Sub. H.B. 33 As Passed by the Senate DASCD45

_____ moved to amend as follows:

In line 649 of the title, after the semicolon insert "to	1
amend section 128.01, 128.02, 128.021, 128.022, 128.03, 128.06,	2
128.07, 128.08, 128.12, 128.18, 128.22, 128.25, 128.26, 128.27,	3
128.32, 128.34, 128.40, 128.42, 128.44, 128.45, 128.46, 128.461,	4
128.462, 128.47, 128.52, 128.54, 128.55, 128.57, 128.60, 128.63,	5
128.99, 149.43, 4776.20, 5703.052, 5733.55, and 5751.01; to amend,	6
for the purpose of adopting new section numbers as indicated in	7
parentheses, sections 128.18 (128.33), 128.22 (128.35), 128.25	8
(128.37), 128.26 (128.38), 128.27 (128.39), 128.32 (128.96),	٥
128.34 (128.98), 128.40 (128.20), 128.42 (128.40), and 128.45	10
(128.451); to enact new sections 128.22, 128.25, 128.26, 128.27,	11
128.42, and 128.45 and sections 128.05, 128.21, 128.211, 128.212,	12
128.221, 128.23, 128.24, 128.241, 128.242, 128.243, 128.28,	13
128.41, 128.412, 128.413, 128.414, 128.419, 128.421, 128.422, and	14
128.43; and to repeal sections 128.04, 128.09, 128.15, 128.571,	15
4742.01, 4742.02, 4742.03, 4742.04, 4742.05, 4742.06, and 4742.07	16
of the Revised Code;"	17
After line 171908, insert:	18
"Section 130.60. That sections 128.01, 128.02, 128.021,	19
128.022, 128.03, 128.06, 128.07, 128.08, 128.12, 128.18, 128.22,	20
128.25, 128.26, 128.27, 128.32, 128.34, 128.40, 128.42, 128.44,	21

128.45, 128.46, 128.461, 128.462, 128.47, 128.52, 128.54, 128.55, 22
128.57, 128.60, 128.63, 128.99, 149.43, 4776.20, 5703.052,
5733.55, and 5751.01 be amended; sections 128.18 (128.33), 128.22 24
(128.35), 128.25 (128.37), 128.26 (128.38), 128.27 (128.39), 25
128.32 (128.96), 128.34 (128.98), 128.40 (128.20), 128.42
(128.40), and 128.45 (128.451) be amended for the purpose of 27
adopting new section numbers as indicated in parentheses; and new 28
sections 128.22, 128.25, 128.26, 128.27, 128.42, and 128.45 and
sections 128.05, 128.21, 128.211, 128.212, 128.221, 128.23, 30
128.24, 128.241, 128.242, 128.243, 128.28, 128.41, 128.412, 31
128.413, 128.414, 128.419, 128.422, and 128.43 of the Revised Code 32
be enacted to read as follows: 33
Sec. 128.01. As used in this chapter:
(A) "9-1-1 system" means a system through which individuals 35
can request emergency service using the telephone access number 36
9-1-1.
(B) "Basic 9-1-1" means a 9-1-1 <u>an emergency telephone</u> system 38
in to which all of the following apply:
(1) The system automatically connects a caller provides 40
information on the nature of and the location of an emergency, and 41
the personnel receiving the call must determine the appropriate 42
emergency service provider to respond at that location to a 43
designated public safety answering point. 44
(2) Call routing is determined by a central office only. 45
(3) Automatic number identification and automatic location 46
<u>information may or may not be supported</u> . 47
(C) "Enhanced 9-1-1" means a 9-1-1 <u>an emergency telephone</u> 48
system capable of providing both enhanced wireline 9 1 1 and 49
wireless enhanced 9-1-1 that includes both of the following: 50

(1) Network switching;	51
(2) Database- and public-safety-answering-point premise	52
elements capable of providing automatic location identification	53
data, selective routing, selective transfer, fixed transfer, and a	54
call back number.	55
(D) "Enhanced wireline 9-1-1" means a 9-1-1 system in which	56
the wireline telephone network, in providing wireline 9-1-1, does	57
either of the following:	58
(1) Automatically routes the call to emergency service	59
providers that serve the location from which the call is made and	60
immediately provides to personnel answering the 9-1-1 call	61
information on the location and the telephone number from which	62
the call is being made;	63
(2) Receives, develops, collects, or processes requests for	64
emergency assistance and relays, transfers, operates, maintains,	65
or provides emergency notification services or system	66
capabilities.	67
(E) "Wireless enhanced 9-1-1" means a 9-1-1 system that, in	68
providing wireless 9-1-1, has the capabilities of phase I and, to	69
the extent available, phase II enhanced 9-1-1 services as	70
described in 47 C.F.R. 20.18 (d) to (h).	71
(F)(1) "Wireless service" means federally licensed commercial	72
mobile service as defined in 47 U.S.C. 332(d) and further defined	73
as commercial mobile radio service in 47 C.F.R. 20.3, and includes	74
service provided by any wireless, two-way communications device,	75
including a radio-telephone communications line used in cellular	76
telephone service or personal communications service, a network	77
radio access line, or any functional or competitive equivalent of	78
such a radio-telephone communications or network radio access	79

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line.	80
(2) Nothing in this chapter applies to paging or any service	81
that cannot be used to call or contact 9-1-1.	82
(G) "Wireless service provider" means a facilities-based	83
provider of any of the following that provides wireless service to	84
one or more end users in this state:	85
(1) A facilities-based provider;	86
(2) A mobile virtual network operator;	87
(3) A mobile other licensed operator.	88
(H) "Wireless 9-1-1" means the emergency calling service	89
provided by a 9-1-1 system pursuant to a call originating in the	90
network of a wireless service provider.	91
(I) "Wireline 9-1-1" means the emergency calling service	92
provided by a 9-1-1 system pursuant to a call originating in the	93
network of a wireline service provider.	94
(J) "Wireline service provider" means a facilities-based	95
provider of wireline service to one or more end-users end users in	96
this state.	97
(K) "Wireline service" means basic local exchange service, as	98
defined in section 4927.01 of the Revised Code, that is	99
transmitted by means of interconnected wires or cables by a	100
wireline service provider authorized by the public utilities	101
commission.	102
(L) "Wireline telephone network" means the selective router	103
and data base processing systems, trunking and data wiring cross	104
connection points at the public safety answering point, and all	105
other voice and data components of the 9-1-1 system.	106
(M) "Subdivision" means a county, municipal corporation.	107

township, township fire district, joint fire district, township	108
police district, joint police district, joint ambulance district,	109
or joint emergency medical services district that provides	110
emergency service within its territory, or that contracts with	111
another municipal corporation, township, or district or with a	112
private entity to provide such service; and a state college or	113
university, port authority, or park district of any kind that	114
employs law enforcement officers that act as the primary police	115
force on the grounds of the college or university or port	116
authority or in the parks operated by the district.	117
(N) "Emergency service" means emergency law enforcement,	118
firefighting, ambulance, rescue, and medical service.	119
(O) "Emergency service provider" means the state highway	120
patrol and an emergency service department or unit of a	121
subdivision or that provides emergency service to a subdivision	122
under contract with the subdivision.	123
(P) "Public safety answering point" means a facility to which	124
an entity responsible for receiving requests for emergency	125
services sent by dialing 9-1-1 system calls for within a specific	126
specified territory are initially routed for response and where	127
personnel respond to specific and processing those requests for	128
emergency service by services according to a specific operational	129
policy that includes directly dispatching the appropriate	130
emergency service provider, relaying a message to the appropriate	131
emergency service provider, or transferring the call request for	132
emergency services to the appropriate emergency service provider.	133
A public safety answering point may be either of the following:	134
(1) Located in a specific facility;	135
(2) Virtual, if telecommunicators are geographically	136

dispersed and do not work from the same facility. The virtual

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workplace may be a logical combination of physical facilities, an	13
alternate work environment such as a satellite facility, or a	13
combination of the two. Workers may be connected and interoperate	14
via internet-protocol connectivity.	14
(Q) "Customer premises equipment" means telecommunications	14
equipment, including telephone instruments, on the premises of a	14
public safety answering point that is used in answering and	14
responding to 9-1-1 system calls.	14
(R) "Municipal corporation in the county" includes any	14
municipal corporation that is wholly contained in the county and	14
each municipal corporation located in more than one county that	14
has a greater proportion of its territory in the county to which	14
the term refers than in any other county.	15
(S) "Board of county commissioners" includes the legislative	15
authority of a county established under Section 3 of Article X,	15
Ohio Constitution, or Chapter 302. of the Revised Code.	15
(T) "Final plan" means a final plan adopted under division	15
(B) of section 128.08 of the Revised Code and, except as otherwise	15
expressly provided, an amended final plan adopted under section	15
128.12 of the Revised Code.	15
(U) "Subdivision served by a public safety answering point"	15
means a subdivision that provides emergency service for any part	15
of its territory that is located within the territory of a public	16
safety answering point whether the subdivision provides the	16
emergency service with its own employees or pursuant to a	16
contract.	16
(V) A township's population includes only population of the	16
unincorporated portion of the township.	16

(W) "Telephone company" means a company engaged in the 166

business of providing local exchange telephone service by making	167
available or furnishing access and a dial tone to persons within a	168
local calling area for use in originating and receiving voice	169
grade communications over a switched network operated by the	170
provider of the service within the area and gaining access to	171
other telecommunications services. Unless otherwise specified,	172
"telephone company" includes a wireline service provider, a	173
wireless service provider, and any entity that is a covered 9-1-1	174
service provider under 47 C.F.R. 12.4. For purposes of sections	175
128.25 <u>128.37</u> and 128.26 <u>128.38</u> of the Revised Code, "telephone	176
company" means a wireline service provider.	177

- (X) "Prepaid wireless calling service" has the same meaning as in division (AA)(5) of section 5739.01 of the Revised Code.
- (Y) "Provider of a prepaid wireless calling service" means a 180 wireless service provider that provides a prepaid wireless calling 181 service.
- (Z) "Retail sale" has the same meaning as in section 5739.01 183 of the Revised Code.
- (AA) "Seller" means a person that sells a prepaid wireless
 calling service to another person by retail sale.
- (BB) "Consumer" means the <u>person</u> end user for whom the 187 prepaid wireless calling service is provided, to whom the transfer 188 effected or license given by a sale is or is to be made or given, 189 to whom the prepaid wireless calling service is charged, or to 190 whom the admission is granted.
- (CC) "Reseller" means a nonfacilities-based provider of 192 wireless service that provides wireless service under its own name 193 to one or more end users in this state using the network of a 194 wireless service provider. 195

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(DD) "Steering committee" means the statewide emergency	196
services internet protocol network 9-1-1 steering committee	197
established by division (A)(1) of section 128.02 of the Revised	198
Code.	199
(EE) "Next generation 9-1-1" means an internet-protocol-based	200
system comprised of managed emergency services internet protocol	201
networks, functional elements, and databases that replicate	202
traditional enhanced 9-1-1 features and functions and provide	203
additional capabilities.	204
(FF) "Emergency services internet-protocol network" means a	205
managed internet-protocol network that is used for emergency	206
services communications and provides the internet-protocol	207
transport infrastructure upon which independent application	208
platforms and core services can be deployed, including those	209
necessary for providing next generation 9-1-1 services. The term	210
designates the network and not the services that ride on the	211
<pre>network.</pre>	212
(GG) "9-1-1 system service provider" means a company or	213
entity engaged in the business of providing all or part of the	214
emergency services internet-protocol network, software	215
applications, hardware, databases, customer premises equipment	216
components and operations, and management procedures required to	217
support basic 9-1-1, enhanced 9-1-1, enhanced wireline 9-1-1,	218
wireless enhanced 9-1-1, or next generation 9-1-1 systems.	219
(HH) "Voice over internet protocol" means technologies for	220
the delivery of voice communications and multimedia sessions over	221
internet-protocol networks, including private networks or the	222
<pre>internet.</pre>	223
(II) "Multiline telephone system" means a system to which	224
both of the following apply:	225

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(1) The system consists of common control units, telephone	226
sets, control hardware and software, and adjunct systems,	227
including network and premises-based systems.	228
(2) The system is designed to aggregate more than one	229
incoming voice communication channel for use by more than one	230
telephone.	231
(JJ) "Business service user" means a user of business service	232
that provides telecommunications service, including 9-1-1 service,	233
to end users through a publicly or privately owned or controlled	234
telephone switch.	235
(KK) "Emergency response location" means an additional	236
location identification that provides a specific location. It may	237
include information regarding a specific location within a	238
building, structure, complex, or campus, including a building	239
name, floor number, wing name or number, unit name or number, room	240
name or number, or office or cubicle name or number.	241
(LL) "Operator of a multiline telephone system" means an	242
entity to which both of the following apply:	243
(1) The entity manages or operates a multiline telephone	244
system through which an end user may initiate communication using	245
the 9-1-1 system.	246
(2) The entity owns, leases, or rents a multiline telephone	247
system through which an end user may initiate communication using	248
the 9-1-1 system.	249
(MM) "Core services" means the base set of services needed to	250
process a 9-1-1 call on an emergency services internet-protocol	251
network. It includes all of the following:	252
(1) Emergency services routing proxy;	253

(2) Emergency call routing function;	254
(3) Location validation function;	255
(4) Border control function;	256
(5) Bridge, policy-store, and logging services;	257
(6) Typical internet-protocol services such as domain name	258
system and dynamic host configuration protocol.	259
The term includes the services and not the network on which	260
they operate.	261
(NN) "Bill and keep arrangements" has the same meaning as in	262
47 C.F.R. 51.713.	263
Sec. 128.02. (A)(1) There is hereby created the statewide	264
emergency services internet protocol network 9-1-1 steering	265
committee, consisting of the following ten members:	266
(a) The state chief information officer or the officer's	267
designee;	268
(b) Two members of the house of representatives appointed by	269
the speaker, one from the majority party and one from the minority	270
party;	271
(c) Two members of the senate appointed by the president, one	272
from the majority party and one from the minority party;	273
(d) Five members appointed by the governor.	274
(2) In appointing the five members under division (A)(1)(d)	275
of this section, the governor shall appoint two representatives of	276
the county commissioners' association of Ohio or a successor	277
organization, two representatives of the Ohio municipal league or	278
a successor organization, and one representative of the Ohio	279
township association or a successor organization. For each of	280

these appointments, the governor shall consider a nominee proposed	281
by the association or successor organization. The governor may	282
reject any of the nominees and may request that a nominating	283
entity submit alternative nominees.	284
(3) Initial appointments shall be made not later than ten	285
days after September 28, 2012.	286
days after september 28, 2012.	200
(B)(1) The state chief information officer or the officer's	287
designee shall serve as the chairperson of the steering committee	288
and shall be a nonvoting member. All other members shall be voting	289
members.	290
(2) A member of the steering committee appointed from the	291
membership of the senate or the house of representatives shall	292
serve during the member's term as a member of the general assembly	293
and until a successor is appointed and qualified, notwithstanding	294
adjournment of the general assembly or the expiration of the	295
member's term as a member of the general assembly.	296
(3) The initial terms of one of the representatives of the	297
county commissioners' association of Ohio, one of the	298
representatives of the Ohio municipal league, and the	299
representative of the Ohio township association shall all expire	300
on December 31, 2016. The initial terms of the other	301
representatives of the county commissioners' association of Ohio	302
and the Ohio municipal league shall expire on December 31, 2014.	303
Thereafter, terms of the members appointed by the governor shall	304
be for four years, with each term ending on the same day of the	305
same month as the term it succeeds. Each member appointed by the	306

governor shall hold office from the date of the member's

appointment until the end of the term for which the member was

governor shall continue in office after the expiration date of the

appointed, and may be reappointed. A member appointed by the

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member's term until the member's successor takes office or until a	311					
period of sixty days has elapsed, whichever occurs first. Members	312					
appointed by the governor shall serve without compensation and						
shall not be reimbursed for expenses.	314					
(4) A vacancy in the position of any member of the steering	315					
committee shall be filled for the unexpired term in the same	316					
manner as the original appointment.	317					
(C) The steering committee shall generally advise the state	318					
on the implementation, operation, and maintenance of a statewide	319					
emergency services internet protocol network that would support	320					
state and local government, statewide next-generation next	321					
generation 9-1-1 core-services system, and the dispatch of	322					
emergency service providers. The steering committee shall do all	323					
of the following:	324					
(1) On or before May 15, 2013, deliver an initial report to	325					
the speaker of the house of representatives, the president of the	326					
senate, and the governor providing recommendations for the state	327					
to address the development of a statewide emergency services	328					
internet protocol network, which recommendations shall include a	329					
review of the current funding model for this state's 9 1 1 systems	330					
and may include a recommendation for a reduction in wireless 9-1-1	331					
charges;	332					
(2) Examine the readiness of the state's current technology	333					
infrastructure for a statewide emergency services internet	334					
<pre>protocol network;</pre>	335					
$\frac{(3)}{(2)}$ Research legislative authority with regard to	336					
governance and funding of a statewide emergency services internet	337					
protocol network, and provide recommendations on best practices to	338					
limit duplicative efforts to ensure an effective transition to	339					
next-generation next generation 9-1-1;	340					

(4)(3) Make Where feasible, make recommendations for	341
consolidation of public-safety-answering-point operations in this	342
state, including recommendations for accelerating the	343
consolidation schedule established in section 128.571 of the	344
Revised Code, to accommodate next generation next generation 9-1-1	345
technology and to facilitate a more efficient and effective	346
emergency services system;	347
$\frac{(5)(4)}{(4)}$ Recommend policies, procedures, and statutory or	348
regulatory authority to effectively govern a statewide emergency	349
services internet protocol network next generation 9-1-1 system;	350
(6)(5) Designate a next-generation next generation 9-1-1	351
statewide coordinator to serve as the primary point of contact for	352
federal initiatives;	353
$\frac{(7)(6)}{(6)}$ Coordinate with statewide initiatives and associations	354
such as the state interoperable executive committee, the Ohio	355
geographically referenced information program council, the Ohio	356
multi-agency radio communications system steering committee, and	357
other interested parties;	358
$\frac{(8)}{(7)}$ Serve as the entity responsible for the administration	359
of Chapter 128. of the Revised Code.	360
(D)(1) A 9-1-1 service provider shall provide to the steering	361
committee:	362
(a) The aggregate number of access lines that the provider	363
maintains within the state of Ohio;	364
(b) The aggregate emount of godta and godt regarders	265
(b) The aggregate amount of costs and cost recovery	365
associated with providing 9-1-1 service, including coverage under	366
tariffs and bill and keep arrangements within this state;	367
(c) Any other information requested by the steering committee	368
deemed necessary to support the transition to next generation	369

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	370
9-1-1.	370
(2) Any political subdivision or governmental entity	371
operating a public safety answering point shall provide to the	372
steering committee:	373
(a) The geographic location and population of the area for	374
which the planning committee entity is responsible;	375
(b) Statistics detailing the number of 9-1-1 calls received;	376
(c) A report of expenditures made from disbursements for	377
9-1-1;	378
(d) An inventory of and the technical specifications for the	379
current 9-1-1 network and equipment;	380
(e) Any other information requested by the steering committee	381
that is deemed necessary to support the transition to next	382
generation 9-1-1.	383
(3) The information requested under divisions (D)(1) and (2)	384
of this section shall be provided by the 9-1-1 service provider,	385
political subdivision, or governmental entity within forty-five	386
days of the request of the steering committee.	387
(E) The steering committee shall hold its inaugural meeting	388
not later than thirty days after September 28, 2012. Thereafter,	389
the steering committee shall meet at least once a month quarter,	390
either in person or utilizing telecommunication-conferencing	391
technology. A majority of the voting members shall constitute a	392
quorum.	393
(F)(1) The steering committee shall have a permanent	394
technical-standards subcommittee and a permanent	395
public-safety-answering-point-operations subcommittee, and may,	396
from time to time, establish additional subcommittees, to advise	397

and assist the steering committee based upon the subcommittees'	398
areas of expertise. <u>The subcommittees may meet either in person or</u>	399
utilizing telecommunication-conferencing technology. A majority of	400
the voting members shall constitute a quorum.	401
(2) The membership of subcommittees shall be determined by	402
the steering committee.	403
(a) The technical-standards subcommittee shall include one	404
member representing a wireline or wireless service provider that	405
participates in the state's 9-1-1 system, one representative of	406
the Ohio academic resources network, one representative of the	407
Ohio multi-agency radio communications system steering committee,	408
one representative of the Ohio geographically referenced	409
information program, and one member representing each of the	410
following associations selected by the steering committee from	411
nominations received from that association:	412
(i) The Ohio telephone association;	413
(ii) The Ohio chapter of the association of public-safety	414
communications officials;	415
(iii) The Ohio chapter of the national emergency number	416
association.	417
(b) The public-safety-answering-point-operations subcommittee	418
shall include one member representing the division of emergency	419
management of the department of public safety, one member	420
representing the state highway patrol, one member representing the	421
division of emergency medical services of the department of public	422
safety, two members recommended by the county commissioners'	423
association of Ohio who are managers of public safety answering	424
points, two members recommended by the Ohio municipal league who	425
are managers of public safety answering points, and one member	426

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from each of the following associations selected by the steering	427
committee from nominations received from that association:	428
(i) The buckeye state sheriffs' association;	429
(ii) The Ohio association of chiefs of police;	430
(iii) The Ohio association of fire chiefs association;	431
(iv) The Ohio chapter of the association of public-safety communications officials;	432 433
(v) The Ohio chapter of the national emergency number association.	434 435
(G) The committee is not an agency, as defined in section 101.82 of the Revised Code, for purposes of sections 101.82 to 101.87 of the Revised Code.	436 437 438
(H) As used in this section, "9-1-1 system," "wireless	439
service provider, " "wireline service provider, " "emergency service	440
provider, " and "public safety answering point" have the same meanings as in section 128.01 of the Revised Code.	441 442
(I) As used in this section, "bill and keep arrangements" has	443
the same meaning as in 47 C.F.R. 51.713.	444
Sec. 128.021. (A) Not later than January 1, 2014, and in	445
accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, the steering	446
committee shall adopt rules that establish technical and	447
operational standards for public safety answering points eligible	448
to receive disbursements under section 128.55 of the Revised Code.	449
The rules shall incorporate industry standards and best practices	450
for wireless 9-1-1 services. Public safety answering points shall	451
comply with the standards not later than two years after the	452
effective date of the rules adopting the standards. A public	453
safety answering point may be deemed compliant with rules for	454

minimum staffing standards, if it can demonstrate compliance with	455
all other rules for operational standards.	456
(B) Not later than one year after September 29, 2015, and in	457
accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, the steering	458
committee shall conduct an assessment of the operational standards	459
for public safety answering points developed under division (A) of	460
this section and revise the standards as necessary to ensure that	461
the operational standards contain the following:	462
(1) Policies to ensure that public safety answering point	463
personnel prioritize life-saving questions in responding to each	464
call to a 9-1-1 system established under this chapter;	465
(2) A requirement that all public safety answering point	466
personnel complete proper training or provide proof of prior	467
training to give instructions regarding emergency situations.	468
(C) Upon the effective date of the amendments to this section	469
by this act, all public safety answering points that answer 9-1-1	470
calls for service from wireless services shall be subject to the	471
public safety answering point operations rules. Public safety	472
answering points not originally required to be compliant shall	473
comply with the standards not later than two years after the	474
effective date of the amendments to this section by this act.	475
Sec. 128.022. (A) The steering committee shall establish	476
guidelines for the tax commissioner to use when disbursing money	477
from the next generation 9-1-1 government assistance fund to	478
countywide 9-1-1 systems in the state, as well as quidelines for	479
the use of funds from the next generation 9-1-1 fund. The	480
guidelines shall be consistent with the standards adopted in	481
section 128.021 of the Revised Code and shall specify that	482
disbursements may be used for costs associated with the operation	483

of and equipment for phase II wireless systems and for costs	484
associated with a county's migration to next generation 9-1-1	485
systems and technology. The committee shall periodically review	486
the guidelines described in this division and adjust them as	487
needed.	488
(B) The committee shall report any adjustments to the	489
guidelines described in division (A) of this section to the	490
department of taxation. The adjustments shall take effect six	491
months from the date the department is notified of the	492
adjustments.	493
Sec. 128.03. $\frac{(A)(1)(A)}{(A)}$ A countywide 9-1-1 system shall	494
include all of the territory of the townships and municipal	495
corporations in the county and any portion of such a municipal	496
corporation that extends into an adjacent county.	497
(2) The system shall exclude any territory served by a	498
wireline service provider that is not capable of reasonably	499
meeting the technical and economic requirements of providing the	500
wireline telephone network portion of the countywide system for	501
that territory. The system shall exclude from enhanced 9-1-1 any	502
territory served by a wireline service provider that is not	503
capable of reasonably meeting the technical and economic	504
requirements of providing the wireline telephone network portion	505
of enhanced 9 1 1 for that territory. If a 9 1 1 planning	506
committee and a wireline service provider do not agree on whether	507
the provider is so capable, the planning committee shall notify	508
the steering committee, and the steering committee shall determine	509
whether the wireline service provider is so capable. The planning	510
committee shall ascertain whether such disagreement exists before	511
making its implementation proposal under division (A) of section	512

128.07 of the Revised Code. The steering committee's determination	513
shall be in the form of an order. No final plan shall require a	514
wireline service provider to provide the wireline telephone	515
network portion of a 9-1-1 system that the steering committee has	516
determined the provider is not reasonably capable of providing.	517
(B) A countywide 9-1-1 system may be a basic or an enhanced	518
or next generation 9-1-1 system, or a combination of the two, and	519
shall be for the purpose of providing both wireline 9 1-1 and	520
wireless 9-1-1 designed to provide access to emergency services	521
from all connected communications sources.	522
$\frac{(C)(C)(1)}{(C)(1)}$ Every emergency service provider that provides	523
emergency service within the territory of a countywide 9-1-1	524
system shall participate in the countywide system.	525
(2) A countywide 9-1-1 system may be provided directly by the	526
county, by a regional council of governments, or by connecting	527
directly to the statewide next generation 9-1-1 system for call	528
routing and core services.	529
(D)(1) Each public safety answering point shall be operated	530
by a subdivision or a regional council of governments and shall be	531
operated constantly.	532
(2) A subdivision or a regional council of governments that	533
operates a public safety answering point shall pay all of the	534
costs associated with establishing, equipping, furnishing,	535
operating, and maintaining that facility and shall allocate those	536
costs among itself and the subdivisions served by the answering	537
point based on the allocation formula in a final plan. The	538
wireline service provider or other entity that provides or	539
maintains the customer premises equipment shall bill the operating	540
subdivision or the operating regional council of governments for	541
the cost of providing such equipment or its maintenance A	542

wireless service provider and a subdivision or regional council of	543
governments operating a public safety answering point may enter	544
into a service agreement for providing wireless enhanced 9-1-1	545
pursuant to a final plan adopted under this chapter.	546

- (E) Except to the extent provided in a final plan that 547 provides for funding of a 9-1-1 system in part through charges 548 imposed under section 128.22128.35 of the Revised Code, each 549 subdivision served by a public safety answering point shall pay 550 the subdivision or regional council of governments that operates 551 the answering point the amount computed in accordance with the 552 allocation formula set forth in the final plan. 553
- (F) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the purchase 554 or other acquisition, installation, and maintenance of the 555 telephone network for a 9-1-1 system and the purchase or other 556 acquisition, installation, and maintenance of customer premises 557 equipment at a public safety answering point made in compliance 558 with a final plan or an agreement under section 128.09 of the 559 Revised Code, including customer premises equipment used to 560 provide wireless enhanced 9-1-1, are not subject to any 561 requirement of competitive bidding. 562
- (G) Each emergency service provider participating in a 563 countywide 9-1-1 system shall maintain a telephone number in 564 addition to 9-1-1.
- (H) Whenever a final plan provides for the implementation of basic 9-1-1, the planning committee shall so notify the steering 567 committee, which shall determine whether the wireline service 568 providers serving the territory covered by the plan are capable of 569 reasonably meeting the technical and economic requirements of 570 providing the wireline telephone network portion of an enhanced 571 9-1-1 system. The determination shall be made solely for purposes 572

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(I) If the public safety answering point personnel reasonably

determine that a 9-1-1 call is not an emergency, the personnel

shall provide the caller with the telephone number of an

576

appropriate subdivision agency as applicable.

577

(J)(I) A final plan adopted under this chapter, or an 578 agreement under section 128.09 of the Revised Code, may provide 579 that, by further agreement included in the plan or agreement, the 580 state highway patrol or one or more public safety answering points 581 of another 9-1-1 system is the public safety answering point or 582 points for the provision of wireline or wireless 9-1-1 for all or 583 part of the territory of the 9-1-1 system established under the 584 plan or agreement. In that event, the subdivision for which the 585 wireline or wireless 9-1-1 is provided as named in the agreement 586 shall be deemed the subdivision operating the public safety 587 answering point or points for purposes of this chapter, except 588 that, for the purpose of division (D)(2) of this section, that 589 subdivision shall pay only so much of the costs of establishing, 590 equipping, furnishing, operating, or maintaining any such public 591 safety answering point as are specified in the agreement with the 592 patrol or other system. 593

 $\frac{(K)}{(J)}$ A final plan for the provision of wireless enhanced 594 9-1-1 shall provide that any wireless 9-1-1 calls routed to a 595 state highway patrol-operated public safety answering point by 596 default, due to a wireless service provider so routing all such 597 calls of its subscribers without prior permission, are instead to 598 be routed as provided under the plan. Upon the implementation of 599 countywide wireless enhanced 9-1-1 pursuant to a final plan, the 600 state highway patrol shall cease any functioning as a public 601 safety answering point providing wireless 9-1-1 within the 602 territory covered by the countywide 9-1-1 system so established, 603

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unless the patrol functions as a public safety answering point	604
providing wireless enhanced 9-1-1 pursuant to an agreement	605
included in the plan as authorized under division $\frac{(J)(I)}{(I)}$ of this	606
section.	607
Sec. 128.05. Each county shall appoint a county 9-1-1	608
coordinator to serve as the administrative coordinator for all	609
public safety answering points participating in the countywide	610
9-1-1 final plan described in section 128.03 of the Revised Code	611
and shall also serve as a liaison with other county coordinators	612
and the 9-1-1 program office.	613
Sec. 128.06. (A) A board of Except as provided in divisions	614
(B) and (C) of this section, every county commissioners or the	615
legislative authority of any municipal corporation in the county	616
that contains at least thirty per cent of the county's population	617
may adopt a resolution to convene shall maintain a county 9-1-1	618
planning program review committee, which shall serve without	619
compensation and shall consist of three six voting members as	620
follows:	621
(1) The president or other presiding officer A member of the	622
board of county commissioners, or a designee, who shall serve as	623
chairperson of the committee;	624
(2) The chief executive officer of the most populous	625
municipal corporation in the county;	626
(3) From the more populous of the following, either the chief	627
executive officer of the second most populous municipal	628
$\frac{1}{2}$ corporation in the county or a \underline{A} member of the board of township	629
trustees of the most populous township in the county as selected	630

by majority vote of the board of trustees.

