As Introduced

135th General Assembly Regular Session 2023-2024

S. B. No. 237

Senators Gavarone, Manning

A BILL

То	amend section 2505.02 and to enact sections	1
	2747.01, 2747.02, 2747.03, 2747.04, 2747.05, and	2
	2747.06 of the Revised Code to enact the Uniform	3
	Public Expression Protection Act relating to	4
	legal actions concerning protected speech.	5

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That section 2505.02 be amended and sections	6
2747.01, 2747.02, 2747.03, 2747.04, 2747.05, and 2747.06 of the	7
Revised Code be enacted to read as follows:	8
Sec. 2505.02. (A) As used in this section:	9
(1) "Substantial right" means a right that the United	10
States Constitution, the Ohio Constitution, a statute, the	11
common law, or a rule of procedure entitles a person to enforce	12
or protect.	13
(2) "Special proceeding" means an action or proceeding	14
that is specially created by statute and that prior to 1853 was	15
not denoted as an action at law or a suit in equity.	16
(3) "Provisional remedy" means a proceeding ancillary to	17
(3) Provisional remedy means a proceeding ancillary to	1 /
an action, including, but not limited to, a proceeding for a	18

S. B. No. 237 As Introduced

preliminary injunction, attachment, discovery of privileged	19
matter, suppression of evidence, a prima-facie showing pursuant	20
to section 2307.85 or 2307.86 of the Revised Code, a prima-facie	21
showing pursuant to section 2307.92 of the Revised Code, or a	22
finding made pursuant to division (A)(3) of section 2307.93 of	23
the Revised Code.	24
(B) An order is a final order that may be reviewed,	25
affirmed, modified, or reversed, with or without retrial, when	26
it is one of the following:	27
(1) An order that affects a substantial right in an action	28
that in effect determines the action and prevents a judgment;	29
(2) An order that affects a substantial right made in a	30
special proceeding or upon a summary application in an action	31
after judgment;	32
(3) An order that vacates or sets aside a judgment or	33
grants a new trial;	34
(4) An order that grants or denies a provisional remedy	35
and to which both of the following apply:	36
(a) The order in effect determines the action with respect	37
to the provisional remedy and prevents a judgment in the action	38
in favor of the appealing party with respect to the provisional	39
remedy.	40
(b) The appealing party would not be afforded a meaningful	41
or effective remedy by an appeal following final judgment as to	42
all proceedings, issues, claims, and parties in the action.	43
(5) An order that determines that an action may or may not	44
be maintained as a class action;	45
(6) An order determining the constitutionality of any	46

S. B. No. 237
As Introduced

changes to the Revised Code made by Am. Sub. S.B. 281 of the	47
124th general assembly, including the amendment of sections	48
1751.67, 2117.06, 2305.11, 2305.15, 2305.234, 2317.02, 2317.54,	49
2323.56, 2711.21, 2711.22, 2711.23, 2711.24, 2743.02, 2743.43,	50
2919.16, 3923.63, 3923.64, 4705.15, and 5111.018 (renumbered as	51
5164.07 by H.B. 59 of the 130th general assembly), and the	52
enactment of sections 2305.113, 2323.41, 2323.43, and 2323.55 of	53
the Revised Code or any changes made by Sub. S.B. 80 of the	54
125th general assembly, including the amendment of sections	55
2125.02, 2305.10, 2305.131, 2315.18, 2315.19, and 2315.21 of the	56
Revised Code;	57
(7) An order in an appropriation proceeding that may be	58
appealed pursuant to division (B)(3) of section 163.09 of the	59
Revised Code;	60
(8) An order that denies a motion for expedited relief	61
pursuant to section 2747.04 of the Revised Code.	62
(C) When a court issues an order that vacates or sets	63
aside a judgment or grants a new trial, the court, upon the	64
request of either party, shall state in the order the grounds	65
upon which the new trial is granted or the judgment vacated or	66
set aside.	67
(D) This section applies to and governs any action,	68
including an appeal, that is pending in any court on July 22,	69
1998, and all claims filed or actions commenced on or after July	70
22, 1998, notwithstanding any provision of any prior statute or	71
rule of law of this state.	72
Sec. 2747.01. (A) As used in this section:	73
(1) "Goods or services" does not include the creation,	74
dissemination, exhibition, or advertisement, or a similar	75

