

**As Introduced**

**134th General Assembly  
Regular Session  
2021-2022**

**S. B. No. 223**

**Senator Antani**

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**A BILL**

To amend sections 1901.261, 1907.261, 2101.162, 1  
2151.541, 2153.081, 2301.031, 2303.201, 2953.52, 2  
2953.53, 2953.54, 2953.55, and 2953.61 and to 3  
enact section 2953.522 of the Revised Code to 4  
allow for the sealing of charges dismissed 5  
through intervention in lieu of conviction when 6  
those charges are connected to a conviction for 7  
operating a vehicle under the influence and to 8  
allow a clerk of court to spend computerization 9  
funds upon request. 10

**BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:**

**Section 1.** That sections 1901.261, 1907.261, 2101.162, 11  
2151.541, 2153.081, 2301.031, 2303.201, 2953.52, 2953.53, 12  
2953.54, 2953.55, and 2953.61 be amended and section 2953.522 of 13  
the Revised Code be enacted to read as follows: 14

**Sec. 1901.261.** (A) (1) A municipal court may determine that 15  
for the efficient operation of the court additional funds are 16  
required to computerize the court, to make available 17  
computerized legal research services, or to do both. Upon making 18  
a determination that additional funds are required for either or 19

both of those purposes, the court shall include in its schedule 20  
of fees and costs under section 1901.26 of the Revised Code one 21  
additional fee not to exceed three dollars on the filing of each 22  
cause of action or appeal equivalent to one described in 23  
division (A), (Q), or (U) of section 2303.20 of the Revised Code 24  
and shall direct the clerk of the court to charge the fee. 25

(2) All fees collected under this section shall be paid on 26  
or before the twentieth day of the month following the month in 27  
which they are collected to the county treasurer if the court is 28  
a county-operated municipal court or to the city treasurer if 29  
the court is not a county-operated municipal court. The 30  
treasurer shall place the funds from the fees in a separate fund 31  
to be disbursed upon an order of the court or a request from the 32  
clerk of the court, subject to an appropriation by the board of 33  
county commissioners if the court is a county-operated municipal 34  
court or by the legislative authority of the municipal 35  
corporation if the court is not a county-operated municipal 36  
court, or upon an order of the court or a request from the clerk 37  
of the court, subject to the court making an annual report 38  
available to the public listing the use of all such funds, in an 39  
amount not greater than the actual cost to the court of 40  
computerizing the court, procuring and maintaining computerized 41  
legal research services, or both. 42

(3) If the court determines that the funds in the fund 43  
described in division (A)(2) of this section are more than 44  
sufficient to satisfy the purpose for which the additional fee 45  
described in division (A)(1) of this section was imposed, the 46  
court may declare a surplus in the fund and, subject to an 47  
appropriation by the board of county commissioners if the court 48  
is a county-operated municipal court or by the legislative 49  
authority of the municipal corporation if the court is not a 50

county-operated municipal court, the court or the clerk of the 51  
court may expend those surplus funds, or upon an order of the 52  
court or request from the clerk of the court, subject to the 53  
court or clerk making an annual report available to the public 54  
listing the use of all such funds, expend those surplus funds, 55  
for other appropriate technological expenses of the court. 56

(B) (1) A municipal court may determine that, for the 57  
efficient operation of the court, additional funds are required 58  
to computerize the office of the clerk of the court and, upon 59  
that determination, may include in its schedule of fees and 60  
costs under section 1901.26 of the Revised Code an additional 61  
fee not to exceed ten dollars on the filing of each cause of 62  
action or appeal, on the filing, docketing, and endorsing of 63  
each certificate of judgment, or on the docketing and indexing 64  
of each aid in execution or petition to vacate, revive, or 65  
modify a judgment that is equivalent to one described in 66  
division (A), (P), (Q), (T), or (U) of section 2303.20 of the 67  
Revised Code. Subject to division (B) (2) of this section, all 68  
moneys collected under division (B) (1) of this section shall be 69  
paid on or before the twentieth day of the month following the 70  
month in which they are collected to the county treasurer if the 71  
court is a county-operated municipal court or to the city 72  
treasurer if the court is not a county-operated municipal court. 73  
The treasurer shall place the funds from the fees in a separate 74  
fund to be disbursed, upon an order of the municipal court or a 75  
request from the clerk of the court and subject to an 76  
appropriation by the board of county commissioners if the court 77  
is a county-operated municipal court or by the legislative 78  
authority of the municipal corporation if the court is not a 79  
county-operated municipal court, in an amount no greater than 80  
the actual cost to the court of procuring and maintaining 81

computer systems for the office of the clerk of the municipal court. 82  
83

(2) If a municipal court makes the determination described 84  
in division (B) (1) of this section, the board of county 85  
commissioners of the county if the court is a county-operated 86  
municipal court or the legislative authority of the municipal 87  
corporation if the court is not a county-operated municipal 88  
court, may issue one or more general obligation bonds for the 89  
purpose of procuring and maintaining the computer systems for 90  
the office of the clerk of the municipal court. In addition to 91  
the purposes stated in division (B) (1) of this section for which 92  
the moneys collected under that division may be expended, the 93  
moneys additionally may be expended to pay debt charges and 94  
financing costs related to any general obligation bonds issued 95  
pursuant to division (B) (2) of this section as they become due. 96  
General obligation bonds issued pursuant to division (B) (2) of 97  
this section are Chapter 133. securities. 98

**Sec. 1907.261.** (A) (1) A county court may determine that 99  
for the efficient operation of the court additional funds are 100  
required to computerize the court, to make available 101  
computerized legal research services, or to do both. Upon making 102  
a determination that additional funds are required for either or 103  
both of those purposes, the court shall include in its schedule 104  
of fees and costs under section 1907.24 of the Revised Code one 105  
additional fee not to exceed three dollars on the filing of each 106  
cause of action or appeal equivalent to one described in 107  
division (A), (Q), or (U) of section 2303.20 of the Revised Code 108  
and shall direct the clerk of the court to charge the fee. 109

(2) All fees collected under this section shall be paid on 110  
or before the twentieth day of the month following the month in 111

which they are collected to the county treasurer. The treasurer 112  
shall place the funds from the fees in a separate fund to be 113  
disbursed either upon an order of the court or request from the 114  
clerk of the court, subject to an appropriation by the board of 115  
county commissioners, or upon an order of the court or request 116  
from the clerk of the court, subject to the court or clerk of 117  
the court making an annual report available to the public 118  
listing the use of all such funds, in an amount not greater than 119  
the actual cost to the court of computerizing the court, 120  
procuring and maintaining computerized legal research services, 121  
or both. 122

