## As Passed by the House

## 135th General Assembly

# Regular Session 2023-2024

Am. H. B. No. 111

## Representatives LaRe, Miller, K.

Cosponsors: Representatives Troy, Creech, Carruthers, Johnson, Schmidt, Abrams, Williams, Galonski, Abdullahi, Brennan, Brown, Cross, Dell'Aquila, Dobos, Grim, Gross, Hall, Humphrey, Jarrells, John, Jones, Kick, Mathews, Merrin, Miller, J., Miranda, Mohamed, Oelslager, Patton, Pavliga, Plummer, Ray, Richardson, Rogers, Russo, Sweeney, Thomas, C., White, Willis, Young, T.

### A BILL

То	amend sections 2903.215, 2919.25, and 2929.14 of	1
	the Revised Code to increase the sentencing	2
	range for third degree felony domestic violence	3
	and to create a presumption in favor of a prison	4
	term for the offense.	5

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

<b>Section 1.</b> That sections 2903.215, 2919.25, and 2929.14 of	6
the Revised Code be amended to read as follows:	7
Sec. 2903.215. (A) As used in this section, "organization"	8
includes an entity that is a governmental employer.	9
(B) A corporation, association, or other organization that	10
employs two or more alleged victims of a violation of section	11
2903.21, <u>2923.211</u> 2903.211, or 2903.22 of the Revised Code or to	12
which two or more alleged victims of a violation of section	13
2903.21, <u>2923.211</u> 2903.211, or 2903.22 of the Revised Code belong	14
may file a motion for a temporary protection order pursuant to	15

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section 2903.213 of the Revised Code on behalf of the	16
corporation, association, or other organization if the violation	17
is based on words or conduct of the offender that are directed	18
at or identify the corporation, association, or other	19
organization.	20
(C) A corporation, association, or other organization that	21

- employs two or more alleged victims of a violation of section 22 2923.211 2903.211 of the Revised Code or to which two or more 23 alleged victims of a violation of section 2923.211 of 24 the Revised Code belong may file a petition for a protection 25 order pursuant to section 2903.214 of the Revised Code on behalf 26 of the corporation, association, or other organization if the 27 violation is based on words or conduct of the offender that are 28 directed at or identify the corporation, association, or other 29 organization. 30
- (D) An attorney who is licensed to practice law in this

  state, on behalf of the corporation, association, or other

  organization, may file an affidavit to provide sufficient

  evidentiary support for the issuance of a temporary protection

  order pursuant to section 2903.213 of the Revised Code or a

  protection order pursuant to section 2903.214 of the Revised

  Code.

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  Code.
- (E) Any temporary protection order issued pursuant to section 2903.213 of the Revised Code or any protection order issued pursuant to section 2903.214 of the Revised Code shall specify with particularity the location or persons to be protected by the temporary protection order or the protection order.
- Sec. 2919.25. (A) No person shall knowingly cause or 44 attempt to cause physical harm to a family or household member. 45

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- (B) No person shall recklessly cause serious physical harm 46 to a family or household member. 47
- (C) No person, by threat of force, shall knowingly cause a 48 family or household member to believe that the offender will 49 cause imminent physical harm to the family or household member. 50
- (D) (1) Whoever violates this section is guilty of domestic violence, and the court shall sentence the offender as provided in divisions (D) (2) to (6) of this section.
- (2) Except as otherwise provided in divisions (D)(3) to 54
  (5) of this section, a violation of division (C) of this section 55
  is a misdemeanor of the fourth degree, and a violation of 56
  division (A) or (B) of this section is a misdemeanor of the 57
  first degree. 58
- (3) Except as otherwise provided in division (D)(4) of this section, if the offender previously has pleaded quilty to or been convicted of domestic violence, a violation of an existing or former municipal ordinance or law of this or any other state or the United States that is substantially similar to domestic violence, a violation of section 2903.14, 2909.06, 2909.07, 2911.12, 2911.211, or 2919.22 of the Revised Code if the victim of the violation was a family or household member at the time of the violation, a violation of an existing or former municipal ordinance or law of this or any other state or the United States that is substantially similar to any of those sections if the victim of the violation was a family or household member at the time of the commission of the violation, or any offense of violence if the victim of the offense was a family or household member at the time of the commission of the offense, a violation of division (A) or (B) of this section is a felony of the fourth degree, and, if the offender knew that the

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victim of the violation was pregnant at the time of the 76 violation, the court shall impose a mandatory prison term on the 77 offender pursuant to division (D)(6) of this section, and a 78 violation of division (C) of this section is a misdemeanor of 79 the second degree.

- (4) If the offender previously has pleaded guilty to or 81 been convicted of two or more offenses of domestic violence or 82 two or more violations or offenses of the type described in 83 division (D)(3) of this section involving a person who was a 84 family or household member at the time of the violations or 85 offenses, a violation of division (A) or (B) of this section is 86 a felony of the third degree, and, if and there is a presumption 87 for a prison term for the offense, and a violation of division 88 (C) of this section is a misdemeanor of the first degree. If the 89 offender previously has pleaded quilty to or been convicted of 90 two or more offenses of domestic violence or two or more 91 violations or offenses of the type described in division (D)(3) 92 of this section involving a person who was a family or household 93 member at the time of the violations or offenses, and the 94 offender knew that the victim of the violation was pregnant at 95 the time of the violation, a violation of division (A) or (B) of 96 this section is a felony of the third degree, and the court 97 shall impose a mandatory prison term on the offender pursuant to 98 division (D)(6) of this section, and a violation of division (C) 99 of this section is a misdemeanor of the first degree. 100
- (5) Except as otherwise provided in division (D)(3) or (4) of this section, if the offender knew that the victim of the violation was pregnant at the time of the violation, a violation of division (A) or (B) of this section is a felony of the fifth degree, and the court shall impose a mandatory prison term on the offender pursuant to division (D)(6) of this section, and a

violation of division (C) of this section is a misdemeanor of	107
the third degree.	108
(6) If division (D)(3), (4), or (5) of this section	109
requires the court that sentences an offender for a violation of	110
division (A) or (B) of this section to impose a mandatory prison	111
term on the offender pursuant to this division, the court shall	112
impose the mandatory prison term as follows:	113
(a) If the violation of division (A) or (B) of this	114
section is a felony of the fourth or fifth degree, except as	115
otherwise provided in division (D)(6)(b) or (c) of this section,	116
the court shall impose a mandatory prison term on the offender	117
of at least six months.	118
(b) If the violation of division (A) or (B) of this	119
section is a felony of the fifth degree and the offender, in	120
committing the violation, caused serious physical harm to the	121
pregnant woman's unborn or caused the termination of the	122
pregnant woman's pregnancy, the court shall impose a mandatory	123
prison term on the offender of twelve months.	124
(c) If the violation of division (A) or (B) of this	125
section is a felony of the fourth degree and the offender, in	126
committing the violation, caused serious physical harm to the	127
pregnant woman's unborn or caused the termination of the	128
pregnant woman's pregnancy, the court shall impose a mandatory	129
prison term on the offender of at least twelve months.	130
(d) If the violation of division (A) or (B) of this	131
section is a felony of the third degree and the offender knew	132
that the victim of the violation was pregnant at the time of the	133
violation, except as otherwise provided in division (D)(6)(e) of	134