In counties with a population of one hundred seventy-five	632
thousand or more, the planning committee shall consist of two	633
additional voting members as follows: a;	634
(4) A member of a board of township trustees selected by the	635
majority of boards of township trustees in the county pursuant to	636
resolutions they adopt, and the chief executive officer:	637
(5) A member of the legislative authority of a municipal	638
corporation in the county selected by the majority of the	639
legislative authorities of municipal corporations in the county	640
pursuant to resolutions they adopt $\underline{:}$	641
(6) An elected official from within the county appointed by	642
the board of county commissioners.	643
When determining population under this division $(A)(2)$ of	644
this section, population residing outside the county shall be	645
excluded.	646
(B) In counties with fewer than five townships, a population	647
in excess of seven hundred fifty thousand, and which contains more	648
than one public safety answering point, the composition of the	649
9-1-1 program review committee shall consist of five members as	650
follows:	651
(1) A member of the board of county commissioners, or a	652
designee, who shall serve as chairperson of the committee;	653
(2) The chief executive officer of the most populous	654
municipal corporation in the county. Population residing outside	655
the county shall be excluded when making this determination.	656
(3) A member from one of the following, whichever is more	657
populous:	658
(a) The chief executive officer of the second most populous	659

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municipal corporation in the county;	660
(b) A member of the board of township trustees of the most	661
populous township in the county as selected by majority vote of	662
the board of trustees.	663
(4) The chief executive officer of a municipal corporation in	664
the county selected by the majority of the legislative authorities	665
of municipal corporations in the county pursuant to resolutions	666
they adopt;	667
(5) A member of a board of township trustees selected by the	668
majority of boards of township trustees in the county pursuant to	669
resolutions they adopt.	670
Within thirty days after the adoption of a resolution to	671
convene the (C) In counties that contain only one public safety	672
answering point, the composition of the 9-1-1 review committee	673
shall consist of three members as follows:	674
(1) If the public safety answering point is not operated by	675
the board of county commissioners, the committee shall be composed	676
of the following:	677
(a) A member of the board of county commissioners, or the	678
member's designee, who shall serve as chairperson of the	679
<pre>committee;</pre>	680
(b) One of the following:	681
(i) If the public safety answering point is operated by a	682
township, then a member of the board of township trustees;	683
(ii) If the public safety answering point is operated by a	684
municipal corporation, then the chief executive officer of the	685
municipal corporation;	686
(iii) If the public safety answering point is operated by a	687

subdivision that is not a township or municipal corporation or is	688
operated by a regional council of governments, then an elected	689
official of that subdivision or regional council of governments.	690
(c) A member who is an elected official of the most populous	691
township or municipal corporation in the county that does not	692
operate the public safety answering point. When determining	693
population under this division, population residing outside the	694
county shall be excluded.	695
(2) If the public safety answering point is operated by the	696
board of county commissioners, then the board of county	697
commissioners shall serve as the 9-1-1 program review committee.	698
(D) Each committee under division (A) of this section, the	699
committee shall convene for the sole purpose of developing	700
maintain and amend a final plan for implementing and operating a	701
countywide 9-1-1 system. The Any amendment to the final plan shall	702
require a two-thirds vote of the committee. Each committee shall	703
convene at least once annually for the purposes of maintaining or	704
amending a final plan described in this section.	705
(E) Each committee shall, not later than the first day of	706
March of each year, submit a report to the political subdivisions	707
within the county and to the 9-1-1 program office detailing the	708
sources and amounts of revenue expended to support and all costs	709
incurred to operate the countywide 9-1-1 system and the public	710
safety answering points that are a part of that system for the	711
previous calendar year. A county shall provide the county's	712
committee with any clerical, legal, and other staff assistance	713
necessary to develop the final plan and shall pay for copying,	714
mailing, and any other such expenses incurred by the committee in	715
developing the final plan and in meeting the requirements imposed	716
by sections 128.06 to 128.08 of the Revised Code.	717

(C) The 9-1-1 planning committee shall appoint a 9-1-1	718
technical advisory committee to assist it in planning the	719
countywide 9-1-1 system. The advisory committee shall include at	720
least one fire chief and one police chief serving in the county,	721
the county sheriff, a representative of the state highway patrol	722
selected by the patrol, one representative of each telephone	723
company in each case selected by the telephone company	724
represented, the director/coordinator of emergency management	725
appointed under section 5502.26, 5502.27, or 5502.271 of the	726
Revised Code, as appropriate, and a member of a board of township	727
trustees of a township in the county selected by a majority of	728
boards of township trustees in the county pursuant to resolutions	729
they adopt.	730
Sec. 128.07. (A) The 9-1-1 planning committee shall prepare a	731
proposal on the implementation of a countywide 9-1-1 system and	732
shall hold a public meeting on the proposal to explain the system	733
to and receive comments from public officials. At least thirty but	734
not more than sixty days before the meeting, the committee shall	735
send a copy of the implementation proposal and written notice of	736
the meeting:	737
(1) To the board of county commissioners, the legislative	738
authority of each municipal corporation in the county, and to the	739
board of trustees of each township in the county, either by	740
certified mail or, if the committee has record of an internet	741
identifier of record associated with the board or legislative	742
authority, by ordinary mail and by that internet identifier of	743
record; and	744
(2) To the board of trustees, directors, or park	745
commissioners of each subdivision that will be served by a public	746
safety answering point under the plan.	747

(B) The proposal and the final plan adopted by the committee	748
required under section 128.06 of the Revised Code shall specify:	749
(1) Which telephone companies serving customers in the county	750
and, as authorized in division $\frac{(A)(1)(A)}{(A)}$ of section 128.03 of the	751
Revised Code, in an adjacent county will participate in the 9-1-1	752
system;	753
(2) The location and number of public safety answering	754
points; how they the public safety answering points will be	755
connected to a company's telephone network county's preferred next	756
generation 9-1-1 system; from what geographic territory each	757
public safety answering point will receive 9-1-1 calls; whether	758
basic or enhanced 9-1-1 <u>or next generation 9-1-1</u> service will be	759
provided within such territory; what subdivisions will be served	760
by the <u>public safety</u> answering point; and whether an <u>a public</u>	761
safety answering point will respond to calls by directly	762
dispatching an emergency service provider, by relaying a message	763
to the appropriate <u>emergency service</u> provider, or by transferring	764
the call to the appropriate <u>emergency service</u> provider;	765
(3) How originating service providers must connect to the	766
core 9-1-1 system identified by the final plan and what methods	767
will be utilized by the originating service providers to provide	768
9-1-1 voice, text, other forms of messaging media, and caller	769
location to the core 9-1-1 system;	770
(4) That in instances where a public safety answering point,	771
even if capable, does not directly dispatch all entities that	772
provide the emergency services potentially needed for an incident,	773
without significant delay, that request shall be transferred or	774
the information electronically relayed to the entity that directly	775
dispatches the potentially needed emergency services;	776
(5) Which subdivision or regional council of governments will	777

establish, equip, furnish, operate, and maintain a particular	778
<pre>public safety answering point;</pre>	779
$\frac{(4)(6)}{(6)}$ A projection of the initial cost of establishing,	780
equipping, and furnishing and of the annual cost of the first five	781
years of operating and maintaining each public safety answering	782
point;	783
$\frac{(5)}{(7)}$ Whether the cost of establishing, equipping,	784
furnishing, operating, or maintaining each public safety answering	785
point should be funded through charges imposed under section	786
128.22128.35 of the Revised Code or will be allocated among the	787
subdivisions served by the answering point and, if any such cost	788
is to be allocated, the formula for so allocating it;	789
$\frac{(6)(8)}{(8)}$ How each emergency service provider will respond to a	790
misdirected call or the provision of a caller location that is	791
either misrepresentative of the actual location or does not meet	792
requirements of the federal communications commission or other	793
accepted national standards as they exist on the date of the call	794
origination.	795
(C) Following the meeting required by this section, the 9-1-1	796
planning committee may modify the implementation proposal and, no	797
later than nine months after the resolution authorized by section	798
128.06 of the Revised Code is adopted, may adopt, by majority	799
vote, a final plan for implementing a countywide 9 1 1 system. If	800
a planning committee and wireline service provider do not agree on	801
whether the wireline service provider is capable of providing the	802
wireline telephone network as described under division (A) of	803
section 128.03 of the Revised Code and the planning committee	804
refers that question to the steering committee, the steering	805
committee may extend the nine month deadline established by this	806
division to twelve months. Immediately on completion of the plan,	807

the planning (B)(1) The 9-1-1 program review committee shall send	808
a copy of the final plan:	809
a copy of the final plan.	
$\frac{(1)(a)}{(a)}$ To the board of county commissioners of the county, to	810
the legislative authority of each municipal corporation in the	811
county, and to the board of township trustees of each township in	812
the county either by certified mail or, if the committee has	813
record of an internet identifier of record associated with the	814
board or legislative authority, by ordinary mail and by that	815
internet identifier of record; and	816
$\frac{(2)(b)}{(b)}$ To the board of trustees, directors, or park	817
commissioners of each subdivision that will be served by a public	818
safety answering point under the plan.	819
(D)(2) The 9-1-1 program review committee shall file a copy	820
of its current final plan with the Ohio 9-1-1 program office not	821
later than six months after the effective date of this amendment.	822
Any revisions or amendments shall be filed not later than ninety	823
days after adoption.	824
(C) As used in this section, "internet identifier of record"	825
has the same meaning as in section 9.312 of the Revised Code.	826
Sec. 128.08. (A) Within sixty days after receipt of the final	827
plan pursuant to division $\frac{(C)}{(B)(1)}$ of section 128.07 of the	828
Revised Code, the board of county commissioners of the county and	829
the legislative authority of each municipal corporation in the	830
county and of each township whose territory is proposed to be	831
	832
included in a countywide 9-1-1 system shall act by resolution to	
approve or disapprove the plan, except that, with respect to a	833
final plan that provides for funding of the 9-1-1 system in part	834
through charges imposed under section 128.22128.35 of the Revised	835
Code, the board of county commissioners shall not act by	836

resolution to approve or disapprove the plan until after a	837
resolution adopted under section 128.22128.35 of the Revised Code	838
has become effective as provided in division (D) of that section.	839
A municipal corporation or township whose territory is proposed to	840
be included in the system includes any municipal corporation or	841
township in which a part of its territory is excluded pursuant to	842
division (A)(2) of section 128.03 of the Revised Code. Each such	843
authority immediately shall notify the board of county	844
commissioners in writing of its approval or disapproval of the	845
final plan. Failure by a board or legislative authority to notify	846
the board of county commissioners of approval or disapproval	847
within such sixty-day period shall be deemed disapproval by the	848
board or authority.	849

- (B) As used in this division, "county's population" excludes the population of any municipal corporation or township that, 851 under the plan, is completely excluded from 9-1-1 service in the 852 county's final plan. A countywide plan is effective if all of the 853 following entities approve the plan in accordance with this 854 section:
 - (1) The board of county commissioners;
- (2) The legislative authority of a municipal corporation that 857 contains at least thirty per cent of the county's population, if 858 any; 859
- (3) The legislative authorities of municipal corporations and townships that contain at least sixty per cent of the county's 861 population or, if the plan has been approved by a municipal 862 corporation that contains at least sixty per cent of the county's 863 population, by the legislative authorities of municipal 864 corporations and townships that contain at least seventy-five per 865 cent of the county's population. 866

(C) After a countywide plan approved in accordance with this	867
section is adopted, all of the telephone companies, subdivisions,	868
and regional councils of governments included in the plan are	869
subject to the specific requirements of the plan and to this	870
chapter.	871
Sec. 128.12. (A) An amended final plan is required for any of	872
the following purposes:	873
(1) Expanding the territory included in the countywide 9-1-1	874
system;	875
(2) Upgrading any part or all of a the countywide 9-1-1	876
system from basic to enhanced wireline 9-1-1;	877
(3) Adjusting the territory served by a public safety	878
answering point;	879
(4) Permitting a regional council of governments to operate a	880
<pre>public safety answering point;</pre>	881
(5) Represcribing the funding of public safety answering	882
points as between the alternatives set forth in division	883
(B)(5)(A)(7) of section 128.07 of the Revised Code;	884
(6) Providing for wireless enhanced 9-1-1;	885
(7) Adding, changing, or removing a telephone company 9-1-1	886
system service provider as a participant in a the countywide 9-1-1	887
system after the implementation of wireline 9-1-1 or wireless	888
enhanced 9-1-1;	889
(8) Providing that the state highway patrol or one or more	890
public safety answering points of another 9-1-1 system function as	891
a public safety answering point or points for the provision of	892
wireline or wireless 9-1-1 for all or part of the territory of the	893
system established under the final plan, as contemplated under	894

division $\frac{(J)(I)}{(I)}$ of section 128.03 of the Revised Code;	895
(9) Making any other necessary adjustments to the plan.	896
(B)(1) To amend a final plan for the purpose described in	897
division (A)(7) of this section, an entity that wishes to be added	898
as a participant in a 9-1-1 system shall file a written letter of	899
that intent with the board of county commissioners of the county	900
that approved the final plan. The final plan is deemed amended	901
upon the filing of that letter. The entity that files the letter	902
shall send written notice of that filing to all subdivisions,	903
regional councils of governments, and telephone companies	904
participating in the system.	905
$\frac{(2)}{2}$ An amendment to a final plan for any other purpose set	906
forth in division (A) of this section may be made by an addendum	907
approved by a majority of the 9-1-1 planning program review	908
committee. The board of county commissioners shall call a meeting	909
of the 9-1-1 planning program review committee for the purpose of	910
considering an addendum pursuant to this division.	911
$\frac{(3)}{(2)}$ Adoption of any resolution under section $\frac{128.22}{128.35}$	912
of the Revised Code pursuant to a final plan that both has been	913
adopted and provides for funding through charges imposed under	914
that section is not an amendment of a final plan for the purpose	915
of this division.	916
(C) When a final plan is amended for a purpose described in	917
division $(A)(1)$, (2) , or (7) of this section, sections	918
$\frac{128.18}{128.35}$ and 5733.55 of the Revised Code apply with respect to	919
the receipt of the nonrecurring and recurring rates and charges	920
for the wireline telephone network portion of the 9-1-1 system.	921
Sec. 128.40128.20. There is hereby created within the	922
department of administrative services the 9-1-1 program office,	923

headed by an administrator in the unclassified civil service	924
pursuant to division (A)(9) of section 124.11 of the Revised Code.	925
The administrator shall be appointed by and serve at the pleasure	926
of the director of administrative services and shall report	927
directly to the state chief information officer. The program	928
office shall oversee administration of the wireless 9-1-1	929
government assistance fund, the wireless 9-1-1 program fund, and	930
the next generation 9-1-1 fund.	931
Sec. 128.21. (A) The 9-1-1 program office shall coordinate	932
and manage a statewide next generation 9-1-1 core services system.	933
The office shall interoperate the system with Canada and the	934
states that border this state. The office shall also manage the	935
vendors supplying the equipment and services for the system to the	936
department of administrative services.	937
(B)(1) The statewide next generation 9-1-1 core services	938
system shall be capable of providing 9-1-1 core services for all	939
of the territory of all the counties within this state, over both	940
land and water. The system shall route all 9-1-1 traffic using	941
location and policy-based routing to legacy enhanced 9-1-1 public	942
safety answering points, next generation 9-1-1 public safety	943
answering points, and local next generation 9-1-1 systems. The	944
system shall be designed to provide access to emergency services	945
from all connected communications sources and provide multimedia	946
data capabilities for public safety answering points and other	947
emergency service organizations.	948
(2) The emergency services internet protocol network that	949
supports the statewide next generation 9-1-1 core services system	950
shall be capable of being shared by all public safety agencies. It	951
may be constructed from a mix of dedicated and shared facilities.	952

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	953
It may be interconnected at local, regional, state, federal,	
national, and international levels to form an	954
<u>internet-protocol-based inter-network, or network of networks.</u>	955
Sec. 128.211. (A) Not later than six months after the	956
effective date of this section, the 9-1-1 program office shall	957
draft, submit, or update a state of Ohio 9-1-1 plan to the	958
steering committee. The plan shall include all of the following:	959
(1) A specific plan to address the amendments to this chapter	960
by this act;	961
(2) Specific system details describing interoperability among	962
counties, the states bordering this state, and Canada;	963
(3) A progression plan for the system and sustainability	964
within the funding method encompassed by sections 128.41 to	965
128.422 of the Revised Code.	966
(B) Not later than six months after the plan is submitted	967
under division (A) of this section, the steering committee shall	968
review and may approve the plan.	969
Sec. 128.212. (A) Any entity in this state that operates a	970
9-1-1 system, emergency services internet-protocol network, or	971
public safety answering point and that pursues a 9-1-1 grant from	972
the state or federal government shall present a letter of	973
coordination from the 9-1-1 program office.	974
(B) The letter of coordination shall state all of the	975
<pre>following:</pre>	976
(1) The entity described in division (A) of this section;	977
(2) The specific grantor identification;	978
(3) The dollar amount of the grant;	979

(4) The intended use of the grant;	980
(5) The system, equipment, software, or any component to be	981
procured with the grant and the purpose of the grant do not	982
inhibit, conflict, or reduce interoperability with the statewide	983
next generation 9-1-1 core services system and emergency services	984
internet-protocol network and is consistent with the state of Ohio	985
9-1-1 plan.	986
Sec. 128.22. The 9-1-1 program office may do all of the	987
<u>following:</u>	988
(A) Expend funds from the 9-1-1 program fund for the purposes	989
of 9-1-1 public education;	990
(B) Coordinate, adopt, and communicate all necessary	991
technical and operational standards and requirements to ensure an	992
effective model for a statewide interconnected 9-1-1 system;	993
	0.0.4
(C) Collect and distribute data from and to public safety	994
answering points, service providers, and emergency service	995
providers regarding both of the following:	996
(1) The status and operation of the components of the	997
statewide 9-1-1 system, including all of the following:	998
(a) The aggregate number of access lines that the provider	999
maintains within this state;	1000
(b) The aggregate amount of costs and cost recovery	1001
associated with providing 9-1-1 service, including coverage under	1002
tariffs and bill and keep arrangements within this state;	1003
(c) Any other information requested by the steering committee	1004
and deemed necessary to support the transition to next generation	1005
9-1-1.	1006

(2) Location information necessary for the reconciliation and	1007
synchronization of next generation 9-1-1 location information,	1008
including all of the following:	1009
(a) Address location information;	1010
(b) Master street address guide;	1011
(c) Service order inputs;	1012
(d) Geographic information system files;	1013
(e) Street center lines;	1014
(f) Response boundaries;	1015
(g) Administrative boundaries;	1016
(h) Address points.	1017
(D) Require, coordinate, oversee, and limit data collection	1018
and distribution to ensure that data collection and distribution	1019
meets legal privacy and confidentiality requirements;	1020
(E) With advice from the 9-1-1 steering committee, enter into	1021
interlocal contracts, interstate contracts, intrastate contracts,	1022
and federal contracts for the purpose of implementing statewide	1023
9-1-1 services.	1024
Sec. 128.221. (A) The data described in section 128.22 of the	1025
Revised Code shall be protected in accordance with applicable	1026
provisions of the Revised Code. Charges, terms, and conditions for	1027
the disclosure or use of that data provided by public safety	1028
answering points, service providers, and emergency service	1029
providers for the purpose of 9-1-1 shall be subject to the	1030
jurisdiction of the steering committee.	1031
(B) Data and information that contribute to more effective	1032
9-1-1 services and emergency response may be accessed and shared	1033

among 9-1-1 and emergency response functions specifically for the	1034
purposes of effective emergency response, while ensuring the	1035
overall privacy and confidentiality of the data and information	1036
involved.	1037
Sec. 128.23. (A) Every telecommunication service provider	1038
able to generate 9-1-1 traffic within the state shall do all of	1039
the following:	1040
(1) Register with the 9-1-1 program office;	1041
(2) Provide a single point of contact to the 9-1-1 program	1042
office who has the authority to assist in location-data	1043
discrepancies, including 9-1-1 traffic misroutes and	1043
no-record-found errors;	1045
no-record-round errors,	1045
(3) Provide location data for all 9-1-1 traffic with the	1046
accuracy and validity necessary to ensure proper routing to the	1047
most appropriate public safety answering point or local next	1048
generation 9-1-1 system. Provision of this location data may	1049
<pre>include both of the following:</pre>	1050
(a) Preprovisioning of location data into a state-operated	1051
database utilizing industry standard protocols;	1052
(b) Providing a routable location with the 9-1-1 traffic at	1053
call time, utilizing approved standards for both legacy and next	1054
generation 9-1-1.	1055
(B) If a service provider subject to division (A) of this	1056
section is notified by the 9-1-1 program office of a discrepancy	1057
in location data, the service provider shall correct the	1058
discrepancy within seventy-two hours.	1059
(C) All data provided under this section is private and	1060
subject to applicable privacy laws and shall not be considered a	1061

CC0110X4 Page 38 1062 "public record" for purposes of section 149.43 of the Revised 1063 Code. Sec. 128.24. (A) Except as provided in division (C) of this 1064 section: 1065 (1) Each operator of a multiline telephone system that was 1066 installed or substantially renovated on or after the effective 1067 date of this section, shall provide to the end user the same level 1068 of 9-1-1 service that is provided to other end users of 9-1-1 1069 within the state. That service shall include the provision of 1070 either of the following, which shall satisfy the requirements of 1071 division (A)(3) of this section: 1072 (a) Legacy automatic number identification and automatic 1073 location identification; 1074 (b) Next generation 9-1-1 location data. 1075 (2) Each operator of a multiline telephone system that was 1076 installed or substantially renovated on or after the effective 1077 date of this section, shall provide an emergency-response-location 1078 identifier as part of the location transmission to the public 1079 safety answering point, using either legacy private-switch 1080 automatic location identification or next generation 9-1-1 1081 methodologies. 1082 (3) Each operator of a multiline telephone system that was 1083 installed or substantially renovated on or after the effective 1084 date of this section, shall identify the specific location of the 1085 caller using an emergency response location that includes the 1086 public street address of the building from which the call 1087 originated, a suite or room number, the building floor, and a 1088 building identifier, if applicable. 1089

(B) All locations provided under this section shall be either	1090
master-street-address-guide or	1091
next-generation-9-1-1-location-validation-function valid.	1092
(C) The requirements of divisions (A)(1), (2), and (3) of	1093
this section do not apply to a multiline telephone system in a	1094
workspace of less than seven thousand square feet in a single	1095
building, on a single level of a structure, having a single public	1096
street address.	1097
Sec. 128.241. Beginning not later than one year after the	1098
effective date of this section and except as provided in sections	1099
128.242 and 128.243 of the Revised Code, a business service user	1100
that provides residential or business facilities, owns or controls	1101
a multiline telephone system or voice over internet protocol	1102
system in those facilities, and provides outbound dialing capacity	1103
from those facilities shall ensure both of the following:	1104
(A) In the case of a multiline telephone system that is	1105
capable of initiating a 9-1-1 call, the system is connected to the	1106
public switched telephone network in such a way that when an	1107
individual using the system dials 9-1-1, the call connects to the	1108
public safety answering point without requiring the user to dial	1109
any additional digit or code.	1110
(B) The system is configured to provide notification of any	1111
9-1-1 call made through the system to a centralized location on	1112
the same site as the system. The business service user is not	1113
required to have a person available at the location to receive a	1114
notification.	1115
Sec. 128.242. Except as provided in section 128.243 of the	1116
Revised Code, a business service user to which all of the	1117

following apply is exempt from the requirements of section 128.241	1118
of the Revised Code until two years after the effective date of	1119
this section:	1120
(A) The requirements would be unduly and unreasonably	1121
burdensome.	1122
(B) The multiline telephone system or voice over internet	1123
protocol system needs to be reprogrammed or replaced.	1124
	1105
(C) The business service user made a good-faith attempt to	1125
reprogram or replace the system.	1126
(D) The business service user agrees to place an	1127
instructional sticker next to the telephones that explains how to	1128
access 9-1-1 in case of emergency, provides the specific location	1129
where the device is installed, and reminds the caller to give the	1130
location information to the 9-1-1 call taker.	1131
(E) The instructions described in division (D) of this	1132
section are printed in at least sixteen-point boldface type in a	1133
contrasting color using a font that is easily readable.	1134
(F) The business service user affirms in an affidavit the	1135
conditions specified in divisions (B), (C), (D), and (E) of this	1136
section.	1137
(G) The affidavit described in division (F) of this section	1138
includes the manufacturer and model number of the system.	1139
Sec. 128.243. Sections 128.241 and 128.242 of the Revised	1140
Code shall not apply if they are preempted by or in conflict with	1141
federal law.	1142
Sec. 128.25. Each county shall provide a single point of	1143
gentagt to the 0-1-1 program office who has the authority to	11/1/

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assist in location-data discrepancies, 9-1-1 traffic misroutes,	1145
and boundary disputes between public safety answering points.	1146
Sec. 128.26. Not later than five years after the date that	1147
the statewide next generation 9-1-1 core services system is	1148
operationally available to all counties in the state, each county	1149
or, as applicable, each regional council of governments, shall	1150
provide next generation 9-1-1 service for all areas to be covered	1151
as set forth in the county's final plan or the council's	1152
agreement.	1153
Sec. 128.27. A service provider that operates within a county	1154
that participates in the statewide next generation 9-1-1 core	1155
services system or within the area served by a regional council of	1156
governments that participates in that system shall deliver the	1157
9-1-1 traffic that originates in that geographic area to the next	1158
generation 9-1-1 core for that geographic area.	1159
Sec. 128.28. If a service provider or county participates in	1160
the statewide next generation 9-1-1 core services system, the	1161
service provider or county shall adhere to standards of the 9-1-1	1162
program office, which may include standards created by the	1163
national emergency number association and the internet engineering	1164
task force.	1165
Sec. 128.18128.33. (A) In accordance with this chapter and	1166
Chapters 4901., 4903., 4905., and 4909. of the Revised Code, the	1167
public utilities commission shall determine the just, reasonable,	1168
and compensatory rates, tolls, classifications, charges, or	1169
rentals to be observed and charged for the wireline telephone	1170

network portion of a basic or enhanced 9-1-1 system, and each 1171

telephone company that is a wireline service provider 1172 participating in the system shall be subject to those chapters, to 1173 the extent they apply, as to the service provided by its portion 1174 of the wireline telephone network for the system as described in 1175 the final plan or to be installed pursuant to agreements under 1176 section 128.09 of the Revised Code, and as to the rates, tolls, 1177 classifications, charges, or rentals to be observed and charged 1178 for that service. 1179

- (B) Only the customers of a participating telephone company 1180 described in division (A) of this section that are served within 1181 the area covered by a 9-1-1 system shall pay the recurring rates 1182 for the maintenance and operation of the company's portion of the 1183 wireline telephone network of the system. Such rates shall be 1184 computed by dividing the total monthly recurring rates set forth 1185 in the company's schedule as filed in accordance with section 1186 4905.30 of the Revised Code, by the total number of residential 1187 and business customer access lines, or their equivalent, within 1188 the area served. Each residential and business customer within the 1189 area served shall pay the recurring rates based on the number of 1190 its residential and business customer access lines or their 1191 equivalent. No company shall include such amount on any customer's 1192 bill until the company has completed its portion of the wireline 1193 telephone network in accordance with the terms, conditions, 1194 requirements, and specifications of the final plan or an agreement 1195 made under section 128.09 of the Revised Code. 1196
- (C)(1) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(2) of 1197 this section, a participating telephone company described in 1198 division (A) of this section may receive through the credit 1199 authorized by section 5733.55 of the Revised Code the total 1200 nonrecurring charges for its portion of the wireline telephone 1201 network of the system and the total nonrecurring charges for any 1202

updating or modernization of that wireline telephone network in	1203
accordance with the terms, conditions, requirements, and	1204
specifications of the final plan or pursuant to agreements under	1205
section 128.09 of the Revised Code, as such charges are set forth	1206
in the schedule filed by the telephone company in accordance with	1207
section 4905.30 of the Revised Code. However, that portion,	1208
updating, or modernization shall not be for or include the	1209
provision of wireless 9-1-1. As applicable, the receipt of	1210
permissible charges shall occur only upon the completion of the	1211
installation of the network or the completion of the updating or	1212
modernization.	1213

- (2) The credit shall not be allowed under division (C)(1) of 1214 this section for the upgrading of a system from basic to enhanced 1215 wireline 9-1-1 if both of the following apply: 1216
- (a) The telephone company received the credit for the 1217 wireline telephone network portion of the basic 9-1-1 system now 1218 proposed to be upgraded. 1219
- (b) At the time the final plan or agreement pursuant to 1220 section 128.09 of the Revised Code calling for the basic 9-1-1 1221 system was agreed to, the telephone company was capable of 1222 reasonably meeting the technical and economic requirements of 1223 providing the wireline telephone network portion of an enhanced 1224 9-1-1 system within the territory proposed to be upgraded, as 1225 determined by the steering committee under division (A) or (H) of 1226 section 128.03 or division (C) of section 128.09 of the Revised 1227 Code. 1228
- (3) If the credit is not allowed under division (C)(2) of 1229 this section, the total nonrecurring charges for the wireline 1230 telephone network used in providing 9-1-1 service, as set forth in 1231 the schedule filed by a telephone company in accordance with 1232

section 4905.30 of the Revised Code, on completion of the	1233
installation of the network in accordance with the terms,	1234
conditions, requirements, and specifications of the final plan or	1235
pursuant to section 128.09 of the Revised Code, shall be paid by	1236
the municipal corporations and townships with any territory in the	1237
area in which such upgrade from basic to enhanced 9-1-1 is made.	1238
area in which back approach from babie to emissiona y i i ib made.	

