As Introduced

135th General Assembly

Regular Session 2023-2024

H. B. No. 200

Representatives Callender, Young, T.
Cosponsors: Representatives Hillyer, Roemer

A BILL

ГО	amend sections 5747.01, 5747.05, 5747.11, and	1
	5747.13 of the Revised Code to modify the income	2
	tax treatment of income subject to other states'	3
	pass-through entity taxes.	4

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 5747.01, 5747.05, 5747.11, and	5
5747.13 of the Revised Code be amended to read as follows:	6
Sec. 5747.01. Except as otherwise expressly provided or	7
clearly appearing from the context, any term used in this	8
chapter that is not otherwise defined in this section has the	9
same meaning as when used in a comparable context in the laws of	10
the United States relating to federal income taxes or if not	11
used in a comparable context in those laws, has the same meaning	12
as in section 5733.40 of the Revised Code. Any reference in this	13
chapter to the Internal Revenue Code includes other laws of the	14
United States relating to federal income taxes.	15
As used in this chapter:	16
(A) "Adjusted gross income" or "Ohio adjusted gross	17
income" means federal adjusted gross income, as defined and used	18

H. B. No. 200
As Introduced

in the Internal Revenue Code, adjusted as provided in this	19
section:	20
(1) Add interest or dividends on obligations or securities	21
of any state or of any political subdivision or authority of any	22
state, other than this state and its subdivisions and	23
authorities.	24
(2) Add interest or dividends on obligations of any	25
authority, commission, instrumentality, territory, or possession	26
of the United States to the extent that the interest or	27
dividends are exempt from federal income taxes but not from	28
state income taxes.	29
(3) Deduct interest or dividends on obligations of the	30
United States and its territories and possessions or of any	31
authority, commission, or instrumentality of the United States	32
to the extent that the interest or dividends are included in	33
federal adjusted gross income but exempt from state income taxes	34
under the laws of the United States.	35
(4) Deduct disability and survivor's benefits to the	36
extent included in federal adjusted gross income.	37
(5) Deduct the following, to the extent not otherwise	38
deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross	39
income:	40
(a) Benefits under Title II of the Social Security Act and	41
tier 1 railroad retirement;	42
(b) Railroad retirement benefits, other than tier 1	43
railroad retirement benefits, to the extent such amounts are	44
exempt from state taxation under federal law.	45
(6) Deduct the amount of wages and salaries, if any, not	46

H. B. No. 200 Page 3
As Introduced

otherwise allowable as a deduction but that would have been	47
allowable as a deduction in computing federal adjusted gross	48
income for the taxable year, had the work opportunity tax credit	49
allowed and determined under sections 38, 51, and 52 of the	50
Internal Revenue Code not been in effect.	51
(7) Deduct any interest or interest equivalent on public	52
obligations and purchase obligations to the extent that the	53
interest or interest equivalent is included in federal adjusted	54
gross income.	55
(8) Add any loss or deduct any gain resulting from the	56
sale, exchange, or other disposition of public obligations to	57
the extent that the loss has been deducted or the gain has been	58
included in computing federal adjusted gross income.	59
(9) Deduct or add amounts, as provided under section	60
5747.70 of the Revised Code, related to contributions made to or	61
tuition units purchased under a qualified tuition program	62
established pursuant to section 529 of the Internal Revenue	63
Code.	64
(10)(a) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise allowable as a	65
deduction or exclusion in computing federal or Ohio adjusted	66
gross income for the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer paid	67
during the taxable year for medical care insurance and qualified	68
long-term care insurance for the taxpayer, the taxpayer's	69
spouse, and dependents. No deduction for medical care insurance	70
under division (A)(10)(a) of this section shall be allowed	71
either to any taxpayer who is eligible to participate in any	72
subsidized health plan maintained by any employer of the	73
taxpayer or of the taxpayer's spouse, or to any taxpayer who is	74
entitled to, or on application would be entitled to, benefits	75

under part A of Title XVIII of the "Social Security Act," 49

H. B. No. 200 Page 4 As Introduced

Stat. 620 (1935), 42 U.S.C. 301, as amended. For the purposes of	77
division (A)(10)(a) of this section, "subsidized health plan"	78
means a health plan for which the employer pays any portion of	79
the plan's cost. The deduction allowed under division (A)(10)(a)	80
of this section shall be the net of any related premium refunds,	81
related premium reimbursements, or related insurance premium	82
dividends received during the taxable year.	83
(b) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	84
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income	85
during the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer paid during the	86
taxable year, not compensated for by any insurance or otherwise,	87
for medical care of the taxpayer, the taxpayer's spouse, and	88
dependents, to the extent the expenses exceed seven and one-half	89
per cent of the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income.	90
(c) For purposes of division (A)(10) of this section,	91
"medical care" has the meaning given in section 213 of the	92
Internal Revenue Code, subject to the special rules,	93
limitations, and exclusions set forth therein, and "qualified	94
long-term care" has the same meaning given in section 7702B(c)	95
of the Internal Revenue Code. Solely for purposes of division	96
(A)(10)(a) of this section, "dependent" includes a person who	97
otherwise would be a "qualifying relative" and thus a	98
"dependent" under section 152 of the Internal Revenue Code but	99
for the fact that the person fails to meet the income and	100
support limitations under section 152(d)(1)(B) and (C) of the	101
Internal Revenue Code.	102
(11)(a) Deduct any amount included in federal adjusted	103
gross income solely because the amount represents a	104
reimbursement or refund of expenses that in any year the	105

taxpayer had deducted as an itemized deduction pursuant to

section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code and applicable United	107
States department of the treasury regulations. The deduction	108
otherwise allowed under division (A)(11)(a) of this section	109
shall be reduced to the extent the reimbursement is attributable	110
to an amount the taxpayer deducted under this section in any	111
taxable year.	112
(b) Add any amount not otherwise included in Ohio adjusted	113
gross income for any taxable year to the extent that the amount	114
is attributable to the recovery during the taxable year of any	115
amount deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio	116
adjusted gross income in any taxable year.	117
(12) Deduct any portion of the deduction described in	118
section 1341(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, for repaying	119
previously reported income received under a claim of right, that	120
meets both of the following requirements:	121
(a) It is allowable for repayment of an item that was	122
included in the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for a prior	123
taxable year and did not qualify for a credit under division (A)	124
or (B) of section 5747.05 of the Revised Code for that year;	125
(b) It does not otherwise reduce the taxpayer's adjusted	126
gross income for the current or any other taxable year.	127
(13) Deduct an amount equal to the deposits made to, and	128
net investment earnings of, a medical savings account during the	129
taxable year, in accordance with section 3924.66 of the Revised	130
Code. The deduction allowed by division (A) (13) of this section	131
does not apply to medical savings account deposits and earnings	132
otherwise deducted or excluded for the current or any other	133
taxable year from the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income.	134
(14)(a) Add an amount equal to the funds withdrawn from a	135

H. B. No. 200 Page 6 As Introduced

medical savings account during the taxable year, and the net	136
investment earnings on those funds, when the funds withdrawn	137
were used for any purpose other than to reimburse an account	138
holder for, or to pay, eligible medical expenses, in accordance	139
with section 3924.66 of the Revised Code;	140
(b) Add the amounts distributed from a medical savings	141
account under division (A)(2) of section 3924.68 of the Revised	142
Code during the taxable year.	143
(15) Add any amount claimed as a credit under section	144
5747.059 of the Revised Code to the extent that such amount	145
satisfies either of the following:	146
(a) The amount was deducted or excluded from the	147
computation of the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income as	148
required to be reported for the taxpayer's taxable year under	149
the Internal Revenue Code;	150
(b) The amount resulted in a reduction of the taxpayer's	151
federal adjusted gross income as required to be reported for any	152
of the taxpayer's taxable years under the Internal Revenue Code.	153
(16) Deduct the amount contributed by the taxpayer to an	154
individual development account program established by a county	155
department of job and family services pursuant to sections	156
329.11 to 329.14 of the Revised Code for the purpose of matching	157
funds deposited by program participants. On request of the tax	158
commissioner, the taxpayer shall provide any information that,	159
in the tax commissioner's opinion, is necessary to establish the	160
amount deducted under division (A)(16) of this section.	161
(17)(a)(i) Subject to divisions (A)(17)(a)(iii), (iv), and	162
(v) of this section, add five-sixths of the amount of	163
depreciation expense allowed by subsection (k) of section 168 of	164

H. B. No. 200 Page 7 As Introduced

the Internal Revenue Code, including the taxpayer's	165
proportionate or distributive share of the amount of	166
depreciation expense allowed by that subsection to a pass-	167
through entity in which the taxpayer has a direct or indirect	168
ownership interest.	169
(ii) Subject to divisions (A)(17)(a)(iii), (iv), and (v)	170
of this section, add five-sixths of the amount of qualifying	171
section 179 depreciation expense, including the taxpayer's	172
proportionate or distributive share of the amount of qualifying	173
section 179 depreciation expense allowed to any pass-through	174
entity in which the taxpayer has a direct or indirect ownership	175
interest.	176
(iii) Subject to division (A)(17)(a)(v) of this section,	177
for taxable years beginning in 2012 or thereafter, if the	178
increase in income taxes withheld by the taxpayer is equal to or	179
greater than ten per cent of income taxes withheld by the	180
taxpayer during the taxpayer's immediately preceding taxable	181
year, "two-thirds" shall be substituted for "five-sixths" for	182
the purpose of divisions (A)(17)(a)(i) and (ii) of this section.	183
(iv) Subject to division (A)(17)(a)(v) of this section,	184
for taxable years beginning in 2012 or thereafter, a taxpayer is	185
not required to add an amount under division (A)(17) of this	186
section if the increase in income taxes withheld by the taxpayer	187
and by any pass-through entity in which the taxpayer has a	188
direct or indirect ownership interest is equal to or greater	189
than the sum of (I) the amount of qualifying section 179	190
depreciation expense and (II) the amount of depreciation expense	191
allowed to the taxpayer by subsection (k) of section 168 of the	192
Internal Revenue Code, and including the taxpayer's	193
proportionate or distributive shares of such amounts allowed to	194

any such pass-through entities.

