S. B. No. 186 As Passed by the Senate

| moved to amend | as follows: |
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| In line 2 of the title, after "5713.18" insert ", 5715.01, 5715.012" | 1 |
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| In line 5 of the title, delete "and" and insert "," | 2 |
| In line 7 of the title, after "property" insert ", and to modify the | 3 |
| procedures used to value real property for tax purposes" | 4 |
| In line 9, after "5713.18" insert ", 5715.01, 5715.012" | 5 |
| After line 391, insert: | 6 |
| "Sec. 5715.01. (A) The tax commissioner shall direct and | 7 |
| supervise the assessment for taxation of all real property. The | 8 |
| commissioner shall adopt, prescribe, and promulgate rules for | 9 |
| the determination of true value and taxable value of real | 10 |
| property by uniform rule for such values and for the | 11 |
| determination of the current agricultural use value of land | 12 |
| devoted exclusively to agricultural use. | 13 |
| (1) The uniform rules shall prescribe methods of | 14 |
| determining the true value and taxable value of real property. | 15 |
| The rules shall provide that in determining the true value of | 16 |

Legislative Service Commission



lands or improvements thereon for tax purposes, all facts and circumstances relating to the value of the property, its availability for the purposes for which it is constructed or being used, its obsolete character, if any, the income capacity of the property, if any, and any other factor that tends to prove its true value shall be used. In determining the true value of minerals or rights to minerals for the purpose of real property taxation, the tax commissioner shall not include in the value of the minerals or rights to minerals the value of any tangible personal property used in the recovery of those minerals.

(2) The uniform rules shall prescribe the method for determining the current agricultural use value of land devoted exclusively to agricultural use, which method shall reflect standard and modern appraisal techniques that take into consideration the productivity of the soil under normal management practices, typical cropping and land use patterns, the average price patterns of the crops and products produced and the typical production costs to determine the net income potential to be capitalized, and other pertinent factors.

In determining the agricultural land capitalization rate to be applied to the net income potential from agricultural use, the commissioner shall use standard and modern appraisal techniques. In calculating the capitalization rate for any year, the commissioner shall comply with both of the following requirements:

(a) The commissioner shall use an equity yield rate equal
to the greater of (i) the average of the total rates of return
on farm equity for the twenty-five most recent years for which
those rates have been calculated and published by the United
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States department of agriculture economic research service or another published source or (ii) the loan interest rate the commissioner uses for that year to calculate the capitalization rate;

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(b) The commissioner shall assume that the holding period for agricultural land is twenty-five years for the purpose of computing buildup of equity or appreciation with respect to that land.

The commissioner shall add to the overall capitalization rate a tax additur. The sum of the overall capitalization rate and the tax additur shall represent as nearly as possible the rate of return a prudent investor would expect from an average or typical farm in this state considering only agricultural factors.

The commissioner shall annually determine and announce the overall capitalization rate, tax additur, agricultural land capitalization rate, and the individual components used in computing such amounts in a determination, finding, computation, or order of the commissioner published simultaneously with the commissioner's annual publication of the per-acre agricultural use values for each soil type.

- (3) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter and Chapter 5713. of the Revised Code, the current agricultural use value of land devoted exclusively to agricultural use shall equal the following amounts for the years specified:
- (a) In counties that undergo a reappraisal or triennial update in 20172025, the current agricultural use value of the land for each of the 2017, 2018, and 2019-2025, 2026, and 2027 tax years shall equal the sum-average of the following amounts_

