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Sub. H. B. No. 503

Representatives Peterson, Jones

Cosponsors: Representatives Miller, J., Abrams, Brennan, Carruthers, Claggett, Cutrona, Dobos, Fowler Arthur, Gross, Hall, Isaacsohn, Jarrells, King, Klopfenstein, LaRe, Lorenz, Mathews, Miller, K., Mohamed, Patton, Richardson, Robb Blasdel, Santucci, Seitz, Stewart, Swearingen, Thomas, C., Willis

Senator Schaffer

A BILL

To amend sections 901.43, 926.01, 942.01, 942.02, 1
943.23, 943.26, 1531.01, 1533.01, 1533.731, 2
1533.99, and 4745.01; to amend, for the purpose 3
of adopting a new section number as indicated in 4
parentheses, section 942.13 (942.05); to enact 5
new sections 942.03 and 942.04 and sections 6
1533.75 and 1533.751; and to repeal sections 7
926.011, 942.03, 942.04, 942.05, 942.06, 942.07, 8
942.10, 942.11, 942.12, and 942.99 of the 9
Revised Code to prohibit certain activities 10
regarding garbage-fed swine, feral swine, and 11
wild boar and to revise a definition in the 12
Agricultural Commodity Handlers Law. 13

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 901.43, 926.01, 942.01, 942.02, 14
943.23, 943.26, 1531.01, 1533.01, 1533.731, 1533.99, and 4745.01 15

be amended; section 942.13 (942.05) be amended for the purpose 16
of adopting a new section number as indicated in parentheses; 17
and new sections 942.03 and 942.04 and sections 1533.75 and 18
1533.751 of the Revised Code be enacted to read as follows: 19

Sec. 901.43. (A) The director of agriculture may authorize 20
any department of agriculture laboratory to perform a laboratory 21
service for any person, organization, political subdivision, 22
state agency, federal agency, or other entity, whether public or 23
private. The director shall adopt and enforce rules to provide 24
for the rendering of a laboratory service. 25

(B) The director may charge a reasonable fee for the 26
performance of a laboratory service, except when the service is 27
performed on an official sample taken by the director acting 28
pursuant to Title IX, Chapter 3715., or Chapter 3717. of the 29
Revised Code; by a board of health acting as the licensor of 30
retail food establishments or food service operations under 31
Chapter 3717. of the Revised Code; or by the director of health 32
acting as the licensor of food service operations under Chapter 33
3717. of the Revised Code. The director of agriculture shall 34
adopt rules specifying what constitutes an official sample. 35

The director shall publish a list of laboratory services 36
offered, together with the fee for each service. 37

(C) The director may enter into a contract with any 38
person, organization, political subdivision, state agency, 39
federal agency, or other entity for the provision of a 40
laboratory service. 41

(D) (1) The director may adopt rules establishing standards 42
for accreditation of laboratories and laboratory services and in 43
doing so may adopt by reference existing or recognized standards 44

or practices. 45

(2) The director may inspect and accredit laboratories and 46
laboratory services, and may charge a reasonable fee for the 47
inspections and accreditation. 48

(E) (1) There is hereby created in the state treasury the 49
animal and consumer protection laboratory fund. Moneys from the 50
following sources shall be deposited into the state treasury to 51
the credit of the fund: all moneys collected by the director 52
under this section that are from fees generated by a laboratory 53
service performed by the department and related to the diseases 54
of animals, all moneys so collected that are from fees generated 55
for the inspection and accreditation of laboratories and 56
laboratory services related to the diseases of animals, all 57
moneys collected by the director under this section that are 58
from fees generated by a laboratory service performed by the 59
consumer protection laboratory, all moneys so collected that are 60
from fees generated for the inspection and accreditation of 61
laboratories and laboratory services not related to weights and 62
measures, money received by the director under sections 947.01 63
to 947.06 of the Revised Code, and all moneys collected under 64
Chapters ~~942.7~~, 943.7 and 953. of the Revised Code. The director 65
may use the moneys held in the fund to pay the expenses 66
necessary to operate the animal industry laboratory and the 67
consumer protection laboratory, including the purchase of 68
supplies and equipment. 69

(2) All moneys collected by the director under this 70
section that are from fees generated by a laboratory service 71
performed by the weights and measures laboratory, and all moneys 72
so collected that are from fees generated for the inspection and 73
accreditation of laboratories and laboratory services related to 74

weights and measures, shall be deposited in the state treasury 75
to the credit of the weights and measures laboratory fund, which 76
is hereby created in the state treasury. The moneys held in the 77
fund may be used to pay the expenses necessary to operate the 78
division of weights and measures, including the purchase of 79
supplies and equipment. 80

Sec. 926.01. As used in this chapter: 81

(A) "Agricultural commodity" means corn, soybeans, wheat, 82
or any other agricultural crop that the director of agriculture 83
may designate by rule. "Agricultural commodity" does not mean 84
any grain that is purchased for sale as seed. 85

(B) "Agricultural commodity handling" or "handling" means 86
any of the following: 87

(1) Engaging in or participating in the business of 88
purchasing from producers agricultural commodities for any use 89
in excess of thirty thousand bushels annually; 90

(2) Operating a warehouse as a bailee for the receiving, 91
storing, shipping, or conditioning of an agricultural commodity; 92

(3) Receiving into a warehouse an agricultural commodity 93
purchased under a delayed price agreement; 94

(4) Providing marketing functions, including storage, 95
delayed price marketing, deferred payment, feed agreements, or 96
any other marketing transaction whereby control is exerted over 97
the monetary proceeds of a producer's agricultural commodities 98
by a person other than the producer. 99

(C) "Agricultural commodity handler" or "handler" means 100
any person who is engaged in the business of agricultural 101
commodity handling. 102

(D) "Depositor" means:	103
(1) Any person who delivers an agricultural commodity to a licensed handler for storage, conditioning, shipment, or sale;	104 105
(2) Any owner or legal holder of a ticket or receipt issued for an agricultural commodity who is a creditor of the licensed handler for the value of the agricultural commodity;	106 107 108
(3) Any licensed handler storing an agricultural commodity that the licensed handler owns solely, jointly, or in common with others in a warehouse owned or controlled by the licensed handler or any other licensed handler.	109 110 111 112
(E) "Receipt" means a warehouse receipt issued by a licensed handler.	113 114
(F) "Nonnegotiable receipt" means a receipt on which it is stated that the agricultural commodity received will be delivered to the depositor or to the order of any other person named in the receipt.	115 116 117 118
(G) "Negotiable receipt" means a receipt on which it is stated that the agricultural commodity received will be delivered to the bearer or to the order of any person named in the receipt.	119 120 121 122
(H) "Ticket" means a scale weight ticket, a load slip, or any evidence, other than a receipt, given to a depositor by a licensed handler upon delivery of an agricultural commodity to the handler.	123 124 125 126
(I) "Warehouse" means any building, bin, protected enclosure, or similar premises under the control of a licensed or unlicensed handler used for receiving, storing, shipping, or handling an agricultural commodity.	127 128 129 130

