As Passed by the House

135th General Assembly

Regular Session 2023-2024

Sub. H. B. No. 73

Representatives Gross, Loychik

Cosponsors: Representatives Jordan, Dean, Swearingen, Edwards, Klopfenstein, Williams, Barhorst, Wiggam, Creech, Claggett, Miller, M., Miller, K., Hall, Fowler Arthur, Abrams, Carruthers, Click, Cutrona, Dobos, Galonski, Jones, Lear, Lorenz, Mathews, McClain, Miller, A., Richardson, Schmidt, Stein, Willis, Young, T.

A BILL

| То | enact section 3792.06 of the Revised Code to | 1 |
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| | authorize the prescribing of off-label | 2 |
| | medications and if prescribed, to generally | 3 |
| | require their dispensing and to name this act | 4 |
| | the Dave and Angie Patient and Health Provider | 5 |
| | Protection Act. | 6 |

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

| Section 1. That section 3792.06 of the Revised Code be | 7 |
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| enacted to read as follows: | 8 |
| Sec. 3792.06. (A) As used in this section: | 9 |
| (1) "Health-related licensing board" has the same meaning | 10 |
| as in section 3719.062 of the Revised Code. | 11 |
| (2) "Hospital" has the same meaning as in section 3722.01 | 12 |
| of the Revised Code and includes a hospital owned or operated by | 13 |
| the United States department of veterans affairs. | 14 |
| (3) "Identified" means that a hospital or inpatient | 15 |

(8) "Prescriber" has the same meaning as in section

4729.01 of the Revised Code.

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| (9) "Public official" means any officer, employee, or duly | 4 4 |
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| authorized agent or representative of a state agency or | 45 |
| political subdivision. | 46 |
| (10) "State agency" means any organized agency, board, | 47 |
| body, commission, department, institution, office, or other | 48 |
| entity established by the laws of the state for the exercise of | 49 |
| any function of state government. "State agency" does not | 50 |
| include a court. | 51 |
| (B) A prescriber may issue for a patient a prescription | 52 |
| for any drug, including an off-label drug, if the prescriber has | 53 |
| obtained the patient's informed consent or the consent of the | 54 |
| person holding the patient's health care power of attorney. All | 55 |
| of the following apply to the prescribing of an off-label drug | 56 |
| under this division: | 57 |
| (1) The prescriber is not required to obtain a test result | 58 |
| before issuing the prescription for the patient's use of the | 59 |
| drug at home or for other outpatient treatment. | 60 |
| (2) The patient is not required to have had a positive | 61 |
| screen for a particular disease, illness, or infection before | 62 |
| the prescriber issues the prescription. | 63 |
| (3) The patient is not required to have been exposed to a | 64 |
| disease, illness, or infection before the prescriber issues the | 65 |
| prescription for the patient's prophylactic use of the drug. | 66 |
| (C)(1) A pharmacist shall dispense, and a hospital or | 67 |
| inpatient facility shall allow the dispensing of, an off-label | 68 |
| drug to a patient if a prescriber has issued for the patient a | 69 |
| prescription for the drug as described in division (B) of this | 70 |
| section, except if either of the following is the case: | 71 |
| (a) As provided in section 4743.10 of the Revised Code, | 72 |

