## **As Introduced**

135th General Assembly Regular Session 2023-2024

H. B. No. 536

Representatives Cross, Miller, K.

# A BILL

То	amend sections 307.515, 733.40, 2152.21,	1
	4501.11, 4507.05, 4507.071, 4511.043, 4511.81,	2
	4513.263, 4513.35, and 5503.04 and to enact	3
	sections 4510.312 and 4513.264 of the Revised	4
	Code to make failure to wear a seat belt and	5
	failure to properly secure a child in the	6
	appropriate booster seat or seat belt a primary	7
	offense, rather than a secondary offense, and to	8
	make other specified changes regarding those	9
	offenses.	10

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 307.515, 733.40, 2152.21,	11
4501.11, 4507.05, 4507.071, 4511.043, 4511.81, 4513.263,	12
4513.35, and 5503.04 be amended and sections 4510.312 and	13
4513.264 of the Revised Code be enacted to read as follows:	14

Sec. 307.515. (A) All fines and penalties collected by, 15 and moneys arising from forfeited bail in, a municipal court for 16 offenses and misdemeanors brought for prosecution in the name of 17 a municipal corporation under one of its penal ordinances, where 18 there is in force a state statute under which the offense might 19 be prosecuted, or brought for prosecution in the name of the 20 state, except a portion of those fines, penalties, and moneys 21 that, plus all costs collected monthly in those state cases, 22 equal the compensation allowed by the board of county 23 commissioners to the judges of the municipal court, its clerk, 24 and the prosecuting attorney of that court in state cases, shall 2.5 be retained by the clerk of that municipal court and shall be 26 deposited by the clerk each month in the county law library 27 resources fund that is created under section 307.514 of the 28 29 Revised Code in the county in which that municipal corporation is located. The sum that the clerk of the municipal court 30 deposits in the county law library resources fund shall in no 31 month be less than twenty-five per cent of the amount of such 32 fines, penalties, and moneys received in that month, without 33 deducting the amount of the allowance of the board of county 34 commissioners to the judges, clerk, and prosecuting attorney. 35

The total amount paid under this section in any one calendar year by the clerks of all municipal courts in any one county to the county law library resources fund shall in no event exceed the following amounts:

(1) In counties having a population of fifty thousand or less, seventy-five hundred dollars and the maximum amount paid by any of such courts shall not exceed four thousand dollars in any calendar year.

(2) In counties having a population in excess of fifty 44 thousand but not in excess of one hundred thousand, eight 45 thousand dollars and the maximum amount paid by any of such 46 courts shall not exceed five thousand five hundred dollars in 47 any calendar year. 48

(3) In counties having a population in excess of one

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hundred thousand but not in excess of one hundred fifty50thousand, ten thousand dollars and the maximum amount paid by51any of such courts shall not exceed seven thousand dollars in52any calendar year.53

(4) In counties having a population of in excess of one 54 hundred fifty thousand, fifteen thousand dollars in any calendar 55 year. The maximum amount to be paid by each clerk shall be 56 determined by the county auditor in December of each year for 57 the next succeeding calendar year and shall bear the same ratio 58 to the total amount payable under this section from the clerks 59 of all municipal courts in such county as the total fines, 60 costs, and forfeitures received by the corresponding municipal 61 court, bear to the total fines, costs, and forfeitures received 62 by all the municipal courts in the county, as shown for the last 63 complete year of actual receipts, on the latest available 64 budgets of such municipal courts. Payments in the full amounts 65 provided in this section shall be made monthly by each clerk in 66 each calendar year until the maximum amount for such year has 67 been paid. When that amount, so determined by the auditor, has 68 been paid to the county law library resources fund, then no 69 further payments shall be required in that calendar year from 70 the clerk of that court. 71

(5) This section does not apply to fines collected by a
municipal court for violations of division (B) of section
4513.263 of the Revised Code, or for violations of any municipal
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ordinance that is substantively comparable to that division, all
of which shall be forwarded to the treasurer of state as
provided in division (E) of section 4513.263 of the Revised
Code.

(B) The county treasurer, upon the voucher of the county

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auditor, shall deposit fifty per cent of all moneys collected by 80 a county court accruing from fines, penalties, and forfeited 81 bail, unless otherwise distributed by law, in the county law 82 library resources fund in that county that is created under 83 section 307.514 of the Revised Code. The county treasurer shall 84 deposit those moneys into that fund within thirty days after 85 those moneys have been paid into the county treasury by the 86 clerk of the county court. 87

This section does not apply to fines collected by a county court for violations of division (B) of section 4513.263 of the Revised Code, or for violations of any municipal ordinance that is substantively comparable to that division, all of which shall be forwarded to the treasurer of state as provided in <del>division</del> (E) of section 4513.263 of the Revised Code.

(C) In each county of the state, the clerk of the court of 94 common pleas and the clerk of the probate court shall retain all 95 fines and penalties collected by, and moneys arising from 96 forfeited bail in, the court of common pleas and the probate 97 court of that county for offenses and misdemeanors brought for 98 prosecution in those courts in the name of the state and monthly 99 shall deposit those moneys in the county law library resources 100 fund in that county that is created under section 307.514 of the 101 Revised Code. The total sums so deposited shall not exceed 102 twelve hundred fifty dollars per annum, and when that amount has 103 been deposited in the fund in accordance with this section then 104 no further payments shall be required under this section in that 105 calendar year from the clerks of those respective courts. 106

This section does not apply to fines collected by a court107of common pleas for violations of division (B) of section1084513.263 of the Revised Code, all of which shall be forwarded to109

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the treasurer of state as provided in <del>division (E) of t</del>hat section.

This section does not apply to fines imposed under 112 division (B)(9) of section 2929.18 of the Revised Code and 113 collected by a court of common pleas, all of which shall be 114 forwarded by the court to the treasurer of state not later than 115 the twentieth day of the month after the month in which they are 116 collected for deposit into the state treasury to the credit of 117 the rape crisis program trust fund created by section 109.921 of 118 the Revised Code. 119

(D) In each county, the treasurer of the county or the 120 treasurer of the municipal corporation shall deposit monthly 121 fifty per cent of all fines and penalties collected by, and 122 fifty per cent of moneys arising from forfeited bail in, any 123 court in that county for offenses brought for prosecution under 124 Chapters 4301. and 4303. of the Revised Code and the state 125 traffic laws in the county legal resources fund in that county 126 that is created under section 307.514 of the Revised Code. The 127 sum so deposited in that fund by each treasurer shall not exceed 128 twelve hundred dollars per annum under Chapters 4301. and 4303. 129 of the Revised Code, and when that amount has been deposited in 130 that fund in accordance with this section, then no further 131 deposits shall be required under this section in that calendar 132 year from those treasurers. 133

As used in this section, "state traffic laws" does not 134 include division (B) of section 4513.263 of the Revised Code. 135

Sec. 733.40. Except as otherwise provided in section 136 4511.193 of the Revised Code, all fines, forfeitures, and costs 137 in ordinance cases and all fees that are collected by the mayor, 138 that in any manner come into the mayor's hands, or that are due 139