(J) "Storage" means the deposit of an agricultural commodity into a warehouse either for the account of the licensed handler operating the warehouse or for the account of a depositor. <u>"Storage" includes unapplied and hold grain tickets.</u>	131 132 133 134
(K) "Producer" means any person who grows an agricultural commodity on land that the person owns or leases.	135 136
(L) "Agent" means any person, other than a producer, who delivers an agricultural commodity to a licensed handler, either for sale or for storage, for the account of the producer.	137 138 139
(M) "Agricultural commodity tester" or "tester" means a person who operates a moisture meter and other quality testing devices to determine the quality of an agricultural commodity.	140 141 142
(N) "Federally licensed grain inspector" means a person who is licensed by the United States department of agriculture under the "United States Grain Standards Act," 39 Stat. 482 (1916), 7 U.S.C. 71, as amended, to test and grade grain, as "grain" is defined in that act.	143 144 145 146 147
(O) "Bailee" means a person to whom an agricultural commodity is delivered in trust for storage in a warehouse with title remaining in the name of the depositor.	148 149 150
(P) "Bailor" means a person who delivers an agricultural commodity to a bailee in trust for storage in a warehouse with title remaining in the name of the depositor.	151 152 153
(Q) "Bailment agreement" means a bailor-bailee agreement between a depositor and a licensed handler as stated in the terms of a receipt that is issued for an agricultural commodity in storage and subject to the requirements of this chapter governing the use of a receipt.	154 155 156 157 158

(R) "Delayed price agreement" means a written executory contract executed by and between a licensed handler and a depositor that covers the sale and transfer of title of an agricultural commodity and states in its written terms the service charges and the method for pricing the commodity at a later date.

(S) "Delayed price marketing" means the sale and transfer of title of an agricultural commodity with the price to be established at a later date according to the terms of a delayed price agreement.

(T) "Deferred payment" means the deferral of payment to a depositor by a licensed handler for an agricultural commodity to which the licensed handler has taken title, for the purpose of deferring income of the depositor from one tax year to another.

(U) "Feed agreement" means a written contract executed by and between a licensed handler and a producer or depositor who delivers an agricultural commodity to the licensed handler for storage whereby each of the following applies:

(1) The producer or depositor transfers title to the agricultural commodity to the licensed handler in exchange for a nominal sum;

(2) The producer, upon delivery of the agricultural commodity to the licensed handler, becomes a creditor of the licensed handler due to the lien that arises under section 926.021 of the Revised Code;

(3) All or part of the agricultural commodity is returned to the producer at a later date and used for feed purposes.

(V) Notwithstanding section 1.02 of the Revised Code, "and" shall not be read "or" and "or" shall not be read "and."

(W) "Grain bank" means the storage of an agricultural commodity under a bailment agreement with the commodity normally returned to the bailor at a later date as an ingredient of a processed feed. "Grain bank" as defined in this division has the same meaning for purposes of agricultural commodity transactions. 188
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(X) "Regular price bid" means the current basis bid or cash price of a handler licensed under this chapter. 194
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Sec. 942.01. As used in sections 942.01 to ~~942.13~~ 942.05 of the Revised Code: 196
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~~(A) "Conveyance" means a vehicle, trailer, or compartment that is used to transport raw rendering material.~~ 198
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~~(B)~~ "Garbage" means all waste material derived in whole or in part from the meat of any animal, including fish and poultry, or other animal material, and other refuse of any character that has been associated with such waste material resulting from the handling, preparation, cooking, or consumption of food. 200
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~~(C)~~ (B) "Person" means any individual, corporation, partnership, association, society, company, firm, or other legal entity. 205
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~~(D)~~ (C) "Raw rendering material" has the same meaning as in section 953.21 of the Revised Code. 208
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~~(E)~~ (D) "Treated garbage" means any edible garbage for consumption by swine that has been heated at boiling point while being agitated, except in steam cooking equipment, to ensure that the garbage is heated throughout for thirty minutes ~~under the supervision of a person licensed pursuant to section 942.02 of the Revised Code.~~ 210
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Sec. 942.02. (A) No person shall feed on the person's 216
premises, or permit the feeding of, garbage or treated garbage 217
to swine ~~without a license to do so issued by the department of~~ 218
~~agriculture.~~ 219

~~(B) An application for a license to feed treated garbage~~ 220
~~shall be made in writing on a form prescribed by the director of~~ 221
~~agriculture~~No person shall bring into this state a swine that 222
has been fed garbage or treated garbage. 223

~~(C) A license shall be renewed before the thirty first day~~ 224
~~of December of each year, and an application for renewal shall~~ 225
~~be filed before the thirtieth day of November of each year.~~ 226

~~(D) The fee for the license shall be one hundred dollars~~ 227
~~per annum. A late fee of fifty dollars shall be paid for each~~ 228
~~application that is received after the thirtieth day of November~~ 229
~~each year.~~ 230

~~(E) All money collected under this section shall be~~ 231
~~credited to the animal and consumer protection laboratory fund~~ 232
~~created in section 901.43 of the Revised Code.~~ 233

Sec. 942.03. (A) Upon receipt of a complaint or on the 234
director of agriculture's own initiative, the director may 235
investigate violations of section 942.02 of the Revised Code and 236
make inquiries into any alleged violations as are necessary to 237
secure compliance with this chapter and orders issued under it. 238

(B) With the consent of the owner of a premises, lessee of 239
a premises, or the owner, keeper, or harbinger of a swine that is 240
kept or harbored on a premises, the director or the director's 241
authorized representative may enter at all reasonable times on 242
any premises where swine are kept or harbored for the purpose of 243
determining compliance with section 942.02 of the Revised Code. 244