(3) If the court determines that the funds in the fund 123  
described in division (A) (2) of this section are more than 124  
sufficient to satisfy the purpose for which the additional fee 125  
described in division (A) (1) of this section was imposed, the 126  
court may declare a surplus in the fund and, subject to an 127  
appropriation by the board of county commissioners, the court or 128  
the clerk of the court may expend those surplus funds, or upon 129  
an order of the court or the clerk of the court, subject to the 130  
court or clerk making an annual report available to the public 131  
listing the use of all such funds, expend those surplus funds, 132  
for other appropriate technological expenses of the court. 133

(B) (1) A county court may determine that, for the 134  
efficient operation of the court, additional funds are required 135  
to computerize the office of the clerk of the court and, upon 136  
that determination, may include in its schedule of fees and 137  
costs under section 1907.24 of the Revised Code an additional 138  
fee not to exceed ten dollars on the filing of each cause of 139  
action or appeal, on the filing, docketing, and endorsing of 140  
each certificate of judgment, or on the docketing and indexing 141  
of each aid in execution or petition to vacate, revive, or 142

modify a judgment that is equivalent to one described in 143  
division (A), (P), (Q), (T), or (U) of section 2303.20 of the 144  
Revised Code. Subject to division (B) (2) of this section, all 145  
moneys collected under division (B) (1) of this section shall be 146  
paid on or before the twentieth day of the month following the 147  
month in which they are collected to the county treasurer. The 148  
treasurer shall place the funds from the fees in a separate fund 149  
to be disbursed, upon an order of the county court or request 150  
from the clerk of the court and subject to an appropriation by 151  
the board of county commissioners, in an amount no greater than 152  
the actual cost to the court of procuring and maintaining 153  
computer systems for the office of the clerk of the county 154  
court. 155

(2) If a county court makes the determination described in 156  
division (B) (1) of this section, the board of county 157  
commissioners of that county may issue one or more general 158  
obligation bonds for the purpose of procuring and maintaining 159  
the computer systems for the office of the clerk of the county 160  
court. In addition to the purposes stated in division (B) (1) of 161  
this section for which the moneys collected under that division 162  
may be expended, the moneys additionally may be expended to pay 163  
debt charges and financing costs related to any general 164  
obligation bonds issued pursuant to division (B) (2) of this 165  
section as they become due. General obligation bonds issued 166  
pursuant to division (B) (2) of this section are Chapter 133. 167  
securities. 168

**Sec. 2101.162.** (A) (1) The probate judge may determine 169  
that, for the efficient operation of the probate court, 170  
additional funds are required to computerize the court, make 171  
available computerized legal research services, or to do both. 172  
Upon making a determination that additional funds are required 173

for either or both of those purposes, the probate judge shall 174  
charge a fee not to exceed three dollars or authorize and direct 175  
a deputy clerk of the probate court to charge a fee not to 176  
exceed three dollars, in addition to the fees specified in 177  
divisions (A) (1), (3), (4), (6), (14) to (17), (20) to (25), 178  
(27), (30) to (32), (34), (35), (37) to (48), (50) to (55), (59) 179  
to (61), (63) to (66), (69), and (72) of section 2101.16 of the 180  
Revised Code and the fee charged in connection with the 181  
docketing and indexing of an appeal. 182

(2) All moneys collected under division (A) (1) of this 183  
section shall be paid to the county treasurer. The treasurer 184  
shall place the moneys from the fees in a separate fund to be 185  
disbursed, upon an order of the probate judge or request from 186  
the clerk of the court, in an amount no greater than the actual 187  
cost to the court of procuring and maintaining computerization 188  
of the court, computerized legal research services, or both. 189

(3) If the court determines that the funds in the fund 190  
described in division (A) (2) of this section are more than 191  
sufficient to satisfy the purpose for which the additional fee 192  
described in division (A) (1) of this section was imposed, the 193  
court may declare a surplus in the fund and the court or the 194  
clerk of the court may expend those surplus funds for other 195  
appropriate technological expenses of the court. 196

(B) (1) The probate judge may determine that, for the 197  
efficient operation of the probate court, additional funds are 198  
required to computerize the office of the clerk of the court 199  
and, upon that determination, may charge a fee, not to exceed 200  
ten dollars, or authorize and direct a deputy clerk of the 201  
probate court to charge a fee, not to exceed ten dollars, in 202  
addition to the fees specified in divisions (A) (1), (3), (4), 203

(6), (14) to (17), (20) to (25), (27), (30) to (32), (34), (35), 204  
(37) to (48), (50) to (55), (59) to (61), (63) to (66), (69), 205  
and (72) of section 2101.16 of the Revised Code and the fee 206  
charged in connection with the docketing and indexing of an 207  
appeal. Subject to division (B)(2) of this section, all moneys 208  
collected under this division shall be paid to the county 209  
treasurer to be disbursed, upon an order of the probate judge or 210  
request from the clerk of the court and subject to appropriation 211  
by the board of county commissioners, in an amount no greater 212  
than the actual cost to the probate court of procuring and 213  
maintaining computer systems for the office of the clerk of the 214  
court. 215

(2) If the probate judge makes the determination described 216  
in division (B)(1) of this section, the board of county 217  
commissioners may issue one or more general obligation bonds for 218  
the purpose of procuring and maintaining the computer systems 219  
for the office of the clerk of the probate court. In addition to 220  
the purposes stated in division (B)(1) of this section for which 221  
the moneys collected under that division may be expended, the 222  
moneys additionally may be expended to pay debt charges on and 223  
financing costs related to any general obligation bonds issued 224  
pursuant to this division as they become due. General obligation 225  
bonds issued pursuant to this division are Chapter 133. 226  
securities. 227

**Sec. 2151.541.** (A)(1) The juvenile judge may determine 228  
that, for the efficient operation of the juvenile court, 229  
additional funds are required to computerize the court, to make 230  
available computerized legal research services, or both. Upon 231  
making a determination that additional funds are required for 232  
either or both of those purposes, the judge shall do one of the 233  
following: 234



(a) If the judge is clerk of the court, charge one 235  
additional fee not to exceed three dollars on the filing of each 236  
cause of action or appeal under division (A), (Q), or (U) of 237  
section 2303.20 of the Revised Code; 238

(b) If the clerk of the court of common pleas serves as 239  
the clerk of the juvenile court pursuant to section 2151.12 of 240  
the Revised Code, authorize and direct the clerk to charge one 241  
additional fee not to exceed three dollars on the filing of each 242  
cause of action or appeal under division (A), (Q), or (U) of 243  
section 2303.20 of the Revised Code. 244