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the mayor or a marshal, chief of police, or other officer of the 140 municipal corporation, any other fees and expenses that have 141 been advanced out of the treasury of the municipal corporation, 142 and all money received by the mayor for the use of the municipal 143 corporation shall be paid by the mayor into the treasury of the 144 municipal corporation on the first Monday of each month. At the 145 first regular meeting of the legislative authority each month, 146 the mayor shall submit a full statement of all money received, 147 from whom and for what purposes received, and when paid into the 148 treasury. Except as otherwise provided by section 307.515 or 149 4511.19 of the Revised Code, all fines, and forfeitures 150 collected by the mayor in state cases, together with all fees 151 and expenses collected that have been advanced out of the county 152 treasury, shall be paid by the mayor to the county treasury on 153 the first business day of each month. Except as otherwise 154 provided by section 307.515 or 4511.19 of the Revised Code, the 155 mayor shall pay all court costs and fees collected by the mayor 156 in state cases into the municipal treasury on the first business 157 day of each month. 158

This section does not apply to fines collected by a159mayor's court for violations of division (B) of section 4513.263160of the Revised Code, or for violations of any municipal161ordinance that is substantively comparable to that division, all162of which shall be forwarded to the treasurer of state as163provided in division (E) of section 4513.263 of the Revised164Code.165

Sec. 2152.21. (A) Unless division (C) of this section166applies, if a child is adjudicated a juvenile traffic offender,167the court may make any of the following orders of disposition:168

(1) Impose costs and one or more financial sanctions in 169

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accordance with section 2152.20 of the Revised Code; 170

(2) Suspend the child's driver's license, probationary 171 driver's license, or temporary instruction permit for a definite 172 period not exceeding two years or suspend the registration of 173 all motor vehicles registered in the name of the child for a 174 definite period not exceeding two years. A child whose license 175 or permit is so suspended is ineligible for issuance of a 176 license or permit during the period of suspension. At the end of 177 the period of suspension, the child shall not be reissued a 178 license or permit until the child has paid any applicable 179 reinstatement fee and complied with all requirements governing 180 license reinstatement. 181

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(3) Place the child on community control; 182
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(4) If the child is adjudicated a juvenile traffic 183 offender for an act other than an act that would be a minor 184 misdemeanor if committed by an adult and other than an act that 185 could be disposed of by the juvenile traffic violations bureau 186 serving the court under Traffic Rule 13.1 if the court has 187 established a juvenile traffic violations bureau, require the 188 child to make restitution pursuant to division (A) (3) of section 189 2152.20 of the Revised Code; 190

(5) (a) If the child is adjudicated a juvenile traffic
offender for committing a violation of division (A) of section
4511.19 of the Revised Code or of a municipal ordinance that is
substantially equivalent to that division, commit the child, for
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not longer than five days, to either of the following:

(i) The temporary custody of a detention facility or
district detention facility established under section 2152.41 of
the Revised Code;

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(ii) The temporary custody of any school, camp,
institution, or other facility for children operated in whole or
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in part for the care of juvenile traffic offenders of that
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nature by the county, by a district organized under section
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2151.65 or 2152.41 of the Revised Code, or by a private agency
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or organization within the state that is authorized and
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qualified to provide the care, treatment, or placement required.

(b) If an order of disposition committing a child to the 206 temporary custody of a home, school, camp, institution, or other 207 facility of that nature is made under division (A) (5) (a) of this 208 section, the length of the commitment shall not be reduced or 209 diminished as a credit for any time that the child was held in a 210 place of detention or shelter care, or otherwise was detained, 211 prior to entry of the order of disposition. 212

(6) If, after making a disposition under divisions (A)(1) 213 to (5) of this section, the court finds upon further hearing 214 that the child has failed to comply with the orders of the court 215 and the child's operation of a motor vehicle constitutes the 216 child a danger to the child and to others, the court may make 217 any disposition authorized by divisions (A)(1), (4), (5), and 218 (8) of section 2152.19 of the Revised Code, except that the 219 child may not be committed to or placed in a secure correctional 220 facility unless authorized by division (A)(5) of this section, 221 222 and commitment to or placement in a detention facility may not exceed twenty-four hours. 223

(B) If a child is adjudicated a juvenile traffic offender
for violating division (A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of the
Revised Code, in addition to any order of disposition made under
division (A) of this section, the court shall impose a class six
suspension of the temporary instruction permit, probationary
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driver's license, or driver's license issued to the child from 229 the range specified in division (A)(6) of section 4510.02 of the 230 Revised Code. The court, in its discretion, may terminate the 231 suspension if the child attends and satisfactorily completes a 232 drug abuse or alcohol abuse education, intervention, or 233 treatment program specified by the court. During the time the 2.34 child is attending a program as described in this division, the 235 court shall retain the child's temporary instruction permit, 236 probationary driver's license, or driver's license issued, and 237 the court shall return the permit or license if it terminates 238 the suspension as described in this division. 239

(C) If a child is adjudicated a juvenile traffic offender 240 for violating division (B)(1) of section 4513.263 of the Revised 241 Code, the court shall impose the appropriate fine set forth in 242 division  $\frac{(G)}{(F)}$  of that section. If a child is adjudicated a 243 juvenile traffic offender for violating division (B) (3) of 244 section 4513.263 of the Revised Code and if the child is sixteen 245 years of age or older, the court shall impose the fine set forth 246 in division  $\frac{(G)(2)}{(F)}$  (F) (2) of that section. If a child is 247 adjudicated a juvenile traffic offender for violating division 248 (B) (3) of section 4513.263 of the Revised Code and if the child 249 is under sixteen years of age, the court shall not impose a fine 250 but may place the child on probation or community control. 251

(D) A juvenile traffic offender is subject to sections4509.01 to 4509.78 of the Revised Code.253

Sec. 4501.11. (A) There is hereby created in the state 254 treasury the security, investigations, and policing fund. 255 Notwithstanding section 5503.04 of the Revised Code, no fines 256 collected from or money arising from bonds or bail forfeited by 257 persons apprehended or arrested by state highway patrol troopers 258

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shall be credited to the general revenue fund until sufficient259revenue to fund appropriations for the activities described260under division (B) of this section are credited to the security,261investigations, and policing fund. All investment earnings of262the security, investigations, and policing fund shall be263credited to that fund.264

This division does not apply to fines for violations of265division (B) of section 4513.263 of the Revised Code, or to266fines for violations of any municipal ordinance that is267substantively comparable to that division, which fines shall be268delivered to the treasurer of state as provided in division (E)269of-section 4513.263 of the Revised Code.270

(B) The money credited to the security, investigations, and policing fund shall be used to pay the costs of:

(1) Providing security for the governor, other officialsand dignitaries, the capitol square, and other state propertypursuant to division (E) of section 5503.02 of the Revised Code;

(2) Undertaking major criminal investigations that involve state property interests;