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(v) If a taxpayer directly or indirectly incurs a net	196
operating loss for the taxable year for federal income tax	197
purposes, to the extent such loss resulted from depreciation	198
expense allowed by subsection (k) of section 168 of the Internal	199
Revenue Code and by qualifying section 179 depreciation expense,	200
"the entire" shall be substituted for "five-sixths of the" for	201
the purpose of divisions (A)(17)(a)(i) and (ii) of this section.	202

The tax commissioner, under procedures established by the commissioner, may waive the add-backs related to a pass-through entity if the taxpayer owns, directly or indirectly, less than five per cent of the pass-through entity.

- (b) Nothing in division (A)(17) of this section shall be construed to adjust or modify the adjusted basis of any asset.
- (c) To the extent the add-back required under division (A) (17) (a) of this section is attributable to property generating nonbusiness income or loss allocated under section 5747.20 of the Revised Code, the add-back shall be sitused to the same location as the nonbusiness income or loss generated by the property for the purpose of determining the credit under division (A) of section 5747.05 of the Revised Code. Otherwise, the add-back shall be apportioned, subject to one or more of the four alternative methods of apportionment enumerated in section 5747.21 of the Revised Code.
- (d) For the purposes of division (A) (17) (a) (v) of this section, net operating loss carryback and carryforward shall not include the allowance of any net operating loss deduction carryback or carryforward to the taxable year to the extent such loss resulted from depreciation allowed by section 168(k) of the

H. B. No. 200 Page 9
As Introduced

Internal Revenue Code and by the qualifying section 179	224
depreciation expense amount.	225
(e) For the purposes of divisions (A)(17) and (18) of this	226
section:	227
(i) "Income taxes withheld" means the total amount	228
withheld and remitted under sections 5747.06 and 5747.07 of the	229
Revised Code by an employer during the employer's taxable year.	230
(ii) "Increase in income taxes withheld" means the amount	231
by which the amount of income taxes withheld by an employer	232
during the employer's current taxable year exceeds the amount of	233
income taxes withheld by that employer during the employer's	234
immediately preceding taxable year.	235
(iii) "Qualifying section 179 depreciation expense" means	236
the difference between (I) the amount of depreciation expense	237
directly or indirectly allowed to a taxpayer under section 179	238
of the Internal Revised Code, and (II) the amount of	239
depreciation expense directly or indirectly allowed to the	240
taxpayer under section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code as that	241
section existed on December 31, 2002.	242
(18)(a) If the taxpayer was required to add an amount	243
under division (A)(17)(a) of this section for a taxable year,	244
deduct one of the following:	245
(i) One-fifth of the amount so added for each of the five	246
succeeding taxable years if the amount so added was five-sixths	247
of qualifying section 179 depreciation expense or depreciation	248
expense allowed by subsection (k) of section 168 of the Internal	249
Revenue Code;	250
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(ii) One-half of the amount so added for each of the two	251
succeeding taxable years if the amount so added was two-thirds	252

H. B. No. 200 Page 10 As Introduced

of such depreciation expense;	253
(iii) One-sixth of the amount so added for each of the six	254
succeeding taxable years if the entire amount of such	255
depreciation expense was so added.	256
(b) If the amount deducted under division (A)(18)(a) of	257
this section is attributable to an add-back allocated under	258
division (A)(17)(c) of this section, the amount deducted shall	259
be sitused to the same location. Otherwise, the add-back shall	260
be apportioned using the apportionment factors for the taxable	261
year in which the deduction is taken, subject to one or more of	262
the four alternative methods of apportionment enumerated in	263
section 5747.21 of the Revised Code.	264
(c) No deduction is available under division (A)(18)(a) of	265
this section with regard to any depreciation allowed by section	266
168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code and by the qualifying	267
section 179 depreciation expense amount to the extent that such	268
depreciation results in or increases a federal net operating	269
loss carryback or carryforward. If no such deduction is	270
available for a taxable year, the taxpayer may carry forward the	271
amount not deducted in such taxable year to the next taxable	272
year and add that amount to any deduction otherwise available	273
under division (A)(18)(a) of this section for that next taxable	274
year. The carryforward of amounts not so deducted shall continue	275
until the entire addition required by division (A)(17)(a) of	276
this section has been deducted.	277
(19) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	278
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	279
the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer received during the	280
taxable year as reimbursement for life insurance premiums under	281

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section 5919.31 of the Revised Code.

(20) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	283
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	284
the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer received during the	285
taxable year as a death benefit paid by the adjutant general	286
under section 5919.33 of the Revised Code.	287
(21) Deduct, to the extent included in federal adjusted	288
gross income and not otherwise allowable as a deduction or	289
exclusion in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	290
the taxable year, military pay and allowances received by the	291
taxpayer during the taxable year for active duty service in the	292
United States army, air force, navy, marine corps, or coast	293
guard or reserve components thereof or the national guard. The	294
deduction may not be claimed for military pay and allowances	295
received by the taxpayer while the taxpayer is stationed in this	296
state.	297
(22) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise allowable as a	298
deduction or exclusion in computing federal or Ohio adjusted	299
gross income for the taxable year and not otherwise compensated	300
for by any other source, the amount of qualified organ donation	301
expenses incurred by the taxpayer during the taxable year, not	302
to exceed ten thousand dollars. A taxpayer may deduct qualified	303
organ donation expenses only once for all taxable years	304
beginning with taxable years beginning in 2007.	305
For the purposes of division (A)(22) of this section:	306
(a) "Human organ" means all or any portion of a human	307
liver, pancreas, kidney, intestine, or lung, and any portion of	308
human bone marrow.	309
(b) "Qualified organ donation expenses" means travel	310

expenses, lodging expenses, and wages and salary forgone by a

H. B. No. 200 Page 12 As Introduced

taxpayer in connection with the taxpayer's donation, while	312
living, of one or more of the taxpayer's human organs to another	313
human being.	314
(23) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	315
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	316
the taxable year, amounts received by the taxpayer as retired	317
personnel pay for service in the uniformed services or reserve	318
components thereof, or the national guard, or received by the	319
surviving spouse or former spouse of such a taxpayer under the	320
survivor benefit plan on account of such a taxpayer's death. If	321
the taxpayer receives income on account of retirement paid under	322
the federal civil service retirement system or federal employees	323
retirement system, or under any successor retirement program	324
enacted by the congress of the United States that is established	325
and maintained for retired employees of the United States	326
government, and such retirement income is based, in whole or in	327
part, on credit for the taxpayer's uniformed service, the	328
deduction allowed under this division shall include only that	329
portion of such retirement income that is attributable to the	330
taxpayer's uniformed service, to the extent that portion of such	331
retirement income is otherwise included in federal adjusted	332
gross income and is not otherwise deducted under this section.	333
Any amount deducted under division (A) (23) of this section is	334
not included in a taxpayer's adjusted gross income for the	335
purposes of section 5747.055 of the Revised Code. No amount may	336
be deducted under division (A)(23) of this section on the basis	337
of which a credit was claimed under section 5747.055 of the	338
Revised Code.	339
(24) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	340
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excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for 341

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the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer received during the

H. B. No. 200 Page 13 As Introduced

taxable year from the military injury relief fund created in	343
section 5902.05 of the Revised Code.	344
(25) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	345
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	346
the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer received as a veterans	347
bonus during the taxable year from the Ohio department of	348
veterans services as authorized by Section 2r of Article VIII,	349
Ohio Constitution.	350
(26) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	351
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	352
the taxable year, any income derived from a transfer agreement	353
or from the enterprise transferred under that agreement under	354
section 4313.02 of the Revised Code.	355
(27) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	356
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	357
the taxable year, Ohio college opportunity or federal Pell grant	358
amounts received by the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse or	359
dependent pursuant to section 3333.122 of the Revised Code or 20	360
U.S.C. 1070a, et seq., and used to pay room or board furnished	361
by the educational institution for which the grant was awarded	362
at the institution's facilities, including meal plans	363
administered by the institution. For the purposes of this	364
division, receipt of a grant includes the distribution of a	365
grant directly to an educational institution and the crediting	366
of the grant to the enrollee's account with the institution.	367
(28) Deduct from the portion of an individual's federal	368
adjusted gross income that is business income, to the extent not	369
otherwise deducted or excluded in computing federal adjusted	370
gross income for the taxable year, one hundred twenty-five	371

thousand dollars for each spouse if spouses file separate

returns under section 5747.08 of the Revised Code or two hundred	373
fifty thousand dollars for all other individuals.	374
(29) Deduct, as provided under section 5747.78 of the	375
Revised Code, contributions to ABLE savings accounts made in	376
accordance with sections 113.50 to 113.56 of the Revised Code.	377
(30)(a) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	378
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income	379
during the taxable year, all of the following:	380
(i) Compensation paid to a qualifying employee described	381
in division (A)(14)(a) of section 5703.94 of the Revised Code to	382
the extent such compensation is for disaster work conducted in	383
this state during a disaster response period pursuant to a	384
qualifying solicitation received by the employee's employer;	385
(ii) Compensation paid to a qualifying employee described	386
in division (A)(14)(b) of section 5703.94 of the Revised Code to	387
the extent such compensation is for disaster work conducted in	388
this state by the employee during the disaster response period	389
on critical infrastructure owned or used by the employee's	390
employer;	391
(iii) Income received by an out-of-state disaster business	392
for disaster work conducted in this state during a disaster	393
response period, or, if the out-of-state disaster business is a	394
pass-through entity, a taxpayer's distributive share of the	395
pass-through entity's income from the business conducting	396
disaster work in this state during a disaster response period,	397
if, in either case, the disaster work is conducted pursuant to a	398
qualifying solicitation received by the business.	399
(b) All terms used in division (A)(30) of this section	400
have the same meanings as in section 5703 94 of the Revised	401

