As Introduced

135th General Assembly Regular Session 2023-2024

S. B. No. 77

Senator Lang

Cosponsor: Senator Cirino

A BILL

То	amend sections 4722.01, 4722.03, 4722.06,	1
	4722.07, and 4722.08 and to enact sections	2
	4722.20, 4722.21, 4722.22, 4722.23, 4722.24, and	3
	4722.25 of the Revised Code to regulate the	4
	practices of roofing contractors and the terms	-
	of their contracts	6

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 4/22.01, 4/22.03, 4/22.06,	/
4722.07, and 4722.08 be amended and sections 4722.20, 4722.21,	8
4722.22, 4722.23, 4722.24, and 4722.25 of the Revised Code be	9
enacted to read as follows:	10
Sec. 4722.01. As used in this chaptersections 4722.01 to 4722.08 of the Revised Code:	11 12
(A) "Cost-plus contract" means a contract entered into	13
between an owner and a home construction service supplier under	14
which payment to the supplier is based on the cost of a product	15
plus the supplier's rate for labor to install the product plus	16
an agreed percentage of profit or a stipulated fee.	17
(B) "Home construction service" means the construction of	18

a residential building. "Home construction service" does not	19
include construction performed on a structure that contains four	20
or more dwelling units, except for work on an individual	21
dwelling unit within that structure, or construction performed	22
on the common area of a condominium property.	23
(C) "Home construction service contract" means a contract	24
between an owner and a supplier to perform home construction	25
services, including services rendered based on a cost-plus	26
contract, for an amount exceeding twenty-five thousand dollars.	27
(D) "Home construction service supplier" or "supplier"	28
means a person who contracts with an owner to provide home	29
construction services for compensation and who maintains in	30
force a general liability insurance policy in an amount of not	31
less than two hundred fifty thousand dollars.	32
(E) "Owner" means the person who contracts with a home	33
construction service supplier. "Owner" may include the owner of	34
the property, a tenant who occupies the dwelling unit on which	35
the home construction service is performed, or a person the	36
owner authorizes to act on the owner's behalf to contract for a	37
home construction service, and any other person who contracts	38
for a home construction service.	39
(F) "Residential building" means a one-, two-, or three-	40
family dwelling and any accessory construction incidental to the	41
dwelling. "Residential building" does not include any of the	42
following:	43
(1) An industrialized unit as described in section 3781.06	44
of the Revised Code;	45
(2) A manufactured home as described in section 3781.06 of	46
the Revised Code;	47

(3) A mobile home as described in section 4501.01 of the	48
Revised Code.	49
(G) "Workmanlike manner" means the home construction	50
service supplier has engaged in construction that meets or	51
exceeds the minimum quantifiable standards promulgated by the	52
Ohio home builders association.	53
Sec. 4722.03. (A) No home construction service supplier	54
shall do any of the following:	55
(1) Prior to commencing work related to the home	56
construction service, fail to enter into a written contract that	57
complies with this chaptersections 4722.01 to 4722.08 of the	58
Revised Code;	59
(2) After entering into a contract with an owner and prior	60
to commencing any work that is related to an excess cost, fail	61
to provide an estimate of the excess costs as this chapter	62
requires required by sections 4722.01 to 4722.08 of the Revised	63
<pre>Code;</pre>	64
(3) After entering into a contract with an owner, do any	65
of the following:	66
(a) Fail to disclose, prior to the owner's acceptance of	67
any goods or work related to an excess cost, that in failing to	68
approve an excess cost, completion of the work may not be	69
possible and a charge may be imposed for any disassembly,	70
reassembly, or partially completed work, which shall be directly	71
related to the actual labor or parts involved;	72
(b) Charge for any excess cost that the owner has not	73
approved;	74
(c) Represent that repairs or work have been performed	75

