same meaning as in section	111
2743.70 of the Revised Code.	112
(2) "Police officer" has the same meaning as in section	113
4511.01 of the Revised Code.	114
(3) "Instrumentality" has the same meaning as in section	115
2981.01 of the Revised Code.	116
Sec. 2929.14. (A) Except as provided in division (B)(1),	117
(B) (2), (B) (3), (B) (4), (B) (5), (B) (6), (B) (7), (B) (8), (B) (9),	118
(B) (10), (B) (11), (E), (G), (H), (J), or (K) of this section or	119
in division (D)(6) of section 2919.25 of the Revised Code and	120
except in relation to an offense for which a sentence of death	121
or life imprisonment is to be imposed, if the court imposing a	122
sentence upon an offender for a felony elects or is required to	123
impose a prison term on the offender pursuant to this chapter,	124
the court shall impose a prison term that shall be one of the	125
following:	126
(1)(a) For a felony of the first degree committed on or	127
after the effective date of this amendment March 22, 2019, the	128
prison term shall be an indefinite prison term with a stated	129
minimum term selected by the court of three, four, five, six,	130
seven, eight, nine, ten, or eleven years and a maximum term that	131
is determined pursuant to section 2929.144 of the Revised Code,	132

except that if the section that criminalizes the conduct	133
constituting the felony specifies a different minimum term or	134
penalty for the offense, the specific language of that section	135
shall control in determining the minimum term or otherwise	136
sentencing the offender but the minimum term or sentence imposed	137
under that specific language shall be considered for purposes of	138
the Revised Code as if it had been imposed under this division.	139
(b) For a felony of the first degree committed prior to	140
the effective date of this amendment March 22, 2019, the prison	141
term shall be a definite prison term of three, four, five, six,	142
seven, eight, nine, ten, or eleven years.	143
(2)(a) For a felony of the second degree committed on or	144
after—the effective date of this amendment_March 22, 2019, the	145
prison term shall be an indefinite prison term with a stated	146
minimum term selected by the court of two, three, four, five,	147
six, seven, or eight years and a maximum term that is determined	148
pursuant to section 2929.144 of the Revised Code, except that if	149
the section that criminalizes the conduct constituting the	150
felony specifies a different minimum term or penalty for the	151
offense, the specific language of that section shall control in	152
determining the minimum term or otherwise sentencing the	153
offender but the minimum term or sentence imposed under that	154
specific language shall be considered for purposes of the	155
Revised Code as if it had been imposed under this division.	156
(b) For a felony of the second degree committed prior to	157
the effective date of this amendment March 22, 2019, the prison	158
term shall be a definite term of two, three, four, five, six,	159
seven, or eight years.	160
(3)(a) For a felony of the third degree that is a	161

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violation of section 2903.06, 2903.08, 2907.03, 2907.04,

2907.05, 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323, <u>2921.331</u> , or 3795.04 of	163
the Revised Code or that is a violation of section 2911.02 or	164
2911.12 of the Revised Code if the offender previously has been	165
convicted of or pleaded guilty in two or more separate	166
proceedings to two or more violations of section 2911.01,	167
2911.02, 2911.11, or 2911.12 of the Revised Code, the prison	168
term shall be a definite term of twelve, eighteen, twenty-four,	169
thirty, thirty-six, forty-two, forty-eight, fifty-four, or sixty	170
months.	171
(b) For a felony of the third degree that is not an	172
offense for which division (A)(3)(a) of this section applies,	173
the prison term shall be a definite term of nine, twelve,	174
eighteen, twenty-four, thirty, or thirty-six months.	175
(4) For a felony of the fourth degree, the prison term	176
shall be a definite term of six, seven, eight, nine, ten,	177
eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen,	178
or eighteen months.	179
(5) For a felony of the fifth degree, the prison term	180
shall be a definite term of six, seven, eight, nine, ten,	181
eleven, or twelve months.	182
(B)(1)(a) Except as provided in division(B)(1)(e) of this	183
section, if an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to	184
a felony also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	185
specification of the type described in section 2941.141,	186
2941.144, or 2941.145 of the Revised Code, the court shall	187
impose on the offender one of the following prison terms:	188
(i) A prison term of six years if the specification is of	189
the type described in division (A) of section 2941.144 of the	190
Revised Code that charges the offender with having a firearm	191

that is an automatic firearm or that was equipped with a firearm	192
muffler or suppressor on or about the offender's person or under	193
the offender's control while committing the offense;	194
(ii) A prison term of three years if the specification is	195
of the type described in division (A) of section 2941.145 of the	196
Revised Code that charges the offender with having a firearm on	197
or about the offender's person or under the offender's control	198
while committing the offense and displaying the firearm,	199
brandishing the firearm, indicating that the offender possessed	200
the firearm, or using it to facilitate the offense;	201
(iii) A prison term of one year if the specification is of	202
the type described in division (A) of section 2941.141 of the	203
Revised Code that charges the offender with having a firearm on	204
or about the offender's person or under the offender's control	205
while committing the offense;	206
(iv) A prison term of nine years if the specification is	207
of the type described in division (D) of section 2941.144 of the	208
Revised Code that charges the offender with having a firearm	209
that is an automatic firearm or that was equipped with a firearm	210
muffler or suppressor on or about the offender's person or under	211
the offender's control while committing the offense and	212
specifies that the offender previously has been convicted of or	213
pleaded guilty to a specification of the type described in	214
section 2941.141, 2941.144, 2941.145, 2941.146, or 2941.1412 of	215
the Revised Code;	216
(v) A prison term of fifty-four months if the	217
specification is of the type described in division (D) of	218
section 2941.145 of the Revised Code that charges the offender	219
with having a firearm on or about the offender's person or under	220
the offender's control while committing the offense and	221