this section and notwithstanding the range of definite prison

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terms prescribed in division (A)(3) of section 2929.14 of the	136
Revised Code for a felony of the third degree, the court shall	137
impose a mandatory prison term on the offender of either a	138
definite term of <pre>six_twelve_months</pre> or one of the prison terms	139
prescribed in division $\frac{A}{A}$ (3) (b) (A) (3) (a) of section 2929.14 of	140
the Revised Code for felonies of the third degree.	141
(e) If the violation of division (A) or (B) of this	142
section is a felony of the third degree and the offender, in	143
committing the violation, caused serious physical harm to the	144
pregnant woman's unborn or caused the termination of the	145
pregnant woman's pregnancy, notwithstanding the range of	146
definite prison terms prescribed in division (A)(3) of section	147
2929.14 of the Revised Code for a felony of the third degree,	148
the court shall impose a mandatory prison term on the offender	149
of either a definite term of one year eighteen months or one of	150
the prison terms prescribed in division $\frac{(A)(3)(b)(A)(3)(a)}{(A)(a)(a)}$ of	151
section 2929.14 of the Revised Code for felonies of the third	152
degree.	153
(E) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary,	154
no court or unit of state or local government shall charge any	155
fee, cost, deposit, or money in connection with the filing of	156
charges against a person alleging that the person violated this	157
section or a municipal ordinance substantially similar to this	158
section or in connection with the prosecution of any charges so	159
filed.	160

(F) As used in this section and sections 2919.251 and

(1) "Family or household member" means any of the

2919.26 of the Revised Code:

following:

(a) Any of the following who is residing or has resided	165
with the offender:	166
(i) A spouse, a person living as a spouse, or a former	167
spouse of the offender;	168
(ii) A parent, a foster parent, or a child of the	169
offender, or another person related by consanguinity or affinity	170
to the offender;	171
(iii) A parent or a child of a spouse, person living as a	172
spouse, or former spouse of the offender, or another person	173
related by consanguinity or affinity to a spouse, person living	174
as a spouse, or former spouse of the offender.	175
(b) The natural parent of any child of whom the offender	176
is the other natural parent or is the putative other natural	177
parent.	178
(2) "Person living as a spouse" means a person who is	179
living or has lived with the offender in a common law marital	180
relationship, who otherwise is cohabiting with the offender, or	181
who otherwise has cohabited with the offender within five years	182
prior to the date of the alleged commission of the act in	183
question.	184
(3) "Pregnant woman's unborn" has the same meaning as	185
"such other person's unborn," as set forth in section 2903.09 of	186
the Revised Code, as it relates to the pregnant woman. Division	187
(C) of that section applies regarding the use of the term in	188
this section, except that the second and third sentences of	189
division (C)(1) of that section shall be construed for purposes	190
of this section as if they included a reference to this section	191
in the listing of Revised Code sections they contain.	192
(4) "Termination of the pregnant woman's pregnancy" has	193

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the same meaning as "unlawful termination of another's 194 pregnancy," as set forth in section 2903.09 of the Revised Code, 195 as it relates to the pregnant woman. Division (C) of that 196 section applies regarding the use of the term in this section, 197 except that the second and third sentences of division (C)(1) of 198 that section shall be construed for purposes of this section as 199 200 if they included a reference to this section in the listing of Revised Code sections they contain. 201

Sec. 2929.14. (A) Except as provided in division (B)(1), (B)(2), (B)(3), (B)(4), (B)(5), (B)(6), (B)(7), (B)(8), (B)(9), (B)(10), (B)(11), (E), (G), (H), (J), or (K) of this section or in division (D)(6) of section 2919.25 of the Revised Code and except in relation to an offense for which a sentence of death or life imprisonment is to be imposed, if the court imposing a sentence upon an offender for a felony elects or is required to impose a prison term on the offender pursuant to this chapter, the court shall impose a prison term that shall be one of the following:

(1) (a) For a felony of the first degree committed on or 212 after March 22, 2019, the prison term shall be an indefinite 213 214 prison term with a stated minimum term selected by the court of three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, or eleven years 215 and a maximum term that is determined pursuant to section 216 2929.144 of the Revised Code, except that if the section that 217 criminalizes the conduct constituting the felony specifies a 218 different minimum term or penalty for the offense, the specific 219 language of that section shall control in determining the 220 minimum term or otherwise sentencing the offender but the 221 minimum term or sentence imposed under that specific language 222 shall be considered for purposes of the Revised Code as if it 223 had been imposed under this division. 224

- (b) For a felony of the first degree committed prior to 225
  March 22, 2019, the prison term shall be a definite prison term 226
  of three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, or eleven 227
  years. 228
- (2) (a) For a felony of the second degree committed on or 229 after March 22, 2019, the prison term shall be an indefinite 230 prison term with a stated minimum term selected by the court of 231 two, three, four, five, six, seven, or eight years and a maximum 232 term that is determined pursuant to section 2929.144 of the 233 Revised Code, except that if the section that criminalizes the 234 conduct constituting the felony specifies a different minimum 235 term or penalty for the offense, the specific language of that 236 section shall control in determining the minimum term or 237 otherwise sentencing the offender but the minimum term or 238 sentence imposed under that specific language shall be 239 considered for purposes of the Revised Code as if it had been 240 imposed under this division. 241
- (b) For a felony of the second degree committed prior to 242 March 22, 2019, the prison term shall be a definite term of two, 243 three, four, five, six, seven, or eight years. 244
- (3) (a) For a felony of the third degree that is a 245 violation of section 2903.06, 2903.08, 2907.03, 2907.04, 246 2907.05, 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323, 2919.25, or 3795.04 of 247 the Revised Code, that is a violation of division (A) of section 248 4511.19 of the Revised Code if the offender previously has been 249 convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of division (A) of 250 that section that was a felony, or that is a violation of 251 section 2911.02 or 2911.12 of the Revised Code if the offender 252 previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty in two or 253 more separate proceedings to two or more violations of section 254

2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11, or 2911.12 of the Revised Code, the	255
prison term shall be a definite term of twelve, eighteen,	256
twenty-four, thirty, thirty-six, forty-two, forty-eight, fifty-	257
four, or sixty months.	258
(b) For a felony of the third degree that is not an	259
offense for which division (A)(3)(a) of this section applies,	260
the prison term shall be a definite term of nine, twelve,	261
eighteen, twenty-four, thirty, or thirty-six months.	262
(4) For a felony of the fourth degree, the prison term	263
shall be a definite term of six, seven, eight, nine, ten,	264
eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen,	265
or eighteen months.	266
(5) For a felony of the fifth degree, the prison term	267
shall be a definite term of six, seven, eight, nine, ten,	268
eleven, or twelve months.	269
(B)(1)(a) Except as provided in division (B)(1)(e) of this	270
section, if an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to	271
a felony also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	272
specification of the type described in section 2941.141,	273
2941.144, or 2941.145 of the Revised Code, the court shall	274
impose on the offender one of the following prison terms:	275
(i) A prison term of six years if the specification is of	276
the type described in division (A) of section 2941.144 of the	277
Revised Code that charges the offender with having a firearm	278
that is an automatic firearm or that was equipped with a firearm	279
muffler or suppressor on or about the offender's person or under	280
the offender's control while committing the offense;	281
(ii) A prison term of three years if the specification is	282
of the type described in division (A) of section 2941.145 of the	283