(3) Providing traffic control and security for the Ohio278expositions commission on a full-time, year-round basis;279

(4) Performing nonhighway-related duties of the statehighway patrol at the Ohio state fair.281

Sec. 4507.05. (A) The registrar of motor vehicles, or a 282 deputy registrar, upon receiving an application for a temporary 283 instruction permit and a temporary instruction permit 284 identification card for a driver's license from any person who 285 is at least fifteen years six months of age, may issue such a 286 permit and identification card entitling the applicant to drive 287

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a motor vehicle, other than a commercial motor vehicle, upon the 288 highways under the following conditions: 289 (1) If the permit is issued to a person who is at least 290 fifteen years six months of age, but less than sixteen years of 291 292 age: (a) The permit and identification card are in the holder's 293 294 immediate possession; (b) The holder is accompanied by an eligible adult who 295 actually occupies the seat beside the permit holder and does not 296 have a prohibited concentration of alcohol in the whole blood, 297 blood serum or plasma, breath, or urine as provided in division 298 (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code; 299 (c) The total number of occupants of the vehicle does not 300 exceed the total number of occupant restraining devices 301 originally installed in the motor vehicle by its manufacturer, 302 and each occupant of the vehicle is wearing all of the available 303 elements of a properly adjusted occupant restraining device. 304 (2) If the permit is issued to a person who is at least 305 306 sixteen years of age: (a) The permit and identification card are in the holder's 307 immediate possession; 308 (b) The holder is accompanied by a licensed operator who 309 is at least twenty-one years of age, is actually occupying a 310 seat beside the driver, and does not have a prohibited 311 concentration of alcohol in the whole blood, blood serum or 312

plasma, breath, or urine as provided in division (A) of section 313 4511.19 of the Revised Code; 314

(c) The total number of occupants of the vehicle does not 315

exceed the total number of occupant restraining devices 316 originally installed in the motor vehicle by its manufacturer, 317 and each occupant of the vehicle is wearing all of the available 318 elements of a properly adjusted occupant restraining device. 319

(B) The registrar or a deputy registrar, upon receiving 320 from any person an application for a temporary instruction 321 permit and temporary instruction permit identification card to 322 operate a motorcycle, motor-driven cycle or motor scooter, or 323 motorized bicycle, may issue such a permit and identification 324 325 card entitling the applicant, while having the permit and identification card in the applicant's immediate possession, to 326 drive a motorcycle or motor-driven cycle or motor scooter, under 327 the restrictions prescribed in section 4511.53 of the Revised 328 Code, or to drive a motorized bicycle under restrictions 329 determined by the registrar. A temporary instruction permit and 330 temporary instruction permit identification card to operate a 3.31 motorized bicycle may be issued to a person fourteen or fifteen 332 years old. 333

(C) Any permit and identification card issued under this
section shall be issued in the same manner as a driver's
license, upon a form to be furnished by the registrar. A
temporary instruction permit to drive a motor vehicle other than
a commercial motor vehicle shall be valid for a period of one
year.

(D) Any person having in the person's possession a valid
and current driver's license or motorcycle operator's license or
and current issued to the person by another jurisdiction
and recognized by this state is exempt from obtaining a temporary
and the examination for a temporary instruction permit and the

regular examination for obtaining a driver's license or 346 motorcycle operator's endorsement in this state if the person 347 does all of the following: 348

(1) Submits to and passes vision screening as provided in 349 section 4507.12 of the Revised Code; 350

(2) Surrenders to the registrar or deputy registrar the 351 person's driver's license issued by the other jurisdiction; and 352

353 (3) Complies with all other applicable requirements for issuance by this state of a driver's license, driver's license 354 with a motorcycle operator's endorsement, or restricted license 355 356 to operate a motorcycle.

If the person does not comply with all the requirements of this division, the person shall submit to the regular examination for obtaining a driver's license or motorcycle operator's endorsement in this state in order to obtain such a license or endorsement.

(E) The registrar may adopt rules governing the use of 362 temporary instruction permits and temporary instruction permit 363 identification cards. 364

(F) (1) No holder of a permit issued under division (A) of 365 this section shall operate a motor vehicle upon a highway or any 366 public or private property used by the public for purposes of vehicular travel or parking in violation of the conditions established under division (A) of this section.

(2) Except as provided in division (F) (2) of this section, 370 no holder of a permit that is issued under division (A) of this 371 section and that is issued on or after July 1, 1998, and who has 372 not attained the age of eighteen years, shall operate a motor 373 vehicle upon a highway or any public or private property used by 374

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the public for purposes of vehicular travel or parking between375the hours of midnight and six a.m.376

The holder of a permit issued under division (A) of this 377 section on or after July 1, 1998, who has not attained the age 378 of eighteen years, may operate a motor vehicle upon a highway or 379 any public or private property used by the public for purposes 380 of vehicular travel or parking between the hours of midnight and 381 six a.m. if, at the time of such operation, the holder is 382 accompanied by the holder's parent, guardian, or custodian, and 383 the parent, guardian, or custodian holds a current valid 384 driver's or commercial driver's license issued by this state, is 385 actually occupying a seat beside the permit holder, and does not 386 have a prohibited concentration of alcohol in the whole blood, 387 blood serum or plasma, breath, or urine as provided in division 388 (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code. 389

(G) (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the 390 contrary, no law enforcement officer shall cause the operator of 391 392 a motor vehicle being operated on any street or highway to stop the motor vehicle for the sole purpose of determining whether-393 each occupant of the motor vehicle is wearing all of the 394 available elements of a properly adjusted occupant restraining 395 device as required by division (A) of this section, or for the 396 sole purpose of issuing a ticket, citation, or summons if the 397 requirement in that division has been or is being violated, or 398 for causing the arrest of or commencing a prosecution of a 399 person for a violation of that requirement. 400

(2)(G) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the401contrary, no law enforcement officer shall cause the operator of402a motor vehicle being operated on any street or highway to stop403the motor vehicle for the sole purpose of determining whether a404

violation of division (F)(2) of this section has been or is 405 being committed or for the sole purpose of issuing a ticket, 406 citation, or summons for such a violation or for causing the 407 arrest of or commencing a prosecution of a person for such 408 409 violation. (H) As used in this section: 410 (1) "Eligible adult" means any of the following: 411 (a) An instructor of a driver training course approved by 412 the department of public safety; 413 (b) Any of the following persons who holds a current valid 414 driver's or commercial driver's license issued by this state: 415 (i) A parent, guardian, or custodian of the permit holder; 416 (ii) A person twenty-one years of age or older who acts in 417 loco parentis of the permit holder. 418 (2) "Occupant restraining device" has the same meaning as 419 in section 4513.263 of the Revised Code. 420 (I) Whoever violates division (F)(1) or (2) of this 421 section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. 422 Sec. 4507.071. (A) The registrar of motor vehicles or any 423 deputy registrar shall not issue a driver's license to any 424 person under eighteen years of age, except that the registrar or 425 a deputy registrar may issue a probationary license to a person 426 who is at least sixteen years of age and has held a temporary 427 instruction permit for a period of at least six months. 428 (B) (1) (a) No holder of a probationary driver's license who 429

has held the license for less than twelve months shall operate a 430 motor vehicle upon a highway or any public or private property 431 used by the public for purposes of vehicular travel or parking432between the hours of midnight and six a.m. unless the holder is433accompanied by the holder's parent or guardian.434

(b) No holder of a probationary driver's license who has
held the license for twelve months or longer shall operate a
motor vehicle upon a highway or any public or private property
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used by the public for purposes of vehicular travel or parking
between the hours of one a.m. and five a.m. unless the holder is
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accompanied by the holder's parent or guardian.