displaying the firearm, brandishing the firearm, indicating that	222
the offender possessed the firearm, or using the firearm to	223
facilitate the offense and that the offender previously has been	224
convicted of or pleaded guilty to a specification of the type	225
described in section 2941.141, 2941.144, 2941.145, 2941.146, or	226
2941.1412 of the Revised Code;	227
(vi) A prison term of eighteen months if the specification	228
is of the type described in division (D) of section 2941.141 of	229
the Revised Code that charges the offender with having a firearm	230
on or about the offender's person or under the offender's	231
control while committing the offense and that the offender	232
previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a	233
specification of the type described in section 2941.141,	234
2941.144, 2941.145, 2941.146, or 2941.1412 of the Revised Code.	235
(b) If a court imposes a prison term on an offender under	236
division (B)(1)(a) of this section, the prison term shall not be	237
reduced pursuant to section 2967.19, section 2929.20, section	238
2967.193, or any other provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter	239
5120. of the Revised Code. Except as provided in division (B)(1)	240
(g) of this section, a court shall not impose more than one	241
prison term on an offender under division (B)(1)(a) of this	242
section for felonies committed as part of the same act or	243
transaction.	244
(c)(i) Except as provided in division (B)(1)(e) of this	245
section, if an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to	246
a violation of section 2923.161 of the Revised Code or to a	247
felony that includes, as an essential element, purposely or	248
knowingly causing or attempting to cause the death of or	249
physical harm to another, also is convicted of or pleads guilty	250
to a specification of the type described in division (A) of	251

section 2941.146 of the Revised Code that charges the offender	252
with committing the offense by discharging a firearm from a	253
motor vehicle other than a manufactured home, the court, after	254
imposing a prison term on the offender for the violation of	255
section 2923.161 of the Revised Code or for the other felony	256
offense under division (A), (B)(2), or (B)(3) of this section,	257
shall impose an additional prison term of five years upon the	258
offender that shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20,	259
section 2967.19, section 2967.193, or any other provision of	260
Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code.	261

262 (ii) Except as provided in division (B)(1)(e) of this section, if an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to 263 a violation of section 2923.161 of the Revised Code or to a 264 felony that includes, as an essential element, purposely or 265 knowingly causing or attempting to cause the death of or 266 physical harm to another, also is convicted of or pleads guilty 2.67 to a specification of the type described in division (C) of 268 section 2941.146 of the Revised Code that charges the offender 269 with committing the offense by discharging a firearm from a 270 motor vehicle other than a manufactured home and that the 271 offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded quilty to a 272 specification of the type described in section 2941.141, 273 2941.144, 2941.145, 2941.146, or 2941.1412 of the Revised Code, 274 the court, after imposing a prison term on the offender for the 275 violation of section 2923.161 of the Revised Code or for the 276 other felony offense under division (A), (B)(2), or (3) of this 277 section, shall impose an additional prison term of ninety months 278 upon the offender that shall not be reduced pursuant to section 279 2929.20, 2967.19, 2967.193, or any other provision of Chapter 280 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code. 281

(iii) A court shall not impose more than one additional

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prison term on an offender under division (B)(1)(c) of this	283
section for felonies committed as part of the same act or	284
transaction. If a court imposes an additional prison term on an	285
offender under division (B)(1)(c) of this section relative to an	286
offense, the court also shall impose a prison term under	287
division (B)(1)(a) of this section relative to the same offense,	288
provided the criteria specified in that division for imposing an	289
additional prison term are satisfied relative to the offender	290
and the offense.	291

- (d) If an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to 292 an offense of violence that is a felony also is convicted of or 293 pleads guilty to a specification of the type described in 294 section 2941.1411 of the Revised Code that charges the offender 295 with wearing or carrying body armor while committing the felony 296 offense of violence, the court shall impose on the offender an 297 additional prison term of two years. The prison term so imposed, 298 subject to divisions (C) to (I) of section 2967.19 of the 299 Revised Code, shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, 300 section 2967.19, section 2967.193, or any other provision of 301 Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code. A court 302 shall not impose more than one prison term on an offender under 303 division (B)(1)(d) of this section for felonies committed as 304 part of the same act or transaction. If a court imposes an 305 additional prison term under division (B)(1)(a) or (c) of this 306 section, the court is not precluded from imposing an additional 307 prison term under division (B)(1)(d) of this section. 308
- (e) The court shall not impose any of the prison terms 309 described in division (B)(1)(a) of this section or any of the 310 additional prison terms described in division (B)(1)(c) of this 311 section upon an offender for a violation of section 2923.12 or 312 2923.123 of the Revised Code. The court shall not impose any of 313

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the prison terms described in division (B)(1)(a) or (b) of this	314
section upon an offender for a violation of section 2923.122	315
that involves a deadly weapon that is a firearm other than a	316
dangerous ordnance, section 2923.16, or section 2923.121 of the	317
Revised Code. The court shall not impose any of the prison terms	318
described in division (B)(1)(a) of this section or any of the	319
additional prison terms described in division (B)(1)(c) of this	320
section upon an offender for a violation of section 2923.13 of	321
the Revised Code unless all of the following apply:	322
(i) The offender previously has been convicted of	323
aggravated murder, murder, or any felony of the first or second	324

(ii) Less than five years have passed since the offender326was released from prison or post-release control, whichever is327later, for the prior offense.328

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degree.

(f)(i) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to 329 a felony that includes, as an essential element, causing or 330 attempting to cause the death of or physical harm to another and 331 also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a specification of the 332 type described in division (A) of section 2941.1412 of the 333 Revised Code that charges the offender with committing the 334 offense by discharging a firearm at a peace officer as defined 335 in section 2935.01 of the Revised Code or a corrections officer, 336 as defined in section 2941.1412 of the Revised Code, the court, 337 after imposing a prison term on the offender for the felony 338 offense under division (A), (B)(2), or (B)(3) of this section, 339 shall impose an additional prison term of seven years upon the 340 offender that shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, 341 section 2967.19, section 2967.193, or any other provision of 342 Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code. 343

(ii) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	344
felony that includes, as an essential element, causing or	345
attempting to cause the death of or physical harm to another and	346
also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a specification of the	347
type described in division (B) of section 2941.1412 of the	348
Revised Code that charges the offender with committing the	349
offense by discharging a firearm at a peace officer, as defined	350
in section 2935.01 of the Revised Code, or a corrections	351
officer, as defined in section 2941.1412 of the Revised Code,	352
and that the offender previously has been convicted of or	353
pleaded guilty to a specification of the type described in	354
section 2941.141, 2941.144, 2941.145, 2941.146, or 2941.1412 of	355
the Revised Code, the court, after imposing a prison term on the	356
offender for the felony offense under division (A), (B)(2), or	357
(3) of this section, shall impose an additional prison term of	358
one hundred twenty-six months upon the offender that shall not	359
be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, 2967.19, 2967.193, or	360
any other provision of Chapter 2967. or 5120. of the Revised	361
Code.	362