(2) All moneys collected under division (A)(1) of this 245  
section shall be paid to the county treasurer. The treasurer 246  
shall place the moneys from the fees in a separate fund to be 247  
disbursed either upon an order of the juvenile judge or request 248  
from the clerk of the juvenile court, subject to an 249  
appropriation by the board of county commissioners, or upon an 250  
order of the juvenile judge or request from the clerk of the 251  
juvenile court, subject to the court or clerk making an annual 252  
report available to the public listing the use of all such 253  
funds, in an amount no greater than the actual cost to the court 254  
of procuring and maintaining computerization of the court, 255  
computerized legal research services, or both. 256

(3) If the court determines that the funds in the fund 257  
described in division (A)(2) of this section are more than 258  
sufficient to satisfy the purpose for which the additional fee 259  
described in division (A)(1) of this section was imposed, the 260  
court may declare a surplus in the fund and, subject to an 261  
appropriation by the board of county commissioners, the court or 262  
the clerk of the juvenile court may expend those surplus funds, 263  
or upon an order of the court or a request from the clerk of the 264

juvenile court, subject to the court or clerk making an annual 265  
report available to the public listing the use of all such 266  
funds, expend those surplus funds, for other appropriate 267  
technological expenses of the court. 268

(B) (1) If the juvenile judge is the clerk of the juvenile 269  
court, the judge may determine that, for the efficient operation 270  
of the juvenile court, additional funds are required to 271  
computerize the clerk's office and, upon that determination, may 272  
charge an additional fee, not to exceed ten dollars, on the 273  
filing of each cause of action or appeal, on the filing, 274  
docketing, and endorsing of each certificate of judgment, or on 275  
the docketing and indexing of each aid in execution or petition 276  
to vacate, revive, or modify a judgment under divisions (A), 277  
(P), (Q), (T), and (U) of section 2303.20 of the Revised Code. 278  
Subject to division (B) (2) of this section, all moneys collected 279  
under this division shall be paid to the county treasurer to be 280  
disbursed, upon an order of the juvenile judge and subject to 281  
appropriation by the board of county commissioners, in an amount 282  
no greater than the actual cost to the juvenile court of 283  
procuring and maintaining computer systems for the clerk's 284  
office. 285

(2) If the juvenile judge makes the determination 286  
described in division (B) (1) of this section, the board of 287  
county commissioners may issue one or more general obligation 288  
bonds for the purpose of procuring and maintaining the computer 289  
systems for the office of the clerk of the juvenile court. In 290  
addition to the purposes stated in division (B) (1) of this 291  
section for which the moneys collected under that division may 292  
be expended, the moneys additionally may be expended to pay debt 293  
charges on and financing costs related to any general obligation 294  
bonds issued pursuant to this division as they become due. 295

General obligation bonds issued pursuant to this division are 296  
Chapter 133. securities. 297

**Sec. 2153.081.** (A) (1) The juvenile judges may determine 298  
that, for the efficient operation of their court, additional 299  
funds are required to computerize the court, to make available 300  
computerized legal research services, or both. Upon making a 301  
determination that additional funds are required for either or 302  
both of those purposes, the judges shall authorize and direct 303  
the clerk or a deputy clerk of the court to charge one 304  
additional fee not to exceed three dollars on the filing of each 305  
cause of action or appeal under division (A), (Q), or (U) of 306  
section 2303.20 of the Revised Code. 307

(2) All moneys collected under division (A) (1) of this 308  
section shall be paid to the county treasurer. The treasurer 309  
shall place the moneys from the fees in a separate fund to be 310  
disbursed, upon an order of the juvenile judges or upon a 311  
request from the clerk of the court, in an amount no greater 312  
than the actual cost to the court of procuring and maintaining 313  
computer systems for the clerk's office, computerized legal 314  
research services, or both. 315

(3) If the court determines that the funds in the fund 316  
described in division (A) (2) of this section are more than 317  
sufficient to satisfy the purpose for which the additional fee 318  
described in division (A) (1) of this section was imposed, the 319  
court may declare a surplus in the fund and the court or the 320  
clerk of the court may expend those surplus funds for other 321  
appropriate technological expenses of the court. 322

(B) (1) The juvenile judges may determine that, for the 323  
efficient operation of their court, additional funds are 324  
required to computerize the office of the clerk of the juvenile 325

court and, upon that determination, may authorize and direct the clerk or a deputy clerk of the court to charge an additional fee, not to exceed ten dollars, on the filing of each cause of action or appeal, on the filing, docketing, and endorsing of each certificate of judgment, or on the docketing and indexing of each aid in execution or petition to vacate, revive, or modify a judgment under divisions (A), (P), (Q), (T), and (U) of section 2303.20 of the Revised Code. Subject to division (B)(2) of this section, all moneys collected under this division shall be paid to the county treasurer to be disbursed, upon an order of the juvenile judges or request from the clerk of the court and subject to appropriation by the board of county commissioners, in an amount no greater than the actual cost to the juvenile court of procuring and maintaining computer systems for the clerk's office.

(2) If the juvenile judges make the determination described in division (B)(1) of this section, the board of county commissioners may issue one or more general obligation bonds for the purpose of procuring and maintaining the computer systems for the office of the clerk of the juvenile court. In addition to the purposes stated in division (B)(1) of this section for which the moneys collected under that division may be expended, the moneys additionally may be expended to pay debt charges on and financing costs related to any general obligation bonds issued pursuant to this division as they become due. General obligation bonds issued pursuant to this division are Chapter 133. securities.

**Sec. 2301.031.** (A)(1) The domestic relations judges of a domestic relations division created by section 2301.03 of the Revised Code may determine that, for the efficient operation of their division, additional funds are required to computerize the

division, to make available computerized legal research 357  
services, or both. Upon making a determination that additional 358  
funds are required for either or both of those purposes, the 359  
judges shall do one of the following: 360

(a) Authorize and direct the clerk or a deputy clerk of 361  
the division to charge one additional fee not to exceed three 362  
dollars on the filing of each cause of action or appeal under 363  
division (A), (Q), or (U) of section 2303.20 of the Revised 364  
Code; 365

(b) If the clerk of the court of common pleas serves as 366  
the clerk of the division, authorize and direct the clerk of the 367  
court of common pleas to charge one additional fee not to exceed 368  
three dollars on the filing of each cause of action or appeal 369  
under division (A), (Q), or (U) of section 2303.20 of the 370  
Revised Code. 371

(2) All moneys collected under division (A)(1) of this 372  
section shall be paid to the county treasurer. The treasurer 373  
shall place the moneys from the fees in a separate fund to be 374  
disbursed either upon an order of the domestic relations judges 375  
or a request from the clerk of the domestic relations division, 376  
subject to an appropriation by the board of county 377  
commissioners, or upon an order of the domestic relations judge 378  
or request from the clerk of the domestic relations division, 379  
subject to the court making an annual report available to the 380  
public listing the use of all such funds, in an amount no 381  
greater than the actual cost to the division of procuring and 382  
maintaining computerization of the court, computerized legal 383  
research services, or both. 384