(2) (a) Subject to division (D) (1) of this section,
division (B) (1) (a) of this section does not apply to the holder
of a probationary driver's license who is doing <u>either any</u> of
the following:

(i) Traveling to or from work between the hours of
midnight and six a.m., provided that the holder has in the
holder's immediate possession written documentation from the
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holder's employer-;

(ii) Traveling to or from an official function sponsored
by the school the holder attends between the hours of midnight
and six a.m., provided that the holder has in the holder's
immediate possession written documentation from an appropriate
official of the school;

(iii) Traveling to or from an official religious event
between the hours of midnight and six a.m., provided that the
holder has in the holder's immediate possession written
documentation from an appropriate official affiliated with the
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event.

(b) Division (B)(1)(b) of this section does not apply to 459 the holder of a probationary driver's license who is doing 460

#### either any of the following:

(i) Traveling to or from work between the hours of one a.m. and five a.m., provided that the holder has in the holder's immediate possession written documentation from the holder's employer-;

(ii) Traveling to or from an official function sponsored
by the school the holder attends between the hours of one a.m.
and five a.m., provided that the holder has in the holder's
immediate possession written documentation from an appropriate
official of the school;

(iii) Traveling to or from an official religious event
between the hours of one a.m. and five a.m., provided that the
holder has in the holder's immediate possession written
documentation from an appropriate official affiliated with the
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(3) An employer, school official, or official affiliated 476 with a religious event is not liable in damages in a civil 477 action for any injury, death, or loss to person or property that 478 allegedly arises from, or is related to, the fact that the 479 480 employer, school official, or official affiliated with a religious event provided the holder of a probationary driver's 481 license with the written documentation described in division (B) 482 (2) of this section. 483

The registrar of motor vehicles shall make available at no 484 cost a form to serve as the written documentation described in 485 division (B)(2) of this section, and employers, school 486 officials, officials affiliated with religious events, and 487 holders of probationary driver's licenses may utilize that form 488 or may choose to utilize any other written documentation to meet 489

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the requirements of that division.

(4) No holder of a probationary driver's license who has 491 held the license for less than twelve months shall operate a 492 motor vehicle upon a highway or any public or private property 493 used by the public for purposes of vehicular travel or parking 494 with more than one person who is not a family member occupying 495 the vehicle unless the probationary license holder is 496 497 accompanied by the probationary license holder's parent, guardian, or custodian. 498

(C) It is an affirmative defense to a violation of 499 division (B)(1)(a) or (b) of this section if, at the time of the 500 violation, an emergency existed that required the holder of the 501 probationary driver's license to operate a motor vehicle in 502 violation of division (B) (1) (a) or (b) of this section or the 503 holder was an emancipated minor.

(D)(1) If a person is issued a probationary driver's 505 license prior to attaining the age of seventeen years and the 506 person pleads guilty to, is convicted of, or is adjudicated in 507 juvenile court of having committed a moving violation during the 508 six-month period commencing on the date on which the person is 509 issued the probationary driver's license, the court with 510 jurisdiction over the violation may order that the holder must 511 be accompanied by the holder's parent or quardian whenever the 512 holder is operating a motor vehicle upon a highway or any public 513 or private property used by the public for purposes of vehicular 514 travel or parking for a period not to exceed six months or the 515 date the holder attains the age of seventeen years, whichever 516 occurs first. 517

(2) Any person who is subject to the operating 518 restrictions established under division (D)(1) of this section 519

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as a result of a first moving violation may petition the court 520 for driving privileges without being accompanied by the holder's 521 parent or guardian during the period of time determined by the 522 court under that division. In granting the driving privileges, 523 the court shall specify the purposes of the privileges and shall 524 issue the person appropriate forms setting forth the privileges 525 granted. If a person is convicted of, pleads guilty to, or is 526 adjudicated in juvenile court of having committed a second or 527 subsequent moving violation, the court with jurisdiction over 528 the violation may terminate any driving privileges previously 529 granted under this division. 530

(3) No person shall violate any operating restriction imposed under division (D)(1) or (2) of this section.

(E) No holder of a probationary license shall operate a 533 motor vehicle upon a highway or any public or private property 534 used by the public for purposes of vehicular travel or parking 535 unless the total number of occupants of the vehicle does not 536 exceed the total number of occupant restraining devices 537 originally installed in the motor vehicle by its manufacturer, 538 and each occupant of the vehicle is wearing all of the available 539 elements of a properly adjusted occupant restraining device. 540

(F) A restricted license may be issued to a person who is
fourteen or fifteen years of age upon proof of hardship
satisfactory to the registrar of motor vehicles.
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(G) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the
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contrary, no law enforcement officer shall cause the operator of
a motor vehicle being operated on any street or highway to stop
the motor vehicle for the sole purpose of determining whether
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each occupant of the motor vehicle is wearing all of the
available elements of a properly adjusted occupant restraining

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device as required by division (E) of this section, or for the	550
sole purpose of issuing a ticket, citation, or summons if the	551
requirement in that division has been or is being violated, or	552
for causing the arrest of or commencing a prosecution of a	553
person for a violation of that requirement.	554
<del>(H)</del> Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the	555
contrary, no law enforcement officer shall cause the operator of	556
a motor vehicle being operated on any street or highway to stop	557
the motor vehicle for the sole purpose of determining whether a	558
violation of division (B)(1)(a) or (b) of this section has been	559
or is being committed or for the sole purpose of issuing a	560
ticket, citation, or summons for such a violation or for causing	561
the arrest of or commencing a prosecution of a person for such	562
violation.	563
(I) (H) As used in this section:	564
(1) "Occupant restraining device" has the same meaning as	565
in section 4513.263 of the Revised Code.	566
(2) "Family member" of a probationary license holder	567
includes any of the following:	568
(a) A spouse;	569
(b) A child or stepchild;	570
(c) A parent, stepparent, grandparent, or parent-in-law;	571
(d) An aunt or uncle;	572
(e) A sibling, whether of the whole or half blood or by	573
adoption, a brother-in-law, or a sister-in-law;	574
(f) A son or daughter of the probationary license holder's	575
stepparent if the stepparent has not adopted the probationary	576