If the director or the director's authorized representative is 245
denied access to the premises and suspects that section 942.02 246
of the Revised Code is not being complied with, the director may 247
apply for a search warrant authorizing access from a court of 248
competent jurisdiction. The court shall issue the search warrant 249
if there is probable cause. Probable cause may be based on 250
hearsay, provided that there is substantial basis for believing 251
the source is credible and there is factual basis for the 252
information. 253

(C) Upon entering a premises in accordance with division 254
(B) of this section, the director or the director's authorized 255
representative shall observe biosecurity measures in order to 256
prevent spreading disease and infecting livestock. 257

Sec. 942.04. (A) The director of agriculture may assess a 258
civil penalty against a person that violates section 942.02 of 259
the Revised Code. The director may assess a civil penalty only 260
if the director affords the person an opportunity for an 261
adjudication hearing under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code. The 262
person may waive the right to an adjudication hearing. 263

(B) If the opportunity for an adjudication hearing is 264
waived or if, after an adjudication hearing, the director 265
determines that a violation has occurred or is occurring, the 266
director may issue an order requiring compliance with section 267
942.02 of the Revised Code and assess the civil penalty. The 268
order and assessment of the civil penalty may be appealed in 269
accordance with section 119.12 of the Revised Code. 270

(C) The director may assess a civil penalty for a 271
violation of section 942.02 of the Revised Code in the following 272
amounts: 273

<u>(1) For a first violation, not more than five hundred</u>	274
<u>dollars;</u>	275
<u>(2) For each subsequent violation, not more than one</u>	276
<u>thousand dollars.</u>	277
<u>(D) Money collected under division (C) of this section</u>	278
<u>shall be credited to the animal and consumer protection fund</u>	279
<u>created in section 943.26 of the Revised Code.</u>	280
Sec. 942.13 942.05. This chapter does not apply to either	281
of the following:	282
(A) An individual who feeds garbage from the individual's	283
household to the individual's own animals or an individual who	284
only feeds bakery waste, candy waste, eggs, vegetables, or dairy	285
products to swine;	286
(B) Rendered products. As used in this division, "rendered	287
product" means raw rendering material that has been ground and	288
heated to a minimum temperature of two hundred thirty degrees	289
Fahrenheit to make products such as animal, poultry, or fish	290
protein, grease, or tallow.	291
Sec. 943.23. (A) A captive whitetail deer licensee shall	292
comply with the requirements established in sections 943.20 to	293
943.26 of the Revised Code and in rules. The director of	294
agriculture may suspend or revoke a license issued under section	295
943.03 or 943.031 of the Revised Code regarding monitored	296
captive deer, captive deer with status, or captive deer with	297
certified chronic wasting disease status if the licensee fails	298
to comply with those requirements.	299
(B) (1) The director, after providing an opportunity for an	300
adjudication hearing under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, may	301
assess a civil penalty against a person who has violated or is	302

in violation of section 943.20 of the Revised Code. If the 303
director assesses a civil penalty, the director shall do so as 304
follows: 305

(a) If, within five years of the violation, the director 306
has not previously assessed a civil penalty against the person 307
under this section, in an amount not exceeding five hundred 308
dollars; 309

(b) If, within five years of the violation, the director 310
has previously assessed one civil penalty against the person 311
under this section, in an amount not exceeding two thousand five 312
hundred dollars; 313

(c) If, within five years of the violation, the director 314
has previously assessed two or more civil penalties against the 315
person under this section, in an amount not exceeding ten 316
thousand dollars. 317

(2) Money collected under division (B) (1) of this section 318
shall be deposited in the state treasury to the credit of the 319
~~captive deer animal and consumer protection~~ fund created in 320
section 943.26 of the Revised Code. 321

Sec. 943.26. Notwithstanding section 943.04 of the Revised 322
Code, all money collected through the issuance of licenses to 323
captive whitetail deer licensees under this chapter and all 324
money collected under section 942.04 of the Revised Code shall 325
be credited to the ~~captive deer animal and consumer protection~~ 326
fund, which is hereby created in the state treasury. The 327
director of agriculture shall use money in the fund to 328
administer Chapter 942. and sections 943.20 to 943.26 of the 329
Revised Code and rules. 330

Sec. 1531.01. As used in this chapter and Chapter 1533. of 331

the Revised Code:	332
(A) "Person" means a person as defined in section 1.59 of	333
the Revised Code or a company; an employee, agent, or officer of	334
such a person or company; a combination of individuals; the	335
state; a political subdivision of the state; an interstate body	336
created by a compact; or the federal government or a department,	337
agency, or instrumentality of it.	338
(B) "Resident" means either of the following:	339
(1) An individual who has resided in this state for not	340
less than six months preceding the date of making application	341
for a license or permit;	342
(2) An individual who is a full-time student enrolled in	343
an accredited Ohio public or private college or university and	344
who resides in this state at the time the individual makes	345
application for a license or permit and who attests to the	346
individual's full-time student status in a manner determined by	347
the chief of the division of wildlife.	348
(C) "Nonresident" means any individual who does not	349
qualify as a resident.	350
(D) "Division rule" or "rule" means any rule adopted by	351
the chief of the division of wildlife under section 1531.10 of	352
the Revised Code unless the context indicates otherwise.	353
(E) "Closed season" means that period of time during which	354
the taking of wild animals protected by this chapter and Chapter	355
1533. of the Revised Code is prohibited.	356
(F) "Open season" means that period of time during which	357
the taking of wild animals protected by this chapter and Chapter	358
1533. of the Revised Code is permitted.	359

(G) "Take or taking" includes pursuing, shooting, hunting, 360
killing, trapping, angling, fishing with a trotline, or netting 361
any clam, mussel, crayfish, aquatic insect, fish, frog, turtle, 362
wild bird, or wild quadruped, and any lesser act, such as 363
wounding, or placing, setting, drawing, or using any other 364
device for killing or capturing any wild animal, whether it 365
results in killing or capturing the animal or not. "Take or 366
taking" includes every attempt to kill or capture and every act 367
of assistance to any other person in killing or capturing or 368
attempting to kill or capture a wild animal. 369

(H) "Possession" means both actual and constructive 370
possession and any control of things referred to. 371

(I) "Bag limit" means the number, measurement, or weight 372
of any kind of crayfish, aquatic insects, fish, frogs, turtles, 373
wild birds, and wild quadrupeds permitted to be taken. 374

(J) "Transport and transportation" means carrying or 375
moving or causing to be carried or moved. 376