when such is not the fact;	76
(d) Fail to perform the home construction service in a workmanlike manner;	77 78
(e) Fail to tender to the owner, within a reasonable time	79
and upon the owner's request, any replaced parts, unless the	80
parts are to be rebuilt or sold by the home construction service	81
supplier, or returned to the manufacturer in connection with a	82
warranted repair or service, and the intended reuse or return is	83
made known to the owner prior to commencing any repair or	84
services;	85
(f) Fail to provide a full refund within a reasonable time	86
period for any goods or services that the home construction	87
service supplier has failed to deliver in accordance with the	88
terms and conditions of the contract required by section 4722.02	89
of the Revised Code and for which the supplier has received	90
payment;	91
(g) Fail to provide to the owner, within a reasonable time	92
and upon the owner's request, a written, itemized receipt for	93
any item of goods that is left with, or turned over to, the home	94
construction service supplier for repair or services. The	95
receipt shall include all of the following:	96
(i) The identity of the person who will perform the repair	97
or services;	98
(ii) The name and dated signature of the person or	99
representative who actually accepts the goods;	100
(iii) A description, including make and model number or	101
other features that will reasonably identify the goods that are	102
turned over, and the repair or services that are to be	103
performed.	104

(4) Make the performance of any home construction service	105
contingent upon an owner's waiver of any rights this chapter	106
provides provided by sections 4722.01 to 4722.08 of the Revised	107
<pre>Code;</pre>	108
(5) Represent that repairs, services, or work is necessary	109
to comply with the residential building code when such is not	110
the fact;	111
(6) Represent that an item of goods or any part thereof	112
that is being inspected or diagnosed for a home construction	113
service is in a dangerous condition, or that its continued use	114
may be harmful, when such is not the fact;	115
(7) Intentionally understate or intentionally misstate the	116
estimated cost of the home construction service;	117
(8) Intentionally misrepresent any aspect of the	118
transaction or the nature or the quality of the work or	119
materials;	120
(9) Fail at the time any owner signs or initials any	121
document to provide the owner with a copy of the document within	122
a reasonable time period;	123
(10) Fail to disclose to the owner prior to the	124
commencement of any repair or service that any part of the	125
repair or service will be performed by a person other than the	126
home construction service supplier or employee of the supplier	127
if the contract disclaims any warranty of the repair or service	128
that the other person performs;	129
(11) Represent that repairs or services must be performed	130
away from the property on which the home construction service is	131
being performed when that is not the fact.	132

(B) A home construction service supplier who enters into a	133
cost-plus contract with an owner for a home construction service	134
need not comply with the requirements regarding excess costs	135
provided in this section.	136
Sec. 4722.06. (A) If, by the attorney general's own	137
inquiries or as a result of complaints, the attorney general has	138
reasonable cause to believe that a person has engaged or is	139
engaging in an act or practice that violates this	140
chaptersections 4722.01 to 4722.08 of the Revised Code, the	141
attorney general may investigate.	142
(B) For this purpose, the attorney general may administer	143
oaths, subpoena witnesses, adduce evidence, and require the	144
production of relevant matter.	145
If matter that the attorney general requires to be	146
produced is located outside the state, the attorney general may	147
designate representatives, including officials of the state in	148
which the matter is located, to inspect the matter on the	149
attorney general's behalf, and the attorney general may respond	150
to similar requests from officials of other states. The person	151
subpoenaed may make the matter available to the attorney general	152
at a convenient location within the state or pay the reasonable	153
and necessary expenses for the attorney general or the attorney	154
general's representative to examine the matter at the place	155
where it is located, provided that expenses shall not be charged	156
to a party not subsequently found to have engaged in an act or	157
practice violative of this chaptersections 4722.01 to 4722.08 of	158
the Revised Code.	159
(C) Within twenty days after a subpoena has been served, a	160
motion to extend the return day, or to modify or quash the	161
subpoena, stating good cause, may be filed in the court of	162

common pleas of Franklin county or the county in which the	163
person served resides or has the person's principal place of	164
business.	165
(D) A person subpoenaed under this section shall comply	166
with the terms of the subpoena, unless the parties agree to	167
modify the terms of the subpoena or unless the court has	168
modified or quashed the subpoena, extended the return day of the	169
subpoena, or issued any other order with respect to the subpoena	170
prior to its return day.	171
If a person fails without lawful excuse to obey a subpoena	172
or to produce relevant matter, the attorney general may apply to	173
the court of common pleas of the county in which the person	174
subpoenaed resides or has the person's principal place of	175
business for an order compelling compliance.	176
(E) The attorney general may request that an individual	177
who refuses to testify or to produce relevant matter on the	178
ground that the testimony or matter may incriminate the	179
individual be ordered by the court to provide the testimony or	180
matter. With the exception of a prosecution for perjury and an	181
action for damages under this chaptersections 4722.01 to 4722.08	182
of the Revised Code, an individual who complies with a court	183
order to provide testimony or matter, after asserting a	184
privilege against self-incrimination to which the individual is	185
entitled by law, shall not be subjected to a criminal proceeding	186
or to a civil penalty or forfeiture on the basis of the	187
testimony or matter required to be disclosed or testimony or	188
matter discovered through that testimony or matter.	189
(F) The attorney general may:	190