promotion, of a dramatic, literary, musical, political,	76
journalistic, or artistic work.	77
(2) "Governmental unit" means the government of the United	78
States, the state, a political subdivision of the state, or any	79
department, agency, board, commission, or other instrumentality	80
of the government of the United States, the state, or a	81
political subdivision.	82
(3) "Person" includes an individual, estate, trust,	83
partnership, business or nonprofit entity, governmental unit, or	84
other legal entity.	85
(B) Except as provided in division (C) of this section,	86
this chapter applies to a cause of action asserted in a civil	87
action against a person based on any of the following:	88
(1) The person's communication in a legislative,	89
executive, judicial, administrative, or other governmental	90
<pre>proceeding;</pre>	91
(2) The person's communication on an issue under	92
consideration or review in a legislative, executive, judicial,	93
administrative, or other governmental proceeding;	94
(3) The person's exercise of the right of freedom of	95
speech and of the press, the right to assemble and petition, and	96
the right of association, guaranteed by the United States	97
Constitution or the Ohio Constitution, on a matter of public	98
concern.	99
(C) This chapter does not apply to any of the following:	100
(1) A legal action against a governmental unit or an	101
employee or agent of the governmental unit who was acting or	102
purporting to act in an official capacity;	103

(2) An enforcement action that is brought in the name of a	104
governmental unit to protect against an imminent threat to	105
<pre>public health or safety;</pre>	106
(3) A legal action brought against a person primarily	107
engaged in the business of selling or leasing goods or services,	108
if the cause of action arises out of communication related to	109
the person's sale or lease of the goods or service.	110
Sec. 2747.02. Not later than sixty days after a party is	111
served with a complaint, cross-claim, counterclaim, third-party	112
claim, or other pleading that asserts a cause of action to which	113
this chapter applies, the party may file a motion for expedited	114
relief to dismiss the civil action or claim. The court may	115
extend the sixty-day period to file the motion for expedited	116
relief for good cause shown.	117
Sec. 2747.03. (A) (1) Except as otherwise provided in this	118
section, if a motion for expedited relief is filed under section	119
2747.02 of the Revised Code, the court shall stay all other	120
proceedings in the action between the moving party and	121
responding party, including discovery and any other pending	122
hearing or motion.	123
(2) Upon request by the moving party, the court may stay a	124
hearing or motion involving another party in the action, or	125
discovery by another party, if the hearing or ruling on the	126
motion would adjudicate, or the discovery would relate to, an	127
issue material to the motion for expedited relief.	128
(B) A stay under division (A) of this section remains in	129
effect until thirty days after the entry of a ruling on the	130
motion for expedited relief or upon the conclusion of an appeal	131
of the ruling, whichever is later. During such an appeal, all	132

proceedings between all parties in the action are stayed.	133
(C) During a stay under division (A) of this section, the	134
court may allow limited discovery if the party seeking discovery	135
shows that specific information is necessary to establish	136
whether a party has satisfied a burden under section 2747.04 of	137
the Revised Code and the information cannot be obtained unless	138
discovery is allowed.	139
(D) A motion under section 2747.05 of the Revised Code for	140
attorney's fees, court costs, and other litigation expenses is	141
not subject to a stay under this section.	142
(E) A stay under this section does not affect a party's	143
ability to voluntarily dismiss a cause of action or move to	144
sever a cause of action for a separate trial.	145
(F) During a stay under this section, the court for good	146
<pre>cause may hear and rule on either of the following:</pre>	147
(1) A motion unrelated to the motion for expedited relief;	148
(2) A motion seeking a temporary or preliminary injunction	149
to protect against an imminent threat to public health or	150
safety.	151
Sec. 2747.04. (A) (1) The court shall conduct a hearing not	152
later than sixty days after the filing of a motion for expedited	153
relief, unless the court orders a later hearing to allow for	154
limited discovery under section 2747.03 of the Revised Code or	155
delays the hearing for other good cause.	156
(2) If the court orders a later hearing to allow for	157
limited discovery, the court shall conduct the hearing not later	158
than sixty days after the court order allowing discovery unless	159
the hearing is delayed for other good cause.	160