(K) "Sell and sale" means barter, exchange, or offer or 377
expose for sale. 378

(L) "Whole to include part" means that every provision 379
relating to any wild animal protected by this chapter and 380
Chapter 1533. of the Revised Code applies to any part of the 381
wild animal with the same effect as it applies to the whole. 382

(M) "Angling" means fishing with not more than two hand 383
lines, not more than two units of rod and line, or a combination 384
of not more than one hand line and one rod and line, either in 385
hand or under control at any time while fishing. The hand line 386
or rod and line shall have attached to it not more than three 387
baited hooks, not more than three artificial fly rod lures, or 388

one artificial bait casting lure equipped with not more than	389
three sets of three hooks each.	390
(N) "Trotline" means a device for catching fish that	391
consists of a line having suspended from it, at frequent	392
intervals, vertical lines with hooks attached.	393
(O) "Fish" means a cold-blooded vertebrate having fins.	394
(P) "Measurement of fish" means length from the end of the	395
nose to the longest tip or end of the tail.	396
(Q) "Wild birds" includes game birds and nongame birds.	397
(R) "Game" includes game birds, game quadrupeds, and fur-	398
bearing animals.	399
(S) "Game birds" includes mourning doves, ringneck	400
pheasants, bobwhite quail, ruffed grouse, sharp-tailed grouse,	401
pinnated grouse, wild turkey, Hungarian partridge, Chukar	402
partridge, woodcocks, black-breasted plover, golden plover,	403
Wilson's snipe or jacksnipe, greater and lesser yellowlegs,	404
rail, coots, gallinules, duck, geese, brant, and crows.	405
(T) "Nongame birds" includes all other wild birds not	406
included and defined as game birds or migratory game birds.	407
(U) "Wild quadrupeds" includes game quadrupeds and , <u>fur-</u>	408
<u>bearing animals, and wild boar or feral swine.</u>	409
(V) "Game quadrupeds" includes cottontail rabbits, gray	410
squirrels, black squirrels, fox squirrels, red squirrels, flying	411
squirrels, chipmunks, groundhogs or woodchucks, white-tailed	412
deer, wild boar, elk, and black bears.	413
(W) "Fur-bearing animals" includes minks, weasels,	414
raccoons, skunks, opossums, muskrats, fox, beavers, badgers,	415

otters, coyotes, and bobcats.	416
(X) "Wild animals" includes mollusks, crustaceans, aquatic	417
insects, fish, reptiles, amphibians, wild birds, wild	418
quadrupeds, and all other wild mammals, but does not include	419
domestic deer.	420
(Y) "Hunting" means pursuing, shooting, killing, following	421
after or on the trail of, lying in wait for, shooting at, or	422
wounding wild birds or wild quadrupeds while employing any	423
device commonly used to kill or wound wild birds or wild	424
quadrupeds whether or not the acts result in killing or	425
wounding. "Hunting" includes every attempt to kill or wound and	426
every act of assistance to any other person in killing or	427
wounding or attempting to kill or wound wild birds or wild	428
quadrupeds.	429
(Z) "Trapping" means securing or attempting to secure	430
possession of a wild bird or wild quadruped by means of setting,	431
placing, drawing, or using any device that is designed to close	432
upon, hold fast, confine, or otherwise capture a wild bird or	433
wild quadruped whether or not the means results in capture.	434
"Trapping" includes every act of assistance to any other person	435
in capturing wild birds or wild quadrupeds by means of the	436
device whether or not the means results in capture.	437
(AA) "Muskrat spear" means any device used in spearing	438
muskrats.	439
(BB) "Channels and passages" means those narrow bodies of	440
water lying between islands or between an island and the	441
mainland in Lake Erie.	442
(CC) "Island" means a rock or land elevation above the	443
waters of Lake Erie having an area of five or more acres above	444

water. 445

(DD) "Reef" means an elevation of rock, either broken or 446
in place, or gravel shown by the latest United States chart to 447
be above the common level of the surrounding bottom of the lake, 448
other than the rock bottom, or in place forming the base or 449
foundation rock of an island or mainland and sloping from the 450
shore of it. "Reef" also means all elevations shown by that 451
chart to be above the common level of the sloping base or 452
foundation rock of an island or mainland, whether running from 453
the shore of an island or parallel with the contour of the shore 454
of an island or in any other way and whether formed by rock, 455
broken or in place, or from gravel. 456

(EE) "Fur farm" means any area used exclusively for 457
raising fur-bearing animals or in addition thereto used for 458
hunting game, the boundaries of which are plainly marked as 459
such. 460

(FF) "Waters" includes any lake, pond, reservoir, stream, 461
channel, lagoon, or other body of water, or any part thereof, 462
whether natural or artificial. 463

(GG) "Crib" or "car" refers to that particular compartment 464
of the net from which the fish are taken when the net is lifted. 465

(HH) "Commercial fish" means those species of fish 466
permitted to be taken, possessed, bought, or sold unless 467
otherwise restricted by the Revised Code or division rule and 468
are alewife (*Alosa pseudoharengus*), American eel (*Anguilla* 469
rostrata), bowfin (*Amia calva*), burbot (*Lota lota*), carp 470
(*Cyprinus carpio*), smallmouth buffalo (*Ictiobus bubalus*), 471
bigmouth buffalo (*Ictiobus cyprinellus*), black bullhead 472
(*Ictalurus melas*), yellow bullhead (*Ictalurus natalis*), brown 473

bullhead (*Ictalurus nebulosus*), channel catfish (*Ictalurus punctatus*), flathead catfish (*Pylodictis olivaris*), whitefish (*Coregonus* sp.), cisco (*Coregonus* sp.), freshwater drum or sheepshead (*Aplodinotus grunniens*), gar (*Lepisosteus* sp.), gizzard shad (*Dorosoma cepedianum*), goldfish (*Carassius auratus*), lake trout (*Salvelinus namaycush*), mooneye (*Hiodon tergisus*), quillback (*Carpiodes cyprinus*), smelt (*Allosmerus elongatus*, *Hypomesus* sp., *Osmerus* sp., *Spirinchus* sp.), sturgeon (*Acipenser* sp., *Scaphirhynchus* sp.), sucker other than buffalo and quillback (*Carpiodes* sp., *Catostomus* sp., *Hypentelium* sp., *Minytrema* sp., *Moxostoma* sp.), white bass (*Morone chrysops*), white perch (*Roccus americanus*), and yellow perch (*Perca flavescens*). When the common name of a fish is used in this chapter or Chapter 1533. of the Revised Code, it refers to the fish designated by the scientific name in this definition.