(1) During an investigation under this section, afford, in 191

a manner considered appropriate to the attorney general, a	192
supplier an opportunity to cease and desist from any suspected	193
violation. The attorney general may suspend the investigation	194
during the time period that the attorney general permits the	195
supplier to cease and desist; however, the suspension of the	196
investigation or the affording of an opportunity to cease and	197
desist shall not prejudice or prohibit any further investigation	198
by the attorney general under this section.	199

(2) Terminate an investigation under this section upon 200 acceptance of a written assurance of voluntary compliance from a 201 supplier who is suspected of a violation of this chaptersections 202 4722.01 to 4722.08 of the Revised Code. 203

204 Acceptance of an assurance may be conditioned upon an undertaking to reimburse or to take other appropriate action 205 with respect to identifiable owners damaged by an alleged 206 violation of this chaptersections 4722.01 to 4722.08 of the 207 Revised Code. An assurance of compliance given by a supplier is 208 not evidence of violation of this chapterthose sections. The 209 attorney general may, at any time, reopen an investigation 210 terminated by the acceptance of an assurance of voluntary 211 compliance, if the attorney general believes that further 212 proceedings are in the public interest. Evidence of a violation 213 of an assurance of voluntary compliance is prima-facie evidence 214 of an act or practice in violation of this chaptersections 215 4722.01 to 4722.08 of the Revised Code, if presented after the 216 violation in an action brought under this chapter those sections. 217 An assurance of voluntary compliance may be filed with the court 218 and if approved by the court, entered as a consent judgment. 219

(G) The procedures available to the attorney general under 220 this section are cumulative and concurrent, and the exercise of 221

one procedure by the attorney general does not preclude or	222
require the exercise of any other procedure.	223
Sec. 4722.07. (A) If the attorney general, by the attorney	224
general's own inquiries or as a result of complaints, has	225
reasonable cause to believe that a supplier has engaged or is	226
engaging in an act or practice that violates this	227
chaptersections 4722.01 to 4722.08 of the Revised Code, and that	228
the action would be in the public interest, the attorney general	229
may bring any of the following:	230
(1) An action to obtain a declaratory judgment that the	231
act or practice violates this chaptersections 4722.01 to 4722.08	232
of the Revised Code;	233
(2)(a) An action, with notice as required by Civil Rule	234
65, to obtain a temporary restraining order, preliminary	235
injunction, or permanent injunction to restrain the act or	236
practice. If the attorney general shows by a preponderance of	237
the evidence that the supplier has violated or is violating this	238
chaptersections 4722.01 to 4722.08 of the Revised Code, the	239
court may issue a temporary restraining order, preliminary	240
injunction, or permanent injunction to restrain and prevent the	241
act or practice.	242
(b) On motion of the attorney general, or on its own	243
motion, the court may impose a civil penalty of not more than	244
five thousand dollars for each day of violation of a temporary	245
restraining order, preliminary injunction, or permanent	246
injunction issued under this section, if the supplier received	247
notice of the action. The civil penalties shall be paid as	248
provided in division (G) of this section.	249
(c) Upon the commencement of an action under division (A)	250