Revised Code that charges the offender with having a firearm on	284
or about the offender's person or under the offender's control	285
while committing the offense and displaying the firearm,	286
brandishing the firearm, indicating that the offender possessed	287
the firearm, or using it to facilitate the offense;	288
(iii) A prison term of one year if the specification is of	289
the type described in division (A) of section 2941.141 of the	290
Revised Code that charges the offender with having a firearm on	291
or about the offender's person or under the offender's control	292
while committing the offense;	293
(iv) A prison term of nine years if the specification is	294
of the type described in division (D) of section 2941.144 of the	295
Revised Code that charges the offender with having a firearm	296
that is an automatic firearm or that was equipped with a firearm	297
muffler or suppressor on or about the offender's person or under	298
the offender's control while committing the offense and	299
specifies that the offender previously has been convicted of or	300
pleaded guilty to a specification of the type described in	301
section 2941.141, 2941.144, 2941.145, 2941.146, or 2941.1412 of	302
the Revised Code;	303
(v) A prison term of fifty-four months if the	304
specification is of the type described in division (D) of	305
section 2941.145 of the Revised Code that charges the offender	306
with having a firearm on or about the offender's person or under	307
the offender's control while committing the offense and	308
displaying the firearm, brandishing the firearm, indicating that	309
the offender possessed the firearm, or using the firearm to	310
facilitate the offense and that the offender previously has been	311
convicted of or pleaded guilty to a specification of the type	312

described in section 2941.141, 2941.144, 2941.145, 2941.146, or

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#### 2941.1412 of the Revised Code;

- (vi) A prison term of eighteen months if the specification 315 is of the type described in division (D) of section 2941.141 of 316 the Revised Code that charges the offender with having a firearm 317 on or about the offender's person or under the offender's 318 control while committing the offense and that the offender 319 previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a 320 specification of the type described in section 2941.141, 321 2941.144, 2941.145, 2941.146, or 2941.1412 of the Revised Code. 322
- (b) If a court imposes a prison term on an offender under division (B)(1)(a) of this section, the prison term shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, division (A)(2) or (3) of section 2967.193 or 2967.194, or any other provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code. Except as provided in division (B)(1)(g) of this section, a court shall not impose more than one prison term on an offender under division (B)(1) (a) of this section for felonies committed as part of the same act or transaction.
- (c) (i) Except as provided in division (B) (1) (e) of this 332 section, if an offender who is convicted of or pleads quilty to 333 a violation of section 2923.161 of the Revised Code or to a 334 felony that includes, as an essential element, purposely or 335 knowingly causing or attempting to cause the death of or 336 physical harm to another, also is convicted of or pleads quilty 337 to a specification of the type described in division (A) of 338 section 2941.146 of the Revised Code that charges the offender 339 with committing the offense by discharging a firearm from a 340 motor vehicle other than a manufactured home, the court, after 341 imposing a prison term on the offender for the violation of 342 section 2923.161 of the Revised Code or for the other felony 343

offense under division (A), (B)(2), or (B)(3) of this section,	344
shall impose an additional prison term of five years upon the	345
offender that shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20,	346
division (A)(2) or (3) of section 2967.193 or 2967.194, or any	347
other provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised	348
Code.	349

(ii) Except as provided in division (B)(1)(e) of this 350 section, if an offender who is convicted of or pleads quilty to 351 a violation of section 2923.161 of the Revised Code or to a 352 353 felony that includes, as an essential element, purposely or knowingly causing or attempting to cause the death of or 354 physical harm to another, also is convicted of or pleads guilty 355 to a specification of the type described in division (C) of 356 section 2941.146 of the Revised Code that charges the offender 357 with committing the offense by discharging a firearm from a 358 motor vehicle other than a manufactured home and that the 359 offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a 360 specification of the type described in section 2941.141, 361 2941.144, 2941.145, 2941.146, or 2941.1412 of the Revised Code, 362 the court, after imposing a prison term on the offender for the 363 violation of section 2923.161 of the Revised Code or for the 364 other felony offense under division (A), (B)(2), or (3) of this 365 section, shall impose an additional prison term of ninety months 366 upon the offender that shall not be reduced pursuant to section 367 2929.20, division (A)(2) or (3) of section 2967.193 or 2967.194, 368 or any other provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the 369 Revised Code. 370

(iii) A court shall not impose more than one additional 371 prison term on an offender under division (B)(1)(c) of this 372 section for felonies committed as part of the same act or 373 transaction. If a court imposes an additional prison term on an 374

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offender under division (B)(1)(c) of this section relative to an offense, the court also shall impose a prison term under division (B)(1)(a) of this section relative to the same offense, provided the criteria specified in that division for imposing an additional prison term are satisfied relative to the offender and the offense.

- (d) If an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to 381 an offense of violence that is a felony also is convicted of or 382 pleads quilty to a specification of the type described in 383 section 2941.1411 of the Revised Code that charges the offender 384 with wearing or carrying body armor while committing the felony 385 offense of violence, the court shall impose on the offender an 386 additional prison term of two years. The prison term so imposed 387 shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, division (A) 388 (2) or (3) of section 2967.193 or 2967.194, or any other 389 provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code. 390 A court shall not impose more than one prison term on an 391 offender under division (B)(1)(d) of this section for felonies 392 committed as part of the same act or transaction. If a court 393 imposes an additional prison term under division (B)(1)(a) or 394 (c) of this section, the court is not precluded from imposing an 395 additional prison term under division (B)(1)(d) of this section. 396
- (e) The court shall not impose any of the prison terms described in division (B)(1)(a) of this section or any of the additional prison terms described in division (B)(1)(c) of this section upon an offender for a violation of section 2923.12 or 2923.123 of the Revised Code. The court shall not impose any of the prison terms described in division (B)(1)(a) or (b) of this section upon an offender for a violation of section 2923.122 that involves a deadly weapon that is a firearm other than a dangerous ordnance, section 2923.16, or section 2923.121 of the

Revised Code. The court shall not impose any of the prison terms	406
described in division (B)(1)(a) of this section or any of the	407
additional prison terms described in division (B)(1)(c) of this	408
section upon an offender for a violation of section 2923.13 of	409
the Revised Code unless all of the following apply:	410
the Nevised code unless all of the following apply.	410
(i) The offender previously has been convicted of	411
aggravated murder, murder, or any felony of the first or second	412
degree.	413
(ii) Less than five years have passed since the offender	414
was released from prison or post-release control, whichever is	415
later, for the prior offense.	416
(f)(i) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to	417
a felony that includes, as an essential element, causing or	418
attempting to cause the death of or physical harm to another and	419
also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a specification of the	420
type described in division (A) of section 2941.1412 of the	421
Revised Code that charges the offender with committing the	422
offense by discharging a firearm at a peace officer as defined	423
in section 2935.01 of the Revised Code or a corrections officer,	424
as defined in section 2941.1412 of the Revised Code, the court,	425
after imposing a prison term on the offender for the felony	426
offense under division (A), (B)(2), or (B)(3) of this section,	427
shall impose an additional prison term of seven years upon the	428
offender that shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20,	429
division (A)(2) or (3) of section 2967.193 or 2967.194, or any	430
other provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised	431
Code.	432
(ii) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	433
felony that includes, as an essential element, causing or	434
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attempting to cause the death of or physical harm to another and

also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a specification of the	436
type described in division (B) of section 2941.1412 of the	437
Revised Code that charges the offender with committing the	438
offense by discharging a firearm at a peace officer, as defined	439
in section 2935.01 of the Revised Code, or a corrections	440
officer, as defined in section 2941.1412 of the Revised Code,	441
and that the offender previously has been convicted of or	442
pleaded guilty to a specification of the type described in	443
section 2941.141, 2941.144, 2941.145, 2941.146, or 2941.1412 of	444
the Revised Code, the court, after imposing a prison term on the	445
offender for the felony offense under division (A), (B)(2), or	446
(3) of this section, shall impose an additional prison term of	447
one hundred twenty-six months upon the offender that shall not	448
be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, division (A)(2) or (3)	449
of section 2967.193 or 2967.194, or any other provision of	450
Chapter 2967. or 5120. of the Revised Code.	451