(II) "Fishing" means taking or attempting to take fish by any method, and all other acts such as placing, setting, drawing, or using any device commonly used to take fish whether resulting in a taking or not.

(JJ) "Fillet" means the pieces of flesh taken or cut from both sides of a fish, joined to form one piece of flesh.

(KK) "Part fillet" means a piece of flesh taken or cut from one side of a fish.

(LL) "Round" when used in describing fish means with head and tail intact.

(MM) "Migrate" means the transit or movement of fish to or from one place to another as a result of natural forces or instinct and includes, but is not limited to, movement of fish induced or caused by changes in the water flow.

(NN) "Spreader bar" means a brail or rigid bar placed 503
across the entire width of the back, at the top and bottom of 504
the cars in all trap, crib, and fyke nets for the purpose of 505
keeping the meshes hanging squarely while the nets are fishing. 506

(OO) "Fishing guide" means any person who, for 507
consideration or hire, operates a boat, rents, leases, or 508
otherwise furnishes angling devices, ice fishing shanties or 509
shelters of any kind, or other fishing equipment, and 510
accompanies, guides, directs, or assists any other person in 511
order for the other person to engage in fishing. 512

(PP) "Net" means fishing devices with meshes composed of 513
twine or synthetic material and includes, but is not limited to, 514
trap nets, fyke nets, crib nets, carp aprons, dip nets, and 515
seines, except minnow seines and minnow dip nets. 516

(QQ) "Commercial fishing gear" means seines, trap nets, 517
fyke nets, dip nets, carp aprons, trotlines, other similar gear, 518
and any boat used in conjunction with that gear, but does not 519
include gill nets. 520

(RR) "Native wildlife" means any species of the animal 521
kingdom indigenous to this state. 522

(SS) "Gill net" means a single section of fabric or 523
netting seamed to a float line at the top and a lead line at the 524
bottom, which is designed to entangle fish in the net openings 525
as they swim into it. 526

(TT) "Tag fishing tournament" means a contest in which a 527
participant pays a fee, or gives other valuable consideration, 528
for a chance to win a prize by virtue of catching a tagged or 529
otherwise specifically marked fish within a limited period of 530
time. 531

(UU) "Tenant" means an individual who resides on land for 532
which the individual pays rent and whose annual income is 533
primarily derived from agricultural production conducted on that 534
land, as "agricultural production" is defined in section 929.01 535
of the Revised Code. 536

(VV) "Nonnative wildlife" means any wild animal not 537
indigenous to this state, but does not include domestic deer. 538

(WW) "Reptiles" includes common musk turtle (*sternotherus* 539
odoratus), common snapping turtle (*Chelydra serpentina* 540
serpentina), spotted turtle (*Clemmys guttata*), eastern box 541
turtle (*Terrapene carolina carolina*), Blanding's turtle 542
(*Emydoidea blandingii*), common map turtle (*Graptemys* 543
geographica), ouachita map turtle (*Graptemys pseudogeographica* 544
ouachitensis), midland painted turtle (*Chrysemys picta* 545
marginata), red-eared slider (*Trachemys scripta elegans*), 546
eastern spiny softshell turtle (*Apalone spinifera spinifera*), 547
midland smooth softshell turtle (*Apalone mutica mutica*), 548
northern fence lizard (*Sceloporus undulatus hyacinthinus*), 549
ground skink (*Scincella lateralis*), five-lined skink (*Eumeces* 550
fasciatus), broadhead skink (*Eumeces laticeps*), northern coal 551
skink (*Eumeces anthracinus anthracinus*), European wall lizard 552
(*Podarcis muralis*), queen snake (*Regina septemvittata*), 553
Kirtland's snake (*Clonophis kirtlandii*), northern water snake 554
(*Nerodia sipedon sipedon*), Lake Erie watersnake (*Nerodia sipedon* 555
insularum), copperbelly water snake (*Nerodia erythrogaster* 556
neglecta), northern brown snake (*Storeria dekayi dekayi*), 557
midland brown snake (*Storeria dekayi wrightorum*), northern 558
redbelly snake (*Storeria occipitomaculata occipitomaculata*), 559
eastern garter snake (*Thamnophis sirtalis sirtalis*), eastern 560
plains garter snake (*Thamnophis radix radix*), Butler's garter 561
snake (*Thamnophis butleri*), shorthead garter snake (*Thamnophis* 562

brachystoma), eastern ribbon snake (<i>Thamnophis sauritus</i>	563
<i>sauritus</i>), northern ribbon snake (<i>Thamnophis sauritus</i>	564
<i>septentrionalis</i>), eastern hognose snake (<i>Heterodon platirhinos</i>),	565
eastern smooth earth snake (<i>Virginia valeriae valeriae</i>),	566
northern ringneck snake (<i>Diadophis punctatus edwardsii</i>), midwest	567
worm snake (<i>Carphophis amoenus helenae</i>), eastern worm snake	568
(<i>Carphophis amoenus amoenus</i>), black racer (<i>Coluber constrictor</i>	569
<i>constrictor</i>), blue racer (<i>Coluber constrictor foxii</i>), rough	570
green snake (<i>Opheodrys aestivus</i>), smooth green snake (<i>Opheodrys</i>	571
<i>vernalis vernalis</i>), black rat snake (<i>Elaphe obsoleta obsoleta</i>),	572
eastern fox snake (<i>Elaphe vulpina gloydi</i>), black kingsnake	573
(<i>Lampropeltis getula nigra</i>), eastern milk snake (<i>Lampropeltis</i>	574
<i>triangulum triangulum</i>), northern copperhead (<i>Agkistrodon</i>	575
<i>contortrix mokasen</i>), eastern massasauga (<i>Sistrurus catenatus</i>	576
<i>catenatus</i>), and timber rattlesnake (<i>Crotalus horridus horridus</i>).	577
(XX) "Amphibians" includes eastern hellbender	578
(<i>Cryptobranchus alleganiensis alleganiensis</i>), mudpuppy (<i>Necturus</i>	579
<i>maculosus maculosus</i>), red-spotted newt (<i>Notophthalmus</i>	580
<i>viridescens viridescens</i>), Jefferson salamander (<i>Ambystoma</i>	581
<i>jeffersonianum</i>), spotted salamander (<i>Ambystoma maculatum</i>), blue-	582
spotted salamander (<i>Ambystoma laterale</i>), smallmouth salamander	583
(<i>Ambystoma texanum</i>), streamside salamander (<i>Ambystoma barbouri</i>),	584
marbled salamander (<i>Ambystoma opacum</i>), eastern tiger salamander	585
(<i>Ambystoma tigrinum tigrinum</i>), northern dusky salamander	586
(<i>Desmognathus fuscus fuscus</i>), mountain dusky salamander	587
(<i>Desmognathus ochrophaeus</i>), redback salamander (<i>Plethodon</i>	588
<i>cinereus</i>), ravine salamander (<i>Plethodon richmondi</i>), northern	589
slimy salamander (<i>Plethodon glutinosus</i>), Wehrle's salamander	590
(<i>Plethodon wehrlei</i>), four-toed salamander (<i>Hemidactylium</i>	591
<i>scutatum</i>), Kentucky spring salamander (<i>Gyrinophilus</i>	592
<i>porphyriticus duryi</i>), northern spring salamander (<i>Gyrinophilus</i>	593