(iii) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to 363 two or more felonies that include, as an essential element, 364 causing or attempting to cause the death or physical harm to 365 another and also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 366 specification of the type described under division (B)(1)(f) of 367 this section in connection with two or more of the felonies of 368 which the offender is convicted or to which the offender pleads 369 guilty, the sentencing court shall impose on the offender the 370 prison term specified under division (B)(1)(f) of this section 371 for each of two of the specifications of which the offender is 372 convicted or to which the offender pleads guilty and, in its 373 discretion, also may impose on the offender the prison term 374

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specified under that division for any or all of the remaining	375
specifications. If a court imposes an additional prison term on	376
an offender under division (B)(1)(f) of this section relative to	377
an offense, the court shall not impose a prison term under	378
division (B)(1)(a) or (c) of this section relative to the same	379
offense.	380
(g) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to two	381
or more felonies, if one or more of those felonies are	382
aggravated murder, murder, attempted aggravated murder,	383
attempted murder, aggravated robbery, felonious assault, or	384
rape, and if the offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	385
specification of the type described under division (B)(1)(a) of	386
this section in connection with two or more of the felonies, the	387
sentencing court shall impose on the offender the prison term	388
specified under division (B)(1)(a) of this section for each of	389
the two most serious specifications of which the offender is	390
convicted or to which the offender pleads guilty and, in its	391
discretion, also may impose on the offender the prison term	392
specified under that division for any or all of the remaining	393
specifications.	394
(2)(a) If division (B)(2)(b) of this section does not	395
apply, the court may impose on an offender, in addition to the	396
longest prison term authorized or required for the offense or,	397
for offenses for which division (A)(1)(a) or (2)(a) of this	398
section applies, in addition to the longest minimum prison term	399
authorized or required for the offense, an additional definite	400
prison term of one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight,	401
nine, or ten years if all of the following criteria are met:	402
(i) The offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	403

specification of the type described in section 2941.149 of the

Revised Code that the offender is a repeat violent offender. 405 (ii) The offense of which the offender currently is 406 convicted or to which the offender currently pleads quilty is 407 aggravated murder and the court does not impose a sentence of 408 death or life imprisonment without parole, murder, terrorism and 409 the court does not impose a sentence of life imprisonment 410 without parole, any felony of the first degree that is an 411 offense of violence and the court does not impose a sentence of 412 life imprisonment without parole, or any felony of the second 413 414 degree that is an offense of violence and the trier of fact finds that the offense involved an attempt to cause or a threat 415 to cause serious physical harm to a person or resulted in 416 417 serious physical harm to a person. (iii) The court imposes the longest prison term for the 418 offense or the longest minimum prison term for the offense, 419 whichever is applicable, that is not life imprisonment without 420 421 parole. (iv) The court finds that the prison terms imposed 422 pursuant to division (B)(2)(a)(iii) of this section and, if 423 applicable, division (B)(1) or (3) of this section are 424 inadequate to punish the offender and protect the public from 425 future crime, because the applicable factors under section 426 2929.12 of the Revised Code indicating a greater likelihood of 427 recidivism outweigh the applicable factors under that section 428 indicating a lesser likelihood of recidivism. 429 (v) The court finds that the prison terms imposed pursuant 430 to division (B)(2)(a)(iii) of this section and, if applicable, 431 division (B)(1) or (3) of this section are demeaning to the 432 seriousness of the offense, because one or more of the factors 433 under section 2929.12 of the Revised Code indicating that the 434

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offender's conduct is more serious than conduct normally	435
constituting the offense are present, and they outweigh the	436
applicable factors under that section indicating that the	437
offender's conduct is less serious than conduct normally	438
constituting the offense.	439
(b) The court shall impose on an offender the longest	440
prison term authorized or required for the offense or, for	441
offenses for which division (A)(1)(a) or (2)(a) of this section	442
applies, the longest minimum prison term authorized or required	443
for the offense, and shall impose on the offender an additional	444
definite prison term of one, two, three, four, five, six, seven,	445
eight, nine, or ten years if all of the following criteria are	446
met:	447
(i) The offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	448
specification of the type described in section 2941.149 of the	449
Revised Code that the offender is a repeat violent offender.	450
(ii) The offender within the preceding twenty years has	451
been convicted of or pleaded guilty to three or more offenses	452
described in division (CC)(1) of section 2929.01 of the Revised	453
Code, including all offenses described in that division of which	454
the offender is convicted or to which the offender pleads guilty	455
in the current prosecution and all offenses described in that	456
division of which the offender previously has been convicted or	457
to which the offender previously pleaded guilty, whether	458
prosecuted together or separately.	459
(iii) The offense or offenses of which the offender	460
currently is convicted or to which the offender currently pleads	461
guilty is aggravated murder and the court does not impose a	462
sentence of death or life imprisonment without parole, murder,	463
terrorism and the court does not impose a sentence of life	464

imprisonment without parole, any felony of the first degree that
is an offense of violence and the court does not impose a
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sentence of life imprisonment without parole, or any felony of
the second degree that is an offense of violence and the trier
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of fact finds that the offense involved an attempt to cause or a
threat to cause serious physical harm to a person or resulted in
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serious physical harm to a person.

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- (c) For purposes of division (B)(2)(b) of this section, two or more offenses committed at the same time or as part of the same act or event shall be considered one offense, and that one offense shall be the offense with the greatest penalty.
- (d) A sentence imposed under division (B)(2)(a) or (b) of this section shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, section 2967.19, or section 2967.193, or any other provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code. The offender shall serve an additional prison term imposed under division (B) (2)(a) or (b) of this section consecutively to and prior to the prison term imposed for the underlying offense.
- (e) When imposing a sentence pursuant to division (B) (2)(a) or (b) of this section, the court shall state its findings explaining the imposed sentence.
- (3) Except when an offender commits a violation of section 486 2903.01 or 2907.02 of the Revised Code and the penalty imposed 487 for the violation is life imprisonment or commits a violation of 488 section 2903.02 of the Revised Code, if the offender commits a 489 violation of section 2925.03 or 2925.11 of the Revised Code and 490 that section classifies the offender as a major drug offender, 491 if the offender commits a violation of section 2925.05 of the 492 Revised Code and division (E)(1) of that section classifies the 493 offender as a major drug offender, if the offender commits a 494