(iii) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to 452 two or more felonies that include, as an essential element, 453 causing or attempting to cause the death or physical harm to 454 another and also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 455 specification of the type described under division (B)(1)(f) of 456 this section in connection with two or more of the felonies of 457 which the offender is convicted or to which the offender pleads 458 guilty, the sentencing court shall impose on the offender the 459 prison term specified under division (B)(1)(f) of this section 460 for each of two of the specifications of which the offender is 461 convicted or to which the offender pleads guilty and, in its 462 discretion, also may impose on the offender the prison term 463 specified under that division for any or all of the remaining 464 specifications. If a court imposes an additional prison term on 465 an offender under division (B)(1)(f) of this section relative to 466

an offense, the court shall not impose a prison term under	467
division (B)(1)(a) or (c) of this section relative to the same	468
offense.	469
(g) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to two	470
or more felonies, if one or more of those felonies are	471
aggravated murder, murder, attempted aggravated murder,	472
attempted murder, aggravated robbery, felonious assault, or	473
rape, and if the offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	474
specification of the type described under division (B)(1)(a) of	475
this section in connection with two or more of the felonies, the	476
sentencing court shall impose on the offender the prison term	477
specified under division (B)(1)(a) of this section for each of	478
the two most serious specifications of which the offender is	479
convicted or to which the offender pleads guilty and, in its	480
discretion, also may impose on the offender the prison term	481
specified under that division for any or all of the remaining	482
specifications.	483
(2)(a) If division (B)(2)(b) of this section does not	484
apply, the court may impose on an offender, in addition to the	485
longest prison term authorized or required for the offense or,	486
for offenses for which division (A)(1)(a) or (2)(a) of this	487
section applies, in addition to the longest minimum prison term	488
authorized or required for the offense, an additional definite	489
prison term of one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight,	490
nine, or ten years if all of the following criteria are met:	491
(i) The offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	492
specification of the type described in section 2941.149 of the	493
Revised Code that the offender is a repeat violent offender.	494
(ii) The offense of which the offender currently is	495

convicted or to which the offender currently pleads guilty is

aggravated murder and the court does not impose a sentence of	497
death or life imprisonment without parole, murder, terrorism and	498
the court does not impose a sentence of life imprisonment	499
without parole, any felony of the first degree that is an	500
offense of violence and the court does not impose a sentence of	501
life imprisonment without parole, or any felony of the second	502
degree that is an offense of violence and the trier of fact	503
finds that the offense involved an attempt to cause or a threat	504
to cause serious physical harm to a person or resulted in	505
serious physical harm to a person.	506

- (iii) The court imposes the longest prison term for the 507 offense or the longest minimum prison term for the offense, 508 whichever is applicable, that is not life imprisonment without 509 parole. 510
- (iv) The court finds that the prison terms imposed 511 pursuant to division (B)(2)(a)(iii) of this section and, if 512 applicable, division (B)(1) or (3) of this section are 513 inadequate to punish the offender and protect the public from 514 future crime, because the applicable factors under section 515 2929.12 of the Revised Code indicating a greater likelihood of 516 recidivism outweigh the applicable factors under that section 517 indicating a lesser likelihood of recidivism. 518
- (v) The court finds that the prison terms imposed pursuant 519 to division (B)(2)(a)(iii) of this section and, if applicable, 520 division (B)(1) or (3) of this section are demeaning to the 521 seriousness of the offense, because one or more of the factors 522 under section 2929.12 of the Revised Code indicating that the 523 offender's conduct is more serious than conduct normally 524 constituting the offense are present, and they outweigh the 525 applicable factors under that section indicating that the 526

offender's conduct is less serious than conduct normally 527 constituting the offense. 528

- (b) The court shall impose on an offender the longest prison term authorized or required for the offense or, for offenses for which division (A)(1)(a) or (2)(a) of this section applies, the longest minimum prison term authorized or required for the offense, and shall impose on the offender an additional definite prison term of one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, or ten years if all of the following criteria are met:
- (i) The offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 537 specification of the type described in section 2941.149 of the 538 Revised Code that the offender is a repeat violent offender. 539
- (ii) The offender within the preceding twenty years has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to three or more offenses described in division (CC)(1) of section 2929.01 of the Revised Code, including all offenses described in that division of which the offender is convicted or to which the offender pleads guilty in the current prosecution and all offenses described in that division of which the offender previously has been convicted or to which the offender previously pleaded guilty, whether prosecuted together or separately.
- (iii) The offense or offenses of which the offender currently is convicted or to which the offender currently pleads guilty is aggravated murder and the court does not impose a sentence of death or life imprisonment without parole, murder, terrorism and the court does not impose a sentence of life imprisonment without parole, any felony of the first degree that is an offense of violence and the court does not impose a sentence of life imprisonment without parole, or any felony of

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the second degree that is an offense of violence and the trier
of fact finds that the offense involved an attempt to cause or a
threat to cause serious physical harm to a person or resulted in
serious physical harm to a person.

- (c) For purposes of division (B)(2)(b) of this section, two or more offenses committed at the same time or as part of the same act or event shall be considered one offense, and that one offense shall be the offense with the greatest penalty.
- (d) A sentence imposed under division (B)(2)(a) or (b) of this section shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, division (A)(2) or (3) of section 2967.193 or 2967.194, or any other provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code. The offender shall serve an additional prison term imposed under division (B)(2)(a) or (b) of this section consecutively to and prior to the prison term imposed for the underlying offense.
- (e) When imposing a sentence pursuant to division (B)(2)(a) or (b) of this section, the court shall state its findings explaining the imposed sentence.
- (3) Except when an offender commits a violation of section 575 2903.01 or 2907.02 of the Revised Code and the penalty imposed 576 for the violation is life imprisonment or commits a violation of 577 section 2903.02 of the Revised Code, if the offender commits a 578 violation of section 2925.03 or 2925.11 of the Revised Code and 579 that section classifies the offender as a major drug offender, 580 if the offender commits a violation of section 2925.05 of the 581 Revised Code and division (E) (1) of that section classifies the 582 offender as a major drug offender, if the offender commits a 583 felony violation of section 2925.02, 2925.04, 2925.05, 2925.36, 584 3719.07, 3719.08, 3719.16, 3719.161, 4729.37, or 4729.61, 585 division (C) or (D) of section 3719.172, division (E) of section 586