(3) If the court determines that the funds in the fund 385  
described in division (A)(2) of this section are more than 386

sufficient to satisfy the purpose for which the additional fee 387  
described in division (A) (1) of this section was imposed, the 388  
court may declare a surplus in the fund and, subject to an 389  
appropriation by the board of county commissioners, the court or 390  
the clerk of the domestic relations division may expend those 391  
surplus funds, or upon an order of the court or a request from 392  
the clerk of the domestic relations division, subject to the 393  
court or clerk of the domestic relations division making an 394  
annual report available to the public listing the use of all 395  
such funds, the court or clerk of the domestic relations 396  
division may expend those surplus funds, for other appropriate 397  
technological expenses of the court. 398

(B) (1) If the clerk of the court of common pleas is not 399  
serving as the clerk of a juvenile or domestic relations 400  
division created by section 2301.03 of the Revised Code, the 401  
juvenile or domestic relations judges may determine that, for 402  
the efficient operation of their division, additional funds are 403  
required to computerize the office of the clerk of their 404  
division and, upon that determination, may authorize and direct 405  
the clerk or a deputy clerk of their division to charge an 406  
additional fee, not to exceed ten dollars, on the filing of each 407  
cause of action or appeal, on the filing, docketing, and 408  
endorsing of each certificate of judgment, or on the docketing 409  
and indexing of each aid in execution or petition to vacate, 410  
revive, or modify a judgment under divisions (A), (P), (Q), (T), 411  
and (U) of section 2303.20 of the Revised Code. Subject to 412  
division (B) (2) of this section, all moneys collected under this 413  
division shall be paid to the county treasurer to be disbursed, 414  
upon an order of the juvenile or domestic relations judges or 415  
request of the clerk of the juvenile or domestic relations 416  
division and subject to appropriation by the board of county 417

commissioners, in an amount no greater than the actual cost to 418  
the juvenile or domestic relations division of procuring and 419  
maintaining computer systems for the clerk's office. 420

(2) If juvenile or domestic relations judges make the 421  
determination described in division (B)(1) of this section, the 422  
board of county commissioners may issue one or more general 423  
obligation bonds for the purpose of procuring and maintaining 424  
the computer systems for the office of the clerk of the juvenile 425  
or domestic relations division. In addition to the purposes 426  
stated in division (B)(1) of this section for which the moneys 427  
collected under that division may be expended, the moneys 428  
additionally may be expended to pay debt charges on and 429  
financing costs related to any general obligation bonds issued 430  
pursuant to this division as they become due. General obligation 431  
bonds issued pursuant to this division are Chapter 133. 432  
securities. 433

**Sec. 2303.201.** (A)(1) The court of common pleas of any 434  
county may determine that for the efficient operation of the 435  
court additional funds are required to computerize the court, to 436  
make available computerized legal research services, or to do 437  
both. Upon making a determination that additional funds are 438  
required for either or both of those purposes, the court shall 439  
authorize and direct the clerk of the court of common pleas to 440  
charge one additional fee, not to exceed six dollars, on the 441  
filing of each cause of action or appeal under divisions (A), 442  
(Q), and (U) of section 2303.20 of the Revised Code. 443

(2) All fees collected under division (A)(1) of this 444  
section shall be paid to the county treasurer. The treasurer 445  
shall place the funds from the fees in a separate fund to be 446  
disbursed either upon an order of the court or request from the 447

clerk of the court of common pleas, subject to an appropriation 448  
by the board of county commissioners, or upon an order of the 449  
court or request from the clerk of the court of common pleas, 450  
subject to the court making an annual report available to the 451  
public listing the use of all such funds, in an amount not 452  
greater than the actual cost to the court of procuring and 453  
maintaining computerization of the court, computerized legal 454  
research services, or both. 455

(3) If the court determines that the funds in the fund 456  
described in division (A) (2) of this section are more than 457  
sufficient to satisfy the purpose for which the additional fee 458  
described in division (A) (1) of this section was imposed, the 459  
court may declare a surplus in the fund and, subject to an 460  
appropriation by the board of county commissioners, the court or 461  
the clerk of the court of common pleas may expend those surplus 462  
funds, or upon an order of the court or request from the clerk 463  
of the court of common pleas, subject to the court or the clerk 464  
of the court of common pleas making an annual report available 465  
to the public listing the use of all such funds, expend those 466  
surplus funds, for other appropriate technological expenses of 467  
the court. 468

(B) (1) The court of common pleas of any county may 469  
determine that, for the efficient operation of the court, 470  
additional funds are required to make technological advances in 471  
or to computerize the office of the clerk of the court of common 472  
pleas and, upon that determination, authorize and direct the 473  
clerk of the court of common pleas to charge an additional fee, 474  
not to exceed twenty dollars, on the filing of each cause of 475  
action or appeal, on the filing, docketing, and endorsing of 476  
each certificate of judgment, or on the docketing and indexing 477  
of each aid in execution or petition to vacate, revive, or 478



modify a judgment under divisions (A), (P), (Q), (T), and (U) of 479  
section 2303.20 of the Revised Code and not to exceed one dollar 480  
each for the services described in divisions (B), (C), (D), (F), 481  
(H), and (L) of section 2303.20 of the Revised Code. Subject to 482  
division (B)(2) of this section, all moneys collected under 483  
division (B)(1) of this section shall be paid to the county 484  
treasurer to be disbursed, upon an order of the court of common 485  
pleas or request from the clerk of the court of common pleas and 486  
subject to appropriation by the board of county commissioners, 487  
in an amount no greater than the actual cost to the court of 488  
procuring and maintaining technology and computer systems for 489  
the office of the clerk of the court of common pleas. 490

(2) If the court of common pleas of a county makes the 491  
determination described in division (B)(1) of this section, the 492  
board of county commissioners of that county may issue one or 493  
more general obligation bonds for the purpose of procuring and 494  
maintaining the technology and computer systems for the office 495  
of the clerk of the court of common pleas. In addition to the 496  
purposes stated in division (B)(1) of this section for which the 497  
moneys collected under that division may be expended, the moneys 498  
additionally may be expended to pay debt charges on and 499  
financing costs related to any general obligation bonds issued 500  
pursuant to division (B)(2) of this section as they become due. 501  
General obligation bonds issued pursuant to division (B)(2) of 502  
this section are Chapter 133. securities. 503