felony violation of section 2925.02, 2925.04, 2925.05, 2925.36,	495
3719.07, 3719.08, 3719.16, 3719.161, 4729.37, or 4729.61,	496
division (C) or (D) of section 3719.172, division (E) of section	497
4729.51, or division (J) of section 4729.54 of the Revised Code	498
that includes the sale, offer to sell, or possession of a	499
schedule I or II controlled substance, with the exception of	500
marihuana, and the court imposing sentence upon the offender	501
finds that the offender is guilty of a specification of the type	502
described in division (A) of section 2941.1410 of the Revised	503
Code charging that the offender is a major drug offender, if the	504
court imposing sentence upon an offender for a felony finds that	505
the offender is guilty of corrupt activity with the most serious	506
offense in the pattern of corrupt activity being a felony of the	507
first degree, or if the offender is guilty of an attempted	508
violation of section 2907.02 of the Revised Code and, had the	509
offender completed the violation of section 2907.02 of the	510
Revised Code that was attempted, the offender would have been	511
subject to a sentence of life imprisonment or life imprisonment	512
without parole for the violation of section 2907.02 of the	513
Revised Code, the court shall impose upon the offender for the	514
felony violation a mandatory prison term determined as described	515
in this division that, subject to divisions (C) to (I) of	516
section 2967.19 of the Revised Code, cannot be reduced pursuant	517
to section 2929.20, section 2967.19, or any other provision of	518
Chapter 2967. or 5120. of the Revised Code. The mandatory prison	519
term shall be the maximum definite prison term prescribed in	520
division (A)(1)(b) of this section for a felony of the first	521
degree, except that for offenses for which division (A)(1)(a) of	522
this section applies, the mandatory prison term shall be the	523
longest minimum prison term prescribed in that division for the	524
offense.	525

(4) If the offender is being sentenced for a third or	526
fourth degree felony OVI offense under division (G)(2) of	527
section 2929.13 of the Revised Code, the sentencing court shall	528
impose upon the offender a mandatory prison term in accordance	529
with that division. In addition to the mandatory prison term, if	530
the offender is being sentenced for a fourth degree felony OVI	531
offense, the court, notwithstanding division (A)(4) of this	532
section, may sentence the offender to a definite prison term of	533
not less than six months and not more than thirty months, and if	534
the offender is being sentenced for a third degree felony OVI	535
offense, the sentencing court may sentence the offender to an	536
additional prison term of any duration specified in division (A)	537
(3) of this section. In either case, the additional prison term	538
imposed shall be reduced by the sixty or one hundred twenty days	539
imposed upon the offender as the mandatory prison term. The	540
total of the additional prison term imposed under division (B)	541
(4) of this section plus the sixty or one hundred twenty days	542
imposed as the mandatory prison term shall equal a definite term	543
in the range of six months to thirty months for a fourth degree	544
felony OVI offense and shall equal one of the authorized prison	545
terms specified in division (A)(3) of this section for a third	546
degree felony OVI offense. If the court imposes an additional	547
prison term under division (B)(4) of this section, the offender	548
shall serve the additional prison term after the offender has	549
served the mandatory prison term required for the offense. In	550
addition to the mandatory prison term or mandatory and	551
additional prison term imposed as described in division (B)(4)	552
of this section, the court also may sentence the offender to a	553
community control sanction under section 2929.16 or 2929.17 of	554
the Revised Code, but the offender shall serve all of the prison	555
terms so imposed prior to serving the community control	556
sanction.	557

If the offender is being sentenced for a fourth degree 558 felony OVI offense under division (G)(1) of section 2929.13 of 559 the Revised Code and the court imposes a mandatory term of local 560 incarceration, the court may impose a prison term as described 561 in division (A)(1) of that section.

- (5) If an offender is convicted of or pleads quilty to a 563 violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2903.06 of the 564 Revised Code and also is convicted of or pleads quilty to a 565 specification of the type described in section 2941.1414 of the 566 Revised Code that charges that the victim of the offense is a 567 peace officer, as defined in section 2935.01 of the Revised 568 Code, or an investigator of the bureau of criminal 569 identification and investigation, as defined in section 2903.11 570 of the Revised Code, the court shall impose on the offender a 571 prison term of five years. If a court imposes a prison term on 572 an offender under division (B)(5) of this section, the prison 573 term, subject to divisions (C) to (I) of section 2967.19 of the 574 Revised Code, shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, 575 section 2967.19, section 2967.193, or any other provision of 576 Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code. A court 577 shall not impose more than one prison term on an offender under 578 division (B)(5) of this section for felonies committed as part 579 of the same act. 580
- (6) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 581 violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2903.06 of the 582 Revised Code and also is convicted of or pleads quilty to a 583 specification of the type described in section 2941.1415 of the 584 Revised Code that charges that the offender previously has been 585 convicted of or pleaded guilty to three or more violations of 586 division (A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or an 587 equivalent offense, as defined in section 2941.1415 of the 588

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Revised Code, or three or more violations of any combination of	589
those divisions and offenses, the court shall impose on the	590
offender a prison term of three years. If a court imposes a	591
prison term on an offender under division (B)(6) of this	592
section, the prison term, subject to divisions (C) to (I) of	593
section 2967.19 of the Revised Code, shall not be reduced	594
pursuant to section 2929.20, section 2967.19, section 2967.193,	595
or any other provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the	596
Revised Code. A court shall not impose more than one prison term	597
on an offender under division (B)(6) of this section for	598
felonies committed as part of the same act.	599

