As Introduced

135th General Assembly

Regular Session 2023-2024

H. B. No. 170

Representatives Grim, Thomas, C.

Cosponsors: Representatives Abdullahi, Baker, Brennan, Brent, Brewer, Brown, Forhan, Galonski, Isaacsohn, Lightbody, Liston, McNally, Miller, A., Miller, J., Miranda, Mohamed, Robinson, Russo, Skindell, Sweeney, Upchurch, Weinstein

A BILL

To amend sections 109.57, 2923.125, 2923.128,	1
2923.1213, and 2923.13 and to enact sections	2
2923.26, 2923.27, 2923.28, 2923.29, 2923.30, and	3
2923.99 of the Revised Code to enact the Extreme	4
Risk Protection Order Act to allow family	5
members, household members, and law enforcement	6
officers to obtain a court order that	7
temporarily restricts a person's access to	8
firearms if that person poses a danger to	9
themselves or others.	10

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 109.57, 2923.125, 2923.128,	11
2923.1213, and 2923.13 be amended and sections 2923.26, 2923.27,	12
2923.28, 2923.29, 2923.30, and 2923.99 of the Revised Code be	13
enacted to read as follows:	14
Sec. 109.57. (A)(1) The superintendent of the bureau of	15
criminal identification and investigation shall procure from	16
wherever procurable and file for record photographs, pictures,	17

descriptions, fingerprints, measurements, and other information 18 that may be pertinent of all persons who have been convicted of 19 committing within this state a felony, any crime constituting a 20 misdemeanor on the first offense and a felony on subsequent 21 offenses, or any misdemeanor described in division (A)(1)(a), 22 (A) (4) (a), or (A) (6) (a) of section 109.572 of the Revised Code, 23 of all children under eighteen years of age who have been 24 adjudicated delinquent children for committing within this state 25 an act that would be a felony or an offense of violence if 26 committed by an adult or who have been convicted of or pleaded 27 quilty to committing within this state a felony or an offense of 28 violence, and of all well-known and habitual criminals. The 29 person in charge of any county, multicounty, municipal, 30 municipal-county, or multicounty-municipal jail or workhouse, 31 community-based correctional facility, halfway house, 32 alternative residential facility, or state correctional 33 institution and the person in charge of any state institution 34 having custody of a person suspected of having committed a 35 felony, any crime constituting a misdemeanor on the first 36 offense and a felony on subsequent offenses, or any misdemeanor 37 described in division (A) (1) (a), (A) (4) (a), or (A) (6) (a) of 38 section 109.572 of the Revised Code or having custody of a child 39 under eighteen years of age with respect to whom there is 40 probable cause to believe that the child may have committed an 41 act that would be a felony or an offense of violence if 42 committed by an adult shall furnish such material to the 43 superintendent of the bureau. Fingerprints, photographs, or 44 other descriptive information of a child who is under eighteen 45 years of age, has not been arrested or otherwise taken into 46 custody for committing an act that would be a felony or an 47 offense of violence who is not in any other category of child 48 specified in this division, if committed by an adult, has not 49

been adjudicated a delinquent child for committing an act that 50 would be a felony or an offense of violence if committed by an 51 adult, has not been convicted of or pleaded guilty to committing 52 a felony or an offense of violence, and is not a child with 53 respect to whom there is probable cause to believe that the 54 child may have committed an act that would be a felony or an 55 offense of violence if committed by an adult shall not be 56 procured by the superintendent or furnished by any person in 57 charge of any county, multicounty, municipal, municipal-county, 58 or multicounty-municipal jail or workhouse, community-based 59 correctional facility, halfway house, alternative residential 60 facility, or state correctional institution, except as 61 authorized in section 2151.313 of the Revised Code. 62

(2) Every clerk of a court of record in this state, other 63 than the supreme court or a court of appeals, shall send to the 64 superintendent of the bureau a weekly report containing a 65 summary of each case involving a felony, involving any crime 66 constituting a misdemeanor on the first offense and a felony on 67 subsequent offenses, involving a misdemeanor described in 68 division (A)(1)(a), (A)(4)(a), or (A)(6)(a) of section 109.572 69 of the Revised Code, or involving an adjudication in a case in 70 which a child under eighteen years of age was alleged to be a 71 delinquent child for committing an act that would be a felony or 72 an offense of violence if committed by an adult. The clerk of 73 the court of common pleas shall include in the report and 74 summary the clerk sends under this division all information 75 described in divisions (A)(2)(a) to (f) of this section 76 regarding a case before the court of appeals that is served by 77 that clerk. The summary shall be written on the standard forms 78 furnished by the superintendent pursuant to division (B) of this 79 section and shall include the following information: 80

(a) The incident tracking number contained on the standard 81 forms furnished by the superintendent pursuant to division (B) 82 of this section; 83 (b) The style and number of the case; 84 (c) The date of arrest, offense, summons, or arraignment; 85 (d) The date that the person was convicted of or pleaded 86 guilty to the offense, adjudicated a delinquent child for 87 committing the act that would be a felony or an offense of 88 violence if committed by an adult, found not quilty of the 89 offense, or found not to be a delinquent child for committing an 90 act that would be a felony or an offense of violence if 91 committed by an adult, the date of an entry dismissing the 92 charge, an entry declaring a mistrial of the offense in which 93 the person is discharged, an entry finding that the person or 94 child is not competent to stand trial, or an entry of a nolle 95 prosequi, or the date of any other determination that 96 constitutes final resolution of the case; 97 (e) A statement of the original charge with the section of 98 the Revised Code that was alleged to be violated; 99 (f) If the person or child was convicted, pleaded guilty, 100 or was adjudicated a delinquent child, the sentence or terms of 101

probation imposed or any other disposition of the offender or 102 the delinquent child. 103

If the offense involved the disarming of a law enforcement 104 officer or an attempt to disarm a law enforcement officer, the 105 clerk shall clearly state that fact in the summary, and the 106 superintendent shall ensure that a clear statement of that fact 107 is placed in the bureau's records. 108

(3) The superintendent shall cooperate with and assist 109

sheriffs, chiefs of police, and other law enforcement officers 110 in the establishment of a complete system of criminal 111 identification and in obtaining fingerprints and other means of 112 identification of all persons arrested on a charge of a felony, 113 any crime constituting a misdemeanor on the first offense and a 114 felony on subsequent offenses, or a misdemeanor described in 115 division (A) (1) (a), (A) (4) (a), or (A) (6) (a) of section 109.572 116 of the Revised Code and of all children under eighteen years of 117 age arrested or otherwise taken into custody for committing an 118 act that would be a felony or an offense of violence if 119 committed by an adult. The superintendent also shall file for 120 record the fingerprint impressions of all persons confined in a 121 county, multicounty, municipal, municipal-county, or 122 multicounty-municipal jail or workhouse, community-based 123 correctional facility, halfway house, alternative residential 124 facility, or state correctional institution for the violation of 125 state laws and of all children under eighteen years of age who 126 are confined in a county, multicounty, municipal, municipal-127 county, or multicounty-municipal jail or workhouse, community-128 based correctional facility, halfway house, alternative 129 residential facility, or state correctional institution or in 130 any facility for delinquent children for committing an act that 131 would be a felony or an offense of violence if committed by an 132 adult, and any other information that the superintendent may 133 receive from law enforcement officials of the state and its 134 political subdivisions. 135

(4) The superintendent shall carry out Chapter 2950. of
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the Revised Code with respect to the registration of persons who
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are convicted of or plead guilty to a sexually oriented offense
or a child-victim oriented offense and with respect to all other
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duties imposed on the bureau under that chapter.

(5) The bureau shall perform centralized recordkeeping 141 functions for criminal history records and services in this 142 state for purposes of the national crime prevention and privacy 143 compact set forth in section 109.571 of the Revised Code and is 144 the criminal history record repository as defined in that 145 section for purposes of that compact. The superintendent or the 146 superintendent's designee is the compact officer for purposes of 147 that compact and shall carry out the responsibilities of the 148 compact officer specified in that compact. 149

(6) The superintendent shall, upon request, assist a
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county coroner in the identification of a deceased person
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through the use of fingerprint impressions obtained pursuant to
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division (A) (1) of this section or collected pursuant to section
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109.572 or 311.41 of the Revised Code.

(B) The superintendent shall prepare and furnish to every 155 county, multicounty, municipal, municipal-county, or 156 multicounty-municipal jail or workhouse, community-based 157 correctional facility, halfway house, alternative residential 158 facility, or state correctional institution and to every clerk 159 of a court in this state specified in division (A)(2) of this 160 section standard forms for reporting the information required 161 under division (A) of this section. The standard forms that the 162 superintendent prepares pursuant to this division may be in a 163 tangible format, in an electronic format, or in both tangible 164 formats and electronic formats. 165

(C) (1) The superintendent may operate a center for
electronic, automated, or other data processing for the storage
and retrieval of information, data, and statistics pertaining to
criminals and to children under eighteen years of age who are
adjudicated delinguent children for committing an act that would

be a felony or an offense of violence if committed by an adult, 171 criminal activity, crime prevention, law enforcement, and 172 criminal justice, and may establish and operate a statewide 173 communications network to be known as the Ohio law enforcement 174 gateway to gather and disseminate information, data, and 175 statistics for the use of law enforcement agencies and for other 176 uses specified in this division. The superintendent may gather, 177 store, retrieve, and disseminate information, data, and 178 statistics that pertain to children who are under eighteen years 179 of age and that are gathered pursuant to sections 109.57 to 180 109.61 of the Revised Code together with information, data, and 181 statistics that pertain to adults and that are gathered pursuant 182 to those sections. 183

(2) The superintendent or the superintendent's designee 184 shall gather information of the nature described in division (C) 185 (1) of this section that pertains to the offense and delinquency 186 history of a person who has been convicted of, pleaded guilty 187 to, or been adjudicated a delinquent child for committing a 188 sexually oriented offense or a child-victim oriented offense for 189 inclusion in the state registry of sex offenders and child-190 victim offenders maintained pursuant to division (A)(1) of 191 section 2950.13 of the Revised Code and in the internet database 192 operated pursuant to division (A) (13) of that section and for 193 possible inclusion in the internet database operated pursuant to 194 division (A)(11) of that section. 195

(3) In addition to any other authorized use of
information, data, and statistics of the nature described in
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division (C) (1) of this section, the superintendent or the
superintendent's designee may provide and exchange the
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information, data, and statistics pursuant to the national crime
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prevention and privacy compact as described in division (A) (5)

Page 8

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of this section.

(4) The Ohio law enforcement gateway shall contain the
name, confidential address, and telephone number of program
participants in the address confidentiality program established
under sections 111.41 to 111.47 of the Revised Code.

(5) The attorney general may adopt rules under Chapter 207 119. of the Revised Code establishing guidelines for the 208 operation of and participation in the Ohio law enforcement 209 gateway. The rules may include criteria for granting and 210 restricting access to information gathered and disseminated 211 through the Ohio law enforcement gateway. The attorney general 212 shall adopt rules under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code that 213 grant access to information in the gateway regarding an address 214 confidentiality program participant under sections 111.41 to 215 111.47 of the Revised Code to only chiefs of police, village 216 marshals, county sheriffs, county prosecuting attorneys, and a 217 designee of each of these individuals. The attorney general 218 shall permit an office of a county coroner, the state medical 219 board, and board of nursing to access and view, but not alter, 220 information gathered and disseminated through the Ohio law 221 222 enforcement gateway.

The attorney general may appoint a steering committee to 223 advise the attorney general in the operation of the Ohio law 224 enforcement gateway that is comprised of persons who are 225 representatives of the criminal justice agencies in this state 226 that use the Ohio law enforcement gateway and is chaired by the 227 superintendent or the superintendent's designee. 228

(D) (1) The following are not public records under section 229149.43 of the Revised Code: 230

(a) Information and materials furnished to the	231
superintendent pursuant to division (A) of this section;	232
(b) Information, data, and statistics gathered or	233
disseminated through the Ohio law enforcement gateway pursuant	234
to division (C)(1) of this section;	235
(c) Information and materials furnished to any board or	236
person under division (F) or (G) of this section.	237
(2) The superintendent or the superintendent's designee	238
shall gather and retain information so furnished under division	239
(A) of this section that pertains to the offense and delinquency	240
history of a person who has been convicted of, pleaded guilty	241
to, or been adjudicated a delinquent child for committing a	242
sexually oriented offense or a child-victim oriented offense for	243

(E)(1) The attorney general shall adopt rules, in 245 accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code and subject to 246 division (E)(2) of this section, setting forth the procedure by 247 which a person may receive or release information gathered by 248 the superintendent pursuant to division (A) of this section. A 249 reasonable fee may be charged for this service. If a temporary 250 employment service submits a request for a determination of 251 whether a person the service plans to refer to an employment 252 position has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to an offense 253 listed or described in division (A)(1), (2), or (3) of section 254 109.572 of the Revised Code, the request shall be treated as a 255 single request and only one fee shall be charged. 256

the purposes described in division (C)(2) of this section.

(2) Except as otherwise provided in this division or 257 division (E)(3) or (4) of this section, a rule adopted under 258 division (E)(1) of this section may provide only for the release 259

Page 9

of information gathered pursuant to division (A) of this section 260 that relates to the conviction of a person, or a person's plea 261 of guilty to, a criminal offense or to the arrest of a person as 262 provided in division (E)(3) of this section. The superintendent 263 shall not release, and the attorney general shall not adopt any 264 rule under division (E)(1) of this section that permits the 265 266 release of, any information gathered pursuant to division (A) of this section that relates to an adjudication of a child as a 267 delinquent child, or that relates to a criminal conviction of a 268 person under eighteen years of age if the person's case was 269 transferred back to a juvenile court under division (B)(2) or 270 (3) of section 2152.121 of the Revised Code and the juvenile 271 court imposed a disposition or serious youthful offender 272 disposition upon the person under either division, unless either 273 of the following applies with respect to the adjudication or 274 conviction: 275

(a) The adjudication or conviction was for a violation of 276section 2903.01 or 2903.02 of the Revised Code. 277

(b) The adjudication or conviction was for a sexually 278 oriented offense, the juvenile court was required to classify 279 the child a juvenile offender registrant for that offense under 280 section 2152.82, 2152.83, or 2152.86 of the Revised Code, that 281 classification has not been removed, and the records of the 282 adjudication or conviction have not been sealed or expunged 283 pursuant to sections 2151.355 to 2151.358 or sealed or expunded 284 pursuant to section 2953.32 of the Revised Code. 285

(3) A rule adopted under division (E) (1) of this section
may provide for the release of information gathered pursuant to
division (A) of this section that relates to the arrest of a
person who is eighteen years of age or older when the person has

not been convicted as a result of that arrest if any of the290following applies:291(a) The arrest was made outside of this state.292(b) A criminal action resulting from the arrest is293pending, and the superintendent confirms that the criminal294action has not been resolved at the time the criminal records295check is performed.296

(c) The bureau cannot reasonably determine whether a 297
criminal action resulting from the arrest is pending, and not 298
more than one year has elapsed since the date of the arrest. 299

(4) A rule adopted under division (E) (1) of this section 300 may provide for the release of information gathered pursuant to 301 division (A) of this section that relates to an adjudication of 302 a child as a delinquent child if not more than five years have 303 elapsed since the date of the adjudication, the adjudication was 304 for an act that would have been a felony if committed by an 305 adult, the records of the adjudication have not been sealed or 306 expunged pursuant to sections 2151.355 to 2151.358 of the 307 Revised Code, and the request for information is made under 308 division (F) of this section or under section 109.572 of the 309 Revised Code. In the case of an adjudication for a violation of 310 the terms of community control or supervised release, the five-311 year period shall be calculated from the date of the 312 adjudication to which the community control or supervised 313 release pertains. 314

(F) (1) As used in division (F) (2) of this section, "head
start agency" means an entity in this state that has been
approved to be an agency for purposes of subchapter II of the
"Community Economic Development Act," 95 Stat. 489 (1981), 42

U.S.C.A. 9831, as amended.

