H. B. No. 129 As Introduced

In line 1 of the title, delete "and" and insert ", 323.32, 5705.192,	1
5705.194, 5705.197, 5705.199,"; after "5705.314" insert ", 5709.92, and	2
5748.09 "	3
In line 2 of the title, delete "limit the ability of school"	4
Delete lines 3 through 5 of the title	5
In line 6 of the title, delete "of a school district's effective	6
millage floor" and insert "modify the property tax levying authority of,	7
and computations for, school districts"	8
In line 7, delete "and" and insert ", 323.32, 5705.192, 5705.194,	9
5705.197, 5705.199,"; after "5705.314" insert ", 5709.92, and 5748.09"	10
Delete lines 9 through 213	11
After line 213, insert:	12
"Sec. 319.301. (A) The reductions required by division	13
(D) of this section do not apply to any of the following:	14
(1) Taxes levied at whatever rate is required to produce a	15

Legislative Service Commission



specified amount of tax money, including a tax levied under	16
section 5705.199 or 5748.09 of the Revised Code, or an amount to	17
pay debt charges;	18
(2) Taxes levied within the one per cent limitation	19
imposed by Section 2 of Article XII, Ohio Constitution;	20
(3) Taxes provided for by the charter of a municipal	21
corporation.	22
(B) As used in this section:	23
(1) "Real property" includes real property owned by a	24
railroad.	25
(2) "Carryover property" means all real property on the	26
current year's tax list except:	27
(a) Land and improvements that were not taxed by the	28
district in both the preceding year and the current year;	29
(b) Land and improvements that were not in the same class	30
in both the preceding year and the current year.	31
(3) "Effective tax rate" means with respect to each class	32
of property:	33
(a) The sum of the total taxes that would have been	34
charged and payable for current expenses against real property	35
in that class if each of the district's taxes were reduced for	36
the current year under division (D)(1) of this section without	37
regard to the application of division (E)(3) of this section	38
divided by	39
(b) The taxable value of all real property in that class.	40
(4) "Taxes charged and payable" means the taxes charged	41
and payable prior to any reduction required by section 319.302	42

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- (C) The tax commissioner shall make the determinations required by this section each year, without regard to whether a taxing district has territory in a county to which section 5715.24 of the Revised Code applies for that year. Separate determinations shall be made for each of the two classes established pursuant to section 5713.041 of the Revised Code.
- (D) With respect to each tax authorized to be levied by each taxing district, the tax commissioner, annually, shall do both of the following:
- (1) Determine by what percentage, if any, the sums levied by such tax against the carryover property in each class would have to be reduced for the tax to levy the same number of dollars against such property in that class in the current year as were charged against such property by such tax in the preceding year subsequent to the reduction made under this section but before the reduction made under section 319.302 of the Revised Code. In the case of a tax levied for the first time that is not a renewal of an existing tax, the commissioner shall determine by what percentage the sums that would otherwise be levied by such tax against carryover property in each class would have to be reduced to equal the amount that would have been levied if the full rate thereof had been imposed against the total taxable value of such property in the preceding tax year. A tax or portion of a tax that is designated a replacement levy under section 5705.192 of the Revised Code is not a renewal of an existing tax for purposes of this division.
- (2) Certify each percentage determined in division (D)(1) of this section, as adjusted under division (E) of this section, and the class of property to which that percentage applies to

the auditor of each county in which the district has territory.
The auditor, after complying with section 319.30 of the Revised
Code, shall reduce the sum to be levied by such tax against each
parcel of real property in the district by the percentage so
certified for its class. Certification shall be made by the
first day of September except in the case of a tax levied for
the first time, in which case certification shall be made within
fifteen days of the date the county auditor submits the
information necessary to make the required determination.

- (E)(1) As used in division (E)(2) of this section, "pre-1982 joint vocational taxes" means, with respect to a class of property, the difference between the following amounts:
- (a) The taxes charged and payable in tax year 1981 against the property in that class for the current expenses of the joint vocational school district of which the school district is a part after making all reductions under this section;
- (b) Two-tenths of one per cent of the taxable value of all real property in that class.

If the amount in division (E)(1)(b) of this section exceeds the amount in division (E)(1)(a) of this section, the pre-1982 joint vocational taxes shall be zero.

As used in divisions (E)(2) and (3) of this section,
"taxes charged and payable" has the same meaning as in division
(B)(4) of this section and excludes any tax charged and payable
in 1985 or thereafter under sections 5705.194 to 5705.197 or
section 5705.199, 5705.213, 5705.219, or 5748.09 of the Revised
Code.

(2) If in the case of a school district other than a joint 100 vocational or cooperative education school district any 101

percentage required to be used in division (D)(2) of this section for either class of property could cause the total taxes charged and payable for current expenses to be less than two per cent of the taxable value of all real property in that class that is subject to taxation by the district, the commissioner shall determine what percentages would cause the district's total taxes charged and payable for current expenses against that class, after all reductions that would otherwise be made under this section, to equal, when combined with the pre-1982 joint vocational taxes against that class, the lesser of the following:

- (a) The sum of the rates at which those taxes are authorized to be levied;
- (b) Two per cent of the taxable value of the property in that class. The auditor shall use such percentages in making the reduction required by this section for that class.
- (3) If in the case of a joint vocational school district any percentage required to be used in division (D)(2) of this section for either class of property could cause the total taxes charged and payable for current expenses for that class to be less than two-tenths of one per cent of the taxable value of that class, the commissioner shall determine what percentages would cause the district's total taxes charged and payable for current expenses for that class, after all reductions that would otherwise be made under this section, to equal that amount. The auditor shall use such percentages in making the reductions required by this section for that class.
- (4) If a school district is affected by division (E) (2) or
 (3) of this section for either class of property, and additional
 current expense taxes are levied or are included in the
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definition of taxes charged and payable, then, for the first tax	132
year those taxes are levied or included, the reduction computed	133
under division (D) of this section for that district shall be	134
computed as though the sums of current expenses taxes levied for	135
the district and charged against that class in the preceding tax	136
year were equivalent to two per cent or two-tenths of one per	137
cent, respectively, of the taxable value of all real property in	138
that class.	139