license holder; 577 (q) An eligible adult, as defined in section 4507.05 of 578 the Revised Code. 579 (3) "Moving violation" means any violation of any statute 580 or ordinance that regulates the operation of vehicles, 581 streetcars, or trackless trolleys on the highways or streets. 582 "Moving violation" does not include a violation of section 583 4513.263 of the Revised Code or a substantially equivalent 584 municipal ordinance, or a violation of any statute or ordinance 585 regulating pedestrians or the parking of vehicles, vehicle size 586 or load limitations, vehicle fitness requirements, or vehicle 587 588 registration. (J) (I) Whoever violates division (B) (1) or (4), (D) (3), 589 or (E) of this section is quilty of a minor misdemeanor. 590 Sec. 4510.312. (A) As used in this section, "offender" 591 means a person to which both of the following apply: 592 (1) The person has been issued a ticket, citation, or 593 summons for a violation of section 4511.81 or 4513.263 of the 594 Revised Code; 595 (2) The person has not previously been issued a ticket, 596 citation, or summons and paid a fine under section 4511.81 or 597 4513.263 of the Revised Code or equivalent municipal ordinances. 598 (B) The director of public safety shall establish an 599 occupant restraint safety course. The director shall require the 600 course to consist of thirty minutes of online instruction 601 regarding the following: 602 (1) Laws governing and the importance of wearing a 603 properly adjusted occupant restraining device; 604

(2) Laws governing and the importance of properly securing	605
children in appropriate child restraint systems, booster seats,	606
and occupant restraining devices.	607
(C) The director shall not charge a fee to an offender who	608
participates in the course.	609
(D) The director shall issue to an offender who	610
successfully completes the course written evidence of such	611
completion.	612
Sec. 4511.043. (A)(1) No law enforcement officer who stops	613
the operator of a motor vehicle in the course of an authorized	614
sobriety or other motor vehicle checkpoint operation or a motor	615
vehicle safety inspection shall issue a ticket, citation, or	616
summons for a secondary traffic offense unless in the course of	617
the checkpoint operation or safety inspection the officer first	618
determines that an offense other than a secondary traffic	619
offense has occurred and either places the operator or a vehicle	620
occupant under arrest or issues a ticket, citation, or summons	621
to the operator or a vehicle occupant for an offense other than	622
a secondary offense.	623
(2) A law enforcement agency that operates a motor vehicle	624
checkpoint for an express purpose related to a secondary traffic	625

checkpoint for an express purpose related to a secondary traffic offense shall not issue a ticket, citation, or summons for any secondary traffic offense at such a checkpoint, but may use such a checkpoint operation to conduct a public awareness campaign and distribute information.

(B) As used in this section, "secondary traffic offense"630means a violation of division (A) or (F)(2) of section 4507.05,631division (B)(1)(a) or (b) or (E) of section 4507.071, division632(C) or (D) of section 4511.81, or division (A)(3) of section633

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4513.03, or division (B) of section 4513.263 of the Revised 634 Code. 635 Sec. 4511.81. (A) When any child who is in either or both 636 of the following categories is being transported in a motor 637 vehicle, other than a taxicab or public safety vehicle as 638 defined in section 4511.01 of the Revised Code, that is required 639 by the United States department of transportation to be equipped 640 with seat belts at the time of manufacture or assembly, the 641 operator of the motor vehicle shall have the child properly 642 secured in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions in a 643 child restraint system that meets federal motor vehicle safety 644 standards: 645 (1) A child who is less than four years of age; 646 (2) A child who weighs less than forty pounds. 647 (B) When any child who is in either or both of the 648 following categories is being transported in a motor vehicle, 649 other than a taxicab, that is owned, leased, or otherwise under 650 the control of a nursery school or child care center, the 651 operator of the motor vehicle shall have the child properly 652 secured in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions in a 653 child restraint system that meets federal motor vehicle safety 654 standards: 655 (1) A child who is less than four years of age; 656

(2) A child who weighs less than forty pounds.

(C) When any child who is less than eight years of age and
(C) When any child who is less than eight years of age and
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(E) Who is not required<

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4511.01 of the Revised Code or a vehicle that is regulated under 663 section 5104.015 of the Revised Code, that is required by the 664 United States department of transportation to be equipped with 665 seat belts at the time of manufacture or assembly, the operator 666 of the motor vehicle shall have the child properly secured in 667 accordance with the manufacturer's instructions on a booster 668 seat that meets federal motor vehicle safety standards. 669

(D) When any child who is at least eight years of age but 670 not older than fifteen years of age, and who is not otherwise 671 required by division (A), (B), or (C) of this section to be 672 secured in a child restraint system or booster seat, is being 673 transported in a motor vehicle, other than a taxicab or public 674 safety vehicle as defined in section 4511.01 of the Revised 675 Code, that is required by the United States department of 676 transportation to be equipped with seat belts at the time of 677 manufacture or assembly, the operator of the motor vehicle shall 678 have the child properly restrained either in accordance with the 679 manufacturer's instructions in a child restraint system that 680 meets federal motor vehicle safety standards or in an occupant 681 restraining device as defined in section 4513.263 of the Revised 682 Code. 683

(E) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, 684 no law enforcement officer shall cause an operator of a motor 685 vehicle being operated on any street or highway to stop the 686 motor vehicle for the sole purpose of determining whether a-687 violation of division (C) or (D) of this section has been or is 688 being committed or for the sole purpose of issuing a ticket, 689 citation, or summons for a violation of division (C) or (D) of 690 691 this section or causing the arrest of or commencing aprosecution of a person for a violation of division (C) or (D) 692 of this section, and absent another violation of law, a law-693

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enforcement officer's view of the interior or visual inspection694of a motor vehicle being operated on any street or highway may695not be used for the purpose of determining whether a violation696of division (C) or (D) of this section has been or is being697committed.698

(F) The director of public safety shall adopt such rules as are necessary to carry out this section.

(G) (F) The failure of an operator of a motor vehicle to 701 secure a child in a child restraint system, a booster seat, or 702 an occupant restraining device as required by this section is 703 not negligence imputable to the child, is not admissible as 704 evidence in any civil action involving the rights of the child 705 against any other person allegedly liable for injuries to the 706 child, is not to be used as a basis for a criminal prosecution 707 of the operator of the motor vehicle other than a prosecution 708 for a violation of this section, and is not admissible as 709 evidence in any criminal action involving the operator of the 710 motor vehicle other than a prosecution for a violation of this 711 section. 712

(H) (G) This section does not apply when an emergency 713 exists that threatens the life of any person operating or 714 occupying a motor vehicle that is being used to transport a 715 child who otherwise would be required to be restrained under 716 this section. This section does not apply to a person operating 717 a motor vehicle who has an affidavit signed by a physician 718 licensed to practice in this state under Chapter 4731. of the 719 Revised Code or a chiropractor licensed to practice in this 720 state under Chapter 4734. of the Revised Code that states that 721 the child who otherwise would be required to be restrained under 722 this section has a physical impairment that makes use of a child 723

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restraint system, booster seat, or an occupant restraining 724 device impossible or impractical, provided that the person 725 operating the vehicle has safely and appropriately restrained 726 the child in accordance with any recommendations of the 727 physician or chiropractor as noted on the affidavit. 728

(I) (H) There is hereby created in the state treasury the 729 child highway safety fund, consisting of fines imposed pursuant 730 to division (L)(1) of this section for violations of divisions 731 (A), (B), (C), and (D) of this section. The money in the fund 732 733 shall be used by the department of health only to defray the cost of designating hospitals as pediatric trauma centers under 734 section 3727.081 of the Revised Code and to establish and 735 administer a child highway safety program. The purpose of the 736 program shall be to educate the public about child restraint 737 systems and booster seats and the importance of their proper 738 use. The program also shall include a process for providing 739 child restraint systems and booster seats to persons who meet 740 the eligibility criteria established by the department, and a 741 toll-free telephone number the public may utilize to obtain 742 information about child restraint systems and booster seats, and 743 744 their proper use.