- (D) If customer premises equipment for a public safety 1239 answering point is supplied by a telephone company that is 1240 required to file a schedule under section 4905.30 of the Revised 1241 Code pertaining to customer premises equipment, the recurring and 1242 nonrecurring rates and charges for the installation and 1243 maintenance of the equipment specified in the schedule shall 1244 1245 apply.
- Sec. 128.22128.35. (A)(1) For the purpose of paying the costs 1246 of establishing, equipping, and furnishing one or more public 1247 safety answering points as part of a countywide 9-1-1 system 1248 effective under division (B) of section 128.08 of the Revised Code 1249 and paying the expense of administering and enforcing this 1250 section, the board of county commissioners of a county, in 1251 accordance with this section, may fix and impose, on each lot or 1252 parcel of real property in the county that is owned by a person, 1253 municipal corporation, township, or other political subdivision 1254 and is improved, or is in the process of being improved, 1255 reasonable charges to be paid by each such owner. The charges 1256 shall be sufficient to pay only the estimated allowed costs and 1257 shall be equal in amount for all such lots or parcels. 1258
- (2) For the purpose of paying the costs of operating and 1259 maintaining the answering points and paying the expense of 1260 administering and enforcing this section, the board, in accordance 1261 with this section, may fix and impose reasonable charges to be 1262

1263 paid by each owner, as provided in division (A)(1) of this 1264 section, that shall be sufficient to pay only the estimated 1265 allowed costs and shall be equal in amount for all such lots or 1266 parcels. The board may fix and impose charges under this division 1267 pursuant to a resolution adopted for the purposes of both 1268 divisions (A)(1) and (2) of this section or pursuant to a 1269 resolution adopted solely for the purpose of division (A)(2) of 1270 this section, and charges imposed under division (A)(2) of this 1271 section may be separately imposed or combined with charges imposed 1272 under division (A)(1) of this section.

- (B) Any board adopting a resolution under this section 1273 pursuant to a final plan initiating the establishment of a 9-1-1 1274 system or pursuant to an amendment to a final plan shall adopt the 1275 resolution within sixty days after the board receives the final 1276 plan for the 9-1-1 system pursuant to division $\frac{(C)(B)(1)}{(B)(B)}$ of 1277 section 128.07 of the Revised Code. The board by resolution may 1278 change any charge imposed under this section whenever the board 1279 considers it advisable. Any resolution adopted under this section 1280 shall declare whether securities will be issued under Chapter 133. 1281 of the Revised Code in anticipation of the collection of unpaid 1282 special assessments levied under this section. 1283
- (C) The board shall adopt a resolution under this section at 1284 a public meeting held in accordance with section 121.22 of the 1285 Revised Code. Additionally, the board, before adopting any such 1286 resolution, shall hold at least two public hearings on the 1287 proposed charges. Prior to the first hearing, the board shall 1288 publish notice of the hearings once a week for two consecutive 1289 weeks in a newspaper of general circulation in the county or as 1290 provided in section 7.16 of the Revised Code. The notice shall 1291 include a listing of the charges proposed in the resolution and 1292 the date, time, and location of each of the hearings. The board 1293

shall hear any person who wishes to testify on the charges or the resolution.

- (D) No resolution adopted under this section shall be 1296 effective sooner than thirty days following its adoption nor shall 1297 any such resolution be adopted as an emergency measure. The 1298 resolution is subject to a referendum in accordance with sections 1299 305.31 to 305.41 of the Revised Code unless, in the resolution, 1300 the board of county commissioners directs the board of elections 1301 of the county to submit the question of imposing the charges to 1302 the electors of the county at the next primary or general election 1303 in the county occurring not less than ninety days after the 1304 resolution is certified to the board. No resolution shall go into 1305 effect unless approved by a majority of those voting upon it in 1306 any election allowed under this division. 1307
- (E) To collect charges imposed under division (A) of this 1308 section, the board of county commissioners shall certify them to 1309 the county auditor of the county who then shall place them upon 1310 the real property duplicate against the properties to be assessed, 1311 as provided in division (A) of this section. Each assessment shall 1312 bear interest at the same rate that securities issued in 1313 anticipation of the collection of the assessments bear, is a lien 1314 on the property assessed from the date placed upon the real 1315 property duplicate by the auditor, and shall be collected in the 1316 same manner as other taxes. 1317
- (F) All money collected by or on behalf of a county under
 this section shall be paid to the county treasurer of the county
 and kept in a separate and distinct fund to the credit of the
 county. The fund shall be used to pay the costs allowed in
 division (A) of this section and specified in the resolution
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 adopted under that division. In no case shall any surplus so
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CC0110X4 Page 47 1324 collected be expended for other than the use and benefit of the 1325 county. Sec. 128.25 128.37. (A) This section applies only to a county 1326 that meets both of the following conditions: 1327 (1) A final plan for a countywide 9-1-1 system either has not 1328 been approved in the county under section 128.08 of the Revised 1329 Code or has been approved but has not been put into operation 1330 because of a lack of funding; 1331 (2) The board of county commissioners, at least once, has 1332 submitted to the electors of the county the question of raising 1333 funds for a 9-1-1 system under section 128.22 128.35, 5705.19, or 1334 5739.026 of the Revised Code, and a majority of the electors has 1335 disapproved the question each time it was submitted. 1336 (B) A board of county commissioners may adopt a resolution 1337 imposing a monthly charge on telephone access lines to pay for the 1338 equipment costs of establishing and maintaining no more than three 1339 public safety answering points of a countywide 9-1-1 system, which 1340 public safety answering points shall be only twenty-four-hour 1341 dispatching points already existing in the county. The resolution 1342 shall state the amount of the charge, which shall not exceed fifty 1343 cents per month, and the month the charge will first be imposed, 1344 which shall be no earlier than four months after the special 1345 election held pursuant to this section. Each residential and 1346 business telephone company customer within the area served by the 1347 9-1-1 system shall pay the monthly charge for each of its 1348 residential or business customer access lines or their equivalent. 1349 Before adopting a resolution under this division, the board 1350 of county commissioners shall hold at least two public hearings on 1351

the proposed charge. Before the first hearing, the board shall

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publish notice of the hearings once a week for two consecutive

weeks in a newspaper of general circulation in the county or as

provided in section 7.16 of the Revised Code. The notice shall

state the amount of the proposed charge, an explanation of the

necessity for the charge, and the date, time, and location of each

of the hearings.

(C) A resolution adopted under division (B) of this section 1359 shall direct the board of elections to submit the question of 1360 imposing the charge to the electors of the county at a special 1361 election on the day of the next primary or general election in the 1362 county. The board of county commissioners shall certify a copy of 1363 the resolution to the board of elections not less than ninety days 1364 before the day of the special election. No resolution adopted 1365 under division (B) of this section shall take effect unless 1366 approved by a majority of the electors voting upon the resolution 1367 at an election held pursuant to this section. 1368

In any year, the board of county commissioners may impose a 1369 lesser charge than the amount originally approved by the electors. 1370 The board may change the amount of the charge no more than once a 1371 year. The board may not impose a charge greater than the amount 1372 approved by the electors without first holding an election on the 1373 question of the greater charge.

(D) Money raised from a monthly charge on telephone access 1375 lines under this section shall be deposited into a special fund 1376 created in the county treasury by the board of county 1377 commissioners pursuant to section 5705.12 of the Revised Code, to 1378 be used only for the necessary equipment costs of establishing and 1379 maintaining no more than three public safety answering points of a 1380 countywide 9-1-1 system pursuant to a resolution adopted under 1381 division (B) of this section. In complying with this division, any 1382

county may seek the assistance of the steering committee with

regard to operating and maintaining a 9-1-1 system.

- (E) Pursuant to the voter approval required by division (C) 1385 of this section, the final plan for a countywide 9-1-1 system that 1386 will be funded through a monthly charge imposed in accordance with 1387 this section shall be amended by the existing 9-1-1 planning 1388 program review committee, and the amendment of such a final plan 1389 is not an amendment of a final plan for the purpose of division 1390 (A) of section 128.12 of the Revised Code. 1391
- Sec. 128.26 128.38. (A) This section applies only to a county that has a final plan for a countywide 9-1-1 system that either 1393 has not been approved in the county under section 128.08 of the 1394 Revised Code or has been approved but has not been put into 1395 operation because of a lack of funding. 1396
- (B) A board of county commissioners may adopt a resolution 1397 imposing a monthly charge on telephone access lines to pay for the 1398 operating and equipment costs of establishing and maintaining no 1399 more than one public safety answering point of a countywide 9-1-1 1400 system. The resolution shall state the amount of the charge, which 1401 shall not exceed fifty cents per month, and the month the charge 1402 will first be imposed, which shall be no earlier than four months 1403 after the special election held pursuant to this section. Each 1404 residential and business telephone company customer within the 1405 area of the county served by the 9-1-1 system shall pay the 1406 monthly charge for each of its residential or business customer 1407 access lines or their equivalent. 1408

Before adopting a resolution under this division, the board 1409 of county commissioners shall hold at least two public hearings on 1410 the proposed charge. Before the first hearing, the board shall 1411

publish notice of the hearings once a week for two consecutive	1412
weeks in a newspaper of general circulation in the county or as	1413
provided in section 7.16 of the Revised Code. The notice shall	1414
state the amount of the proposed charge, an explanation of the	1415
necessity for the charge, and the date, time, and location of each	1416
of the hearings.	1417
of the hearings.	

(C) A resolution adopted under division (B) of this section 1418 shall direct the board of elections to submit the question of 1419 imposing the charge to the electors of the county at a special 1420 election on the day of the next primary or general election in the 1421 county. The board of county commissioners shall certify a copy of 1422 the resolution to the board of elections not less than ninety days 1423 before the day of the special election. No resolution adopted 1424 under division (B) of this section shall take effect unless 1425 approved by a majority of the electors voting upon the resolution 1426 at an election held pursuant to this section. 1427

In any year, the board of county commissioners may impose a 1428 lesser charge than the amount originally approved by the electors. 1429 The board may change the amount of the charge no more than once a 1430 year. The board shall not impose a charge greater than the amount 1431 approved by the electors without first holding an election on the 1432 question of the greater charge.

(D) Money raised from a monthly charge on telephone access 1434 lines under this section shall be deposited into a special fund 1435 created in the county treasury by the board of county 1436 commissioners pursuant to section 5705.12 of the Revised Code, to 1437 be used only for the necessary operating and equipment costs of 1438 establishing and maintaining no more than one public safety 1439 answering point of a countywide 9-1-1 system pursuant to a 1440 resolution adopted under division (B) of this section. In 1441

complying with this division, any county may seek the assistance	1442
of the steering committee with regard to operating and maintaining	1443
a 9-1-1 system.	1444

- (E) Nothing in sections 128.01 to 128.34 of the Revised Code 1445 this chapter precludes a final plan adopted in accordance with 1446 those sections from being amended to provide that, by agreement 1447 included in the plan, a public safety answering point of another 1448 countywide 9-1-1 system is the public safety answering point of a 1449 countywide 9-1-1 system funded through a monthly charge imposed in 1450 accordance with this section. In that event, the county for which 1451 the public safety answering point is provided shall be deemed the 1452 subdivision operating the public safety answering point for 1453 purposes of sections 128.01 to 128.34 of the Revised Code this 1454 chapter, except that, for the purpose of division (D) of section 1455 128.03 of the Revised Code, the county shall pay only so much of 1456 the costs associated with establishing, equipping, furnishing, 1457 operating, or maintaining the public safety answering point 1458 specified in the agreement included in the final plan. 1459
- (F) Pursuant to the voter approval required by division (C) 1460 of this section, the final plan for a countywide 9-1-1 system that 1461 will be funded through a monthly charge imposed in accordance with 1462 this section, or that will be amended to include an agreement 1463 described in division (E) of this section, shall be amended by the 1464 existing 9-1-1 planning program review committee, and the 1465 amendment of such a final plan is not an amendment of a final plan 1466 for the purpose of division (A) of section 128.12 of the Revised 1467 Code. 1468
- sec. 128.27 128.39. (A) As part of its normal monthly billing 1469
 process, each telephone company with customers in the area served 1470
 by a 9-1-1 system shall bill and collect from those customers any 1471

charge imposed under section $\frac{128.25}{128.37}$ or $\frac{128.26}{128.38}$ of the	1472
Revised Code. The company may list the charge as a separate entry	1473
on each bill and may indicate on the bill that the charge is made	1474
pursuant to approval of a ballot issue by county voters. Any	1475
customer billed by a company for a charge imposed under section	1476
128.25 <u>128.37</u> or 128.26 <u>128.38</u> of the Revised Code is liable to	1477
the county for the amount billed. The company shall apply any	1478
partial payment of a customer's bill first to the amount the	1479
customer owes the company. The company shall keep complete records	1480
of charges it bills and collects, and such records shall be open	1481
during business hours for inspection by the county commissioners	1482
or their agents or employees. If a company fails to bill any	1483
customer for the charge, it is liable to the county for the amount	1484
that was not billed.	1485

- (B) A telephone company that collects charges under this

 section shall remit the money to the county on a quarterly basis.

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 The company may retain three per cent of any charge it collects as

 compensation for the costs of such collection. If a company

 collects charges under this section and fails to remit the money

 to the county as prescribed, it is liable to the county for any

 amount collected and not remitted.

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- "Sec. 128.42128.40. (A) There is Ending January 1, 2024, 1493

 there are hereby imposed a the following wireless 9-1-1 charge of 1494

 twenty five cents per month as follows charges: 1495
- (1) On each wireless telephone number of a wireless service 1496 subscriber who has a billing address in this state, a charge of 1497 twenty-five cents per month. The subscriber shall pay the wireless 1498 9-1-1 charge for each such wireless telephone number assigned to 1499 the subscriber. Each wireless service provider and each reseller 1500 shall collect the wireless 9-1-1 charge as a specific line item on 1501

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(1) There is hereby imposed, on (2) On each retail sale of a	1531
prepaid wireless calling service occurring in this state, a	1532
wireless 9-1-1 charge of five-tenths of one per cent of the sale	1533
price.	1534
$\frac{(2)(B)}{(B)}$ For purposes of division $\frac{(B)(1)(A)(2)}{(A)(2)}$ of this section,	1535
a retail sale occurs in this state if it is effected by the	1536
consumer appearing in person at a seller's business location in	1537
this state, or if the sale is sourced to this state under division	1538
(E)(3) of section 5739.034 of the Revised Code, except that under	1539
that division, in lieu of sourcing a sale under division (C)(5) of	1540
section 5739.033 of the Revised Code, the seller, rather than the	1541
service provider, may elect to source the sale to the location	1542
associated with the mobile telephone number.	1543
$\frac{(3)(a)(C)(1)}{(C)(1)}$ Except as provided in division $\frac{(B)(4)(c)(D)(3)}{(C)(C)(C)(C)}$	1544
of this section, the seller of the prepaid wireless calling	1545
service shall collect the charge <u>imposed under division (A) of</u>	1546
this section from the consumer at the time of each retail sale and	1547
disclose the amount of the charge to the consumer at the time of	1548
the sale by itemizing the charge on the receipt, invoice, or	1549
similar form of written documentation provided to the consumer.	1550
$\frac{(b)}{(2)}$ The seller that collects the charge imposed under	1551
division (A) of this section shall comply with the reporting and	1552
remittance requirements under section 128.46 of the Revised Code.	1553
$\frac{(4)}{(D)}$ When a prepaid wireless calling service is sold with	1554
one or more other products or services for a single, nonitemized	1555
price, the wireless 9-1-1 charge imposed under division	1556
(B)(1)(A)(2) of this section shall apply to the entire nonitemized	1557
price, except as provided in divisions $\frac{(B)(4)(a)(D)(1)}{(D)(1)}$ to $\frac{(c)(3)}{(B)(1)}$	1558
of this section.	1559
$\frac{(a)(1)}{(a)}$ If the amount of the prepaid wireless calling service	1560

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is disclosed to the consumer as a dollar amount, the seller may	1561
elect to apply the charge only to that dollar amount.	1562
$\frac{(b)(2)}{(2)}$ If the seller can identify the portion of the	1563
nonitemized price that is attributable to the prepaid wireless	1564
calling service, by reasonable and verifiable standards from the	1565
seller's books and records that are kept in the regular course of	1566
business for other purposes, including nontax purposes, the seller	1567
may elect to apply the charge only to that portion.	1568
$\frac{(c)(3)}{(3)}$ If a minimal amount of a prepaid wireless calling	1569
service is sold with a prepaid wireless calling device for the	1570
single, nonitemized price, the seller may elect not to collect the	1571
charge. As used in this division, "minimal" means either ten	1572
minutes or less or five dollars or less.	1573
(C)(E) The wireless 9-1-1 charges authorized under this	1574
section shall not be imposed on a subscriber of wireless lifeline	1575
service or a provider of that service.	1576
(F) The wireless 9-1-1 charges shall be exempt from state or	1577
local taxation.	1578
Sec. 128.41. (A) As used in this section, "communications	1579
service" means any wireless service, multiline telephone system,	1580
and voice over internet protocol system to which both of the	1581
following apply:	1582
	1302
(1) The service or system is registered to the subscriber's	1583
address within this state or the subscriber's primary place of	1584
using the service or system is in this state.	1585
(2) The service or system is capable of initiating a direct	1586
connection to 9-1-1.	1587

(B) After the expiration of the charge described in division 1588

(A)(1) of section 128.40 of the Revised Code and except as	1589
provided in sections 128.413 and 128.42 of the Revised Code, there	1590
is imposed a next generation 9-1-1 access fee of forty cents per	1591
month on each communications service, which shall be imposed as	1592
follows:	1593
	1 - 0 /
(1) In the case of wireless telephone service, a subscriber	1594
shall pay a separate next generation 9-1-1 access fee for each	1595
wireless telephone number assigned to the subscriber.	1596
(2) In the case of a voice over internet protocol system, a	1597
subscriber shall pay a separate fee for each voice channel	1598
provided to the subscriber through the system. The number of voice	1599
channels shall be equal to the number of outbound calls the	1600
subscriber can maintain at the same time using the system, but	1601
excludes a direct inward dialing number that merely routes an	1602
inbound call. The maximum number of separate fees imposed on a	1603
subscriber's system shall not exceed one hundred voice channels	1604
per network.	1605
(3) In the case of a multiline telephone system, the	1606
subscriber shall pay a separate fee for each line. The maximum	1607
number of separate fees imposed on a single subscriber with a	1608
multiline telephone system shall not exceed one hundred per	1609
building with a unique street address or physically identifiable	1610
location.	1611
(C) If more than one communications service shares the same	1612
telephone number, then the next generation 9-1-1 access fee	1613
imposed shall not exceed forty cents per month.	1614
Sec. 128.412. Beginning October 1, 2025, the next generation	1615
9-1-1 access fee imposed under section 128.41 of the Revised Code	1616
shall be twenty-five cents per month and shall be imposed in the	1617
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same manner as described in divisions (B) and (C) of that section.	1618
Sec. 128.413. The following are exempt from the next	1619
generation 9-1-1 access fee imposed under section 128.41 of the	1620
Revised Code:	1621
(A) A subscriber of wireless lifeline service.	1622
(B) Wholesale transactions between telecommunications service	1623
providers where the service is a component of a service provided	1624
to an end user. This exemption includes network access charges and	1625
interconnection charges paid to a local exchange carrier.	1626
Sec. 128.414. Each service provider and each reseller shall	1627
collect the next generation 9-1-1 access fee imposed under section	1628
128.41 of the Revised Code as a specific line item on each	1629
subscriber's monthly bill or point of sale invoice. The line item	1630
shall be the "Ohio Next Generation 9-1-1 Access Fee	1631
([amount]/service/month)" or similar language. If a provider bills	1632
a subscriber for any other 9-1-1 costs that the provider may	1633
incur, the charge or amount may appear in the same line item as	1634
the next generation 9-1-1 access fee line item. If the charge or	1635
amount is to appear in a separate line item on the bill, the	1636
charge or amount shall be expressly designated "[Name of Provider]	1637
[Description of charge or amount]."	1638
Sec. 128.419. Wireless service that is priced lower than five	1639
dollars per month shall not be subject to the next generation	1640
9-1-1 access fee described in section 128.41 of the Revised Code.	1641
Sec. 128.42. (A) After the expiration of the charge described	1642
in division (A)(2) of section 128.40 of the Revised Code, there is	1643
imposed, on each retail sale of a prepaid wireless calling service	1644

occurring in this state, a next generation 9-1-1 access fee of	1645
five-tenths of one per cent of the sale price.	1646
	1.64
(B) For purposes of division (A) of this section, a retail	1647
sale occurs in this state if it is effected by the consumer	1648
appearing in person at a seller's business location in this state,	1649
or if the sale is sourced to this state under division (E)(3) of	1650
section 5739.034 of the Revised Code, except that under that	1651
division, in lieu of sourcing a sale under division (C)(5) of	1652
section 5739.033 of the Revised Code, the seller, rather than the	1653
service provider, may elect to source the sale to the location	1654
associated with the mobile telephone number.	1655
(C) A prepaid wireless calling service priced below a single	1656
fee of less than ten dollars does not constitute a retail sale for	1657
purposes of this section.	1658
God 129 421 Evgent ag provided in divigion (R)(2) of	1659
Sec. 128.421. Except as provided in division (B)(3) of	
section 128.422 of the Revised Code, the seller of the prepaid	1660
calling service shall collect the next generation 9-1-1 access fee	1661
imposed under section 128.42 of the Revised Code in the same	1662
manner as described in section 128.414 of the Revised Code.	1663
Sec. 128.422. (A) When a prepaid calling service is sold with	1664
one or more other products or services for a single, nonitemized	1665
price, the next generation 9-1-1 access fee imposed under section	1666
128.42 of the Revised Code shall apply to the entire nonitemized	1667
price, except as provided in divisions (B)(1) to (3) of this	1668
section.	1669
(B)(1) If the amount of the prepaid calling service is	1670
disclosed to the consumer as a dollar amount, the seller may elect	1671
to apply the fee only to that dollar amount.	1672

(2) If the seller can identify the portion of the nonitemized	1673
price that is attributable to the prepaid calling service, by	1674
reasonable and verifiable standards from the seller's books and	1675
records that are kept in the regular course of business for other	1676
purposes, including nontax purposes, the seller may elect to apply	1677
the fee only to that portion.	1678
(3) If a minimal amount of a prepaid calling service is sold	1679
with a prepaid wireless calling device for the single, nonitemized	1680
price, the seller may elect not to collect the fee. As used in	1681
this division, "minimal" means ten minutes or less.	1682
Sec. 128.43. The next generation 9-1-1 access fee imposed	1683
under sections 128.41 and 128.42 of the Revised Code shall be	1684
exempt from state or local taxation.	1685
Sec. 128.44. Beginning January 1, 2014, the The tax	1686
commissioner shall provide notice to all known wireless service	1687
providers, resellers, and sellers of prepaid wireless calling	1688
services of any increase or decrease in either of the wireless	1689
next generation 9-1-1 charges access fees imposed under section	1690
sections 128.41 and 128.42 of the Revised Code. Each notice shall	1691
be provided not less than thirty days before the effective date of	1692
the increase or decrease.	1693
Sec. 128.45. (A) Each entity required to bill and collect a	1694
wireless 9-1-1 charge under section 128.40 of the Revised Code or	1695
the next generation 9-1-1 access fee under section 128.414 or	1696
128.421 of the Revised Code shall keep complete and accurate	1697
records of bills that include the charges and fees, together with	1698
a record of the charges and fees collected under those sections.	1699
The entities shall keep all related invoices and other pertinent	1700

CC0110X4 Page 60 1701 documents. (B) Each seller shall keep complete and accurate records of 1702 retail sales of prepaid wireless calling services, together with a 1703 record of the charges and fees collected under sections 128.40 and 1704 128.421 of the Revised Code, and shall keep all related invoices 1705 and other pertinent documents. 1706 Sec. 128.45128.451. Beginning January 1, 2014: 1707 (A) Each wireless service provider and reseller shall keep 1708 complete and accurate records of bills for wireless service, 1709 together with a record of the wireless 9 1 1 charges collected 1710 under section 128.42 of the Revised Code, and shall keep all 1711 related invoices and other pertinent documents. Each seller shall 1712 keep complete and accurate records of retail sales of prepaid 1713 wireless calling services, together with a record of the wireless 1714 9-1-1 charges collected under section 128.42 of the Revised Code, 1715 and shall keep all related invoices and other pertinent documents. 1716 (B) Records, invoices, and documents required to be kept 1717

(B) Records, invoices, and documents required to be kept 1717 under this section 128.45 of the Revised Code shall be open during 1718 business hours to the inspection of the tax commissioner. They 1719 shall be preserved for a period of four years unless the tax 1720 commissioner, in writing, consents to their destruction within 1721 that period, or by order requires that they be kept longer. 1722

Sec. 128.46. (A) Prior to January 1, 2014:

(1) A wireless service provider or reseller, not later than

the last day of each month, shall remit the full amount of all

vireless 9-1-1 charges it collected under division (A) of section

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128.42 of the Revised Code for the second preceding calendar month

to the administrator, with the exception of charges equivalent to

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the amount authorized as a billing and collection fee under	1729
division (A)(2) of this section. In doing so, the provider or	1730
reseller may remit the requisite amount in any reasonable manner	1731
consistent with its existing operating or technological	1732
capabilities, such as by customer address, location associated	1733
with the wireless telephone number, or another allocation method	1734
based on comparable, relevant data. If the wireless service	1735
provider or reseller receives a partial payment for a bill from a	1736
wireless service subscriber, the wireless service provider or	1737
reseller shall apply the payment first against the amount the	1738
subscriber owes the wireless service provider or reseller and	1739
shall remit to the administrator such lesser amount, if any, as	1740
results from that invoice.	1741
(2) A wireless service provider or reseller may retain as a	1742
billing and collection fee two per cent of the total wireless	1743
9-1-1 charges it collects in a month and shall account to the	1744
administrator for the amount retained.	1745
(3) The administrator shall return to, or credit against the	1746
next month's remittance of, a wireless service provider or	1747
reseller the amount of any remittances the administrator	1748
determines were erroneously submitted by the provider or reseller.	1749
(B) Beginning January 1, 2014:	1750
(1) Each seller of a prepaid wireless calling service,	1751
wireless service provider, and reseller An entity required to	1752
collect a wireless 9-1-1 charge under section 128.40 of the	1753
Revised Code or the next generation 9-1-1 access fee under section	1754
128.414 or 128.421 of the Revised Code shall, on or before the	1755
twenty-third day of each month, except as provided in divisions	1756
$\frac{(B)(2)(A)(2)}{(A)(2)}$ and (3) of this section, do both of the following:	1757
(a) Make and file a return for the preceding month, in the	1758

form prescribed by the tax commissioner, showing the amount of the	1759
wireless 9 1 1 charges or fees due under section 128.42 of the	1760
Revised Code for that month;	1761
(b) Remit the full amount due, as shown on the return, with	1762
the exception of charges or fees equivalent to the amount	1763
authorized as a collection fee under division $\frac{(B)(4)(B)}{(B)}$ of this	1764
section.	1765
(2) The committee on the control of	
(2) The commissioner may grant one or more thirty-day	1766
extensions for making and filing returns and remitting amounts	1767
due.	1768
(3) If a seller is required to collect prepaid wireless 9-1-1	1769
charges under section 128.40 of the Revised Code or next	1770
generation 9-1-1 access fees under section 128.421 of the Revised	1771
<pre>Code in amounts that do not merit monthly returns, the</pre>	1772
commissioner may authorize the seller to make and file returns	1773
less frequently. The commissioner shall ascertain whether this	1774
authorization is warranted upon the basis of administrative costs	1775
to the state.	1776
$\frac{(4)(B)}{(B)}$ A wireless service provider, reseller, and seller may	1777
each retain as a collection fee three per cent of the total	1778
wireless 9-1-1 charges required to be collected under section	1779
sections 128.40, 128.41, and 128.42 of the Revised Code, and shall	1780
account to the tax commissioner for the amount retained.	1781
$\frac{(5)(C)}{(C)}$ The return required under division $\frac{(B)(1)(a)(A)(1)(a)}{(B)(B)(B)(B)}$	1782
of this section shall be filed electronically using the Ohio	1783
business gateway, as defined in section 718.01 of the Revised	1784
Code, the Ohio telefile system, or any other electronic means	1785
prescribed by the tax commissioner. Remittance of the amount due	1786
shall be made electronically in a manner approved by the	1787
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entity required to file the return may apply to the commissioner	1789
on a form prescribed by the commissioner to be excused from either	1790
electronic requirement of this division. For good cause shown, the	1791
commissioner may excuse the provider, reseller, or seller entity	1792
from either or both of the requirements and may permit the	1793
provider, reseller, or seller entity to file returns or make	1794
remittances by nonelectronic means.	1795
(C)(1) Prior to January 1, 2014, each subscriber on which a	1796
wireless 9-1-1 charge is imposed under division (A) of section	1797
128.42 of the Revised Code is liable to the state for the amount	1798
of the charge. If a wireless service provider or reseller fails to	1799
collect the charge under that division from a subscriber of	1800
prepaid wireless service, or fails to bill any other subscriber	1801
for the charge, the wireless service provider or reseller is	1802
liable to the state for the amount not collected or billed. If a	1803
wireless service provider or reseller collects charges under that	1804
division and fails to remit the money to the administrator, the	1805
wireless service provider or reseller is liable to the state for	1806
any amount collected and not remitted.	1807
(2) Beginning January 1, 2014:	1808
$\frac{(a)(D)(1)}{(D)(1)}$ Each subscriber or consumer on which a wireless	1809
9-1-1 charge is imposed under section 128.42 of the Revised Code	1810
or on which a next generation 9-1-1 access fee is imposed under	1811
section 128.41 or 128.42 of the Revised Code is liable to the	1812
state for the amount of the charge. If a wireless service provider	1813
or reseller fails	1814
(2) An entity required to bill or collect the wireless 9-1-1	1815
charge, under section 128.40 of the Revised Code or if a seller	1816
fails to collect the charge, the provider, reseller, or seller is	1817
liable to the state for the amount not billed or collected. If a	1818

provider, reseller, or seller fails to remit money to the tax	1819
commissioner as required under this section, the provider,	1820
reseller, or seller the next generation 9-1-1 access fee under	1821
section 128.414 or 128.421 of the Revised Code is liable to the	1822
state for the any amount that was required to be collected but	1823
that was not remitted, regardless of whether the amount was	1824
collected.	1825
(b)(3) No provider of a prepaid wireless calling service	1826
shall be liable to the state for any wireless 9-1-1 charge imposed	1827
under division (B)(1) of section 128.40 of the Revised Code or any	1828
next generation 9-1-1 access fee imposed under section 128.42 of	1829
the Revised Code that was not collected or remitted.	1830
(D) Prior to January 1, 2014:	1831
(1) If the steering committee has reason to believe that a	1832
wireless service provider or reseller has failed to bill, collect,	1833
or remit the wireless 9-1-1 charge as required by divisions (A)(1)	1834
and (C)(1) of this section or has retained more than the amount	1835
authorized under division (A)(2) of this section, and after	1836
written notice to the provider or reseller, the steering committee	1837
may audit the provider or reseller for the sole purpose of making	1838
such a determination. The audit may include, but is not limited	1839
to, a sample of the provider's or reseller's billings,	1840
collections, remittances, or retentions for a representative	1841
period, and the steering committee shall make a good faith effort	1842
to reach agreement with the provider or reseller in selecting that	1843
sample.	1844
(2) Upon written notice to the wireless service provider or	1845
reseller, the steering committee, by order after completion of the	1846
audit, may make an assessment against the provider or reseller if,	1847

pursuant to the audit, the steering committee determines that the

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provider or reseller has failed to bill, collect, or remit the	1849
wireless 9-1-1 charge as required by divisions (A)(1) and (C)(1)	1850
of this section or has retained more than the amount authorized	1851
under division (A)(2) of this section. The assessment shall be in	1852
the amount of any remittance that was due and unpaid on the date	1853
notice of the audit was sent by the steering committee to the	1854
provider or reseller or, as applicable, in the amount of the	1855
excess amount under division (A)(2) of this section retained by	1856
the provider or reseller as of that date.	1857
(3) The portion of any assessment not paid within sixty days	1858
after the date of service by the steering committee of the	1859
assessment notice under division (D)(2) of this section shall bear	1860
interest from that date until paid at the rate per annum	1861
prescribed by section 5703.47 of the Revised Code. That interest	1862
may be collected by making an assessment under division (D)(2) of	1863
this section. An assessment under this division and any interest	1864
due shall be remitted in the same manner as the wireless 9-1-1	1865
charge imposed under division (A) of section 128.42 of the Revised	1866
Code.	1867
(4) Unless the provider, reseller, or seller assessed files	1868
with the steering committee within sixty days after service of the	1869
notice of assessment, either personally or by certified mail, a	1870
written petition for reassessment, signed by the party assessed or	1871
that party's authorized agent having knowledge of the facts, the	1872
assessment shall become final and the amount of the assessment	1873
shall be due and payable from the party assessed to the	1874
administrator. The petition shall indicate the objections of the	1875
party assessed, but additional objections may be raised in writing	1876
if received by the administrator or the steering committee prior	1877
to the date shown on the final determination.	1878

(5) After an assessment becomes final, if any portion of the	1879
assessment remains unpaid, including accrued interest, a certified	1880
copy of the final assessment may be filed in the office of the	1881
clerk of the court of common pleas in the county in which the	1882
place of business of the assessed party is located. If the party	1883
assessed maintains no place of business in this state, the	1884
certified copy of the final assessment may be filed in the office	1885
of the clerk of the court of common pleas of Franklin county.	1886
Immediately upon the filing, the clerk shall enter a judgment for	1887
the state against the assessed party in the amount shown on the	1888
final assessment. The judgment may be filed by the clerk in a	1889
loose-leaf book entitled "special judgments for wireless 9-1-1	1890
charges" and shall have the same effect as other judgments. The	1891
judgment shall be executed upon the request of the steering	1892
committee.	1893
(6) An assessment under this division does not discharge a	1894
subscriber's liability to reimburse the provider or reseller for	1895
the wireless 9 1 1 charge imposed under division (A) of section	1896
128.42 of the Revised Code. If, after the date of service of the	1897
audit notice under division (D)(1) of this section, a subscriber	1898
pays a wireless 9-1-1 charge for the period covered by the	1899
assessment, the payment shall be credited against the assessment.	1900
(7) All money collected by the administrator under division	1901
(D) of this section shall be paid to the treasurer of state, for	1901
deposit to the credit of the wireless 9-1-1 government assistance	1902
fund.	1904
Luna -	1904
(E) Beginning January 1, 2014:	1905
(1) If the tax commissioner has reason to believe that $\frac{1}{4}$	1906
wireless service provider, reseller, or seller an entity required	1907
to collect a wireless 9-1-1 charge under section 128.40 of the	1908

Revised Code or the next generation 9-1-1 access fee under section	1909
128.414 or 128.421 of the Revised Code has failed to bill,	1910
collect, or remit the $\frac{1}{2}$ wireless $\frac{1}{2}$ charge or fee as required by	1911
this section and section 128.42 <u>sections 128.40 to 128.422</u> of the	1912
Revised Code or has retained more than the amount authorized under	1913
division $\frac{(B)(4)(B)}{(B)}$ of this section, and after written notice to	1914
the provider, reseller, or seller <u>entity</u> , the tax commissioner may	1915
audit the provider, reseller, or seller entity for the sole	1916
purpose of making such a determination. The audit may include, but	1917
is not limited to, a sample of the provider's, reseller's, or	1918
seller's entity's billings, collections, remittances, or	1919
retentions for a representative period, and the tax commissioner	1920
shall make a good faith effort to reach agreement with the	1921
provider, reseller, or seller entity in selecting that sample.	1922
(2) Upon written notice to the wireless service provider,	1923
reseller, or seller entity, the tax commissioner, after completion	1924
of the audit, may make an assessment against the provider,	1925

- reseller, or seller entity if, pursuant to the audit, the tax 1926 commissioner determines that the provider, reseller, or seller 1927 entity has failed to bill, collect, or remit the wireless 9-1-1 1928 charge or fee as required by this section and section 128.42 1929 sections 128.40 to 128.422 of the Revised Code or has retained 1930 more than the amount authorized under division $\frac{(B)(4)(B)}{(B)}$ of this 1931 section. The assessment shall be in the amount of any remittance 1932 that was due and unpaid on the date notice of the audit was sent 1933 by the tax commissioner to the provider, reseller, or seller 1934 entity or, as applicable, in the amount of the excess amount under 1935 division (B)(4)(B) of this section retained by the provider, 1936 reseller, or seller entity as of that date. 1937
- (3) The portion of any assessment consisting of wireless

 9-1-1 charges or fees due and not paid within sixty days after the

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date that the assessment was made under division (E)(2) of this 1940 section shall bear interest from that date until paid at the rate 1941 per annum prescribed by section 5703.47 of the Revised Code. That 1942 interest may be collected by making an assessment under division 1943 (E)(2) of this section.

- (4) Unless the provider, reseller, or seller entity assessed 1945 files with the tax commissioner within sixty days after service of 1946 the notice of assessment, either personally or by certified mail, 1947 a written petition for reassessment, signed by the party entity 1948 assessed or that party's entity's authorized agent having 1949 knowledge of the facts, the assessment shall become final and the 1950 amount of the assessment shall be due and payable from the party 1951 entity assessed to the treasurer of state, for deposit to the next 1952 generation 9-1-1 fund, which is created under section 128.54 of 1953 the Revised Code. The petition shall indicate the objections of 1954 the party entity assessed, but additional objections may be raised 1955 in writing if received by the commissioner prior to the date shown 1956 on the final determination. If the petition has been properly 1957 filed, the commissioner shall proceed under section 5703.60 of the 1958 Revised Code. 1959
- (5) After an assessment becomes final, if any portion of the 1960 assessment remains unpaid, including accrued interest, a certified 1961 copy of the final assessment may be filed in the office of the 1962 clerk of the court of common pleas in the county in which the 1963 business of the assessed party entity is conducted. If the party 1964 entity assessed maintains no place of business in this state, the 1965 certified copy of the final assessment may be filed in the office 1966 of the clerk of the court of common pleas of Franklin county. 1967 Immediately upon the filing, the clerk shall enter a judgment for 1968 the state against the assessed party entity in the amount shown on 1969 the final assessment. The judgment may be filed by the clerk in a 1970

loose-leaf book entitled "special judgments for wireless 9-1-1	1971
charges <u>and fees</u> " and shall have the same effect as other	1972
judgments. The judgment shall be executed upon the request of the	1973
tax commissioner.	1974
(6) If the commissioner determines that the commissioner	1975
erroneously has refunded a wireless 9-1-1 charge or fee to any	1976
person, the commissioner may make an assessment against that	1977
person for recovery of the erroneously refunded charge.	1978
(7) An assessment under division (E) of this section does not	1979
discharge a subscriber's or consumer's liability to reimburse the	1980
provider, reseller, or seller entity for a wireless 9-1-1 charge	1981
or fee. If, after the date of service of the audit notice under	1982
division (E)(1) of this section, a subscriber or consumer pays a	1983
wireless 9-1-1 charge or fee for the period covered by the	1984
assessment, the payment shall be credited against the assessment.	1985
Sec. 128.461. Beginning January 1, 2014, any Every wireless	1986
9-1-1 charge <u>and next generation 9-1-1 access fee</u> required to be	1987
remitted under section 128.46 of the Revised Code shall be subject	1988
to interest as prescribed by section 5703.47 of the Revised Code,	1989
calculated from the date the wireless 9 1 1 charge <u>or fee</u> was due	1990
under section 128.46 of the Revised Code to the date the wireless	1991
9-1-1 charge or fee is remitted or the date of assessment,	1992
whichever occurs first.	1993
Sec. 128.462. Beginning January 1, 2014:	1994
(A) Except as otherwise provided in this section, no	1995
assessment shall be made or issued against a wireless service	1996
provider, reseller, or seller an entity for any wireless 9-1-1	1997
charge imposed by or pursuant to required to be collected under	1998

section 128.42 128.40 of the Revised Code or any next generation 1999

9-1-1 access fee required to be collected under section 128.414 or	2000
128.421 of the Revised Code more than four years after the return	2001
date for the period in which the sale or purchase was made, or	2002
more than four years after the return for such period is filed,	2003
whichever is later. This division does not bar an assessment:	2004
(1) When the tax commissioner has substantial evidence of	2005
amounts of wireless 9-1-1 charges or fees collected by a provider,	2006
reseller, or seller an entity from subscribers or consumers, which	2007
were not returned to the state;	2008
(2) When the provider, reseller, or seller entity assessed	2009
failed to file a return as required by section 128.46 of the	2010
Revised Code;	2011
(3) When the provider, reseller, or seller entity and the	2012
commissioner waive in writing the time limitation.	2013
(B) No assessment shall be made or issued against a wireless	2014
service provider, reseller, or seller an entity for any wireless	2015
9-1-1 charge imposed by or pursuant to section <u>128.40 of the</u>	2016
Revised Code or next generation 9-1-1 access fee imposed by	2017
section 128.41 or 128.42 of the Revised Code for any period during	2018
which there was in full force and effect a rule of the tax	2019
commissioner under or by virtue of which the collection or payment	2020
of any such wireless 9-1-1 charge or fee was not required. This	2021
division does not bar an assessment when the tax commissioner has	2022
substantial evidence of amounts of wireless 9-1-1 charges or fees	2023
collected by a provider, reseller, or seller an entity from	2024
subscribers or consumers, which were not returned to the state.	2025
Sec. 128.47. Beginning January 1, 2014:	2026
(A) A wireless service provider, reseller, seller, wireless	2027
service An entity required to collect a wireless 9-1-1 charge	2028

under section 128.40 of the Revised Code or the next generation	2029
9-1-1 access fee under section 128.414 or 128.421 of the Revised	2030
$\underline{\text{Code, a}}$ subscriber, or $\underline{\text{a}}$ consumer $\underline{\text{of a prepaid wireless calling}}$	2031
service may apply to the tax commissioner for a refund of wireless	2032
9-1-1 charges or fees described in division (B) of this section	2033
and of any penalties assessed with respect to such charges. The	2034
application shall be made on the form prescribed by the tax	2035
commissioner. The application shall be made not later than four	2036
years after the date of the illegal or erroneous payment of the	2037
charge or fee by the subscriber or consumer, unless the wireless	2038
service provider, reseller, or seller entity waives the time	2039
limitation under division (A)(3) of section 128.462 of the Revised	2040
Code. If the time limitation is waived, the refund application	2041
period shall be extended for the same period as the waiver.	2042
(B)(1) If a wireless service provider, reseller, or seller an	2043
entity refunds to a subscriber or consumer the full amount of	2044
wireless 9-1-1 charges or next generation 9-1-1 access fees that	2045
the subscriber or consumer paid illegally or erroneously, and if	2046
the provider, reseller, or seller entity remitted that amount	2047
under section 128.46 of the Revised Code, the tax commissioner	2048
shall refund that amount to the provider, reseller, or seller	2049
entity.	2050
(2) If a wireless service provider, reseller, or seller an	2051
entity has illegally or erroneously billed a subscriber or charged	2052
a consumer for a wireless 9-1-1 charge or a next generation 9-1-1	2053

access fee, and if the provider, reseller, or seller entity has

section 128.46 of the Revised Code, the tax commissioner shall

refund that amount to the provider, reseller, or seller.

not collected the charge or fee but has remitted that amount under

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2055

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fees paid illegally or erroneously to a provider, reseller, or	2060
seller an entity only if both of the following apply:	2061
(a) The tax commissioner has not refunded the wireless 9-1-1	2062
charges or fees to the provider, reseller, or seller entity.	2063
(b) The provider, reseller, or seller entity has not refunded	2064
the wireless 9-1-1 charges or fees to the subscriber or consumer.	2065
(2) The tax commissioner may require the subscriber or	2066
consumer to obtain from the provider, reseller, or seller entity a	2067
written statement confirming that the provider, reseller, or	2068
seller entity has not refunded the wireless 9 1 1 charges or fees	2069
to the subscriber or consumer and that the provider, reseller, or	2070
seller entity has not filed an application for a refund under this	2071
section. The tax commissioner may also require the provider,	2072
reseller, or seller entity to provide this statement.	2073
(D) On the filing of an application for a refund under this	2074
section, the tax commissioner shall determine the amount of refund	2075
to which the applicant is entitled. If the amount is not less than	2076
that claimed, the commissioner shall certify the determined amount	2077
to the director of budget and management and the treasurer of	2078
state for payment from the tax refund fund created under section	2079
5703.052 of the Revised Code. If the amount is less than that	2080
claimed, the commissioner shall proceed in accordance with section	2081
5703.70 of the Revised Code.	2082
(E) Refunds granted under this section shall include interest	2083
as provided by section 5739.132 of the Revised Code.	2084
God 120 F2 (A) Doginaing on Tule 1 2012 and Back well-	2005
Sec. 128.52. (A) Beginning on July 1, 2013, each Each seller	2085
of a prepaid wireless calling service required to collect prepaid	2086
wireless 9-1-1 charges under division (B) of section 128.42 128.40	2087

of the Revised Code or next generation 9-1-1 access fees under

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section 128.421 of the Revised Code shall also be subject to the	2089
provisions of Chapter 5739. of the Revised Code regarding the	2090
excise tax on retail sales levied under section 5739.02 of the	2091
Revised Code, as those provisions apply to audits, assessments,	2092
appeals, enforcement, liability, and penalties.	2093
(B) The tax commissioner shall establish procedures by which	2094
a person may document that a sale is not a retail sale of a	2095
prepaid wireless calling service. The procedures shall	2096
substantially coincide with similar procedures under Chapter 5739.	2097
of the Revised Code.	2098
Sec. 128.54. (A)(1) For the purpose of receiving,	2099
distributing, and accounting for amounts received from the	2100
wireless 9-1-1 charges imposed under section <u>128.40 of the Revised</u>	2101
Code and the next generation 9-1-1 access fees imposed under	2102
sections 128.41 and 128.42 of the Revised Code, the following	2103
funds are created in the state treasury:	2104
(a) The wireless 9-1-1 government assistance fund;	2105
(b) The wireless 9-1-1 administrative fund;	2106
(c) The wireless 9-1-1 program fund;	2107
(d) The next generation 9-1-1 fund.	2108
(2) Amounts remitted under section 128.46 of the Revised Code	2109
shall be paid to the treasurer of state for deposit as follows:	2110
(a) Ninety-seven Seventy-two per cent to the wireless 9-1-1	2111
government assistance fund. All interest earned on the wireless	2112
9-1-1 government assistance fund shall be credited to the fund.	2113
(b) One per cent to the wireless 9-1-1 administrative fund;	2114
(c) Two per cent to the 9-1-1 program fund:	2115

(d) Twenty-five per cent to the next generation 9-1-1 fund.	2116
(3) The tax commissioner shall use the wireless 9-1-1	2117
administrative fund to defray the costs incurred in carrying out	2118
this chapter.	2119
(4) The steering committee shall use the 9-1-1 program fund	2120
to defray the costs incurred by the steering committee in carrying	2121
out this chapter.	2122
(5) Annually, the tax commissioner, after paying	2123
administrative costs under division (A)(3) of this section, shall	2124
transfer any excess remaining in the wireless 9-1-1 administrative	2125
fund to the next generation 9-1-1 fund, created under this	2126
section.	2127
(B) At the direction of the steering committee, the tax	2128
commissioner shall transfer the funds remaining in the wireless	2129
9-1-1 government assistance fund to the credit of the next	2130
generation 9-1-1 fund. All interest earned on the next generation	2131
9-1-1 fund shall be credited to the fund.	2132
(C) From the wireless 9-1-1 government assistance fund, the	2133
director of budget and management shall, as funds are available,	2134
transfer to the tax refund fund, created under section 5703.052 of	2135
the Revised Code, amounts equal to the refunds certified by the	2136
tax commissioner under division (D) of section 128.47 of the	2137
Revised Code.	2138
(D) The department of administrative services may move funds	2139
between the next generation 9-1-1 fund and the 9-1-1 government	2140
assistance fund to ensure funding remains sustainable for both	2141
funds.	2142
Sec. 128.55. (A)(1) The tax commissioner, not later than the	2143

last day of each month, shall disburse moneys from the wireless	2144
9-1-1 government assistance fund, plus any accrued interest on the	2145
fund, to each county treasurer in the same proportion distributed	2146
to that county by the tax commissioner in the corresponding	2147
calendar month of the previous year. Any shortfall in	2148
distributions resulting from the timing of funds received in a	2149
previous month shall be distributed in the following month.	2150
Disbursements shall occur not later than the tenth day of the	2151
month succeeding the month in which the wireless 9-1-1 charges	2152
imposed under section 128.40 of the Revised Code and the next	2153
generation 9-1-1 access fees imposed under sections 128.41 and	2154
128.42 of the Revised Code are remitted.	2155
(2) The tax commissioner shall disburse moneys from the next	2156
generation 9-1-1 fund in accordance with the guidelines	2157
established under section 128.022 of the Revised Code shall be	2158
administered by the department of administrative services and used	2159
exclusively to pay costs of installing, maintaining, and operating	2160
the call routing and core services statewide next generation 9-1-1	2161
system.	2162
(B) Immediately upon receipt by a county treasurer of a	2163
disbursement under division (A) of this section, the county shall	2164
disburse, in accordance with the allocation formula set forth in	2165
the final plan, the amount the county so received to any other	2166
subdivisions in the county and any regional councils of	2167
governments in the county that pay the costs of a public safety	2168
answering point providing wireless enhanced 9-1-1 under the plan.	2169
(C) Nothing in this chapter affects the authority of a	2170
subdivision operating or served by a public safety answering point	2171
of a 9-1-1 system or a regional council of governments operating a	2172

public safety answering point of a 9-1-1 system to use, as

provided in the final plan for the system or in an agreement under	2174
section 128.09 of the Revised Code, any other authorized revenue	2175
of the subdivision or the regional council of governments for the	2176
purposes of providing basic or enhanced 9-1-1.	2177
Sec. 128.57. Except as otherwise provided in section 128.571	2178
of the Revised Code:	2179
(A) A countywide 9-1-1 system receiving a disbursement under	2180
section 128.55 of the Revised Code shall provide countywide	2181
wireless enhanced 9-1-1 in accordance with this chapter beginning	2182
as soon as reasonably possible after receipt of the first	2183
disbursement or, if that service is already implemented, shall	2184
continue to provide such service. Except as provided in divisions	2185
(B), (C), $\frac{\text{and}}{\text{of}}$ (E), $\frac{\text{and}}{\text{of}}$ of this section, a disbursement shall	2186
be used solely for the purpose of paying either or both of the	2187
following:	2188
(1) Any costs of designing the following:	2189
(a) Designing, upgrading, purchasing, leasing, programming,	2190
installing, testing, or maintaining the necessary data, hardware,	2191
software, and trunking required for the public safety answering	2192
point or points of the 9-1-1 system to provide wireless, enhanced,	2193
or next generation 9-1-1, which costs are incurred before or on or	2194
after May 6, 2005, and consist of such additional costs of the	2195
9-1-1 system over and above any costs incurred to provide wireline	2196
9-1-1 or to otherwise provide wireless enhanced 9-1-1. Annually,	2197
up to twenty-five thousand dollars of the disbursements received	2198
on or after January 1, 2009, may be applied to data, hardware, and	2199
software that automatically alerts personnel receiving a 9-1-1	2200
call that a person at the subscriber's address or telephone number	2201

may have a mental or physical disability, of which that personnel 2202

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(b) Processing 9-1-1 emergency calls from the point of origin 2204

to include any expense for interoperable bidirectional computer 2205 aided dispatch data transfers with other public safety answering 2206

points or emergency services organizations and transferring and 2207

receiving law enforcement, fire, and emergency medical service 2208

provider. On or after the provision of technical and operational 2209

standards pursuant to section 128.021 of the Revised Code, a 2210

regional council of governments operating a public safety 2211

answering point or a subdivision shall consider the standards 2212

before incurring any costs described in this division. data via 2213

wireless or internet connections from public safety answering 2214

points or emergency services organizations to all applicable 2215

emergency responders, exclusive of mobile radio service costs.
2216

- (2) Any costs of training the staff of the public safety

 answering point or points to provide wireless enhanced 9-1-1
 which costs are incurred before or on or after May 6, 2005.

 2219
- (B) A subdivision or a regional council of governments that 2220 certifies to the steering committee that it has paid the costs 2221 described in divisions (A)(1) and (2) of this section and is 2222 providing countywide wireless enhanced 9-1-1 may use disbursements 2223 received under section 128.55 of the Revised Code to pay any of 2224 its personnel costs of one or more public safety answering points 2225 providing countywide wireless enhanced 9-1-1. 2226
- (C) After receiving its July 2013 disbursement under division 2227

 (A) of section 128.55 of the Revised Code as that division existed 2228 prior to the amendments to that division by H.B. 64 of the 131st 2229 general assembly, a regional council of governments operating a 2230 public safety answering point or a subdivision may use any 2231 remaining balance of disbursements it received under that 2232

division, as it existed prior to the amendments to it by H.B. 64 of the 131st general assembly, to pay any of its costs of	2233 2234 2235
providing countywide wireless 9-1-1, including the personnel costs of one or more public safety answering points providing that service.	2236 2237
(D) The costs described in divisions (A), (B), (C), and (E) of this section may include any such costs payable pursuant to an agreement under division $\frac{(J)(I)}{(J)}$ of section 128.03 of the Revised Code.	2238 2239 2240 2241
(E)(1) No disbursement to a countywide 9-1-1 system for costs of a public safety answering point shall be made from the wireless 9-1-1 government assistance fund or the next generation 9-1-1 fund unless the public safety answering point meets the standards set by rule of the steering committee under section 128.021 of the Revised Code.	2242 2243 2244 2245 2246 2247
(2) The steering committee shall monitor compliance with the standards and shall notify the tax commissioner to suspend disbursements to a countywide 9-1-1 system that fails to meet the standards. Upon receipt of this notification, the commissioner shall suspend disbursements until the commissioner is notified of compliance with the standards.	2248 2249 2250 2251 2252 2253
(F) The auditor of state may audit and review each county's expenditures of funds received from the wireless 9-1-1 government assistance fund to verify that the funds were used in accordance with the requirements of this chapter. All funds generated from the next generation 9-1-1 access fee imposed under sections 128.41 and 128.42 of the Revised Code may be used only for 9-1-1 related	2254 2255 2256 2257 2258 2259
expenses.	2260

Sec. 128.60. (A)(1) A telephone company, the state highway 2261

patrol as described in division $\frac{(J)}{(I)}$ of section 128.03 of the	2262
Revised Code, and each subdivision or regional council of	2263
governments operating one or more public safety answering points	2264
for a countywide system providing wireless 9-1-1, shall provide	2265
the steering committee and the tax commissioner with such	2266
information as the steering committee and tax commissioner request	2267
for the purposes of carrying out their duties under this chapter,	2268
including, but not limited to, duties regarding the collection of	2269
the wireless 9-1-1 charges imposed under section <u>128.40 of the</u>	2270
Revised Code and the next generation 9-1-1 access fee imposed	2271
under sections 128.41 and 128.42 of the Revised Code.	2272

- (2) A wireless service provider shall provide an official, 2273 employee, agent, or representative of a subdivision or regional 2274 council of governments operating a public safety answering point, 2275 or of the state highway patrol as described in division $\frac{(J)(I)}{(I)}$ of 2276 section 128.03 of the Revised Code, with such technical, service, 2277 and location information as the official, employee, agent, or 2278 representative requests for the purpose of providing wireless 2279 9-1-1. 2280
- (3) A subdivision or regional council of governments

 2281

 operating one or more public safety answering points of a 9-1-1

 2282

 system, and a telephone company, shall provide to the steering

 2283

 committee such information as the steering committee requires for

 2284

 the purpose of carrying out its duties under Chapter 128. of the

 2285

 Revised Code.
- (B)(1) Any information provided under division (A) of this 2287 section that consists of trade secrets as defined in section 2288 1333.61 of the Revised Code or of information regarding the 2289 customers, revenues, expenses, or network information of a 2290 telephone company shall be confidential and does not constitute a 2291

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	2292
public record for the purpose of section 149.43 of the Revised	2292
Code.	2293
(2) The steering committee, tax commissioner, and any	2294
official, employee, agent, or representative of the steering	2295
committee, of the tax commissioner, of the state highway patrol as	2296
described in division $\frac{(J)(I)}{(I)}$ of section 128.03 of the Revised	2297
Code, or of a subdivision or regional council of governments	2298
operating a public safety answering point, while acting or	2299
claiming to act in the capacity of the steering committee or tax	2300
commissioner or such official, employee, agent, or representative,	2301
shall not disclose any information provided under division (A) of	2302
this section regarding a telephone company's customers, revenues,	2303
expenses, or network information. Nothing in division (B)(2) of	2304
this section precludes any such information from being aggregated	2305
and included in any report of the steering committee, tax	2306
commissioner, or any official, employee, agent, or representative	2307
of the steering committee or tax commissioner, provided the	2308
aggregated information does not identify the number of any	2309
particular company's customers or the amount of its revenues or	2310
expenses or identify a particular company as to any network	2311
information.	2312
Sec. 128.63. (A) The tax commissioner may adopt rules in	2313
accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to carry out this	2314
chapter, including rules prescribing the necessary accounting for	2315
the collection fee under division $\frac{(B)(4)}{(B)}$ of section 128.46 of	2316
the Revised Code.	2310
(B) The amounts of the wireless 9-1-1 charges shall be	2318
prescribed only by act of the general assembly.	2319

Sec. 128.32128.96. (A)(1) The state, the state highway 2320

patrol, a subdivision, or a regional council of governments	2321
participating in a 9-1-1 system established under this chapter and	2322
any officer, agent, employee, or independent contractor of the	2323
state, the state highway patrol, or such a participating	2324
subdivision or regional council of governments is not liable in	2325
damages in a civil action for injuries, death, or loss to persons	2326
or property arising from any act or omission, except willful or	2327
wanton misconduct, in connection with developing, adopting, or	2328
approving any final plan or any agreement made under section	2329
128.09 of the Revised Code or otherwise bringing into operation	2330
the 9-1-1 system pursuant to this chapter.	2331