Code.	402
(31) For a taxpayer who is a qualifying Ohio educator,	403
deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded in	404
computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for the taxable	405
year, the lesser of two hundred fifty dollars or the amount of	406
expenses described in subsections (a)(2)(D)(i) and (ii) of	407
section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code paid or incurred by the	408
taxpayer during the taxpayer's taxable year in excess of the	409
amount the taxpayer is authorized to deduct for that taxable	410
year under subsection (a)(2)(D) of that section.	411
(32) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	412
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	413
the taxable year, amounts received by the taxpayer as a	414
disability severance payment, computed under 10 U.S.C. 1212,	415
following discharge or release under honorable conditions from	416
the armed forces, as defined by 10 U.S.C. 101.	417
(33) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	418
excluded in computing federal adjusted gross income or Ohio	419
adjusted gross income, amounts not subject to tax due to an	420
agreement entered into under division (A)(2) of section 5747.05	421
of the Revised Code.	422
(34) Deduct amounts as provided under section 5747.79 of	423
the Revised Code related to the taxpayer's qualifying capital	424
gains and deductible payroll.	425
To the extent a qualifying capital gain described under	426
division (A)(34) of this section is business income, the	427
taxpayer shall deduct those gains under this division before	428
deducting any such gains under division (A)(28) of this section.	429
(35)(a) For taxable years beginning in or after 2026.	430

H. B. No. 200 Page 16 As Introduced

deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded in	431
computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for the taxable	432
year:	433
(i) One hundred per cent of the capital gain received by	434
the taxpayer in the taxable year from a qualifying interest in	435
an Ohio venture capital operating company attributable to the	436
company's investments in Ohio businesses during the period for	437
which the company was an Ohio venture operating company; and	438
(ii) Fifty per cent of the capital gain received by the	439
taxpayer in the taxable year from a qualifying interest in an	440
Ohio venture capital operating company attributable to the	441
company's investments in all other businesses during the period	442
for which the company was an Ohio venture operating company.	443
(b) Add amounts previously deducted by the taxpayer under	444
division (A)(35)(a) of this section if the director of	445
development certifies to the tax commissioner that the	446
requirements for the deduction were not met.	447
(c) All terms used in division (A)(35) of this section	448
have the same meanings as in section 122.851 of the Revised	449
Code.	450
(d) To the extent a capital gain described in division (A)	451
(35)(a) of this section is business income, the taxpayer shall	452
apply that division before applying division (A)(28) of this	453
section.	454
(36) Add, to the extent not otherwise included in	455
computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for any taxable	456
year, the taxpayer's proportionate share of the amount of the	457
tax levied under section 5747.38 of the Revised Code and paid by	458
an electing pass-through entity for the taxable year.	459

Notwithstanding any provision of the Revised Code to the	460
contrary, the portion of the addition required by division (A)	461
(36) of this section related to the apportioned business income	462
of the pass-through entity shall be considered business income	463
under division (B) of this section. Such addition is eligible	464
for the deduction in division (A)(28) of this section, subject	465
to the applicable dollar limitations, and the tax rate	466
prescribed by division (A)(4)(a) of section 5747.02 of the	467
Revised Code. The taxpayer shall provide, upon request of the	468
tax commissioner, any documentation necessary to verify the	469
portion of the addition that is business income under this	470
division.	471
(37) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	472
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	473
the taxable year, amounts delivered to a qualifying institution	474
pursuant to section 3333.128 of the Revised Code for the benefit	475
of the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse or dependent.	476
(38) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	477
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	478
the taxable year, amounts received under the Ohio adoption grant	479
program pursuant to section 5101.191 of the Revised Code.	480
(39) Deduct, to the extent included in federal adjusted	481
gross income, income attributable to loan repayments on behalf	482
of the taxpayer under the rural practice incentive program under	483
section 3333.135 of the Revised Code.	484
(40) Add any income taxes deducted in computing federal or	485
Ohio adjusted gross income to the extent the income taxes were	486
derived from income subject to a tax levied in another state or	487
the District of Columbia when such tax was enacted for purposes	488
of complying with internal revenue service notice 2020-75.	489

Notwithstanding any provision of the Revised Code to the	490
contrary, the portion of the addition required by division (A)	491
(40) of this section related to the apportioned business income	492
of the pass-through entity shall be considered business income	493
under division (B) of this section. Such addition is eligible	494
for the deduction in division (A)(28) of this section, subject	495
to the applicable dollar limitations, and the tax rate	496
prescribed by division (A)(4)(a) of section 5747.02 of the	497
Revised Code. The taxpayer shall provide, upon request of the	498
tax commissioner, any documentation necessary to verify the	499
portion of the addition that is business income under this	500
division.	501
(B) "Business income" means income, including gain or	502
loss, arising from transactions, activities, and sources in the	503
regular course of a trade or business and includes income, gain,	504
or loss from real property, tangible property, and intangible	505
property if the acquisition, rental, management, and disposition	506
of the property constitute integral parts of the regular course	507
of a trade or business operation. "Business income" includes	508
income, including gain or loss, from a partial or complete	509
liquidation of a business, including, but not limited to, gain	510
or loss from the sale or other disposition of goodwill or the	511
sale of an equity or ownership interest in a business.	512
As used in this division, the "sale of an equity or	513
ownership interest in a business" means sales to which either or	514
both of the following apply:	515
(1) The sale is treated for federal income tax purposes as	516
the sale of assets.	517
(2) The seller materially participated, as described in 26	518

C.F.R. 1.469-5T, in the activities of the business during the

H. B. No. 200 Page 19 As Introduced

taxable year in which the sale occurs or during any of the five	520
preceding taxable years.	521
(C) "Nonbusiness income" means all income other than	522
business income and may include, but is not limited to,	523
compensation, rents and royalties from real or tangible personal	524
property, capital gains, interest, dividends and distributions,	525
patent or copyright royalties, or lottery winnings, prizes, and	526
awards.	527
(D) "Compensation" means any form of remuneration paid to	528
an employee for personal services.	529
(E) "Fiduciary" means a guardian, trustee, executor,	530
administrator, receiver, conservator, or any other person acting	531
in any fiduciary capacity for any individual, trust, or estate.	532
(F) "Fiscal year" means an accounting period of twelve	533
months ending on the last day of any month other than December.	534
(G) "Individual" means any natural person.	535
(H) "Internal Revenue Code" means the "Internal Revenue	536
Code of 1986," 100 Stat. 2085, 26 U.S.C.A. 1, as amended.	537
(I) "Resident" means any of the following:	538
(1) An individual who is domiciled in this state, subject	539
to section 5747.24 of the Revised Code;	540
(2) The estate of a decedent who at the time of death was	541
domiciled in this state. The domicile tests of section 5747.24	542
of the Revised Code are not controlling for purposes of division	543
(I)(2) of this section.	544
(3) A trust that, in whole or part, resides in this state.	545
If only part of a trust resides in this state, the trust is a	546
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resident only with respect to that part.	547
For the purposes of division (I)(3) of this section:	548
(a) A trust resides in this state for the trust's current	549
taxable year to the extent, as described in division (I)(3)(d)	550
of this section, that the trust consists directly or indirectly,	551
in whole or in part, of assets, net of any related liabilities,	552
that were transferred, or caused to be transferred, directly or	553
indirectly, to the trust by any of the following:	554
(i) A person, a court, or a governmental entity or	555
instrumentality on account of the death of a decedent, but only	556
if the trust is described in division (I)(3)(e)(i) or (ii) of	557
this section;	558
(ii) A person who was domiciled in this state for the	559
purposes of this chapter when the person directly or indirectly	560
transferred assets to an irrevocable trust, but only if at least	561
one of the trust's qualifying beneficiaries is domiciled in this	562
state for the purposes of this chapter during all or some	563
portion of the trust's current taxable year;	564
(iii) A person who was domiciled in this state for the	565
purposes of this chapter when the trust document or instrument	566
or part of the trust document or instrument became irrevocable,	567
but only if at least one of the trust's qualifying beneficiaries	568
is a resident domiciled in this state for the purposes of this	569
chapter during all or some portion of the trust's current	570
taxable year. If a trust document or instrument became	571
irrevocable upon the death of a person who at the time of death	572
was domiciled in this state for purposes of this chapter, that	573
person is a person described in division (I)(3)(a)(iii) of this	574
section.	575

(b) A trust is irrevocable to the extent that the	576
transferor is not considered to be the owner of the net assets	577
of the trust under sections 671 to 678 of the Internal Revenue	578
Code.	579
(c) With respect to a trust other than a charitable lead	580
trust, "qualifying beneficiary" has the same meaning as	581
"potential current beneficiary" as defined in section 1361(e)(2)	582
of the Internal Revenue Code, and with respect to a charitable	583
lead trust "qualifying beneficiary" is any current, future, or	584
contingent beneficiary, but with respect to any trust	585
"qualifying beneficiary" excludes a person or a governmental	586
entity or instrumentality to any of which a contribution would	587
qualify for the charitable deduction under section 170 of the	588
Internal Revenue Code.	589
(d) For the purposes of division (I)(3)(a) of this	590
section, the extent to which a trust consists directly or	591
indirectly, in whole or in part, of assets, net of any related	592
liabilities, that were transferred directly or indirectly, in	593
whole or part, to the trust by any of the sources enumerated in	594
that division shall be ascertained by multiplying the fair	595
market value of the trust's assets, net of related liabilities,	596
by the qualifying ratio, which shall be computed as follows:	597
(i) The first time the trust receives assets, the	598
numerator of the qualifying ratio is the fair market value of	599
those assets at that time, net of any related liabilities, from	600
sources enumerated in division (I)(3)(a) of this section. The	601
denominator of the qualifying ratio is the fair market value of	602
all the trust's assets at that time, net of any related	603
liabilities.	604