| <pre>Code, and rules adopted pursuant to those sections:</pre> | 77 |
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| (i) The current agricultural use value of the land for | 78 |
| that tax year, as determined under this section and section | 79 |
| 5713.31 of the Revised Code, and rules adopted pursuant those | 80 |
| sections, without regard to the adjustment under division (A)(3) | 81 |
| (a) (ii) of this section; | 82 |
| (ii) One-half of the amount, if any, by which the value of | 83 |
| the land for the 2016 tax year, as determined under this | 84 |
| section, section 5713.31 of the Revised Code, and the rules | 85 |
| adopted pursuant those sections and issued by the tax | 86 |
| commissioner for counties undergoing a reappraisal or triennial | 87 |
| update in the 2016 tax year, exceeds the value determined under | 88 |
| division (A)(3)(a)(i) of this section The current agricultural | 89 |
| use value of the land for the 2024 tax year, as determined for | 90 |
| counties undergoing a reappraisal or triennial update in the | 91 |
| 2024 tax year; | 92 |
| (iii) The current agricultural use value of the land for | 93 |
| the 2023 tax year, as determined for counties undergoing a | 94 |
| reappraisal or triennial update in the 2023 tax year. | 95 |
| (b) In counties that undergo a reappraisal or triennial | 96 |
| update in 20182026, the current agricultural use value of the | 97 |
| land for each of the $\frac{2018, 2019, and 2020}{2026, 2027, and 2028}$ | 98 |
| tax years shall equal the <pre>sum average</pre> of the following amounts_ | 99 |
| determined under this section and section 5713.31 of the Revised | 100 |
| <pre>Code, and rules adopted pursuant to those sections:</pre> | 101 |
| (i) The current agricultural use value of the land for | 102 |
| that tax year, as determined under this section and section | 103 |
| 5713.31 of the Revised Code, and rules adopted pursuant those | 104 |

determined under this section and section 5713.31 of the Revised

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| sections, without regard to the adjustment under division (A)(3) | 105 |
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| (b) (ii) of this section; | 106 |
| (ii) One half of the amount, if any, by which the value of | 107 |
| the land for the 2017 tax year, as determined under this | 108 |
| section, section 5713.31 of the Revised Code, and the rules | 109 |
| adopted pursuant those sections and issued by the tax- | 110 |
| commissioner for counties undergoing a reappraisal or triennial | 111 |
| update in the 2017 tax year, exceeds the value determined under- | 112 |
| division (A)(3)(b)(i) of this section The current agricultural | 113 |
| use value of the land for the 2025 tax year, as determined for | 114 |
| counties undergoing a reappraisal or triennial update in the | 115 |
| 2025 tax year; | 116 |
| (iii) The current agricultural use value of the land for | 117 |
| the 2024 tax year, as determined for counties undergoing a | 118 |
| reappraisal or triennial update in the 2024 tax year. | 119 |
| (c) In counties that undergo a reappraisal or triennial | 120 |
| update in $\frac{2019}{2027}$, the current agricultural use value of the | 121 |
| land for each of the 2019, 2020, and 2021 2027, 2028, and 2029 | 122 |
| tax years shall equal the <pre>sum-average</pre> of the following amounts_ | 123 |
| determined under this section and section 5713.31 of the Revised | 124 |
| <pre>Code, and rules adopted pursuant to those sections:</pre> | 125 |
| (i) The current agricultural use value of the land for | 126 |
| that tax year, as determined under this section and section- | 127 |
| 5713.31 of the Revised Code, and rules adopted pursuant those | 128 |
| sections, without regard to the adjustment under division (A)(3) | 129 |
| (c) (ii) of this section; | 130 |
| (ii) One-half of the amount, if any, by which the value of | 131 |
| the land for the 2018 tax year, as determined under this | 132 |
| section, section 5713.31 of the Revised Code, and the rules | 133 |

| adopted pursuant those sections and issued by the tax- | 134 |
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| commissioner for counties undergoing a reappraisal or triennial | 135 |
| update in the 2018 tax year, exceeds the value determined under- | 136 |
| division (A)(3)(c)(i) of this section The current agricultural | 137 |
| use value of the land for the 2026 tax year, as determined for | 138 |
| counties undergoing a reappraisal or triennial update in the | 139 |
| 2026 tax year; | 140 |
| (iii) The current agricultural use value of the land for | 141 |
| the 2025 tax year, as determined for counties undergoing a | 142 |
| reappraisal or triennial update in the 2025 tax year. | 143 |
| (4) The uniform rules shall prescribe the method for | 144 |
| determining the value of federally subsidized residential rental | 145 |
| property through the use of a formula that accounts for the | 146 |
| following factors: | 147 |
| (a) Up to three years of operating income of the property, | 148 |
| which includes gross potential rent, and any income derived from | 149 |
| other sources as reported by the property owner to the county | 150 |
| auditor under section 5713.031 of the Revised Code. Operating | 151 |
| | |