- (2) The steering committee and any member of the steering 2332 committee are not liable in damages in a civil action for 2333 injuries, death, or loss to persons or property arising from any 2334 act or omission, except willful or wanton misconduct, in 2335 connection with the development or operation of a 9-1-1 system 2336 established under this chapter.
- (B) Except as otherwise provided in this section, an 2338 individual who gives emergency instructions through a 9-1-1 system 2339 established under this chapter, and the principals for whom the 2340 person acts, including both employers and independent contractors, 2341 public and private, and an individual who follows emergency 2342 instructions and the principals for whom that person acts, 2343 including both employers and independent contractors, public and 2344 private, are not liable in damages in a civil action for injuries, 2345 death, or loss to persons or property arising from the issuance or 2346 following of emergency instructions, except where the issuance or 2347 following of the instructions constitutes willful or wanton 2348 misconduct. 2349
 - (C) Except for willful or wanton misconduct, a telephone 2350

company, and any other installer, maintainer, or provider, through	2351
the sale or otherwise, of customer premises equipment, or service	2352
used for or with a 9-1-1 system, and their respective officers,	2353
directors, employees, agents, suppliers, corporate parents, and	2354
affiliates are not liable in damages in a civil action for	2355
injuries, death, or loss to persons or property incurred by any	2356
person resulting from any of the following:	2357
(1) Such an entity's or its officers', directors',	2358
employees', agents', or suppliers' participation in or acts or	2359
omissions in connection with participating in or developing,	2360
maintaining, or operating a 9-1-1 system;	2361
(2) Such an entity's or its officers', directors',	2362
employees', agents', or suppliers' provision of assistance to a	2363
public utility, municipal utility, or state or local government as	2364
authorized by divisions $\frac{(G)(4)(H)(4)}{(H)(4)}$ and (5) of this section.	2365
(D) Except for willful or wanton misconduct, a provider of	2366
and a seller of a prepaid wireless calling service and their	2367
respective officers, directors, employees, agents, and suppliers	2368
are not liable in damages in a civil action for injuries, death,	2369
or loss to persons or property incurred by any person resulting	2370
from anything described in division (C) of this section.	2371
(E) Except for willful or wanton misconduct, a 9-1-1 system	2372
service provider and the provider's respective officers,	2373
directors, employees, agents, and suppliers are not liable for any	2374
damages in a civil action for injuries, death, or loss to persons	2375
or property incurred by any person resulting from developing,	2376
adopting, implementing, maintaining, or operating a 9-1-1 system,	2377
or from complying with emergency-related information requests from	2378
state or local government officials.	2379
(F) No person shall knowingly use the telephone number of a	2380

9-1-1 system established under this chapter to report an emergency	2381
if the person knows that no emergency exists.	2382
$\frac{(F)(G)}{(G)}$ No person shall knowingly use a 9-1-1 system for a	2383
purpose other than obtaining emergency service.	2384
(G)(H) No person shall disclose or use any information	2385
concerning telephone numbers, addresses, or names obtained from	2386
the data base that serves the public safety answering point of a	2387
9-1-1 system established under this chapter, except for any of the	2388
following purposes or under any of the following circumstances:	2389
(1) For the purpose of the 9-1-1 system;	2390
(2) For the purpose of responding to an emergency call to an	2391
emergency service provider;	2392
(3) In the circumstance of the inadvertent disclosure of such	2393
information due solely to technology of the wireline telephone	2394
network portion of the 9-1-1 system not allowing access to the	2395
data base to be restricted to 9-1-1 specific answering lines at a	2396
<pre>public safety answering point;</pre>	2397
(4) In the circumstance of access to a data base being given	2398
by a telephone company that is a wireline service provider to a	2399
public utility or municipal utility in handling customer calls in	2400
times of public emergency or service outages. The charge, terms,	2401
and conditions for the disclosure or use of such information for	2402
the purpose of such access to a data base shall be subject to the	2403
jurisdiction of the steering committee.	2404
(5) In the circumstance of access to a data base given by a	2405
telephone company that is a wireline service provider to a state	2406
and local government in warning of a public emergency, as	2407
determined by the steering committee. The charge, terms, and	2408
conditions for the disclosure or use of that information for the	2409

CC0110X4 Page 84 2410 purpose of access to a data base is subject to the jurisdiction of 2411 the steering committee. Sec. 128.34128.98. (A) The attorney general, upon request of 2412 the steering committee, or on the attorney general's own 2413 initiative, shall begin proceedings against a telephone company 2414 that is a wireline service provider to enforce compliance with 2415 this chapter or with the terms, conditions, requirements, or 2416 specifications of a final plan or of an agreement under section 2417 128.09 of the Revised Code as to wireline or wireless 9-1-1. 2418 (B) The attorney general, upon the attorney general's own 2419 initiative, or any prosecutor, upon the prosecutor's initiative, 2420 shall begin proceedings against a subdivision or a regional 2421 council of governments as to wireline or wireless 9-1-1 to enforce 2422 compliance with this chapter or with the terms, conditions, 2423 requirements, or specifications of a final plan or of an agreement 2424 under section 128.09 of the Revised Code as to wireline or 2425 wireless 9-1-1. 2426 **Sec. 128.99.** (A) Whoever violates division $\frac{(E)}{(F)}$ of section 2427 128.32128.96 of the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the 2428 fourth degree. 2429 (B) Whoever violates division (F) or (G) or (H) of section 2430 $\frac{128.32}{128.96}$ or division (B)(2) of section 128.60 of the Revised 2431 Code is quilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree on a first 2432 offense and a felony of the fifth degree on each subsequent 2433 offense. 2434 (C) If a wireless service provider, reseller, or seller 2435

violates division $\frac{(B)(1)(a)(A)(1)(a)}{(B)(B)(a)}$ of section 128.46 of the

Revised Code, and does not comply with any extensions granted

2436

under division $\frac{(B)(2)(A)(2)}{(A)(2)}$ of that section, the tax commissioner	2438
may impose a late-filing penalty of not more than the greater of	2439
fifty dollars or five per cent of the amount required to be	2440
remitted as described in division (B)(1)(b) of that section.	2441
(D) If a wireless service provider, reseller, or seller fails	2442
to comply with division $\frac{(B)(1)(b)}{(A)(1)(b)}$ of section 128.46 of	2443
the Revised Code, the tax commissioner may impose a late-payment	2444
penalty of not more than the greater of fifty dollars or five per	2445
cent of the wireless 9-1-1 charge required to be remitted for the	2446
reporting period minus any partial remittance made on or before	2447
the due date, including any extensions granted under division	2448
(B)(2)(A)(2) of section 128.46 of the Revised Code.	2449
(E) The tax commissioner may impose an assessment penalty of	2450
not more than the greater of one hundred dollars or thirty-five	2451
per cent of the wireless 9-1-1 charges due after the tax	2452
commissioner notifies the person of an audit, an examination, a	2453
delinquency, assessment, or other notice that additional wireless	2454
9-1-1 charges are due.	2455
(F) If a wireless service provider, reseller, or seller fails	2456
to comply with either electronic requirement of division $\frac{(B)(5)(C)}{(C)}$	2457
of section 128.46 of the Revised Code, the tax commissioner may	2458
impose an electronic penalty, for either or both failures to	2459
comply, of not more than the lesser of the following:	2460
(1) The greater of one hundred dollars or ten per cent of the	2461
amount required to be, but not, remitted electronically;	2462
(2) Five thousand dollars.	2463
(G) Each penalty described in divisions (C) to (F) of this	2464
section is in addition to any other penalty described in those	2465
divisions. The tax commissioner may abate all or any portion of	2466

any penalty described in those divisions.

(H) An operator in violation of section 128.24 of the Revised	2468
Code may be assessed a fine of up to five thousand dollars per	2469
offense.	2470
(I)(1) If a business service user fails to comply with	2471
section 128.241 of the Revised Code without being exempt under	2472
section 128.242 of the Revised Code, the 9-1-1 steering committee	2473
shall request the attorney general to bring an action to recover	2474
one of the following amounts from the user:	2475
(a) One thousand dollars for an initial failure;	2476
(b) Up to five thousand dollars for each subsequent failure	2477
within each continuing six-month period in which the user remains	2478
noncompliant.	2479
(2) Any funds recovered under division (I)(1) of this section	2480
shall be deposited into the next generation 9-1-1 fund created	2481
under section 128.54 of the Revised Code.	2482
(3) Divisions (I)(1) and (2) of this section shall not apply	2483
if they are preempted by or in conflict with federal law.	2484
Sec. 149.43. (A) As used in this section:	2485
(1) "Public record" means records kept by any public office,	2486
including, but not limited to, state, county, city, village,	2487
township, and school district units, and records pertaining to the	2488
delivery of educational services by an alternative school in this	2489
state kept by the nonprofit or for-profit entity operating the	2490
alternative school pursuant to section 3313.533 of the Revised	2491
Code. "Public record" does not mean any of the following:	2492
(a) Medical records;	2493
(b) Records pertaining to probation and parole proceedings,	2494
to proceedings related to the imposition of community control	2495

CC0110X4 Page 87 2496 sanctions and post-release control sanctions, or to proceedings 2497 related to determinations under section 2967.271 of the Revised 2498 Code regarding the release or maintained incarceration of an 2499 offender to whom that section applies; (c) Records pertaining to actions under section 2151.85 and 2500 division (C) of section 2919.121 of the Revised Code and to 2501 appeals of actions arising under those sections; 2502 (d) Records pertaining to adoption proceedings, including the 2503 contents of an adoption file maintained by the department of 2504 health under sections 3705.12 to 3705.124 of the Revised Code; 2505 (e) Information in a record contained in the putative father 2506 registry established by section 3107.062 of the Revised Code, 2507 regardless of whether the information is held by the department of 2508 job and family services or, pursuant to section 3111.69 of the 2509 Revised Code, the office of child support in the department or a 2510 child support enforcement agency; 2511 (f) Records specified in division (A) of section 3107.52 of 2512 the Revised Code; 2513 (g) Trial preparation records; 2514 (h) Confidential law enforcement investigatory records; 2515 (i) Records containing information that is confidential under 2516 section 2710.03 or 4112.05 of the Revised Code; 2517 (j) DNA records stored in the DNA database pursuant to 2518 section 109.573 of the Revised Code; 2519 (k) Inmate records released by the department of 2520 rehabilitation and correction to the department of youth services 2521 or a court of record pursuant to division (E) of section 5120.21 2522

of the Revised Code;

(1) Records maintained by the department of youth services	2524
pertaining to children in its custody released by the department	2525
of youth services to the department of rehabilitation and	2526
correction pursuant to section 5139.05 of the Revised Code;	2527
(m) Intellectual property records;	2528
(n) Donor profile records;	2529
(o) Records maintained by the department of job and family	2530
services pursuant to section 3121.894 of the Revised Code;	2531
(p) Designated public service worker residential and familial	2532
information;	2533
(q) In the case of a county hospital operated pursuant to	2534
Chapter 339. of the Revised Code or a municipal hospital operated	2535
pursuant to Chapter 749. of the Revised Code, information that	2536
constitutes a trade secret, as defined in section 1333.61 of the	2537
Revised Code;	2538
(r) Information pertaining to the recreational activities of	2539
a person under the age of eighteen;	2540
(s) In the case of a child fatality review board acting under	2541
sections 307.621 to 307.629 of the Revised Code or a review	2542
conducted pursuant to guidelines established by the director of	2543
health under section 3701.70 of the Revised Code, records provided	2544
to the board or director, statements made by board members during	2545
meetings of the board or by persons participating in the	2546
director's review, and all work products of the board or director,	2547
and in the case of a child fatality review board, child fatality	2548
review data submitted by the board to the department of health or	2549
a national child death review database, other than the report	2550
prepared pursuant to division (A) of section 307.626 of the	2551
Revised Code;	2552

(t) Records provided to and statements made by the executive	2553
director of a public children services agency or a prosecuting	2554
attorney acting pursuant to section 5153.171 of the Revised Code	2555
other than the information released under that section;	2556
(u) Test materials, examinations, or evaluation tools used in	2557
an examination for licensure as a nursing home administrator that	2558
the board of executives of long-term services and supports	2559
administers under section 4751.15 of the Revised Code or contracts	2560
under that section with a private or government entity to	2561
administer;	2562
(v) Records the release of which is prohibited by state or	2563
federal law;	2564
(w) Proprietary information of or relating to any person that	2565
is submitted to or compiled by the Ohio venture capital authority	2566
created under section 150.01 of the Revised Code;	2567
(x) Financial statements and data any person submits for any	2568
purpose to the Ohio housing finance agency or the controlling	2569
board in connection with applying for, receiving, or accounting	2570
for financial assistance from the agency, and information that	2571
identifies any individual who benefits directly or indirectly from	2572
financial assistance from the agency;	2573
(y) Records listed in section 5101.29 of the Revised Code;	2574
(z) Discharges recorded with a county recorder under section	2575
317.24 of the Revised Code, as specified in division (B)(2) of	2576
that section;	2577
(aa) Usage information including names and addresses of	2578
specific residential and commercial customers of a municipally	2579
owned or operated public utility;	2580
(bb) Records described in division (C) of section 187 04 of	2581

the Revised Code that are not designated to be made available to	2582
the public as provided in that division;	2583
(cc) Information and records that are made confidential,	2584
privileged, and not subject to disclosure under divisions (B) and	2585
(C) of section 2949.221 of the Revised Code;	2586
(dd) Personal information, as defined in section 149.45 of	2587
the Revised Code;	2588
(ee) The confidential name, address, and other personally	2589
identifiable information of a program participant in the address	2590
confidentiality program established under sections 111.41 to	2591
111.47 of the Revised Code, including the contents of any	2592
application for absent voter's ballots, absent voter's ballot	2593
identification envelope statement of voter, or provisional ballot	2594
affirmation completed by a program participant who has a	2595
confidential voter registration record; records or portions of	2596
records pertaining to that program that identify the number of	2597
program participants that reside within a precinct, ward,	2598
township, municipal corporation, county, or any other geographic	2599
area smaller than the state; and any real property confidentiality	2600
notice filed under section 111.431 of the Revised Code and the	2601
information described in division (C) of that section. As used in	2602
this division, "confidential address" and "program participant"	2603
have the meaning defined in section 111.41 of the Revised Code.	2604
(ff) Orders for active military service of an individual	2605
serving or with previous service in the armed forces of the United	2606
States, including a reserve component, or the Ohio organized	2607
militia, except that, such order becomes a public record on the	2608
day that is fifteen years after the published date or effective	2609
date of the call to order;	2610
(gg) The name, address, contact information, or other	2611

personal information of an individual who is less than eighteen	2612
years of age that is included in any record related to a traffic	2613
accident involving a school vehicle in which the individual was an	2614
occupant at the time of the accident;	2615
(hh) Protected health information, as defined in 45 C.F.R.	2616
160.103, that is in a claim for payment for a health care product,	2617
service, or procedure, as well as any other health claims data in	2618
another document that reveals the identity of an individual who is	2619
the subject of the data or could be used to reveal that	2620
individual's identity;	2621
(ii) Any depiction by photograph, film, videotape, or printed	2622
or digital image under either of the following circumstances:	2623
(i) The depiction is that of a victim of an offense the	2624
release of which would be, to a reasonable person of ordinary	2625
sensibilities, an offensive and objectionable intrusion into the	2626
victim's expectation of bodily privacy and integrity.	2627
(ii) The depiction captures or depicts the victim of a	2628
sexually oriented offense, as defined in section 2950.01 of the	2629
Revised Code, at the actual occurrence of that offense.	2630
(jj) Restricted portions of a body-worn camera or dashboard	2631
camera recording;	2632
(kk) In the case of a fetal-infant mortality review board	2633
acting under sections 3707.70 to 3707.77 of the Revised Code,	2634
records, documents, reports, or other information presented to the	2635
board or a person abstracting such materials on the board's	2636
behalf, statements made by review board members during board	2637
meetings, all work products of the board, and data submitted by	2638
the board to the department of health or a national infant death	2639
review database, other than the report prepared pursuant to	2640

section 3707.77 of the Revised Code.

- (11) Records, documents, reports, or other information 2642 presented to the pregnancy-associated mortality review board 2643 established under section 3738.01 of the Revised Code, statements 2644 made by board members during board meetings, all work products of 2645 the board, and data submitted by the board to the department of 2646 health, other than the biennial reports prepared under section 2647 3738.08 of the Revised Code; 2648
- (mm) Except as otherwise provided in division (A)(1)(00) of 2649 this section, telephone numbers for a victim, as defined in 2650 section 2930.01 of the Revised Code or a witness to a crime that 2651 are listed on any law enforcement record or report. 2652
- (nn) A preneed funeral contract, as defined in section 2653 4717.01 of the Revised Code, and contract terms and personally 2654 identifying information of a preneed funeral contract, that is 2655 contained in a report submitted by or for a funeral home to the 2656 board of embalmers and funeral directors under division (C) of 2657 section 4717.13, division (J) of section 4717.31, or section 2658 4717.41 of the Revised Code.
- (oo) Telephone numbers for a party to a motor vehicle 2660 accident subject to the requirements of section 5502.11 of the 2661 Revised Code that are listed on any law enforcement record or 2662 report, except that the telephone numbers described in this 2663 division are not excluded from the definition of "public record" 2664 under this division on and after the thirtieth day after the 2665 occurrence of the motor vehicle accident.
- (pp) Records pertaining to individuals who complete training 2667 under section 5502.703 of the Revised Code to be permitted by a 2668 school district board of education or governing body of a 2669 community school established under Chapter 3314. of the Revised 2670

Code, a STEM school established under Chapter 3326. of the Revised	2671
Code, or a chartered nonpublic school to convey deadly weapons or	2672
dangerous ordnance into a school safety zone;	2673
(qq) Records, documents, reports, or other information	2674
presented to a domestic violence fatality review board established	2675
under section 307.651 of the Revised Code, statements made by	2676
board members during board meetings, all work products of the	2677
board, and data submitted by the board to the department of	2678
health, other than a report prepared pursuant to section 307.656	2679
of the Revised Code;	2680
(rr) Records, documents, and information the release of which	2681
is prohibited under sections 2930.04 and 2930.07 of the Revised	2682
Code.	2683
(ss) Records of an existing qualified nonprofit corporation	2684
that creates a special improvement district under Chapter 1710. of	2685
the Revised Code that do not pertain to a purpose for which the	2686
district is created;	2687
A record that is not a public record under division (A)(1) of	2688
this section and that, under law, is permanently retained becomes	2689
a public record on the day that is seventy-five years after the	2690
day on which the record was created, except for any record	2691
protected by the attorney-client privilege, a trial preparation	2692
record as defined in this section, a statement prohibiting the	2693
release of identifying information signed under section 3107.083	2694
of the Revised Code, a denial of release form filed pursuant to	2695
section 3107.46 of the Revised Code, or any record that is exempt	2696
from release or disclosure under section 149.433 of the Revised	2697
Code. If the record is a birth certificate and a biological	2698
parent's name redaction request form has been accepted under	2699
section 3107.391 of the Revised Code, the name of that parent	2700

shall be reducted from the birth contificate before it is released	2701
shall be redacted from the birth certificate before it is released	2702
under this paragraph. If any other section of the Revised Code	2703
establishes a time period for disclosure of a record that	2704
conflicts with the time period specified in this section, the time	
period in the other section prevails.	2705
(2) "Confidential law enforcement investigatory record" means	2706
any record that pertains to a law enforcement matter of a	2707
criminal, quasi-criminal, civil, or administrative nature, but	2708
only to the extent that the release of the record would create a	2709
high probability of disclosure of any of the following:	2710
(a) The identity of a suspect who has not been charged with	2711
the offense to which the record pertains, or of an information	2712
source or witness to whom confidentiality has been reasonably	2713
promised;	2714
(b) Information provided by an information source or witness	2715
to whom confidentiality has been reasonably promised, which	2716
information would reasonably tend to disclose the source's or	2717
witness's identity;	2718
(c) Specific confidential investigatory techniques or	2719
procedures or specific investigatory work product;	2720
(d) Information that would endanger the life or physical	2721
safety of law enforcement personnel, a crime victim, a witness, or	2722
a confidential information source.	2723
(3) "Medical record" means any document or combination of	2724
documents, except births, deaths, and the fact of admission to or	2725
discharge from a hospital, that pertains to the medical history,	2726
diagnosis, prognosis, or medical condition of a patient and that	2727
is generated and maintained in the process of medical treatment.	2728
(4) "Trial preparation record" means any record that contains	2729

information that is specifically compiled in reasonable

anticipation of, or in defense of, a civil or criminal action or

proceeding, including the independent thought processes and

personal trial preparation of an attorney.

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- (5) "Intellectual property record" means a record, other than 2734 a financial or administrative record, that is produced or 2735 collected by or for faculty or staff of a state institution of 2736 higher learning in the conduct of or as a result of study or 2737 research on an educational, commercial, scientific, artistic, 2738 technical, or scholarly issue, regardless of whether the study or 2739 research was sponsored by the institution alone or in conjunction 2740 with a governmental body or private concern, and that has not been 2741 publicly released, published, or patented. 2742
- (6) "Donor profile record" means all records about donors or 2743 potential donors to a public institution of higher education 2744 except the names and reported addresses of the actual donors and 2745 the date, amount, and conditions of the actual donation. 2746
- (7) "Designated public service worker" means a peace officer, 2747 parole officer, probation officer, bailiff, prosecuting attorney, 2748 assistant prosecuting attorney, correctional employee, county or 2749 multicounty corrections officer, community-based correctional 2750 facility employee, designated Ohio national guard member, 2751 protective services worker, youth services employee, firefighter, 2752 EMT, medical director or member of a cooperating physician 2753 advisory board of an emergency medical service organization, state 2754 board of pharmacy employee, investigator of the bureau of criminal 2755 identification and investigation, emergency service 2756 telecommunicator, forensic mental health provider, mental health 2757 evaluation provider, regional psychiatric hospital employee, 2758 judge, magistrate, or federal law enforcement officer. 2759

(8) "Designated public service worker residential and	2760
familial information" means any information that discloses any of	2761
the following about a designated public service worker:	2762
(a) The address of the actual personal residence of a	2763
designated public service worker, except for the following	2764
information:	2765
(i) The address of the actual personal residence of a	2766
prosecuting attorney or judge; and	2767
(ii) The state or political subdivision in which a designated	2768
public service worker resides.	2769
(b) Information compiled from referral to or participation in	2770
an employee assistance program;	2771
(c) The social security number, the residential telephone	2772
number, any bank account, debit card, charge card, or credit card	2773
number, or the emergency telephone number of, or any medical	2774
information pertaining to, a designated public service worker;	2775
(d) The name of any beneficiary of employment benefits,	2776
including, but not limited to, life insurance benefits, provided	2777
to a designated public service worker by the designated public	2778
service worker's employer;	2779
(e) The identity and amount of any charitable or employment	2780
benefit deduction made by the designated public service worker's	2781
employer from the designated public service worker's compensation,	2782
unless the amount of the deduction is required by state or federal	2783
law;	2784
(f) The name, the residential address, the name of the	2785
employer, the address of the employer, the social security number,	2786
the residential telephone number, any bank account, debit card,	2787
charge card, or credit card number, or the emergency telephone	2788

CC0110X4 Page 97 2789 number of the spouse, a former spouse, or any child of a 2790 designated public service worker; (q) A photograph of a peace officer who holds a position or 2791 has an assignment that may include undercover or plain clothes 2792 positions or assignments as determined by the peace officer's 2793 appointing authority. 2794 2795 (9) As used in divisions (A)(7) and (15) to (17) of this section: 2796 "Peace officer" has the meaning defined in section 109.71 of 2797 the Revised Code and also includes the superintendent and troopers 2798 of the state highway patrol; it does not include the sheriff of a 2799 county or a supervisory employee who, in the absence of the 2800 sheriff, is authorized to stand in for, exercise the authority of, 2801 and perform the duties of the sheriff. 2802 "Correctional employee" means any employee of the department 2803 of rehabilitation and correction who in the course of performing 2804 the employee's job duties has or has had contact with inmates and 2805 persons under supervision. 2806 "County or multicounty corrections officer" means any 2807 corrections officer employed by any county or multicounty 2808 correctional facility. 2809 "Designated Ohio national guard member" means a member of the 2810 Ohio national quard who is participating in duties related to 2811 remotely piloted aircraft, including, but not limited to, pilots, 2812 sensor operators, and mission intelligence personnel, duties 2813 related to special forces operations, or duties related to 2814 cybersecurity, and is designated by the adjutant general as a 2815 designated public service worker for those purposes. 2816

"Protective services worker" means any employee of a county

agency who is responsible for child protective services, child support services, or adult protective services.	2818 2819
"Youth services employee" means any employee of the	2820
department of youth services who in the course of performing the	2821
employee's job duties has or has had contact with children	2822
committed to the custody of the department of youth services.	2823
"Firefighter" means any regular, paid or volunteer, member of	2824
a lawfully constituted fire department of a municipal corporation,	2825
township, fire district, or village.	2826
"EMT" means EMTs-basic, EMTs-I, and paramedics that provide	2827
emergency medical services for a public emergency medical service	2828
organization. "Emergency medical service organization,"	2829
"EMT-basic," "EMT-I," and "paramedic" have the meanings defined in	2830
section 4765.01 of the Revised Code.	2831
"Investigator of the bureau of criminal identification and	2832
investigator or the bareau or criminal racheffication and	2052
investigation" has the meaning defined in section 2903 11 of the	2833
investigation" has the meaning defined in section 2903.11 of the	2833 2834
Revised Code.	2834
Revised Code. "Emergency service telecommunicator" has the meaning defined	2834 2835
Revised Code.	2834
Revised Code. "Emergency service telecommunicator" has the meaning defined	2834 2835
Revised Code. "Emergency service telecommunicator" has the meaning defined in section 4742.01 of the Revised Code means an individual	2834 2835 2836
Revised Code. "Emergency service telecommunicator" has the meaning defined in section 4742.01 of the Revised Code means an individual employed by an emergency service provider as defined under section	2834 2835 2836 2837
Revised Code. "Emergency service telecommunicator" has the meaning defined in section 4742.01 of the Revised Code means an individual employed by an emergency service provider as defined under section 128.01 of the Revised Code, whose primary responsibility is to be	2834 2835 2836 2837 2838
Revised Code. "Emergency service telecommunicator" has the meaning defined in section 4742.01 of the Revised Code means an individual employed by an emergency service provider as defined under section 128.01 of the Revised Code, whose primary responsibility is to be an operator for the receipt or processing of calls for emergency	2834 2835 2836 2837 2838 2839
"Emergency service telecommunicator" has the meaning defined in section 4742.01 of the Revised Code means an individual employed by an emergency service provider as defined under section 128.01 of the Revised Code, whose primary responsibility is to be an operator for the receipt or processing of calls for emergency services made by telephone, radio, or other electronic means.	2834 2835 2836 2837 2838 2839 2840
"Emergency service telecommunicator" has the meaning defined in section 4742.01 of the Revised Code means an individual employed by an emergency service provider as defined under section 128.01 of the Revised Code, whose primary responsibility is to be an operator for the receipt or processing of calls for emergency services made by telephone, radio, or other electronic means. "Forensic mental health provider" means any employee of a	2834 2835 2836 2837 2838 2839 2840
"Emergency service telecommunicator" has the meaning defined in section 4742.01 of the Revised Code means an individual employed by an emergency service provider as defined under section 128.01 of the Revised Code, whose primary responsibility is to be an operator for the receipt or processing of calls for emergency services made by telephone, radio, or other electronic means. "Forensic mental health provider" means any employee of a community mental health service provider or local alcohol, drug	2834 2835 2836 2837 2838 2839 2840 2841 2842
"Emergency service telecommunicator" has the meaning defined in section 4742.01 of the Revised Code means an individual employed by an emergency service provider as defined under section 128.01 of the Revised Code, whose primary responsibility is to be an operator for the receipt or processing of calls for emergency services made by telephone, radio, or other electronic means. "Forensic mental health provider" means any employee of a community mental health service provider or local alcohol, drug addiction, and mental health services board who, in the course of	2834 2835 2836 2837 2838 2839 2840 2841 2842 2843

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"Mental health evaluation provider" means an individual who, 2848 under Chapter 5122. of the Revised Code, examines a respondent who 2849 is alleged to be a mentally ill person subject to court order, as 2850 defined in section 5122.01 of the Revised Code, and reports to the 2851 probate court the respondent's mental condition. 2852

"Regional psychiatric hospital employee" means any employee of the department of mental health and addiction services who, in the course of performing the employee's duties, has contact with patients committed to the department of mental health and addiction services by a court order pursuant to section 2945.38, 2945.39, 2945.40, or 2945.402 of the Revised Code.

"Federal law enforcement officer" has the meaning defined in section 9.88 of the Revised Code.