(2) (a) In addition to or in conjunction with any request 320 that is required to be made under section 109.572, 2151.86, 321 3301.32, 3301.541, division (C) of section 3310.58, or section 322 3319.39, 3319.391, 3327.10, 3740.11, 5104.013, 5123.081, or 323 5153.111 of the Revised Code or that is made under section 324 3314.41, 3319.392, 3326.25, or 3328.20 of the Revised Code, the 325 board of education of any school district; the director of 326 developmental disabilities; any county board of developmental 327 disabilities; any provider or subcontractor as defined in 328 section 5123.081 of the Revised Code; the chief administrator of 329 any chartered nonpublic school; the chief administrator of a 330 registered private provider that is not also a chartered 331 nonpublic school; the chief administrator of any home health 332 agency; the chief administrator of or person operating any child 333 day-care center, type A family day-care home, or type B family 334 day-care home licensed under Chapter 5104. of the Revised Code; 335 the chief administrator of any head start agency; the executive 336 director of a public children services agency; a private company 337 described in section 3314.41, 3319.392, 3326.25, or 3328.20 of 338 the Revised Code; or an employer described in division (J)(2) of 339 section 3327.10 of the Revised Code may request that the 340 superintendent of the bureau investigate and determine, with 341 respect to any individual who has applied for employment in any 342 position after October 2, 1989, or any individual wishing to 343 apply for employment with a board of education may request, with 344 regard to the individual, whether the bureau has any information 345 gathered under division (A) of this section that pertains to 346 that individual. On receipt of the request, subject to division 347 (E) (2) of this section, the superintendent shall determine 348 whether that information exists and, upon request of the person, 349

board, or entity requesting information, also shall request from 350 the federal bureau of investigation any criminal records it has 351 pertaining to that individual. The superintendent or the 352 superintendent's designee also may request criminal history 353 records from other states or the federal government pursuant to 354 the national crime prevention and privacy compact set forth in 355 356 section 109.571 of the Revised Code. Within thirty days of the date that the superintendent receives a request, subject to 357 division (E)(2) of this section, the superintendent shall send 358 to the board, entity, or person a report of any information that 359 the superintendent determines exists, including information 360 contained in records that have been sealed under section 2953.32 361 of the Revised Code, and, within thirty days of its receipt, 362 subject to division (E)(2) of this section, shall send the 363 board, entity, or person a report of any information received 364 from the federal bureau of investigation, other than information 365 the dissemination of which is prohibited by federal law. 366

(b) When a board of education or a registered private 367 provider is required to receive information under this section 368 as a prerequisite to employment of an individual pursuant to 369 division (C) of section 3310.58 or section 3319.39 of the 370 Revised Code, it may accept a certified copy of records that 371 were issued by the bureau of criminal identification and 372 investigation and that are presented by an individual applying 373 for employment with the district in lieu of requesting that 374 information itself. In such a case, the board shall accept the 375 certified copy issued by the bureau in order to make a photocopy 376 of it for that individual's employment application documents and 377 shall return the certified copy to the individual. In a case of 378 that nature, a district or provider only shall accept a 379 certified copy of records of that nature within one year after 380 the date of their issuance by the bureau.

(c) Notwithstanding division (F) (2) (a) of this section, in 382 the case of a request under section 3319.39, 3319.391, or 383 3327.10 of the Revised Code only for criminal records maintained 384 by the federal bureau of investigation, the superintendent shall 385 not determine whether any information gathered under division 386 (A) of this section exists on the person for whom the request is 387 made. 388

(3) The state board of education may request, with respect 389 to any individual who has applied for employment after October 390 2, 1989, in any position with the state board or the department 391 of education, any information that a school district board of 392 education is authorized to request under division (F)(2) of this 393 section, and the superintendent of the bureau shall proceed as 394 if the request has been received from a school district board of 395 education under division (F)(2) of this section. 396

(4) When the superintendent of the bureau receives a 397 request for information under section 3319.291 of the Revised 398 Code, the superintendent shall proceed as if the request has 399 been received from a school district board of education and 400 shall comply with divisions (F)(2)(a) and (c) of this section. 401

(G) In addition to or in conjunction with any request that 402 is required to be made under section 3712.09, 3721.121, or 403 3740.11 of the Revised Code with respect to an individual who 404 has applied for employment in a position that involves providing 405 direct care to an older adult or adult resident, the chief 406 administrator of a home health agency, hospice care program, 407 home licensed under Chapter 3721. of the Revised Code, or adult 408 day-care program operated pursuant to rules adopted under 409 section 3721.04 of the Revised Code may request that the 410

superintendent of the bureau investigate and determine, with411respect to any individual who has applied after January 27,4121997, for employment in a position that does not involve413providing direct care to an older adult or adult resident,414whether the bureau has any information gathered under division415(A) of this section that pertains to that individual.416

In addition to or in conjunction with any request that is 417 required to be made under section 173.27 of the Revised Code 418 with respect to an individual who has applied for employment in 419 420 a position that involves providing ombudsman services to 421 residents of long-term care facilities or recipients of 422 community-based long-term care services, the state long-term 423 care ombudsman, the director of aging, a regional long-term care ombudsman program, or the designee of the ombudsman, director, 424 or program may request that the superintendent investigate and 425 determine, with respect to any individual who has applied for 426 employment in a position that does not involve providing such 427 ombudsman services, whether the bureau has any information 428 qathered under division (A) of this section that pertains to 429 that applicant. 430

431 In addition to or in conjunction with any request that is required to be made under section 173.38 of the Revised Code 432 with respect to an individual who has applied for employment in 433 a direct-care position, the chief administrator of a provider, 434 as defined in section 173.39 of the Revised Code, may request 435 that the superintendent investigate and determine, with respect 436 to any individual who has applied for employment in a position 437 that is not a direct-care position, whether the bureau has any 438 information gathered under division (A) of this section that 439 440 pertains to that applicant.

In addition to or in conjunction with any request that is 441 required to be made under section 3712.09 of the Revised Code 442 with respect to an individual who has applied for employment in 443 a position that involves providing direct care to a pediatric 444 respite care patient, the chief administrator of a pediatric 445 respite care program may request that the superintendent of the 446 bureau investigate and determine, with respect to any individual 447 who has applied for employment in a position that does not 448 involve providing direct care to a pediatric respite care 449 patient, whether the bureau has any information gathered under 450 division (A) of this section that pertains to that individual. 451

On receipt of a request under this division, the 452 superintendent shall determine whether that information exists 453 and, on request of the individual requesting information, shall 454 also request from the federal bureau of investigation any 455 criminal records it has pertaining to the applicant. The 456 superintendent or the superintendent's designee also may request 457 criminal history records from other states or the federal 458 government pursuant to the national crime prevention and privacy 459 compact set forth in section 109.571 of the Revised Code. Within 460 thirty days of the date a request is received, subject to 461 division (E)(2) of this section, the superintendent shall send 462 to the requester a report of any information determined to 463 exist, including information contained in records that have been 464 sealed under section 2953.32 of the Revised Code, and, within 465 thirty days of its receipt, shall send the requester a report of 466 any information received from the federal bureau of 467 investigation, other than information the dissemination of which 468 is prohibited by federal law. 469

(H) Information obtained by a government entity or personunder this section is confidential and shall not be released or471

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(I) The superintendent may charge a reasonable fee for	473
providing information or criminal records under division (F)(2)	474
or (G) of this section.	475

(J) (J) (1) The superintendent shall develop and prepare 476 instructions and informational brochures, standard petitions, 477 and extreme risk protection order forms, and a court staff 478 handbook on the extreme risk protection order process. The 479 standard petitions and order forms shall be prepared and 480 available for use not later than six months after the effective 481 date of this amendment, for all petitions filed and orders 482 issued under sections 2923.26 to 2923.30 of the Revised Code. 483 The instructions, brochures, forms, and handbook shall be 484 prepared in consultation with interested parties, including 485 representatives of gun violence prevention groups, judges, and 486 law enforcement personnel. Materials shall be based on best 487 practices and shall be made available online to the public. The 488 petitions and petition forms referred to in divisions (J)(1) to 489 (11) of this section mean both petitions for requesting an 490 extreme risk protection order under section 2923.26 of the 491 Revised Code and applications for requesting an ex parte extreme 492 risk protection order under section 2923.27 of the Revised Code. 493

(2) The instructions shall be designed to assist494petitioners in completing the petition, and shall include a495sample of a standard petition and an extreme risk protection496order form.497

(3) The instructions and standard petition shall include a498means for the petitioner to identify, without special knowledge,499the firearms the respondent may own, possess, receive, or have500in the respondent's custody or control. The instructions shall501

provide pictures of types of firearms that the petitioner may	502
choose from to identify the relevant firearms, or an equivalent	
means to allow petitioners to identify firearms without	
requiring specific or technical knowledge regarding the	505
firearms.	506
(4) The informational brochure shall describe the use of	507
and the process for obtaining, modifying, and terminating an	508
extreme risk protection order under sections 2923.26 to 2923.30	509
of the Revised Code and provide relevant forms.	510
(5) The extreme risk protection order form shall include,	511
in a conspicuous location, notice of criminal penalties	512
resulting from a violation of the order, and the following	513
statement:	514
"You have the sole responsibility to avoid or refrain from	515
violating this order's provisions. Only the court can change the	
order and only upon written application."	517
(6) The court staff handbook shall allow for a clerk of	518
court to add to the handbook a community resource list.	519
(7) The superintendent shall distribute a master copy of	520
the petition and order forms, instructions, and informational	521
brochures to every clerk of court and shall distribute a master	522
copy of the petition and order forms to all county courts,	523
municipal courts, and courts of common pleas.	524
(8) The superintendent shall distribute all documents in	525
an electronic format or formats accessible to all courts and	526
clerks of court in the state and may additionally distribute the	527
documents in other formats.	528
(9) The superintendent shall determine the significant	529
non-English-speaking or limited English-speaking populations in	530

the state and arrange for translation of the instructions and	531
informational brochures required by this section into the	532
languages spoken by those populations. The translated	533
instructions and informational brochures shall contain a sample	534
of the standard petition and order for protection forms. The	535
superintendent shall distribute a master copy of the translated	536
instructions and informational brochures to every clerk of court	537
not later than one year after the effective date of this	538
amendment.	539
(10) The superintendent shall update the instructions,	540
brochures, standard petitions and extreme risk protection order	541
forms, and court staff handbook as necessary, including when	542
changes in the law make an update necessary.	543
(11) Any assistance or information provided by a clerk of	544
court under division (J) of this section does not constitute the	545
practice of law.	546
(K) In addition to informational brochures and materials	547
made available by the superintendent under division (J) of this	548
section, each clerk of court may create a community resource	549
list of crisis intervention, mental health, substance abuse,	550
interpreter, counseling, and other relevant resources serving	551
the county in which the court is located.	552
(L) As used in this section:	553
(1) "Pediatric respite care program" and "pediatric care	554
patient" have the same meanings as in section 3712.01 of the	555
Revised Code.	556
(2) "Sexually oriented offense" and "child-victim oriented	557
offense" have the same meanings as in section 2950.01 of the	558
Revised Code.	559

(3) "Registered private provider" means a nonpublic school
or entity registered with the superintendent of public
instruction under section 3310.41 of the Revised Code to
participate in the autism scholarship program or section 3310.58
of the Revised Code to participate in the Jon Peterson special
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needs scholarship program.

(4) "Extreme risk protection order" and "ex parte extreme risk protection order" have the same meanings as in section 2923.26 of the Revised Code.

Sec. 2923.125. It is the intent of the general assembly that Ohio concealed handgun license law be compliant with the national instant criminal background check system, that the bureau of alcohol, tobacco, firearms, and explosives is able to determine that Ohio law is compliant with the national instant criminal background check system, and that no person shall be eligible to receive a concealed handgun license permit under section 2923.125 or 2923.1213 of the Revised Code unless the person is eligible lawfully to receive or possess a firearm in the United States.

(A) This section applies with respect to the application 579 for and issuance by this state of concealed handgun licenses 580 other than concealed handgun licenses on a temporary emergency 581 basis that are issued under section 2923.1213 of the Revised 582 Code. Upon the request of a person who wishes to obtain a 583 concealed handgun license with respect to which this section 584 applies or to renew a concealed handgun license with respect to 585 which this section applies, a sheriff, as provided in division 586 (I) of this section, shall provide to the person free of charge 587 an application form and the web site address at which a 588 printable version of the application form that can be downloaded 589

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and the pamphlet described in division (B) of section 109.731 of590the Revised Code may be found. A sheriff shall accept a591completed application form and the fee, items, materials, and592information specified in divisions (B) (1) to (5) of this section593at the times and in the manners described in division (I) of594this section.595

(B) An applicant for a concealed handgun license who is a 596 resident of this state shall submit a completed application form 597 and all of the material and information described in divisions 598 (B) (1) to (6) of this section to the sheriff of the county in 599 which the applicant resides or to the sheriff of any county 600 adjacent to the county in which the applicant resides. An 601 applicant for a license who resides in another state shall 602 submit a completed application form and all of the material and 603 information described in divisions (B)(1) to (7) of this section 604 to the sheriff of the county in which the applicant is employed 605 or to the sheriff of any county adjacent to the county in which 606 the applicant is employed: 607

(1) (a) A nonrefundable license fee as described in either of the following:

(i) For an applicant who has been a resident of this statefor five or more years, a fee of sixty-seven dollars;611

(ii) For an applicant who has been a resident of this
state for less than five years or who is not a resident of this
state, but who is employed in this state, a fee of sixty-seven
dollars plus the actual cost of having a background check
performed by the federal bureau of investigation.