(ii) Each subsequent time the trust receives assets, a

revised qualifying ratio shall be computed. The numerator of the	606
revised qualifying ratio is the sum of (1) the fair market value	607
of the trust's assets immediately prior to the subsequent	608
transfer, net of any related liabilities, multiplied by the	609
qualifying ratio last computed without regard to the subsequent	610
transfer, and (2) the fair market value of the subsequently	611
transferred assets at the time transferred, net of any related	612
liabilities, from sources enumerated in division (I)(3)(a) of	613
this section. The denominator of the revised qualifying ratio is	614
the fair market value of all the trust's assets immediately	615
after the subsequent transfer, net of any related liabilities.	616
(iii) Whether a transfer to the trust is by or from any of	617
the sources enumerated in division (I)(3)(a) of this section	618
shall be ascertained without regard to the domicile of the	619
trust's beneficiaries.	620
(e) For the purposes of division (I)(3)(a)(i) of this	621
section:	622
(i) A trust is described in division (I)(3)(e)(i) of this	623
section if the trust is a testamentary trust and the testator of	624
that testamentary trust was domiciled in this state at the time	625
of the testator's death for purposes of the taxes levied under	626
Chapter 5731. of the Revised Code.	627
(ii) A trust is described in division (I)(3)(e)(ii) of	628
this section if the transfer is a qualifying transfer described	629
in any of divisions (I)(3)(f)(i) to (vi) of this section, the	630
trust is an irrevocable inter vivos trust, and at least one of	631
the trust's qualifying beneficiaries is domiciled in this state	632
for purposes of this chapter during all or some portion of the	633
trust's current taxable year.	634

(f) For the purposes of division (I)(3)(e)(ii) of this	635
section, a "qualifying transfer" is a transfer of assets, net of	636
any related liabilities, directly or indirectly to a trust, if	637
the transfer is described in any of the following:	638
(i) The transfer is made to a trust, created by the	639
decedent before the decedent's death and while the decedent was	640
domiciled in this state for the purposes of this chapter, and,	641
prior to the death of the decedent, the trust became irrevocable	642
while the decedent was domiciled in this state for the purposes	643
of this chapter.	644
(ii) The transfer is made to a trust to which the	645
decedent, prior to the decedent's death, had directly or	646
indirectly transferred assets, net of any related liabilities,	647
while the decedent was domiciled in this state for the purposes	648
of this chapter, and prior to the death of the decedent the	649
trust became irrevocable while the decedent was domiciled in	650
this state for the purposes of this chapter.	651
(iii) The transfer is made on account of a contractual	652
relationship existing directly or indirectly between the	653
transferor and either the decedent or the estate of the decedent	654
at any time prior to the date of the decedent's death, and the	655
decedent was domiciled in this state at the time of death for	656
purposes of the taxes levied under Chapter 5731. of the Revised	657
Code.	658
(iv) The transfer is made to a trust on account of a	659
contractual relationship existing directly or indirectly between	660
the transferor and another person who at the time of the	661
decedent's death was domiciled in this state for purposes of	662

663

this chapter.

(v) The transfer is made to a trust on account of the will	664
of a testator who was domiciled in this state at the time of the	665
testator's death for purposes of the taxes levied under Chapter	666
5731. of the Revised Code.	667
(vi) The transfer is made to a trust created by or caused	668
to be created by a court, and the trust was directly or	669
indirectly created in connection with or as a result of the	670
death of an individual who, for purposes of the taxes levied	671
under Chapter 5731. of the Revised Code, was domiciled in this	672
state at the time of the individual's death.	673
(g) The tax commissioner may adopt rules to ascertain the	674
part of a trust residing in this state.	675
(J) "Nonresident" means an individual or estate that is	676
not a resident. An individual who is a resident for only part of	677
a taxable year is a nonresident for the remainder of that	678
taxable year.	679
(K) "Pass-through entity" has the same meaning as in	680
section 5733.04 of the Revised Code.	681
(L) "Return" means the notifications and reports required	682
to be filed pursuant to this chapter for the purpose of	683
reporting the tax due and includes declarations of estimated tax	684
when so required.	685
(M) "Taxable year" means the calendar year or the	686
taxpayer's fiscal year ending during the calendar year, or	687
fractional part thereof, upon which the adjusted gross income is	688
calculated pursuant to this chapter.	689
(N) "Taxpayer" means any person subject to the tax imposed	690
by section 5747.02 of the Revised Code or any pass-through	691
entity that makes the election under division (D) of section	692

5747.08 of the Revised Code.	693
(O) "Dependents" means one of the following:	694
(1) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1,	695
2018, and before January 1, 2026, dependents as defined in the	696
Internal Revenue Code;	697
(2) For all other taxable years, dependents as defined in	698
the Internal Revenue Code and as claimed in the taxpayer's	699
federal income tax return for the taxable year or which the	700
taxpayer would have been permitted to claim had the taxpayer	701
filed a federal income tax return.	702
(P) "Principal county of employment" means, in the case of	703
a nonresident, the county within the state in which a taxpayer	704
performs services for an employer or, if those services are	705
performed in more than one county, the county in which the major	706
portion of the services are performed.	707
(Q) As used in sections 5747.50 to 5747.55 of the Revised	708
Code:	709
(1) "Subdivision" means any county, municipal corporation,	710
park district, or township.	711
(2) "Essential local government purposes" includes all	712
functions that any subdivision is required by general law to	713
exercise, including like functions that are exercised under a	714
charter adopted pursuant to the Ohio Constitution.	715
(R) "Overpayment" means any amount already paid that	716
exceeds the figure determined to be the correct amount of the	717
tax.	718
(S) "Taxable income" or "Ohio taxable income" applies only	719
to estates and trusts, and means federal taxable income, as	720

H. B. No. 200 Page 26 As Introduced

defined and used in the Internal Revenue Code, adjusted as	721
follows:	722
(1) Add interest or dividends, net of ordinary, necessary,	723
and reasonable expenses not deducted in computing federal	724
taxable income, on obligations or securities of any state or of	725
any political subdivision or authority of any state, other than	726
this state and its subdivisions and authorities, but only to the	727
extent that such net amount is not otherwise includible in Ohio	728
taxable income and is described in either division (S)(1)(a) or	729
(b) of this section:	730
(a) The net amount is not attributable to the S portion of	731
an electing small business trust and has not been distributed to	732
beneficiaries for the taxable year;	733
(b) The net amount is attributable to the S portion of an	734
electing small business trust for the taxable year.	735
(2) Add interest or dividends, net of ordinary, necessary,	736
and reasonable expenses not deducted in computing federal	737
taxable income, on obligations of any authority, commission,	738
instrumentality, territory, or possession of the United States	739
to the extent that the interest or dividends are exempt from	740
federal income taxes but not from state income taxes, but only	741
to the extent that such net amount is not otherwise includible	742
in Ohio taxable income and is described in either division (S)	743
(1)(a) or (b) of this section;	744
(3) Add the amount of personal exemption allowed to the	745
estate pursuant to section 642(b) of the Internal Revenue Code;	746
(4) Deduct interest or dividends, net of related expenses	747
deducted in computing federal taxable income, on obligations of	748
the United States and its territories and possessions or of any	749

Page 27 H. B. No. 200 As Introduced

authority, commission, or instrumentality of the United States	750
to the extent that the interest or dividends are exempt from	751
state taxes under the laws of the United States, but only to the	752
extent that such amount is included in federal taxable income	753
and is described in either division (S)(1)(a) or (b) of this	754
section;	755
(5) Deduct the amount of wages and salaries, if any, not	756
otherwise allowable as a deduction but that would have been	757
allowable as a deduction in computing federal taxable income for	758
the taxable year, had the work opportunity tax credit allowed	759
under sections 38, 51, and 52 of the Internal Revenue Code not	760
been in effect, but only to the extent such amount relates	761
either to income included in federal taxable income for the	762
taxable year or to income of the S portion of an electing small	763
business trust for the taxable year;	764
(6) Deduct any interest or interest equivalent, net of	765
related expenses deducted in computing federal taxable income,	766
on public obligations and purchase obligations, but only to the	767
extent that such net amount relates either to income included in	768
federal taxable income for the taxable year or to income of the	769
S portion of an electing small business trust for the taxable	770
year;	771
(7) Add any loss or deduct any gain resulting from sale,	772
exchange, or other disposition of public obligations to the	773
extent that such loss has been deducted or such gain has been	774
included in computing either federal taxable income or income of	775
the S portion of an electing small business trust for the	776
taxable year;	777
(8) Except in the case of the final return of an estate,	778

add any amount deducted by the taxpayer on both its Ohio estate

H. B. No. 200 Page 28 As Introduced

tax return pursuant to section 5731.14 of the Revised Code, and	780
on its federal income tax return in determining federal taxable	781
income;	782
(9)(a) Deduct any amount included in federal taxable	783
income solely because the amount represents a reimbursement or	784
refund of expenses that in a previous year the decedent had	785
deducted as an itemized deduction pursuant to section 63 of the	786
Internal Revenue Code and applicable treasury regulations. The	787
deduction otherwise allowed under division (S)(9)(a) of this	788
section shall be reduced to the extent the reimbursement is	789
attributable to an amount the taxpayer or decedent deducted	790
under this section in any taxable year.	791
(b) Add any amount not otherwise included in Ohio taxable	792
income for any taxable year to the extent that the amount is	793
attributable to the recovery during the taxable year of any	794
amount deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio taxable	795
income in any taxable year, but only to the extent such amount	796
has not been distributed to beneficiaries for the taxable year.	797
(10) Deduct any portion of the deduction described in	798
section 1341(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, for repaying	799
previously reported income received under a claim of right, that	800
meets both of the following requirements:	801
(a) It is allowable for repayment of an item that was	802
included in the taxpayer's taxable income or the decedent's	803
adjusted gross income for a prior taxable year and did not	804
qualify for a credit under division (A) or (B) of section	805
5747.05 of the Revised Code for that year.	806
(b) It does not otherwise reduce the taxpayer's taxable	807