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- (F) No reduction shall be made under this section in the rate at which any tax is levied.
- (G) The commissioner may order a county auditor to furnish 142 any information the commissioner needs to make the 143 determinations required under division (D) or (E) of this 144 section, and the auditor shall supply the information in the 145 form and by the date specified in the order. If the auditor 146 fails to comply with an order issued under this division, except 147 for good cause as determined by the commissioner, the 148 commissioner shall withhold from such county or taxing district 149 therein fifty per cent of state revenues to local governments 150 pursuant to section 5747.50 of the Revised Code or shall direct 151 the department of education and workforce to withhold therefrom 152 fifty per cent of state revenues to school districts pursuant to 153 Chapter 3317. of the Revised Code. The commissioner shall 154 withhold the distribution of such revenues until the county 155 auditor has complied with this division, and the department 156 shall withhold the distribution of such revenues until the 157 commissioner has notified the department that the county auditor 158 has complied with this division. 159
- (H) If the commissioner is unable to certify a tax 160 reduction factor for either class of property in a taxing

district located in more than one county by the last day of
November because information required under division (G) of this
section is unavailable, the commissioner may compute and certify
an estimated tax reduction factor for that district for that
class. The estimated factor shall be based upon an estimate of
the unavailable information. Upon receipt of the actual
information for a taxing district that received an estimated tax
reduction factor, the commissioner shall compute the actual tax
reduction factor and use that factor to compute the taxes that
should have been charged and payable against each parcel of
property for the year for which the estimated reduction factor
was used. The amount by which the estimated factor resulted in
an overpayment or underpayment in taxes on any parcel shall be
added to or subtracted from the amount due on that parcel in the
ensuing tax year.

A percentage or a tax reduction factor determined or computed by the commissioner under this section shall be used solely for the purpose of reducing the sums to be levied by the tax to which it applies for the year for which it was determined or computed. It shall not be used in making any tax computations for any ensuing tax year.

(I) In making the determinations under division (D)(1) of this section, the tax commissioner shall take account of changes in the taxable value of carryover property resulting from complaints filed under section 5715.19 of the Revised Code for determinations made for the tax year in which such changes are reported to the commissioner. Such changes shall be reported to the commissioner on the first abstract of real property filed with the commissioner under section 5715.23 of the Revised Code following the date on which the complaint is finally determined by the board of revision or by a court or other authority with

jurisdiction on appeal. The tax commissioner shall account for such changes in making the determinations only for the tax year in which the change in valuation is reported. Such a valuation change shall not be used to recompute the percentages determined under division (D)(1) of this section for any prior tax year.

Sec. 323.32. As used in this section, "railroad note" means a note issued pursuant to a court order in the reorganization of a railroad company under section 77 of the Bankruptcy Act.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, with respect to all payments received in settlement of claims arising from delinquent property tax charges and ordered to be paid by a railroad company under a plan of reorganization as ordered by a federal district court in accordance with provisions of Chapter VIII of the "Federal Bankruptcy Act," 11 U.S.C.A. 201-208, the following provisions shall apply:

- (A) Except as provided in division (H) of this section, all of such payments shall be made payable, and delivered, to the county in which the taxing district sharing in a claim for delinquent taxes is located. Any notes included in such payment shall be issued to such county treasurer, who shall be the custodian of all of said notes, and who shall be liable therefor upon the treasurer's bond until such time as said notes mature, are sold, or otherwise lawfully pass from the treasurer's custody.
- (B) Upon receipt of a payment by cash or check, the county treasurer shall immediately cause such funds to be paid into the county treasury and credited to a special fund established for this purpose, which shall be known as the "undivided bankruptcy claims fund." All of such moneys so received, including any

earned interest, shall be credited to said fund.

(C) When the total claim for each county has been 224 satisfied by the receipt of cash or notes, or both, the county 225 auditor shall remit from the tax list and duplicate of real and 226 public utility property in each county, all charges appearing 227 thereon in the name of the railroad company for which such 228 payment has been made, which are delinquent and unpaid from any 229 year previous to the tax year 1977. 230

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(D) At any time that funds are present in the undivided 231 bankruptcy claims fund, either upon initial settlement or at any 232 later time, the county auditor shall, forthwith, distribute by 233 auditors' warrant, such funds to the various taxing districts of 234 the county, in which the property taxes, from which the claim in 235 bankruptcy has derived, were originally charged. The funds so 236 distributed shall be apportioned among the various taxing 237 authorities within each taxing district in the same proportions 238 as the said taxes were originally levied, taking into account 239 the various rates of taxation levied for different purposes for 240 each year in which such taxes were charged and remained unpaid, 241 and any unpaid special assessments, including compound interest 242 thereon at the rate of six per cent per annum to January 1, 243 1978. 244

In making such distribution, the auditor shall, first, deduct an amount equal to one per cent of the total amount to be distributed, as fees for services of the county auditor and treasurer in making collection and distribution of the claim in bankruptcy. Such deduction shall be in lieu of all fees provided for in sections 319.54 and 321.26 of the Revised Code. The amount so deducted shall be credited to the general fund of the county.

If any funds received pursuant to this section represent 253 taxes which, if collected, would have resulted from any general 254 or emergency—levy which has since expired, such funds may be 255 credited to the general operating fund and expended as though 256 they are proceeds from a current levy, and if any of such funds 257 represent taxes from any current general bond retirement levy or 258 one which has since expired, said funds may be credited to the 259 current bond retirement fund and used to service any current 260 bond indebtedness, or may be credited to the general operating 261 fund of the district, if so designated by a majority of the 2.62 members of the taxing authority of the taxing district. 263

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- (E) Except as provided in division (H) of this section, when, as a part of the settlement of a claim in bankruptcy of a reorganized railroad company a county receives notes on behalf of a taxing authority in partial payment of said claim, the county treasurer shall, within a reasonable length of time, notify the taxing authority of each taxing district sharing in the claim that such notes are in the treasurer's custody. Within sixty days of receipt of such notice, each taxing authority shall decide by a resolution approved by a majority of its members whether:
- (1) The notes shall remain in custody of the county treasurer, as issued, and allowed to mature according to the terms presented on their face with the proceeds to be distributed upon maturity pursuant to division (D) of this section; or
- (2) The railroad notes shall be exchanged for several new
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 notes in denominations equal to the proportionate share, or
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 portion thereof, of the taxing district having a share in the
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 claim in bankruptcy as determined in division (D) of this
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section. The new notes shall be distributed, upon receipt, to each taxing authority in full satisfaction of its claim or in full satisfaction of the portion of its claim represented by the notes so received. If notes cannot be issued in denominations equal to the taxing district's proportionate share, the treasurer shall certify to the taxing authority of the district the amount of notes held by the treasurer on behalf of the district and for which notes cannot be issued pursuant to the taxing authority's decision under this subdivision. Upon receipt of such certification, the taxing authority may borrow money and issue notes against such certification in the same manner as is provided by division (F) of this section.