(b) No sheriff shall require an applicant to pay for the617cost of a background check performed by the bureau of criminal618

identification and investigation.

(c) A sheriff shall waive the payment of the license fee 620 described in division (B)(1)(a) of this section in connection 621 with an initial or renewal application for a license that is 622 submitted by an applicant who is an active or reserve member of 623 the armed forces of the United States or has retired from or was 624 honorably discharged from military service in the active or 625 reserve armed forces of the United States, a retired peace 626 officer, a retired person described in division (B)(1)(b) of 627 628 section 109.77 of the Revised Code, or a retired federal law enforcement officer who, prior to retirement, was authorized 629 under federal law to carry a firearm in the course of duty, 630 unless the retired peace officer, person, or federal law 631 enforcement officer retired as the result of a mental 632 633 disability.

(d) The sheriff shall deposit all fees paid by an 634 applicant under division (B)(1)(a) of this section into the 635 sheriff's concealed handgun license issuance fund established 636 pursuant to section 311.42 of the Revised Code. The county shall distribute the fees in accordance with section 311.42 of the Revised Code. 639

(2) A color photograph of the applicant that was taken 640 within thirty days prior to the date of the application; 641

642 (3) One or more of the following competency certifications, each of which shall reflect that, regarding a 643 certification described in division (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), (e), or 644 (f) of this section, within the three years immediately 645 preceding the application the applicant has performed that to 646 which the competency certification relates and that, regarding a 647 certification described in division (B)(3)(d) of this section, 648

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the applicant currently is an active or reserve member of the 649 armed forces of the United States, the applicant has retired 650 from or was honorably discharged from military service in the 651 active or reserve armed forces of the United States, or within 652 the ten years immediately preceding the application the 653 retirement of the peace officer, person described in division 654 (B) (1) (b) of section 109.77 of the Revised Code, or federal law 655 enforcement officer to which the competency certification 656 relates occurred: 657 (a) An original or photocopy of a certificate of 658 completion of a firearms safety, training, or regualification or 659 firearms safety instructor course, class, or program that was 660 offered by or under the auspices of a national gun advocacy 661 organization and that complies with the requirements set forth 662 in division (G) of this section; 663 (b) An original or photocopy of a certificate of 664 completion of a firearms safety, training, or requalification or 665 firearms safety instructor course, class, or program that 666 satisfies all of the following criteria: 667 (i) It was open to members of the general public. 668 (ii) It utilized qualified instructors who were certified 669 by a national gun advocacy organization, the executive director 670 of the Ohio peace officer training commission pursuant to 671 section 109.75 or 109.78 of the Revised Code, or a governmental 672 official or entity of another state. 673 (iii) It was offered by or under the auspices of a law 674 enforcement agency of this or another state or the United 675 States, a public or private college, university, or other 676 similar postsecondary educational institution located in this or 677 another state, a firearms training school located in this or678another state, or another type of public or private entity or679organization located in this or another state.680

(iv) It complies with the requirements set forth in 681 division (G) of this section. 682

(c) An original or photocopy of a certificate of 683 completion of a state, county, municipal, or department of 684 natural resources peace officer training school that is approved 685 by the executive director of the Ohio peace officer training 686 commission pursuant to section 109.75 of the Revised Code and 687 that complies with the requirements set forth in division (G) of 688 this section, or the applicant has satisfactorily completed and 689 been issued a certificate of completion of a basic firearms 690 training program, a firearms requalification training program, 691 or another basic training program described in section 109.78 or 692 109.801 of the Revised Code that complies with the requirements 693 set forth in division (G) of this section; 694

(d) A document that evidences both of the following:

(i) That the applicant is an active or reserve member of 696 the armed forces of the United States, has retired from or was 697 honorably discharged from military service in the active or 698 reserve armed forces of the United States, is a retired trooper 699 of the state highway patrol, or is a retired peace officer or 700 federal law enforcement officer described in division (B)(1) of 701 this section or a retired person described in division (B)(1)(b) 702 of section 109.77 of the Revised Code and division (B)(1) of 703 this section; 704

(ii) That, through participation in the military service705or through the former employment described in division (B) (3) (d)706

(i) of this section, the applicant acquired experience with
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handling handguns or other firearms, and the experience so
acquired was equivalent to training that the applicant could
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have acquired in a course, class, or program described in
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division (B) (3) (a), (b), or (c) of this section.

(e) A certificate or another similar document that 712 evidences satisfactory completion of a firearms training, 713 safety, or requalification or firearms safety instructor course, 714 class, or program that is not otherwise described in division 715 (B) (3) (a), (b), (c), or (d) of this section, that was conducted 716 by an instructor who was certified by an official or entity of 717 the government of this or another state or the United States or 718 by a national gun advocacy organization, and that complies with 719 the requirements set forth in division (G) of this section; 720

(f) An affidavit that attests to the applicant's 721 satisfactory completion of a course, class, or program described 722 in division (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or (e) of this section and that 723 is subscribed by the applicant's instructor or an authorized 724 representative of the entity that offered the course, class, or 725 program or under whose auspices the course, class, or program 726 was offered; 727

(g) A document that evidences that the applicant has
successfully completed the Ohio peace officer training program
described in section 109.79 of the Revised Code.
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(4) A certification by the applicant that the applicant
has read the pamphlet prepared by the Ohio peace officer
training commission pursuant to section 109.731 of the Revised
Code that reviews firearms, dispute resolution, and use of
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deadly force matters.

(5) A set of fingerprints of the applicant provided as 736 described in section 311.41 of the Revised Code through use of 737 an electronic fingerprint reading device or, if the sheriff to 738 whom the application is submitted does not possess and does not 739 have ready access to the use of such a reading device, on a 740 standard impression sheet prescribed pursuant to division (C)(2) 741 of section 109.572 of the Revised Code. 742

(6) If the applicant is not a citizen or national of the
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United States, the name of the applicant's country of
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citizenship and the applicant's alien registration number issued
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by the United States citizenship and immigration services
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agency.

(7) If the applicant resides in another state, adequate proof of employment in Ohio.

(C) Upon receipt of the completed application form,
supporting documentation, and, if not waived, license fee of an
applicant under this section, a sheriff, in the manner specified
in section 311.41 of the Revised Code, shall conduct or cause to
be conducted the criminal records check and the incompetency
records check described in section 311.41 of the Revised Code.

756 (D)(1) Except as provided in division (D)(3) of this section, within forty-five days after a sheriff's receipt of an 757 applicant's completed application form for a concealed handgun 758 license under this section, the supporting documentation, and, 759 if not waived, the license fee, the sheriff shall make available 760 through the law enforcement automated data system in accordance 761 with division (H) of this section the information described in 762 that division and, upon making the information available through 763 the system, shall issue to the applicant a concealed handgun 764 license that shall expire as described in division (D)(2)(a) of 765

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(a) The applicant is legally living in the United States. 767 For purposes of division (D)(1)(a) of this section, if a person 768 is absent from the United States in compliance with military or 769 naval orders as an active or reserve member of the armed forces 770 of the United States and if prior to leaving the United States 771 the person was legally living in the United States, the person, 772 solely by reason of that absence, shall not be considered to 773 have lost the person's status as living in the United States. 774

- (b) The applicant is at least twenty-one years of age. 775
- (c) The applicant is not a fugitive from justice.

(d) The applicant is not under indictment for or otherwise
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charged with a felony; an offense under Chapter 2925., 3719., or
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4729. of the Revised Code that involves the illegal possession,
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use, sale, administration, or distribution of or trafficking in
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a drug of abuse; a misdemeanor offense of violence; or a
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violation of section 2903.14 or 2923.1211 of the Revised Code.
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(e) Except as otherwise provided in division (D)(4) or (5) 783 of this section, the applicant has not been convicted of or 784 pleaded guilty to a felony or an offense under Chapter 2925., 785 3719., or 4729. of the Revised Code that involves the illegal 786 possession, use, sale, administration, or distribution of or 787 trafficking in a drug of abuse; has not been adjudicated a 788 delinquent child for committing an act that if committed by an 789 adult would be a felony or would be an offense under Chapter 790 2925., 3719., or 4729. of the Revised Code that involves the 791 illegal possession, use, sale, administration, or distribution 792 of or trafficking in a drug of abuse; has not been convicted of, 793 794 pleaded guilty to, or adjudicated a delinquent child for

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committing a violation of section 2903.13 of the Revised Code 795 when the victim of the violation is a peace officer, regardless 796 of whether the applicant was sentenced under division (C)(4) of 797 that section; and has not been convicted of, pleaded guilty to, 798 or adjudicated a delinquent child for committing any other 799 offense that is not previously described in this division that 800 is a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding 801 one year. 802

(f) Except as otherwise provided in division (D)(4) or (5) 803 of this section, the applicant, within three years of the date 804 of the application, has not been convicted of or pleaded guilty 805 to a misdemeanor offense of violence other than a misdemeanor 806 violation of section 2921.33 of the Revised Code or a violation 807 of section 2903.13 of the Revised Code when the victim of the 808 violation is a peace officer, or a misdemeanor violation of 809 section 2923.1211 of the Revised Code; and has not been 810 adjudicated a delinquent child for committing an act that if 811 committed by an adult would be a misdemeanor offense of violence 812 other than a misdemeanor violation of section 2921.33 of the 813 Revised Code or a violation of section 2903.13 of the Revised 814 Code when the victim of the violation is a peace officer or for 815 committing an act that if committed by an adult would be a 816 misdemeanor violation of section 2923.1211 of the Revised Code. 817

(g) Except as otherwise provided in division (D) (1) (e) of 818 this section, the applicant, within five years of the date of 819 the application, has not been convicted of, pleaded guilty to, 820 or adjudicated a delinquent child for committing two or more 821 violations of section 2903.13 or 2903.14 of the Revised Code. 822

(h) Except as otherwise provided in division (D) (4) or (5)823of this section, the applicant, within ten years of the date of824

the application, has not been convicted of, pleaded guilty to, 825 or adjudicated a delinquent child for committing a violation of 826 section 2921.33 of the Revised Code. 827

(i) The applicant has not been committed to any mental 828 institution, is not under adjudication of mental incompetence, 829 has not been found by a court to be a person with a mental 830 illness subject to court order, and is not an involuntary 831 patient other than one who is a patient only for purposes of 832 observation. As used in this division, "person with a mental 833 illness subject to court order" and "patient" have the same 834 meanings as in section 5122.01 of the Revised Code. 835

(j) The applicant is not currently subject to a civil
protection order, a temporary protection order, an extreme risk
protection order or ex parte extreme risk protection order
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issued under sections 2923.26 to 2923.30 of the Revised Code, or
a protection order issued by a court of another state.

(k) The applicant certifies that the applicant desires a
legal means to carry a concealed handgun for defense of the
applicant or a member of the applicant's family while engaged in
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lawful activity.

(1) The applicant submits a competency certification of 845 the type described in division (B)(3) of this section and 846 submits a certification of the type described in division (B)(4) 847 of this section regarding the applicant's reading of the 848 pamphlet prepared by the Ohio peace officer training commission 849 pursuant to section 109.731 of the Revised Code. 850

(m) The applicant currently is not subject to a suspension
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to the applicant under this section or section 2923.1213 of the854Revised Code or a similar suspension imposed by another state855regarding a concealed handgun license issued by that state.856

(n) If the applicant resides in another state, the857applicant is employed in this state.858

(o) The applicant certifies that the applicant is not an
unlawful user of or addicted to any controlled substance as
defined in 21 U.S.C. 802.

(p) If the applicant is not a United States citizen, the
applicant is an alien and has not been admitted to the United
States under a nonimmigrant visa, as defined in the "Immigration
and Nationality Act," 8 U.S.C. 1101(a) (26).

(q) The applicant has not been discharged from the armed forces of the United States under dishonorable conditions.

(r) The applicant certifies that the applicant has not868renounced the applicant's United States citizenship, if869applicable.870

(s) The applicant has not been convicted of, pleaded
guilty to, or adjudicated a delinquent child for committing a
violation of section 2919.25 of the Revised Code or a similar
violation in another state.

(2) (a) A concealed handgun license that a sheriff issues
under division (D) (1) of this section shall expire five years
after the date of issuance.

If a sheriff issues a license under this section, the878sheriff shall place on the license a unique combination of879letters and numbers identifying the license in accordance with880the procedure prescribed by the Ohio peace officer training881

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commission pursuant to section 109.731 of the Revised Code.