(B) In ruling on the motion for expedited relief, the	161
court shall consider the pleadings, the motion, any response to	162
the motion, and any evidence that could be considered in ruling	163
on a motion for summary judgment under Rule 56 of the Rules of	164
Civil Procedure.	165
(C) In ruling on the motion for expedited relief, the	166
court shall dismiss with prejudice a cause of action, or part of	167
a cause of action, if all of the following apply:	168
(1) The moving party establishes that the cause of action	169
is based on a communication or action described in division (B)	170
of section 2747.01 of the Revised Code.	171
(2) The responding party fails to establish that this	172
chapter does not apply to the cause of action due to an	173
exception in division (C) of section 2747.01 of the Revised	174
Code.	175
(3) Either the responding party fails to establish a	176
prima-facie case for each essential element of the cause of	177
action or the moving party establishes one of the following:	178
(a) The responding party failed to state a cause of action	179
upon which relief can be granted.	180
(b) There is no genuine issue as to any material fact and	181
the moving party is entitled to judgment as a matter of law on	182
the cause of action or part of the cause of action.	183
(D) The court shall rule on the motion for expedited	184
relief not later than sixty days after the hearing.	185
(E) (1) A voluntary dismissal without prejudice of a	186
responding party's cause of action, or part of a cause of	187
action, that is the subject of a motion for expedited relief	188

does not affect a moving party's right to obtain a ruling on the	189
motion for the purpose of obtaining attorney's fees, court	190
costs, and other litigation expenses under section 2747.05 of	191
the Revised Code.	192
(2) A voluntary dismissal with prejudice of a responding	193
party's cause of action, or part of a cause of action, that is	194
the subject of a motion for expedited relief establishes that	195
the moving party prevailed on the motion for the purpose of	196
awarding attorney's fees, court costs, and other litigation	197
expenses under section 2747.05 of the Revised Code.	198
Sec. 2747.05. (A) If the court grants a motion for	199
expedited relief under section 2747.04 of the Revised Code, the	200
court shall award reasonable attorney's fees, court costs, and	201
other reasonable litigation expenses to the moving party.	202
(B) If the court denies a motion for expedited relief	203
under section 2747.04 of the Revised Code, and finds that the	204
motion was frivolous conduct as defined in section 2323.51 of	205
the Revised Code, the court, after the disposition of any appeal	206
affirming the court's ruling on the motion, shall award to the	207
responding party reasonable attorney's fees, court costs, and	208
other reasonable litigation expenses incurred in responding to	209
the motion.	210
(C) If the court denies a motion for expedited relief	211
under section 2747.04 of the Revised Code, the denial is a final	212
order under section 2505.02 of the Revised Code and the moving	213
party has an interlocutory right of appeal under that section.	214
The appeal must be filed within thirty days after entry of the	215
order.	216

Sec. 2747.06. (A) Sections 2747.01 to 2747.06 of the

217

S. B. No. 237
As Introduced

Revised Code apply to a civil action filed or any claim asserted	218
in a civil action on or after the effective date of this	219
section.	220
(B) A court shall broadly construe and apply sections	221
2747.01 to 2747.06 of the Revised Code to protect the exercise	222
of the right of freedom of speech and of the press, the right to	223
assemble and petition, and the right of association, guaranteed	224
by the United States Constitution and the Ohio Constitution.	225
(C) In construing and applying sections 2747.01 to 2747.06	226
of the Revised Code, a court shall consider the need to promote	227
uniformity of the law with respect to its subject matter among	228
states that enact a substantially similar law.	229
Section 2. That existing section 2505.02 of the Revised	230
Code is hereby repealed.	231
Section 3. This act shall be known as the Uniform Public	232
Expression Protection Act.	233