If a taxing authority elects the option provided under division (E)(1) of this section, it may at any subsequent time elect instead the option provided under division (E)(2) of this section by resolution approved by a majority of its members. The election of the option provided under division (E)(2) of this section becomes final upon receipt by the taxing authority of the new notes or certification distributed by the county treasurer under such division.

Each taxing authority shall certify a copy of any resolution adopted under this division to the county treasurer who shall take appropriate action as directed by each taxing authority.

(F) A taxing authority having possession of any railroad 307 note or a treasurer's certification issued under division (E)(2) 308 of this section may, by approval of a majority of its members, 309 borrow money and issue its note in anticipation of the revenue 310 payable on maturity of the railroad note and pledge the railroad 311 note or the proceeds thereof. Such anticipation note shall 312

mature no later than the railroad note and shall be in an amount 313 no greater than seventy per cent of the face amount of said 314 railroad note. By like action a taxing authority may sell any 315 railroad note in its possession at public or private offering 316 for not less than the prevailing market price. Such a sale or 317 borrowing shall be exempt from all other requirements and 318 limitations of the Revised Code, including the requirements of 319 the Uniform Bond Law. 320

- (1) If a taxing authority desires to issue delinquent tax 321 bonds pursuant to section 131.23 of the Revised Code prior to 322 either receipt of any payment from a railroad in bankruptcy or 323 utilization of the authority granted in this section, the taxing 324 authority may determine whether or not the net amount of 325 delinquent taxes unpledged for purposes of division (B)(5) of 326 section 131.23 of the Revised Code shall include all or part of 327 the delinquent taxes owed by a railroad, or, if notes have been 328 received pursuant to this section, the unpaid principal amount 329 of such notes. If the taxing authority determines that any such 330 railroad delinquencies or note amount shall be included under 331 section 131.23 of the Revised Code, the amount which may be 332 borrowed pursuant to this section may not exceed seventy per 333 cent of the total face amount of railroad notes remaining after 334 deducting the amount so included. 335
- (2) If a taxing authority desires to issue delinquent tax bonds pursuant to section 131.23 of the Revised Code after utilization of the authority granted in this section, the net amount of delinquent taxes unpledged for purposes of division (B)(5) of section 131.23 of the Revised Code may not include the principal amount of railroad notes which have been borrowed against or sold pursuant to this section.

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(G) When a taxing authority receives a railroad note, the	343
face amount of such note shall not be considered as revenue for	344
any purpose in the year in which the note is received. Upon sale	345
or maturity of the note, any proceeds not pledged pursuant to	346
division (F) of this section shall be considered as	347
unanticipated revenue from a new source and all of the	348
provisions of law pertaining to such revenue, including section	349
5705.36 of the Revised Code, shall apply.	350

- (H) When there are present in a county nonrepresented taxing districts as provided in amended substitute house bill 336 of the 112th general assembly, all of the provisions of this section shall apply to such districts, except as follows:
- (1) Payments by cash or check may be made payable, and delivered, directly to the treasurer of the taxing district. Any notes included in the settlement of the district's claim may be issued, and delivered, directly to said treasurer.

Upon receipt of any of such payments, the treasurer of the taxing district shall certify, to the county treasurer of the county in which the district is located, the fact of such receipt and the amounts so received.

- (2) If the claim of a nonrepresented taxing district is not paid directly to the treasurer of the district but is included with payments for the remainder of the county, cash payments included in the initial settlement shall be distributed as provided in divisions (B) and (D) of this section. Any notes received as payment shall be exchanged and distributed to nonrepresented taxing districts upon receipt.
- Sec. 5705.192. (A) For the purposes of this section only,

 "taxing authority" includes a township board of park

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commissioners appointed under section 511.18 of the Revised Code.

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(B) A taxing authority may propose to replace an existing 374 levy that the taxing authority is authorized to levy, regardless 375 of the section of the Revised Code under which the authority is 376 granted, except a school district emergency levy proposed 377 pursuant to sections 5705.194 to 5705.197 of the Revised Code. 378 The taxing authority may propose to replace the existing levy in 379 its entirety at the rate at which it is authorized to be levied; 380 may propose to replace a portion of the existing levy at a 381 lesser rate; or may propose to replace the existing levy in its 382 383 entirety and increase the rate at which it is levied. If the taxing authority proposes to replace an existing levy, the 384 proposed levy shall be called a replacement levy and shall be so 385 designated on the ballot. Except as otherwise provided in this 386 division, a replacement levy shall be limited to the purpose of 387 the existing levy, and shall appear separately on the ballot 388 from, and shall not be conjoined with, the renewal of any other 389 existing levy. In the case of an existing school district levy 390 imposed under section 5705.21 of the Revised Code for the 391 purpose specified in division (F) of section 5705.19 of the 392 Revised Code, or in the case of an existing school district levy 393 imposed under section 5705.217 of the Revised Code for the 394 acquisition, construction, enlargement, renovation, and 395 financing of permanent improvements, the replacement for that 396 existing levy may be for the same purpose or for the purpose of 397 general permanent improvements as defined in section 5705.21 of 398 the Revised Code. The replacement for an existing levy imposed 399 under division (L) of section 5705.19 or section 5705.222 of the 400 Revised Code may be for any purpose authorized for a levy 401 imposed under section 5705.222 of the Revised Code. 402

The resolution proposing a replacement levy shall specify 403 the purpose of the levy; its proposed rate expressed in mills 404 for each one dollar of taxable value and in dollars for each one 405 hundred thousand dollars of the county auditor's appraised 406 value; whether the proposed rate is the same as the rate of the 407 existing levy, a reduction, or an increase; the extent of any 408 reduction or increase expressed in mills for each one dollar of 409 taxable value and in dollars for each one hundred thousand 410 dollars of the county auditor's appraised value; the first 411 calendar year in which the levy will be due; and the term of the 412 levy, expressed in years or, if applicable, that it will be 413 levied for a continuing period of time. 414