porphyriticus porphyriticus), mud salamander (Pseudotriton	594
montanus), northern red salamander (Pseudotriton ruber ruber),	595
green salamander (Aneides aeneus), northern two-lined salamander	596
(Eurycea bislineata), longtail salamander (Eurycea longicauda	597
longicauda), cave salamander (Eurycea lucifuga), southern two-	598
lined salamander (Eurycea cirrigera), Fowler's toad (Bufo	599
woodhousii fowleri), American toad (Bufo americanus), eastern	600
spadefoot (Scaphiopus holbrookii), Blanchard's cricket frog	601
(Acris crepitans blanchardi), northern spring peeper (Pseudacris	602
crucifer crucifer), gray treefrog (Hyla versicolor), Cope's gray	603
treefrog (Hyla chrysoscelis), western chorus frog (Pseudacris	604
triseriata triseriata), mountain chorus frog (Pseudacris	605
brachyphona), bullfrog (Rana catesbeiana), green frog (Rana	606
clamitans melanota), northern leopard frog (Rana pipiens),	607
pickereel frog (Rana palustris), southern leopard frog (Rana	608
utricularia), and wood frog (Rana sylvatica).	609
(YY) "Deer" means white-tailed deer (Odocoileus	610
virginianus).	611
(ZZ) "Domestic deer" means nonnative deer that have been	612
legally acquired or their offspring and that are held in private	613
ownership for primarily agricultural purposes.	614
(AAA) "Migratory game bird" includes waterfowl (Anatidae);	615
doves (Columbidae); cranes (Gruidae); cormorants	616
(Phalacrocoracidae); rails, coots, and gallinules (Rallidae);	617
and woodcock and snipe (Scolopacidae).	618
(BBB) "Accompany" means to go along with another person	619
while staying within a distance from the person that enables	620
uninterrupted, unaided visual and auditory communication.	621
(CCC) "All-purpose vehicle" means any vehicle that is	622

designed primarily for cross-country travel on land, water, or 623
land and water and that is steered by wheels, caterpillar 624
treads, or a combination of wheels and caterpillar treads and 625
includes vehicles that operate on a cushion of air, vehicles 626
commonly known as all-terrain vehicles, all-season vehicles, 627
mini-bikes, and trail bikes. 628

(DDD) "Wholly enclosed preserve" means an area of land 629
that is surrounded by a fence that is at least six feet in 630
height, unless otherwise specified in division rule, and is 631
constructed of a woven wire mesh, or another enclosure that the 632
division of wildlife may approve, where game birds, game 633
quadrupeds, reptiles, amphibians, or fur-bearing animals are 634
raised and may be sold under the authority of a commercial 635
propagating license or captive white-tailed deer propagation 636
license obtained under section 1533.71 of the Revised Code. 637

(EEE) "Commercial bird shooting preserve" means an area of 638
land where game birds are released and hunted by shooting as 639
authorized by a commercial bird shooting preserve license 640
obtained under section 1533.72 of the Revised Code. 641

(FFF) "Wild animal hunting preserve" means an area of land 642
where game, captive white-tailed deer, and nonnative wildlife, 643
other than game birds, are released and hunted as authorized by 644
a wild animal hunting preserve license obtained under section 645
1533.721 of the Revised Code. 646

(GGG) "Captive white-tailed deer" means legally acquired 647
deer that are held in private ownership at a facility licensed 648
under section 943.03 or 943.031 of the Revised Code and under 649
section 1533.71 or 1533.721 of the Revised Code. 650

(HHH) "Wild boar" or "feral swine" means either of the 651

<u>following:</u>	652
<u>(1) Members of the family suidae, including both of the</u>	653
<u>following:</u>	654
<u>(a) Wild pig, wild hog, feral hog, and feral pig;</u>	655
<u>(b) Old world swine, razorbacks, European wild boar, and</u>	656
<u>Russian wild boar, and any hybrids or crossbreeds thereof;</u>	657
<u>(2) Members of the family tayassuidae, including collared</u>	658
<u>peccary and javelina, and any hybrids or crossbreeds of members</u>	659
<u>of the family tayassuidea.</u>	660
Sec. 1533.01. As used in this chapter, "person,"	661
"resident," "nonresident," "division rule," "rule," "closed	662
season," "open season," "take or taking," "possession," "bag	663
limit," "transport and transportation," "sell and sale," "whole	664
to include part," "angling," "trotline," "fish," "measurement of	665
fish," "wild birds," "game," "game birds," "nongame birds,"	666
"wild quadrupeds," "game quadrupeds," "fur-bearing animals,"	667
"wild animals," "hunting," "trapping," "muskrat spear,"	668
"channels and passages," "island," "reef," "fur farm," "waters,"	669
"crib," "car," "commercial fish," "fishing," "fillet," "part	670
fillet," "round," "migrate," "spreader bar," "fishing guide,"	671
"net," "commercial fishing gear," "native wildlife," "gill net,"	672
"tag fishing tournament," "tenant," "nonnative wildlife,"	673
"reptiles," "amphibians," "deer," "domestic deer," "migratory	674
game bird," "accompany," "all-purpose vehicle," "wholly enclosed	675
preserve," "commercial bird shooting preserve," "wild animal	676
hunting preserve," <u>"wild boar," "feral swine,"</u> and "captive	677
white-tailed deer" have the same meanings as in section 1531.01	678
of the Revised Code.	679
Sec. 1533.731. (A) No wild animal hunting preserve shall	680

be less than eighty acres in area. Each such preserve shall be 681
in one continuous block of land, except that the block of land 682
may be intersected by highways or roads. No wild animal hunting 683
preserve shall be located within one thousand five hundred feet 684
of another such preserve. 685