(C) The court of common pleas shall collect the sum of 504  
twenty-six dollars as additional filing fees in each new civil 505  
action or proceeding for the charitable public purpose of 506  
providing financial assistance to legal aid societies that 507  
operate within the state and to support the office of the state 508  
public defender. This division does not apply to a juvenile 509

division of a court of common pleas, except that an additional 510  
filing fee of fifteen dollars shall apply to custody, 511  
visitation, and parentage actions; to a probate division of a 512  
court of common pleas, except that the additional filing fees 513  
shall apply to name change, guardianship, adoption, and 514  
decedents' estate proceedings; or to an execution on a judgment, 515  
proceeding in aid of execution, or other post-judgment 516  
proceeding arising out of a civil action. The filing fees 517  
required to be collected under this division shall be in 518  
addition to any other filing fees imposed in the action or 519  
proceeding and shall be collected at the time of the filing of 520  
the action or proceeding. The court shall not waive the payment 521  
of the additional filing fees in a new civil action or 522  
proceeding unless the court waives the advanced payment of all 523  
filing fees in the action or proceeding. All such moneys 524  
collected during a month except for an amount equal to up to one 525  
per cent of those moneys retained to cover administrative costs 526  
shall be transmitted on or before the twentieth day of the 527  
following month by the clerk of the court to the treasurer of 528  
state in a manner prescribed by the treasurer of state or by the 529  
Ohio access to justice foundation. The treasurer of state shall 530  
deposit four per cent of the funds collected under this division 531  
to the credit of the civil case filing fee fund established 532  
under section 120.07 of the Revised Code and ninety-six per cent 533  
of the funds collected under this division to the credit of the 534  
legal aid fund established under section 120.52 of the Revised 535  
Code. 536

The court may retain up to one per cent of the moneys it 537  
collects under this division to cover administrative costs, 538  
including the hiring of any additional personnel necessary to 539  
implement this division. If the court fails to transmit to the 540

treasurer of state the moneys the court collects under this 541  
division in a manner prescribed by the treasurer of state or by 542  
the Ohio access to justice foundation, the court shall forfeit 543  
the moneys the court retains under this division to cover 544  
administrative costs, including the hiring of any additional 545  
personnel necessary to implement this division, and shall 546  
transmit to the treasurer of state all moneys collected under 547  
this division, including the forfeited amount retained for 548  
administrative costs, for deposit in the legal aid fund. 549

(D) On and after the thirtieth day after December 9, 1994, 550  
the court of common pleas shall collect the sum of thirty-two 551  
dollars as additional filing fees in each new action or 552  
proceeding for annulment, divorce, or dissolution of marriage 553  
for the purpose of funding shelters for victims of domestic 554  
violence pursuant to sections 3113.35 to 3113.39 of the Revised 555  
Code. The filing fees required to be collected under this 556  
division shall be in addition to any other filing fees imposed 557  
in the action or proceeding and shall be collected at the time 558  
of the filing of the action or proceeding. The court shall not 559  
waive the payment of the additional filing fees in a new action 560  
or proceeding for annulment, divorce, or dissolution of marriage 561  
unless the court waives the advanced payment of all filing fees 562  
in the action or proceeding. On or before the twentieth day of 563  
each month, all moneys collected during the immediately 564  
preceding month pursuant to this division shall be deposited by 565  
the clerk of the court into the county treasury in the special 566  
fund used for deposit of additional marriage license fees as 567  
described in section 3113.34 of the Revised Code. Upon their 568  
deposit into the fund, the moneys shall be retained in the fund 569  
and expended only as described in section 3113.34 of the Revised 570  
Code. 571

(E) (1) The court of common pleas may determine that, for 572  
the efficient operation of the court, additional funds are 573  
necessary to acquire and pay for special projects of the court, 574  
including, but not limited to, the acquisition of additional 575  
facilities or the rehabilitation of existing facilities, the 576  
acquisition of equipment, the hiring and training of staff, 577  
community service programs, mediation or dispute resolution 578  
services, the employment of magistrates, the training and 579  
education of judges, acting judges, and magistrates, and other 580  
related services. Upon that determination, the court by rule may 581  
charge a fee, in addition to all other court costs, on the 582  
filing of each criminal cause, civil action or proceeding, or 583  
judgment by confession. 584

If the court of common pleas offers or requires a special 585  
program or additional services in cases of a specific type, the 586  
court by rule may assess an additional charge in a case of that 587  
type, over and above court costs, to cover the special program 588  
or service. The court shall adjust the special assessment 589  
periodically, but not retroactively, so that the amount assessed 590  
in those cases does not exceed the actual cost of providing the 591  
service or program. 592

All moneys collected under division (E) of this section 593  
shall be paid to the county treasurer for deposit into either a 594  
general special projects fund or a fund established for a 595  
specific special project. Moneys from a fund of that nature 596  
shall be disbursed upon an order of the court, subject to an 597  
appropriation by the board of county commissioners, in an amount 598  
no greater than the actual cost to the court of a project. If a 599  
specific fund is terminated because of the discontinuance of a 600  
program or service established under division (E) of this 601  
section, the court may order, subject to an appropriation by the 602

board of county commissioners, that moneys remaining in the fund 603  
be transferred to an account established under this division for 604  
a similar purpose. 605

(2) As used in division (E) of this section: 606

(a) "Criminal cause" means a charge alleging the violation 607  
of a statute or ordinance, or subsection of a statute or 608  
ordinance, that requires a separate finding of fact or a 609  
separate plea before disposition and of which the defendant may 610  
be found guilty, whether filed as part of a multiple charge on a 611  
single summons, citation, or complaint or as a separate charge 612  
on a single summons, citation, or complaint. "Criminal cause" 613  
does not include separate violations of the same statute or 614  
ordinance, or subsection of the same statute or ordinance, 615  
unless each charge is filed on a separate summons, citation, or 616  
complaint. 617

(b) "Civil action or proceeding" means any civil 618  
litigation that must be determined by judgment entry. 619

**Sec. 2953.52.** (A) (1) Any person, who is found not guilty 620  
of an offense by a jury or a court or who is the defendant named 621  
in a dismissed complaint, indictment, or information, may apply 622  
to the court for an order to seal the person's official records 623  
in the case. Except as provided in section 2953.61 of the 624  
Revised Code, the application may be filed at any time after the 625  
finding of not guilty or the dismissal of the complaint, 626  
indictment, or information is entered upon the minutes of the 627  
court or the journal, whichever entry occurs first. An 628  
application permitted under division (B) (2) of section 2953.61 629  
of the Revised Code shall include a proposed redacted version of 630  
all files associated with the case that are to be sealed under 631  
that provision. 632

(2) Any person, against whom a no bill is entered by a grand jury, may apply to the court for an order to seal his official records in the case. Except as provided in section 2953.61 of the Revised Code, the application may be filed at any time after the expiration of two years after the date on which the foreperson or deputy foreperson of the grand jury reports to the court that the grand jury has reported a no bill.