(b) If a sheriff denies an application under this section 883 because the applicant does not satisfy the criteria described in 884 division (D)(1) of this section, the sheriff shall specify the 885 grounds for the denial in a written notice to the applicant. The 886 applicant may appeal the denial pursuant to section 119.12 of 887 the Revised Code in the county served by the sheriff who denied 888 the application. If the denial was as a result of the criminal 889 records check conducted pursuant to section 311.41 of the 890 Revised Code and if, pursuant to section 2923.127 of the Revised 891 Code, the applicant challenges the criminal records check 892 results using the appropriate challenge and review procedure 893 specified in that section, the time for filing the appeal 894 pursuant to section 119.12 of the Revised Code and this division 895 is tolled during the pendency of the request or the challenge 896 and review. 897

(c) If the court in an appeal under section 119.12 of the 898 Revised Code and division (D)(2)(b) of this section enters a 899 judgment sustaining the sheriff's refusal to grant to the 900 applicant a concealed handgun license, the applicant may file a 901 new application beginning one year after the judgment is 902 903 entered. If the court enters a judgment in favor of the applicant, that judgment shall not restrict the authority of a 904 sheriff to suspend or revoke the license pursuant to section 905 2923.128 or 2923.1213 of the Revised Code or to refuse to renew 906 the license for any proper cause that may occur after the date 907 the judgment is entered. In the appeal, the court shall have 908 full power to dispose of all costs. 909

(3) If the sheriff with whom an application for a910concealed handgun license was filed under this section becomes911

aware that the applicant has been arrested for or otherwise912charged with an offense that would disqualify the applicant from913holding the license, the sheriff shall suspend the processing of914the application until the disposition of the case arising from915the arrest or charge.916

(4) If an applicant has been convicted of or pleaded 917 guilty to an offense identified in division (D)(1)(e), (f), or 918 (h) of this section or has been adjudicated a delinquent child 919 for committing an act or violation identified in any of those 920 divisions, and if a court has ordered the sealing or expungement 921 of the records of that conviction, guilty plea, or adjudication 922 pursuant to sections 2151.355 to 2151.358, sections 2953.31 to 923 2953.35, or section 2953.39 of the Revised Code or the applicant 924 has been relieved under operation of law or legal process from 925 the disability imposed pursuant to section 2923.13 of the 926 927 Revised Code relative to that conviction, quilty plea, or adjudication, the sheriff with whom the application was 928 submitted shall not consider the conviction, quilty plea, or 929 adjudication in making a determination under division (D)(1) or 930 (F) of this section or, in relation to an application for a 931 932 concealed handgun license on a temporary emergency basis submitted under section 2923.1213 of the Revised Code, in making 933 a determination under division (B)(2) of that section. 934

(5) If an applicant has been convicted of or pleaded 935 quilty to a minor misdemeanor offense or has been adjudicated a 936 delinquent child for committing an act or violation that is a 937 minor misdemeanor offense, the sheriff with whom the application 938 was submitted shall not consider the conviction, quilty plea, or 939 adjudication in making a determination under division (D)(1) or 940 (F) of this section or, in relation to an application for a 941 concealed handgun license on a temporary basis submitted under 942

section 2923.1213 of the Revised Code, in making a determination 943 under division (B)(2) of that section. 944

(E) If a concealed handgun license issued under this 945 section is lost or is destroyed, the licensee may obtain from 946 the sheriff who issued that license a duplicate license upon the 947 payment of a fee of fifteen dollars and the submission of an 948 affidavit attesting to the loss or destruction of the license. 949 950 The sheriff, in accordance with the procedures prescribed in section 109.731 of the Revised Code, shall place on the 951 952 replacement license a combination of identifying numbers different from the combination on the license that is being 953 954 replaced.

(F) (1) (a) Except as provided in division (F) (1) (b) of this 955 section, a licensee who wishes to renew a concealed handgun 956 license issued under this section may do so at any time before 957 the expiration date of the license or at any time after the 958 expiration date of the license by filing with the sheriff of the 959 county in which the applicant resides or with the sheriff of an 960 adjacent county, or in the case of an applicant who resides in 961 another state with the sheriff of the county that issued the 962 applicant's previous concealed handgun license an application 963 for renewal of the license obtained pursuant to division (D) of 964 this section, a certification by the applicant that, subsequent 965 to the issuance of the license, the applicant has reread the 966 pamphlet prepared by the Ohio peace officer training commission 967 pursuant to section 109.731 of the Revised Code that reviews 968 firearms, dispute resolution, and use of deadly force matters, 969 and a nonrefundable license renewal fee in an amount determined 970 pursuant to division (F)(4) of this section unless the fee is 971 waived. 972

(b) A person on active duty in the armed forces of the 973 United States or in service with the peace corps, volunteers in 974 service to America, or the foreign service of the United States 975 is exempt from the license requirements of this section for the 976 period of the person's active duty or service and for six months 977 thereafter, provided the person was a licensee under this 978 section at the time the person commenced the person's active 979 duty or service or had obtained a license while on active duty 980 or service. The spouse or a dependent of any such person on 981 982 active duty or in service also is exempt from the license requirements of this section for the period of the person's 983 active duty or service and for six months thereafter, provided 984 the spouse or dependent was a licensee under this section at the 985 time the person commenced the active duty or service or had 986 obtained a license while the person was on active duty or 987 service, and provided further that the person's active duty or 988 service resulted in the spouse or dependent relocating outside 989 of this state during the period of the active duty or service. 990 This division does not prevent such a person or the person's 991 spouse or dependent from making an application for the renewal 992 of a concealed handgun license during the period of the person's 993 active duty or service. 994

(2) A sheriff shall accept a completed renewal 995 application, the license renewal fee, and the information 996 specified in division (F)(1) of this section at the times and in 997 the manners described in division (I) of this section. Upon 998 receipt of a completed renewal application, of certification 999 that the applicant has reread the specified pamphlet prepared by 1000 the Ohio peace officer training commission, and of a license 1001 renewal fee unless the fee is waived, a sheriff, in the manner 1002 specified in section 311.41 of the Revised Code shall conduct or 1003

cause to be conducted the criminal records check and the 1004 incompetency records check described in section 311.41 of the 1005 Revised Code. The sheriff shall renew the license if the sheriff 1006 determines that the applicant continues to satisfy the 1007 1008 requirements described in division (D)(1) of this section, except that the applicant is not required to meet the 1009 requirements of division (D)(1)(1) of this section. A renewed 1010 license shall expire five years after the date of issuance. A 1011 renewed license is subject to division (E) of this section and 1012 sections 2923.126 and 2923.128 of the Revised Code. A sheriff 1013 shall comply with divisions (D)(2) and (3) of this section when 1014 the circumstances described in those divisions apply to a 1015 requested license renewal. If a sheriff denies the renewal of a 1016 concealed handgun license, the applicant may appeal the denial, 1017 or challenge the criminal record check results that were the 1018 basis of the denial if applicable, in the same manner as 1019 specified in division (D)(2)(b) of this section and in section 1020 2923.127 of the Revised Code, regarding the denial of a license 1021 under this section. 1022

(3) A renewal application submitted pursuant to division 1023 (F) of this section shall only require the licensee to list on 1024 the application form information and matters occurring since the 1025 date of the licensee's last application for a license pursuant 1026 to division (B) or (F) of this section. A sheriff conducting the 1027 criminal records check and the incompetency records check 1028 described in section 311.41 of the Revised Code shall conduct 1029 the check only from the date of the licensee's last application 1030 for a license pursuant to division (B) or (F) of this section 1031 through the date of the renewal application submitted pursuant 1032 to division (F) of this section. 1033

(4) An applicant for a renewal concealed handgun license 1034

under this section shall submit to the sheriff of the county in 1035
which the applicant resides or to the sheriff of any county 1036
adjacent to the county in which the applicant resides, or in the 1037
case of an applicant who resides in another state to the sheriff 1038
of the county that issued the applicant's previous concealed 1039
handgun license, a nonrefundable license fee as described in 1040
either of the following: 1041

(a) For an applicant who has been a resident of this statefor five or more years, a fee of fifty dollars;1043

(b) For an applicant who has been a resident of this state
for less than five years or who is not a resident of this state
but who is employed in this state, a fee of fifty dollars plus
the actual cost of having a background check performed by the
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federal bureau of investigation.

(5) The concealed handgun license of a licensee who is no longer a resident of this state or no longer employed in this state, as applicable, is valid until the date of expiration on the license, and the licensee is prohibited from renewing the concealed handgun license.

(G)(1) Each course, class, or program described in 1054 division (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or (e) of this section shall 1055 1056 provide to each person who takes the course, class, or program the web site address at which the pamphlet prepared by the Ohio 1057 peace officer training commission pursuant to section 109.731 of 1058 the Revised Code that reviews firearms, dispute resolution, and 1059 use of deadly force matters may be found. Each such course, 1060 class, or program described in one of those divisions shall 1061 include at least eight hours of training in the safe handling 1062 and use of a firearm that shall include training, provided as 1063 described in division (G)(3) of this section, on all of the 1064

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following:	1065
(a) The ability to name, explain, and demonstrate the	1066
rules for safe handling of a handgun and proper storage	1067
practices for handguns and ammunition;	1068
(b) The ability to demonstrate and explain how to handle	1069
ammunition in a safe manner;	1070
(c) The ability to demonstrate the knowledge, skills, and	1071
attitude necessary to shoot a handgun in a safe manner;	1072
(d) Gun handling training;	1073
(e) A minimum of two hours of in-person training that	1074
consists of range time and live-fire training.	1075
(2) To satisfactorily complete the course, class, or	1076
program described in division (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or (e) of	1077
this section, the applicant shall pass a competency examination	1078
that shall include both of the following:	1079
(a) A written section, provided as described in division	1080
(G)(3) of this section, on the ability to name and explain the	1081
rules for the safe handling of a handgun and proper storage	1082
practices for handguns and ammunition;	1083
(b) An in-person physical demonstration of competence in	1084
the use of a handgun and in the rules for safe handling and	1085
storage of a handgun and a physical demonstration of the	1086
attitude necessary to shoot a handgun in a safe manner.	1087
(3)(a) Except as otherwise provided in this division, the	1088
training specified in division (G)(1)(a) of this section shall	1089
be provided to the person receiving the training in person by an	1090
instructor. If the training specified in division (G)(1)(a) of	1091
this section is provided by a course, class, or program	1092

described in division (B)(3)(a) of this section, or it is 1093 provided by a course, class, or program described in division 1094 (B) (3) (b), (c), or (e) of this section and the instructor is a 1095 qualified instructor certified by a national gun advocacy 1096 organization, the training so specified, other than the training 1097 that requires the person receiving the training to demonstrate 1098 handling abilities, may be provided online or as a combination 1099 of in-person and online training, as long as the online training 1100 includes an interactive component that regularly engages the 1101 1102 person.

(b) Except as otherwise provided in this division, the 1103 written section of the competency examination specified in 1104 division (G)(2)(a) of this section shall be administered to the 1105 person taking the competency examination in person by an 1106 instructor. If the training specified in division (G)(1)(a) of 1107 this section is provided to the person receiving the training by 1108 a course, class, or program described in division (B)(3)(a) of 1109 this section, or it is provided by a course, class, or program 1110 described in division (B)(3)(b), (c), or (e) of this section and 1111 the instructor is a qualified instructor certified by a national 1112 gun advocacy organization, the written section of the competency 1113 examination specified in division (G)(2)(a) of this section may 1114 be administered online, as long as the online training includes 1115 an interactive component that regularly engages the person. 1116

(4) The competency certification described in division (B)
(3) (a), (b), (c), or (e) of this section shall be dated and
shall attest that the course, class, or program the applicant
successfully completed met the requirements described in
division (G) (1) of this section and that the applicant passed
the competency examination described in division (G) (2) of this
section.

(H) Upon deciding to issue a concealed handgun license, 1124 deciding to issue a replacement concealed handgun license, or 1125 deciding to renew a concealed handgun license pursuant to this 1126 section, and before actually issuing or renewing the license, 1127 the sheriff shall make available through the law enforcement 1128 automated data system all information contained on the license. 1129 If the license subsequently is suspended under division (A)(1) 1130 or (2) of section 2923.128 of the Revised Code, revoked pursuant 1131 to division (B)(1) of section 2923.128 of the Revised Code, or 1132 lost or destroyed, the sheriff also shall make available through 1133 the law enforcement automated data system a notation of that 1134 fact. The superintendent of the state highway patrol shall 1135 ensure that the law enforcement automated data system is so 1136 configured as to permit the transmission through the system of 1137 the information specified in this division. 1138

(I) (1) A sheriff shall accept a completed application form 1139 or renewal application, and the fee, items, materials, and 1140 information specified in divisions (B)(1) to (5) or division (F) 1141 of this section, whichever is applicable, and shall provide an 1142 application form or renewal application to any person during at 1143 least fifteen hours a week and shall provide the web site 1144 address at which a printable version of the application form 1145 that can be downloaded and the pamphlet described in division 1146 (B) of section 109.731 of the Revised Code may be found at any 1147 time, upon request. The sheriff shall post notice of the hours 1148 during which the sheriff is available to accept or provide the 1149 information described in this division. 1150

(2) A sheriff shall transmit a notice to the attorney
general, in a manner determined by the attorney general, every
time a license is issued that waived payment under division (B)
(1) (c) of this section for an applicant who is an active or
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reserve member of the armed forces of the United States or has 1155 retired from or was honorably discharged from military service 1156 in the active or reserve armed forces of the United States. The 1157 attorney general shall monitor and inform sheriffs issuing 1158 licenses under this section when the amount of license fee 1159 payments waived and transmitted to the attorney general reach 1160 one million five hundred thousand dollars each year. Once a 1161 sheriff is informed that the payments waived reached one million 1162 five hundred thousand dollars in any year, a sheriff shall no 1163 longer waive payment of a license fee for an applicant who is an 1164 active or reserve member of the armed forces of the United 1165 States or has retired from or was honorably discharged from 1166 military service in the active or reserve armed forces of the 1167 United States for the remainder of that year. 1168

Sec. 2923.128. (A) (1) (a) If a licensee holding a valid 1169 concealed handgun license is arrested for or otherwise charged 1170 with an offense described in division (D)(1)(d) of section 1171 2923.125 of the Revised Code or with a violation of section 1172 2923.15 of the Revised Code or becomes subject to a temporary 1173 protection order or to a protection order issued by a court of 1174 another state that is substantially equivalent to a temporary 1175 protection order, the sheriff who issued the license shall 1176 suspend it and shall comply with division (A) (3) of this section 1177 upon becoming aware of the arrest, charge, or protection order. 1178 Upon suspending the license, the sheriff also shall comply with 1179 division (H) of section 2923.125 of the Revised Code. 1180

(b) A suspension under division (A) (1) (a) of this section
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shall be considered as beginning on the date that the licensee
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is arrested for or otherwise charged with an offense described
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in that division or on the date the appropriate court issued the
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protection order described in that division, irrespective of
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H. B. No. 170 As Introduced

when the sheriff notifies the licensee under division (A) (3) of 1186 this section. The suspension shall end on the date on which the 1187 charges are dismissed or the licensee is found not guilty of the 1188 offense described in division (A)(1)(a) of this section or, 1189 subject to division (B) of this section, on the date the 1190 appropriate court terminates the protection order described in 1191 that division. If the suspension so ends, the sheriff shall 1192 return the license or temporary emergency license to the 1193 licensee. 1194

(2) (a) If a licensee holding a valid concealed handgun 1195 license is convicted of or pleads guilty to a misdemeanor 1196 violation of division (B)(2) or (4) of section 2923.12 of the 1197 Revised Code or of division (E)(3) or (5) of section 2923.16 of 1198 the Revised Code, subject to division (C) of this section, the 1199 sheriff who issued the license shall suspend it and shall comply 1200 with division (A) (3) of this section upon becoming aware of the 1201 conviction or guilty plea. Upon suspending the license, the 1202 sheriff also shall comply with division (H) of section 2923.125 1203 of the Revised Code. 1204