income or the decedent's adjusted gross income for the current

H. B. No. 200 Page 29 As Introduced

or any other taxable year.	809
(11) Add any amount claimed as a credit under section	810
5747.059 of the Revised Code to the extent that the amount	811
satisfies either of the following:	812
(a) The amount was deducted or excluded from the	813
computation of the taxpayer's federal taxable income as required	814
to be reported for the taxpayer's taxable year under the	815
Internal Revenue Code;	816
(b) The amount resulted in a reduction in the taxpayer's	817
federal taxable income as required to be reported for any of the	818
taxpayer's taxable years under the Internal Revenue Code.	819
(12) Deduct any amount, net of related expenses deducted	820
in computing federal taxable income, that a trust is required to	821
report as farm income on its federal income tax return, but only	822
if the assets of the trust include at least ten acres of land	823
satisfying the definition of "land devoted exclusively to	824
agricultural use" under section 5713.30 of the Revised Code,	825
regardless of whether the land is valued for tax purposes as	826
such land under sections 5713.30 to 5713.38 of the Revised Code.	827
If the trust is a pass-through entity investor, section 5747.231	828
of the Revised Code applies in ascertaining if the trust is	829
eligible to claim the deduction provided by division (S)(12) of	830
this section in connection with the pass-through entity's farm	831
income.	832
Except for farm income attributable to the S portion of an	833
electing small business trust, the deduction provided by	834
division (S)(12) of this section is allowed only to the extent	835
that the trust has not distributed such farm income.	836
(13) Add the net amount of income described in section	837

641(c) of the Internal Revenue Code to the extent that amount is	838
not included in federal taxable income.	839
(14) Add or deduct the amount the taxpayer would be	840
required to add or deduct under division (A)(17) or (18) of this	841
section if the taxpayer's Ohio taxable income were computed in	842
the same manner as an individual's Ohio adjusted gross income is	843
computed under this section.	844
(15) Add, to the extent not otherwise included in	845
computing taxable income or Ohio taxable income for any taxable	846
year, the taxpayer's proportionate share of the amount of the	847
tax levied under section 5747.38 of the Revised Code and paid by	848
an electing pass-through entity for the taxable year.	849
(16) Add any income taxes deducted in computing federal	850
taxable income or Ohio taxable income to the extent the income	851
taxes were derived from income subject to tax levied in another	852
state or the District of Columbia when such tax was enacted for	853
purposes of complying with internal revenue service notice 2020-	854
<u>75.</u>	855
(T) "School district income" and "school district income	856
tax" have the same meanings as in section 5748.01 of the Revised	857
Code.	858
(U) As used in divisions (A)(7), (A)(8), (S)(6), and (S)	859
(7) of this section, "public obligations," "purchase	860
obligations," and "interest or interest equivalent" have the	861
same meanings as in section 5709.76 of the Revised Code.	862
(V) "Limited liability company" means any limited	863
liability company formed under Chapter 1705. or 1706. of the	864
Revised Code or under the laws of any other state.	865
(W) "Pass-through entity investor" means any person who,	866

H. B. No. 200 Page 31 As Introduced

during any portion of a taxable year of a pass-through entity,	867
is a partner, member, shareholder, or equity investor in that	868
pass-through entity.	869
(X) "Banking day" has the same meaning as in section	870
1304.01 of the Revised Code.	871
(Y) "Month" means a calendar month.	872
(Z) "Quarter" means the first three months, the second	873
three months, the third three months, or the last three months	874
of the taxpayer's taxable year.	875
(AA)(1) "Modified business income" means the business	876
income included in a trust's Ohio taxable income after such	877
taxable income is first reduced by the qualifying trust amount,	878
if any.	879
(2) "Qualifying trust amount" of a trust means capital	880
gains and losses from the sale, exchange, or other disposition	881
of equity or ownership interests in, or debt obligations of, a	882
qualifying investee to the extent included in the trust's Ohio	883
taxable income, but only if the following requirements are	884
satisfied:	885
(a) The book value of the qualifying investee's physical	886
assets in this state and everywhere, as of the last day of the	887
qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar year ending immediately	888
prior to the date on which the trust recognizes the gain or	889
loss, is available to the trust.	890
(b) The requirements of section 5747.011 of the Revised	891
Code are satisfied for the trust's taxable year in which the	892
trust recognizes the gain or loss.	893
Any gain or loss that is not a qualifying trust amount is	894

modified business income, qualifying investment income, or	895
modified nonbusiness income, as the case may be.	896
(3) "Modified nonbusiness income" means a trust's Ohio	897
taxable income other than modified business income, other than	898
the qualifying trust amount, and other than qualifying	899
investment income, as defined in section 5747.012 of the Revised	900
Code, to the extent such qualifying investment income is not	901
otherwise part of modified business income.	902
(4) "Modified Ohio taxable income" applies only to trusts,	903
and means the sum of the amounts described in divisions (AA)(4)	904
(a) to (c) of this section:	905
(a) The fraction, calculated under section 5747.013, and	906
applying section 5747.231 of the Revised Code, multiplied by the	907
sum of the following amounts:	908
(i) The trust's modified business income;	909
(ii) The trust's qualifying investment income, as defined	910
in section 5747.012 of the Revised Code, but only to the extent	911
the qualifying investment income does not otherwise constitute	912
modified business income and does not otherwise constitute a	913
qualifying trust amount.	914
(b) The qualifying trust amount multiplied by a fraction,	915
the numerator of which is the sum of the book value of the	916
qualifying investee's physical assets in this state on the last	917
day of the qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar year ending	918
immediately prior to the day on which the trust recognizes the	919
qualifying trust amount, and the denominator of which is the sum	920
of the book value of the qualifying investee's total physical	921
assets everywhere on the last day of the qualifying investee's	922
fiscal or calendar year ending immediately prior to the day on	923

which the trust recognizes the qualifying trust amount. If, for	924
a taxable year, the trust recognizes a qualifying trust amount	925
with respect to more than one qualifying investee, the amount	926
described in division (AA)(4)(b) of this section shall equal the	927
sum of the products so computed for each such qualifying	928
investee.	929
(c)(i) With respect to a trust or portion of a trust that	930
is a resident as ascertained in accordance with division (I)(3)	931
(d) of this section, its modified nonbusiness income.	932
(ii) With respect to a trust or portion of a trust that is	933
not a resident as ascertained in accordance with division (I)(3)	934
(d) of this section, the amount of its modified nonbusiness	935
income satisfying the descriptions in divisions (B)(2) to (5) of	936
section 5747.20 of the Revised Code, except as otherwise	937
provided in division (AA)(4)(c)(ii) of this section. With	938
respect to a trust or portion of a trust that is not a resident	939
as ascertained in accordance with division (I)(3)(d) of this	940
section, the trust's portion of modified nonbusiness income	941
recognized from the sale, exchange, or other disposition of a	942
debt interest in or equity interest in a section 5747.212	943
entity, as defined in section 5747.212 of the Revised Code,	944
without regard to division (A) of that section, shall not be	945
allocated to this state in accordance with section 5747.20 of	946
the Revised Code but shall be apportioned to this state in	947
accordance with division (B) of section 5747.212 of the Revised	948
Code without regard to division (A) of that section.	949

If the allocation and apportionment of a trust's income

under divisions (AA)(4)(a) and (c) of this section do not fairly

represent the modified Ohio taxable income of the trust in this

state, the alternative methods described in division (C) of

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section 5747.21 of the Revised Code may be applied in the manner 954 and to the same extent provided in that section. 955

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- (5) (a) Except as set forth in division (AA) (5) (b) of this section, "qualifying investee" means a person in which a trust has an equity or ownership interest, or a person or unit of government the debt obligations of either of which are owned by a trust. For the purposes of division (AA) (2) (a) of this section and for the purpose of computing the fraction described in division (AA) (4) (b) of this section, all of the following apply:
- (i) If the qualifying investee is a member of a qualifying controlled group on the last day of the qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar year ending immediately prior to the date on which the trust recognizes the gain or loss, then "qualifying investee" includes all persons in the qualifying controlled group on such last day.
- (ii) If the qualifying investee, or if the qualifying 969 investee and any members of the qualifying controlled group of 970 which the qualifying investee is a member on the last day of the 971 qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar year ending immediately 972 prior to the date on which the trust recognizes the gain or 973 loss, separately or cumulatively own, directly or indirectly, on 974 the last day of the qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar 975 year ending immediately prior to the date on which the trust 976 recognizes the qualifying trust amount, more than fifty per cent 977 of the equity of a pass-through entity, then the qualifying 978 investee and the other members are deemed to own the 979 proportionate share of the pass-through entity's physical assets 980 which the pass-through entity directly or indirectly owns on the 981 last day of the pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year 982 ending within or with the last day of the qualifying investee's 983

fiscal or calendar year ending immediately prior to the date on 984 which the trust recognizes the qualifying trust amount. 985

(iii) For the purposes of division (AA)(5)(a)(iii) of this 986 section, "upper level pass-through entity" means a pass-through 987 entity directly or indirectly owning any equity of another pass- 988 through entity, and "lower level pass-through entity" means that 989 other pass-through entity.