(J) (I) The director of health, in accordance with Chapter 745 746 119. of the Revised Code, shall adopt any rules necessary to carry out this section, including rules establishing the 747 criteria a person must meet in order to receive a child 748 restraint system or booster seat under the department's child 749 highway safety program; provided that rules relating to the 750 verification of pediatric trauma centers shall not be adopted 751 under this section. 752

(K) (J) Nothing in this section shall be construed to

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require any person to carry with the person the birth 754 certificate of a child to prove the age of the child, but the 755 production of a valid birth certificate for a child showing that 756 the child was not of an age to which this section applies is a 757 defense against any ticket, citation, or summons issued for 758 violating this section. 759

(L) (1) (K) (1) Whoever violates division (A), (B), (C), or 760 (D) of this section shall be punished as follows, provided that 761 the failure of an operator of a motor vehicle to secure more 762 than one child in a child restraint system, booster seat, or 763 occupant restraining device as required by this section that 764 occurred at the same time, on the same day, and at the same 765 location is deemed to be a single violation of this section: 766

(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (L) (1) (b) (K)
(1) (b) of this section, the offender is guilty of a minor
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misdemeanor and shall be fined not less than twenty-five dollars
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nor more than seventy-five dollars.
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(b) If the offender previously has been convicted of or
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pleaded guilty to a violation of division (A), (B), (C), or (D)
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of this section or of a municipal ordinance that is
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substantially similar to any of those divisions, the offender is
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guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree.
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(2) All fines imposed pursuant to division (L) (1) (K) (1)
of this section shall be forwarded to the treasurer of state for
deposit in the child highway safety fund created by division (I)
(H) of this section.

(3) In lieu of payment of the fine under division (K) (1)780(a) of this section, an offender who has not previously been781issued a ticket, citation, or summons and paid a fine under this782

section, section 4513.263 of the Revised Code, or equivalent	783
municipal ordinances may elect to complete the occupant	784
restraint safety course established under section 4510.312 of	785
the Revised Code. If the offender successfully completes the	786
course, the offender shall submit to the court, in lieu of the	787
fine, the written evidence required to be issued to the offender	788
under that section. The offender shall submit the written	789
evidence within ninety days of the offense.	790
Sec. 4513.263. (A) As used in this section-and in section-	791
4513.99 of the Revised Code:	792
(1) "Automobile" means any commercial tractor, passenger	793
car, commercial car, or truck that is required to be factory-	794
equipped with an occupant restraining device for the operator or	795
any passenger by regulations adopted by the United States	796
secretary of transportation pursuant to the "National Traffic	797
and Motor Vehicle Safety Act of 1966," 80 Stat. 719, 15 U.S.C.A.	798
1392 and the national highway traffic safety administration.	799
(2) "Occupant restraining device" means a seat safety	800
belt, shoulder belt, harness, or other safety device for	801
restraining a person who is an operator of or passenger in an	802
automobile and that satisfies the minimum federal vehicle safety	803
standards established by the United States department of	804
transportation.	805
(3) "Passenger" means any person in an automobile, other	806
than its operator, who is occupying a seating position for which	807

(4) "Commercial tractor," "passenger car," and "commercial car" have the same meanings as in section 4501.01 of the Revised Code.

an occupant restraining device is provided.

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(5) "Vehicle" and "motor vehicle," as used in the
definitions of the terms set forth in division (A) (4) of this
section, have the same meanings as in section 4511.01 of the
Revised Code.

(6) "Tort action" means a civil action for damages for
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injury, death, or loss to person or property. "Tort action"
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includes a product liability claim, as defined in section
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2307.71 of the Revised Code, and an asbestos claim, as defined
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in section 2307.91 of the Revised Code, but does not include a
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civil action for damages for breach of contract or another
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agreement between persons.

(B) No person shall do any of the following: 823

(1) Operate an automobile on any street or highway unless
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that person is wearing all of the available elements of a
properly adjusted occupant restraining device, or operate a
school bus that has an occupant restraining device installed for
school bus that has an occupant restraining device installed for
school bus that has an occupant restraining device installed for
school bus that has an occupant restraining device installed for
school bus that has an occupant restraining device installed for
school bus that has an occupant restraining device installed for
school bus that has an occupant appropriate that person is wearing all of
school bus that ble elements of the device, as properly adjusted;

(2) Operate an automobile on any street or highway unless
each passenger in the automobile who is subject to the
requirement set forth in division (B) (3) of this section is
wearing all of the available elements of a properly adjusted
occupant restraining device;

(3) Occupy, as a passenger, a seating position on the
front seat of an automobile being operated on any street or
highway unless that person is wearing all of the available
elements of a properly adjusted occupant restraining device;
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(4) Operate a taxicab on any street or highway unless allfactory-equipped occupant restraining devices in the taxicab are840

maintained in usable form.

(C) (1) Division (B) (3) of this section does not apply to a 842
person who is required by section 4511.81 of the Revised Code to 843
be secured in a child restraint device or booster seat. 844

(2) Division (B) (1) of this section does not apply to a 845
person who is an employee of the United States postal service or 846
of a newspaper home delivery service, during any period in which 847
the person is engaged in the operation of an automobile to 848
deliver mail or newspapers to addressees. 849

(3) Divisions (B) (1) and (3) of this section do not apply
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(3) Divisions (B) (1) and (3) of this section do not apply
(4) Solution
(4) Divisions (B) (1) and (3) of this section do not apply
(4) Divisions (B) (1) and (3) of the Revised Code that states the following:

(a) That the person has a physical impairment that makes855use of an occupant restraining device impossible or impractical;856

(b)	Whether	the physical	impairment	is temporary,	857
permanent,	or rea	sonably expec	ted to be pe	rmanent;	858

(c) If the physical impairment is temporary, how long the
physical impairment is expected to make the use of an occupant
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restraining device impossible or impractical.
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(4) Divisions (B) (1) and (3) of this section do not apply
to a person who has registered with the registrar of motor
vehicles in accordance with division (C) (5) of this section.