which includes gross potential rent, and any income derived from other sources as reported by the property owner to the county auditor under section 5713.031 of the Revised Code. Operating income shall include an allowance for vacancy losses, which shall be presumed to be four per cent of gross potential rent, and unpaid rent losses, which shall be presumed to be three per cent of gross potential rent. These presumptive amounts may be exceeded with evidence demonstrating the actual income of the property.

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(b) Operating expenses of the property, which shall be
presumed to be forty-eight per cent of operating income plus
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utility expenses as reported by the property owner to the county
auditor under section 5713.031 of the Revised Code. Operating
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expenses shall also include replacement reserve fund or account
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contributions which shall be presumed to be five per cent of
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gross potential rent. These presumptive amounts may be exceeded with evidence demonstrating the actual expenses of the property. Real property taxes, depreciation, and amortization expenses and replacement of short-term capitalized assets shall be excluded from operating expenses.

(c) A market-appropriate, uniform capitalization rate plus a tax additur accounting for the real property tax rate of the property's location. For federally subsidized residential rental property described in division (A)(1) of section 5713.031 of the Revised Code, one percentage point shall be subtracted from the uniform capitalization rate.

The uniform rules shall also prescribe a minimum total value for federally subsidized residential rental property of five thousand dollars multiplied by the number of dwelling units comprising the property or one hundred fifty per cent of the property's unimproved land value, whichever is greater. The formula and other rules adopted by the commissioner pursuant to this division shall comply with Ohio Constitution, Article XII, Section 2.

As used in division (A)(4) of this section, "federally subsidized residential rental property" has the same meaning as in section 5713.031 of the Revised Code and "dwelling unit" has the same meaning as in section 5321.01 of the Revised Code.

(B) The taxable value shall be that per cent of true value
in money, or current agricultural use value in the case of land
valued in accordance with section 5713.31 of the Revised Code,
the commissioner by rule establishes, but it shall not exceed
thirty-five per cent. The uniform rules shall also prescribe
methods of making the appraisals set forth in section 5713.03 of
the Revised Code. The taxable value of each tract, lot, or

| parcel of real property and improvements thereon, determined in | 194 |
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| accordance with the uniform rules and methods prescribed | 195 |
| thereby, shall be the taxable value of the tract, lot, or parcel | 196 |
| for all purposes of sections 5713.01 to 5713.26, 5715.01 to | 197 |
| 5715.51, and 5717.01 to 5717.06 of the Revised Code. County | 198 |
| auditors shall, under the direction and supervision of the | 199 |
| commissioner, be the chief assessing officers of their | 200 |
| respective counties, and shall list and value the real property | 201 |
| within their respective counties for taxation in accordance with | 202 |
| this section and sections 5713.03 and 5713.31 of the Revised | 203 |
| Code and with such rules of the commissioner. There shall also | 204 |
| be a board in each county, known as the county board of | 205 |
| revision, which shall hear complaints and revise assessments of | 206 |
| real property for taxation. | 207 |
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(C) The commissioner shall neither adopt nor enforce any rule that requires true value for any tax year to be any value other than the true value in money on the tax lien date of such tax year or that requires taxable value to be obtained in any way other than by reducing the true value, or in the case of land valued in accordance with section 5713.31 of the Revised Code, its current agricultural use value, by a specified, uniform percentage.