(B) (1) Upon the filing of an application pursuant to division (A) of this section, the court shall set a date for a hearing and shall notify the prosecutor in the case of the hearing on the application. The prosecutor may object to the granting of the application or to the proposed redacted version of the files associated with the case by filing an objection with the court prior to the date set for the hearing. The prosecutor shall specify in the objection ~~the any~~ reasons the prosecutor believes justify a denial of the application and any reason why the proposed redacted version of the files associated with the case does not accurately reflect the materials that may be sealed under division (B) (2) of section 2953.61 of the Revised Code.

(2) The court shall do each of the following, except as provided in division (B) (3) of this section:

(a) (i) Determine whether the person was found not guilty in the case, or the complaint, indictment, or information in the case was dismissed, or a no bill was returned in the case and a period of two years or a longer period as required by section 2953.61 of the Revised Code has expired from the date of the report to the court of that no bill by the foreperson or deputy foreperson of the grand jury;

(ii) If the complaint, indictment, or information in the

case was dismissed, determine whether it was dismissed with 663  
prejudice or without prejudice and, if it was dismissed without 664  
prejudice, determine whether the relevant statute of limitations 665  
has expired; 666

(b) Determine whether criminal proceedings are pending 667  
against the person; 668

(c) If the prosecutor has filed an objection in accordance 669  
with division (B) (1) of this section, consider the reasons 670  
against granting the application and the reasons against any 671  
proposed redaction specified by the prosecutor in the objection; 672

(d) Weigh the interests of the person in having the 673  
official records pertaining to the case sealed against the 674  
legitimate needs, if any, of the government to maintain those 675  
records. 676

(3) If the court determines after complying with division 677  
(B) (2) (a) of this section that the person was found not guilty 678  
in the case, that the complaint, indictment, or information in 679  
the case was dismissed with prejudice, or that the complaint, 680  
indictment, or information in the case was dismissed without 681  
prejudice and that the relevant statute of limitations has 682  
expired, the court shall issue an order to the superintendent of 683  
the bureau of criminal identification and investigation 684  
directing that the superintendent seal or cause to be sealed the 685  
official records in the case consisting of DNA specimens that 686  
are in the possession of the bureau and all DNA records and DNA 687  
profiles. The determinations and considerations described in 688  
divisions (B) (2) (b), (c), and (d) of this section do not apply 689  
with respect to a determination of the court described in this 690  
division. 691

(4) The determinations described in this division are 692  
separate from the determination described in division (B) (3) of 693  
this section. If the court determines, after complying with 694  
division (B) (2) of this section, that the person was found not 695  
guilty in the case, that the complaint, indictment, or 696  
information in the case was dismissed, or that a no bill was 697  
returned in the case and that the appropriate period of time has 698  
expired from the date of the report to the court of the no bill 699  
by the foreperson or deputy foreperson of the grand jury; that 700  
no criminal proceedings are pending against the person; and the 701  
interests of the person in having the records pertaining to the 702  
case sealed are not outweighed by any legitimate governmental 703  
needs to maintain such records, or if division (E) (2) (b) of 704  
section 4301.69 of the Revised Code applies, in addition to the 705  
order required under division (B) (3) of this section, the court 706  
shall issue an order directing that all official records 707  
pertaining to the case be sealed and that, except as provided in 708  
section 2953.53 of the Revised Code, the proceedings in the case 709  
be deemed not to have occurred. 710

(5) An order entered under division (B) (4) of this section 711  
for records permitted to be sealed under division (B) (2) of 712  
section 2953.61 of the Revised Code shall also include redacted 713  
versions of all records associated with the case to be sealed or 714  
detailed instructions specifying how those records are to be 715  
redacted in a manner that preserves records of the case related 716  
to a conviction of section 4511.19 or 4511.194 of the Revised 717  
Code that is not eligible to be sealed. 718

(6) Any DNA specimens, DNA records, and DNA profiles 719  
ordered to be sealed under this section shall not be sealed if 720  
the person with respect to whom the order applies is otherwise 721  
eligible to have DNA records or a DNA profile in the national 722



DNA index system. 723

Sec. 2953.522. (A) Any person who is the defendant named 724  
in a complaint, indictment, or information containing multiple 725  
charges may apply to the court for an order to seal the person's 726  
official records in the case if the final disposition of one, 727  
and only one of the charges is a conviction under section 728  
4511.19 or 4511.194 of the Revised Code, and the remainder of 729  
the charged offenses were dismissed at least one year prior to 730  
the date of the application due to the successful completion of 731  
an intervention plan under division (E) of section 2951.041 of 732  
the Revised Code. 733

(B) (1) Upon the filing of an application pursuant to 734  
division (A) of this section, the court shall set a date for a 735  
hearing and shall notify the prosecutor in the case of the 736  
hearing on the application. The prosecutor may object to the 737  
granting of the application by filing an objection with the 738  
court prior to the date set for the hearing. The prosecutor 739  
shall specify in the objection the reasons the prosecutor 740  
believes justify a denial of the application. 741

(2) The court shall do each of the following: 742

(a) Determine whether the complaint, indictment, or 743  
information in the case consists of several charges, one of 744  
which resulted in a conviction under section 4511.19 or 4511.194 745  
of the Revised Code, and whether the remainder of the charges 746  
were dismissed at least one year prior to the date of the 747  
application due to the defendant's successful completion of an 748  
intervention plan under division (E) of section 2951.041 of the 749  
Revised Code; 750

(b) Determine whether criminal proceedings are pending 751

against the person; 752

(c) If the prosecutor has filed an objection in accordance 753  
with division (B)(1) of this section, consider the reasons 754  
against granting the application specified by the prosecutor in 755  
the objection; 756

(d) Weigh the interests of the person in having the 757  
official records pertaining to the case sealed against the 758  
legitimate needs, if any, of the government to maintain those 759  
records. 760

(3) If the court determines after complying with division 761  
(B)(2) of this section that the complaint, indictment, or 762  
information in the case consists of several charges, one of 763  
which resulted in a conviction under section 4511.19 or 4511.194 764  
of the Revised Code, and the remainder of which were dismissed 765  
at least one year prior to the date of the application due to 766  
the successful completion of an intervention plan under division 767  
(E) of section 2951.041 of the Revised Code; that no criminal 768  
proceedings are pending against the person; and that the 769  
interests of the person in having the records pertaining to the 770  
dismissed charges sealed are not outweighed by any legitimate 771  
governmental needs to maintain such records, the court shall do 772  
both of the following: 773

(a) Order the clerk to create a subfile under the existing 774  
case number that shall contain only the following documents 775  
related to the case: 776

