As Introduced

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Representatives West, Plummer

Cosponsors: Representatives Fraizer, Riedel, Crossman, Miller, A., Leland, Smith, K., Miller, J., Miranda, Sheehy, Pavliga, Stewart, LaRe, Sweeney, Schmidt

A BILL

To amend section 2933.81 of the Revised Code to	1
revise the law governing the electronic	2
recording of custodial interrogations.	3

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That section 2933.81 of the Revised Code be	4
amended to read as follows:	5
Sec. 2933.81. (A) As used in this section:	6
(1) "Custodial interrogation" means any interrogation	7
involving a law enforcement officer's questioning that is	8
reasonably likely to elicit incriminating responses and in which	9
a reasonable person in the subject's position would consider	10
self to be in custody, beginning when a person should have been	11
advised of the person's right to counsel and right to remain	12
silent and of the fact that anything the person says could be	13
used against the person, as specified by the United States	14
supreme court in Miranda v. Arizona (1966), 384 U.S. 436, and	15
subsequent decisions, and ending when the questioning has	16
completely finished.	17

(2) "Detention facility" has the same meaning as in 18 section 2921.01 of the Revised Code. 19 (3) "Electronic recording" or "electronically recorded" 20 means an audio and visual or audiovisual recording that is an 21 authentic, accurate, unaltered record of a custodial 22 interrogation. 23 (4) "Law enforcement agency" has the same meaning as in 24 section 109.573 of the Revised Code. 25 (5) "Law enforcement vehicle" means a vehicle primarily 26 used by a law enforcement agency or by an employee of a law 27 enforcement agency for official law enforcement purposes. 28 (6) "Local correctional facility" has the same meaning as 29 in section 2903.13 of the Revised Code. 30 (7) "Place of detention" means a jail, police or sheriff's 31 station, holding cell, state correctional institution, local 32 correctional facility, detention facility, or department of 33 youth services facility. "Place of detention" does not include a 34 law enforcement vehicle. 35 (8) "State correctional institution" has the same meaning 36 as in section 2967.01 of the Revised Code. 37 (9) "Statement" means an oral, written, sign language, or 38 nonverbal communication. 39 (B) All Except as provided in division (C) of this 40 section, all statements made by a person who is the suspect of a 41 violation of or possible violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 42 or 2903.03, a violation of section 2903.04 or 2903.06 that is a 43 felony of the first or second degree, a violation of section 44 2907.02 or 2907.03, or an attempt to commit a violation of 45

section 2907.02 of the Revised Code during a custodial	46
interrogation in a place of detention are presumed to <u>shall</u> be	47
voluntary if the statements made by the person are-	48
electronically recorded. The person making the statements during	49
the electronic recording of the custodial interrogation has the	50
burden of proving that the statements made during the custodial	51
interrogation were not voluntary. There shall be no penalty	52
against the law enforcement agency that employs a law-	53
enforcement officer if the law enforcement officer fails to	54
electronically record as required by this division a custodial-	55
interrogation. A law enforcement officer's failure to	56
electronically record a custodial interrogation does not create	57
a private cause of action against that law enforcement officer	58
any person or agency.	59
(C) <u>Division (B) of this section does not apply in any of</u>	60
the following circumstances:	61
(1) The person subject to interrogation requests that the	62
interrogation not be recorded, as long as this request is	63
preserved by electronic recording or in writing.	64
(2) The recording equipment malfunctions.	65
(3) There are exigent circumstances related to public	66
safety.	67
(4) The interrogation occurs outside of the state of Ohio.	68
(5) The statements are made during routine processing or	69
booking.	70
booking.	10
(6) The statements are made spontaneously and not in	71
response to interrogation.	72
(7) The interrogation occurs when no law enforcement	73

officer conducting the interrogation has reason to believe that	74
the individual attempted to commit, conspired to commit, was	75
complicit in committing, or committed an offense listed in	76
division (B) of this section.	77
(D) A failure to electronically record a statement as	78
required by this section shall not provide the basis <u>may be</u>	79
considered in adjudicating motions to exclude or suppress the	80
statement in any criminal proceeding, delinquent child	81
proceeding, or other legal proceeding. <u>A failure to</u>	82
electronically record a statement as required by this section	83
shall not be the sole basis for excluding or suppressing the	84
statement in any such proceeding.	85
(D)(1)(E) If a law enforcement agency fails to	86
electronically record a custodial interrogation as required by	87
division (B) of this section, the court may still admit evidence	88
from the interrogation. If the court admits evidence from the	89
interrogation under this authority, the court shall do whichever	90
of the following is applicable:	91
(1) If the prosecution establishes by a preponderance of	92
the evidence that one or more of the circumstances listed in	93
division (C) of this section applies, the court shall admit the	94
evidence without a cautionary instruction to the jury.	95
(2) If the prosecution does not establish by a	96
preponderance of the evidence that one or more of the	97
circumstances listed in division (C) of this section applies,	98
the court shall provide a cautionary instruction to the jury	99
that it may consider the failure to record the custodial	100
interrogation in determining the reliability of the evidence.	101
(F)(1) Law enforcement personnel shall clearly identify	102

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and catalog every electronic recording of a custodial103interrogation that is recorded pursuant to this section.104

(2) If a criminal or delinquent child proceeding is 105 brought against a person who was the subject of a custodial 106 interrogation that was electronically recorded, law enforcement 107 personnel shall preserve the recording until the later of when 108 all appeals, post-conviction relief proceedings, and habeas 109 corpus proceedings are final and concluded or the expiration of 110 the period of time within which such appeals and proceedings 111 112 must be brought.

(3) Upon motion by the defendant in a criminal proceeding
or the alleged delinquent child in a delinquent child
proceeding, the court may order that a copy of an electronic
recording of a custodial interrogation of the person be
preserved for any period beyond the expiration of all appeals,
post-conviction relief proceedings, and habeas corpus
proceedings.

(4) If no criminal or delinquent child proceeding is
brought against a person who was the subject of a custodial
interrogation that was electronically recorded pursuant to this
section, law enforcement personnel are not required to preserve
the related recording.

Section 2. That existing section 2933.81 of the Revised 125 Code is hereby repealed. 126

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