(2) of this section against a supplier who operates under a	251
license, permit, certificate, commission, or other authorization	252
issued by the supreme court or by a board, commission,	253
department, division, or other agency of this state, the	254
attorney general shall immediately notify the supreme court or	255
agency that such an action has been commenced against the	256
supplier.	257
(3) A class action under Civil Rule 23, as amended, on	258
behalf of owners who have engaged in home construction service	259
contracts in this state for damage caused by an act or practice	260
described in this chaptersections 4722.01 to 4722.08 of the	261
Revised Code.	262
(B) On motion of the attorney general and without bond, in	263
the attorney general's action under this section, the court may	264
make appropriate orders, including appointment of a referee or a	265
receiver, for sequestration of assets, to reimburse owners found	266
to have been damaged, to carry out a home construction service	267
contract in accordance with an owner's reasonable expectations,	268
to strike or limit the application of unconscionable clauses of	269
contracts so as to avoid an unconscionable result, or to grant	270
other appropriate relief. The court may assess the expenses of a	271
referee or receiver against the supplier.	272
(C) Any moneys or property recovered by the attorney	273
general in an action under this section that cannot with due	274
diligence within five years be restored by a referee to owners	275
shall be unclaimed funds reportable under Chapter 169. of the	276
Revised Code.	277
(D) In addition to the other remedies provided in this	278
section, the attorney general may request and the court may	279

impose a civil penalty of not more than twenty-five thousand

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dollars against the supplier for each violation of an act or	281
practice described in this chaptersections 4722.01 to 4722.08 of	282
the Revised Code. The civil penalties shall be paid as provided	283
in division (G) of this section.	284
(E) No action may be brought by the attorney general under	285
this section to recover for a home construction service contract	286
more than two years after the occurrence of a violation.	287
more than two years after the occurrence of a violation.	201
(F) If a court determines that provision has been made for	288
reimbursement or other appropriate corrective action, insofar as	289
practicable, with respect to all consumers damaged by a	290
violation, or in any other appropriate case, the attorney	291
general, with court approval, may terminate enforcement	292
proceedings brought by the attorney general upon acceptance of	293
an assurance from the supplier of voluntary compliance with this	294
chaptersections 4722.01 to 4722.08 of the Revised Code, with	295
respect to the alleged violation. The assurance shall be filed	296
with the court and entered as a consent judgment. A consent	297
judgment is not evidence of prior violation of <u>such chapterthose</u>	298
sections. Disregard of the terms of a consent judgment entered	299
upon an assurance shall be treated as a violation of an	300
injunction issued under this section.	301
(G) Civil penalties ordered pursuant to divisions (A) or	302
(D) of this section shall be paid as follows: one-fourth of the	303
amount to the treasurer of the county in which the action is	304
brought and three-fourths to the consumer protection enforcement	305
fund created by section 1345.51 of the Revised Code.	306
(H) The remedies available to the attorney general under	307
this section are cumulative and concurrent, and the exercise of	308

one remedy by the attorney general does not preclude or require

the exercise of any other remedy.

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(I) In carrying out the attorney general's official	311
duties, the attorney general shall not disclose publicly the	312
identity of any supplier who is or was the subject of an	313
investigation under this chapter sections 4722.01 to 4722.08 of	314
the Revised Code or any facts developed during such an	315
investigation unless those matters have become a matter of	316
public record in enforcement proceedings, or the supplier who is	317
the subject of the investigation gives written consent to public	318
disclosure of those matters.	319
(J) The attorney general shall cooperate with state and	320
local officials, officials of other states, and officials of the	321
federal government in the administration of statutes comparable	322
to this chaptersections 4722.01 to 4722.08 of the Revised Code.	323
Sec. 4722.08. For a violation of Chapter 4722.sections	324
$\underline{4722.01}$ to $\underline{4722.08}$ of the Revised Code, an owner has a cause of	325
action and is entitled to relief as follows:	326
(A) Where the violation was an act prohibited by section	327
4722.02, 4722.03, or 4722.04 of the Revised Code, the owner may,	328
in an individual action, rescind the transaction or recover the	329
owner's actual economic damages plus an amount not exceeding	330
five thousand dollars in noneconomic damages.	331
(B) In any action for rescission, revocation of the	332
transaction must occur within a reasonable time after the owner	333
discovers or should have discovered the ground for it and before	334
any substantial change in condition of the subject of the	335
transaction.	336
(C) Any owner may seek a declaratory judgment, an	337
injunction, or other appropriate relief against an act or	338
practice that violates this chaptersections 4722.01 to 4722.08	339