The boundaries of each wild animal hunting preserve shall 686
be clearly defined by posting, at intervals of not more than 687
four hundred feet, with signs prescribed by the division of 688
wildlife. Each wild animal hunting preserve shall be surrounded 689
by a fence at least eight feet in height, with a minimal 690
deviation not to exceed four per cent, that is constructed of a 691
woven wire mesh, or such other enclosure approved by the chief 692
of the division of wildlife. 693

(B) (1) Except as provided in divisions (B) (2) ~~and~~, (3), and (4) 694
and (4) of this section, game and nonnative wildlife that have 695
been approved by the chief for such use and that have been 696
legally acquired or propagated under the authority of a 697
propagating license issued under section 1533.71 of the Revised 698
Code or propagated within the confines of a licensed wild animal 699
hunting preserve may be released and hunted within the confines 700
of the licensed wild animal hunting preserve between one-half 701
hour before sunrise and one-half hour after sunset, without 702
regard to sex, bag limit, or open season, by hunters authorized 703
by the holder of the wild animal hunting preserve license to 704
hunt on those lands. The chief shall establish, by rule, the 705
allowable methods of taking game and nonnative wildlife in a 706
wild animal hunting preserve. 707

(2) No game or nonnative wildlife on the federal 708
endangered species list established in accordance with the 709
"Endangered Species Act of 1973," 87 Stat. 884, 16 U.S.C.A. 710

1531, as amended, or the state endangered species list 711
established in rules adopted under section 1531.25 of the 712
Revised Code, no bears native to North America, and no large 713
carnivores of the family Felidae shall be released for hunting 714
or hunted in any wild animal hunting preserve in this state. 715

(3) No person shall release for hunting or hunt within a 716
wild animal hunting preserve any game or nonnative wildlife not 717
listed in the application for a license for that preserve. 718

(4) No person shall knowingly release for hunting or hunt 719
wild boar or feral swine in any wild animal hunting preserve in 720
this state. 721

(C) Unless otherwise specified by division rule, all game 722
and nonnative wildlife released on a wild animal hunting 723
preserve shall be identified with a tag that shall bear upon it 724
a symbol identifying the preserve. 725

(D) No person shall remove living game or nonnative 726
wildlife from a wild animal hunting preserve unless the game or 727
nonnative wildlife are being transferred to another wild animal 728
hunting preserve in accordance with rules adopted by the 729
director of agriculture under section 943.24 of the Revised 730
Code. 731

(E) The holder of a wild animal hunting preserve license 732
shall keep a record of all animals that have been released into 733
the preserve. The record shall include all of the following: 734

(1) The date on which each animal was released into the 735
preserve; 736

(2) The number of each species of animals; 737

(3) The number of males and females of each species of 738

animals;	739
(4) The name and address of each person from whom each animal was obtained.	740 741
The licensee shall record in a manner specified by the division the name and address of each person that takes any game or nonnative wildlife from the preserve. The licensee shall maintain those records for a period of two years and make them available for inspection by the division at all reasonable times in conjunction with an active criminal investigation.	742 743 744 745 746 747
(F) In addition to complying with the requirements established by division (E) of this section, the holder of a wild animal hunting preserve license who has captive white-tailed deer in the preserve shall keep a record of all known escapes of those deer, deaths of those deer that were not a result of hunting, and laboratory results for testing for chronic wasting disease of those deer that is required by section 943.21 of the Revised Code and rules adopted under section 943.24 of the Revised Code.	748 749 750 751 752 753 754 755 756
(G) For the purposes of division (B) of section 1533.02 of the Revised Code, the owner or operator of a wild animal hunting preserve shall furnish each person who takes any game or nonnative wildlife from the preserve a certificate bearing a description of the animal, the date the animal was taken, and the name of the preserve.	757 758 759 760 761 762
(H) The holder of a wild animal hunting preserve license prominently shall display the license at the place of business that is specified in the license.	763 764 765
(I) The chief shall adopt rules under section 1531.10 of the Revised Code that provide for the safety of the public and	766 767

for the protection of the game and nonnative wildlife to be 768
hunted in a wild animal hunting preserve prior to their release 769
in the preserve. 770

(J) No holder of a wild animal hunting preserve license 771
shall violate this chapter or Chapter 1531. of the Revised Code 772
or any division rule. 773

(K) This section does not authorize the hunting of game 774
birds in a licensed wild animal hunting preserve unless the 775
licensee also possesses a valid commercial bird shooting 776
preserve license issued under section 1533.72 of the Revised 777
Code for the same land for which the wild animal hunting 778
preserve license was issued. 779

(L) A person may hunt game and nonnative wildlife in a 780
licensed wild animal hunting preserve without obtaining a 781
hunting license otherwise required by section 1533.10 of the 782
Revised Code or a deer permit otherwise required by section 783
1533.11 of the Revised Code. 784

Sec. 1533.75. (A) No person shall knowingly do any of the 785
following: 786

(1) Import, transport, or possess live wild boar or feral 787
swine; 788

(2) Release wild boar or feral swine into the wild or 789
expand the range of a wild boar or feral swine by introducing 790
the wild boar or feral swine to a new location; 791

(3) Allow a swine that is under the ownership or 792
possession of the person to live in a feral state; 793

(4) Except as otherwise provided in section 1533.751 of 794
the Revised Code, hunt, trap, or kill a wild boar or feral swine 795

or assist in the hunting, trapping, or killing of a wild boar or 796
feral swine; 797

(5) Profit from the releasing, hunting, trapping, or 798
killing of wild boar or feral swine; 799

(6) Fail to notify the division of wildlife in accordance 800
with division (B) of section 1533.751 of the Revised Code. 801

(B) No person shall purposely feed a wild boar or feral 802
swine. 803

Sec. 1533.751. (A) Except as provided in division rules, a 804
person, including a property owner, tenant, or person 805
responsible for a property's management, who knows or has reason 806
to believe a wild boar or feral swine is present on private or 807
public property shall notify the division of wildlife within 808
twenty-four hours of the person so knowing or having reason to 809
believe of the wild boar's or feral swine's presence. 810