The sections of the Revised Code governing the maximum 415 rate and term of the existing levy, the contents of the 416 resolution that proposed the levy, the adoption of the 417 resolution, the arrangements for the submission of the question 418 of the levy, and notice of the election also govern the 419 respective provisions of the proposal to replace the existing 420 levy, except as provided in divisions (B)(1) to (5) of this 421 section: 422

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- (1) In the case of an existing school district levy that is imposed under section 5705.21 of the Revised Code for the purpose specified in division (F) of section 5705.19 of the Revised Code or under section 5705.217 of the Revised Code for the acquisition, construction, enlargement, renovation, and financing of permanent improvements, and that is to be replaced by a levy for general permanent improvements, the term of the replacement levy may be for a continuing period of time.
- (2) The date on which the election is held shall be as 431 follows:

- (a) For the replacement of a levy with a fixed term of

 years, the date of the general election held during the last

 year the existing levy may be extended on the real and public

 utility property tax list and duplicate, or the date of any

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 election held in the ensuing year;

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- (b) For the replacement of a levy imposed for a continuing 438 period of time, the date of any election held in any year after 439 the year the levy to be replaced is first approved by the 440 electors, except that only one election on the question of 441 replacing the levy may be held during any calendar year. 442

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The failure by the electors to approve a proposal to replace a levy imposed for a continuing period of time does not terminate the existing continuing levy.

- (3) In the case of an existing school district levy imposed under division (B) of section 5705.21, division (C) of section 5705.212, or division (J) of section 5705.218 of the Revised Code, the rates allocated to the qualifying school district and to partnering community schools each may be increased or decreased or remain the same, and the total rate may be increased, decreased, or remain the same.
- (4) In the case of an existing levy imposed under division (L) of section 5705.19 of the Revised Code, the term may be for any number of years not exceeding ten or for a continuing period of time.
- (5) In addition to other required information, the election notice shall express the levy's annual collections, as estimated and certified by the county auditor under section 5705.03 of the Revised Code.
 - (C) The form of the ballot at the election on the question

of a replacement levy shall be as follows:	462
"A replacement of a tax for the benefit of	463
(name of subdivision or public library) for the purpose of	464
(the purpose stated in the resolution), that the	465
county auditor estimates will collect \$ annually, at a rate	466
not exceeding mills for each \$1 of taxable value,	467
which amounts to \$ for each \$100,000 of the county	468
auditor's appraised value, for (number of years levy	469
is to run, or that it will be levied for a continuous period of	470
time)	471
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FOR THE TAX LEVY	
AGAINST THE TAX LEVY	
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If the replacement levy is proposed by a qualifying school	473
district to replace an existing tax levied under division (B) of	474
section 5705.21, division (C)(1) of section 5705.212, or	475
division (J) of section 5705.218 of the Revised Code, the form	476
of the ballot shall be modified by adding, after the phrase	477
"each \$1 of taxable value," the following: "(of which	478
mills is to be allocated to partnering community schools)."	479
If the proposal is to replace an existing levy and	480
increase the rate of the existing levy, the form of the ballot	481
shall be changed by adding the words " mills of an	482
existing levy and an increase of mills, to	483
constitute" after the words "a replacement of." If the proposal	484
is to replace only a portion of an existing levy, the form of	485
the ballot shall be changed by adding the words "a portion of an	486
existing levy, being a reduction of mills, to	487
constitute" after the words "a replacement of." If the existing	488

levy is imposed under division (B) of section 5705.21, division (C)(1) of section 5705.212, or division (J) of section 5705.218 of the Revised Code, the form of the ballot also shall state the portion of the total increased rate or of the total rate as reduced that is to be allocated to partnering community schools. 489

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If the tax is to be placed on the tax list of the current tax year, the form of the ballot shall be modified by adding at the end of the form the phrase ", commencing in (first year the replacement tax is to be levied), first due in calendar year (first calendar year in which the tax shall be due)."

The question covered by the resolution shall be submitted as a separate proposition, but may be printed on the same ballot with any other proposition submitted at the same election, other than the election of officers. More than one such question may be submitted at the same election.

- (D) Two or more existing levies, or any portion of those levies, may be combined into one replacement levy, so long as all of the existing levies are for the same purpose and either all are due to expire the same year or all are for a continuing period of time. The question of combining all or portions of those existing levies into the replacement levy shall appear as one ballot proposition before the electors. If the electors approve the ballot proposition, all or the stated portions of the existing levies are replaced by one replacement levy.
- (E) A levy approved in excess of the ten-mill limitation under this section shall be certified to the tax commissioner. In the first year of a levy approved under this section, the levy shall be extended on the tax lists after the February settlement succeeding the election at which the levy was

approved. If the levy is to be placed on the tax lists of the 519 current year, as specified in the resolution providing for its 520 submission, the result of the election shall be certified 521 immediately after the canvass by the board of elections to the 522 taxing authority, which shall forthwith make the necessary levy 523 and certify it to the county auditor, who shall extend it on the 524 tax lists for collection. After the first year, the levy shall 525 be included in the annual tax budget that is certified to the 526 county budget commission. 527

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If notes are authorized to be issued in anticipation of the proceeds of the existing levy, notes may be issued in anticipation of the proceeds of the replacement levy, and such issuance is subject to the terms and limitations governing the issuance of notes in anticipation of the proceeds of the existing levy.

(F) This section does not authorize a tax to be levied in any year after the year in which revenue is not needed for the purpose for which the tax is levied.