of the Revised Code.	340
(D) The court may award to the prevailing party a	341
reasonable attorney's fee limited to the work reasonably	342
performed, if either of the following apply:	343
(1) The owner complaining of the act or practice that	344
violated this chapter sections 4722.01 to 4722.08 of the Revised	345
Code has brought or maintained an action that is groundless, and	346
the owner filed or maintained the action in bad faith;	347
(2) The home construction service supplier has knowingly	348
committed an act or practice that violates this chaptersections	349
4722.01 to 4722.08 of the Revised Code.	350
(E) As used in this section, "actual economic damages"	351
means damages for direct, incidental, or consequential pecuniary	352
losses resulting from a violation of Chapter 4722.sections	353
4722.01 to 4722.08 of the Revised Code and does not include	354
damages for noneconomic loss as defined in section 2315.18 of	355
the Revised Code.	356
(F) Nothing in this section shall preclude an owner from	357
also proceeding with a cause of action under any other theory of	358
law.	359
Sec. 4722.20. As used in sections 4722.20 to 4722.25 of	360
the Revised Code:	361
(A) "Consumer" means a person who seeks roofing services.	362
(B) "Contractor" means a person engaged in roofing	363
services for a fee or who offers to engage in or solicits	364
roofing services for a fee. "Contractor" does not include any of	365
<pre>the following:</pre>	366
(1) The owner of a residential or farm property, when the	367

owner performs roofing services on that property;	368
(2) An employee of the owner of a residential or farm	369
property, when the employee performs roofing services on that	370
property;	371
(3) An authorized employee or representative of the United	372
States government, this state, or a political subdivision, when	373
the employee or representative performs roofing services on	374
property owned by that governmental entity;	375
(4) A person who furnishes any fabricated or finished	376
product, material, or article of merchandise that is not	377
incorporated into or attached to real property by the consumer	378
so as to become affixed to the property;	379
(5) A person who is acting as a contractor's employee or	380
as a subcontractor;	381
(6) A person who is performing home construction service	382
as that term is defined in section 4722.01 of the Revised Code;	383
(7) A contractor licensed under Chapter 4740. of the	384
Revised Code.	385
(C) "Employee" means an individual who performs work in	386
exchange for compensation that is reported as income from wages.	387
(D) "Person" includes any individual, partnership,	388
corporation, business, trust, or other legal entity.	389
(E) "Principal business address" does not include a post	390
office box.	391
(F) "Roofing services" means the installation, renovation,	392
repair, maintenance, alteration, or waterproofing of any roof,	393
gutter downshout or siding product with regard to a	394

residential premises.	395
(G) "Subcontractor" means a person, other than a	396
contractor's employee, who undertakes, offers to undertake,	397
agrees to perform, or is otherwise awarded a portion of an	398
existing contract by a contractor.	399
Sec. 4722.21. The requirements of this section apply with	400
respect to a contract for roofing services for an amount greater	401
than seven hundred fifty dollars.	402
(A) The contract shall be in writing and shall include all	403
of the following:	404
(1) The complete agreement between the consumer and the	405
contractor, including a clear description of any other documents	406
that are or will be incorporated into the contract;	407
(2) The contractor's full legal name, business names,	408
principal business address, telephone number, and electronic	409
<pre>mail address, if available;</pre>	410
(3) Either of the following:	411
(a) A description of the contractor's insurance coverage	412
as described in division (A)(1) of section 4722.23 of the	413
Revised Code, including the insurance policy limits, the	414
effective dates of applicable policies, and the name of the	415
insurer;	416
(b) A statement that a description of the contractor's	417
insurance coverage may be accessed at a specific web site or	418
otherwise provided to the consumer on request.	419
(4) An itemized description of the work to be done, the	420
cost of labor, and the materials to be used in performing the	421
contract;	422