- (10) "Information pertaining to the recreational activities of a person under the age of eighteen" means information that is kept in the ordinary course of business by a public office, that pertains to the recreational activities of a person under the age of eighteen years, and that discloses any of the following:
- (a) The address or telephone number of a person under the age 2866 of eighteen or the address or telephone number of that person's 2867 parent, guardian, custodian, or emergency contact person; 2868
- (b) The social security number, birth date, or photographic 2869 image of a person under the age of eighteen; 2870
- (c) Any medical record, history, or information pertaining to 2871 a person under the age of eighteen; 2872
- (d) Any additional information sought or required about a 2873 person under the age of eighteen for the purpose of allowing that 2874 person to participate in any recreational activity conducted or 2875

sponsored by a public office or to use or obtain admission privileges to any recreational facility owned or operated by a public office.	2876 2877 2878
(11) "Community control sanction" has the meaning defined in section 2929.01 of the Revised Code.	2879 2880
(12) "Post-release control sanction" has the meaning defined in section 2967.01 of the Revised Code.	2881 2882
(13) "Redaction" means obscuring or deleting any information that is exempt from the duty to permit public inspection or copying from an item that otherwise meets the definition of a	2883 2884 2885
"record" in section 149.011 of the Revised Code.	2886
(14) "Designee," "elected official," and "future official" have the meanings defined in section 109.43 of the Revised Code.	2887 2888
(15) "Body-worn camera" means a visual and audio recording device worn on the person of a correctional employee, youth	2889 2890
services employee, or peace officer while the correctional employee, youth services employee, or peace officer is engaged in	2891 2892
the performance of official duties.	2893
(16) "Dashboard camera" means a visual and audio recording device mounted on a peace officer's vehicle or vessel that is used while the peace officer is engaged in the performance of the peace officer's duties.	2894 2895 2896 2897
(17) "Restricted portions of a body-worn camera or dashboard	2898
camera recording" means any visual or audio portion of a body-worn	2899
camera or dashboard camera recording that shows, communicates, or discloses any of the following:	2900 2901
(a) The image or identity of a child or information that	2902
could lead to the identification of a child who is a primary	2903

subject of the recording when the department of rehabilitation and

correction, department of youth services, or the law enforcement	2905
agency knows or has reason to know the person is a child based on	2906
the department's or law enforcement agency's records or the	2907
content of the recording;	2908
(b) The death of a person or a deceased person's body, unless	2909
the death was caused by a correctional employee, youth services	2910
employee, or peace officer or, subject to division (H)(1) of this	2911
section, the consent of the decedent's executor or administrator	2912
has been obtained;	2913
(c) The death of a correctional employee, youth services	2914
employee, peace officer, firefighter, paramedic, or other first	2915
responder, occurring while the decedent was engaged in the	2916
performance of official duties, unless, subject to division (H)(1)	2917
of this section, the consent of the decedent's executor or	2918
administrator has been obtained;	2919
(d) Grievous bodily harm, unless the injury was effected by a	2920
correctional employee, youth services employee, or peace officer	2921
or, subject to division $(H)(1)$ of this section, the consent of the	2922
injured person or the injured person's guardian has been obtained;	2923
(e) An act of severe violence against a person that results	2924
in serious physical harm to the person, unless the act and injury	2925
was effected by a correctional employee, youth services employee,	2926
or peace officer or, subject to division (H)(1) of this section,	2927
the consent of the injured person or the injured person's guardian	2928
has been obtained;	2929
(f) Grievous bodily harm to a correctional employee, youth	2930
services employee, peace officer, firefighter, paramedic, or other	2931
first responder, occurring while the injured person was engaged in	2932
the performance of official duties, unless, subject to division	2933
(H)(1) of this section, the consent of the injured person or the	2934

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(g) An act of severe violence resulting in serious physical 2936 harm against a correctional employee, youth services employee, 2937 peace officer, firefighter, paramedic, or other first responder, 2938 occurring while the injured person was engaged in the performance 2939 of official duties, unless, subject to division (H)(1) of this 2940 section, the consent of the injured person or the injured person's 2941

- guardian has been obtained; 2942

 (h) A person's nude body, unless, subject to division (H)(1) 2943
- of this section, the person's consent has been obtained; 2944
- (i) Protected health information, the identity of a person in 2945 a health care facility who is not the subject of a law enforcement 2946 encounter, or any other information in a health care facility that 2947 could identify a person who is not the subject of a law 2948 enforcement encounter; 2949
- (j) Information that could identify the alleged victim of a 2950sex offense, menacing by stalking, or domestic violence; 2951
- (k) Information, that does not constitute a confidential law 2952 enforcement investigatory record, that could identify a person who 2953 provides sensitive or confidential information to the department 2954 of rehabilitation and correction, the department of youth 2955 services, or a law enforcement agency when the disclosure of the 2956 person's identity or the information provided could reasonably be 2957 expected to threaten or endanger the safety or property of the 2958 person or another person; 2959
- (1) Personal information of a person who is not arrested,cited, charged, or issued a written warning by a peace officer;2961
- (m) Proprietary police contingency plans or tactics that are 2962 intended to prevent crime and maintain public order and safety; 2963

(n) A personal conversation unrelated to work between peace	2964		
officers or between a peace officer and an employee of a law	2965		
enforcement agency;	2966		
(o) A conversation between a peace officer and a member of	2967		
the public that does not concern law enforcement activities;	2968		
(p) The interior of a residence, unless the interior of a	2969		
residence is the location of an adversarial encounter with, or a			
use of force by, a peace officer;	2971		
(q) Any portion of the interior of a private business that is	2972		
not open to the public, unless an adversarial encounter with, or a	2973		
use of force by, a peace officer occurs in that location.	2974		
As used in division (A)(17) of this section:	2975		
"Grievous bodily harm" has the same meaning as in section	2976		
5924.120 of the Revised Code.	2977		
"Health care facility" has the same meaning as in section	2978		
1337.11 of the Revised Code.	2979		
"Protected health information" has the same meaning as in 45	2980		
C.F.R. 160.103.	2981		
"Law enforcement agency" means a government entity that	2982		
employs peace officers to perform law enforcement duties.	2983		
"Personal information" means any government-issued	2984		
identification number, date of birth, address, financial	2985		
information, or criminal justice information from the law	2986		
enforcement automated data system or similar databases.	2987		
"Sex offense" has the same meaning as in section 2907.10 of	2988		
the Revised Code.	2989		
"Firefighter," "paramedic," and "first responder" have the	2990		
same meanings as in section 4765 01 of the Revised Code	2991		

(B)(1) Upon request by any person and subject to division 2992 (B)(8) of this section, all public records responsive to the 2993 request shall be promptly prepared and made available for 2994 inspection to the requester at all reasonable times during regular 2995 business hours. Subject to division (B)(8) of this section, upon 2996 request by any person, a public office or person responsible for 2997 public records shall make copies of the requested public record 2998 available to the requester at cost and within a reasonable period 2999 of time. If a public record contains information that is exempt 3000 from the duty to permit public inspection or to copy the public 3001 record, the public office or the person responsible for the public 3002 record shall make available all of the information within the 3003 public record that is not exempt. When making that public record 3004 available for public inspection or copying that public record, the 3005 public office or the person responsible for the public record 3006 shall notify the requester of any redaction or make the redaction 3007 plainly visible. A redaction shall be deemed a denial of a request 3008 to inspect or copy the redacted information, except if federal or 3009 state law authorizes or requires a public office to make the 3010 redaction. 3011

(2) To facilitate broader access to public records, a public 3012 office or the person responsible for public records shall organize 3013 and maintain public records in a manner that they can be made 3014 available for inspection or copying in accordance with division 3015 (B) of this section. A public office also shall have available a 3016 copy of its current records retention schedule at a location 3017 readily available to the public. If a requester makes an ambiguous 3018 or overly broad request or has difficulty in making a request for 3019 copies or inspection of public records under this section such 3020 that the public office or the person responsible for the requested 3021 public record cannot reasonably identify what public records are 3022

being requested, the public office or the person responsible for

the requested public record may deny the request but shall provide

the requester with an opportunity to revise the request by

informing the requester of the manner in which records are

maintained by the public office and accessed in the ordinary

course of the public office's or person's duties.

- (3) If a request is ultimately denied, in part or in whole, 3029 the public office or the person responsible for the requested 3030 public record shall provide the requester with an explanation, 3031 including legal authority, setting forth why the request was 3032 denied. If the initial request was provided in writing, the 3033 explanation also shall be provided to the requester in writing. 3034 The explanation shall not preclude the public office or the person 3035 responsible for the requested public record from relying upon 3036 additional reasons or legal authority in defending an action 3037 commenced under division (C) of this section. 3038
- (4) Unless specifically required or authorized by state or 3039 federal law or in accordance with division (B) of this section, no 3040 public office or person responsible for public records may limit 3041 or condition the availability of public records by requiring 3042 disclosure of the requester's identity or the intended use of the 3043 requested public record. Any requirement that the requester 3044 disclose the requester's identity or the intended use of the 3045 requested public record constitutes a denial of the request. 3046
- (5) A public office or person responsible for public records 3047 may ask a requester to make the request in writing, may ask for 3048 the requester's identity, and may inquire about the intended use 3049 of the information requested, but may do so only after disclosing 3050 to the requester that a written request is not mandatory, that the 3051 requester may decline to reveal the requester's identity or the 3052

intended use, and when a written request or disclosure of the

identity or intended use would benefit the requester by enhancing

the ability of the public office or person responsible for public

records to identify, locate, or deliver the public records sought

by the requester.

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- (6) If any person requests a copy of a public record in 3058 accordance with division (B) of this section, the public office or 3059 person responsible for the public record may require the requester 3060 to pay in advance the cost involved in providing the copy of the 3061 public record in accordance with the choice made by the requester 3062 under this division. The public office or the person responsible 3063 for the public record shall permit the requester to choose to have 3064 the public record duplicated upon paper, upon the same medium upon 3065 which the public office or person responsible for the public 3066 record keeps it, or upon any other medium upon which the public 3067 office or person responsible for the public record determines that 3068 it reasonably can be duplicated as an integral part of the normal 3069 operations of the public office or person responsible for the 3070 public record. When the requester makes a choice under this 3071 division, the public office or person responsible for the public 3072 record shall provide a copy of it in accordance with the choice 3073 made by the requester. Nothing in this section requires a public 3074 office or person responsible for the public record to allow the 3075 requester of a copy of the public record to make the copies of the 3076 public record. 3077
- (7)(a) Upon a request made in accordance with division (B) of this section and subject to division (B)(6) of this section, a 3079 public office or person responsible for public records shall 3080 transmit a copy of a public record to any person by United States 3081 mail or by any other means of delivery or transmission within a 3082 reasonable period of time after receiving the request for the 3083

copy. The public office or person responsible for the public record may require the person making the request to pay in advance the cost of postage if the copy is transmitted by United States mail or the cost of delivery if the copy is transmitted other than by United States mail, and to pay in advance the costs incurred for other supplies used in the mailing, delivery, or transmission.

- (b) Any public office may adopt a policy and procedures that 3090 it will follow in transmitting, within a reasonable period of time 3091 after receiving a request, copies of public records by United 3092 States mail or by any other means of delivery or transmission 3093 pursuant to division (B)(7) of this section. A public office that 3094 adopts a policy and procedures under division (B)(7) of this 3095 section shall comply with them in performing its duties under that 3096 division. 3097
- (c) In any policy and procedures adopted under division(B)(7) of this section:3099
- (i) A public office may limit the number of records requested 3100 by a person that the office will physically deliver by United 3101 States mail or by another delivery service to ten per month, 3102 unless the person certifies to the office in writing that the 3103 person does not intend to use or forward the requested records, or 3104 the information contained in them, for commercial purposes; 3105
- (ii) A public office that chooses to provide some or all of 3106 its public records on a web site that is fully accessible to and 3107 searchable by members of the public at all times, other than 3108 during acts of God outside the public office's control or 3109 maintenance, and that charges no fee to search, access, download, 3110 or otherwise receive records provided on the web site, may limit 3111 to ten per month the number of records requested by a person that 3112 the office will deliver in a digital format, unless the requested 3113

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records are not provided on the web site and unless the person

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certifies to the office in writing that the person does not intend

to use or forward the requested records, or the information

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contained in them, for commercial purposes.

- (iii) For purposes of division (B)(7) of this section, 3118
 "commercial" shall be narrowly construed and does not include 3119
 reporting or gathering news, reporting or gathering information to 3120
 assist citizen oversight or understanding of the operation or 3121
 activities of government, or nonprofit educational research. 3122
- (8) A public office or person responsible for public records 3123 is not required to permit a person who is incarcerated pursuant to 3124 a criminal conviction or a juvenile adjudication to inspect or to 3125 obtain a copy of any public record concerning a criminal 3126 investigation or prosecution or concerning what would be a 3127 criminal investigation or prosecution if the subject of the 3128 investigation or prosecution were an adult, unless the request to 3129 inspect or to obtain a copy of the record is for the purpose of 3130 acquiring information that is subject to release as a public 3131 record under this section and the judge who imposed the sentence 3132 or made the adjudication with respect to the person, or the 3133 judge's successor in office, finds that the information sought in 3134 the public record is necessary to support what appears to be a 3135 justiciable claim of the person. 3136
- (9)(a) Upon written request made and signed by a journalist, 3137 a public office, or person responsible for public records, having 3138 custody of the records of the agency employing a specified 3139 designated public service worker shall disclose to the journalist 3140 the address of the actual personal residence of the designated 3141 public service worker and, if the designated public service 3142 worker's spouse, former spouse, or child is employed by a public 3143

office, the name and address of the employer of the designated	3144
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public service worker's spouse, former spouse, or child. The	3146
request shall include the journalist's name and title and the name	3147
and address of the journalist's employer and shall state that	3148
disclosure of the information sought would be in the public	3149
interest.	3147
(b) Division (B)(9)(a) of this section also applies to	3150
journalist requests for:	3151
(i) Customer information maintained by a municipally owned or	3152
operated public utility, other than social security numbers and	3153
any private financial information such as credit reports, payment	3154
methods, credit card numbers, and bank account information;	3155
(ii) Information about minors involved in a school vehicle	3156
accident as provided in division (A)(1)(gg) of this section, other	3157
than personal information as defined in section 149.45 of the	3158
Revised Code.	3159
(c) As used in division (B)(9) of this section, "journalist"	3160
means a person engaged in, connected with, or employed by any news	3161
medium, including a newspaper, magazine, press association, news	3162
agency, or wire service, a radio or television station, or a	3163
similar medium, for the purpose of gathering, processing,	3164
transmitting, compiling, editing, or disseminating information for	3165
the general public.	3166
(10) Upon a request made by a victim, victim's attorney, or	3167
victim's representative, as that term is used in section 2930.02	3168
of the Revised Code, a public office or person responsible for	3169
public records shall transmit a copy of a depiction of the victim	3170
as described in division (A)(1)(ii) of this section to the victim,	3171
victim's attorney, or victim's representative.	3172

(C)(1) If a person allegedly is aggrieved by the failure of a	3173
public office or the person responsible for public records to	3174
promptly prepare a public record and to make it available to the	3175
person for inspection in accordance with division (B) of this	3176
section or by any other failure of a public office or the person	3177
responsible for public records to comply with an obligation in	3178
accordance with division (B) of this section, the person allegedly	3179
aggrieved may do only one of the following, and not both:	3180
(a) File a complaint with the clerk of the court of claims or	3181
the clerk of the court of common pleas under section 2743.75 of	3182
the Revised Code;	3183
(b) Commence a mandamus action to obtain a judgment that	3184
orders the public office or the person responsible for the public	3185
record to comply with division (B) of this section, that awards	3186
court costs and reasonable attorney's fees to the person that	3187
instituted the mandamus action, and, if applicable, that includes	3188
an order fixing statutory damages under division (C)(2) of this	3189
section. The mandamus action may be commenced in the court of	3190
common pleas of the county in which division (B) of this section	3191
allegedly was not complied with, in the supreme court pursuant to	3192
its original jurisdiction under Section 2 of Article IV, Ohio	3193
Constitution, or in the court of appeals for the appellate	3194
district in which division (B) of this section allegedly was not	3195
complied with pursuant to its original jurisdiction under Section	3196
3 of Article IV, Ohio Constitution.	3197
(2) If a requester transmits a written request by hand	3198
delivery, electronic submission, or certified mail to inspect or	3199
receive copies of any public record in a manner that fairly	3200
describes the public record or class of public records to the	3201
public office or person responsible for the requested public	3202

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The amount of statutory damages shall be fixed at one hundred 3209 dollars for each business day during which the public office or 3210 person responsible for the requested public records failed to 3211 comply with an obligation in accordance with division (B) of this 3212 section, beginning with the day on which the requester files a 3213 mandamus action to recover statutory damages, up to a maximum of 3214 one thousand dollars. The award of statutory damages shall not be 3215 construed as a penalty, but as compensation for injury arising 3216 from lost use of the requested information. The existence of this 3217 injury shall be conclusively presumed. The award of statutory 3218 damages shall be in addition to all other remedies authorized by 3219 this section. 3220

The court may reduce an award of statutory damages or not 3221 award statutory damages if the court determines both of the 3222 following: 3223

(a) That, based on the ordinary application of statutory law 3224 and case law as it existed at the time of the conduct or 3225 threatened conduct of the public office or person responsible for 3226 the requested public records that allegedly constitutes a failure 3227 to comply with an obligation in accordance with division (B) of 3228 this section and that was the basis of the mandamus action, a 3229 well-informed public office or person responsible for the 3230 requested public records reasonably would believe that the conduct 3231 or threatened conduct of the public office or person responsible 3232

for the requested public records did not constitute a failure to	3233
comply with an obligation in accordance with division (B) of this	3234
section;	3235
(b) That a well-informed public office or person responsible	3236
for the requested public records reasonably would believe that the	3237
conduct or threatened conduct of the public office or person	3238
responsible for the requested public records would serve the	3239
public policy that underlies the authority that is asserted as	3240
permitting that conduct or threatened conduct.	3241
(3) In a mandamus action filed under division (C)(1) of this	3242
section, the following apply:	3243
(a)(i) If the court orders the public office or the person	3244
responsible for the public record to comply with division (B) of	3245
this section, the court shall determine and award to the relator	3246
all court costs, which shall be construed as remedial and not	3247
punitive.	3248
(ii) If the court makes a determination described in division	3249
(C)(3)(b)(iii) of this section, the court shall determine and	3250
award to the relator all court costs, which shall be construed as	3251
remedial and not punitive.	3252
(b) If the court renders a judgment that orders the public	3253
office or the person responsible for the public record to comply	3254
with division (B) of this section or if the court determines any	3255
of the following, the court may award reasonable attorney's fees	3256
to the relator, subject to division (C)(4) of this section:	3257
(i) The public office or the person responsible for the	3258
public records failed to respond affirmatively or negatively to	3259
the public records request in accordance with the time allowed	3260

under division (B) of this section.

(ii) The public office or the person responsible for the	3262
public records promised to permit the relator to inspect or	3263
receive copies of the public records requested within a specified	3264
period of time but failed to fulfill that promise within that	3265
specified period of time.	3266

- (iii) The public office or the person responsible for the 3267 public records acted in bad faith when the office or person 3268 voluntarily made the public records available to the relator for 3269 the first time after the relator commenced the mandamus action, 3270 but before the court issued any order concluding whether or not 3271 the public office or person was required to comply with division 3272 (B) of this section. No discovery may be conducted on the issue of 3273 the alleged bad faith of the public office or person responsible 3274 for the public records. This division shall not be construed as 3275 creating a presumption that the public office or the person 3276 responsible for the public records acted in bad faith when the 3277 office or person voluntarily made the public records available to 3278 the relator for the first time after the relator commenced the 3279 mandamus action, but before the court issued any order described 3280 in this division. 3281
- (c) The court shall not award attorney's fees to the relator 3282 if the court determines both of the following: 3283
- (i) That, based on the ordinary application of statutory law 3284 and case law as it existed at the time of the conduct or 3285 threatened conduct of the public office or person responsible for 3286 the requested public records that allegedly constitutes a failure 3287 to comply with an obligation in accordance with division (B) of 3288 this section and that was the basis of the mandamus action, a 3289 well-informed public office or person responsible for the 3290 requested public records reasonably would believe that the conduct 3291

or threatened conduct of the public office or person responsible	3292
for the requested public records did not constitute a failure to	3293
comply with an obligation in accordance with division (B) of this	3294
section;	3295
(ii) That a well-informed public office or person responsible	3296
for the requested public records reasonably would believe that the	3297
conduct or threatened conduct of the public office or person	3298
responsible for the requested public records would serve the	3299
public policy that underlies the authority that is asserted as	3300
permitting that conduct or threatened conduct.	3301
(4) All of the following apply to any award of reasonable	3302
attorney's fees awarded under division (C)(3)(b) of this section:	3303
(a) The fees shall be construed as remedial and not punitive.	3304
(b) The fees awarded shall not exceed the total of the	3305
reasonable attorney's fees incurred before the public record was	3306
made available to the relator and the fees described in division	3307
(C)(4)(c) of this section.	3308
(c) Reasonable attorney's fees shall include reasonable fees	3309
incurred to produce proof of the reasonableness and amount of the	3310
fees and to otherwise litigate entitlement to the fees.	3311
(d) The court may reduce the amount of fees awarded if the	3312
court determines that, given the factual circumstances involved	3313
with the specific public records request, an alternative means	3314
should have been pursued to more effectively and efficiently	3315
resolve the dispute that was subject to the mandamus action filed	3316
under division (C)(1) of this section.	3317
(5) If the court does not issue a writ of mandamus under	3318
division (C) of this section and the court determines at that time	3319

that the bringing of the mandamus action was frivolous conduct as

defined in division (A) of section 2323.51 of the Revised Code,

the court may award to the public office all court costs,

expenses, and reasonable attorney's fees, as determined by the

court.

- (D) Chapter 1347. of the Revised Code does not limit the 3325 provisions of this section. 3326
- (E)(1) To ensure that all employees of public offices are 3327 appropriately educated about a public office's obligations under 3328 division (B) of this section, all elected officials or their 3329 appropriate designees shall attend training approved by the 3330 attorney general as provided in section 109.43 of the Revised 3331 Code. A future official may satisfy the requirements of this 3332 division by attending the training before taking office, provided 3333 that the future official may not send a designee in the future 3334 official's place. 3335
- (2) All public offices shall adopt a public records policy in 3336 compliance with this section for responding to public records 3337 requests. In adopting a public records policy under this division, 3338 a public office may obtain guidance from the model public records 3339 policy developed and provided to the public office by the attorney 3340 general under section 109.43 of the Revised Code. Except as 3341 otherwise provided in this section, the policy may not limit the 3342 number of public records that the public office will make 3343 available to a single person, may not limit the number of public 3344 records that it will make available during a fixed period of time, 3345 and may not establish a fixed period of time before it will 3346 respond to a request for inspection or copying of public records, 3347 unless that period is less than eight hours. 3348

The public office shall distribute the public records policy 3349 adopted by the public office under this division to the employee 3350

of the public office who is the records custodian or records	3351
manager or otherwise has custody of the records of that office.	3352
The public office shall require that employee to acknowledge	3353
receipt of the copy of the public records policy. The public	3354
office shall create a poster that describes its public records	3355
policy and shall post the poster in a conspicuous place in the	3356
public office and in all locations where the public office has	3357
branch offices. The public office may post its public records	3358
policy on the internet web site of the public office if the public	3359
office maintains an internet web site. A public office that has	3360
established a manual or handbook of its general policies and	3361
procedures for all employees of the public office shall include	3362
the public records policy of the public office in the manual or	3363
handbook.	3364

- (F)(1) The bureau of motor vehicles may adopt rules pursuant 3365 to Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to reasonably limit the number 3366 of bulk commercial special extraction requests made by a person 3367 for the same records or for updated records during a calendar 3368 year. The rules may include provisions for charges to be made for 3369 bulk commercial special extraction requests for the actual cost of 3370 the bureau, plus special extraction costs, plus ten per cent. The 3371 bureau may charge for expenses for redacting information, the 3372 release of which is prohibited by law. 3373
 - (2) As used in division (F)(1) of this section:
- (a) "Actual cost" means the cost of depleted supplies,
 records storage media costs, actual mailing and alternative 3376
 delivery costs, or other transmitting costs, and any direct 3377
 equipment operating and maintenance costs, including actual costs 3378
 paid to private contractors for copying services. 3379
 - (b) "Bulk commercial special extraction request" means a 3380

3381 request for copies of a record for information in a format other 3382 than the format already available, or information that cannot be 3383 extracted without examination of all items in a records series, 3384 class of records, or database by a person who intends to use or 3385 forward the copies for surveys, marketing, solicitation, or resale 3386 for commercial purposes. "Bulk commercial special extraction 3387 request" does not include a request by a person who gives 3388 assurance to the bureau that the person making the request does 3389 not intend to use or forward the requested copies for surveys, 3390 marketing, solicitation, or resale for commercial purposes.

- (c) "Commercial" means profit-seeking production, buying, orselling of any good, service, or other product.3392
- (d) "Special extraction costs" means the cost of the time 3393 spent by the lowest paid employee competent to perform the task, 3394 the actual amount paid to outside private contractors employed by 3395 the bureau, or the actual cost incurred to create computer 3396 programs to make the special extraction. "Special extraction 3397 costs" include any charges paid to a public agency for computer or 3398 records services.
- (3) For purposes of divisions (F)(1) and (2) of this section, 3400
 "surveys, marketing, solicitation, or resale for commercial 3401
 purposes" shall be narrowly construed and does not include 3402
 reporting or gathering news, reporting or gathering information to 3403
 assist citizen oversight or understanding of the operation or 3404
 activities of government, or nonprofit educational research. 3405
- (G) A request by a defendant, counsel of a defendant, or any 3406 agent of a defendant in a criminal action that public records 3407 related to that action be made available under this section shall 3408 be considered a demand for discovery pursuant to the Criminal 3409 Rules, except to the extent that the Criminal Rules plainly 3410

indicate a contrary intent. The defendant, counsel of the	3411
defendant, or agent of the defendant making a request under this	3412
division shall serve a copy of the request on the prosecuting	3413
attorney, director of law, or other chief legal officer	3414
responsible for prosecuting the action.	3415

- (H)(1) Any portion of a body-worn camera or dashboard camera 3416 recording described in divisions (A)(17)(b) to (h) of this section 3417 may be released by consent of the subject of the recording or a 3418 representative of that person, as specified in those divisions, 3419 only if either of the following applies: 3420
- (a) The recording will not be used in connection with any
 probable or pending criminal proceedings;
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- (b) The recording has been used in connection with a criminal 3423 proceeding that was dismissed or for which a judgment has been 3424 entered pursuant to Rule 32 of the Rules of Criminal Procedure, 3425 and will not be used again in connection with any probable or 3426 pending criminal proceedings.
- (2) If a public office denies a request to release a 3428 restricted portion of a body-worn camera or dashboard camera 3429 recording, as defined in division (A)(17) of this section, any 3430 person may file a mandamus action pursuant to this section or a 3431 complaint with the clerk of the court of claims pursuant to 3432 section 2743.75 of the Revised Code, requesting the court to order 3433 the release of all or portions of the recording. If the court 3434 considering the request determines that the filing articulates by 3435 clear and convincing evidence that the public interest in the 3436 recording substantially outweighs privacy interests and other 3437 interests asserted to deny release, the court shall order the 3438 public office to release the recording. 3439

Sec. 4776.20. (A) As used in this section:	3440
(1) "Licensing agency" means, in addition to each board	3441
identified in division (C) of section 4776.01 of the Revised Code,	3442
the board or other government entity authorized to issue a license	3443
under Chapters 4703., 4707., 4709., 4712., 4713., 4719., 4723.,	3444
4727., 4728., 4733., 4735., 4736., 4737., 4738., 4740., 4742.,	3445
4747., 4749., 4752., 4753., 4758., 4759., 4763., 4764., 4765.,	3446
4766., 4771., 4773., and 4781. of the Revised Code. "Licensing	3447
agency" includes an administrative officer that has authority to	3448
issue a license.	3449
(2) "Licensee" means, in addition to a licensee as described	3450
in division (B) of section 4776.01 of the Revised Code, the person	3451
to whom a license is issued by the board or other government	3452
entity authorized to issue a license under Chapters 4703., 4707.,	3453
4709., 4712., 4713., 4719., 4723., 4727., 4728., 4733., 4735.,	3454
4736., 4737., 4738., 4740., 4742., 4747., 4749., 4751., 4752.,	3455
4753., 4758., 4759., 4763., 4764., 4765., 4766., 4771., 4773., and	3456
4781. of the Revised Code.	3457
(3) "Prosecutor" has the same meaning as in section 2935.01	3458
of the Revised Code.	3459
(B) On a licensee's conviction of, plea of guilty to,	3460
judicial finding of guilt of, or judicial finding of guilt	3461
resulting from a plea of no contest to the offense of trafficking	3462
in persons in violation of section 2905.32 of the Revised Code,	3463
the prosecutor in the case shall promptly notify the licensing	3464
agency of the conviction, plea, or finding and provide the	3465
licensee's name and residential address. On receipt of this	3466
notification, the licensing agency shall immediately suspend the	3467
licensee's license.	3468

(C) If there is a conviction of, plea of guilty to, judicial 3469 finding of guilt of, or judicial finding of guilt resulting from a 3470 plea of no contest to the offense of trafficking in persons in 3471 violation of section 2905.32 of the Revised Code and all or part 3472 of the violation occurred on the premises of a facility that is 3473 licensed by a licensing agency, the prosecutor in the case shall 3474 promptly notify the licensing agency of the conviction, plea, or 3475 finding and provide the facility's name and address and the 3476 offender's name and residential address. On receipt of this 3477 notification, the licensing agency shall immediately suspend the 3478 facility's license. 3479

(D) Notwithstanding any provision of the Revised Code to the 3480 contrary, the suspension of a license under division (B) or (C) of 3481 this section shall be implemented by a licensing agency without a 3482 prior hearing. After the suspension, the licensing agency shall 3483 give written notice to the subject of the suspension of the right 3484 to request a hearing under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code. After 3485 a hearing is held, the licensing agency shall either revoke or 3486 permanently revoke the license of the subject of the suspension, 3487 unless it determines that the license holder has not been 3488 convicted of, pleaded guilty to, been found guilty of, or been 3489 found guilty based on a plea of no contest to the offense of 3490 trafficking in persons in violation of section 2905.32 of the 3491 Revised Code. 3492

Sec. 5703.052. (A) There is hereby created in the state 3493
treasury the tax refund fund, from which refunds shall be paid for 3494
taxes illegally or erroneously assessed or collected, or for any 3495
other reason overpaid, that are levied by Chapter 4301., 4305., 3496
5726., 5728., 5729., 5731., 5733., 5735., 5736., 5739., 5741., 3497
5743., 5747., 5748., 5749., 5751., or 5753. and sections 3737.71, 3498