(5) A person who has received an affidavit under division
(C) (3) of this section stating that the person has a permanent
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or reasonably expected to be permanent physical impairment that
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makes use of an occupant restraining device impossible or
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impracticable may register with the registrar attesting to that 869
fact. Upon such registration, the registrar shall make that 870
information available in the law enforcement automated data 871
system. A person included in the database under division (C)(5) 872
of this section is not required to have the affidavit obtained 873
in accordance with division (C)(3) of this section in their 874
possession while operating or occupying an automobile. 875

(6) A physician or chiropractor who issues an affidavit 876 for the purposes of division (C)(3) or (4) of this section is 877 immune from civil liability arising from any injury or death 878 sustained by the person who was issued the affidavit due to the 879 failure of the person to wear an occupant restraining device 880 unless the physician or chiropractor, in issuing the affidavit, 881 acted in a manner that constituted willful, wanton, or reckless 882 misconduct. 883

(7) The registrar shall adopt rules in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code establishing a process for a person to be included in the database under division (C)(5) of this section. The information provided and included in the database under division (C)(5) of this section is not a public record subject to inspection or copying under section 149.43 of the Revised Code.

(D) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, 891 no law enforcement officer shall cause an operator of an-892 automobile being operated on any street or highway to stop the 893 automobile for the sole purpose of determining whether a-894 violation of division (B) of this section has been or is being 895 committed or for the sole purpose of issuing a ticket, citation, 896 or summons for a violation of that nature or causing the arrest 897 898 of or commencing a prosecution of a person for a violation of

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that nature, and no law enforcement officer shall view the 899 interior or visually inspect any automobile being operated on 900 any street or highway for the sole purpose of determining-901 whether a violation of that nature has been or is being 902 903 committed. (E) (1) All fines collected for violations of division (B) 904 of this section, or for violations of any ordinance or 905 resolution of a political subdivision that is substantively 906 comparable to that division, shall be forwarded to the treasurer 907 of state for deposit into the state treasury to the credit of 908 the trauma and emergency medical services fund, which is hereby 909 created. In addition, the 910 (2) The trauma and emergency medical services fund shall 911 also consist of all of the following which shall be deposited 912 into the fund: 913 (a) The portion of the driver's license reinstatement fee 914 described in division (F)(2)(g) of section 4511.191 of the 915 Revised Code, plus all ; 916 (b) All fees collected under section 4765.11 of the 917 918 Revised Code, plus all; (c) All fines imposed under section 4765.55 of the Revised 919 Code, plus the; 920 (d) The fees and other moneys specified in section 4766.05 921 of the Revised Code, and plus five ; 922 (e) Five per cent of fines and moneys arising from bail 923 forfeitures as directed by section 5503.04 of the Revised Code, 924 also shall be deposited into the trauma and emergency medical 925 services fund. All-926

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(3) All money deposited into the trauma and emergency 927 medical services fund shall be used by the department of public 928 safety for the administration and operation of the division of 929 emergency medical services and the state board of emergency 930 medical, fire, and transportation services, and by the state 931 board of emergency medical, fire, and transportation services to 932 make grants, in accordance with section 4765.07 of the Revised 933 Code and rules the board adopts under section 4765.11 of the 934 Revised Code. - The-935

(4) The director of budget and management may transfer 936 excess money from the trauma and emergency medical services fund 937 to the public safety - highway purposes fund established in 938 section 4501.06 of the Revised Code if the director of public 939 safety determines that the amount of money in the trauma and 940 emergency medical services fund exceeds the amount required to 941 cover such costs incurred by the emergency medical services 942 agency and the grants made by the state board of emergency 943 medical, fire, and transportation services and requests the 944 director of budget and management to make the transfer. 945

(F) (1) (E) (1) Subject to division (F) (2) (E) (2) of this 946 section, the failure of a person to wear all of the available 947 elements of a properly adjusted occupant restraining device in 948 violation of division (B)(1) or (3) of this section or the 949 failure of a person to ensure that each minor who is a passenger 950 of an automobile being operated by that person is wearing all of 951 the available elements of a properly adjusted occupant 952 restraining device in violation of division (B)(2) of this 953 section shall not be considered or used by the trier of fact in 954 a tort action as evidence of negligence or contributory 955 negligence. But, the trier of fact may determine based on 956 evidence admitted consistent with the Ohio Rules of Evidence 957

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that the failure contributed to the harm alleged in the tort 958 action and may diminish a recovery of compensatory damages that 959 represents noneconomic loss, as defined in section 2307.011 of 960 the Revised Code, in a tort action that could have been 961 recovered but for the plaintiff's failure to wear all of the 962 available elements of a properly adjusted occupant restraining 963 device. Evidence of that failure shall not be used as a basis 964 for a criminal prosecution of the person other than a 965 prosecution for a violation of this section; and shall not be 966 admissible as evidence in a criminal action involving the person 967 other than a prosecution for a violation of this section. 968

(2) If, at the time of an accident involving a passenger 969 car equipped with occupant restraining devices, any occupant of 970 the passenger car who sustained injury or death was not wearing 971 an available occupant restraining device, was not wearing all of 972 the available elements of such a device, or was not wearing such 973 a device as properly adjusted, then, consistent with the Rules 974 of Evidence, the fact that the occupant was not wearing the 975 available occupant restraining device, was not wearing all of 976 the available elements of such a device, or was not wearing such 977 a device as properly adjusted is admissible in evidence in 978 relation to any claim for relief in a tort action to the extent 979 that the claim for relief satisfies all of the following: 980

(a) It seeks to recover damages for injury or death to the981occupant.982

(b) The defendant in question is the manufacturer,983designer, distributor, or seller of the passenger car.984

(c) The claim for relief against the defendant in question
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is that the injury or death sustained by the occupant was
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enhanced or aggravated by some design defect in the passenger
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car or that the passenger car was not crashworthy.

(G)(1) (F)(1) Whoever violates division (B)(1) of this

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#### section shall be fined thirty dollars. 990 (2) Whoever violates division (B) (3) of this section shall 991 992 be fined twenty dollars. (3) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever 993 violates division (B)(4) of this section is guilty of a minor 994 misdemeanor. If the offender previously has been convicted of or 995 pleaded guilty to a violation of division (B)(4) of this 996 section, whoever violates division (B) (4) of this section is 997 998 quilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree. (4) In lieu of payment of the fine under divisions (F)(1) 999 to (3) of this section, an offender who has not previously been 1000 issued a ticket, citation, or summons and paid a fine under this 1001 section, section 4511.81 of the Revised Code, or equivalent 1002 municipal ordinances may elect to complete the occupant 1003 restraint safety course established under section 4510.312 of 1004 the Revised Code. If the offender successfully completes the 1005 course, the offender shall submit to the court, in lieu of the 1006 fine, the written evidence required to be issued to the offender 1007 under that section. The offender shall submit the written 1008 1009 evidence within ninety days of the offense. Sec. 4513.264. (A) If a law enforcement officer issues an 1010 offender a ticket, citation, or summons for a violation of 1011 section 4511.81 or 4513.263 of the Revised Code, the officer 1012 shall report the issuance of the ticket, citation, or summons to 1013 the officer's law enforcement agency. 1014 (B) A law enforcement agency shall compile the information 1015