(5) The total amount agreed to be paid for the work to be	423
performed under the contract, including all change orders and	424
work orders;	425
(6) An approximation of the cost expected to be borne by	426
the consumer, if some or all of the cost will be paid by the	427
<pre>consumer's insurer;</pre>	428
(7) A provision allowing payment to be made by cash,	429
<pre>check, or credit card, at the consumer's discretion;</pre>	430
(8) The signatures of all persons party to the contract;	431
(9) In immediate proximity to the space reserved for the	432
consumer's signature, a statement in substantially the following	433
<pre>form and in at least ten-point boldface type:</pre>	434
"You may cancel this contract not later than the third	435
business day after entering into this contract. If this contract	436
is related to an insurance claim, you may also cancel the	437
contract not later than the third business day after you are	438
notified that your insurer has denied all or any part of a claim	439
or loss related to the contract. See the attached notice of	440
cancellation form for an explanation of this right."	441
(10) A fully completed form in duplicate, captioned	442
"NOTICE OF CANCELLATION," which shall be attached to the	443
contract but easily detachable, and which shall contain the	444
following statement in at least ten-point boldface type:	445
"NOTICE OF CANCELLATION	446
You may cancel this contract not later than the third	447
business day after entering into the contract. If this contract	448
is related to an insurance claim, you may also cancel the	449
contract not later than the third business day after you are	450

notified that your insurer has denied all or any part of your	451
claim or loss. You may cancel the contract by mailing or	452
delivering a signed and dated copy of this cancellation notice	453
or any other written notice to (name of contractor) at	454
(contractor's principal business address) at any time before the	455
applicable deadline. You may also send a cancellation notice	456
through electronic mail if the contractor has provided an	457
electronic mail address. If you cancel, any payments you have	458
made under the contract will be returned to you, less a	459
reasonable charge for any services and materials provided, not	460
later than the tenth business day after you send the	461
cancellation notice to the contractor, and any security interest	462
arising out of the transaction will be canceled. You must retain	463
a copy of the cancellation notice.	464
I HEREBY CANCEL THIS TRANSACTION	465
	466
(D-+-)	4.67
<u>(Date)</u>	467
	468
(Signature)"	469
(Signatule)	409
(B) At the time the contract is signed, the contractor	470
shall provide to the consumer a copy of the contract signed by	471
both the contractor and the consumer. No work shall begin before	472
the contract is signed and a copy of the contract is provided to	473
the consumer.	474
(C) The contract and notice of concellation required under	47E
(C) The contract and notice of cancellation required under	475
this section may be delivered and signed electronically in	476
accordance with Chapter 1306. of the Revised Code.	477
Sec. 4722.22. (A) A consumer may cancel a contract for	478

roofing services not later than the third business day after the	479
consumer enters into the contract. A consumer who has entered	480
into a contract that is to be paid from the proceeds of a	481
property or casualty insurance policy claim also may cancel the	482
contract not later than the third business day after the	483
consumer receives written notice from the insurer that all or	484
any part of the claim in question is not covered under the	485
insurance policy.	486
(B) A notice of cancellation is not required to be in any	487
particular form and is sufficient if it indicates, by any form	488
of written expression, the consumer's intention not to be bound	489
by the contract. The consumer shall retain a copy of the	490
cancellation notice for a reasonable period of time.	491
(C) A contract is canceled when the consumer gives written	492
notice of cancellation to the contractor at the principal	493
business address or, if applicable, electronic mail address,	494
stated in the contract. If the consumer gives notice of	495
cancellation by mail, the cancellation is effective when the	496
consumer deposits the notice into the United States mail,	497
postage prepaid, and properly addressed to the contractor.	498
(D) Not later than the tenth business day after a contract	499
is canceled, the contractor shall tender to the consumer or to	500
the possessor of the residential premises any payments, partial	501
payments, or deposits made by the consumer and any note of	502
indebtedness, except that if the contractor has performed	503
services or provided materials that have been acknowledged by	504
the consumer in writing, the contractor is entitled to the	505
reasonable value of those services or materials.	506
Sec. 4722.23. (A) A contractor shall do both of the	507
<pre>following:</pre>	508