- (7) (a) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to 600 a felony violation of section 2905.01, 2905.02, 2907.21, 601 2907.22, or 2923.32, division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2907.323 602 involving a minor, or division (B)(1), (2), (3), (4), or (5) of 603 section 2919.22 of the Revised Code and also is convicted of or 604 pleads guilty to a specification of the type described in 605 section 2941.1422 of the Revised Code that charges that the 606 offender knowingly committed the offense in furtherance of human 607 trafficking, the court shall impose on the offender a mandatory 608 prison term that is one of the following: 609
- (i) If the offense is a felony of the first degree, a 610 definite prison term of not less than five years and not greater 611 than eleven years, except that if the offense is a felony of the 612 first degree committed on or after the effective date of this 613 amendment March 22, 2019, the court shall impose as the minimum 614 prison term a mandatory term of not less than five years and not 615 greater than eleven years; 616
- (ii) If the offense is a felony of the second or third617degree, a definite prison term of not less than three years and618

not greater than the maximum prison term allowed for the offense	619
by division (A)(2)(b) or (3) of this section, except that if the	620
offense is a felony of the second degree committed on or after	621
the effective date of this amendment March 22, 2019, the court	622
shall impose as the minimum prison term a mandatory term of not	623
less than three years and not greater than eight years;	624
(iii) If the offense is a felony of the fourth or fifth	625
degree, a definite prison term that is the maximum prison term	626
allowed for the offense by division (A) of section 2929.14 of	627
the Revised Code.	628
(b) Subject to divisions (C) to (I) of section 2967.19 of	629
the Revised Code, the prison term imposed under division (B)(7)	630
(a) of this section shall not be reduced pursuant to section	631
2929.20, section 2967.19, section 2967.193, or any other	632
provision of Chapter 2967. of the Revised Code. A court shall	633
not impose more than one prison term on an offender under	634
division (B)(7)(a) of this section for felonies committed as	635
part of the same act, scheme, or plan.	636
(8) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	637
felony violation of section 2903.11, 2903.12, or 2903.13 of the	638
Revised Code and also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	639
specification of the type described in section 2941.1423 of the	640
Revised Code that charges that the victim of the violation was a	641
woman whom the offender knew was pregnant at the time of the	642
violation, notwithstanding the range prescribed in division (A)	643
of this section as the definite prison term or minimum prison	644
term for felonies of the same degree as the violation, the court	645
shall impose on the offender a mandatory prison term that is	646
either a definite prison term of six months or one of the prison	647
terms prescribed in division (A) of this section for felonies of	648

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the same degree as the violation, except that if the violation	649
is a felony of the first or second degree committed on or after	650
the effective date of this amendment March 22, 2019, the court	651
shall impose as the minimum prison term under division (A)(1)(a)	652
or (2)(a) of this section a mandatory term that is one of the	653
terms prescribed in that division, whichever is applicable, for	654
the offense.	655
(9)(a) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to	656
a violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2903.11 of the	657
Revised Code and also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	658
specification of the type described in section 2941.1425 of the	659
Revised Code, the court shall impose on the offender a mandatory	660
prison term of six years if either of the following applies:	661
(i) The violation is a violation of division (A)(1) of	662
section 2903.11 of the Revised Code and the specification	663
charges that the offender used an accelerant in committing the	664
violation and the serious physical harm to another or to	665
another's unborn caused by the violation resulted in a	666
permanent, serious disfigurement or permanent, substantial	667
incapacity;	668
(ii) The violation is a violation of division (A)(2) of	669
section 2903.11 of the Revised Code and the specification	670
charges that the offender used an accelerant in committing the	671
violation, that the violation caused physical harm to another or	672
to another's unborn, and that the physical harm resulted in a	673
permanent, serious disfigurement or permanent, substantial	674
incapacity.	675
(b) If a court imposes a prison term on an offender under	676
division (B)(9)(a) of this section, the prison term shall not be	677
reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, section 2967.19, section	678

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2967.193, or any other provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter	679
5120. of the Revised Code. A court shall not impose more than	680
one prison term on an offender under division (B)(9) of this	681
section for felonies committed as part of the same act.	682
(c) The provisions of divisions (B)(9) and (C)(6) of this	683
section and of division (D)(2) of section 2903.11, division (F)	684
(20) of section 2929.13, and section 2941.1425 of the Revised	685
Code shall be known as "Judy's Law."	686
(10) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	687
violation of division (A) of section 2903.11 of the Revised Code	688
and also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a specification of	689
the type described in section 2941.1426 of the Revised Code that	690
charges that the victim of the offense suffered permanent	691
disabling harm as a result of the offense and that the victim	692
was under ten years of age at the time of the offense,	693
regardless of whether the offender knew the age of the victim,	694
the court shall impose upon the offender an additional definite	695
prison term of six years. A prison term imposed on an offender	696
under division (B)(10) of this section shall not be reduced	697
pursuant to section 2929.20, section 2967.193, or any other	698
provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code.	699
If a court imposes an additional prison term on an offender	700
under this division relative to a violation of division (A) of	701
section 2903.11 of the Revised Code, the court shall not impose	702
any other additional prison term on the offender relative to the	703
same offense.	704
(11) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	705
felony violation of section 2925.03 or 2925.05 of the Revised	706

Code or a felony violation of section 2925.11 of the Revised

Code for which division (C)(11) of that section applies in

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determining the sentence for the violation, if the drug involved	709
in the violation is a fentanyl-related compound or a compound,	710
mixture, preparation, or substance containing a fentanyl-related	711
compound, and if the offender also is convicted of or pleads	712
guilty to a specification of the type described in division (B)	713
of section 2941.1410 of the Revised Code that charges that the	714
offender is a major drug offender, in addition to any other	715
penalty imposed for the violation, the court shall impose on the	716
offender a mandatory prison term of three, four, five, six,	717
seven, or eight years. If a court imposes a prison term on an	718
offender under division (B)(11) of this section, the prison	719
term, subject to divisions (C) to (I) of section 2967.19 of the	720
Revised Code, shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20,	721
2967.19, or 2967.193, or any other provision of Chapter 2967. or	722
5120. of the Revised Code. A court shall not impose more than	723
one prison term on an offender under division (B)(11) of this	724
section for felonies committed as part of the same act.	725

(C) (1) (a) Subject to division (C) (1) (b) of this section, 726 if a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender pursuant 727 to division (B)(1)(a) of this section for having a firearm on or 728 about the offender's person or under the offender's control 729 while committing a felony, if a mandatory prison term is imposed 730 upon an offender pursuant to division (B)(1)(c) of this section 731 for committing a felony specified in that division by 732 discharging a firearm from a motor vehicle, or if both types of 733 mandatory prison terms are imposed, the offender shall serve any 734 mandatory prison term imposed under either division 735 consecutively to any other mandatory prison term imposed under 736 either division or under division (B)(1)(d) of this section, 737 consecutively to and prior to any prison term imposed for the 738 underlying felony pursuant to division (A), (B)(2), or (B)(3) of 739 this section or any other section of the Revised Code, and

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consecutively to any other prison term or mandatory prison term

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previously or subsequently imposed upon the offender.

