



**Ohio Hospital Association and Ohio Children's Hospital Association  
Proponent Testimony  
House Bill 96  
Ohio House Finance Committee  
March 11, 2025**

Chairman Stewart, Vice Chair Dovilla, Ranking Member Sweeney and members of the Ohio House Finance Committee, thank you for the opportunity to provide proponent testimony on behalf of the Ohio Hospital Association (OHA) and Ohio Children's Hospital Association (OCHA) on House Bill 96—the state operating budget.

The Ohio Hospital Association Board of Trustees and Ohio Children's Hospital Association Board of Trustees write to express our **unanimous and unequivocal support** for the critical hospital-related provisions included in House Bill 96. We believe Governor DeWine's proposed budget is a fiscally responsible plan that strengthens our economy, safeguards our communities, and upholds our shared values of personal responsibility and public safety.

Before we address specific provisions, please picture a local hospital – a hospital where you would go if you felt chest pains at home. Where you would go to visit your friend after an accident. The hospital where your child was born. Or a hospital where your child was taken to battle a serious illness.

For many Ohioans, the local hospital they are picturing operated at a loss in 2024. In fact, the generational economic challenges facing our hospitals have culminated in more than **50% of Ohio hospitals (and 72% of rural hospitals) reporting negative operating margins** over the past few years. The median hospital operating margin was 0.0% in 2024, -0.7% in 2023 and -2.8% in 2022. The reasons for this poor economic performance are due to factors largely outside our members' control. For example:

- Hospitals cannot dictate prices to Medicare or Medicaid. They receive payments based on rates set by government entities. On average, 17% of patients treated by Ohio hospitals are Medicaid patients and 49% are Medicare patients, which means reimbursement for a large proportion of care provided in Ohio hospitals is set at rates below the cost of providing those services.
- Hospitals cannot control what it costs to protect electronic medical records from cyberattacks or purchase IV fluid after a natural disaster.
- Hospital labor increases in 2023 alone were more than 10%.
- Drug prices incurred by hospitals have increased dramatically, with one recent study showing that prices for nearly 2,000 drugs had an average increase of 15.2% from 2022 to 2023. Additionally, in 2023 there was an average of more than 300 drugs in shortage at any one time, further

increasing costs to hospitals trying to navigate those shortages.

- The hospital workforce was upended by the pandemic. To keep beds open and accessible to our communities, hospitals throughout Ohio have been forced to utilize contract labor at unprecedented levels. This shift has been devastating to hospital finances:
  - In 2019, Ohio hospitals spent \$280 million collectively on contract labor. In the five years since then, Ohio hospitals have spent nearly \$6 billion on contract labor – equivalent to more than 21 years' worth of pre-pandemic spending – to sustain operations and keep inpatient beds open and available to the public. Though the reliance on contract labor has started to come down, it remains well above pre-pandemic levels and continues to strain hospitals' budgets in service to their communities. This is especially true for rural hospitals, where the workforce pool is smaller, and it is more difficult to recruit staff.
- As a result of the continuing economic pressures, credit rating agencies have a generally bleak outlook for the hospital community in recent years with downgrades outpacing maintaining credit ratings or upgrades by almost 2:1.

OHA's mission is to collaborate with member hospitals and health systems to ensure Ohioans have access to high-quality hospital care in their communities. Governor DeWine's proposed budget makes positive strides toward achieving this mission at a time when many communities throughout Ohio (both rural and urban) have experienced reduced access to hospital care. Since 2017, 11 acute care hospitals have closed and 26 hospitals have shuttered or consolidated obstetric units, forcing many families to travel long distances for prenatal care or to deliver their baby. The difficult decisions to close a hospital or cut an important service line are made for a variety of reasons, including quality of care considerations and because the economics of the healthcare system simply do not work.

**Unfortunately, without the passage of the package proposed in HB 96, the threat to many hospitals' viability will not dissipate anytime soon and in fact will worsen significantly. Due to these unrelenting economic pressures on hospitals, OHA and OCHA urge the Ohio House to approve the package of hospital provisions – which require no investment of GRF – to provide a critical lifeline for hospitals.**

We support the current budget fully acknowledging the potential implications of the Medicaid reform discussions ongoing in Washington.

**Approximately, three million Ohioans (25% of the population) depend on Medicaid coverage to see their doctor or go to their local hospital. When looking at the future of Ohio, 1.3 million children (43% of Ohio kids) are covered by Medicaid.** Federal provider tax programs such as those on nursing homes, hospitals and health plans are used in 49 states and represent a fiscally responsible way for states to finance healthcare without direct use of state dollars. By leveraging the federal match using taxes on providers, states can reduce the level of GRF needed to support the program. Despite the current debate at the federal level, we should recognize the unlikelihood of destructive changes to Medicaid and not, as a state, turn our backs on the prudent strategy of funding Medicaid using the same tools used by 49 other states. We ask the Ohio House to support this package, as we continue to advocate at the federal level for policies that support Ohio's efforts.

The value of the hospital franchise fee goes well beyond supporting many non-hospital elements of the Medicaid program. The state taxpayers enjoy a significant financial benefit that is used to fund numerous state priorities. **Based on the proposed budget, the state would capture \$1.75 billion in non-GRF funding from the hospital franchise fee. The savings realized by the franchise fee are used to fund**

**those priorities of the governor and general assembly. This program is a clear win/win for the state, Ohio taxpayers, and Ohio hospitals.**

Another key priority for Governor DeWine has been the stabilization of rural healthcare in Ohio. According to a recent national study by [Chartis](#), **up to 20% of Ohio's rural hospitals are at imminent risk of closure**. The proposal to address rural and critical access hospital reimbursements by Medicaid will provide much needed support to many rural hospitals in distress (again, funded by the franchise fee, not GRF funds).

However, the proposed budget includes policy changes that will impact safety-net hospitals and health systems' efforts to provide access to prescription drugs for Medicaid enrollees including life-saving specialty drugs. As part of the cost-containment strategies necessary to balance this budget, **HB 96 proposes to cut 340B pharmacy reimbursements to safety-net hospitals by \$476 million over the biennium**.

While OHA and OCHA do not support 340B cuts on their own, we understand the rationale and take a macro view of the proposal: the benefits of the proposed package outweigh the drawbacks.

Governor DeWine's budget protects the financial stability of rural hospitals, ensuring that every Ohioan—no matter where they live—can receive life-saving treatment when they need it most. It also strengthens hospitals' ability to address the workforce crisis, growing the pipeline for the next generation of doctors, nurses, and healthcare professionals who will continue to serve our communities with excellence.

In conclusion, this budget is a win for Ohio's taxpayers and families, a win for our economy, and a win for the core principles we all hold dear. By supporting Governor DeWine's plan, we are investing in a stronger, safer, and more self-reliant Ohio.

Thank you for your time and commitment to our great state. We urge you to support this responsible, forward-thinking budget proposal and continue to stand with Ohio's hospitals as we work together to build a healthier, more prosperous future. We appreciate your consideration and welcome your questions.