(b) A suspension under division (A)(2)(a) of this section 1205 shall be considered as beginning on the date that the licensee 1206 1207 is convicted of or pleads guilty to the offense described in that division, irrespective of when the sheriff notifies the 1208 licensee under division (A)(3) of this section. If the 1209 suspension is imposed for a misdemeanor violation of division 1210 (B) (2) of section 2923.12 of the Revised Code or of division (E) 1211 (3) of section 2923.16 of the Revised Code, it shall end on the 1212 date that is one year after the date that the licensee is 1213 convicted of or pleads guilty to that violation. If the 1214 suspension is imposed for a misdemeanor violation of division 1215 (B) (4) of section 2923.12 of the Revised Code or of division (E) 1216

(5) of section 2923.16 of the Revised Code, it shall end on the 1217 date that is two years after the date that the licensee is 1218 convicted of or pleads guilty to that violation. If the 1219 licensee's license was issued under section 2923.125 of the 1220 Revised Code and the license remains valid after the suspension 1221 ends as described in this division, when the suspension ends, 1222 the sheriff shall return the license to the licensee. If the 1223 licensee's license was issued under section 2923.125 of the 1224 Revised Code and the license expires before the suspension ends 1225 as described in this division, or if the licensee's license was 1226 issued under section 2923.1213 of the Revised Code, the licensee 1227 is not eligible to apply for a new license under section 1228 2923.125 or 2923.1213 of the Revised Code or to renew the 1229 license under section 2923.125 of the Revised Code until after 1230 the suspension ends as described in this division. 1231

(3) Upon becoming aware of an arrest, charge, or 1232 protection order described in division (A) (1) (a) of this section 1233 with respect to a licensee who was issued a concealed handgun 1234 license, or a conviction of or plea of quilty to a misdemeanor 1235 offense described in division (A)(2)(a) of this section with 1236 respect to a licensee who was issued a concealed handgun 1237 license, subject to division (C) of this section, the sheriff 1238 who issued the licensee's license shall notify the licensee, by 1239 certified mail, return receipt requested, at the licensee's last 1240 known residence address that the license has been suspended and 1241 that the licensee is required to surrender the license at the 1242 sheriff's office within ten days of the date on which the notice 1243 was mailed. If the suspension is pursuant to division (A)(2) of 1244 this section, the notice shall identify the date on which the 1245 suspension ends. 1246

(B) (1) A sheriff who issues a concealed handgun license to 1247

a licensee shall revoke the license in accordance with division1248(B) (2) of this section upon becoming aware that the licensee1249satisfies any of the following:1250

(a) The licensee is under twenty-one years of age.

(b) Subject to division (C) of this section, at the time
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of the issuance of the license, the licensee did not satisfy the
eligibility requirements of division (D) (1) (c), (d), (e), (f),
(g), or (h) of section 2923.125 of the Revised Code.
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(c) Subject to division (C) of this section, on or after
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the date on which the license was issued, the licensee is
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convicted of or pleads guilty to a violation of section 2923.15
of the Revised Code or an offense described in division (D) (1)
(e), (f), (g), or (h) of section 2923.125 of the Revised Code.
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(d) On or after the date on which the license was issued,1261the licensee becomes subject to an extreme risk protection order1262or ex parte extreme risk protection order issued under sections12632923.26 to 2923.30 of the Revised Code, a civil protection order1264or to a protection order issued by a court of another state that1265is substantially equivalent to a civil protection order.1266

(e) The licensee knowingly carries a concealed handgun
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into a place that the licensee knows is an unauthorized place
specified in division (B) of section 2923.126 of the Revised
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Code.

(f) On or after the date on which the license was issued,
the licensee is under adjudication of mental incompetence or is
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committed to a mental institution.
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(g) At the time of the issuance of the license, the
licensee did not meet the residency requirements described in
division (D) (1) of section 2923.125 of the Revised Code and
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Page 43

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currently does not meet the residency requirements described in 1277 that division. 1278

(h) Regarding a license issued under section 2923.125 of 1279
the Revised Code, the competency certificate the licensee 1280
submitted was forged or otherwise was fraudulent. 1281

(2) Upon becoming aware of any circumstance listed in 1282 division (B)(1) of this section that applies to a particular 1283 licensee who was issued a concealed handgun license, subject to 1284 division (C) of this section, the sheriff who issued the license 1285 to the licensee shall notify the licensee, by certified mail, 1286 return receipt requested, at the licensee's last known residence 1287 address that the license is subject to revocation and that the 1288 licensee may come to the sheriff's office and contest the 1289 sheriff's proposed revocation within fourteen days of the date 1290 on which the notice was mailed. After the fourteen-day period 1291 and after consideration of any information that the licensee 1292 provides during that period, if the sheriff determines on the 1293 basis of the information of which the sheriff is aware that the 1294 licensee is described in division (B)(1) of this section and no 1295 longer satisfies the requirements described in division (D)(1) 1296 of section 2923.125 of the Revised Code that are applicable to 1297 the licensee's type of license, the sheriff shall revoke the 1298 license, notify the licensee of that fact, and require the 1299 licensee to surrender the license. Upon revoking the license, 1300 the sheriff also shall comply with division (H) of section 1301 2923.125 of the Revised Code. 1302

(C) If a sheriff who issues a concealed handgun license to
a licensee becomes aware that at the time of the issuance of the
license the licensee had been convicted of or pleaded guilty to
an offense identified in division (D) (1) (e), (f), or (h) of

section 2923.125 of the Revised Code or had been adjudicated a 1307 delinquent child for committing an act or violation identified 1308 in any of those divisions or becomes aware that on or after the 1309 date on which the license was issued the licensee has been 1310 convicted of or pleaded quilty to an offense identified in 1311 division (A)(2)(a) or (B)(1)(c) of this section, the sheriff 1312 shall not consider that conviction, quilty plea, or adjudication 1313 as having occurred for purposes of divisions (A)(2), (A)(3), (B) 1314 (1), and (B)(2) of this section if a court has ordered the 1315 sealing or expungement of the records of that conviction, guilty 1316 plea, or adjudication pursuant to sections 2151.355 to 2151.358, 1317 sections 2953.31 to 2953.35, or section 2953.39 of the Revised 1318 Code or the licensee has been relieved under operation of law or 1319 legal process from the disability imposed pursuant to section 1320 2923.13 of the Revised Code relative to that conviction, quilty 1321 plea, or adjudication. 1322 (D) As used in this section, "motor carrier enforcement 1323

unit" has the same meaning as in section 2923.16 of the Revised 1325 Code.

Sec. 2923.1213. (A) As used in this section: 1326

(1) "Evidence of imminent danger" means any of thefollowing:1328

(a) A statement sworn by the person seeking to carry a
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concealed handgun that is made under threat of perjury and that
states that the person has reasonable cause to fear a criminal
attack upon the person or a member of the person's family, such
as would justify a prudent person in going armed;

(b) A written document prepared by a governmental entity1334or public official describing the facts that give the person1335

seeking to carry a concealed handgun reasonable cause to fear a 1336 criminal attack upon the person or a member of the person's 1337 family, such as would justify a prudent person in going armed. 1338 Written documents of this nature include, but are not limited 1339 to, any temporary protection order, civil protection order, 1340 protection order issued by another state, or other court order, 1341 any court report, and any report filed with or made by a law 1342 enforcement agency or prosecutor. 1343

(2) "Prosecutor" has the same meaning as in section 13442935.01 of the Revised Code. 1345

(B) (1) A person seeking a concealed handgun license on a
temporary emergency basis shall submit to the sheriff of the
county in which the person resides or, if the person usually
resides in another state, to the sheriff of the county in which
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the person is temporarily staying, all of the following:

(a) Evidence of imminent danger to the person or a member1351of the person's family;1352

(b) A sworn affidavit that contains all of the information 1353 required to be on the license and attesting that the person is 1354 1355 legally living in the United States; is at least twenty-one years of age; is not a fugitive from justice; is not under 1356 indictment for or otherwise charged with an offense identified 1357 in division (D)(1)(d) of section 2923.125 of the Revised Code; 1358 has not been convicted of or pleaded guilty to an offense, and 1359 has not been adjudicated a delinquent child for committing an 1360 act, identified in division (D)(1)(e) of that section and to 1361 which division (B)(3) of this section does not apply; within 1362 three years of the date of the submission, has not been 1363 convicted of or pleaded guilty to an offense, and has not been 1364 adjudicated a delinquent child for committing an act, identified 1365

in division (D)(1)(f) of that section and to which division (B) 1366 (3) of this section does not apply; within five years of the 1367 date of the submission, has not been convicted of, pleaded 1368 quilty, or adjudicated a delinquent child for committing two or 1369 more violations identified in division (D)(1)(q) of that 1370 section; within ten years of the date of the submission, has not 1371 been convicted of, pleaded guilty, or adjudicated a delinquent 1372 child for committing a violation identified in division (D)(1) 1373 (h) of that section and to which division (B) (3) of this section 1374 does not apply; has not been committed to any mental 1375 institution, is not under adjudication of mental incompetence, 1376 has not been found by a court to be a person with a mental 1377 illness subject to court order, and is not an involuntary 1378 patient other than one who is a patient only for purposes of 1379 observation, as described in division (D)(1)(i) of that section; 1380 is not currently subject to a civil protection order, a 1381 temporary protection order, an extreme risk protection order or 1382 ex parte extreme risk protection order issued under sections 1383 2923.26 to 2923.30 of the Revised Code, or a protection order 1384 issued by a court of another state, as described in division (D) 1385 (1) (j) of that section; is not currently subject to a suspension 1386 imposed under division (A)(2) of section 2923.128 of the Revised 1387 Code of a concealed handgun license that previously was issued 1388 to the person or a similar suspension imposed by another state 1389 regarding a concealed handgun license issued by that state; is 1390 not an unlawful user of or addicted to any controlled substance 1391 as defined in 21 U.S.C. 802; if applicable, is an alien and has 1392 not been admitted to the United States under a nonimmigrant 1393 visa, as defined in the "Immigration and Nationality Act," 8 1394 U.S.C. 1101(a)(26); has not been discharged from the armed 1395 forces of the United States under dishonorable conditions; if 1396 1397 applicable, has not renounced the applicant's United States

citizenship; and has not been convicted of, pleaded guilty to, 1398 or been adjudicated a delinquent child for committing a 1399 violation identified in division (D)(1)(s) of section 2923.125 1400 of the Revised Code; 1401

(c) A nonrefundable temporary emergency license fee as described in either of the following:

(i) For an applicant who has been a resident of this state
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for five or more years, a fee of fifteen dollars plus the actual
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cost of having a background check performed by the bureau of
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criminal identification and investigation pursuant to section
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311.41 of the Revised Code;

(ii) For an applicant who has been a resident of this
state for less than five years or who is not a resident of this
state, but is temporarily staying in this state, a fee of
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fifteen dollars plus the actual cost of having background checks
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performed by the federal bureau of investigation and the bureau
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of criminal identification and investigation pursuant to section
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311.41 of the Revised Code.

(d) A set of fingerprints of the applicant provided as 1416 described in section 311.41 of the Revised Code through use of 1417 an electronic fingerprint reading device or, if the sheriff to 1418 whom the application is submitted does not possess and does not 1419 have ready access to the use of an electronic fingerprint 1420 reading device, on a standard impression sheet prescribed 1421 pursuant to division (C)(2) of section 109.572 of the Revised 1422 Code. If the fingerprints are provided on a standard impression 1423 sheet, the person also shall provide the person's social 1424 security number to the sheriff. 1425

(2) A sheriff shall accept the evidence of imminent 1426

Page 48

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danger, the sworn affidavit, the fee, and the set of 1427 fingerprints required under division (B)(1) of this section at 1428 the times and in the manners described in division (I) of this 1429 section. Upon receipt of the evidence of imminent danger, the 1430 sworn affidavit, the fee, and the set of fingerprints required 1431 under division (B)(1) of this section, the sheriff, in the 1432 manner specified in section 311.41 of the Revised Code, 1433 immediately shall conduct or cause to be conducted the criminal 1434 records check and the incompetency records check described in 1435 section 311.41 of the Revised Code. Immediately upon receipt of 1436 the results of the records checks, the sheriff shall review the 1437 information and shall determine whether the criteria set forth 1438 in divisions (D)(1)(a) to (j) and (m) to (s) of section 2923.1251439 of the Revised Code apply regarding the person. If the sheriff 1440 determines that all of the criteria set forth in divisions (D) 1441 (1) (a) to (j) and (m) to (s) of section 2923.125 of the Revised 1442 Code apply regarding the person, the sheriff shall immediately 1443 make available through the law enforcement automated data system 1444 all information that will be contained on the temporary 1445 emergency license for the person if one is issued, and the 1446 superintendent of the state highway patrol shall ensure that the 1447 system is so configured as to permit the transmission through 1448 the system of that information. Upon making that information 1449 available through the law enforcement automated data system, the 1450 sheriff shall immediately issue to the person a concealed 1451 handgun license on a temporary emergency basis. 1452

If the sheriff denies the issuance of a license on a 1453 temporary emergency basis to the person, the sheriff shall 1454 specify the grounds for the denial in a written notice to the 1455 person. The person may appeal the denial, or challenge criminal 1456 records check results that were the basis of the denial if 1457

applicable, in the same manners specified in division (D)(2) of1458section 2923.125 and in section 2923.127 of the Revised Code,1459regarding the denial of an application for a concealed handgun1460license under that section.1461

The license on a temporary emergency basis issued under1462this division shall be in the form, and shall include all of the1463information, described in divisions (A) (2) (a) and (d) of section1464109.731 of the Revised Code, and also shall include a unique1465combination of identifying letters and numbers in accordance1466with division (A) (2) (c) of that section.1467

The license on a temporary emergency basis issued under 1468 this division is valid for ninety days and may not be renewed. A 1469 person who has been issued a license on a temporary emergency 1470 basis under this division shall not be issued another license on 1471 a temporary emergency basis unless at least four years has 1472 expired since the issuance of the prior license on a temporary 1473 emergency basis. 1474

(3) If a person seeking a concealed handgun license on a 1475 temporary emergency basis has been convicted of or pleaded 1476 guilty to an offense identified in division (D)(1)(e), (f), or 1477 (h) of section 2923.125 of the Revised Code or has been 1478 adjudicated a delinguent child for committing an act or 1479 violation identified in any of those divisions, and if a court 1480 has ordered the sealing or expungement of the records of that 1481 conviction, guilty plea, or adjudication pursuant to sections 1482 2151.355 to 2151.358, sections 2953.31 to 2953.35, or section 1483 2953.39 of the Revised Code or the applicant has been relieved 1484 under operation of law or legal process from the disability 1485 imposed pursuant to section 2923.13 of the Revised Code relative 1486 to that conviction, guilty plea, or adjudication, the 1487

conviction, guilty plea, or adjudication shall not be relevant1488for purposes of the sworn affidavit described in division (B) (1)1489(b) of this section, and the person may complete, and swear to1490the truth of, the affidavit as if the conviction, guilty plea,1491or adjudication never had occurred.1492

(4) The sheriff shall waive the payment pursuant to 1493 division (B)(1)(c) of this section of the license fee in 1494 connection with an application that is submitted by an applicant 1495 who is a retired peace officer, a retired person described in 1496 division (B)(1)(b) of section 109.77 of the Revised Code, or a 1497 retired federal law enforcement officer who, prior to 1498 retirement, was authorized under federal law to carry a firearm 1499 in the course of duty, unless the retired peace officer, person, 1500 or federal law enforcement officer retired as the result of a 1501 mental disability. 1502

The sheriff shall deposit all fees paid by an applicant1503under division (B)(1)(c) of this section into the sheriff's1504concealed handgun license issuance fund established pursuant to1505section 311.42 of the Revised Code.1506

(C) A person who holds a concealed handgun license on a 1507 temporary emergency basis has the same right to carry a 1508 concealed handgun as a person who was issued a concealed handgun 1509 license under section 2923.125 of the Revised Code, and any 1510 exceptions to the prohibitions contained in section 1547.69 and 1511 sections 2923.12 to 2923.16 of the Revised Code for a licensee 1512 under section 2923.125 of the Revised Code apply to a licensee 1513 under this section. The person is subject to the same 1514 restrictions, and to all other procedures, duties, and 1515 sanctions, that apply to a person who carries a license issued 1516 under section 2923.125 of the Revised Code, other than the 1517 license renewal procedures set forth in that section.