4729.51, or division (J) of section 4729.54 of the Revised Code	587
that includes the sale, offer to sell, or possession of a	588
schedule I or II controlled substance, with the exception of	589
marihuana, and the court imposing sentence upon the offender	590
finds that the offender is guilty of a specification of the type	591
described in division (A) of section 2941.1410 of the Revised	592
Code charging that the offender is a major drug offender, if the	593
court imposing sentence upon an offender for a felony finds that	594
the offender is guilty of corrupt activity with the most serious	595
offense in the pattern of corrupt activity being a felony of the	596
first degree, or if the offender is guilty of an attempted	597
violation of section 2907.02 of the Revised Code and, had the	598
offender completed the violation of section 2907.02 of the	599
Revised Code that was attempted, the offender would have been	600
subject to a sentence of life imprisonment or life imprisonment	601
without parole for the violation of section 2907.02 of the	602
Revised Code, the court shall impose upon the offender for the	603
felony violation a mandatory prison term determined as described	604
in this division that cannot be reduced pursuant to section	605
2929.20, division (A)(2) or (3) of section 2967.193 or 2967.194,	606
or any other provision of Chapter 2967. or 5120. of the Revised	607
Code. The mandatory prison term shall be the maximum definite	608
prison term prescribed in division (A)(1)(b) of this section for	609
a felony of the first degree, except that for offenses for which	610
division (A)(1)(a) of this section applies, the mandatory prison	611
term shall be the longest minimum prison term prescribed in that	612
division for the offense.	613

(4) If the offender is being sentenced for a third or
fourth degree felony OVI offense under division (G)(2) of
section 2929.13 of the Revised Code, the sentencing court shall
impose upon the offender a mandatory prison term in accordance
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with that division. In addition to the mandatory prison term, if	618
the offender is being sentenced for a fourth degree felony OVI	619
offense, the court, notwithstanding division (A)(4) of this	620
section, may sentence the offender to a definite prison term of	621
not less than six months and not more than thirty months, and if	622
the offender is being sentenced for a third degree felony OVI	623
offense, the sentencing court may sentence the offender to an	624
additional prison term of any duration specified in division (A)	625
(3) of this section. In either case, the additional prison term	626
imposed shall be reduced by the sixty or one hundred twenty days	627
imposed upon the offender as the mandatory prison term. The	628
total of the additional prison term imposed under division (B)	629
(4) of this section plus the sixty or one hundred twenty days	630
imposed as the mandatory prison term shall equal a definite term	631
in the range of six months to thirty months for a fourth degree	632
felony OVI offense and shall equal one of the authorized prison	633
terms specified in division (A)(3) of this section for a third	634
degree felony OVI offense. If the court imposes an additional	635
prison term under division (B)(4) of this section, the offender	636
shall serve the additional prison term after the offender has	637
served the mandatory prison term required for the offense. In	638
addition to the mandatory prison term or mandatory and	639
additional prison term imposed as described in division (B)(4)	640
of this section, the court also may sentence the offender to a	641
community control sanction under section 2929.16 or 2929.17 of	642
the Revised Code, but the offender shall serve all of the prison	643
terms so imposed prior to serving the community control	644
sanction.	645

If the offender is being sentenced for a fourth degree 646 felony OVI offense under division (G)(1) of section 2929.13 of 647 the Revised Code and the court imposes a mandatory term of local 648

incarceration, the court may impose a prison term as described
in division (A)(1) of that section.

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- (5) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 651 violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2903.06 of the 652 Revised Code and also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 653 specification of the type described in section 2941.1414 of the 654 Revised Code that charges that the victim of the offense is a 655 peace officer, as defined in section 2935.01 of the Revised 656 Code, an investigator of the bureau of criminal identification 657 and investigation, as defined in section 2903.11 of the Revised 658 Code, or a firefighter or emergency medical worker, both as 659 defined in section 4123.026 of the Revised Code, the court shall 660 impose on the offender a prison term of five years. If a court 661 imposes a prison term on an offender under division (B)(5) of 662 this section, the prison term shall not be reduced pursuant to 663 section 2929.20, division (A)(2) or (3) of section 2967.193 or 664 2967.194, or any other provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter 665 5120. of the Revised Code. A court shall not impose more than 666 one prison term on an offender under division (B)(5) of this 667 section for felonies committed as part of the same act. 668
- (6) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 669 violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2903.06 of the 670 Revised Code and also is convicted of or pleads quilty to a 671 specification of the type described in section 2941.1415 of the 672 Revised Code that charges that the offender previously has been 673 convicted of or pleaded quilty to three or more violations of 674 division (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or an 675 equivalent offense, as defined in section 2941.1415 of the 676 Revised Code, or three or more violations of any combination of 677 those offenses, the court shall impose on the offender a prison 678 term of three years. If a court imposes a prison term on an 679

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offender under division (B)(6) of this section, the prison term	680
shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, division (A)	681
(2) or (3) of section 2967.193 or 2967.194, or any other	682
provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code.	683
A court shall not impose more than one prison term on an	684
offender under division (B)(6) of this section for felonies	685
committed as part of the same act.	686
(7)(a) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to	687
a felony violation of section 2905.01, 2905.02, 2907.21,	688
2907.22, or 2923.32, division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2907.323	689
involving a minor, or division (B)(1), (2), (3), (4), or (5) of	690
section 2919.22 of the Revised Code and also is convicted of or	691
pleads guilty to a specification of the type described in	692
section 2941.1422 of the Revised Code that charges that the	693
offender knowingly committed the offense in furtherance of human	694
trafficking, the court shall impose on the offender a mandatory	695
prison term that is one of the following:	696
(i) If the offense is a felony of the first degree, a	697
definite prison term of not less than five years and not greater	698
than eleven years, except that if the offense is a felony of the	699
first degree committed on or after March 22, 2019, the court	700
shall impose as the minimum prison term a mandatory term of not	701
less than five years and not greater than eleven years;	702
(ii) If the offense is a felony of the second or third	703
degree, a definite prison term of not less than three years and	704
not greater than the maximum prison term allowed for the offense	705
by division (A)(2)(b) or (3) of this section, except that if the	706
offense is a felony of the second degree committed on or after	707
March 22, 2019, the court shall impose as the minimum prison	708

term a mandatory term of not less than three years and not

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greater than eight years;

(iii) If the offense is a felony of the fourth or fifth degree, a definite prison term that is the maximum prison term allowed for the offense by division (A) of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code.

- (b) The prison term imposed under division (B)(7)(a) of this section shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, division (A)(2) or (3) of section 2967.193 or 2967.194, or any other provision of Chapter 2967. of the Revised Code. A court shall not impose more than one prison term on an offender under division (B)(7)(a) of this section for felonies committed as part of the same act, scheme, or plan.
- (8) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 722 felony violation of section 2903.11, 2903.12, or 2903.13 of the 723 Revised Code and also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 724 specification of the type described in section 2941.1423 of the 725 Revised Code that charges that the victim of the violation was a 726 woman whom the offender knew was pregnant at the time of the 727 violation, notwithstanding the range prescribed in division (A) 728 of this section as the definite prison term or minimum prison 729 term for felonies of the same degree as the violation, the court 730 shall impose on the offender a mandatory prison term that is 731 either a definite prison term of six months or one of the prison 732 terms prescribed in division (A) of this section for felonies of 733 the same degree as the violation, except that if the violation 734 is a felony of the first or second degree committed on or after 735 arch 22, 2019, the court shall impose as the minimum prison term 736 under division (A)(1)(a) or (2)(a) of this section a mandatory 737 term that is one of the terms prescribed in that division, 738 whichever is applicable, for the offense. 739