An upper level pass-through entity, whether or not it is 991 also a qualifying investee, is deemed to own, on the last day of 992 the upper level pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year, 993 the proportionate share of the lower level pass-through entity's 994 physical assets that the lower level pass-through entity 995 directly or indirectly owns on the last day of the lower level 996 pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year ending within or 997 with the last day of the upper level pass-through entity's 998 fiscal or calendar year. If the upper level pass-through entity 999 directly and indirectly owns less than fifty per cent of the 1000 equity of the lower level pass-through entity on each day of the 1001 upper level pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year in 1002 which or with which ends the calendar or fiscal year of the 1003 lower level pass-through entity and if, based upon clear and 1004 convincing evidence, complete information about the location and 1005 cost of the physical assets of the lower pass-through entity is 1006 not available to the upper level pass-through entity, then 1007 solely for purposes of ascertaining if a gain or loss 1008 constitutes a qualifying trust amount, the upper level pass-1009 through entity shall be deemed as owning no equity of the lower 1010 level pass-through entity for each day during the upper level 1011 pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year in which or with 1012 which ends the lower level pass-through entity's calendar or 1013 fiscal year. Nothing in division (AA)(5)(a)(iii) of this section 1014

shall be construed to provide for any deduction or exclusion in	1015
computing any trust's Ohio taxable income.	1016
(b) With respect to a trust that is not a resident for the	1017
taxable year and with respect to a part of a trust that is not a	1018
resident for the taxable year, "qualifying investee" for that	1019
taxable year does not include a C corporation if both of the	1020
following apply:	1021
(i) During the taxable year the trust or part of the trust	1022
recognizes a gain or loss from the sale, exchange, or other	1023
disposition of equity or ownership interests in, or debt	1024
obligations of, the C corporation.	1025
(ii) Such gain or loss constitutes nonbusiness income.	1026
(6) "Available" means information is such that a person is	1027
able to learn of the information by the due date plus	1028
extensions, if any, for filing the return for the taxable year	1029
in which the trust recognizes the gain or loss.	1030
(BB) "Qualifying controlled group" has the same meaning as	1031
in section 5733.04 of the Revised Code.	1032
(CC) "Related member" has the same meaning as in section	1033
5733.042 of the Revised Code.	1034
(DD)(1) For the purposes of division (DD) of this section:	1035
(a) "Qualifying person" means any person other than a	1036
qualifying corporation.	1037
(b) "Qualifying corporation" means any person classified	1038
for federal income tax purposes as an association taxable as a	1039
corporation, except either of the following:	1040
(i) A corporation that has made an election under	1041

subchapter S, chapter one, subtitle A, of the Internal Revenue	1042
Code for its taxable year ending within, or on the last day of,	1043
the investor's taxable year;	1044
(ii) A subsidiary that is wholly owned by any corporation	1045
that has made an election under subchapter S, chapter one,	1046
subtitle A of the Internal Revenue Code for its taxable year	1047
ending within, or on the last day of, the investor's taxable	1048
year.	1049
(2) For the purposes of this chapter, unless expressly	1050
stated otherwise, no qualifying person indirectly owns any asset	1051
directly or indirectly owned by any qualifying corporation.	1052
(EE) For purposes of this chapter and Chapter 5751. of the	1053
Revised Code:	1054
(1) "Trust" does not include a qualified pre-income tax	1055
trust.	1056
(2) A "qualified pre-income tax trust" is any pre-income	1057
tax trust that makes a qualifying pre-income tax trust election	1058
as described in division (EE)(3) of this section.	1059
(3) A "qualifying pre-income tax trust election" is an	1060
election by a pre-income tax trust to subject to the tax imposed	1061
by section 5751.02 of the Revised Code the pre-income tax trust	1062
and all pass-through entities of which the trust owns or	1063
controls, directly, indirectly, or constructively through	1064
related interests, five per cent or more of the ownership or	1065
equity interests. The trustee shall notify the tax commissioner	1066
in writing of the election on or before April 15, 2006. The	1067
election, if timely made, shall be effective on and after	1068
January 1, 2006, and shall apply for all tax periods and tax	1069
years until revoked by the trustee of the trust.	1070

(4) A "pre-income tax trust" is a trust that satisfies all	1071
of the following requirements:	1072
(a) The document or instrument creating the trust was	1073
executed by the grantor before January 1, 1972;	1074
(b) The trust became irrevocable upon the creation of the	1075
trust; and	1076
(c) The grantor was domiciled in this state at the time	1077
the trust was created.	1078
(FF) "Uniformed services" has the same meaning as in 10	1079
U.S.C. 101.	1080
(GG) "Taxable business income" means the amount by which	1081
an individual's business income that is included in federal	1082
adjusted gross income exceeds the amount of business income the	1083
individual is authorized to deduct under division (A)(28) of	1084
this section for the taxable year.	1085
(HH) "Employer" does not include a franchisor with respect	1086
to the franchisor's relationship with a franchisee or an	1087
employee of a franchisee, unless the franchisor agrees to assume	1088
that role in writing or a court of competent jurisdiction	1089
determines that the franchisor exercises a type or degree of	1090
control over the franchisee or the franchisee's employees that	1091
is not customarily exercised by a franchisor for the purpose of	1092
protecting the franchisor's trademark, brand, or both. For	1093
purposes of this division, "franchisor" and "franchisee" have	1094
the same meanings as in 16 C.F.R. 436.1.	1095
(II) "Modified adjusted gross income" means Ohio adjusted	1096
gross income plus any amount deducted under divisions (A) (28)	1097
and (34) of this section for the taxable year.	1098

(JJ) "Qualifying Ohio educator" means an individual who,	1099
for a taxable year, qualifies as an eligible educator, as that	1100
term is defined in section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code, and	1101
who holds a certificate, license, or permit described in Chapter	1102
3319. or section 3301.071 of the Revised Code.	1103
Sec. 5747.05. As used in this section, "income tax"	1104
includes both a tax on net income and a tax measured by net	1105
income.	1106
The following credits shall be allowed against the	1107
aggregate income tax liability imposed by section 5747.02 of the	1108
Revised Code on individuals and estates:	1109
(A)(1) The amount of tax otherwise due under section	1110
5747.02 of the Revised Code on such portion of the combined	1111
adjusted gross income and business income of any nonresident	1112
taxpayer that is not allocable or apportionable to this state	1113
pursuant to sections 5747.20 to 5747.23 of the Revised Code. The	1114
credit provided under this division shall not exceed the total	1115
tax due under section 5747.02 of the Revised Code.	1116
(2) The tax commissioner may enter into an agreement with	1117
the taxing authorities of any state or of the District of	1118
Columbia that imposes an income tax to provide that compensation	1119
paid in this state to a nonresident taxpayer shall not be	1120
subject to the tax levied in section 5747.02 of the Revised Code	1121
so long as compensation paid in such other state or in the	1122
District of Columbia to a resident taxpayer shall likewise not	1123
be subject to the income tax of such other state or of the	1124
District of Columbia.	1125
(B) The lesser of division (B)(1) or (2) of this section:	1126

(1) The aggregate amount of tax otherwise due under

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H. B. No. 200 Page 40 As Introduced

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has been paid to another state or the District of Columbia, the	1158
taxpayer shall report the change to the tax commissioner within	1159
ninety days of the change in such form as the commissioner	1160
requires.	1161
(a) In the case of an underpayment, the report shall be	1162
accompanied by payment of any additional tax due as a result of	1163
the reduction in credit together with interest on the additional	1164
tax and is a return subject to assessment under section 5747.13	1165
of the Revised Code solely for the purpose of assessing any	1166
additional tax due under this division, together with any	1167
applicable penalty and interest. It shall not reopen the	1168
computation of the taxpayer's tax liability under this chapter	1169
from a previously filed return no longer subject to assessment	1170
except to the extent that such liability is affected by an	1171
adjustment to the credit allowed by division (B) of this	1172
section.	1173
(b) In the case of an overpayment, an application for	1174
refund may be filed under this division within the ninety-day	1175
period prescribed for filing the report even if it is beyond the	1176
period prescribed in section 5747.11 of the Revised Code if it	1177
otherwise conforms to the requirements of such section. An	1178
application filed under this division shall only claim refund of	1179
overpayments resulting from an adjustment to the credit allowed	1180
by division (B) of this section unless it is also filed within	1181
the time prescribed in section 5747.11 of the Revised Code. It	1182
shall not reopen the computation of the taxpayer's tax liability	1183
except to the extent that such liability is affected by an	1184
adjustment to the credit allowed by division (B) of this	1185
section.	1186

(4) No credit shall be allowed under division (B) of

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H. B. No. 200 Page 42 As Introduced

this section:	1188
(a) For income tax paid or accrued to another state or to	1189
the District of Columbia if the taxpayer, when computing federal	1190
adjusted gross income, has directly or indirectly deducted, or	1191
was required to directly or indirectly deduct, the amount of	1192
that income tax+.	1193
Division (B)(5)(a) of this section does not apply to	1194
income taxes included in the computation of Ohio adjusted gross	1195
income under division (A)(40) of section 5747.01 of the Revised	1196
Code and not deducted from Ohio adjusted gross income under	1197
division (A)(28) of that section or to income taxes included in	1198
Ohio taxable income under division (S)(16) of section 5747.01 of	1199
the Revised Code.	1200
(b) For compensation that is not subject to the income tax	1201
of another state or the District of Columbia as the result of an	1202
agreement entered into by the tax commissioner under division	1203
(A)(3) of this section; or	1204
(c) For income tax paid or accrued to another state or the	1205
District of Columbia if the taxpayer fails to furnish such proof	1206
as the tax commissioner shall require that such income tax	1207
liability has been paid.	1208
(C) An individual who is a resident for part of a taxable	1209
year and a nonresident for the remainder of the taxable year is	1210
allowed the credits under divisions (A) and (B) of this section	1211
in accordance with rules prescribed by the tax commissioner. In	1212
no event shall the same income be subject to both credits.	1213
(D) The credit allowed under division (A) of this section	1214
shall be calculated based upon the amount of tax due under	1215
section 5747.02 of the Revised Code after subtracting any other	1216