3905.35, 3905.36, 4303.33, 5707.03, 5725.18, 5727.28, 5727.38,	3499
5727.81, and 5727.811 of the Revised Code. Refunds for fees $\frac{\text{or}}{\text{or}}$	3500
levied under sections 3734.90 to 3734.9014 of the Revised Code,	3501
wireless 9-1-1 charges imposed under section 128.40 of the Revised	3502
Code, or next generation 9-1-1 access fees imposed under sections	3503
128.41 and 128.42 of the Revised Code illegally or erroneously	3504
assessed or collected, or for any other reason overpaid, that are	3505
levied by sections 128.42 or 3734.90 to 3734.9014 of the Revised	3506
Code also shall be paid from the fund. Refunds for amounts	3507
illegally or erroneously assessed or collected by the tax	3508
commissioner, or for any other reason overpaid, that are due under	3509
section 1509.50 of the Revised Code shall be paid from the fund.	3510
Refunds for amounts illegally or erroneously assessed or collected	3511
by the commissioner, or for any other reason overpaid to the	3512
commissioner, under sections 718.80 to 718.95 of the Revised Code	3513
shall be paid from the fund. However, refunds for taxes levied	3514
under section 5739.101 of the Revised Code shall not be paid from	3515
the tax refund fund, but shall be paid as provided in section	3516
5739.104 of the Revised Code.	3517
(B)(1) Upon certification by the tax commissioner to the	3518
treasurer of state of a tax refund, a wireless 9-1-1 charge	3519
refund, a next generation 9-1-1 access fee refund, or another	3520
amount refunded, or by the superintendent of insurance of a	3521
domestic or foreign insurance tax refund, the treasurer of state	3522
shall place the amount certified to the credit of the fund. The	3523
certified amount transferred shall be derived from the receipts of	3524
the same tax, fee, wireless 9-1-1 charge, next generation 9-1-1	3525
access fee, or other amount from which the refund arose.	3526
(2) When a refund is for a tax, fee, wireless 9-1-1 charge,	3527
next generation 9-1-1 access fee, or other amount that is not	3528

levied by the state or that was illegally or erroneously	3529
distributed to a taxing jurisdiction, the tax commissioner shall	3530
recover the amount of that refund from the next distribution of	3531
that tax, fee, wireless 9-1-1 charge, <u>next generation 9-1-1 access</u>	3532
fee, or other amount that otherwise would be made to the taxing	3533
jurisdiction. If the amount to be recovered would exceed	3534
twenty-five per cent of the next distribution of that tax, fee,	3535
wireless 9-1-1 charge, next generation 9-1-1 access fee, or other	3536
amount, the commissioner may spread the recovery over more than	3537
one future distribution, taking into account the amount to be	3538
recovered and the amount of the anticipated future distributions.	3539
In no event may the commissioner spread the recovery over a period	3540
to exceed thirty-six months.	3541
Sec. 5733.55. (A) As used in this section:	3542
boo. 5755.55. (11) tib dbcd in chib beecion.	3342
(1) "9-1-1 system" has the same meaning as in section 128.01	3543
(1) "9-1-1 system" has the same meaning as in section 128.01	3543
(1) "9-1-1 system" has the same meaning as in section 128.01 of the Revised Code.	3543 3544
(1) "9-1-1 system" has the same meaning as in section 128.01 of the Revised Code.(2) "Nonrecurring 9-1-1 charges" means nonrecurring charges	3543 3544 3545
(1) "9-1-1 system" has the same meaning as in section 128.01 of the Revised Code.(2) "Nonrecurring 9-1-1 charges" means nonrecurring charges approved by the public utilities commission for the telephone	3543 3544 3545 3546
 (1) "9-1-1 system" has the same meaning as in section 128.01 of the Revised Code. (2) "Nonrecurring 9-1-1 charges" means nonrecurring charges approved by the public utilities commission for the telephone network portion of a 9-1-1 system pursuant to section 128.18128.33 	3543 3544 3545 3546 3547
<pre>(1) "9-1-1 system" has the same meaning as in section 128.01 of the Revised Code. (2) "Nonrecurring 9-1-1 charges" means nonrecurring charges approved by the public utilities commission for the telephone network portion of a 9-1-1 system pursuant to section 128.18128.33 of the Revised Code.</pre>	3543 3544 3545 3546 3547 3548
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(1) "9-1-1 system" has the same meaning as in section 128.01 of the Revised Code. (2) "Nonrecurring 9-1-1 charges" means nonrecurring charges approved by the public utilities commission for the telephone network portion of a 9-1-1 system pursuant to section 128.18128.33 of the Revised Code. (3) "Eligible nonrecurring 9-1-1 charges" means all nonrecurring 9-1-1 charges for a 9-1-1 system except both of the	3543 3544 3545 3546 3547 3548 3549 3550
<pre>(1) "9-1-1 system" has the same meaning as in section 128.01 of the Revised Code. (2) "Nonrecurring 9-1-1 charges" means nonrecurring charges approved by the public utilities commission for the telephone network portion of a 9-1-1 system pursuant to section 128.18128.33 of the Revised Code. (3) "Eligible nonrecurring 9-1-1 charges" means all nonrecurring 9-1-1 charges for a 9-1-1 system except both of the following:</pre>	3543 3544 3545 3546 3547 3548 3549 3550 3551

(b) Charges for that part of a system established pursuant to

such a plan or agreement that are excluded from the credit by

division (C)(2) of section $\frac{128.18}{128.33}$ of the Revised Code.

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(4) "Telephone company" has the same meaning as in section 35585727.01 of the Revised Code. 3559

- (B) Beginning in tax year 2005, a telephone company shall be 3560 allowed a nonrefundable credit against the tax imposed by section 3561 5733.06 of the Revised Code equal to the amount of its eligible 3562 nonrecurring 9-1-1 charges. The credit shall be claimed for the 3563 company's taxable year that covers the period in which the 9-1-1 3564 service for which the credit is claimed becomes available for use. 3565 The credit shall be claimed in the order required by section 3566 5733.98 of the Revised Code. If the credit exceeds the total taxes 3567 due under section 5733.06 of the Revised Code for the tax year, 3568 the tax commissioner shall credit the excess against taxes due 3569 under that section for succeeding tax years until the full amount 3570 of the credit is granted. 3571
- (C) After the last day a return, with any extensions, may be 3572 filed by any telephone company that is eligible to claim a credit 3573 under this section, the commissioner shall determine whether the 3574 sum of the credits allowed for prior tax years commencing with tax 3575 year 2005 plus the sum of the credits claimed for the current tax 3576 year exceeds fifteen million dollars. If it does, the credits 3577 allowed under this section for the current tax year shall be 3578 reduced by a uniform percentage such that the sum of the credits 3579 allowed for the current tax year do not exceed fifteen million 3580 dollars claimed by all telephone companies for all tax years. 3581 Thereafter, no credit shall be granted under this section, except 3582 for the remaining portions of any credits allowed under division 3583 (B) of this section. 3584
- (D) A telephone company that is entitled to carry forward a 3585 credit against its public utility excise tax liability under 3586 section 5727.39 of the Revised Code is entitled to carry forward 3587

any amount of that credit remaining after its last public utility	3588
excise tax payment for the period of July 1, 2003, through June	3589
30, 2004, and claim that amount as a credit against its	3590
corporation franchise tax liability under this section. Nothing in	3591
this section authorizes a telephone company to claim a credit	3592
under this section for any eligible nonrecurring 9-1-1 charges for	3593
which it has already claimed a credit under this section or	3594
section 5727.39 of the Revised Code.	3595

Sec. 5751.01. As used in this chapter:

- (A) "Person" means, but is not limited to, individuals, 3597 combinations of individuals of any form, receivers, assignees, 3598 trustees in bankruptcy, firms, companies, joint-stock companies, 3599 business trusts, estates, partnerships, limited liability 3600 partnerships, limited liability companies, associations, joint 3601 ventures, clubs, societies, for-profit corporations, S 3602 corporations, qualified subchapter S subsidiaries, qualified 3603 subchapter S trusts, trusts, entities that are disregarded for 3604 federal income tax purposes, and any other entities. 3605
- (B) "Consolidated elected taxpayer" means a group of two or 3606 more persons treated as a single taxpayer for purposes of this 3607 chapter as the result of an election made under section 5751.011 3608 of the Revised Code.
- (C) "Combined taxpayer" means a group of two or more persons 3610 treated as a single taxpayer for purposes of this chapter under 3611 section 5751.012 of the Revised Code.
- (D) "Taxpayer" means any person, or any group of persons in 3613 the case of a consolidated elected taxpayer or combined taxpayer 3614 treated as one taxpayer, required to register or pay tax under 3615 this chapter. "Taxpayer" does not include excluded persons. 3616

(E) "Excluded person" means any of the following:	3617
(1) Any person with not more than one hundred fifty thousand	3618
dollars of taxable gross receipts during the calendar year.	3619
Division (E)(1) of this section does not apply to a person that is	3620
a member of a consolidated elected taxpayer \div .	3621
(2) A public utility that paid the excise tax imposed by	3622
section 5727.24 or 5727.30 of the Revised Code based on one or	3623
more measurement periods that include the entire tax period under	3624
this chapter, except that a public utility that is a combined	3625
company is a taxpayer with regard to the following gross receipts:	3626
(a) Taxable gross receipts directly attributed to a public	3627
utility activity, but not directly attributed to an activity that	3628
is subject to the excise tax imposed by section 5727.24 or 5727.30	3629
of the Revised Code;	3630
(b) Taxable gross receipts that cannot be directly attributed	3631
to any activity, multiplied by a fraction whose numerator is the	3632
taxable gross receipts described in division (E)(2)(a) of this	3633
section and whose denominator is the total taxable gross receipts	3634
that can be directly attributed to any activity;	3635
(c) Except for any differences resulting from the use of an	3636
accrual basis method of accounting for purposes of determining	3637
gross receipts under this chapter and the use of the cash basis	3638
method of accounting for purposes of determining gross receipts	3639
under section 5727.24 of the Revised Code, the gross receipts	3640
directly attributed to the activity of a natural gas company shall	3641
be determined in a manner consistent with division (D) of section	3642
5727.03 of the Revised Code.	3643
As used in division $(E)(2)$ of this section, "combined	3644
company" and "public utility" have the same meanings as in section	3645

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(3) A financial institution, as defined in section 5726.01 of	3647
the Revised Code, that paid the tax imposed by section 5726.02 of	3648
the Revised Code based on one or more taxable years that include	3649
the entire tax period under this chapter;	3650

(4) A person directly or indirectly owned by one or more 3651 financial institutions, as defined in section 5726.01 of the 3652 Revised Code, that paid the tax imposed by section 5726.02 of the 3653 Revised Code based on one or more taxable years that include the 3654 entire tax period under this chapter. 3655

For the purposes of division (E)(4) of this section, a person owns another person under the following circumstances:

- (a) In the case of corporations issuing capital stock, one 3658 corporation owns another corporation if it owns fifty per cent or 3659 more of the other corporation's capital stock with current voting 3660 rights; 3661
- (b) In the case of a limited liability company, one person 3662 owns the company if that person's membership interest, as defined 3663 in section 1706.01 of the Revised Code, is fifty per cent or more 3664 of the combined membership interests of all persons owning such 3665 interests in the company; 3666
- (c) In the case of a partnership, trust, or other 3667 unincorporated business organization other than a limited 3668 liability company, one person owns the organization if, under the 3669 articles of organization or other instrument governing the affairs 3670 of the organization, that person has a beneficial interest in the 3671 organization's profits, surpluses, losses, or distributions of 3672 fifty per cent or more of the combined beneficial interests of all 3673 persons having such an interest in the organization. 3674

(5) A domestic insurance company or foreign insurance	3675
company, as defined in section 5725.01 of the Revised Code, that	3676
paid the insurance company premiums tax imposed by section 5725.18	3677
or Chapter 5729. of the Revised Code, or an unauthorized insurance	3678
company whose gross premiums are subject to tax under section	3679
3905.36 of the Revised Code based on one or more measurement	3680
periods that include the entire tax period under this chapter;	3681
(6) A person that solely facilitates or services one or more	3682
securitizations of phase-in-recovery property pursuant to a final	3683
financing order as those terms are defined in section 4928.23 of	3684
the Revised Code. For purposes of this division, "securitization"	3685
means transferring one or more assets to one or more persons and	3686
then issuing securities backed by the right to receive payment	3687
from the asset or assets so transferred.	3688
(7) Except as otherwise provided in this division, a	3689

- pre-income tax trust as defined in section 5747.01 of the Revised 3690 Code and any pass-through entity of which such pre-income tax 3691 trust owns or controls, directly, indirectly, or constructively 3692 through related interests, more than five per cent of the 3693 ownership or equity interests. If the pre-income tax trust has 3694 made a qualifying pre-income tax trust election under division 3695 (EE) of section 5747.01 of the Revised Code, then the trust and 3696 the pass-through entities of which it owns or controls, directly, 3697 indirectly, or constructively through related interests, more than 3698 five per cent of the ownership or equity interests, shall not be 3699 excluded persons for purposes of the tax imposed under section 3700 5751.02 of the Revised Code. 3701
- (8) Nonprofit organizations or the state and its agencies,3702instrumentalities, or political subdivisions.3703
 - (F) Except as otherwise provided in divisions (F)(2), (3), 3704

and (4) of this section, "gross receipts" means the total amount	3705
realized by a person, without deduction for the cost of goods sold	3706
or other expenses incurred, that contributes to the production of	3707
gross income of the person, including the fair market value of any	3708
property and any services received, and any debt transferred or	3709
forgiven as consideration.	3710
(1) The following are examples of gross receipts:	3711
(a) Amounts realized from the sale, exchange, or other	3712
disposition of the taxpayer's property to or with another;	3713
(b) Amounts realized from the taxpayer's performance of	3714
services for another;	3715
(c) Amounts realized from another's use or possession of the	3716
taxpayer's property or capital;	3717
(d) Any combination of the foregoing amounts.	3718
(2) "Gross receipts" excludes the following amounts:	3719
(a) Interest income except interest on credit sales;	3720
(b) Dividends and distributions from corporations, and	3721
distributive or proportionate shares of receipts and income from a	3722
pass-through entity as defined under section 5733.04 of the	3723
Revised Code;	3724
(c) Receipts from the sale, exchange, or other disposition of	3725
an asset described in section 1221 or 1231 of the Internal Revenue	3726
Code, without regard to the length of time the person held the	3727
asset. Notwithstanding section 1221 of the Internal Revenue Code,	3728
receipts from hedging transactions also are excluded to the extent	3729
the transactions are entered into primarily to protect a financial	3730
position, such as managing the risk of exposure to (i) foreign	3731
currency fluctuations that affect assets, liabilities, profits,	3732

losses, equity, or investments in foreign operations; (ii)	3733
interest rate fluctuations; or (iii) commodity price fluctuations.	3734
As used in division (F)(2)(c) of this section, "hedging	3735
transaction" has the same meaning as used in section 1221 of the	3736
Internal Revenue Code and also includes transactions accorded	3737
hedge accounting treatment under statement of financial accounting	3738
standards number 133 of the financial accounting standards board.	3739
For the purposes of division $(F)(2)(c)$ of this section, the actual	3740
transfer of title of real or tangible personal property to another	3741
entity is not a hedging transaction.	3742
(d) Proceeds received attributable to the repayment,	3743
maturity, or redemption of the principal of a loan, bond, mutual	3744
fund, certificate of deposit, or marketable instrument;	3745
(e) The principal amount received under a repurchase	3746
agreement or on account of any transaction properly characterized	3747
as a loan to the person;	3748
(f) Contributions received by a trust, plan, or other	3749
arrangement, any of which is described in section 501(a) of the	3750
Internal Revenue Code, or to which Title 26, Subtitle A, Chapter	3751
1, Subchapter (D) of the Internal Revenue Code applies;	3752
(g) Compensation, whether current or deferred, and whether in	3753
cash or in kind, received or to be received by an employee, former	3754
employee, or the employee's legal successor for services rendered	3755
to or for an employer, including reimbursements received by or for	3756
an individual for medical or education expenses, health insurance	3757
premiums, or employee expenses, or on account of a dependent care	3758
spending account, legal services plan, any cafeteria plan	3759
described in section 125 of the Internal Revenue Code, or any	3760
similar employee reimbursement;	3761

(h) Proceeds received from the issuance of the taxpayer's own

stock, options, warrants, puts, or calls, or from the sale of the	3763
taxpayer's treasury stock;	3764
(i) Proceeds received on the account of payments from	3765
insurance policies, except those proceeds received for the loss of	3766
business revenue;	3767
(j) Gifts or charitable contributions received; membership	3768
dues received by trade, professional, homeowners', or condominium	3769
associations; and payments received for educational courses,	3770
meetings, meals, or similar payments to a trade, professional, or	3771
other similar association; and fundraising receipts received by	3772
any person when any excess receipts are donated or used	3773
exclusively for charitable purposes;	3774
(k) Damages received as the result of litigation in excess of	3775
amounts that, if received without litigation, would be gross	3776
receipts;	3777
(1) Property, money, and other amounts received or acquired	3778
by an agent on behalf of another in excess of the agent's	3779
commission, fee, or other remuneration;	3780
(m) Tax refunds, other tax benefit recoveries, and	3781
reimbursements for the tax imposed under this chapter made by	3782
entities that are part of the same combined taxpayer or	3783
consolidated elected taxpayer group, and reimbursements made by	3784
entities that are not members of a combined taxpayer or	3785
consolidated elected taxpayer group that are required to be made	3786
for economic parity among multiple owners of an entity whose tax	3787
obligation under this chapter is required to be reported and paid	3788
entirely by one owner, pursuant to the requirements of sections	3789
5751.011 and 5751.012 of the Revised Code;	3790
(n) Pension reversions:	3791

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(o) Contributions to capital;	3792
(p) Sales or use taxes collected as a vendor or an	3793
out-of-state seller on behalf of the taxing jurisdiction from a	3794
consumer or other taxes the taxpayer is required by law to collect	3795
directly from a purchaser and remit to a local, state, or federal	3796
tax authority;	3797
(q) In the case of receipts from the sale of cigarettes,	3798
tobacco products, or vapor products by a wholesale dealer, retail	3799
dealer, distributor, manufacturer, vapor distributor, or seller,	3800
all as defined in section 5743.01 of the Revised Code, an amount	3801
equal to the federal and state excise taxes paid by any person on	3802
or for such cigarettes, tobacco products, or vapor products under	3803
subtitle E of the Internal Revenue Code or Chapter 5743. of the	3804
Revised Code;	3805
(r) In the case of receipts from the sale, transfer,	3806
exchange, or other disposition of motor fuel as "motor fuel" is	3807
defined in section 5736.01 of the Revised Code, an amount equal to	3808
the value of the motor fuel, including federal and state motor	3809
fuel excise taxes and receipts from billing or invoicing the tax	3810
imposed under section 5736.02 of the Revised Code to another	3811
person;	3812
(s) In the case of receipts from the sale of beer or	3813
intoxicating liquor, as defined in section 4301.01 of the Revised	3814
Code, by a person holding a permit issued under Chapter 4301. or	3815
4303. of the Revised Code, an amount equal to federal and state	3816
excise taxes paid by any person on or for such beer or	3817
intoxicating liquor under subtitle E of the Internal Revenue Code	3818
or Chapter 4301. or 4305. of the Revised Code;	3819
(t) Receipts realized by a new motor vehicle dealer or used	3820
motor vehicle dealer, as defined in section 4517.01 of the Revised	3821

Code, from the sale or other transfer of a motor vehicle, as	3822
defined in that section, to another motor vehicle dealer for the	3823
purpose of resale by the transferee motor vehicle dealer, but only	3824
if the sale or other transfer was based upon the transferee's need	3825
to meet a specific customer's preference for a motor vehicle;	3826
(u) Receipts from a financial institution described in	3827
division (E)(3) of this section for services provided to the	3828
financial institution in connection with the issuance, processing,	3829
servicing, and management of loans or credit accounts, if such	3830
financial institution and the recipient of such receipts have at	3831
least fifty per cent of their ownership interests owned or	3832
controlled, directly or constructively through related interests,	3833
by common owners;	3834
(v) Receipts realized from administering anti-neoplastic	3835
drugs and other cancer chemotherapy, biologicals, therapeutic	3836
agents, and supportive drugs in a physician's office to patients	3837
with cancer;	3838
(w) Funds received or used by a mortgage broker that is not a	3839
dealer in intangibles, other than fees or other consideration,	3840
pursuant to a table-funding mortgage loan or warehouse-lending	3841
mortgage loan. Terms used in division $(F)(2)(w)$ of this section	3842
have the same meanings as in section 1322.01 of the Revised Code,	3843
except "mortgage broker" means a person assisting a buyer in	3844
obtaining a mortgage loan for a fee or other consideration paid by	3845
the buyer or a lender, or a person engaged in table-funding or	3846
warehouse-lending mortgage loans that are first lien mortgage	3847
loans.	3848
(x) Property, money, and other amounts received by a	3849
professional employer organization, as defined in section 4125.01	3850
of the Revised Code, or an alternate employer organization, as	3851

defined in section 4133.01 of the Revised Code, from a client	3852
employer, as defined in either of those sections as applicable, in	3853
excess of the administrative fee charged by the professional	3854
employer organization or the alternate employer organization to	3855
the client employer;	3856
(y) In the case of amounts retained as commissions by a	3857
permit holder under Chapter 3769. of the Revised Code, an amount	3858
equal to the amounts specified under that chapter that must be	3859
paid to or collected by the tax commissioner as a tax and the	3860
amounts specified under that chapter to be used as purse money;	3861
(z) Qualifying distribution center receipts as determined	3862
under section 5751.40 of the Revised Code-;	3863
(aa) Receipts of an employer from payroll deductions relating	3864
to the reimbursement of the employer for advancing moneys to an	3865
unrelated third party on an employee's behalf;	3866
(bb) Cash discounts allowed and taken;	3867
(cc) Returns and allowances;	3868
(dd) Bad debts from receipts on the basis of which the tax	3869
imposed by this chapter was paid in a prior quarterly tax payment	3870
period. For the purpose of this division, "bad debts" means any	3871
debts that have become worthless or uncollectible between the	3872
preceding and current quarterly tax payment periods, have been	3873
uncollected for at least six months, and that may be claimed as a	3874
deduction under section 166 of the Internal Revenue Code and the	3875
regulations adopted under that section, or that could be claimed	3876
as such if the taxpayer kept its accounts on the accrual basis.	3877
"Bad debts" does not include repossessed property, uncollectible	3878
amounts on property that remains in the possession of the taxpayer	3879
until the full purchase price is paid, or expenses in attempting	3880

to collect any account receivable or for any portion of the debt	3881
recovered÷.	3882
(ee) Any amount realized from the sale of an account	3883
receivable to the extent the receipts from the underlying	3884
transaction giving rise to the account receivable were included in	3885
the gross receipts of the taxpayer;	3886
(ff) Any receipts directly attributed to a transfer agreement	3887
or to the enterprise transferred under that agreement under	3888
section 4313.02 of the Revised Code-:	3889
(gg) Qualified uranium receipts as determined under section	3890
5751.41 of the Revised Code-:	3891
(hh) In the case of amounts collected by a licensed casino	3892
operator from casino gaming, amounts in excess of the casino	3893
operator's gross casino revenue. In this division, "casino	3894
operator" and "casino gaming" have the meanings defined in section	3895
3772.01 of the Revised Code, and "gross casino revenue" has the	3896
meaning defined in section 5753.01 of the Revised Code.	3897
(ii) Receipts realized from the sale of agricultural	3898
commodities by an agricultural commodity handler, both as defined	3899
in section 926.01 of the Revised Code, that is licensed by the	3900
director of agriculture to handle agricultural commodities in this	3901
state- <u>;</u>	3902
(jj) Qualifying integrated supply chain receipts as	3903
determined under section 5751.42 of the Revised Code $\pm i$	3904
(kk) In the case of a railroad company described in division	3905
(D)(9) of section 5727.01 of the Revised Code that purchases dyed	3906
diesel fuel directly from a supplier as defined by section 5736.01	3907
of the Revised Code, an amount equal to the product of the number	3908
of gallons of dved diesel fuel purchased directly from such a	3909

supplier multiplied by the average wholesale price for a gallon of	3910
diesel fuel as determined under section 5736.02 of the Revised	3911
Code for the period during which the fuel was purchased multiplied	3912
by a fraction, the numerator of which equals the rate of tax	3913
levied by section 5736.02 of the Revised Code less the rate of tax	3914
computed in section 5751.03 of the Revised Code, and the	3915
denominator of which equals the rate of tax computed in section	3916
5751.03 of the Revised Code+:	3917
(ll) Receipts realized by an out-of-state disaster business	3918
from disaster work conducted in this state during a disaster	3919
response period pursuant to a qualifying solicitation received by	3920
the business. Terms used in division (F)(2)(11) of this section	3921
have the same meanings as in section 5703.94 of the Revised Code.	3922
(mm) In the case of receipts from the sale or transfer of a	3923
mortgage-backed security or a mortgage loan by a mortgage lender	3924
holding a valid certificate of registration issued under Chapter	3925
1322. of the Revised Code or by a person that is a member of the	3926
mortgage lender's consolidated elected taxpayer group, an amount	3927
equal to the principal balance of the mortgage loan- $:$	3928
(nn) Amounts of excess surplus of the state insurance fund	3929
received by the taxpayer from the Ohio bureau of workers'	3930
compensation pursuant to rules adopted under section 4123.321 of	3931
the Revised Code-:	3932
(oo) Except as otherwise provided in division (B) of section	3933
5751.091 of the Revised Code, receipts of a megaproject supplier	3934
from sales of tangible personal property directly to a megaproject	3935
operator in this state for use at the site of the megaproject	3936
operator's megaproject, provided that the sale occurs during the	3937
period that the megaproject operator has an agreement with the tax	3938
credit authority for the megaproject under division (D) of section	3939

122.17 of the Revised Code that remains in effect and has not	3940
expired or been terminated, and provided the megaproject supplier	3941
holds a certificate for such megaproject issued under section	3942
5751.052 of the Revised Code for the calendar year in which the	3943
sales are made and, if the megaproject supplier meets the	3944
requirements described in division (A)(13)(b) of section 122.17 of	3945
the Revised Code, the megaproject supplier holds a certificate for	3946
such megaproject issued under division (D)(11) of section 122.17	3947
of the Revised Code on the first day of that calendar year;	3948
(pp) Receipts from the sale of each new piece of capital	3949
equipment that has a cost in excess of one hundred million dollars	3950
and that is used at the site of a megaproject that satisfies the	3951
criteria described in division (A)(11)(a)(ii) of section 122.17 of	3952
the Revised Code, provided that the sale occurs during the period	3953
that a megaproject operator has an agreement for that megaproject	3954
with the tax credit authority under division (D) of section 122.17	3955
of the Revised Code that remains in effect and has not expired or	3956
been terminated;	3957
(qq) In the case of amounts collected by a sports gaming	3958
proprietor from sports gaming, amounts in excess of the	3959
proprietor's sports gaming receipts. As used in this division,	3960
"sports gaming proprietor" has the same meaning as in section	3961
3775.01 of the Revised Code and "sports gaming receipts" has the	3962
same meaning as in section 5753.01 of the Revised Code.	3963
(rr) Any receipts for which the tax imposed by this chapter	3964
is prohibited by the constitution or laws of the United States or	3965
the constitution of this state <u>;</u>	3966
(ss) Receipts from fees imposed under sections 128.41 and	3967
128.42 of the Revised Code.	3968
(3) In the case of a taxpayer when acting as a real estate	3969

broker, "gross receipts" includes only the portion of any fee for	3970
the service of a real estate broker, or service of a real estate	3971
salesperson associated with that broker, that is retained by the	3972
broker and not paid to an associated real estate salesperson or	3973
another real estate broker. For the purposes of this division,	3974
"real estate broker" and "real estate salesperson" have the same	3975
meanings as in section 4735.01 of the Revised Code.	3976
(4) A taxpayer's method of accounting for gross receipts for	3977
a tax period shall be the same as the taxpayer's method of	3978
accounting for federal income tax purposes for the taxpayer's	3979
federal taxable year that includes the tax period. If a taxpayer's	3980
method of accounting for federal income tax purposes changes, its	3981
method of accounting for gross receipts under this chapter shall	3982
be changed accordingly.	3983
(G) "Taxable gross receipts" means gross receipts sitused to	3984
this state under section 5751.033 of the Revised Code.	3985
(H) A person has "substantial nexus with this state" if any	3986
of the following applies. The person:	3987
(1) Owns or uses a part or all of its capital in this state;	3988
(2) Holds a certificate of compliance with the laws of this	3989
state authorizing the person to do business in this state;	3990
(3) Has bright-line presence in this state;	3991
(4) Otherwise has nexus with this state to an extent that the	3992
person can be required to remit the tax imposed under this chapter	3993
under the Constitution of the United States.	3994
(I) A person has "bright-line presence" in this state for a	3995
reporting period and for the remaining portion of the calendar	3996
year if any of the following applies. The person:	3997

(1) Has at any time during the calendar year property in this	3998
state with an aggregate value of at least fifty thousand dollars.	3999
For the purpose of division (I)(1) of this section, owned property	4000
is valued at original cost and rented property is valued at eight	4001
times the net annual rental charge.	4002
(2) Has during the calendar year payroll in this state of at	4003
least fifty thousand dollars. Payroll in this state includes all	4004
of the following:	4005
(a) Any amount subject to withholding by the person under	4006
section 5747.06 of the Revised Code;	4007
(b) Any other amount the person pays as compensation to an	4008
individual under the supervision or control of the person for work	4009
done in this state; and	4010
(c) Any amount the person pays for services performed in this	4011
state on its behalf by another.	4012
(3) Has during the calendar year taxable gross receipts of at	4013
least five hundred thousand dollars- $\underline{\cdot}$	4014
(4) Has at any time during the calendar year within this	4015
state at least twenty-five per cent of the person's total	4016
property, total payroll, or total gross receipts-:	4017
(5) Is domiciled in this state as an individual or for	4018
corporate, commercial, or other business purposes.	4019
(J) "Tangible personal property" has the same meaning as in	4020
section 5739.01 of the Revised Code.	4021
(K) "Internal Revenue Code" means the Internal Revenue Code	4022
of 1986, 100 Stat. 2085, 26 U.S.C. 1, as amended. Any term used in	4023
this chapter that is not otherwise defined has the same meaning as	4024
when used in a comparable context in the laws of the United States	4025

relating to federal income taxes unless a different meaning is	4026
clearly required. Any reference in this chapter to the Internal	4027
Revenue Code includes other laws of the United States relating to	4028
federal income taxes.	4029
(L) "Calendar quarter" means a three-month period ending on	4030
the thirty-first day of March, the thirtieth day of June, the	4031
thirtieth day of September, or the thirty-first day of December.	4032
(M) "Tax period" means the calendar quarter or calendar year	4033
on the basis of which a taxpayer is required to pay the tax	4034
imposed under this chapter.	4035
(N) "Calendar year taxpayer" means a taxpayer for which the	4036
tax period is a calendar year.	4037
(0) "Calendar quarter taxpayer" means a taxpayer for which	4038
the tax period is a calendar quarter.	4039
(P) "Agent" means a person authorized by another person to	4040
act on its behalf to undertake a transaction for the other,	4041
including any of the following:	4042
(1) A person receiving a fee to sell financial instruments;	4043
(2) A person retaining only a commission from a transaction	4044
with the other proceeds from the transaction being remitted to	4045
another person;	4046
(3) A person issuing licenses and permits under section	4047
1533.13 of the Revised Code;	4048
(4) A lottery sales agent holding a valid license issued	4049
under section 3770.05 of the Revised Code;	4050
(5) A person acting as an agent of the division of liquor	4051
control under section 4301.17 of the Revised Code.	4052
(0) "Received" includes amounts accrued under the accrual	4053

4054 method of accounting. (R) "Reporting person" means a person in a consolidated 4055 elected taxpayer or combined taxpayer group that is designated by 4056 that group to legally bind the group for all filings and tax 4057 liabilities and to receive all legal notices with respect to 4058 matters under this chapter, or, for the purposes of section 4059 5751.04 of the Revised Code, a separate taxpayer that is not a 4060 member of such a group. 4061 (S) "Megaproject," "megaproject operator," and "megaproject 4062 supplier" have the same meanings as in section 122.17 of the 4063 Revised Code. 4064 Section 130.61. That existing sections 128.01, 128.02, 4065 128.021, 128.022, 128.03, 128.06, 128.07, 128.08, 128.12, 128.18, 4066 128.22, 128.25, 128.26, 128.27, 128.32, 128.34, 128.40, 128.42, 4067 128.44, 128.45, 128.46, 128.461, 128.462, 128.47, 128.52, 128.54, 4068 128.55, 128.57, 128.60, 128.63, 128.99, 149.43, 4776.20, 5703.052, 4069 5733.55, and 5751.01 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed. 4070 Section 130.62. That sections 128.04, 128.09, 128.15, 4071 128.571, 4742.01, 4742.02, 4742.03, 4742.04, 4742.05, 4742.06, and 4072 4742.07 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed. 4073 Section 130.63. Not later than February 1, 2025, the Auditor 4074 of State shall conduct an audit and issue a report to the General 4075 Assembly regarding the collection of the next generation 9-1-1 4076 access fees under section 128.41 of the Revised Code. The audit 4077 shall determine whether the obligations of the 9-1-1 Government 4078 Assistance Fund and the Next Generation 9-1-1 Fund can be met with 4079 a lower monthly next generation 9-1-1 access fee or if the monthly 4080

fee should be increased or remain unchanged.