Sec. 5705.194. The board of education of any city, local, 537 exempted village, cooperative education, or joint vocational 538 school district at any time may declare by resolution that the 539 revenue that will be raised by all tax levies which the district 540 is authorized to impose, when combined with state and federal 541 revenues, will be insufficient to provide for the emergency 542 requirements of the school district or to avoid an operating 543 deficit, and that it is therefore necessary to levy an 544 additional tax in excess of the ten-mill limitation for the 545 current expenses of the district. The resolution shall be 546 confined to a single purpose and shall specify that purpose. If 547 the levy is proposed to renew all or a portion of the proceeds 548

derived from one or more existing levies imposed pursuant to 549 this section, it shall be called a renewal levy and shall be so 550 designated on the ballot, except that an existing levy may not 551 be renewed under this section if the purpose of that levy is to 552 avoid an operating deficit or to provide for the emergency 553 requirements of the school district. If two or more existing 554 levies are to be included in a single renewal levy but are not 555 scheduled to expire in the same year, the resolution shall 556 specify that the existing levies to be renewed shall not be 557 levied after the year preceding the year in which the renewal 558 levy is first imposed. Notwithstanding the original purpose of 559 any one or more existing levies that are to be in any single-560 renewal levy, the purpose of the renewal levy may be either to 561 avoid an operating deficit or to provide for the emergency 562 requirements of the school district. The resolution shall 563 further specify the amount of money it is necessary to raise for 564 the specified purpose for each calendar year the millage is to 565 be imposed; if a renewal levy, whether the levy is to renew all, 566 or a portion of, the proceeds derived from one or more existing 567 levies; and the number of years in which the millage is to be in 568 effect, which may include a levy upon the current year's tax 569 list. The number of years may be any number not exceeding ten. 570

The question shall be submitted at a special election on a date specified in the resolution. The date shall not be earlier than eighty days after the adoption and certification of the resolution to the county auditor and shall be consistent with the requirements of section 3501.01 of the Revised Code. A resolution for a renewal levy shall not be placed on the ballot unless the question is submitted on a date on which a special election may be held under division (D) of section 3501.01 of the Revised Code, except for the first Tuesday after the first

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Monday in August, during the last year the levy to be renewed 580 may be extended on the real and public utility property tax list 581 and duplicate, or at any election held in the ensuing year, 582 except that if the resolution proposes renewing two or more 583 existing levies, the question shall be submitted on the date of 584 the general or primary election held during the last year at 585 least one of the levies to be renewed may be extended on that 586 list and duplicate, or at any election held during the ensuing 587 year. For purposes of this section and sections 5705.197 and 588 5705.199 of the Revised Code, a levy shall be considered to be 589 an "existing levy" through the year following the last year it 590 can be placed on the real and public utility property tax list 591 and duplicate. 592

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The submission of questions to the electors under this section is subject to the limitation on the number of election dates established by section 5705.214 of the Revised Code.

The resolution shall go into immediate effect upon its 596 passage, and no publication of the resolution shall be necessary 597 other than that provided for in the notice of election. A copy 598 of the resolution shall immediately after its passing be 599 certified to the county auditor of the proper county. Section 600 5705.195 of the Revised Code shall govern the arrangements for 601 the submission of questions to the electors under this section 602 and other matters concerning the election. Publication of notice 603 of the election shall be made in one newspaper of general 604 circulation in the county once a week for two consecutive weeks, 605 or as provided in section 7.16 of the Revised Code, prior to the 606 election. If the board of elections operates and maintains a web 607 site, the board of elections shall post notice of the election 608 on its web site for thirty days prior to the election. If a 609 majority of the electors voting on the question submitted in an 610

election vote in lavor of the levy, the board of education of	911
the school district may make the additional levy necessary to	612
raise the amount specified in the resolution for the purpose	613
stated in the resolution. The tax levy shall be included in the	614
next tax budget that is certified to the county budget	615
commission.	616
After the approval of the levy and prior to the time when	617
the first tax collection from the levy can be made, the board of	618
education may anticipate a fraction of the proceeds of the levy	619
and issue anticipation notes in an amount not exceeding the	620
total estimated proceeds of the levy to be collected during the	621
first year of the levy.	622
The notes shall be issued as provided in section 133.24 of	623
the Revised Code, shall have principal payments during each year	624
after the year of their issuance over a period not to exceed	625
five years, and may have principal payment in the year of their	626
issuance.	627
Sec. 5705.197. The form of the ballot to be used at the	628
election provided for in section 5705.195 of the Revised Code	629
shall be as follows:	630
"Shall a <u>fixed-sum</u> levy be imposed by the	631
(here insert name of school district) for the purpose of	632
(here insert purpose of levy)current operating	633
$\underline{\text{expenses}}$ in the sum of \S (here insert annual amount	634
the levy is to produce) and a levy of taxes to be made outside	635
of the ten-mill limitation estimated by the county auditor to	636
average mills for each \$1 of taxable value, which	637
amounts to \$ for each \$100,000 of the county auditor's	638
appraised value, for a period of (here insert the	639
number of years the millage is to be imposed) years?	640

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FOR THE TAX LEVY	
AGAINST THE TAX LEVY	
If the tax is to be placed on the current tax list, the	642
form of the ballot shall be modified by adding, after "years,"	643
the phrase ", commencing in (first year the tax is to	644
be levied), first due in calendar year (first	645
calendar year in which the tax shall be due)."	646
If the levy submitted is a proposal to renew all or a	647
portion of an existing levy, the form of the ballot specified in	648
this section must be changed by adding the following at the	649
beginning of the form, after the words "shall a levy":	650
(A) "Renewing an existing levy" in the case of a proposal	651
to renew an existing levy in the same amount;	652
(B) "Renewing \$ and providing an increase of \$	653
" in the case of an increase;	654
(C) "Renewing part of an existing levy, being a reduction	655
of \S " in the case of a renewal of only part of an	656
existing levy.	657
If the levy submitted is a proposal to renew all or a	658
portion of more than one existing levy, the form of the ballot	659
may be changed in any of the manners provided in division (A),	660
(B), or (C) of this section, or any combination of those	661

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manners, as appropriate, so long as the form of the ballot

reflects the number of levies to be renewed, whether the amount

of any of the levies will be increased or decreased, the amount

of any such increase or decrease for each levy, and that none of

the existing levies to be renewed will be levied after the year	666
preceding the year in which the renewal levy is first imposed.	667
The form of the ballot shall be changed by adding the following	668
statement after "for a period of years?" and before "For	669
the Tax Levy" and "Against the Tax Levy":	670
"If approved, any remaining tax years on any of the above	671
(here insert the number of existing levies) existing	672
levies will not be collected after (here insert the	673
current tax year or, if not the current tax year, the applicable	674
tax year)."	675
Sec. 5705.199. (A) At any time before the effective date	676
of this amendment the board of education of a city, local,	677
exempted village, cooperative education, or joint vocational	678
school district, by a vote of two-thirds of all its members, may	679
declare by resolution that the revenue that will be raised by	680
all tax levies that the district is authorized to impose, when	681
combined with state and federal revenues, will be insufficient	682
to provide for the necessary requirements of the school	683
district, and that it is therefore necessary to levy a tax in	684
excess of the ten-mill limitation for the purpose of providing	685
for the necessary requirements of the school district. Such a	686
levy shall be proposed as a substitute for all or a portion of	687
one or more existing levies imposed under sections 5705.194 to	688
5705.197 of the Revised Code or under this section, by levying a	689
tax as follows:	690
(1) In the initial year the levy is in effect, the levy	691
shall be in a specified amount of money equal to the aggregate	692
annual dollar amount of proceeds derived from the levy or	693
levies, or portion thereof, being substituted.	694