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- (b) If a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender 743 pursuant to division (B)(1)(d) of this section for wearing or 744 carrying body armor while committing an offense of violence that 745 is a felony, the offender shall serve the mandatory term so 746 imposed consecutively to any other mandatory prison term imposed 747 under that division or under division (B)(1)(a) or (c) of this 748 section, consecutively to and prior to any prison term imposed 749 for the underlying felony under division (A), (B)(2), or (B)(3) 750 of this section or any other section of the Revised Code, and 751 consecutively to any other prison term or mandatory prison term 752 previously or subsequently imposed upon the offender. 753
- (c) If a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender 754 pursuant to division (B)(1)(f) of this section, the offender 755 shall serve the mandatory prison term so imposed consecutively 756 to and prior to any prison term imposed for the underlying 757 felony under division (A), (B)(2), or (B)(3) of this section or 758 any other section of the Revised Code, and consecutively to any 759 other prison term or mandatory prison term previously or 760 subsequently imposed upon the offender. 761
- (d) If a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender 762 pursuant to division (B)(7) or (8) of this section, the offender 763 shall serve the mandatory prison term so imposed consecutively 764 to any other mandatory prison term imposed under that division 765 or under any other provision of law and consecutively to any 766 other prison term or mandatory prison term previously or 767 subsequently imposed upon the offender. 768
  - (e) If a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender

pursuant to division (B) (11) of this section, the offender shall

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- (2) If an offender who is an inmate in a jail, prison, or 777 other residential detention facility violates section 2917.02, 778 2917.03, or 2921.35 of the Revised Code or division (A)(1) or 779 (2) of section 2921.34 of the Revised Code, if an offender who 780 is under detention at a detention facility commits a felony 781 violation of section 2923.131 of the Revised Code, or if an 782 offender who is an inmate in a jail, prison, or other 783 residential detention facility or is under detention at a 784 detention facility commits another felony while the offender is 785 an escapee in violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section 786 2921.34 of the Revised Code, any prison term imposed upon the 787 offender for one of those violations shall be served by the 788 offender consecutively to the prison term or term of 789 790 imprisonment the offender was serving when the offender committed that offense and to any other prison term previously 791 or subsequently imposed upon the offender. 792
- (3) If a prison term is imposed for a violation of 793 division (B) of section 2911.01 of the Revised Code, a violation 794 of division (A) of section 2913.02 of the Revised Code in which 795 the stolen property is a firearm or dangerous ordnance, or a 796 felony violation of division (B) of section 2921.331 of the 797 Revised Code, the offender shall serve that prison term 798 consecutively to any other prison term or mandatory prison term 799 previously or subsequently imposed upon the offender. 800

(4) If multiple prison terms are imposed on an offender	801
for convictions of multiple offenses, the court may require the	802
offender to serve the prison terms consecutively if the court	803
finds that the consecutive service is necessary to protect the	804
public from future crime or to punish the offender and that	805
consecutive sentences are not disproportionate to the	806
seriousness of the offender's conduct and to the danger the	807
offender poses to the public, and if the court also finds any of	808
the following:	809
(a) The offender committed one or more of the multiple	810
offenses while the offender was awaiting trial or sentencing,	811
was under a sanction imposed pursuant to section 2929.16,	812
2929.17, or 2929.18 of the Revised Code, or was under post-	813
release control for a prior offense.	814
(b) At least two of the multiple offenses were committed	815
as part of one or more courses of conduct, and the harm caused	816
by two or more of the multiple offenses so committed was so	817
great or unusual that no single prison term for any of the	818
offenses committed as part of any of the courses of conduct	819
adequately reflects the seriousness of the offender's conduct.	820
(c) The offender's history of criminal conduct	821
demonstrates that consecutive sentences are necessary to protect	822
the public from future crime by the offender.	823
(5) If a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender	824
pursuant to division (B)(5) or (6) of this section, the offender	825
shall serve the mandatory prison term consecutively to and prior	826
to any prison term imposed for the underlying violation of	827
division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2903.06 of the Revised Code	828
pursuant to division (A) of this section or section 2929.142 of	829

the Revised Code. If a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an

offender pursuant to division (B)(5) of this section, and if a	831
mandatory prison term also is imposed upon the offender pursuant	832
to division (B)(6) of this section in relation to the same	833
violation, the offender shall serve the mandatory prison term	834
imposed pursuant to division (B)(5) of this section	835
consecutively to and prior to the mandatory prison term imposed	836
oursuant to division (B)(6) of this section and consecutively to	837
and prior to any prison term imposed for the underlying	838
violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2903.06 of the	839
Revised Code pursuant to division (A) of this section or section	840
2929.142 of the Revised Code.	841
(6) If a mandatory prison term is imposed on an offender	842
oursuant to division (B)(9) of this section, the offender shall	843

(6) If a mandatory prison term is imposed on an offender pursuant to division (B)(9) of this section, the offender shall serve the mandatory prison term consecutively to and prior to any prison term imposed for the underlying violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2903.11 of the Revised Code and consecutively to and prior to any other prison term or mandatory prison term previously or subsequently imposed on the offender.