(9)(a) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to	740
a violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2903.11 of the	741
Revised Code and also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	742
specification of the type described in section 2941.1425 of the	743
Revised Code, the court shall impose on the offender a mandatory	744
prison term of six years if either of the following applies:	745
(i) The violation is a violation of division (A)(1) of	746
section 2903.11 of the Revised Code and the specification	747
charges that the offender used an accelerant in committing the	748
violation and the serious physical harm to another or to	749
another's unborn caused by the violation resulted in a	750
permanent, serious disfigurement or permanent, substantial	751
incapacity;	752
(ii) The violation is a violation of division (A)(2) of	753
section 2903.11 of the Revised Code and the specification	754
charges that the offender used an accelerant in committing the	755
violation, that the violation caused physical harm to another or	756
to another's unborn, and that the physical harm resulted in a	757
permanent, serious disfigurement or permanent, substantial	758
incapacity.	759
(b) If a court imposes a prison term on an offender under	760
division (B)(9)(a) of this section, the prison term shall not be	761
reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, division (A)(2) or (3) of	762
section 2967.193 or 2967.194, or any other provision of Chapter	763
2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code. A court shall not	764
impose more than one prison term on an offender under division	765
(B)(9) of this section for felonies committed as part of the	766
same act.	767
(c) The provisions of divisions (B)(9) and (C)(6) of this	768

section and of division (D)(2) of section 2903.11, division (F)

- (20) of section 2929.13, and section 2941.1425 of the Revised 770 Code shall be known as "Judy's Law."
- (10) If an offender is convicted of or pleads quilty to a 772 violation of division (A) of section 2903.11 of the Revised Code 773 and also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a specification of 774 the type described in section 2941.1426 of the Revised Code that 775 charges that the victim of the offense suffered permanent 776 disabling harm as a result of the offense and that the victim 777 was under ten years of age at the time of the offense, 778 779 regardless of whether the offender knew the age of the victim, the court shall impose upon the offender an additional definite 780 prison term of six years. A prison term imposed on an offender 781 under division (B)(10) of this section shall not be reduced 782 pursuant to section 2929.20, division (A)(2) or (3) of section 783 2967.193 or 2967.194, or any other provision of Chapter 2967. or 784 Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code. If a court imposes an 785 additional prison term on an offender under this division 786 relative to a violation of division (A) of section 2903.11 of 787 the Revised Code, the court shall not impose any other 788 additional prison term on the offender relative to the same 789 offense. 790
- (11) If an offender is convicted of or pleads quilty to a 791 felony violation of section 2925.03 or 2925.05 of the Revised 792 Code or a felony violation of section 2925.11 of the Revised 793 Code for which division (C)(11) of that section applies in 794 determining the sentence for the violation, if the drug involved 795 in the violation is a fentanyl-related compound or a compound, 796 mixture, preparation, or substance containing a fentanyl-related 797 compound, and if the offender also is convicted of or pleads 798 quilty to a specification of the type described in division (B) 799 of section 2941.1410 of the Revised Code that charges that the 800

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offender is a major drug offender, in addition to any other	801
penalty imposed for the violation, the court shall impose on the	802
offender a mandatory prison term of three, four, five, six,	803
seven, or eight years. If a court imposes a prison term on an	804
offender under division (B)(11) of this section, the prison term	805
shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, division (A)	806
(2) or (3) of section 2967.193 or 2967.194, or any other	807
provision of Chapter 2967. or 5120. of the Revised Code. A court	808
shall not impose more than one prison term on an offender under	809
division (B)(11) of this section for felonies committed as part	810
of the same act.	811

(C) (1) (a) Subject to division (C) (1) (b) of this section, 812 if a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender pursuant 813 to division (B)(1)(a) of this section for having a firearm on or 814 about the offender's person or under the offender's control 815 while committing a felony, if a mandatory prison term is imposed 816 upon an offender pursuant to division (B)(1)(c) of this section 817 for committing a felony specified in that division by 818 discharging a firearm from a motor vehicle, or if both types of 819 mandatory prison terms are imposed, the offender shall serve any 820 mandatory prison term imposed under either division 821 consecutively to any other mandatory prison term imposed under 822 either division or under division (B)(1)(d) of this section, 823 consecutively to and prior to any prison term imposed for the 824 underlying felony pursuant to division (A), (B)(2), or (B)(3) of 825 this section or any other section of the Revised Code, and 826 consecutively to any other prison term or mandatory prison term 827 previously or subsequently imposed upon the offender. 828

(b) If a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender 829 pursuant to division (B)(1)(d) of this section for wearing or 830 carrying body armor while committing an offense of violence that 831

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is a felony, the offender shall serve the mandatory term so	832
imposed consecutively to any other mandatory prison term imposed	833
under that division or under division (B)(1)(a) or (c) of this	834
section, consecutively to and prior to any prison term imposed	835
for the underlying felony under division (A), (B)(2), or (B)(3)	836
of this section or any other section of the Revised Code, and	837
consecutively to any other prison term or mandatory prison term	838
previously or subsequently imposed upon the offender.	839

- (c) If a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender pursuant to division (B)(1)(f) of this section, the offender shall serve the mandatory prison term so imposed consecutively to and prior to any prison term imposed for the underlying felony under division (A), (B)(2), or (B)(3) of this section or any other section of the Revised Code, and consecutively to any other prison term or mandatory prison term previously or subsequently imposed upon the offender.
- (d) If a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender 848 pursuant to division (B)(7) or (8) of this section, the offender 849 shall serve the mandatory prison term so imposed consecutively 850 to any other mandatory prison term imposed under that division 851 or under any other provision of law and consecutively to any 852 other prison term or mandatory prison term previously or 853 subsequently imposed upon the offender.
- (e) If a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender pursuant to division (B)(11) of this section, the offender shall serve the mandatory prison term consecutively to any other 857 mandatory prison term imposed under that division, consecutively 858 to and prior to any prison term imposed for the underlying 859 felony, and consecutively to any other prison term or mandatory 860 prison term previously or subsequently imposed upon the 861

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offender.

(2) If an offender who is an inmate in a jail, prison, or	863
other residential detention facility violates section 2917.02,	864
2917.03, or 2921.35 of the Revised Code or division (A)(1) or	865
(2) of section 2921.34 of the Revised Code, if an offender who	866
is under detention at a detention facility commits a felony	867
violation of section 2923.131 of the Revised Code, or if an	868
offender who is an inmate in a jail, prison, or other	869
residential detention facility or is under detention at a	870
detention facility commits another felony while the offender is	871
an escapee in violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section	872
2921.34 of the Revised Code, any prison term imposed upon the	873
offender for one of those violations shall be served by the	874
offender consecutively to the prison term or term of	875
imprisonment the offender was serving when the offender	876
committed that offense and to any other prison term previously	877
or subsequently imposed upon the offender.	878
(3) If a prison term is imposed for a violation of	879
division (B) of section 2911.01 of the Revised Code, a violation	880
of division (A) of section 2913.02 of the Revised Code in which	881
the stolen property is a firearm or dangerous ordnance, or a	882

(4) If multiple prison terms are imposed on an offender 887 for convictions of multiple offenses, the court may require the 888 offender to serve the prison terms consecutively if the court 889 finds that the consecutive service is necessary to protect the 890 public from future crime or to punish the offender and that 891

felony violation of division (B) of section 2921.331 of the

consecutively to any other prison term or mandatory prison term

Revised Code, the offender shall serve that prison term

previously or subsequently imposed upon the offender.