(2) In each subsequent year the levy is in effect, the

levy shall be in a specified amount of money equal to the sum of the following:

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- (a) The dollar amount of the proceeds derived from the levy in the prior year; and
- (b) The dollar amount equal to the product of the total taxable value of all taxable real property in the school district in the then-current year, excluding carryover property as defined in section 319.301 of the Revised Code, multiplied by the annual levy, expressed in mills for each one dollar of taxable value, that was required to produce the annual dollar amount of the levy under this section in the prior year; provided, that the amount under division (A)(2)(b) of this section shall not be less than zero.
- (B) The resolution proposing the substitute levy shall specify the annual dollar amount the levy is to produce in its initial year; the first calendar year in which the levy will be due; and the term of the levy expressed in years, which may be any number not exceeding ten, or for a continuing period of time. The resolution shall specify the date of holding the election, which shall not be earlier than ninety days after certification of the resolution to the board of elections, and which shall be consistent with the requirements of section-3501.01 of the Revised Code. If two or more existing levies are to be included in a single substitute levy, but are not scheduled to expire in the same year, the resolution shall specify that the existing levies to be substituted shall not be levied after the year preceding the year in which the substitute levy is first imposed.

The resolution shall go into immediate effect upon its passage, and no publication of the resolution shall be necessary

other than that provided for in the notice of election. A copy	126
of the resolution shall immediately after its passage be	727
certified to the county auditor in the manner provided by	728
section 5705.195 of the Revised Code, and sections 5705.194 and	729
5705.196 of the Revised Code shall govern the arrangements for	730
the submission of the question and other matters concerning the-	731
notice of election and the election, except as may be provided	732
otherwise in this section.	733
(C) The form of the ballot to be used at the election on-	734
the question of a levy under this section shall be as follows:	735
"Shall a tax levy substituting for an existing levy be	736
imposed by the (here insert name of school district)	737
for the purpose of providing for the necessary requirements of	738
the school district in the initial sum of \$ (here-	739
insert the annual dollar amount the levy is to produce in its-	740
initial year), and a levy of taxes be made outside of the ten-	741
mill limitation estimated by the county auditor to require-	742
mills for each \$1 of taxable value, which amounts to-	743
\$ for each \$100,000 of the county auditor's appraised	744
value for the initial year of the tax, for a period of-	745
(here insert the number of years the levy is to be	746
imposed, or that it will be levied for a continuing period of	747
time), commencing in (first year the tax is to be	748
levied), first due in calendar year (first calendar	749
year in which the tax shall be due), with the sum of such tax to	750
increase only if and as new land or real property improvements	751
not previously taxed by the school district are added to its tax	752
list?	753
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AGAINST THE TAX LEVY

If the levy submitted is a proposal to substitute all or a 755 portion of more than one existing levy, the form of the ballot 756 may be changed so long as the ballot reflects the number of 757 levies to be substituted and that none of the existing levies to 758 be substituted will be levied after the year preceding the year 759 in which the substitute levy is first imposed. The form of the 760 ballot shall be modified by substituting the statement "Shall a 761 tax levy substituting for an existing levy" with "Shall a tax-762 levy substituting for existing levies" and adding the following-763 statement after "added to its tax list?" and before "For the Tax 764 Levv": 765 "If approved, any remaining tax years on any of the-766 (here insert the number of existing levies) existing 767 levies will not be collected after (here insert the 768 current tax year or, if not the current tax year, the applicable 769 tax vear)." 770 (D) The submission of questions to the electors under this 771 section is subject to the limitation on the number of election-772 dates established by section 5705.214 of the Revised Code. 773 (E)—If a majority of the electors voting on the question 774 so submitted in an election vote in favor of the levy, the board 775 of education may make the necessary levy within the school 776 district at the rate and for the purpose stated in the 777 resolution. The tax levy shall be included in the next tax 778 budget that is certified to the county budget commission. 779

(F) (C) A levy for a continuing period of time may be

decreased pursuant to section 5705.261 of the Revised Code.

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(G) A levy under this section substituting for all or a	782
portion of one or more existing levies imposed under sections	783
5705.194 to 5705.197 of the Revised Code or under this section	784
shall be treated as having renewed the levy or levies being	785
substituted for purposes of the payments made under sections	786
5751.20 to 5751.22 of the Revised Code.	787
$\frac{(H)-(D)}{(D)}$ After the approval of a levy on the current tax	788
list and duplicate, and prior to the time when the first tax	789
collection from the levy can be made, the board of education may	790
anticipate a fraction of the proceeds of the levy and issue	791
anticipation notes in a principal amount not exceeding fifty per	792
cent of the total estimated proceeds of the levy to be collected	793
during the first year of the levy. The notes shall be issued as	794
provided in section 133.24 of the Revised Code, shall have	795
principal payments during each year after the year of their	796
issuance over a period not to exceed five years, and may have a	797
principal payment in the year of their issuance."	798
In line 214, after "the" insert "(A)"	799
In line 220, before " <u>If</u> " insert " <u>(B)</u> "	800
In line 222, delete "other"; after "manner" insert "other than	801
described in division (A) of this section"	802
After line 239, insert:	803
"Sec. 5709.92. (A) As used in this section:	804
(1) "School district" means a city, local, or exempted	805
village school district.	806
(2) "Joint vocational school district" means a joint	807
vocational school district created under section 3311.16 of the	808
Revised Code, and includes a cooperative education school	809