required under section 5747.98 of the Revised Code. The credit allowed under division (B) of this section shall be calculated based upon the amount of tax due under section 5747.02 of the Revised Code after subtracting any other credits that precede the credit under that division in the order required under section 5747.98 of the Revised Code. (E) (1) On a joint return filed by a husband and wife, each of whom had adjusted gross income of at least five hundred dollars, exclusive of interest, dividends and distributions, royalties, rent, and capital gains, a credit equal to the lesser of six hundred fifty dollars or the percentage shown in column B that corresponds with the taxpayer's modified adjusted gross income, less exemptions for the taxable year, of the total amount of tax due after allowing for any other credit that precedes this credit as required under section 5747.98 of the Revised Code: 1234 1 2 A A B B IF THE MODIFIED ADJUSTED GROSS THE CREDIT FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR INCOME, LESS EXEMPTIONS, FOR THE TAX YEAR IS: C \$25,000 or less 20% D More than \$25,000 but not more 15%		
allowed under division (B) of this section shall be calculated based upon the amount of tax due under section 5747.02 of the Revised Code after subtracting any other credits that precede the credit under that division in the order required under section 5747.98 of the Revised Code. (E) (1) On a joint return filed by a husband and wife, each of whom had adjusted gross income of at least five hundred dollars, exclusive of interest, dividends and distributions, royalties, rent, and capital gains, a credit equal to the lesser of six hundred fifty dollars or the percentage shown in column B that corresponds with the taxpayer's modified adjusted gross income, less exemptions for the taxable year, of the total amount of tax due after allowing for any other credit that precedes this credit as required under section 5747.98 of the Revised Code: 1234 A A B B IF THE MODIFIED ADJUSTED GROSS THE CREDIT FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR INCOME, LESS EXEMPTIONS, FOR IS: THE TAX YEAR IS: C \$25,000 or less 20% More than \$25,000 but not more 15%	credits that precede the credit under that division in the order	1217
based upon the amount of tax due under section 5747.02 of the Revised Code after subtracting any other credits that precede the credit under that division in the order required under section 5747.98 of the Revised Code. (E) (1) On a joint return filed by a husband and wife, each of whom had adjusted gross income of at least five hundred dollars, exclusive of interest, dividends and distributions, royalties, rent, and capital gains, a credit equal to the lesser of six hundred fifty dollars or the percentage shown in column B that corresponds with the taxpayer's modified adjusted gross income, less exemptions for the taxable year, of the total amount of tax due after allowing for any other credit that precedes this credit as required under section 5747.98 of the Revised Code: 1234 1 2 A B. B IF THE MODIFIED ADJUSTED GROSS THE CREDIT FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR INCOME, LESS EXEMPTIONS, FOR IS: THE TAX YEAR IS: C \$25,000 or less 20% D More than \$25,000 but not more 15%	required under section 5747.98 of the Revised Code. The credit	1218
Revised Code after subtracting any other credits that precede the credit under that division in the order required under section 5747.9% of the Revised Code. (E) (1) On a joint return filed by a husband and wife, each of whom had adjusted gross income of at least five hundred dollars, exclusive of interest, dividends and distributions, royalties, rent, and capital gains, a credit equal to the lesser of six hundred fifty dollars or the percentage shown in column B that corresponds with the taxpayer's modified adjusted gross income, less exemptions for the taxable year, of the total amount of tax due after allowing for any other credit that precedes this credit as required under section 5747.9% of the Revised Code: 1234 1 2 A B. B IF THE MODIFIED ADJUSTED GROSS THE CREDIT FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR INCOME, LESS EXEMPTIONS, FOR IS: THE TAX YEAR IS: C \$25,000 or less 20% More than \$25,000 but not more 15%	allowed under division (B) of this section shall be calculated	1219
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(E) (1) On a joint return filed by a husband and wife, each of whom had adjusted gross income of at least five hundred dollars, exclusive of interest, dividends and distributions, royalties, rent, and capital gains, a credit equal to the lesser of six hundred fifty dollars or the percentage shown in column B that corresponds with the taxpayer's modified adjusted gross income, less exemptions for the taxable year, of the total amount of tax due after allowing for any other credit that precedes this credit as required under section 5747.98 of the Revised Code: 1233 1234 A B. B IF THE MODIFIED ADJUSTED GROSS THE CREDIT FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR INCOME, LESS EXEMPTIONS, FOR IS: THE TAX YEAR IS: C \$25,000 or less 20% More than \$25,000 but not more 15%	the credit under that division in the order required under	1222
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than \$50,000	than \$50,000	

E More than \$50,000 but not more	10%	
than \$75,000		
F More than \$75,000	5%	
(2) The credit shall be claimed	in the order required	1235
under section 5747.98 of the Revised (Code.	1236
(F) No claim for credit under th	ais section shall be	1237
allowed unless the claimant furnishes	such supporting	1238
information as the tax commissioner pr	rescribes by rules.	1239
Sec. 5747.11. (A) The tax commis	ssioner shall refund to	1240
employers, qualifying entities, elect	ing pass-through entities,	1241
or taxpayers subject to a tax imposed	under section 5733.41,	1242
5747.02, 5747.38, or 5747.41, or Chapt	ter 5748. of the Revised	1243
Code amounts that were overpaid, paid	illegally or erroneously,	1244
or paid on an illegal or erroneous as:	sessment.	1245
(B)(1) Except as otherwise provi	ded under divisions (D)	1246
and (E) of this section, applications	for refund shall be filed	1247
with the tax commissioner, on the form	m prescribed by the	1248
commissioner, within four years from	the date of the illegal,	1249
erroneous, or excessive payment, or w	ithin any additional period	1250
allowed by division $\frac{(B)(3)(b)}{(B)(4)(B)}$	o) of section 5747.05,	1251
division (E) of section 5747.10, divis	sion (A) of section	1252
5747.13, or division (C) of section 5	747.45 of the Revised Code.	1253
On filing of the refund applicat	cion, the commissioner	1254
shall determine the amount of refund of	due and, if that amount	1255
exceeds one dollar, certify such amoun	nt to the director of	1256
budget and management and treasurer of	f state for payment from	1257
the tax refund fund created by section	n 5703.052 of the Revised	1258
Code. Payment shall be made as provide	ed in division (C) of	1259

section 126.35 of the Revised Code.

(2) If an individual taxpayer is deceased, a refund may be 1261 issued in the name of the decedent and of the executor, 1262 administrator, or other person charged with the decedent's 1263 property, upon the request of that person. Such a request shall 1264 include any documentation, including a copy of the taxpayer's 1265 death certificate and any fiduciary or court documents, that the 1266 tax commissioner considers necessary to prove that the person 1267 making the request is qualified to receive the refund. If the 1268 request is for a refund that was previously issued in only the 1269 decedent's name, the person making the request must also provide 1270 the previously issued payment to the commissioner. 1271

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(C)(1) Interest shall be allowed and paid at the rate per 1272 annum prescribed by section 5703.47 of the Revised Code on 1273 amounts refunded with respect to the tax imposed under section 1274 5747.02 or Chapter 5748. of the Revised Code from the date of 1275 the overpayment until the date of the refund of the overpayment, 1276 except that if any overpayment is refunded within ninety days 1277 after the final filing date of the annual return or ninety days 1278 after the return is filed, whichever is later, no interest shall 1279 be allowed on such overpayment. If the overpayment results from 1280 the carryback of a net operating loss or net capital loss to a 1281 previous taxable year, the overpayment is deemed not to have 1282 been made prior to the filing date, including any extension 1283 thereof, for the taxable year in which the net operating loss or 1284 net capital loss arises. For purposes of the payment of interest 1285 on overpayments, no amount of tax, for any taxable year, shall 1286 be treated as having been paid before the date on which the tax 1287 return for that year was due without regard to any extension of 1288 1289 time for filing such return.

(2) Interest shall be allowed at the rate per annum	1290
prescribed by section 5703.47 of the Revised Code on amounts	1291
refunded with respect to the taxes imposed under sections	1292
5733.41 and 5747.41 or under section 5747.38 of the Revised	1293
Code. The interest shall run from whichever of the following	1294
days is the latest until the day the refund is paid: the day the	1295
illegal, erroneous, or excessive payment was made; the ninetieth	1296
day after the final day the annual report was required to be	1297
filed under section 5747.42 of the Revised Code; or the	1298
ninetieth day after the day that report was filed.	1299
(D) "Ninety days" shall be substituted for "four years" in	1300
division (B) of this section if the taxpayer satisfies both of	1301
the following conditions:	1302
(1) The taxpayer has applied for a refund based in whole	1303
	1304
of the part apon occurrence of the neverted code,	2001
(2) The taxpayer asserts that either the imposition or	1305
collection of the tax imposed or charged by this chapter or any	1306
portion of such tax violates the Constitution of the United	1307
States or the Constitution of Ohio.	1308
(E)(1) Division (E)(2) of this section applies only if all	1309
5733.41 and 5747.41 or under section 5747.38 of the Revised Code. The interest shall run from whichever of the following days is the latest until the day the refund is paid: the day the illegal, erroneous, or excessive payment was made; the ninetieth day after the final day the annual report was required to be filed under section 5747.42 of the Revised Code; or the ninetieth day after the day that report was filed. (D) "Ninety days" shall be substituted for "four years" in division (B) of this section if the taxpayer satisfies both of the following conditions: (1) The taxpayer has applied for a refund based in whole or in part upon section 5747.059 of the Revised Code; (2) The taxpayer asserts that either the imposition or collection of the tax imposed or charged by this chapter or any portion of such tax violates the Constitution of the United States or the Constitution of Ohio.	1310
(a) A qualifying entity pays an amount of the tax imposed	1311
by section 5733.41 or 5747.41 of the Revised Code;	1312
	1212
	1313
qualifying entity;	1314
(c) The taxpayer did not claim the credit provided for in	1315
section 5747.059 of the Revised Code as to the tax described in	1316
division (E)(1)(a) of this section;	1317

(d) The four-year period described in division (B) of this	1318
section has ended as to the taxable year for which the taxpayer	1319
otherwise would have claimed that credit.	1320