(D) A sheriff who issues a concealed handgun license on a 1519 temporary emergency basis under this section shall not require a 1520 person seeking to carry a concealed handgun in accordance with 1521 this section to submit a competency certificate as a 1522 prerequisite for issuing the license and shall comply with 1523 division (H) of section 2923.125 of the Revised Code in regards 1524 to the license. The sheriff shall suspend or revoke the license 1525 in accordance with section 2923.128 of the Revised Code. In 1526 addition to the suspension or revocation procedures set forth in 1527 section 2923.128 of the Revised Code, the sheriff may revoke the 1528 license upon receiving information, verifiable by public 1529 documents, that the person is not eligible to possess a firearm 1530 under either the laws of this state or of the United States or 1531 that the person committed perjury in obtaining the license; if 1532 the sheriff revokes a license under this additional authority, 1533 the sheriff shall notify the person, by certified mail, return 1534 receipt requested, at the person's last known residence address 1535 that the license has been revoked and that the person is 1536 required to surrender the license at the sheriff's office within 1537 ten days of the date on which the notice was mailed. Division 1538 (H) of section 2923.125 of the Revised Code applies regarding 1539 any suspension or revocation of a concealed handgun license on a 1540 temporary emergency basis. 1541

(E) A sheriff who issues a concealed handgun license on a 1542
temporary emergency basis under this section shall retain, for 1543
the entire period during which the license is in effect, the 1544
evidence of imminent danger that the person submitted to the 1545
sheriff and that was the basis for the license, or a copy of 1546
that evidence, as appropriate. 1547

Page 52

1518

H. B. No. 170 As Introduced

(F) If a concealed handgun license on a temporary 1548 emergency basis issued under this section is lost or is 1549 destroyed, the licensee may obtain from the sheriff who issued 1550 that license a duplicate license upon the payment of a fee of 1551 fifteen dollars and the submission of an affidavit attesting to 1552 the loss or destruction of the license. The sheriff, in 1553 accordance with the procedures prescribed in section 109.731 of 1554 the Revised Code, shall place on the replacement license a 1555 combination of identifying numbers different from the 1556 combination on the license that is being replaced. 1557

(G) The attorney general shall prescribe, and shall make 1558 available to sheriffs, a standard form to be used under division 1559 (B) of this section by a person who applies for a concealed 1560 handgun license on a temporary emergency basis on the basis of 1561 imminent danger of a type described in division (A)(1)(a) of 1562 this section. The attorney general shall design the form to 1563 enable applicants to provide the information that is required by 1564 law to be collected, and shall update the form as necessary. 1565 Burdens or restrictions to obtaining a concealed handgun license 1566 that are not expressly prescribed in law shall not be 1567 1568 incorporated into the form. The attorney general shall post a printable version of the form on the web site of the attorney 1569 general and shall provide the address of the web site to any 1570 person who requests the form. 1571

(H) A sheriff who receives any fees paid by a person under
this section shall deposit all fees so paid into the sheriff's
concealed handgun license issuance expense fund established
under section 311.42 of the Revised Code.

(I) A sheriff shall accept evidence of imminent danger, a 1576sworn affidavit, the fee, and the set of fingerprints specified 1577

in division (B)(1) of this section at any time during normal 1578 business hours. In no case shall a sheriff require an 1579 appointment, or designate a specific period of time, for the 1580 submission or acceptance of evidence of imminent danger, a sworn 1581 affidavit, the fee, and the set of fingerprints specified in 1582 division (B)(1) of this section, or for the provision to any 1583 person of a standard form to be used for a person to apply for a 1584 concealed handgun license on a temporary emergency basis. 1585

Sec. 2923.13. (A) Unless relieved from disability under 1586 operation of law or legal process, no person shall knowingly 1587 acquire, have, carry, or use any firearm or dangerous ordnance, 1588 if any of the following apply: 1589

(1) The person is a fugitive from justice. 1590

(2) The person is under indictment for or has been
convicted of any felony offense of violence or has been
adjudicated a delinquent child for the commission of an offense
that, if committed by an adult, would have been a felony offense
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of violence.

(3) The person is under indictment for or has been 1596 convicted of any felony offense involving the illegal 1597 possession, use, sale, administration, distribution, or 1598 1599 trafficking in any drug of abuse or has been adjudicated a delinquent child for the commission of an offense that, if 1600 committed by an adult, would have been a felony offense 1601 involving the illegal possession, use, sale, administration, 1602 distribution, or trafficking in any drug of abuse. 1603

(4) The person has a drug dependency, is in danger of drugdependence, or has chronic alcoholism.1605

(5) The person is under adjudication of mental 1606

incompetence, has been committed to a mental institution, has 1607 been found by a court to be a person with a mental illness 1608 subject to court order, or is an involuntary patient other than 1609 one who is a patient only for purposes of observation. As used 1610 in this division, "person with a mental illness subject to court 1611 order" and "patient" have the same meanings as in section -1612 5122.01 of the Revised Code. 1613 (6) The person has been found quilty of having a firearm 1614 while under extreme risk protection order disability, and is 1615 prohibited from acquiring, having, carrying, or using a firearm 1616 under section 2923.99 of the Revised Code. 1617 (B) Whoever violates this section is guilty of having 1618 weapons while under disability, a felony of the third degree. 1619 (C) For the purposes of this section, "under: 1620 (1) "Under operation of law or legal process" shall not 1621 itself include mere completion, termination, or expiration of a 1622 sentence imposed as a result of a criminal conviction. 1623 (2) "Mentally ill person subject to court order" and 1624 "patient" have the same meanings as in section 5122.01 of the 1625 Revised Code. 1626 Sec. 2923.26. (A) As used in this section and sections 1627 2923.27 to 2923.30 of the Revised Code: 1628 (1) "Extreme risk protection order" means a final order 1629 granted under section 2923.26 of the Revised Code. 1630 (2) "Ex parte extreme risk protection order" means an ex 1631 parte order granted under section 2923.27 of the Revised Code. 1632 (3) "Family or household member" means, with respect to a 1633 respondent, any of the following: 1634

(a) A person related by blood, marriage, or adoption to	1635
the respondent;	1636
(b) A person in a dating relationship with the respondent;	1637
(c) A person who has a child in common with the	1638
respondent, regardless of whether the person has been married to	1639
the respondent or has lived together with the respondent at any	1640
time;	1641
(d) A person who resides with the respondent or who has	1642
resided with the respondent within the past year;	1643
(e) A person who has a biological or legal parent-child	1644
relationship with the respondent, including a stepparent,	1645
stepchild, grandparent, and grandchild of the respondent;	1646
(f) A person who is acting or has acted as the	1647
respondent's legal guardian.	1648
(4) "Petitioner" means the person who petitions for an	1649
extreme risk protection order under this section.	1650
(5) "Respondent" means the person who is identified as the	1651
subject of a petition for an extreme risk protection order under	1652
this section.	1653
(6) "Law enforcement officer" means a sheriff, deputy	1654
sheriff, constable, police officer of a township or joint police	1655
district, municipal police officer, or state highway patrol	1656
trooper.	1657
(7) "Law enforcement agency" means a municipal or township	1658
police department, a county sheriff's office, or the state	1659
highway patrol.	1660
(B)(1) Any of the following persons may seek relief under	1661

sections 2923.26 to 2923.30 of the Revised Code by filing a	1662
petition for an extreme risk protection order in the court of	1663
common pleas in the county where the petitioner resides or in	1664
the county where the respondent resides:	1665
(a) A family or household member of the respondent;	1666
(b) A law enforcement officer or law enforcement agency.	1667
(2) If a petitioner files a petition for an extreme risk	1668
protection order, in addition to the petition, the petitioner	1669
may file an application for an ex parte extreme risk protection	1670
order under section 2923.27 of the Revised Code. An application	1671
for an ex parte extreme risk protection order may be filed as	1672
specified in that section in the court of common pleas in which	1673
the petition is filed or in a county court or municipal court.	1674
If a petitioner who files a petition for an extreme risk	1675
protection order also files an application for an ex parte	1676
extreme risk protection order, except as expressly specified to	1677
the contrary, the provisions of this section apply with respect	1678
to the petition that is related to the application.	1679
(C) A petition for an extreme risk protection order shall	1680
include all of the following:	1681
(1) An allegation that the respondent poses a significant	1682
danger of causing personal injury to self or others by having in	1683
the respondent's custody or control, purchasing, possessing, or	1684
receiving a firearm, accompanied by an affidavit made under oath	1685
stating the specific statements, actions, or facts that give	1686
rise to a reasonable fear of future dangerous acts by the	1687
respondent;	1688
(2) An inventory list including the number, types, and	1689
locations of every firearm the petitioner believes to be in the	1690

respondent's ownership, possession, custody, or control;	1691
(3) A list of any protection order issued under section	1692
2151.34, 2903.213, 2903.214, 2919.26, or 3113.31 of the Revised	1693
Code to which the respondent is subject and of which the	1694
petitioner is aware;	1695
(4) A list of any pending lawsuit, complaint, petition, or	1696
other legal action between the parties.	1697
(D) The court shall verify the terms of any existing order	1698
governing the parties but shall not delay granting relief under	1699
this section or section 2923.27 of the Revised Code because an	1700
action is pending between the parties. A petition for an extreme	1701
risk protection order may be granted whether or not an action	1702
between the parties is pending.	1703
(E) If the petitioner for an extreme risk protection order	1704
is a law enforcement officer or agency, the petitioner shall	1705
make a good faith effort to provide notice to a family or	1706
household member or third party who may be at risk of violence.	1707
The notice shall state that the petitioner intends to petition	1708
the court for an extreme risk protection order or that the	1709
petitioner has already done so, and include referrals to	1710
appropriate resources, including mental health, domestic	1711
violence, and counseling resources. The petitioner shall attest	1712
in the petition to having provided this notice, or attest to the	1713
steps that will be taken to provide the notice.	1714
(F) If the petition for an extreme risk protection order	1715
states that disclosure of the petitioner's address would risk	1716
harm to the petitioner or any member of the petitioner's family	1717
or household, the petitioner's address may be omitted from all	1718
documents filed with the court. If the petitioner has not	1719

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Revised Code with respect to the same respondent, the court	1749
shall order the hearing specified in division (I)(1)(a) of this	1750
section, but except as provided in division (E)(4) of section	1751
2923.27 of the Revised Code, the court shall not issue the	1752
notice under division (I)(1)(b) of this section, cause the copy_	1753
of the notice and petition to be served under division (I)(1)(c)	1754
of this section, or conduct the hearing.	1755
(I) The court may do either of the following with respect	1756
(J) The court may do either of the following with respect	
to a petition for an extreme risk protection order:	1757
(1) Subject to division (K) of this section, schedule a	1758
hearing by telephone pursuant to local court rule, to reasonably	1759
accommodate a disability, or, in exceptional circumstances, to	1760
protect a petitioner from potential harm;	1761
<u>(2) Issue an ex parte extreme risk protection order under</u>	1762
section 2923.27 of the Revised Code, if an application for such	1763
an order is made under that section.	1764
(K) The court shall require assurances of the petitioner's	1765
identity before conducting a telephonic hearing under division	1766
(J) (1) of this section.	1767
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(L) Except as otherwise provided in this division, the	1768
local law enforcement agency shall personally serve the petition	1769
and notice of the hearing on the respondent not less than five	1770
judicial days prior to the hearing. If the petitioner who filed	1771
the petition for an extreme risk protection order also filed an	1772
application for an ex parte extreme risk protection order under	1773
section 2923.27 of the Revised Code with respect to the same	1774
respondent, the agency shall serve the notice and petition as	1775
specified in division (E)(3) or (4) of section 2923.27 of the	1776
Revised Code. Service issued under this section shall take	1777

precedence over other service of other documents, unless those	1778
documents are also of an emergency nature. If the local law	1779
enforcement agency cannot serve process under this section	1780
within the time period specified, the court shall set a new	1781
hearing date and either require the local law enforcement agency	1782
to attempt personal service again or shall permit service by	1783
publication or mail as provided in division (H) of section	1784
2923.28 of the Revised Code. The court shall not require more	1785
than two attempts at obtaining personal service and shall permit	1786
service by publication or mail after two attempts unless the	1787
petitioner requests additional time to attempt personal service.	1788
If the court issues an order that permits service by publication	1789
or mail, the court shall set the hearing date not later than	1790
twenty-four days after the date the order is issued.	1791
<u>(M)(1) Upon hearing a petition for an extreme risk</u>	1792
protection order, subject to division (M)(2) of this section, if	1793
the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the	1794
respondent poses a significant danger of causing personal injury	1795
to self or others by having custody or control of a firearm or	1796
the ability to purchase, possess, or receive a firearm, the	1797
court shall issue an extreme risk protection order for a period	1798
of one hundred eighty days.	1799
(2) Division (M)(1) of this section does not apply to a	1800
determination of whether an ex parte extreme risk protection	1801
order should be issued under section 2923.27 of the Revised	1802
Code. Divisions (B) and (C) of that section govern the	1803
determination of whether such an order should be issued. If a	1804
court issues an ex parte extreme risk protection order under	1805
that section, division (M)(1) of this section applies in	1806
determining whether to issue a final extreme risk protection	1807
order after a hearing held on the related petition for an order.	1808