Section 130.65. Section 149.43 of the Revised Code is	4082
presented in this act as a composite of the section as amended by	4083
H.B. 45, H.B. 99, H.B. 254, H.B. 343, H.B. 558, and S.B. 288, all	4084
of the 134th General Assembly. The General Assembly, applying the	4085
principle stated in division (B) of section 1.52 of the Revised	4086
Code that amendments are to be harmonized and reconciled if	4087
reasonably capable of simultaneous operation, finds that the	4088
composite is the resulting version of the section in effect prior	4089
to the effective date of the section as presented in this act."	4090

The motion was _____ agreed to.

SYNOPSIS

9-1-1 Steering Committee and definition changes	4091
R.C. 128.01 and 128.02	4092
Makes a number of changes to existing definitions governing	4093
emergency services communications.	4094
Renames the "Emergency Services Internet Protocol Network	4095
Steering Committee" to the "9-1-1 Steering Committee" (Steering	4096
Committee) and does the following:	4097
Requires the Steering Committee to advise and recommend	4098
policies or procedures to effectively govern a statewide next	4099
generation 9-1-1 (NG 9-1-1) system.	4100
Requires each entity operating a public safety answering	4101
point (PSAP) to cooperate with the Steering Committee and provide	4102
them with certain data.	4103
Makes other changes regarding Steering Committee and	4104

CC0110X4 **Page 142** 4105 subcommittee operations. Rules and guidelines 4106 R.C. 128.021 and 128.022 4107 Requires all PSAPs that answer 9-1-1 calls for service to be 4108 subject to the PSAP operation rules, with a two-year compliance 4109 window for PSAPs not originally subject to the rules to become 4110 compliant. 4111 Requires the Steering Committee to establish guidelines for 4112 the Tax Commissioner regarding disbursing and using funds from the 4113 9-1-1 Government Assistance Fund and the NG 9-1-1 fund. 4114 Requires the Steering Committee to periodically review and 4115 adjust the guidelines, and to report the changes to the Department 4116 of Taxation six months before they take effect. 4117 Countywide 9-1-1 system 4118 R.C. 128.02, 128.03, and 128.05 4119 Requires a countywide 9-1-1 system to include all of the 4120 territory of the townships and municipal corporations, including 4121 portions that extend into an adjacent county. 4122 Allows a countywide 9-1-1 system to be either an enhanced or 4123 NG 9-1-1 system, or some combination of the two, and must be 4124 designed to provide access to emergency services from all 4125 connected communications sources. 4126 Allows for a countywide 9-1-1 system to be provided directly 4127 by the county, by a regional council of governments (RCOG), or by 4128 connecting directly to the statewide NG 9-1-1 system for call 4129 routing and core services. 4130 Requires each county to appoint a county 9-1-1 coordinator to 4131 serve as the administrative coordinator for all PSAPs

CC0110X4 Page 143 4133 participating in a countywide 9-1-1 system final plan, and to 4134 serve as liaison with other county coordinators and the 9-1-1 4135 Program Office. Requires the entity operating a PSAP to provide the Steering 4136 Committee the geographic location and population of the area for 4137 which the entity is responsible. 4138 County 9-1-1 Program Review Committee 4139 R.C. 128.06 4140 Requires each county to maintain a county 9-1-1 Program 4141 Review Committee consisting of six voting members. 4142 4143 Changes the provisions governing who may be members of the Review Committee. 4144 Requires the Review Committee to consist of five members in 4145 counties with fewer than five townships, containing more than one 4146 PSAP, and a population in excess of 750,000. 4147 Requires the Review Committee to consist of three members in 4148 counties that contain only one PSAP, or if the PSAP is operated by 4149 the board of county commissioners, then the board will serve as 4150 the Committee. 4151 Requires each Review Committee to maintain and amend a final 4152 plan for implementing and operating a countywide 9-1-1 system. 4153 Requires each Review Committee to convene at least once 4154 annually for the purposes of maintaining or amending a final plan 4155 and requires any amendment to the final plan to receive a 4156 two-thirds vote of the Committee. 4157 Requires, not later than first day of March each year, each 4158 Review Committee to submit a report to the political subdivisions 4159

within the county and to the 9-1-1 Program Office detailing the

sources and amounts of revenue expended to support, and all costs	4161
incurred to operate, the countywide 9-1-1 system.	4162
Countywide final plan	4163
Councywide linal plan	4103
R.C. 128.07 and 128.12	4164
Makes various changes regarding countywide final plan,	4165
including changing the final plan requirements to:	4166
Specify how the PSAPs will be connected to a county's	4167
preferred NG 9-1-1 system;	4168
Require either enhanced 9-1-1 or NG 9-1-1 service,	4169
repealing the ability to allow basic 9-1-1 service to be provided.	4170
Detail how originating service providers must connect to	4171
the core 9-1-1 system identified by the final plan, and what	4172
methods will be used by the providers to communicate with the	4173
system;	4174
Describe the capability of transferring or otherwise	4175
relaying information to the entity that directly dispatches	4176
emergency services should a PSAP not directly dispatch needed	4177
services;	4178
Explains how each emergency service provider (ESP) will	4179
respond to a misdirected call or a false caller location, or if	4180
the call fails to meet FCC or other accepted national standards.	4181
Requires, not later than six months after the bill's	4182
effective date, each county Review Committee to file a copy of its	4183
current final plan with the 9-1-1 Program Office and requires any	4184
revisions or amendments to be filed no later than 90 days after	4185
adoption.	4186
Requires an amended final plan whenever there is an upgrade	4187
to the countywide 9-1-1 system, and whenever there is a change or	4188

removal of a 9-1-1 system service provider as a participant in the	4189
countywide 9-1-1 system.	4190
Repeals the requirement that an entity wishing to be added as	4191
a participant in a 9-1-1 system to file a letter of intent to the	4192
board of county commissioners.	4193
NG 9-1-1 core services system	4194
R.C. 128.20 and 128.21	4195
Requires the 9-1-1 Program Office to coordinate and manage a	4196
statewide NG 9-1-1 core services system, which must be capable of	4197
providing the following services:	4198
Providing 9-1-1 core services for all Ohio counties, over	4199
land and water;	4200
Routing all 9-1-1 traffic using location and policy-based	4201
routing to legacy enhanced 9-1-1, NG 9-1-1, and local NG 9-1-1	4202
PSAPs;	4203
Providing access to emergency services from all connected	4204
communications sources and provide multimedia data capabilities	4205
for PSAPs and other emergency service organizations.	4206
Repeals the requirement that the 9-1-1 Program Office	4207
Administrator report directly to the State Chief Information	4208
Officer.	4209
Requires the Statewide Emergency Services Internet Protocol	4210
Network (ESINET) that supports the statewide NG 9-1-1 core	4211
services system to be capable of being shared by all public safety	4212
agencies.	4213
Permits the ESINET to be constructed from a mix of dedicated	4214
and shared facilities and may be interconnected with a local,	4215
regional, state, federal, or international system to form an	4216

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internet-protocol-based internetwork, or network of networks.	4217
Ohio 9-1-1 plan	4218
R.C. 128.211	4219
Requires, not later than six months after the bill's	4220
effective date, the 9-1-1 Program Office to draft, submit, or	4221
update an Ohio 9-1-1 plan to the Steering Committee, which must	4222
include the following:	4223
A plan to address amendments made by the bill;	4224
Specify details regarding interoperability among counties,	4225
the states bordering Ohio, and Canada;	4226
A progression plan for the system for sustainability within	4227
the funding method provided by the bill.	4228
Requires the Steering Committee to review and permits it to	4229
make a determination on approval of the plan within six months	4230
after it was submitted.	4231
Letter of coordination	4232
R.C. 128.212	4233
Requires any Ohio entity operating a 9-1-1 system, ESINET, or	4234
PSAP that seeks a state or federal 9-1-1 grant to present a letter	4235
of coordination, containing certain information required by the	4236
bill, from the 9-1-1 Program Office.	4237
Requires a letter of coordination to state all of the	4238
following:	4239
Who the submitting entity is;	4240
The specific grantor identification;	4241
The amount of the grant;	4242
The intended use of the grant;	4243

The system, equipment, software, or any component to be	4244
procured with the grant;	4245
The system, equipment, software, or component and the	4246
purpose of the grant does not inhibit, conflict, or reduce	4247
interoperability with the statewide NG 9-1-1 core services system	4248
and ESINET and is consistent with the Ohio 9-1-1 plan.	4249
State 9-1-1 Program Office powers	4250
R.C. 128.22	4251
Allows the 9-1-1 Program Office to do the following:	4252
Expend funds from the 9-1-1 Program Fund for 9-1-1 public	4253
education purposes;	4254
Ensure an effective statewide interconnected 9-1-1 system	4255
model through coordination, adoption, and communication of all	4256
necessary technical and operational standards and requirements;	4257
Collect and distribute data from, and to, PSAPs, service	4258
providers, and ESPs regarding both the status and operation of the	4259
statewide 9-1-1 system, and certain location information;	4260
Ensure that data collection and distribution meets legal	4261
privacy and confidentiality requirements;	4262
With advice from the 9-1-1 Steering Committee, enter into	4263
interlocal, interstate, intrastate, and federal contracts to	4264
implement statewide 9-1-1 services.	4265
Data protection	4266
R.C. 128.221	4267
Protects all statewide 9-1-1 system data in accordance with	4268
relevant Ohio law and grants the Steering Committee jurisdiction	4269
over the use of that data for purposes of 9-1-1.	4270

Allows for data and information that contributes to more	4271
effective 9-1-1 services and emergency response to be accessed and	4272
shared among 9-1-1 and emergency response functions.	4273
Telecommunication service providers	4274
R.C 128.23	4275
Requires every telecommunication service provider able to	4276
generate 9-1-1 traffic to do the following:	4277
Register with the 9-1-1 Program Office and provide the	4278
Program Office a single point of contact who has authority to	4279
assist in location-data discrepancies;	4280
Provide accurate and valid location data for all 9-1-1	4281
traffic to ensure proper routing to the most appropriate PSAP or	4282
local NG 9-1-1 system.	4283
Requires service providers to correct any discrepancy in	4284
location data within 72 hours if notified by the Program Office.	4285
Subjects all the data described above to all applicable	4286
privacy laws and exempts it from being a public record under	4287
Ohio's public record law.	4288
Multiline telephone systems	4289
R.C. 128.24	4290
Requires each operator of a multiline telephone system (MTS)	4291
that was installed or substantially renovated on or after the	4292
bill's effective date to do the following:	4293
Provide the end user the same level of 9-1-1 service that	4294
is provided to other intrastate end users of 9-1-1, which includes	4295
legacy automatic number identification and automatic location	4296
identification (ALI) or NG 9-1-1 location data;	4297

Provide an emergency-response-location identifier as part	4298
of the location transmission to the PSAP using legacy	4299
private-switch ALI or NG 9-1-1 methodologies;	4300
Identify the caller's specific location using an emergency	4301
response location that includes the public street address of the	4302
building from which the call originated and other specific	4303
location data.	4304
Provide locations that are either	4305
master-street-address-guide valid or NG	4306
9-1-1-location-validation-function valid.	4307
Exempts from the above requirements MTS in a workspace of	4308
less than 7,000 square feet in a single building, on a single	4309
level of a structure, and having a single public street address.	4310
Business service user	4311
R.C. 128.241 and 128.242	4312
R.C. 128.241 and 128.242 Requires, not later than one year after the bill's effective	4312 4313
Requires, not later than one year after the bill's effective	4313
Requires, not later than one year after the bill's effective date, a business service user (BSU) that provides residential or	4313 4314
Requires, not later than one year after the bill's effective date, a business service user (BSU) that provides residential or business facilities, owns or controls a MTS or voice over internet	4313 4314 4315
Requires, not later than one year after the bill's effective date, a business service user (BSU) that provides residential or business facilities, owns or controls a MTS or voice over internet protocol (VOIP) system in those facilities, and provides outbound	4313 4314 4315 4316
Requires, not later than one year after the bill's effective date, a business service user (BSU) that provides residential or business facilities, owns or controls a MTS or voice over internet protocol (VOIP) system in those facilities, and provides outbound dialing capacity from those facilities, to ensure the following:	4313 4314 4315 4316 4317
Requires, not later than one year after the bill's effective date, a business service user (BSU) that provides residential or business facilities, owns or controls a MTS or voice over internet protocol (VOIP) system in those facilities, and provides outbound dialing capacity from those facilities, to ensure the following: For a MTS that can initiate a 9-1-1 call, the system is	4313 4314 4315 4316 4317 4318
Requires, not later than one year after the bill's effective date, a business service user (BSU) that provides residential or business facilities, owns or controls a MTS or voice over internet protocol (VOIP) system in those facilities, and provides outbound dialing capacity from those facilities, to ensure the following: For a MTS that can initiate a 9-1-1 call, the system is connected so a caller using 9-1-1 is connected to the PSAP without	4313 4314 4315 4316 4317 4318 4319
Requires, not later than one year after the bill's effective date, a business service user (BSU) that provides residential or business facilities, owns or controls a MTS or voice over internet protocol (VOIP) system in those facilities, and provides outbound dialing capacity from those facilities, to ensure the following: For a MTS that can initiate a 9-1-1 call, the system is connected so a caller using 9-1-1 is connected to the PSAP without requiring the user to dial any additional digit or code;	4313 4314 4315 4316 4317 4318 4319 4320
Requires, not later than one year after the bill's effective date, a business service user (BSU) that provides residential or business facilities, owns or controls a MTS or voice over internet protocol (VOIP) system in those facilities, and provides outbound dialing capacity from those facilities, to ensure the following: For a MTS that can initiate a 9-1-1 call, the system is connected so a caller using 9-1-1 is connected to the PSAP without requiring the user to dial any additional digit or code; The system is configured to provide notification of any	4313 4314 4315 4316 4317 4318 4319 4320
Requires, not later than one year after the bill's effective date, a business service user (BSU) that provides residential or business facilities, owns or controls a MTS or voice over internet protocol (VOIP) system in those facilities, and provides outbound dialing capacity from those facilities, to ensure the following: For a MTS that can initiate a 9-1-1 call, the system is connected so a caller using 9-1-1 is connected to the PSAP without requiring the user to dial any additional digit or code; The system is configured to provide notification of any 9-1-1 call made through it to a centralized location on the same	4313 4314 4315 4316 4317 4318 4319 4320 4321 4322

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from the requirements described above if all of the following apply:	4326 4327
The requirements would be unduly and unreasonably burdensome;	4328 4329
The MTS or VOIP needs to be reprogrammed or replaced;	4330
The BSU made a good-faith attempt to reprogram or replace the system;	4331 4332
The BSU agrees to place an instructional sticker next to the telephones that explain how to access 9-1-1 and other information.	4333 4334 4335
Requires the BSU to submit an affidavit affirming that the conditions above apply and must include in the affidavit the manufacturer and model number of the system.	4336 4337 4338
Preemption R.C. 128.243	4339 4340
Specifies that the provisions described above ("Multiline telephone systems" and "Business service user") do not to apply if	4341 4342
they are preempted by, or in conflict with, federal law.	4343
Other requirements for 9-1-1 operation	4344
R.C. 128.25 to 128.28	4345
Requires the following regarding participation in statewide 9-1-1:	4346 4347
Counties must provide a single point of contact to the 9-1-1 Program Office that can assist in location-data discrepancies, 9-1-1 traffic misroutes, and boundary disputes	4348 4349 4350
between PSAPs;	4351
Counties or RCOGs (if applicable), not later than five	4352

years after the statewide NG 9-1-1 Core Services System is	4353
operationally available to all counties, provide NG 9-1-1 service	4354
for all areas to be covered as set forth in the county's final	4355
plan or the RCOG's agreement;	4356
A service provider operating within a county, or an area	4357
served by a RCOG, that is participating in the statewide NG $9-1-1$	4358
Core Services System, to deliver the 9-1-1 traffic that originates	4359
in that geographic area to the NG 9-1-1 core for that area;	4360
Service providers and counties participating in the	4361
statewide NG 9-1-1 core services system to adhere to the standards	4362
of the 9-1-1 Program Office, including standards created by the	4363
National Emergency Number Association and the Internet Engineering	4364
Task Force.	4365
Changes re: monthly charges	4366
*Wireless 9-1-1 charges	4367
R.C. 128.42 (renumbered 128.40), 128.462, 128.47, and 128.52	4368
Terminates, January 1, 2024, the wireless 9-1-1 charges	4369
imposed on both wireless service subscribers and customers,	4370
purchasing by retail sale, of prepaid wireless calling services.	4371
Exempts wireless lifeline service providers and subscribers	4372
from these charges prior to their termination.	4373
*NG 9-1-1 access fee	4374
R.C. 128.41 to 128.419; Section 130.63	4375
Replaces the wireless 9-1-1 charge (described above) with a	4376
NG 9-1-1 access fee of $$0.40$ per month for certain communications	4377
services in the state as follows:	4378
For wireless service, the fee is imposed for each wireless	4379
telephone number of a wireless service subscriber per month;	4380

For VOIP, the fee is imposed separately for each voice	4381
channel provided to the subscriber, not to exceed 100 separate	4382
voice channel fees per network. (The number of voice channels	4383
equals the number of outbound calls the subscriber can maintain at	4384
the same time using the system, but excludes a direct inward	4385
dialing number that routes an inbound call.);	4386
For MTS, the fee is imposed separately per line, with a	4387
maximum of 100 separate fees per building for a single subscriber.	4388
Provides that for communications services that share the same	4389
telephone number, the fee cannot exceed \$0.40 per month.	4390
Lowers the monthly NG 9-1-1 access fee for communications	4391
service to \$0.25 cents beginning October 1, 2025.	4392
Exempts the following from the NG 9-1-1 access fee:	4393
A subscriber of wireless lifeline service;	4394
Wholesale transactions between telecommunications service	4395
providers where the service is a component of a service provided	4396
to an end user, including network access and interconnection	4397
charges paid to a local exchange carrier.	4398
Specifies that a wireless service that is priced lower than	4399
\$5 per month is not subject to the NG 9-1-1 access fee.	4400
Requires service providers and resellers to collect the NG	4401
9-1-1 access fee as a separate designated specific line item on	4402
each subscriber's monthly bill or point of sale invoice.	4403
Requires, not later than February 1, 2025, the Auditor of	4404
State to conduct an audit regarding the collection of the next	4405
generation 9-1-1 access fees and to determine whether the monthly	4406
next generation 9-1-1 access fee should be decreased, increased,	4407
or remain unchanged.	4408

Requires the Auditor to deliver a report to the General	4409
Assembly detailing legislative recommendations concerning the NG	4410
9-1-1 access fee.	4411
*NG 9-1-1 access fee for prepaid wireless services	4412
R.C. 128.42, 128.421, 128.422, and 128.43	4413
Imposes, after the expiration of the wireless 9-1-1 charge, a	4414
separate NG 9-1-1 access fee of .005% of the sale price of a	4415
prepaid wireless calling service for retail sales that occur in	4416
Ohio.	4417
A prepaid wireless calling service priced below a \$10 single	4418
fee is not a retail sale subject to the NG 9-1-1 access fee.	4419
Requires the seller of the prepaid calling service to collect	4420
the NG 9-1-1 access fee from the customer and disclose the amount	4421
of the fee at the time of the retail sale in the same manner as	4422
the NG 9-1-1 access fee described above.	4423
Provides that the NG 9-1-1 access fee generally applies to	4424
the entire nonitemized price when a prepaid calling service is	4425
sold alongside other products or services for a single,	4426
nonitemized price.	4427
Exempts the NG 9-1-1 access fee from state and local	4428
taxation.	4429
Administration of charges or fees	4430
R.C. 128.44, 128.45, and 128.45 (renumbered 128.451)	4431
Directs the Tax Commissioner to provide notice of increases	4432
or decreases in the NG 9-1-1 access fees to all known wireless	4433
service providers, resellers, and sellers of prepaid wireless	4434
calling services.	4435
Instructs each optity required to collect the wireless 9-1-1	1126

charge or NG 9-1-1 access fee to keep complete and accurate	4437
records relating to sales with respect to the charges and fees.	4438
Requires all records kept by entities regarding wireless	4439
9-1-1 charges and NG 9-1-1 access fees be open to inspection by	4440
the Tax Commissioner during business hours and generally retained	4441
for four years.	4442
Collection of charges or fees	4443
R.C. 128.46 and 128.461	4444
Provides that NG 9-1-1 access fees are subject to the same	4445
collection processes and are subject to the same procedures as	4446
wireless 9-1-1 charges under current law.	4447
Removes the option of filing the required return using the	4448
Ohio Telefile system for the wireless 9-1-1 charges or NG 9-1-1	4449
access fee.	4450
Changes the name of the loose-leaf book that an appropriate	4451
court of common pleas clerk may enter judgement in following a	4452
final assessment against an entity regarding 9-1-1 charges and	4453
fees.	4454
9-1-1 funds and distribution of wireless 9-1-1 charges	4455
R.C. 128.54 and 128.99	4456
Removes "wireless" from the names of three of the four funds	4457
established to receive the wirelesss 9-1-1 charges and NG 9-1-1	4458
access fees to be the 9-1-1 Government Assistance Fund, 9-1-1	4459
Administrative Fund, and the 9-1-1 Program Fund.	4460
Changes deposits into the 9-1-1 Government Assistance Fund to	4461
be 72% of the 9-1-1 charges and fees instead of the current 97%.	4462
Changes deposits into the NG 9-1-1 Fund to be (1) 25% of the	4463
9-1-1 charges and fees, (2) interest earned on the NG 9-1-1 Fund,	4464

(3) any excess remaining in the 9-1-1 Government Assistance Fund	4465
and transferred by the Tax Commissioner at the direction of the	4466
Steering Committee, (4) any excess in the 9-1-1 Administrative	4467
Fund transferred by the Tax Commissioner, and (5) any fines	4468
recovered from a business service user regarding MTS system	4469
violations.	4470
Allows the Department of Administrative Services to move	4471
funds between the NG 9-1-1 fund and the 9-1-1 Government	4472
Assistance fund to ensure funding remains sustainable for both.	4473
Disbursements from the 9-1-1 funds	4474
R.C. 128.55	4475
Specifies that disbursements from the 9-1-1 Government	4476
Assistance Fund to each county treasurer must be made not later	4477
than the tenth day of the month succeeding the month in which the	4478
9-1-1 charges and fees are remitted.	4479
Requires the Department of Administrative Services to	4480
administer the NG 9-1-1 Fund, which fund must be used exclusively	4481
to pay costs of installing, maintaining, and operating the call	4482
routing and core services statewide NG 9-1-1 system.	4483
Allowable uses of disbursements	4484
R.C. 128.57	4485
Extends existing allowable costs of designing, upgrading,	4486
purchasing, leasing, programming, installing, testing, or	4487
maintaining the necessary data, hardware, software, and trunking	4488
required for PSAPs of the 9-1-1 system to the allowable costs for	4489
the provision of NG 9-1-1.	4490
Adds, as allowable costs, the costs for processing 9-1-1	4491
emergency calls from point of origin to include expenses for (1)	4492

interoperable bidirectional computer aided dispatch data transfers	4493
with other PSAPs or emergency services organizations and (2)	4494
transferring and receiving law enforcement, fire, and emergency	4495
medical service data via wireless or internet connections from	4496
PSAPs or emergency services organizations.	4497
Requires all funds from the NG 9-1-1 access fee to be used	4498
only for 9-1-1 related expenses.	4499
Specifies that costs to be paid by a county using a	4500
disbursement from the 9-1-1 Government Assistance Fund related to	4501
processing 9-1-1 emergency calls are exclusive of any mobile radio	4502
service costs.	4503
Tax Refund Fund	4504
R.C. 5703.052	4505
Includes NG 9-1-1 access fees among the fees and charges that	4506
may be refunded from the state's Tax Refund Fund if illegally or	4507
erroneously assessed, collected, or overpaid.	4508
Commercial Activity Tax	4509
R.C. 5751.01	4510
Specifies that receipts from NG 9-1-1 access fees imposed	4511
under the 9-1-1 provisions are not included as "gross receipts"	4512
under the commercial activity tax law.	4513
Civil liability	4514
R.C. 128.32 (renumbered 128.96)	4515
Extends protection from civil liability, with some	4516
exceptions, to 9-1-1 system service providers and their officers,	4517
directors, employees, agents, and suppliers for damages resulting	4518
from their 9-1-1 system duties or acts, or compliance with	4519
emergency-related information requests from state or local	4520

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government officials.	4521	
MTS penalties	4522	
R.C. 128.99	4523	
Imposes penalties ranging from \$1,000 to \$5,000 for a	4524	
violation of, or a failure to meet, certain requirements regarding	4525	
an MTS unless preempted or in conflict with federal law.	4526	
Other provisions of law repealed	4527	
R.C. 128.04, 128.06, 128.09, 128.15, 128.57, 128.571, 128.63,	4528	
4742.01 to 4742.07	4529	
Repeals provisions of law, including the provisions that:	4530	
Require each county to have a 9-1-1 technical advisory	4531	
committee;		
Allow a municipal corporation or township that contains at	4533	
least 30% of the county's population, or a group of contiguous	4534	
municipal corporations or townships, to establish, within their		
boundaries, a 9-1-1 system and to enter into an agreement with one		
or more telephone companies and repeals related provisions;	4537	
Require wireline service providers designated in a final	4538	
9-1-1 plan to install the wireline telephone network portion of		
the system within three years from the date the initial final plan		
and regarding the placement, maintenance, and design of county	4541	
9-1-1 system highway and road signs;	4542	
With one exception, limit to three the number of PSAPs	4543	
within a 9-1-1 system that may use disbursements from the Wireless	4544	
9-1-1 Government Assistance Fund;	4545	
Require the amounts of the wireless 9-1-1 charges to be	4546	
prescribed by the General Assembly;		

Establish provisions governing emergency service	4548	
telecommunicators (ESTs), the training program, curriculum,		
certification process, and continuing education requirements for		
ESTs and certain training for ESTs, who are PSAP employees,	4551	
handling calls 9-1-1 about an apparent drug overdose.		
Certain limitations on allowable costs for wireless		
enhanced 9-1-1 and the requirement that a RCOG operating a PSAP or		
a subdivision must consider the technical and operational		
standards before incurring the designing, upgrading, purchasing,		
leasing, and other costs listed in ongoing law.	4557	
Conforming changes		
R.C. 128.08, 128.40 (renumbered 128.20), 128.18 (renumbered	4559	
to 128.33), 128.22 (renumbered 128.35), 128.25 (renumbered		
128.37), 128.26 (renumbered 128.38), 128.27 (renumbered 128.39),	4561	
128.34 (renumbered 128.98), 128.60, 149.43, 4776.20, and 5733.55		
Makes conforming changes to the bill to reflect the changes	4563	
made to 9-1-1 law.		