Sec. 5715.012. The tax commissioner shall make salesassessment ratio studies of sales and assessments of real
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property for the purpose of determining the common level of
assessment of real property within the counties pursuant to
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section 5715.19 of the Revised Code and for the purpose of
equalization. Such
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(A) Division (A) of this section shall apply to all tax

years other than tax years 2025, 2026, and 2027. Sales
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224 <u>assessment ratio</u> studies shall be based on a representative sampling during the three years prior to the tax year to which 225 the sample is applied of open market arms' length sales by a 226 willing seller to a willing buyer for a current like use within 227 the class or classes of real property sampled by the board. 228 Where there are not sufficient arms' length sales to constitute 229 a representative sampling for such studies within a class, the 230 commissioner may also conduct appraisals of real property in 231 that class, which shall be a part of such studies. Such studies 232 and other information of the commissioner may be used by the 233 commissioner as guidelines, where applicable, in the 234 equalization of a class or classes of real property. Such 235 studies or other information of the commissioner shall not be 236 applied by the commissioner on a taxing district, countywide, or 237 statewide basis for the purpose of equalization unless the 238 commissioner first finds there are sufficient arms' length sales 239 for a like use included in the sample in a class, or arms' 240 length sales and appraisals conducted by the commissioner for a 241 like use included in the sample in a class, to provide an 242 indication that said sales or sales and appraisals in the class 243 are representative of all parcels in the class. 244

In addition, the commissioner shall make other studies of the value of real property within the counties which may be used as guidelines, where applicable, in the equalization of a class or classes of real property.

(B) Division (B) of this section shall apply to tax years

2025, 2026, and 2027. Sales-assessment ratio studies shall be

based on all open market arms' length sales during the three

calendar years prior to the tax year to which the study is

applied between a willing seller and a willing buyer for a

current like use within the class or classes of real property

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| studied. In conducting such studies, the commissioner shall not | 255 |
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| give more weight to sales occurring in any particular year | 256 |
| during that three-year period. The commissioner shall confirm | 257 |
| the sales data with data collected by county auditors. If the | 258 |
| number of arms' length sales for a like use within a class of | 259 |
| property in a county during that three-year period does not | 260 |
| equal at least five per cent of the total number of properties | 261 |
| in the county within that class, the commissioner may also | 262 |
| require that the county auditor conduct appraisals of real | 263 |
| property in that class, which shall be a part of such studies. | 264 |
| The commissioner shall use such studies and other information, | 265 |
| including current economic conditions, in the equalization of a | 266 |
| class or classes of real property. Such studies or other | 267 |
| information of the commissioner or a county auditor shall not be | 268 |
| applied by the commissioner on a taxing district, countywide, or | 269 |
| statewide basis for the purpose of equalization unless the | 270 |
| commissioner first finds there are sufficient arms' length sales | 271 |
| for a like use included in the sample in a class, or arms' | 272 |
| length sales and appraisals conducted by an auditor for a like | 273 |
| use included in the sample in a class, to provide an indication | 274 |
| that said sales or sales and appraisals in the class are | 275 |
| representative of all parcels in the class. | 276 |
| In addition, the commissioner shall collaborate with | 277 |
| county auditors to collect data and make other studies of the | 278 |
| value of real property within the counties, which may be used as | 279 |
| guidelines, where applicable, in the equalization of a class or | 280 |
| classes of real property." | 281 |
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The motion was _____ agreed to.

In line 917, after "5713.18" insert ", 5715.01, 5715.012"

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| SYNOPSIS | 283 |
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| Temporary property tax valuation changes | 284 |
| R.C. 5715.01 and 5715.012 | 285 |
| Temporarily revises, for tax years 2025, 2026, and 2027, | 286 |
| the information considered in the sales-assessment ratio studies | 287 |
| that the Department of Taxation uses to review property values. | 288 |
| Temporarily, for the same tax years, adjusts the current | 289 |
| agricultural use value (CAUV) of farmland for property tax | 290 |
| purposes. Instead of directly applying the CAUV formula, a | 291 |
| farm's CAUV at its next reappraisal or update will equal the | 292 |
| average of the formula value calculated for that year and the | 293 |
| values that would have been assigned if the land were in a | 294 |
| county that underwent a reappraisal or update in each of the | 295 |
| preceding two years. | 296 |