| the pharmacist, hospital, or inpatient facility has a moral, | 73 |
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| ethical, or religious belief or conviction that conflicts with | 74 |
| the drug's dispensing. | 75 |
| (b) The pharmacist has documented that the patient has a | 76 |
| history of a life-threatening allergic reaction to the | 77 |
| prescribed off-label drug or there is a life-threatening | 78 |
| <pre>contraindication.</pre> | 79 |
| (2) When a pharmacist must dispense, or a hospital or | 80 |
| inpatient facility must allow the dispensing of, an off-label | 81 |
| drug for a patient pursuant to this section, but the pharmacist, | 82 |
| hospital, or inpatient facility has an objective, good faith, | 83 |
| and scientific objection to the administration or dosage of the | 84 |
| drug for that patient, the pharmacist, hospital, or inpatient | 85 |
| facility shall be immune from administrative or civil liability | 86 |
| for any harm that may arise from the dispensing or use of the | 87 |
| off-label drug starting from the date of dispensing, so long as | 88 |
| both of the following are done: | 89 |
| (a) At the time of dispensing, the pharmacist, hospital, | 90 |
| or inpatient facility documents in the patient's medical record | 91 |
| the objective, good faith, and scientific objection, by stating | 92 |
| with particularity the basis of that objection, which must be | 93 |
| based on an individualized assessment of the patient and the | 94 |
| off-label drug. | 95 |
| (b) The pharmacist submits to the board of pharmacy or the | 96 |
| hospital or inpatient facility submits to the department of | 97 |
| health the objective, good faith, and scientific objection by | 98 |
| stating with particularity the basis of that objection, which | 99 |
| must be based on an individualized assessment of the patient and | 100 |
| the off-label drug. | 101 |

| (3)(a) In the case of a pharmacist who practices within a | 102 |
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| hospital's or inpatient facility's pharmacy and where an in- | 103 |
| house treating prescriber issues for a hospital or facility | 104 |
| patient a prescription for an off-label drug that is neither in | 105 |
| stock nor listed on the hospital's or facility's formulary, the | 106 |
| pharmacist must document in the patient's medical record that a | 107 |
| good faith effort was made to find out if the drug is available | 108 |
| from another hospital or inpatient facility or another | 109 |
| distributor. If available, the drug must be offered to the | 110 |
| patient at an upfront out-of-pocket cost to the patient. The | 111 |
| hospital or inpatient facility may require payment prior to | 112 |
| ordering the drug. | 113 |
| (b) If the hospital or inpatient facility pharmacist is | 114 |
| unable to obtain the off-label drug from another hospital, | 115 |
| inpatient facility, or distributor or if the hospital, hospital | 116 |
| pharmacist, inpatient facility, or pharmacist declines to fill | 117 |
| the prescription for the reasons provided in section 4743.10 of | 118 |
| the Revised Code, and the patient has access to the drug through | 119 |
| a pharmacy outside the hospital or inpatient facility or has the | 120 |
| drug available at home, then both of the following apply: | 121 |
| (i) The hospital or inpatient facility must permit that | 122 |
| drug to be brought into the hospital or inpatient facility to be | 123 |
| identified for the patient's use and administration within the | 124 |
| hospital or inpatient facility. | 125 |
| (ii) When the hospital or inpatient facility or the | 126 |
| patient's in-house treating prescriber or other in-house | 127 |
| treating clinician is unwilling to administer the drug to the | 128 |
| patient for reasons provided in section 4743.10 of the Revised | 129 |
| Code, then another prescriber or prescriber's delegate may | 130 |
| administer the drug. | 1.31 |

| (4) When a patient cannot be safely transported out of a | 132 |
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| hospital or inpatient facility and the patient or person holding | 133 |
| the patient's health care power of attorney wishes to try an | 134 |
| off-label drug to treat the patient's condition, but there is no | 135 |
| in-house prescriber willing to prescribe the drug, then the | 136 |
| patient's outpatient physician prescriber, after a prompt | 137 |
| consultation with the patient's hospital or inpatient facility | 138 |
| care team and a review of all of the patient's drugs, shall be | 139 |
| allowed to immediately begin applying for temporary privileges | 140 |
| with oversight, based on criteria within the hospital or | 141 |
| inpatient facility medical staff bylaws. The temporary | 142 |
| privileges approval process is not to exceed five days. If the | 143 |
| outpatient physician prescriber does not meet the facility's | 144 |
| medical staff bylaw requirements, then the denial shall be | 145 |
| reported to the Ohio department of health. If the outpatient | 146 |
| physician prescriber meets the facility's medical staff bylaw | 147 |
| requirements, then he/she shall immediately be allowed to | 148 |
| participate in the patient's care in the narrowed scope of | 149 |
| practice regarding the administering and monitoring of the | 150 |
| prescribed off-label drug within the hospital or inpatient | 151 |
| facility until the patient is in a condition where the patient | 152 |
| can be safely transported to a hospital or inpatient facility | 153 |
| where the outpatient physician prescriber is credentialed. In | 154 |
| <pre>such a case, all of the following apply:</pre> | 155 |
| (a) The patient may be required to pay out-of-pocket for | 156 |
| the prescribed off-label drug before it is ordered. | 157 |
| (b) If the hospital or inpatient facility cannot obtain | 158 |
| the off-label drug being prescribed by the outpatient physician | 159 |
| prescriber, then the requirements of divisions (C)(3)(b)(i) and | 160 |
| (ii) apply. | 161 |