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consecutive sentences are not disproportionate to the	892
seriousness of the offender's conduct and to the danger the	893
offender poses to the public, and if the court also finds any of	894
the following:	895

- (a) The offender committed one or more of the multiple
  offenses while the offender was awaiting trial or sentencing,
  was under a sanction imposed pursuant to section 2929.16,
  2929.17, or 2929.18 of the Revised Code, or was under postrelease control for a prior offense.
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- (b) At least two of the multiple offenses were committed as part of one or more courses of conduct, and the harm caused by two or more of the multiple offenses so committed was so great or unusual that no single prison term for any of the offenses committed as part of any of the courses of conduct adequately reflects the seriousness of the offender's conduct.
- (c) The offender's history of criminal conduct demonstrates that consecutive sentences are necessary to protect the public from future crime by the offender.
- (5) If a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender 910 pursuant to division (B)(5) or (6) of this section, the offender 911 shall serve the mandatory prison term consecutively to and prior 912 to any prison term imposed for the underlying violation of 913 division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2903.06 of the Revised Code 914 pursuant to division (A) of this section or section 2929.142 of 915 the Revised Code. If a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an 916 offender pursuant to division (B)(5) of this section, and if a 917 mandatory prison term also is imposed upon the offender pursuant 918 to division (B)(6) of this section in relation to the same 919 violation, the offender shall serve the mandatory prison term 920 imposed pursuant to division (B)(5) of this section 921

consecutively to and prior to the mandatory prison term imposed
pursuant to division (B)(6) of this section and consecutively to
and prior to any prison term imposed for the underlying
violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2903.06 of the
Revised Code pursuant to division (A) of this section or section
2929.142 of the Revised Code.

- (6) If a mandatory prison term is imposed on an offender 928 pursuant to division (B)(9) of this section, the offender shall 929 serve the mandatory prison term consecutively to and prior to 930 any prison term imposed for the underlying violation of division 931 (A)(1) or (2) of section 2903.11 of the Revised Code and 932 consecutively to and prior to any other prison term or mandatory 933 prison term previously or subsequently imposed on the offender. 934
- (7) If a mandatory prison term is imposed on an offender 935 pursuant to division (B)(10) of this section, the offender shall 936 serve that mandatory prison term consecutively to and prior to 937 any prison term imposed for the underlying felonious assault. 938 Except as otherwise provided in division (C) of this section, 939 any other prison term or mandatory prison term previously or 940 subsequently imposed upon the offender may be served 941 concurrently with, or consecutively to, the prison term imposed 942 pursuant to division (B)(10) of this section. 943
- (8) Any prison term imposed for a violation of section 944 2903.04 of the Revised Code that is based on a violation of 945 section 2925.03 or 2925.11 of the Revised Code or on a violation 946 of section 2925.05 of the Revised Code that is not funding of 947 marihuana trafficking shall run consecutively to any prison term 948 imposed for the violation of section 2925.03 or 2925.11 of the 949 Revised Code or for the violation of section 2925.05 of the 950 Revised Code that is not funding of marihuana trafficking. 951

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- (9) When consecutive prison terms are imposed pursuant to 952 division (C)(1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), or (8) or 953 division (H)(1) or (2) of this section, subject to division (C) 954 (10) of this section, the term to be served is the aggregate of 955 all of the terms so imposed.
- (10) When a court sentences an offender to a non-life felony indefinite prison term, any definite prison term or mandatory definite prison term previously or subsequently imposed on the offender in addition to that indefinite sentence that is required to be served consecutively to that indefinite sentence sentence shall be served prior to the indefinite sentence.
- (11) If a court is sentencing an offender for a felony of 963 the first or second degree, if division (A)(1)(a) or (2)(a) of 964 this section applies with respect to the sentencing for the 965 offense, and if the court is required under the Revised Code 966 section that sets forth the offense or any other Revised Code 967 provision to impose a mandatory prison term for the offense, the 968 court shall impose the required mandatory prison term as the 969 minimum term imposed under division (A)(1)(a) or (2)(a) of this 970 section, whichever is applicable. 971
- (D)(1) If a court imposes a prison term, other than a term 972 of life imprisonment, for a felony of the first degree, for a 973 felony of the second degree, for a felony sex offense, or for a 974 felony of the third degree that is an offense of violence and 975 that is not a felony sex offense, it shall include in the 976 sentence a requirement that the offender be subject to a period 977 of post-release control after the offender's release from 978 imprisonment, in accordance with section 2967.28 of the Revised 979 Code. If a court imposes a sentence including a prison term of a 980 type described in this division on or after July 11, 2006, the 981

failure of a court to include a post-release control requirement	982
in the sentence pursuant to this division does not negate,	983
limit, or otherwise affect the mandatory period of post-release	984
control that is required for the offender under division (B) of	985
section 2967.28 of the Revised Code. Section 2929.191 of the	986
Revised Code applies if, prior to July 11, 2006, a court imposed	987
a sentence including a prison term of a type described in this	988
division and failed to include in the sentence pursuant to this	989
division a statement regarding post-release control.	990

- (2) If a court imposes a prison term for a felony of the 991 third, fourth, or fifth degree that is not subject to division 992 (D)(1) of this section, it shall include in the sentence a 993 requirement that the offender be subject to a period of post-994 release control after the offender's release from imprisonment, 995 in accordance with that division, if the parole board determines 996 that a period of post-release control is necessary. Section 997 2929.191 of the Revised Code applies if, prior to July 11, 2006, 998 a court imposed a sentence including a prison term of a type 999 described in this division and failed to include in the sentence 1000 pursuant to this division a statement regarding post-release 1001 control. 1002
- (E) The court shall impose sentence upon the offender in 1003 accordance with section 2971.03 of the Revised Code, and Chapter 1004 2971. of the Revised Code applies regarding the prison term or 1005 term of life imprisonment without parole imposed upon the 1006 offender and the service of that term of imprisonment if any of 1007 the following apply:
- (1) A person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a violent 1009 sex offense or a designated homicide, assault, or kidnapping 1010 offense, and, in relation to that offense, the offender is 1011

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adjudicated a sexually violent predator. 1012 (2) A person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 1013 violation of division (A)(1)(b) of section 2907.02 of the 1014 Revised Code committed on or after January 2, 2007, and either 1015 the court does not impose a sentence of life without parole when 1016 authorized pursuant to division (B) of section 2907.02 of the 1017 Revised Code, or division (B) of section 2907.02 of the Revised 1018 Code provides that the court shall not sentence the offender 1019 pursuant to section 2971.03 of the Revised Code. 1020 (3) A person is convicted of or pleads quilty to attempted 1021 rape committed on or after January 2, 2007, and a specification 1022 of the type described in section 2941.1418, 2941.1419, or 1023 2941.1420 of the Revised Code. 1024 (4) A person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 1025 violation of section 2905.01 of the Revised Code committed on or 1026 after January 1, 2008, and that section requires the court to 1027 sentence the offender pursuant to section 2971.03 of the Revised 1028 Code. 1029 (5) A person is convicted of or pleads guilty to 1030 aggravated murder committed on or after January 1, 2008, and 1031 division (A)(2)(b)(ii) of section 2929.022, division (A)(1)(e), 1032 (C) (1) (a) (v), (C) (2) (a) (ii), (D) (2) (b), (D) (3) (a) (iv), or (E) (1) 1033 (a) (iv) of section 2929.03, or division (A) or (B) of section 1034 2929.06 of the Revised Code requires the court to sentence the 1035 offender pursuant to division (B)(3) of section 2971.03 of the 1036 Revised Code. 1037