(B) Except as provided in division rules, a person or a 811
person's agent who encounters wild boar or feral swine on 812
property owned or leased by that person may immediately 813
eradicate the wild boar or feral swine without a hunting license 814
required under section 1533.10 of the Revised Code if the person 815
or agent does both of the following: 816

(1) Notifies the division as soon as practicable, but not 817
later than twenty-four hours after the eradication or attempted 818
eradication of the wild boar or feral swine; 819

(2) Follows the instructions provided by the division 820
including the handling, preservation for testing, and disposal 821
of any wild boar or feral swine carcass. 822

Sec. 1533.99. (A) Whoever violates section 1533.17 of the 823

Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree on a 824
first offense and a misdemeanor of the second degree on each 825
subsequent offense. In addition to any other sanction imposed 826
under this division, on a second or subsequent offense occurring 827
within a period of three consecutive years after the date of 828
conviction of the immediately preceding violation of that 829
section any firearms or other hunting implements in the 830
possession or under the control of the offender at the time of 831
the violation are subject to seizure in accordance with section 832
1531.20 of the Revised Code. If the offender persists in the 833
offense after reasonable warning or request to desist, the 834
offender is guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree. 835

(B) Whoever violates section 1533.161, 1533.23, 1533.24, 836
1533.301, 1533.40, 1533.41, 1533.45, 1533.48, 1533.511, 1533.55, 837
1533.56, 1533.58, 1533.62, 1533.631, 1533.66, 1533.71, 1533.72, 838
1533.73, 1533.74, 1533.76, 1533.77, or 1533.79, division (J) of 839
section 1533.731, or division (B) or (C) of section 1533.97 of 840
the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree. 841

(C) Whoever violates division (B) of section 1533.03, 842
section 1533.07, 1533.171, 1533.34, 1533.341, 1533.342, 1533.35, 843
1533.42, 1533.51, 1533.63, 1533.64, 1533.67, 1533.68, 1533.721, 844
1533.881, or 1533.882, division (B) (2) ~~or~~, (3), or (4) of 845
section 1533.731, or division (A) of section 1533.97 of the 846
Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree. 847

(D) Whoever violates division (D) of section 1533.97 of 848
the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth 849
degree. The court shall require any person who is convicted of 850
or pleads guilty to the offense to refund to all participants in 851
the fishing tournament operated by the person any entry fees 852
paid by the participants. 853

(E) Whoever violates division (C) or (D) of section 1533.632 of the Revised Code is guilty of a felony of the fifth degree. 854
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(F) Whoever violates any section of this chapter for which no penalty is otherwise provided is guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree. This division does not apply to division (A) of section 1533.751 of the Revised Code. 857
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(G) A court that imposes sentence for a violation of any section of this chapter governing the holding, taking, or possession of wild animals may require the person who is convicted of or pleads guilty to the offense, in addition to any fine, term of imprisonment, seizure, and forfeiture imposed, to make restitution for the minimum value of the wild animal or animals illegally held, taken, or possessed as established under section 1531.201 of the Revised Code. An officer who collects moneys paid as restitution under this section shall pay those moneys to the treasurer of state who shall deposit them in the state treasury to the credit of the wildlife fund established under section 1531.17 of the Revised Code. 861
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(H) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever violates section 1533.75 of the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree. Whoever violates that section when the violation involves the importing or releasing of a wild boar or feral swine is guilty of a felony of the fifth degree. In addition to any other penalty, the court shall require any person who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a violation of that section to pay the costs incurred by any state or federal agency for the investigation, control, and eradication of wild boar or feral swine that resulted from the violation. Money paid to the division of wildlife shall be credited to the wildlife 873
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fund established under section 1531.17 of the Revised Code. 884

Sec. 4745.01. (A) "Standard renewal procedure," as used in 885
Chapters 905., 907., 909., 911., 913., 915., 918., 921., 923., 886
927., ~~942.~~943., 953., 1321., 3710., 3713., 3719., 3742., 887
3748., 3769., 3783., 3921., 3951., 4104., 4105., 4169., 4561., 888
4703., 4707., 4709., 4713., 4715., 4717., 4723., 4725., 4727., 889
4728., 4729., 4731., 4733., 4734., 4739., 4741., 4747., 4749., 890
4752., 4753., 4755., 4757., 4758., 4759., 4761., 4766., 4773., 891
and 4775. of the Revised Code, means the license renewal 892
procedures specified in this chapter. 893

(B) "Licensing agency," as used in this chapter, means any 894
department, division, board, section of a board, or other state 895
governmental unit subject to the standard renewal procedure, as 896
defined in this section, and authorized by the Revised Code to 897
issue a license to engage in a specific profession, occupation, 898
or occupational activity, or to have charge of and operate 899
certain specified equipment, machinery, or premises. 900

(C) "License," as used in this chapter, means a license, 901
certificate, permit, card, or other authority issued or 902
conferred by a licensing agency by authority of which the 903
licensee has or claims the privilege to engage in the 904
profession, occupation, or occupational activity, or to have 905
control of and operate certain specific equipment, machinery, or 906
premises, over which the licensing agency has jurisdiction. 907

(D) "Licensee," as used in this chapter, means either the 908
person to whom the license is issued or renewed by a licensing 909
agency, or the person, partnership, or corporation at whose 910
request the license is issued or renewed. 911

(E) "Renewal" and "renewed," as used in this chapter and 912

in the chapters of the Revised Code specified in division (A) of 913
this section, includes the continuing licensing procedure 914
provided in Chapter 3748. of the Revised Code and rules adopted 915
under it and in sections 1321.05 and 3921.33 of the Revised 916
Code, and as applied to those continuing licenses any reference 917
in this chapter to the date of expiration of any license shall 918
be construed to mean the due date of the annual or other fee for 919
the continuing license. 920

Section 2. That existing sections 901.43, 926.01, 942.01, 921
942.02, 942.13, 943.23, 943.26, 1531.01, 1533.01, 1533.731, 922
1533.99, and 4745.01 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed. 923

Section 3. That sections 926.011, 942.03, 942.04, 942.05, 924
942.06, 942.07, 942.10, 942.11, 942.12, and 942.99 of the 925
Revised Code are hereby repealed. 926

Section 4. Any license to feed treated garbage to swine 927
issued by the director of agriculture pursuant to section 942.02 928
of the Revised Code prior to the effective date of this act 929
expires on that date. 930