(i) A record of the conviction under section 4511.19 or 777  
4511.194 of the Revised Code, with no reference to other charges 778  
that may be sealed or to an intervention in lieu of conviction; 779

(ii) Any record of the defendant's decision to waive 780

counsel; 781

(iii) The incident tracking number associated with a 782  
corresponding set of fingerprint impressions. 783

(b) Issue an order directing that all official records 784  
pertaining to the case, other than those contained in the 785  
subfile, be sealed and that, except as provided in section 786  
2953.53 of the Revised Code and to the extent of records 787  
contained in the subfile, the proceedings in the case be deemed 788  
not to have occurred; 789

(c) Order the clerk to remove the original case number 790  
from the searchable index and replace the original index 791  
reference with the new index reference of the subfile. 792

**Sec. 2953.53.** (A) The court shall send notice of any order 793  
to seal official records issued pursuant to division (B) (3) of 794  
section 2953.52 of the Revised Code to the bureau of criminal 795  
identification and investigation and shall send notice of any 796  
order issued pursuant to division (B) (4) of that section or 797  
division (B) (3) of section 2953.522 of the Revised Code to any 798  
public office or agency that the court knows or has reason to 799  
believe may have any record of the case, whether or not it is an 800  
official record, that is the subject of the order. 801

(B) A person whose official records have been sealed 802  
pursuant to an order issued pursuant to section 2953.52 or 803  
2953.522 of the Revised Code may present a copy of that order 804  
and a written request to comply with it, to a public office or 805  
agency that has a record of the case that is the subject of the 806  
order. 807

(C) An order to seal official records issued pursuant to 808  
section 2953.52 or 2953.522 of the Revised Code applies to every 809

public office or agency that has a record of the case that is 810  
the subject of the order, regardless of whether it receives 811  
notice of the hearing on the application for the order to seal 812  
the official records or receives a copy of the order to seal the 813  
official records pursuant to division (A) or (B) of this 814  
section. 815

(D) Upon receiving a copy of an order to seal official 816  
records pursuant to division (A) or (B) of this section or upon 817  
otherwise becoming aware of an applicable order to seal official 818  
records issued pursuant to section 2953.52 or 2953.522 of the 819  
Revised Code, a public office or agency shall comply with the 820  
order and, if applicable, with the provisions of section 2953.54 821  
of the Revised Code, except that it may maintain a record of the 822  
case that is the subject of the order if the record is 823  
maintained for the purpose of compiling statistical data only 824  
and does not contain any reference to the person who is the 825  
subject of the case and the order. 826

A public office or agency that receives an order to seal 827  
records pursuant to division (B)(2) of section 2953.61 of the 828  
Revised Code shall comply with the order and seal those records 829  
as specified by the order, independent of a record of conviction 830  
of section 4511.19 or 4511.194 of the Revised Code that occurred 831  
in connection with the charges to be sealed. The office or 832  
agency shall remove from online publication any document 833  
affected by the order. The office or agency shall maintain 834  
unsealed records of the case related to the conviction of 835  
section 4511.19 or 4511.194 of the Revised Code and shall redact 836  
all references to the sealed charges from those records, in a 837  
manner consistent with the order. 838

A public office or agency also may maintain an index of 839

sealed official records, in a form similar to that for sealed 840  
records of conviction as set forth in division (F) of section 841  
2953.32 of the Revised Code, access to which may not be afforded 842  
to any person other than the person who has custody of the 843  
sealed official records. The sealed official records to which 844  
such an index pertains shall not be available to any person, 845  
except that the official records of a case that have been sealed 846  
may be made available to the following persons for the following 847  
purposes: 848

(1) To the person who is the subject of the records upon 849  
written application, and to any other person named in the 850  
application, for any purpose; 851

(2) To a law enforcement officer who was involved in the 852  
case, for use in the officer's defense of a civil action arising 853  
out of the officer's involvement in that case; 854

(3) To a prosecuting attorney or the prosecuting 855  
attorney's assistants to determine a defendant's eligibility to 856  
enter a pre-trial diversion program established pursuant to 857  
section 2935.36 of the Revised Code; 858

(4) To a prosecuting attorney or the prosecuting 859  
attorney's assistants to determine a defendant's eligibility to 860  
enter a pre-trial diversion program under division (E) (2) (b) of 861  
section 4301.69 of the Revised Code. 862

**Sec. 2953.54.** (A) Except as otherwise provided in Chapter 863  
2950. or division (B) of section 2953.522 of the Revised Code, 864  
upon the issuance of an order by a court under division (B) of 865  
section 2953.52 of the Revised Code directing that all official 866  
records pertaining to a case be sealed and that the proceedings 867  
in the case be deemed not to have occurred: 868

(1) Every law enforcement officer possessing records or 869  
reports pertaining to the case that are the officer's specific 870  
investigatory work product and that are excepted from the 871  
definition of "official records" contained in section 2953.51 of 872  
the Revised Code shall immediately deliver the records and 873  
reports to the officer's employing law enforcement agency. 874  
Except as provided in division (A)(3) or (4) of this section, no 875  
such officer shall knowingly release, disseminate, or otherwise 876  
make the records and reports or any information contained in 877  
them available to, or discuss any information contained in them 878  
with, any person not employed by the officer's employing law 879  
enforcement agency. 880

(2) Every law enforcement agency that possesses records or 881  
reports pertaining to the case that are its specific 882  
investigatory work product and that are excepted from the 883  
definition of "official records" contained in section 2953.51 of 884  
the Revised Code, or that are the specific investigatory work 885  
product of a law enforcement officer it employs and that were 886  
delivered to it under division (A)(1) of this section shall, 887  
except as provided in division (A)(3) or (4) of this section, 888  
close the records and reports to all persons who are not 889  
directly employed by the law enforcement agency and shall, 890  
except as provided in division (A)(3) or (4) of this section, 891  
treat the records and reports, in relation to all persons other 892  
than those who are directly employed by the law enforcement 893  
agency, as if they did not exist and had never existed. Except 894  
as provided in division (A)(3) or (4) of this section, no person 895  
who is employed by the law enforcement agency shall knowingly 896  
release, disseminate, or otherwise make the records and reports 897  
in the possession of the employing law enforcement agency or any 898  
information contained in them available to, or discuss any 899

information contained in them with, any person not employed by 900  
the employing law enforcement agency. 901