Revised Code and a county school financing district created	811						
under section 3311.50 of the Revised Code.	812						
(3) "Total resources" means the sum of the amounts	813						
described in divisions (A)(3)(a) to (g) of this section less any							
reduction required under division (C)(3)(a) of this section.	815						
(a) The state education aid for fiscal year 2015;	816						
(b) The sum of the payments received in fiscal year 2015	817						
for current expense levy losses under division (C)(3) of section							
5727.85 and division (C)(12) of section 5751.21 of the Revised	819						
Code, as they existed at that time, excluding the portion of	820						
such payments attributable to levies for joint vocational school	821						
district purposes;	822						
(c) The sum of fixed-sum levy loss payments received by	823						
the school district in fiscal year 2015 under division (F)(1) of	824						
section 5727.85 and division (E)(1) of section 5751.21 of the	825						
Revised Code, as they existed at that time, for fixed-sum levies	826						
charged and payable for a purpose other than paying debt							
charges;	828						
(d) The district's taxes charged and payable against all	829						
property on the tax list of real and public utility property for	830						
current expense purposes for tax year 2014, including taxes	831						
charged and payable from emergency—levies charged and payable	832						
under sections 5705.194 to 5705.197 of the Revised Code,	833						
excluding taxes levied for joint vocational school district	834						
purposes or levied under section 5705.23 of the Revised Code;	835						
(e) The amount certified for fiscal year 2015 under	836						
division (A)(2) of section 3317.08 of the Revised Code;	837						

district created under section 3311.52 or 3311.521 of the

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(f) Distributions received during calendar year 2014 from	838
taxes levied under section 718.09 of the Revised Code;	839
(g) Distributions received during fiscal year 2015 from	840
the gross casino revenue county student fund.	841
(4)(a) "State education aid" for a school district means	842
the sum of state amounts computed for the district under	843
sections 3317.022 and 3317.0212 of the Revised Code after any	844
amounts are added or subtracted under Section 263.240 of Am.	845
Sub. H.B. 59 of the 130th general assembly, entitled	846
"TRANSITIONAL AID FOR CITY, LOCAL, AND EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL	847
DISTRICTS."	848
(b) "State education aid" for a joint vocational district	849
means the amount computed for the district under section 3317.16	850
of the Revised Code after any amounts are added or subtracted	851
under Section 263.250 of Am. Sub. H.B. 59 of the 130th general	852
assembly, entitled "TRANSITIONAL AID FOR JOINT VOCATIONAL SCHOOL	853
DISTRICTS."	854
(5) "Taxes charged and payable" means taxes charged and	855
payable after the reduction required by section 319.301 of the	856
Revised Code but before the reductions required by sections	857
319.302 and 323.152 of the Revised Code.	858
(6) "Capacity quintile" means the capacity measure	859
quintiles determined under division (B) of this section.	860
(7) "Threshold per cent" means the following:	861
(a) For a school district in the lowest capacity quintile,	862
one per cent for fiscal year 2016 and two per cent for fiscal	863
year 2017.	864
(b) For a school district in the second lowest capacity	865

quir	ntile	e, one	and	one	e-four	rth :	per	cent	for	fiscal	year	2016	and	
two	and	one-ha	alf p	per	cent	for	fis	scal	year	2017.				

- (c) For a school district in the third lowest capacity quintile, one and one-half per cent for fiscal year 2016 and three per cent for fiscal year 2017.
- (d) For a school district in the second highest capacity quintile, one and three-fourths per cent for fiscal year 2016 and three and one-half per cent for fiscal year 2017.
- (e) For a school district in the highest capacity quintile, two per cent for fiscal year 2016 and four per cent for fiscal year 2017.
- (f) For a joint vocational school district, two per cent for fiscal year 2016 and four per cent for fiscal year 2017.
- (8) "Current expense allocation" means the sum of the payments received by a school district or joint vocational school district in fiscal year 2015 for current expense levy losses under division (C) (3) of section 5727.85 and division (C) (12) of section 5751.21 of the Revised Code as they existed at that time, less any reduction required under division (C) (3) (b) of this section.
- (9) "Non-current expense allocation" means the sum of the payments received by a school district or joint vocational school district in fiscal year 2015 for levy losses under division (C)(3)(c) of section 5727.85 and division (C)(12)(c) of section 5751.21 of the Revised Code, as they existed at that time, and levy losses in fiscal year 2015 under division (H) of section 5727.84 of the Revised Code as that section existed at that time attributable to levies for and payments received for losses on levies intended to generate money for maintenance of

alaggroom	facilities		
classroom	facilities.		

(10) "Operating TPP fixed-sum levy losses" means the sum of payments received by a school district in fiscal year 2015 for levy losses under division (E) of section 5751.21 of the Revised Code, excluding levy losses for debt purposes.

- (11) "Operating S.B. 3 fixed-sum levy losses" means the sum of payments received by the school district in fiscal year 2015 for levy losses under division (H) of section 5727.84 of the Revised Code, excluding levy losses for debt purposes.
- (12) "TPP fixed-sum debt levy losses" means the sum of payments received by a school district in fiscal year 2015 for levy losses under division (E) of section 5751.21 of the Revised Code for debt purposes.
- (13) "S.B. 3 fixed-sum debt levy losses" means the sum of payments received by the school district in fiscal year 2015 for levy losses under division (H) of section 5727.84 of the Revised Code for debt purposes.
- (14) "Qualifying levies" means qualifying levies described in section 5751.20 of the Revised Code as that section was in effect before July 1, 2015.
- (15) "Total taxable value" has the same meaning as in section 3317.02 of the Revised Code.
- (B) The department of education and workforce shall rank 917 all school districts in the order of districts' capacity 918 measures determined under former section 3317.018 of the Revised 919 Code from lowest to highest, and divide such ranking into 920 quintiles, with the first quintile containing the twenty per 921 cent of school districts having the lowest capacity measure and 922

the fifth quintile containing the twenty per cent of school districts having the highest capacity measure. This calculation and ranking shall be performed once, in fiscal year 2016.