(1) Obtain both of the following in the name of the	509
contractor and maintain them in full force and effect while the	510
<pre>contractor is providing roofing services:</pre>	511
(a) Workers' compensation insurance;	512
(b) Contractor liability insurance, including completed	513
operations coverage, in an amount of at least five hundred	514
thousand dollars.	515
(2) Maintain a list of all subcontractors who have	516
performed work under any contract under which the contractor has	517
begun work during the past three years. The list shall include,	518
at a minimum, each subcontractor's full legal name and principal	519
business address.	520
(B) A contractor shall not do any of the following:	521
(1) Advertise, promise to pay, or rebate any portion of an	522
insurance deductible as an inducement to the sale of goods or	523
services, including granting an allowance or offering a discount	524
against the fees to be charged or paying the consumer, or any	525
person directly or indirectly associated with the property in	526
question, any form of compensation, except as permitted under	527
division (B) (2) of this section;	528
(2) Induce the sale of goods or services by doing any of	529
the following:	530
(a) Offering or providing any upgraded work, material, or	531
product not specified in the contract, unless the contractor and	532
the consumer sign a written addendum to the contract that	533
provides for that upgraded work, material, or product;	534
produce,	
(b) Granting any allowance or offering any discount	535
against the fees to be charged, unless the allowance or discount	536

is specified in the contract or unless the contractor and the	537
consumer sign a written addendum to the contract that provides	538
for that allowance or discount;	539
(c) Paying to the consumer, or to any other person	540
directly or indirectly associated with the property in question,	541
any form of compensation, including a gift, prize, bonus,	542
coupon, credit, referral fee, trade-in or trade-in payment,	543
advertising, or other fee or payment, unless the compensation is	544
specified in the contract or unless the contractor and the	545
consumer sign a written addendum to the contract that provides	546
<pre>for that compensation;</pre>	547
(3) Require a deposit of more than one-half of the	548
<pre>contract price;</pre>	549
(4) Abandon or fail to perform, without justification, any	550
ongoing contract or deviate from or disregard plans or	551
specifications in any material respect without the consent of	552
the consumer;	553
(5) Fail to credit the consumer for any payment the	554
consumer has made to the contractor in connection with the	555
<pre>contract;</pre>	556
(6) Make any material misrepresentation in the procurement	557
of a contract or make any false promise likely to influence,	558
persuade, or induce the procurement of a contract;	559
(7) Violate any applicable state or local building code;	560
(8) Fail to pay for materials or services rendered in	561
connection with operating as a contractor, if the contractor has	562
received sufficient funds as payment for the particular	563
construction work, project, or operation for which the services	564
or materials were rendered or purchased;	565

(9) Report, adjust, or negotiate a claim on behalf of a	566
consumer or receive compensation for referring a claim to any	567
person who reports, adjusts, or negotiates a claim on behalf of	568
a consumer;	569
(10) Fail to possess any insurance required under state,	570
<pre>federal, or local laws;</pre>	571
(11) Seek or obtain a power of attorney on behalf of a	572
<pre>consumer;</pre>	573
(12) Represent, negotiate, obtain, or attempt to obtain an	574
assignment of claims, rights, benefits, or proceeds from a	575
<pre>consumer;</pre>	576
(13) Offer or advertise to represent, negotiate, obtain,	577
or attempt to obtain an assignment of claims, rights, benefits,	578
or proceeds from a consumer.	579
(C) A contractor may provide information or a professional	580
opinion about a claim directly to a consumer.	581
Sec. 4722.24. Failure to comply with sections 4722.20 to	582
4722.23 of the Revised Code constitutes a deceptive act or	583
practice in connection with a consumer transaction in violation	584
of section 1345.02 of the Revised Code.	585
Sec. 4722.25. Sections 4722.20 to 4722.24 of the Revised	586
Code shall not be construed to limit or diminish any rights or	587
remedies available under sections 1345.21 to 1345.28 of the	588
Revised Code.	589
The contract required under section 4722.21 of the Revised	590
Code shall be deemed to comply with the requirements of	591
divisions (A), (B)(1), (2), and (3) of section 1345.23 of the	592
Revised Code.	593

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Section 2. That existing sections 4722.01, 4722.03,	594
4722.06, 4722.07, and 4722.08 of the Revised Code are hereby	595
repealed.	596
Section 3. Sections 4722.20, 4722.21, 4722.22, 4722.23,	597
4722.24, and 4722.25 of the Revised Code, as enacted by this	598
act, take effect on the ninetieth day after the effective date	599
of this section.	600
Section 4. The intent of the General Assembly in enacting	601
this act is to establish minimum standards for roofing contracts	602

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and to promote fair and honest practices in the roofing services

business.