from reports submitted in accordance with division (A) of this 1016

section. Every other month, the agency shall prepare a report	1017
that describes the number of offenders who received a ticket,	1018
citation, or summons under sections 4511.81 and 4513.263 of the	1019
Revised Code during the prior two months. Upon completion of the	1020
report, the agency shall send the report to the attorney	1021
general.	1022
(C) The attorney general shall complete an annual report	1023
that is based on the reports submitted by law enforcement	1024
agencies under this section during the prior one-year period.	1025
The report shall describe both of the following:	1026
(1) The total number of offenders who received a ticket,	1027
citation, or summons for a violation of section 4511.81 or	1028
4513.263 of the Revised Code;	1029
(2) The information specified under division (B)(1) of	1030
this section listed by law enforcement agency.	1031
(D) Upon completion of the annual report, the attorney	1032
general shall submit it to the governor, the speaker of the	1033
house of representatives, and the president of the senate.	1034
Sec. 4513.35. (A) All fines collected under sections	1035
4511.01 to 4511.78, 4511.99, and 4513.01 to 4513.37 of the	1036
Revised Code shall be paid into the county treasury and, with	1037
the exception of that portion distributed under section 307.515	1038
of the Revised Code, shall be placed to the credit of the fund	1039
for the maintenance and repair of the highways within that	1040
county, except that:	1041
(1) All fines for violations of division (B) of section	1042
4513.263 shall be delivered to the treasurer of state as	1043
provided in <del>division (E) of</del> section 4513.263 of the Revised	1044
Code.	1045

(2) All fines collected from, or moneys arising from bonds
forfeited by, persons apprehended or arrested by state highway
patrol troopers shall be distributed as provided in section
5503.04 of the Revised Code.

(3) (a) Subject to division (E) of section 4513.263 of the
Revised Code and except as otherwise provided in division (A) (3)
(b) of this section, one-half of all fines collected from, and
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one-half of all moneys arising from bonds forfeited by, persons
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apprehended or arrested by a township constable or other
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township police officer shall be paid to the township treasury
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to be placed to the credit of the general fund.

(b) All fines collected from, and all moneys arising from 1057 bonds forfeited by, persons apprehended or arrested by a 1058 township constable or other township police officer pursuant to 1059 division (B)(2) or (C) of section 4513.39 of the Revised Code 1060 for a violation of section 4511.21 of the Revised Code or any 1061 other law, ordinance, or regulation pertaining to speed that 1062 occurred on a highway that is part of the interstate system or 1063 otherwise part of the national highway system, shall be paid 1064 into the county treasury and be credited as provided in the 1065 first paragraph of this section. 1066

(B) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section or 1067of any other section of the Revised Code: 1068

(1) All fines collected from, and all moneys arising from
bonds forfeited by, persons arrested under division (E) (1) or
(2) of section 2935.03 of the Revised Code are deemed to be
(2) of and to arise, from arrests made within the
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section and shall be distributed accordingly.

(2) All fines collected from, and all moneys arising from 1077 bonds forfeited by, persons arrested under division (E)(3) of 1078 section 2935.03 of the Revised Code are deemed to be collected, 1079 and to arise, from arrests made within the jurisdiction in which 1080 the arresting officer is appointed, elected, or employed, for 1081 violations of municipal ordinances that are substantially 1082 equivalent to one of the sections or one of the provisions of 1083 one of the chapters of the Revised Code listed in division (E) 1084 (1) of that section and for violations of one of the sections or 1085 one of the provisions of one of the chapters of the Revised Code 1086 listed in division (E)(1) of that section, and shall be 1087 distributed accordingly. 1088

Sec. 5503.04. Forty-five per cent of the fines collected 1089 from or moneys arising from bail forfeited by persons 1090 apprehended or arrested by state highway patrol troopers shall 1091 be paid into the state treasury to be credited to the general 1092 revenue fund, five per cent shall be paid into the state 1093 treasury to be credited to the trauma and emergency medical 1094 services fund created by section 4513.263 of the Revised Code, 1095 and fifty per cent shall be paid into the treasury of the 1096 municipal corporation where the case is prosecuted, if in a 1097 mayor's court. If the prosecution is in a trial court outside a 1098 municipal corporation, or outside the territorial jurisdiction 1099 of a municipal court, the fifty per cent of the fines and moneys 1100 that is not paid into the state treasury shall be paid into the 1101 treasury of the county where the case is prosecuted. The fines 1102 and moneys paid into a county treasury and the fines and moneys 1103 paid into the treasury of a municipal corporation shall be 1104 deposited one-half to the same fund and expended in the same 1105 manner as is the revenue received from the registration of motor 1106 vehicles, and one-half to the general fund of such county or 1107 municipal corporation. 1108

If the prosecution is in a municipal court, forty-five per 1109 cent of the fines and moneys shall be paid into the state 1110 treasury to be credited to the general revenue fund, five per 1111 cent shall be paid into the state treasury to be credited to the 1112 trauma and emergency medical services fund created by division-1113 (E) of section 4513.263 of the Revised Code, ten per cent shall 1114 be paid into the county treasury to be credited to the general 1115 fund of the county, and forty per cent shall be paid into the 1116 municipal treasury to be credited to the general fund of the 1117 municipal corporation. In the Auglaize county, Clermont county, 1118 Crawford county, Hocking county, Jackson county, Lawrence 1119 county, Madison county, Miami county, Ottawa county, Portage 1120 county, and Wayne county municipal courts, that portion of money 1121 otherwise paid into the municipal treasury shall be paid into 1122 the county treasury. 1123

The trial court shall make remittance of the fines and 1124 moneys as prescribed in this section, and at the same time as 1125 the remittance is made of the state's portion to the state 1126 treasury, the trial court shall notify the superintendent of the 1127 state highway patrol of the case and the amount covered by the 1128 remittance. 1129

This section does not apply to fines for violations of1130division (B) of section 4513.263 of the Revised Code, or for1131violations of any municipal ordinance that is substantively1132comparable to that division, all of which shall be delivered to1133the treasurer of state as provided in division (E) of section11344513.263 of the Revised Code.1135

Section 2. That existing sections 307.515, 733.40, 1136

 2152.21, 4501.11, 4507.05, 4507.071, 4511.043, 4511.81,
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 4513.263, 4513.35, and 5503.04 of the Revised Code are hereby
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 repealed.
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 Section 3. The amendment of sections 307.515, 733.40,
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 2152.21, 4501.11, 4507.05, 4507.071, 4511.043, 4511.81,
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 4513.263, 4513.35, and 5503.04 of the Revised Code by this act
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 and the enactment of sections 4510.312 and 4513.264 of the
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 Revised Code by this act take effect ninety days after the
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 effective date of this section.
 1145

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