(6) A person is convicted of or pleads guilty to murder

committed on or after January 1, 2008, and division (B)(2) of

section 2929.02 of the Revised Code requires the court to

sentence the offender pursuant to section 2971.03 of the Revised	1041
Code.	1042
(F) If a person who has been convicted of or pleaded	1043
guilty to a felony is sentenced to a prison term or term of	1044
imprisonment under this section, sections 2929.02 to 2929.06 of	1045
the Revised Code, section 2929.142 of the Revised Code, section	1046
2971.03 of the Revised Code, or any other provision of law,	1047
section 5120.163 of the Revised Code applies regarding the	1048
person while the person is confined in a state correctional	1049
institution.	1050
(G) If an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to	1051
a felony that is an offense of violence also is convicted of or	1052
pleads guilty to a specification of the type described in	1053
section 2941.142 of the Revised Code that charges the offender	1054
with having committed the felony while participating in a	1055
criminal gang, the court shall impose upon the offender an	1056
additional prison term of one, two, or three years.	1057
(H)(1) If an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty	1058
to aggravated murder, murder, or a felony of the first, second,	1059
or third degree that is an offense of violence also is convicted	1060
of or pleads guilty to a specification of the type described in	1061
section 2941.143 of the Revised Code that charges the offender	1062
with having committed the offense in a school safety zone or	1063
towards a person in a school safety zone, the court shall impose	1064
upon the offender an additional prison term of two years. The	1065
offender shall serve the additional two years consecutively to	1066
and prior to the prison term imposed for the underlying offense.	1067
(2)(a) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to	1068
a felony violation of section 2907.22, 2907.24, 2907.241, or	1069
2907.25 of the Revised Code and to a specification of the type	1070

described in section 2941.1421 of the Revised Code and if the	1071
court imposes a prison term on the offender for the felony	1072
violation, the court may impose upon the offender an additional	1073
prison term as follows:	1074

- (i) Subject to division (H)(2)(a)(ii) of this section, an 1075 additional prison term of one, two, three, four, five, or six 1076 months;
- (ii) If the offender previously has been convicted of or 1078 pleaded guilty to one or more felony or misdemeanor violations 1079 of section 2907.22, 2907.23, 2907.24, 2907.241, or 2907.25 of 1080 the Revised Code and also was convicted of or pleaded quilty to 1081 a specification of the type described in section 2941.1421 of 1082 the Revised Code regarding one or more of those violations, an 1083 additional prison term of one, two, three, four, five, six, 1084 seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, or twelve months. 1085
- (b) In lieu of imposing an additional prison term under 1086 division (H)(2)(a) of this section, the court may directly 1087 impose on the offender a sanction that requires the offender to 1088 wear a real-time processing, continual tracking electronic 1089 monitoring device during the period of time specified by the 1090 court. The period of time specified by the court shall equal the 1091 duration of an additional prison term that the court could have 1092 imposed upon the offender under division (H)(2)(a) of this 1093 section. A sanction imposed under this division shall commence 1094 on the date specified by the court, provided that the sanction 1095 shall not commence until after the offender has served the 1096 prison term imposed for the felony violation of section 2907.22, 1097 2907.24, 2907.241, or 2907.25 of the Revised Code and any 1098 residential sanction imposed for the violation under section 1099 2929.16 of the Revised Code. A sanction imposed under this 1100

division shall be considered to be a community control sanction	1101
for purposes of section 2929.15 of the Revised Code, and all	1102
provisions of the Revised Code that pertain to community control	1103
sanctions shall apply to a sanction imposed under this division,	1104
except to the extent that they would by their nature be clearly	1105
inapplicable. The offender shall pay all costs associated with a	1106
sanction imposed under this division, including the cost of the	1107
use of the monitoring device.	1108

(I) At the time of sentencing, the court may recommend the 1109 offender for placement in a program of shock incarceration under 1110 section 5120.031 of the Revised Code or for placement in an 1111 intensive program prison under section 5120.032 of the Revised 1112 Code, disapprove placement of the offender in a program of shock 1113 incarceration or an intensive program prison of that nature, or 1114 make no recommendation on placement of the offender. In no case 1115 shall the department of rehabilitation and correction place the 1116 offender in a program or prison of that nature unless the 1117 department determines as specified in section 5120.031 or 1118 5120.032 of the Revised Code, whichever is applicable, that the 1119 offender is eligible for the placement. 1120

If the court disapproves placement of the offender in a 1121 program or prison of that nature, the department of 1122 rehabilitation and correction shall not place the offender in 1123 any program of shock incarceration or intensive program prison. 1124

If the court recommends placement of the offender in a 1125 program of shock incarceration or in an intensive program 1126 prison, and if the offender is subsequently placed in the 1127 recommended program or prison, the department shall notify the 1128 court of the placement and shall include with the notice a brief 1129 description of the placement.

If the court recommends placement of the offender in a	1131
program of shock incarceration or in an intensive program prison	1132
and the department does not subsequently place the offender in	1133
the recommended program or prison, the department shall send a	1134
notice to the court indicating why the offender was not placed	1135
in the recommended program or prison.	1136

If the court does not make a recommendation under this 1137 division with respect to an offender and if the department 1138 determines as specified in section 5120.031 or 5120.032 of the 1139 Revised Code, whichever is applicable, that the offender is 1140 eligible for placement in a program or prison of that nature, 1141 the department shall screen the offender and determine if there 1142 is an available program of shock incarceration or an intensive 1143 program prison for which the offender is suited. If there is an 1144 available program of shock incarceration or an intensive program 1145 prison for which the offender is suited, the department shall 1146 notify the court of the proposed placement of the offender as 1147 specified in section 5120.031 or 5120.032 of the Revised Code 1148 and shall include with the notice a brief description of the 1149 placement. The court shall have ten days from receipt of the 1150 notice to disapprove the placement. 1151

- (J) If a person is convicted of or pleads guilty to 1152 aggravated vehicular homicide in violation of division (A)(1) of 1153 section 2903.06 of the Revised Code and division (B)(2)(c) of 1154 that section applies, the person shall be sentenced pursuant to 1155 section 2929.142 of the Revised Code. 1156
- (K) (1) The court shall impose an additional mandatory

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  prison term of two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine,

  ten, or eleven years on an offender who is convicted of or

  pleads guilty to a violent felony offense if the offender also

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is convicted of or pleads guilty to a specification of the type	1161
described in section 2941.1424 of the Revised Code that charges	1162
that the offender is a violent career criminal and had a firearm	1163
on or about the offender's person or under the offender's	1164
control while committing the presently charged violent felony	1165
offense and displayed or brandished the firearm, indicated that	1166
the offender possessed a firearm, or used the firearm to	1167
facilitate the offense. The offender shall serve the prison term	1168
imposed under this division consecutively to and prior to the	1169
prison term imposed for the underlying offense. The prison term	1170
shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, division (A)	1171
(2) or (3) of section 2967.193 or 2967.194, or any other	1172
provision of Chapter 2967. or 5120. of the Revised Code. A court	1173
may not impose more than one sentence under division (B)(2)(a)	1174
of this section and this division for acts committed as part of	1175
the same act or transaction.	1176

- (2) As used in division (K)(1) of this section, "violent 1177 career criminal" and "violent felony offense" have the same 1178 meanings as in section 2923.132 of the Revised Code. 1179
- (L) If an offender receives or received a sentence of life 1180 imprisonment without parole, a sentence of life imprisonment, a 1181 definite sentence, or a sentence to an indefinite prison term 1182 under this chapter for a felony offense that was committed when 1183 the offender was under eighteen years of age, the offender's 1184 parole eligibility shall be determined under section 2967.132 of 1185 the Revised Code.

Section 2. That existing sections 2903.215, 2919.25, and 1187 2929.14 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed. 1188