(3) A law enforcement agency that possesses records or 902  
reports pertaining to the case that are its specific 903  
investigatory work product and that are excepted from the 904  
definition of "official records" contained in division (D) of 905  
section 2953.51 of the Revised Code, or that are the specific 906  
investigatory work product of a law enforcement officer it 907  
employs and that were delivered to it under division (A)(1) of 908  
this section may permit another law enforcement agency to use 909  
the records or reports in the investigation of another offense, 910  
if the facts incident to the offense being investigated by the 911  
other law enforcement agency and the facts incident to an 912  
offense that is the subject of the case are reasonably similar. 913  
The agency that provides the records and reports may provide the 914  
other agency with the name of the person who is the subject of 915  
the case, if it believes that the name of the person is 916  
necessary to the conduct of the investigation by the other 917  
agency. 918

No law enforcement agency, or person employed by a law 919  
enforcement agency, that receives from another law enforcement 920  
agency records or reports pertaining to a case the records of 921  
which have been ordered sealed pursuant to division (B) of 922  
section 2953.52 or division (B) of section 2953.522 of the 923  
Revised Code shall use the records and reports for any purpose 924  
other than the investigation of the offense for which they were 925  
obtained from the other law enforcement agency, or disclose the 926  
name of the person who is the subject of the records or reports 927  
except when necessary for the conduct of the investigation of 928  
the offense, or the prosecution of the person for committing the 929  
offense, for which they were obtained from the other law 930

enforcement agency. 931

(4) The auditor of state may provide to or discuss with 932  
other parties records, reports, or audits maintained by the 933  
auditor of state pursuant to Chapter 117. of the Revised Code 934  
pertaining to the case that are the auditor of state's specific 935  
investigatory work product and that are excepted from the 936  
definition of "official records" contained in division (D) of 937  
section 2953.51 of the Revised Code, or that are the specific 938  
investigatory work product of a law enforcement officer the 939  
auditor of state employs and that were delivered to the auditor 940  
of state under division (A) (1) of this section. 941

(B) Whoever violates division (A) (1), (2), or (3) of this 942  
section is guilty of divulging confidential information, a 943  
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. 944

(C) It is not a violation of this section for the bureau 945  
of criminal identification and investigation or any authorized 946  
employee of the bureau participating in the investigation of 947  
criminal activity to release, disseminate, or otherwise make 948  
available to, or discuss with, a person directly employed by a 949  
law enforcement agency DNA records collected in the DNA database 950  
or fingerprints filed for record by the superintendent of the 951  
bureau of criminal identification and investigation. 952

**Sec. 2953.55.** (A) In any application for employment, 953  
license, or any other right or privilege, any appearance as a 954  
witness, or any other inquiry, a person may not be questioned 955  
with respect to any record that has been sealed pursuant to 956  
section 2953.52 or 2953.522 of the Revised Code. If an inquiry 957  
is made in violation of this section, the person whose official 958  
record was sealed may respond as if the arrest underlying the 959  
case to which the sealed official records pertain and all other 960



proceedings in that case did not occur, and the person whose  
official record was sealed shall not be subject to any adverse  
action because of the arrest, the proceedings, or the person's  
response.

(B) An officer or employee of the state or any of its  
political subdivisions who knowingly releases, disseminates, or  
makes available for any purpose involving employment, bonding,  
licensing, or education to any person or to any department,  
agency, or other instrumentality of the state, or of any of its  
political subdivisions, any information or other data concerning  
any arrest, complaint, indictment, information, trial,  
adjudication, or correctional supervision, the records of which  
have been sealed pursuant to section 2953.52 or 2953.522 of the  
Revised Code, is guilty of divulging confidential information, a  
misdemeanor of the fourth degree.

(C) It is not a violation of this section for the bureau  
of criminal identification and investigation or any authorized  
employee of the bureau participating in the investigation of  
criminal activity to release, disseminate, or otherwise make  
available to, or discuss with, a person directly employed by a  
law enforcement agency DNA records collected in the DNA database  
or fingerprints filed for record by the superintendent of the  
bureau of criminal identification and investigation.

**Sec. 2953.61.** (A) Except as provided in division (B) (1) or  
(2) of this section, a person charged with two or more offenses  
as a result of or in connection with the same act may not apply  
to the court pursuant to section 2953.32 ~~or~~ 2953.52, or  
2953.522 of the Revised Code for the sealing of the person's  
record in relation to any of the charges when at least one of  
the charges has a final disposition that is different from the

final disposition of the other charges until such time as the 991  
person would be able to apply to the court and have all of the 992  
records pertaining to all of those charges sealed pursuant to 993  
section 2953.32 or 2953.52 of the Revised Code. 994

(B) (1) When a person is charged with two or more offenses 995  
as a result of or in connection with the same act and the final 996  
disposition of one, and only one, of the charges is a conviction 997  
under any section of Chapter 4507., 4510., 4511., or 4549., 998  
other than section 4511.19 or 4511.194 of the Revised Code, or 999  
under a municipal ordinance that is substantially similar to any 1000  
section other than section 4511.19 or 4511.194 of the Revised 1001  
Code contained in any of those chapters, and if the records 1002  
pertaining to all the other charges would be eligible for 1003  
sealing under section 2953.52 of the Revised Code in the absence 1004  
of that conviction, the court may order that the records 1005  
pertaining to all the charges be sealed. In such a case, the 1006  
court shall not order that only a portion of the records be 1007  
sealed. 1008

(2) When a person is charged with two or more offenses as 1009  
a result of or in connection with the same act, the final 1010  
disposition of one, and only one of the charges is a conviction 1011  
under section 4511.19 or 4511.194 of the Revised Code, one or 1012  
more of the charged offenses is dismissed due to the successful 1013  
completion of an intervention plan under division (E) of section 1014  
2951.041 of the Revised Code, and at least one year has elapsed 1015  
since the charge or charges were dismissed due to successful 1016  
completion of the plan, the court may order that records 1017  
pertaining to the charges dismissed under the plan be sealed 1018  
under section 2953.522 of the Revised Code, independent of the 1019  
record of conviction under section 4511.19 or 4511.194 of the 1020  
Revised Code. 1021

(C) Division (B) (1) of this section does not apply if the 1022  
person convicted of the offenses currently holds a commercial 1023  
driver's license or commercial driver's license temporary 1024  
instruction permit. 1025

**Section 2.** That existing sections 1901.261, 1907.261, 1026  
2101.162, 2151.541, 2153.081, 2301.031, 2303.201, 2953.52, 1027  
2953.53, 2953.54, 2953.55, and 2953.61 of the Revised Code are 1028  
hereby repealed. 1029

**Section 3.** The General Assembly intends for sections 1030  
2953.52, 2953.53, and 2953.61 of the Revised Code, as amended by 1031  
this act, to apply to any application for the sealing of a 1032  
person's record on or after the effective date of those 1033  
amendments, regardless of whether the charges subject to the 1034  
application were dismissed prior to that effective date. 1035

**Section 4.** Sections 1 and 2 of this bill take effect one 1036  
year after the effective date of this section. 1037