If a court denies an application for an ex parte extreme risk	1809
protection order under that section, division (M)(1) of this	1810
section applies in determining whether to issue an extreme risk	1811
protection order after a hearing held on the related petition	1812
for an order.	1813
(N) In determining whether grounds for an extreme risk	1814
protection order exist under division (M)(1) of this section or	1815
whether grounds for an ex parte extreme risk protection order	1816
exist under divisions (B) and (C) of section 2923.27 of the	1817
Revised Code, the court may do any of the following:	1818
(1) Consider any relevant evidence including any of the	1819
following:	1820
(a) A recent act or threat of violence by the respondent	1821
against the respondent or against another, whether or not the	1822
violence or threat involves a firearm;	1823
(b) A pattern of acts or threats of violence by the	1824
respondent within the past twelve months, including acts or	1825
threats of violence by the respondent against the respondent or	1826
against others;	1827
(c) Any dangerous mental health issues of the respondent;	1828
(d) A violation by the respondent of any of the following:	1829
(i) A protection order issued or consent agreement	1830
approved pursuant to section 2919.26 or 3113.31 of the Revised	1831
<u>Code;</u>	1832
(ii) A protection order issued pursuant to section	1833
2151.34, 2903.213, or 2903.214 of the Revised Code;	1834
(iii) A protection order issued by a court of another	1835
state.	1836

(e) A previous or existing extreme risk protection order	1837
issued against the respondent;	1838
(f) A violation of a previous or existing extreme risk	1839
protection order issued against the respondent;	1840
(g) A conviction of the respondent for a violation of	1841
section 2919.25 of the Revised Code;	1842
(h) The respondent's ownership, access to, or intent to	1843
possess firearms;	1844
(i) The unlawful or reckless use, display, or brandishing	1845
of a firearm by the respondent;	1846
(j) The history of use, attempted use, or threatened use	1847
of physical force by the respondent against another person, or	1848
the respondent's history of stalking another person;	1849
(k) Any prior arrest of the respondent for a felony	1850
<u>offense or violent crime;</u>	1851
(1) Corroborated evidence of the abuse of controlled	1852
substances or alcohol by the respondent;	1853
(m) Evidence of recent acquisition of firearms by the	1854
respondent.	1855
(2) Examine under oath the petitioner, the respondent, and	1856
any witness called by the petitioner or respondent;	1857
(3) Ensure that a reasonable search has been conducted for	1858
criminal history records related to the respondent.	1859
(0) During a hearing for an extreme risk protection order,	1860
the court shall consider whether a mental health evaluation or	1861
chemical dependency evaluation is appropriate and may order such	1862
<u>an evaluation if appropriate.</u>	1863

(P) An extreme risk protection order issued under this 1864 section shall include all of the following: 1865 (1) A statement of the grounds supporting the order; 1866 (2) The date and time that the order was issued; 1867 (3) The date and time the order expires; 1868 (4) Whether a mental health evaluation or chemical 1869 dependency evaluation of the respondent is required; 1870 (5) The address of the court in which any responsive 1871 pleading should be filed; 1872 (6) A description of the requirements for relinquishment 1873 of firearms under section 2923.30 of the Revised Code; 1874 (7) The following statement: 1875 "To the subject of the protection order: 1876 This order will last until the date and time noted above. 1877 If you have not done so already, you must surrender to the 1878 (insert name of local law enforcement agency) all firearms in 1879 your custody, control, or possession and any license to carry a 1880 concealed handgun issued to you under section 2923.125 or 1881 2923.1213 of the Revised Code. You may not have in your custody 1882 or control, purchase, possess, receive, or attempt to purchase 1883 or receive, a firearm while this order is in effect. You have 1884 the right to request one hearing to terminate this order every 1885 one-hundred-eighty-day period that this order is in effect, 1886 starting from the date of this order and continuing through any 1887 renewals. You may seek the advice of an attorney as to any 1888

(Q) When the court issues an extreme risk protection order

matter connected with this order."

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under this section, the court shall inform the respondent that	1891
the respondent is entitled to request termination of the order	1892
in the manner prescribed in section 2923.29 of the Revised Code.	1893
(R) If the court declines to issue an extreme risk	1894
protection order under this section, the court shall state the	1895
particular reasons for denial in the court's order.	1896
(S) Sections 2923.26 to 2923.30 of the Revised Code do not	1897
affect the ability of a law enforcement officer to remove a	1898
firearm or concealed handgun license from any person or conduct	1899
any search and seizure for firearms pursuant to any other lawful	1900
authority.	1901
Sec. 2923.27. (A) A petitioner who files a petition for an	1902
extreme risk protection order under section 2923.26 of the	1903
Revised Code may request that an ex parte extreme risk	1904
protection order be issued before a hearing for an extreme risk	1905
protection order under that section, without notice to the	1906
respondent, by filing an application for an ex parte extreme	1907
risk protection order in a court of common pleas, county court,	1908
or municipal court. An application for an ex parte order shall	1909
include detailed allegations based on personal knowledge that	1910
the respondent poses a significant danger of causing personal	1911
injury to self or others in the near future by having custody or	1912
control of a firearm or the ability to purchase, possess, or	1913
receive a firearm. The application shall be filed in addition to	1914
the petition for the extreme risk protection order.	1915
(B) In considering whether to issue an ex parte extreme	1916
risk protection order under this section, the court that	1917
receives the application shall consider all relevant evidence,	1918
including the evidence described in division (N)(1) of section	1919
2923.26 of the Revised Code.	1920

(C) If a court finds there is reasonable cause to believe	1921
that the respondent poses a significant danger of causing	1922
personal injury to self or others in the near future by having	1923
custody or control of a firearm or the ability to purchase,	1924
possess, or receive a firearm, the court shall issue an ex parte	1925
extreme risk protection order.	1926
(D) The court shall hold an ex parte extreme risk	1927
protection order hearing in person or by telephone on the day	1928
the petition is filed or on the judicial day immediately	1929
following the day the petition is filed.	1930
(E)(1) If a court of common pleas issues an ex parte	1931
extreme risk protection order, the court shall schedule a	1932
hearing to be held within three days of the issuance of the	1933
order to determine if an extreme risk protection order should be	1934
issued and shall hold the hearing on the date, and at the time	1935
and place, scheduled.	1936
(2) If a county court or municipal court issues an ex	1937
parte extreme risk protection order, the court shall transfer	1938
the case to the court of common pleas and that court shall	1939
schedule a hearing to be held within three days of the issuance	1940
of the order to determine if an extreme risk protection order	1941
should be issued, and shall hold the hearing on the date, and at	1942
the time and place, scheduled.	1943
(3) If a court of common pleas, county court, or municipal	1944
court issues an ex parte extreme risk protection order, the	1945
hearing scheduled under division (I)(1)(a) of section 2923.26 of	1946
the Revised Code shall not be conducted. Instead, the	1947
appropriate court shall conduct the hearing scheduled under	1948
division (\mathbf{P}) (1) on (2) of this section to determine if an	
division (E)(1) or (2) of this section to determine if an	1949
extreme risk protection order should be issued. The court shall	1949 1950

issue a notice of the date, time, and location of the hearing to	1951
the respondent and shall cause a copy of the notice of the	1952
hearing and petition to be forwarded on or before the next	1953
judicial day to a local law enforcement agency for service on	1954
the respondent. The local law enforcement agency shall	1955
personally serve the notice of the hearing and petition on the	1956
day that it is received and shall serve the ex parte order	1957
concurrently with the notice.	1958
(4) If a petitioner files an application requesting that	1959
an ex parte extreme risk protection order be issued and the	1960
court denies the application, the court in which the petition	1961
was filed under section 2923.26 of the Revised Code shall	1962
conduct the hearing scheduled under division (I)(1)(a) of that	1963
section to determine if an extreme risk protection order should	1964
be issued. The court shall issue the notice under division (I)	1965
(1) (b) of that section and cause the copy of the notice and	1966
petition to be served under division (I)(1)(c) of that section.	1967
The local law enforcement agency that is served with the copy of	1968
the notice and petition shall personally serve the petition and	1969
notice of the hearing on the respondent not less than five	1970
judicial days prior to the hearing.	1971
(F) An ex parte extreme risk protection order issued under	1972
this section shall include all of the following:	1973
(1) A statement of the grounds asserted for the order;	1974
(2) The date and time the order was issued;	1975
(3) The date and time the order expires;	1976
(4) The address of the court in which any responsive	1977
pleading should be filed;	1978
(5) The date, time, and location of the hearing scheduled	1979

under division (E) (1) or (2) of this section; 1980 (6) A description of the requirements for surrender of 1981 firearms under section 2923.30 of the Revised Code; 1982 1983 (7) The following statement: "To the subject of this protection order: 1984 This order is valid until the date and time noted above. 1985 You are required to surrender all firearms in your custody, 1986 control, or possession. You may not have in your custody or 1987 control, purchase, possess, receive, or attempt to purchase or 1988 receive, a firearm while this order is in effect. You must 1989 immediately surrender to the (insert name of local law 1990 enforcement agency) all firearms in your custody, control, or 1991 possession and any license to carry a concealed handgun issued 1992 to you under section 2923.125 or 2923.1213 of the Revised Code 1993 immediately. A hearing will be held on the date and at the time 1994 and location noted above to determine if an extreme risk 1995 protection order should be issued. Failure to appear at that 1996 hearing may result in a court making an order against you that 1997 is valid for one hundred eighty days. You may seek the advice of 1998 an attorney as to any matter connected with this order." 1999 2000 (G) Any ex parte extreme risk protection order issued under this section expires upon the hearing on the petition for 2001 the extreme risk protection order. 2002 (H) If the court of common pleas, county court, or 2003 municipal court declines to issue an ex parte extreme risk 2004 protection order, the court shall state the particular reasons 2005 for the denial. 2006 Sec. 2923.28. (A) An extreme risk protection order issued 2007 2008 under section 2923.26 of the Revised Code shall be personally

served upon the respondent, except as otherwise provided in	2009
sections 2923.26 to 2923.30 of the Revised Code.	2010
(B) The law enforcement agency with jurisdiction over the	2011
area in which the respondent resides shall serve the respondent	2012
personally unless the petitioner elects to have the respondent	2013
served by a private party.	2014
(C) If service by the local law enforcement agency is to	2015
be used, the clerk of court shall cause a copy of the order	2016
issued under section 2923.26 of the Revised Code to be forwarded	2017
on or before the next judicial day to the local law enforcement	2018
agency specified in the order for service upon the respondent.	2019
(D) If the law enforcement agency is unable to complete	2020
service on the respondent within ten days, the law enforcement	2021
agency shall notify the petitioner. The petitioner shall provide	2022
any information necessary to allow the law enforcement agency to	2023
complete service on the respondent.	2024
(E) If an order entered by the court specifies that the	2025
respondent appeared in person before the court, further service	2026
is waived and proof of service is not necessary.	2027
(F) If the court previously entered an order allowing	2028
service of the notice and petition or an ex parte extreme risk	2029
protection order by publication or mail under division (H) of	2030
this section, or if the court finds there are now grounds to	2031
allow for that method of service, the court may permit service	2032
by publication or mail of the extreme risk protection order as	2033
provided in that division.	2034
(G) Return of service under sections 2923.26 to 2923.30 of	2035
the Revised Code shall be made in accordance with applicable	2036
<u>rules of court.</u>	2037

(H) The court may order service by publication or service	2038
by mail as provided by the Rules of Civil Procedure except that	2039
any summons shall contain the name of the respondent and	2040
petitioner, the date and time of the hearing, and any ex parte	2041
extreme risk protection order that has been issued against the	2042
respondent, and the following notice:	2043
"If you fail to respond, an extreme risk protection order	2044
may be issued against you pursuant to sections 2923.26 to	2045
2923.30 of the Revised Code for one hundred eighty days from the	2046
date you are required to appear."	2047
(I) If the court orders service by publication or mail for	2048
notice of an extreme risk protection order hearing, it shall	2049
also reissue the ex parte extreme risk protection order, if	2050
issued, to expire on the date of the extreme risk protection	2051
order hearing.	2052
(J) Following completion of service by publication or by	2053
mail for notice of an extreme risk protection order hearing, if	2054
the respondent fails to appear at the hearing, the court may	2055
issue an extreme risk protection order as provided in section	2056
2923.26 of the Revised Code.	2057
(K) The clerk of the court shall enter any extreme risk	2058
protection order or ex parte extreme risk protection order	2059
issued under sections 2923.26 to 2923.30 of the Revised Code	2060
into a statewide judicial information system on the same day	2061
such order is issued.	2062
(L) The clerk of the court shall forward a copy of an	2063
order issued under sections 2923.26 to 2923.30 of the Revised	2064
Code the same day the order is issued to the appropriate law	2065
enforcement agency specified in the order. Upon receipt of the	2066

copy of the order, the law enforcement agency shall enter the	2067
order into the national instant criminal background check	2068
system, any other federal or state computer-based systems used	2069
by law enforcement or others to identify prohibited purchasers	2070
of firearms, and any computer-based criminal intelligence	2071
information system available in this state used by law	2072
enforcement agencies to list outstanding warrants. The order	2073
shall remain in each system for the period stated in the order,	2074
and the law enforcement agency shall only remove orders from the	2075
systems that have expired or terminated. Entry into the	2076
computer-based criminal intelligence information system	2077
constitutes notice to all law enforcement agencies of the	2078
existence of the order. The order is fully enforceable in any	2079
county in the state.	2080
(M)(1) The issuing court shall, within three judicial days	2081
after issuance of an extreme risk protection order or ex parte	2082
extreme risk protection order, forward a copy of the	2083
respondent's driver's license or state identification card, or	2084
comparable information, along with the date of the order's	2085
issuance, to the sheriff that has issued a concealed handgun	2086
license to the respondent. Upon receipt of the information, the	2087
sheriff shall immediately revoke the respondent's license in	2088
accordance with division (B) of section 2923.128 of the Revised	2089
Code.	2090
(2) The court, if necessary, may apply for access to the	2091
law enforcement automated data system to identify a sheriff that	2092
has issued a concealed handgun license to a respondent. For	2093
purposes of this inquiry, the court is a criminal justice	2094
agency.	2095
(N) If an extreme risk protection order is terminated	2096

before its expiration date, the clerk of the court shall forward	2097
the same day a copy of the termination order to the appropriate	2098
law enforcement agency specified in the termination order. Upon	2099
receipt of the order, the law enforcement agency shall promptly	2100
remove the order from any computer-based system in which it was	2101
entered pursuant to division (L) of this section.	2102
Sec. 2923.29. (A) The respondent may submit one written	2103
request for a hearing to terminate an extreme risk protection	2104
order issued under sections 2923.26 to 2923.30 of the Revised	2105
Code every one-hundred-eighty-day period that the order is in	2106
effect, starting from the date of the order and continuing	2107
through any renewals.	2108
(1) Upon receipt of the request for a hearing to terminate	2109
an extreme risk protection order, the court shall set a date for	2110
a hearing. Notice of the request shall be served on the	2111
petitioner in accordance with the Rules of Civil Procedure. The	2112
hearing shall occur not sooner than fourteen days and not later	2113
than thirty days after the date the petitioner is served with	2114
the request.	2115
(2) The respondent shall have the burden of proving by a	2116
preponderance of the evidence that the respondent does not pose	2117
a significant danger of causing personal injury to self or	2118
others by having custody or control of a firearm or the ability	2119
to purchase, possess, or receive a firearm. The court may	2120
consider any relevant evidence, including evidence of the	2121
considerations listed in division (N)(1) of section 2923.26 of	2122
the Revised Code.	2123
(3) If the court finds after the hearing that the	2124
respondent has met the respondent's burden, the court shall	2125
terminate the order.	2126