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- (7) If a mandatory prison term is imposed on an offender 849 pursuant to division (B)(10) of this section, the offender shall 850 serve that mandatory prison term consecutively to and prior to 851 any prison term imposed for the underlying felonious assault. 852 Except as otherwise provided in division (C) of this section, 853 any other prison term or mandatory prison term previously or 854 subsequently imposed upon the offender may be served 855 concurrently with, or consecutively to, the prison term imposed 856 pursuant to division (B) (10) of this section. 857
- (8) Any prison term imposed for a violation of section
  2903.04 of the Revised Code that is based on a violation of
  section 2925.03 or 2925.11 of the Revised Code or on a violation
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of section 2925.05 of the Revised Code that is not funding of	861
marihuana trafficking shall run consecutively to any prison term	862
imposed for the violation of section 2925.03 or 2925.11 of the	863
Revised Code or for the violation of section 2925.05 of the	864
Revised Code that is not funding of marihuana trafficking.	865
(9) When consecutive prison terms are imposed pursuant to	866
division (C)(1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), or (8) or	867
division (H)(1) or (2) of this section, subject to division (C)	868
(10) of this section, the term to be served is the aggregate of	869
all of the terms so imposed.	870
(10) When a court sentences an offender to a non-life	871
felony indefinite prison term, any definite prison term or	872
mandatory definite prison term previously or subsequently	873
imposed on the offender in addition to that indefinite sentence	874
that is required to be served consecutively to that indefinite	875
sentence shall be served prior to the indefinite sentence.	876
(11) If a court is sentencing an offender for a felony of	877
the first or second degree, if division (A)(1)(a) or (2)(a) of	878
this section applies with respect to the sentencing for the	879
offense, and if the court is required under the Revised Code	880
section that sets forth the offense or any other Revised Code	881
provision to impose a mandatory prison term for the offense, the	882
court shall impose the required mandatory prison term as the	883
minimum term imposed under division (A)(1)(a) or (2)(a) of this	884
section, whichever is applicable.	885
(D)(1) If a court imposes a prison term, other than a term	886
of life imprisonment, for a felony of the first degree, for a	887
felony of the second degree, for a felony sex offense, or for a	888
felony of the third degree that is an offense of violence and	889

that is not a felony sex offense, it shall include in the

sentence a requirement that the offender be subject to a period	891
of post-release control after the offender's release from	892
imprisonment, in accordance with section 2967.28 of the Revised	893
Code. If a court imposes a sentence including a prison term of a	894
type described in this division on or after July 11, 2006, the	895
failure of a court to include a post-release control requirement	896
in the sentence pursuant to this division does not negate,	897
limit, or otherwise affect the mandatory period of post-release	898
control that is required for the offender under division (B) of	899
section 2967.28 of the Revised Code. Section 2929.191 of the	900
Revised Code applies if, prior to July 11, 2006, a court imposed	901
a sentence including a prison term of a type described in this	902
division and failed to include in the sentence pursuant to this	903
division a statement regarding post-release control.	904

- (2) If a court imposes a prison term for a felony of the 905 third, fourth, or fifth degree that is not subject to division 906 (D)(1) of this section, it shall include in the sentence a 907 requirement that the offender be subject to a period of post-908 release control after the offender's release from imprisonment, 909 in accordance with that division, if the parole board determines 910 that a period of post-release control is necessary. Section 911 2929.191 of the Revised Code applies if, prior to July 11, 2006, 912 a court imposed a sentence including a prison term of a type 913 described in this division and failed to include in the sentence 914 pursuant to this division a statement regarding post-release 915 control. 916
- (E) The court shall impose sentence upon the offender in 917 accordance with section 2971.03 of the Revised Code, and Chapter 918 2971. of the Revised Code applies regarding the prison term or 919 term of life imprisonment without parole imposed upon the 920 offender and the service of that term of imprisonment if any of 921

the following apply:	922
(1) A person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a violent	923
sex offense or a designated homicide, assault, or kidnapping	924
offense, and, in relation to that offense, the offender is	925
adjudicated a sexually violent predator.	926
(2) A person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	927
violation of division (A)(1)(b) of section 2907.02 of the	928
Revised Code committed on or after January 2, 2007, and either	929
the court does not impose a sentence of life without parole when	930
authorized pursuant to division (B) of section 2907.02 of the	931
Revised Code, or division (B) of section 2907.02 of the Revised	932
Code provides that the court shall not sentence the offender	933
pursuant to section 2971.03 of the Revised Code.	934
(3) A person is convicted of or pleads guilty to attempted	935
rape committed on or after January 2, 2007, and a specification	936
of the type described in section 2941.1418, 2941.1419, or	937
2941.1420 of the Revised Code.	938
(4) A person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	939
violation of section 2905.01 of the Revised Code committed on or	940
after January 1, 2008, and that section requires the court to	941
sentence the offender pursuant to section 2971.03 of the Revised	942
Code.	943
(5) A person is convicted of or pleads guilty to	944
aggravated murder committed on or after January 1, 2008, and	945
division (A)(2)(b)(ii) of section 2929.022, division (A)(1)(e),	946
(C)(1)(a)(v), (C)(2)(a)(ii), (D)(2)(b), (D)(3)(a)(iv), or (E)(1)	947
(a) (iv) of section 2929.03, or division (A) or (B) of section	948
2929.06 of the Revised Code requires the court to sentence the	949

offender pursuant to division (B)(3) of section 2971.03 of the

Revised Code.	951
(6) A person is convicted of or pleads guilty to murder	952
committed on or after January 1, 2008, and division (B)(2) of	953
section 2929.02 of the Revised Code requires the court to	954
sentence the offender pursuant to section 2971.03 of the Revised	955
Code.	956
(F) If a person who has been convicted of or pleaded	957
guilty to a felony is sentenced to a prison term or term of	958
imprisonment under this section, sections 2929.02 to 2929.06 of	959
the Revised Code, section 2929.142 of the Revised Code, section	960
2971.03 of the Revised Code, or any other provision of law,	961
section 5120.163 of the Revised Code applies regarding the	962
person while the person is confined in a state correctional	963
institution.	964
(G) If an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to	965
a felony that is an offense of violence also is convicted of or	966
pleads guilty to a specification of the type described in	967
section 2941.142 of the Revised Code that charges the offender	968
with having committed the felony while participating in a	969
criminal gang, the court shall impose upon the offender an	970
additional prison term of one, two, or three years.	971
(H)(1) If an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty	972
to aggravated murder, murder, or a felony of the first, second,	973
or third degree that is an offense of violence also is convicted	974
of or pleads guilty to a specification of the type described in	975
section 2941.143 of the Revised Code that charges the offender	976
with having committed the offense in a school safety zone or	977
towards a person in a school safety zone, the court shall impose	978
upon the offender an additional prison term of two years. The	979
offender shall serve the additional two years consecutively to	980