(2) A taxpayer shall file an application for refund 1321 pursuant to division (E) of this section within one year after 1322 the date the payment described in division (E)(1)(a) of this 1323 section is made. An application filed under division (E)(2) of 1324 this section shall claim refund only of overpayments resulting 1325 from the taxpayer's failure to claim the credit described in 1326 division (E)(1)(c) of this section. Nothing in division (E) of 1327 this section shall be construed to relieve a taxpayer from 1328 complying with division (A)(15) of section 5747.01 of the 1329 Revised Code. 1330

Sec. 5747.13. (A) If any employer collects the tax imposed 1331 by section 5747.02 or under Chapter 5748. of the Revised Code 1332 and fails to remit the tax as required by law, or fails to 1333 collect the tax, the employer is personally liable for any 1334 amount collected that the employer fails to remit, or any amount 1335 that the employer fails to collect. If any taxpayer fails to 1336 file a return or fails to pay the tax imposed by section 5747.02 1337 or under Chapter 5748. of the Revised Code, the taxpayer is 1338 personally liable for the amount of the tax. 1339

If any employer, taxpayer, qualifying entity, or electing 1340 pass-through entity required to file a return under this chapter 1341 fails to file the return within the time prescribed, files an 1342 incorrect return, fails to remit the full amount of the taxes 1343 due for the period covered by the return, or fails to remit any 1344 additional tax due as a result of a reduction in the amount of 1345 the credit allowed under division (B) of section 5747.05 of the 1346 Revised Code together with interest on the additional tax within 1347

the time prescribed by that division, the tax commissioner may	1348
make an assessment against any person liable for any deficiency	1349
for the period for which the return is or taxes are due, based	1350
upon any information in the commissioner's possession.	1351

An assessment issued against either the employer or the 1352 taxpayer pursuant to this section shall not be considered an 1353 election of remedies or a bar to an assessment against the other 1354 for failure to report or pay the same tax. No assessment shall 1355 be issued against any person if the tax actually has been paid 1356 by another.

No assessment shall be made or issued against an employer, 1358 a taxpayer, a qualifying entity, or an electing pass-through 1359 entity more than four years after the final date the return 1360 subject to assessment was required to be filed or the date the 1361 return was filed, whichever is later. However, the commissioner 1362 may assess any balance due as the result of a reduction in the 1363 credit allowed under division (B) of section 5747.05 of the 1364 Revised Code, including applicable penalty and interest, within 1365 four years of the date on which the taxpayer reports a change in 1366 either the portion of the taxpayer's adjusted gross income 1367 subjected to an income tax or tax measured by income in another 1368 state or the District of Columbia, or the amount of liability 1369 for an income tax or tax measured by income to another state or 1370 the District of Columbia, as required by division $\frac{(B)(3)-(B)(4)}{(B)(B)(B)}$ 1371 of section 5747.05 of the Revised Code. Such time limits may be 1372 extended if both the employer, taxpayer, qualifying entity, or 1373 electing pass-through entity and the commissioner consent in 1374 writing to the extension or if an agreement waiving or extending 1375 the time limits has been entered into pursuant to section 1376 122.171 of the Revised Code. Any such extension shall extend the 1377 four-year time limit in division (B) of section 5747.11 of the 1378

Revised Code for the same period of time. There shall be no bar	1379
or limit to an assessment against an employer for taxes withheld	1380
from employees and not remitted to the state, against an	1381
employer, a taxpayer, a qualifying entity, or an electing pass-	1382
through entity that fails to file a return subject to assessment	1383
as required by this chapter, or against an employer, a taxpayer,	1384
a qualifying entity, or an electing pass-through entity that	1385
files a fraudulent return.	1386

The commissioner shall give the party assessed written 1387 notice of the assessment in the manner provided in section 1388 5703.37 of the Revised Code. With the notice, the commissioner 1389 shall provide instructions on how to petition for reassessment 1390 and request a hearing on the petition. 1391

- (B) Unless the party assessed files with the tax 1392 commissioner within sixty days after service of the notice of 1393 assessment, either personally or by certified mail, a written 1394 petition for reassessment, signed by the party assessed or that 1395 party's authorized agent having knowledge of the facts, the 1396 assessment becomes final, and the amount of the assessment is 1397 due and payable from the party assessed to the commissioner with 1398 remittance made payable to the treasurer of state. The petition 1399 1400 shall indicate the objections of the party assessed, but additional objections may be raised in writing if received by 1401 the commissioner prior to the date shown on the final 1402 determination. If the petition has been properly filed, the 1403 commissioner shall proceed under section 5703.60 of the Revised 1404 Code. 1405
- (C) After an assessment becomes final, if any portion of 1406 the assessment remains unpaid, including accrued interest, a 1407 certified copy of the tax commissioner's entry making the 1408

assessment final may be filed in the office of the clerk of the	1409
court of common pleas in the county in which the employer's,	1410
taxpayer's, qualifying entity's, or electing pass-through	1411
entity's place of business is located or the county in which the	1412
party assessed resides. If the party assessed is not a resident	1413
of this state, the certified copy of the entry may be filed in	1414
the office of the clerk of the court of common pleas of Franklin	1415
county.	1416

Immediately upon the filing of the entry, the clerk shall 1417 enter a judgment against the party assessed in the amount shown 1418 on the entry. The judgment shall be filed by the clerk in one of 1419 two loose-leaf books, one entitled "special judgments for state 1420 and school district income taxes," and the other entitled 1421 "special judgments for qualifying entity and electing pass-1422 through entity taxes." The judgment shall have the same effect 1423 as other judgments. Execution shall issue upon the judgment upon 1424 the request of the tax commissioner, and all laws applicable to 1425 sales on execution shall apply to sales made under the judgment. 1426

If the assessment is not paid in its entirety within sixty 1427 days after the assessment was issued, the portion of the 1428 assessment consisting of tax due shall bear interest at the rate 1429 per annum prescribed by section 5703.47 of the Revised Code from 1430 the day the tax commissioner issues the assessment until it is 1431 paid or until it is certified to the attorney general for 1432 collection under section 131.02 of the Revised Code, whichever 1433 comes first. If the unpaid portion of the assessment is 1434 certified to the attorney general for collection, the entire 1435 unpaid portion of the assessment shall bear interest at the rate 1436 per annum prescribed by section 5703.47 of the Revised Code from 1437 the date of certification until the date it is paid in its 1438 entirety. Interest shall be paid in the same manner as the tax 1439

and may be collected by the issuance of an assessment under this	1440
section.	1441
(D) All money collected under this section shall be	1442
considered as revenue arising from the taxes imposed by this	1443
chapter or Chapter 5733. or 5748. of the Revised Code, as	1444
appropriate.	1445
(E) If the party assessed files a petition for	1446
reassessment under division (B) of this section, the person, on	1447
or before the last day the petition may be filed, shall pay the	1448
assessed amount, including assessed interest and assessed	1449
penalties, if any of the following conditions exists:	1450
(1) The person files a tax return reporting Ohio adjusted	1451
gross income, less the exemptions allowed by section 5747.025 of	1452
the Revised Code, in an amount less than one cent, and the	1453
reported amount is not based on the computations required under	1454
division (A) of section 5747.01 or section 5747.025 of the	1455
Revised Code.	1456
(2) The person files a tax return that the tax	1457
commissioner determines to be incomplete, false, fraudulent, or	1458
frivolous.	1459
(3) The person fails to file a tax return, and the basis	1460
for this failure is not either of the following:	1461
(a) An assertion that the person has no nexus with this	1462
state;	1463
(b) The computations required under division (A) of	1464
section 5747.01 of the Revised Code or the application of	1465
credits allowed under this chapter has the result that the	1466
person's tax liability is less than one dollar and one cent.	1467

(F) Notwithstanding the fact that a petition for	1468
reassessment is pending, the petitioner may pay all or a portion	1469
of the assessment that is the subject of the petition. The	1470
acceptance of a payment by the treasurer of state does not	1471
prejudice any claim for refund upon final determination of the	1472
petition.	1473
If upon final determination of the petition an error in	1474
the assessment is corrected by the tax commissioner, upon	1475
petition so filed or pursuant to a decision of the board of tax	1476
appeals or any court to which the determination or decision has	1477
been appealed, so that the amount due from the party assessed	1478
under the corrected assessment is less than the portion paid,	1479
there shall be issued to the petitioner or to the petitioner's	1480
assigns or legal representative a refund in the amount of the	1481
overpayment as provided by section 5747.11 of the Revised Code,	1482
with interest on that amount as provided by such section,	1483
subject to section 5747.12 of the Revised Code.	1484
Section 2. That existing sections 5747.01, 5747.05,	1485
5747.11, and 5747.13 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	1486
Section 3. (A) Subject to division (B) of this section,	1487
the amendment by this act of sections 5747.01 and 5747.05 of the	1488
Revised Code applies to taxable years ending on or after January	1489
1, 2023.	1490
(B) A taxpayer may apply the amendment by this act of	1491
sections 5747.01 and 5747.05 of the Revised Code to taxable	1492
years ending on or after January 1, 2022, but before January 1,	1493
2023. A taxpayer applying that amendment for such a taxable year	1494
shall file an amended return, or apply that amendment on the	1495
taxpayer's original return, for that year.	1496

Section 4. Section 5747.01 of the Revised Code is	1497
presented in this act as a composite of the section as amended	1498
by H.B. 45, H.B. 110, H.B. 150, H.B. 515, S.B. 33, and S.B. 246,	1499
all of the 134th General Assembly. The General Assembly,	1500
applying the principle stated in division (B) of section 1.52 of	1501
the Revised Code that amendments are to be harmonized if	1502
reasonably capable of simultaneous operation, finds that the	1503
composite is the resulting version of the section in effect	1504
prior to the effective date of the section as presented in this	1505
act.	1506