(B) The court shall notify the petitioner of the impending	2127
expiration of an extreme risk protection order. Notice shall be	2128
received by the petitioner sixty calendar days before the date	2129
the order expires.	2130
(C) A family or household member of a respondent or a law	2131
enforcement officer or agency may by motion request a renewal of	2132
an extreme risk protection not sooner than sixty calendar days	2133
before the expiration of the order.	2134
(D) Upon receipt of a motion to renew, the court shall_	2135
order that a hearing be held not later than fourteen days from	2136
the date of the request for renewal. The court may schedule a	2137
hearing by telephone in the manner prescribed by division (J)(1)	2138
of section 2923.26 of the Revised Code. The respondent shall be	2139
personally served in the same manner prescribed by divisions (I)	2140
(3) and (L) of section 2923.26 of the Revised Code.	2141
(E) In determining whether to renew an extreme risk	2142
(E) In determining whether to renew an extreme risk protection order under this section, the court shall consider	2142 2143
protection order under this section, the court shall consider	2143
protection order under this section, the court shall consider all relevant evidence presented by the petitioner and follow the	2143 2144
protection order under this section, the court shall consider all relevant evidence presented by the petitioner and follow the same procedure as provided in section 2923.26 of the Revised Code.	2143 2144 2145
protection order under this section, the court shall consider all relevant evidence presented by the petitioner and follow the same procedure as provided in section 2923.26 of the Revised	2143 2144 2145 2146
protection order under this section, the court shall consider all relevant evidence presented by the petitioner and follow the same procedure as provided in section 2923.26 of the Revised Code. If the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that	2143 2144 2145 2146 2147
protection order under this section, the court shall consider all relevant evidence presented by the petitioner and follow the same procedure as provided in section 2923.26 of the Revised Code. If the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the requirements for issuance of an extreme risk protection	2143 2144 2145 2146 2147 2148
protection order under this section, the court shall consider all relevant evidence presented by the petitioner and follow the same procedure as provided in section 2923.26 of the Revised Code. If the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the requirements for issuance of an extreme risk protection order as provided in section 2923.26 of the Revised Code	2143 2144 2145 2146 2147 2148 2149
protection order under this section, the court shall consider all relevant evidence presented by the petitioner and follow the same procedure as provided in section 2923.26 of the Revised Code. If the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the requirements for issuance of an extreme risk protection order as provided in section 2923.26 of the Revised Code continue to be met, the court shall renew the order. However,	2143 2144 2145 2146 2147 2148 2149 2150
protection order under this section, the court shall consider all relevant evidence presented by the petitioner and follow the same procedure as provided in section 2923.26 of the Revised Code. If the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the requirements for issuance of an extreme risk protection order as provided in section 2923.26 of the Revised Code continue to be met, the court shall renew the order. However, if, after notice, the motion for renewal is uncontested and the	2143 2144 2145 2146 2147 2148 2149 2150 2151
protection order under this section, the court shall consider all relevant evidence presented by the petitioner and follow the same procedure as provided in section 2923.26 of the Revised Code. If the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the requirements for issuance of an extreme risk protection order as provided in section 2923.26 of the Revised Code continue to be met, the court shall renew the order. However, if, after notice, the motion for renewal is uncontested and the petitioner seeks no modification of the order, the order may be	2143 2144 2145 2146 2147 2148 2149 2150 2151 2152
protection order under this section, the court shall consider all relevant evidence presented by the petitioner and follow the same procedure as provided in section 2923.26 of the Revised Code. If the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the requirements for issuance of an extreme risk protection order as provided in section 2923.26 of the Revised Code continue to be met, the court shall renew the order. However, if, after notice, the motion for renewal is uncontested and the petitioner seeks no modification of the order, the order may be renewed on the basis of the petitioner's motion or affidavit	2143 2144 2145 2146 2147 2148 2149 2150 2151 2152 2153

(F) The renewal of an extreme risk protection order has a	2157
duration of one hundred eighty days, subject to termination as	2158
provided in division (A) of this section or further renewal by	2159
order of the court.	2160
Sec. 2923.30. (A) Upon issuance of any extreme risk	2161
protection order or ex parte extreme risk protection order under	2162
sections 2923.26 to 2923.30 of the Revised Code, the court shall	2163
order the respondent to surrender to the local law enforcement	2164
agency all firearms in the respondent's custody, control, or	2165
possession and any license to carry a concealed handgun issued	2166
to the respondent under section 2923.125 or 2923.1213 of the	2167
Revised Code.	2168
(B) The law enforcement officer serving any extreme risk	2169
protection order or ex parte extreme risk protection order	2170
issued under sections 2923.26 to 2923.30 of the Revised Code	2171
shall request that the respondent immediately surrender all	2172
firearms in the respondent's custody, control, or possession and	2173
any license to carry a concealed handgun issued to the	2174
respondent under section 2923.125 or 2923.1213 of the Revised	2175
Code, and conduct any search permitted by law for such firearms.	2176
(C) The law enforcement officer shall take possession of	2177
all firearms belonging to the respondent that are surrendered,	2178
in plain sight, or discovered pursuant to a lawful search.	2179
Alternatively, if personal service by a law enforcement officer	2180
is not possible, or not required because the respondent was	2181
present at the extreme risk protection order hearing, the	2182
respondent shall surrender the firearms in a safe manner to the	2183
control of the local law enforcement agency within forty-eight	2184
hours of being served with the order by alternate service or	2185
within forty-eight hours of the hearing at which the respondent	2186

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Page 75

was present.	2187
(D) At the time of surrender, a law enforcement officer	2188
taking possession of a firearm or concealed handgun license	2189
shall issue a receipt identifying all firearms that have been	2190
surrendered and provide a copy of the receipt to the respondent.	2191
Within seventy-two hours after service of the order, the officer	2192
serving the order shall file the original receipt with the court	2193
and shall ensure that the officer's law enforcement agency	2194
retains a copy of the receipt.	2195
(E) Upon the sworn statement or testimony of the	2196
petitioner or of any law enforcement officer alleging that the	2197
respondent has failed to comply with the surrender of firearms	2198
as required by an order issued under sections 2923.26 to 2923.30	2199
of the Revised Code, the court shall determine whether probable	2200
cause exists to believe that the respondent has failed to	2201
surrender all firearms in the respondent's possession, custody,	2202
or control. If probable cause exists, the court shall issue a	2203
warrant describing the firearms and authorizing a search of the	2204
locations where the firearms are reasonably believed to be and	2205
the seizure of any firearms discovered pursuant to such search.	2206
(F) If a person other than the respondent claims title to	2207
any firearm surrendered pursuant to this section, and the other	2208
person is determined by the law enforcement agency to be the	2209
lawful owner of the firearm, the firearm shall be returned to	2210
the other person, provided that both of the following apply:	2211
(1) The firearm is removed from the respondent's custody,	2212
control, or possession and the lawful owner agrees to store the	2213
firearm in a manner such that the respondent does not have	2214

access to or control of the firearm.

(2) The lawful owner is not prohibited from possessing the 2216 firearm under state or federal law. 2217 (G) Upon the issuance of an extreme risk protection order, 2218 the court shall order a new hearing date and require the 2219 respondent to appear not later than three judicial days from the 2220 issuance of the order. The court shall require a showing that 2221 the respondent has surrendered any firearms in the respondent's 2222 custody, control, or possession. The court may dismiss the 2223 hearing upon a satisfactory showing that the respondent is in 2224 compliance with the order. 2225 (H) All law enforcement agencies shall develop policies 2226 and procedures not later than six months after the effective 2227 date of this section regarding the acceptance, storage, and 2228 return of firearms required to be surrendered under sections 2229 2923.26 to 2923.30 of the Revised Code. 2230 2231 (I) If an extreme risk protection order is terminated or expires without renewal or an ex parte extreme risk protection 2232 order expires and an extreme risk protection order is not issued 2233 regarding the respondent, a law enforcement agency holding any 2234 firearm that has been surrendered pursuant to sections 2923.26 2235 to 2923.30 of the Revised Code shall return any surrendered 2236 firearm requested by a respondent only after confirming, through 2237 a background check, that the respondent is currently eligible to 2238 own or possess firearms under federal and state law and after 2239 confirming with the court that the extreme risk protection order 2240 has terminated or has expired without renewal. 2241 (J) A law enforcement agency shall, if requested by a 2242 family or household member of a respondent, provide prior notice 2243 of the return of a firearm to a respondent to that family or 2244 household member. 2245

(K) Any firearm surrendered by a respondent pursuant to	2246
this section that remains unclaimed by the lawful owner shall be	2247
disposed of in accordance with the law enforcement agency's	2248
policies and procedures for the disposal of firearms in police	2249
custody.	2250
Sec. 2923.99. (A) Except as provided in this section,	2251
sections 2923.26 to 2923.30 of the Revised Code do not impose	2252
criminal or civil liability on any person or entity for acts or	2253
omissions related to obtaining an extreme risk protection order	2254
or ex parte extreme risk protection order including for	2255
reporting, declining to report, investigating, declining to	2256
investigate, filing, or declining to file a petition under those	2257
sections.	2258
(B)(1) No person shall do either of the following:	2259
(a) File a petition for an extreme risk protection order	2260
under section 2923.26 of the Revised Code alleging that the	2261
respondent poses a significant danger of causing personal injury	2262
to self or others by having in the respondent's custody or	2263
control, purchasing, possessing, or receiving a firearm if the	2264
person knows the allegation is false;	2265
(b) File an application for an ex parte extreme risk_	2266
protection order under section 2923.27 of the Revised Code	2267
alleging that the respondent poses a significant danger of	2268
causing personal injury to self or others in the near future by	2269
having custody or control of a firearm or the ability to	2270
purchase, possess, or receive a firearm if the person knows the	2271
allegation is false.	2272
(2) An individual injured in person or property by a	2273
	2273
violation of division (B)(1)(a) or (b) of this section has, and	22/4

may recover full damages in, a civil action under section	2275
2307.60 of the Revised Code. A civil action described in this	2276
division is in addition to, and does not preclude, any possible	2277
criminal prosecution of the person who violates division (B)(1)	2278
(a) or (b) of this section.	2279
(2) When will at a division $(\mathbf{D})(1)(\mathbf{c})$ on (\mathbf{b}) of this	2280
(3) Whoever violates division (B)(1)(a) or (b) of this section is quilty of a felony of the fifth degree.	2280
section is guilty of a ferony of the fifth degree.	2201
(C)(1) No person shall acquire, have, carry, or use any	2282
firearm with knowledge that the person is prohibited from doing	2283
so by an order issued under this section or sections 2923.26 to	2284
2923.30 of the Revised Code.	2285
(2) A person who violates division (C)(1) of this section	2286
is quilty of having a firearm while under extreme risk	2280
protection order disability. Except as provided in division (C)	2288
(3) of this section, having a firearm while under extreme risk	2289
protection order disability is a misdemeanor of the third	2209
	2290
<u>degree.</u>	2291
(3) If a person found guilty of having a firearm while	2292
under extreme risk protection order disability has two or more	2293
previous convictions for such an offense, having a firearm while	2294
under extreme risk protection order disability is a felony of	2295
the fifth degree.	2296
(D) In addition to the penalties prescribed in division	2297
(C) of this section, no person found quilty of having a firearm	2297
while under extreme risk protection order disability shall_	2290
knowingly acquire, have, carry, or use any firearm or dangerous	2299
	2300
ordnance for a period of five years after the date the underlying extreme risk protection order expires.	2301
underlying extreme itsk protection order expires.	2302
Section 2. That existing sections 109.57, 2923.125,	2303

2923.128, 2923.1213, and 2923.13 of the Revised Code are hereby 2304 repealed. 2305 Section 3. Sections 2923.26 to 2923.30 and 2923.99 of the 2306 Revised Code, as enacted by this act, shall be known as the 2307 "Extreme Risk Protection Order Act." 2308 Section 4. The General Assembly, applying the principle 2309 stated in division (B) of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that 2310 amendments are to be harmonized if reasonably capable of 2311 simultaneous operation, finds that the following sections, 2312 presented in this act as composites of the sections as amended 2313 by the acts indicated, are the resulting versions of the 2314 sections in effect prior to the effective date of the sections 2315 as presented in this act: 2316 Section 109.57 of the Revised Code as amended by both H.B. 2317 405 and S.B. 288 of the 134th General Assembly. 2318 Section 2923.125 of the Revised Code as amended by both 2319 H.B. 281 and S.B. 288 of the 134th General Assembly. 2320 Section 2923.128 of the Revised Code as amended by H.B. 2321 281, S.B. 215, and S.B. 288, all of the 134th General Assembly. 2322 Section 2923.1213 of the Revised Code as amended by both 2323 H.B. 281 and S.B. 288 of the 134th General Assembly. 2324