and prior to the prison term imposed for the underlying offense. 981 (2)(a) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to 982 a felony violation of section 2907.22, 2907.24, 2907.241, or 983 2907.25 of the Revised Code and to a specification of the type 984 described in section 2941.1421 of the Revised Code and if the 985 court imposes a prison term on the offender for the felony 986 violation, the court may impose upon the offender an additional 987 988 prison term as follows: (i) Subject to division (H)(2)(a)(ii) of this section, an 989 additional prison term of one, two, three, four, five, or six 990 months; 991 (ii) If the offender previously has been convicted of or 992 pleaded guilty to one or more felony or misdemeanor violations 993 of section 2907.22, 2907.23, 2907.24, 2907.241, or 2907.25 of 994 the Revised Code and also was convicted of or pleaded guilty to 995 a specification of the type described in section 2941.1421 of 996 the Revised Code regarding one or more of those violations, an 997 additional prison term of one, two, three, four, five, six, 998 seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, or twelve months. 999 (b) In lieu of imposing an additional prison term under 1000 division (H)(2)(a) of this section, the court may directly 1001 impose on the offender a sanction that requires the offender to 1002 wear a real-time processing, continual tracking electronic 1003 monitoring device during the period of time specified by the 1004 court. The period of time specified by the court shall equal the 1005 duration of an additional prison term that the court could have 1006 imposed upon the offender under division (H)(2)(a) of this 1007 section. A sanction imposed under this division shall commence 1008 on the date specified by the court, provided that the sanction 1009

shall not commence until after the offender has served the

prison term imposed for the felony violation of section 2907.22,	1011
2907.24, 2907.241, or 2907.25 of the Revised Code and any	1012
residential sanction imposed for the violation under section	1013
2929.16 of the Revised Code. A sanction imposed under this	1014
division shall be considered to be a community control sanction	1015
for purposes of section 2929.15 of the Revised Code, and all	1016
provisions of the Revised Code that pertain to community control	1017
sanctions shall apply to a sanction imposed under this division,	1018
except to the extent that they would by their nature be clearly	1019
inapplicable. The offender shall pay all costs associated with a	1020
sanction imposed under this division, including the cost of the	1021
use of the monitoring device.	1022

(I) At the time of sentencing, the court may recommend the 1023 offender for placement in a program of shock incarceration under 1024 section 5120.031 of the Revised Code or for placement in an 1025 intensive program prison under section 5120.032 of the Revised 1026 Code, disapprove placement of the offender in a program of shock 1027 incarceration or an intensive program prison of that nature, or 1028 make no recommendation on placement of the offender. In no case 1029 shall the department of rehabilitation and correction place the 1030 offender in a program or prison of that nature unless the 1031 department determines as specified in section 5120.031 or 1032 5120.032 of the Revised Code, whichever is applicable, that the 1033 offender is eligible for the placement. 1034

If the court disapproves placement of the offender in a 1035 program or prison of that nature, the department of 1036 rehabilitation and correction shall not place the offender in 1037 any program of shock incarceration or intensive program prison. 1038

If the court recommends placement of the offender in a 1039 program of shock incarceration or in an intensive program 1040

prison, and if the offender is subsequently placed in the	1041
recommended program or prison, the department shall notify the	1042
court of the placement and shall include with the notice a brief	1043
description of the placement.	1044

If the court recommends placement of the offender in a 1045 program of shock incarceration or in an intensive program prison 1046 and the department does not subsequently place the offender in 1047 the recommended program or prison, the department shall send a 1048 notice to the court indicating why the offender was not placed 1049 in the recommended program or prison.

If the court does not make a recommendation under this 1051 division with respect to an offender and if the department 1052 determines as specified in section 5120.031 or 5120.032 of the 1053 Revised Code, whichever is applicable, that the offender is 1054 eligible for placement in a program or prison of that nature, 1055 the department shall screen the offender and determine if there 1056 is an available program of shock incarceration or an intensive 1057 program prison for which the offender is suited. If there is an 1058 available program of shock incarceration or an intensive program 1059 prison for which the offender is suited, the department shall 1060 notify the court of the proposed placement of the offender as 1061 specified in section 5120.031 or 5120.032 of the Revised Code 1062 and shall include with the notice a brief description of the 1063 placement. The court shall have ten days from receipt of the 1064 notice to disapprove the placement. 1065

(J) If a person is convicted of or pleads guilty to

aggravated vehicular homicide in violation of division (A)(1) of

section 2903.06 of the Revised Code and division (B)(2)(c) of

that section applies, the person shall be sentenced pursuant to

section 2929.142 of the Revised Code.

1070

(K)(1) The court shall impose an additional mandatory	1071
prison term of two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine,	1072
ten, or eleven years on an offender who is convicted of or	1073
pleads guilty to a violent felony offense if the offender also	1074
is convicted of or pleads guilty to a specification of the type	1075
described in section 2941.1424 of the Revised Code that charges	1076
that the offender is a violent career criminal and had a firearm	1077
on or about the offender's person or under the offender's	1078
control while committing the presently charged violent felony	1079
offense and displayed or brandished the firearm, indicated that	1080
the offender possessed a firearm, or used the firearm to	1081
facilitate the offense. The offender shall serve the prison term	1082
imposed under this division consecutively to and prior to the	1083
prison term imposed for the underlying offense. The prison term	1084
shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20 or 2967.19 or	1085
any other provision of Chapter 2967. or 5120. of the Revised	1086
Code. A court may not impose more than one sentence under	1087
division (B)(2)(a) of this section and this division for acts	1088
committed as part of the same act or transaction.	1089

- (2) As used in division (K)(1) of this section, "violent 1090 career criminal" and "violent felony offense" have the same 1091 meanings as in section 2923.132 of the Revised Code. 1092
- (L) If an offender receives or received a sentence of life 1093 imprisonment without parole, a sentence of life imprisonment, a 1094 definite sentence, or a sentence to an indefinite prison term 1095 under this chapter for a felony offense that was committed when 1096 the offender was under eighteen years of age, the offender's 1097 parole eligibility shall be determined under section 2967.132 of 1098 the Revised Code.
  - Section 2. That existing sections 2921.331 and 2929.14 of

the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	1101
Section 3. Section 2929.14 of the Revised Code is	1102
presented in this act as a composite of the section as amended	1103
by both H.B. 136 and S.B. 256 of the 133rd General Assembly. The	1104
General Assembly, applying the principle stated in division (B)	1105
of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that amendments are to be	1106
harmonized if reasonably capable of simultaneous operation,	1107
finds that the composite is the resulting version of the section	1108
in effect prior to the effective date of the section as	1109
presented in this act.	1110