| <u>(c) The in-house pharmacist, hospital, or inpatient</u> | 162 |
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| facility and the in-house physician responsible for the | 163 |
| patient's care shall be immune from administrative and civil | 164 |
| liability for any harm that may arise from the patient's use of | 165 |
| the off-label drug prescribed by the outpatient physician | 166 |
| prescriber starting from the date of dispensing. | 167 |
| (5) All of the following apply to the dispensing of an | 168 |
| off-label drug under division (C)(1) or (2) of this section: | 169 |
| (a) The pharmacist is not required to obtain a test result | 170 |
| before dispensing the drug for the patient's use at home or for | 171 |
| <pre>other outpatient treatment.</pre> | 172 |
| (b) The patient is not required to have had a positive | 173 |
| screen for a particular disease, illness, or infection before | 174 |
| the pharmacist dispenses the drug. | 175 |
| (c) The patient is not required to have been exposed to a | 176 |
| disease, illness, or infection before the pharmacist dispenses | 177 |
| the drug for prophylactic use. | 178 |
| (6) Nothing in this section prevents a pharmacist from | 179 |
| discussing a prescription with the prescriber who issued the | 180 |
| prescription. | 181 |
| (D) A health-related licensing board, department of | 182 |
| health, state board of pharmacy, or other state board or agency | 183 |
| responsible for the licensure or regulation of health care | 184 |
| professionals shall not consider any action taken by a | 185 |
| prescriber or pharmacist or hospital or inpatient facility under | 186 |
| this section to be unlawful, unethical, unauthorized, or | 187 |
| unprofessional conduct and shall not pursue an administrative or | 188 |
| disciplinary action against the prescriber, pharmacist, | 189 |
| hospital, or facility, except in cases of recklessness or gross | 190 |

| negligence. | |
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| A health-related licensing board, department of health, | 192 |
| state board of pharmacy, or other state board or agency | 193 |
| responsible for the licensure or regulation of health care | 194 |
| professionals shall not pursue an administrative or disciplinary | 195 |
| action against a prescriber, pharmacist, or other licensed | 196 |
| health care professional or hospital or inpatient facility for | 197 |
| publicly or privately expressing a medical opinion that does not | 198 |
| align with the opinions of the board or agency, a board of | 199 |
| health of a city or general health district, or the department | 200 |
| of health. | 201 |
| (E) A political subdivision, public official, or state | 202 |
| agency shall not enforce any rule or order issued by a federal | 203 |
| agency that prohibits issuing a prescription for or dispensing | 204 |
| an off-label drug. | 205 |
| (F) At no time shall a patient in a hospital or inpatient | 206 |
| facility be denied sufficient means of fluids or nutrition, | 207 |
| unless that wish is clearly stated in the patient's end of life | 208 |
| health directive, as that directive is defined by the patient or | 209 |
| patient's health care power of attorney, or the denial is | 210 |
| necessary for a medical procedure, including a diagnostic or | 211 |
| surgical procedure, and then only for the shortest amount of | 212 |
| time medically possible and with the informed consent of the | 213 |
| patient or person holding the patient's health care power of | 214 |
| attorney. | 215 |
| Section 2. This act shall be known as the Dave and Angie | 216 |
| Patient and Health Provider Protection Act. | 217 |