- (C)(1) In fiscal year 2016, payments shall be made to school districts and joint vocational school districts equal to the sum of the amounts described in divisions (C)(1)(a) or (b) and (C)(1)(c) of this section. In fiscal year 2017, payments shall be made to school districts and joint vocational school districts equal to the amount described in division (C)(1)(a) or (b) of this section.
- (a) If the ratio of the current expense allocation to total resources is equal to or less than the district's threshold percent, zero;
- (b) If the ratio of the current expense allocation to total resources is greater than the district's threshold per cent, the difference between the current expense allocation and the product of the threshold percentage and total resources;
- (c) For fiscal year 2016, the product of the non-current expense allocation multiplied by fifty per cent.
- (2) In fiscal year 2018 and subsequent fiscal years, payments shall be made to school districts and joint vocational school districts equal to the difference obtained by subtracting the amount described in division (C)(2)(b) of this section from the amount described in division (C)(2)(a) of this section, provided that such amount is greater than zero.
- (a) The sum of the payments received by the district under division (C)(1)(b) or (C)(2) of this section for the immediately preceding fiscal year;

total taxable value of the district for tax years 2014, 2015,	952						
and 2016.	953						
(3)(a) "Total resources" used to compute payments under	954						
division (C)(1) of this section shall be reduced to the extent	955						
that payments distributed in fiscal year 2015 were attributable							
to levies no longer charged and payable for tax year 2014.	957						
(b) "Current expense allocation" used to compute payments	958						
under division (C)(1) of this section shall be reduced to the							
extent that the payments distributed in fiscal year 2015 were							
attributable to levies no longer charged and payable for tax	961						
year 2014.	962						
(4) The department of education and workforce shall report	963						
to each school district and joint vocational school district the	964						
apportionment of the payments under division (C)(1) of this							
section among the district's funds based on qualifying levies.	966						
(D)(1) Payments in the following amounts shall be made to	967						
school districts and joint vocational school districts in tax							
years 2016 through 2021:	969						
(a) In tax year 2016, the sum of the district's operating	970						
TPP fixed-sum levy losses and operating S.B. 3 fixed-sum levy							
losses.	972						
(b) In tax year 2017, the sum of the district's operating	973						
TPP fixed-sum levy losses and eighty per cent of operating S.B.	974						
3 fixed-sum levy losses.	975						
(c) In tax year 2018, the sum of eighty per cent of the	976						
district's operating TPP fixed-sum levy losses and sixty per	977						

(b) One-sixteenth of one per cent of the average of the

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cent of its operating S.B. 3 fixed-sum levy losses.

(d) In tax year 2019, the sum of sixty per cent of the district's operating TPP fixed-sum levy losses and forty per cent of its operating S.B. 3 fixed-sum levy losses.

- (e) In tax year 2020, the sum of forty per cent of the district's operating TPP fixed-sum levy losses and twenty per cent of its operating S.B. 3 fixed-sum levy losses.
- (f) In tax year 2021, twenty per cent of the district's operating TPP fixed-sum levy losses.

No payment shall be made under division (D)(1) of this section after tax year 2021.

- (2) Amounts are payable under division (D) of this section for fixed-sum levy losses only to the extent of such losses for qualifying levies that remain in effect for the current tax year. For this purpose, a qualifying levy levied under section 5705.194 or 5705.213 of the Revised Code remains in effect for the current tax year only if a tax levied under either of those sections is charged and payable for the current tax year for an annual sum at least equal to the annual sum levied by the board of education for tax year 2004 under those sections less the amount of the payment under this division.
- (E) (1) For fixed-sum levies for debt purposes, payments shall be made to school districts and joint vocational school districts equal to one hundred per cent of the district's fixed-sum levy loss determined under division (E) of section 5751.20 and division (H) of section 5727.84 of the Revised Code as in effect before July 1, 2015, and paid in tax year 2014. No payment shall be made for qualifying levies that are no longer charged and payable.
 - (2) Beginning in 2016, by the thirty-first day of January

of each year, the tax commissioner shall review the calculation 1008 of fixed-sum levy loss for debt purposes determined under 1009 division (E) of section 5751.20 and division (H) of section 1010 5727.84 of the Revised Code as in effect before July 1, 2015. If 1011 the commissioner determines that a fixed-sum levy that had been 1012 scheduled to be reimbursed in the current year is no longer 1013 charged and payable, a revised calculation for that year and all 1014 subsequent years shall be made. 1015

- (F)(1) For taxes levied within the ten-mill limitation for 1016 debt purposes in tax year 1998 in the case of electric company 1017 tax value losses, and in tax year 1999 in the case of natural 1018 gas company tax value losses, payments shall be made to school 1019 districts and joint vocational school districts equal to one 1020 hundred per cent of the loss computed under division (D) of 1021 section 5727.85 of the Revised Code as in effect before July 1, 1022 2015, as if the tax were a fixed-rate levy, but those payments 1023 shall extend through fiscal year 2016. 1024
- (2) For taxes levied within the ten-mill limitation for 1025 debt purposes in tax year 2005, payments shall be made to school 1026 districts and joint vocational school districts equal to one 1027 hundred per cent of the loss computed under division (D) of 1028 section 5751.21 of the Revised Code as in effect before July 1, 1029 2015, as if the tax were a fixed-rate levy, but those payments 1030 shall extend through fiscal year 2018. 1031
- (G) If all the territory of a school district or joint 1032 vocational school district is merged with another district, or 1033 if a part of the territory of a school district or joint 1034 vocational school district is transferred to an existing or 1035 newly created district, the department of education and 1036 workforce, in consultation with the tax commissioner, shall 1037

adjust the payments made under this section as follows:

(1) For a merger of two or more districts, fixed-sum levy
losses, total resources, current expense allocation, and noncurrent expense allocation of the successor district shall be
the sum of such items for each of the districts involved in the
merger.

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- (2) If property is transferred from one district to a previously existing district, the amount of the total resources, current expense allocation, and non-current expense allocation that shall be transferred to the recipient district shall be an amount equal to the total resources, current expense allocation, and non-current expense allocation of the transferor district times a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of pupils being transferred to the recipient district, measured, in the case of a school district, by formula ADM as defined in section 3317.02of the Revised Code or, in the case of a joint vocational school district, by formula ADM as defined for a joint vocational school district in that section, and the denominator of which is the formula ADM of the transferor district.
- (3) After December 31, 2010, if property is transferred from one or more districts to a district that is newly created out of the transferred property, the newly created district shall be deemed not to have any total resources, current expense allocation, total allocation, or non-current expense allocation.
- (4) If the recipient district under division (G)(2) of this section or the newly created district under division (G)(3) of this section is assuming debt from one or more of the districts from which the property was transferred and any of the districts losing the property had fixed-sum levy losses, the department of education and workforce, in consultation with the

tax commissioner, shall make an equitable division of the 1068 reimbursements for those losses. 1069

- (H) The payments required by divisions (C), (D), (E), (F), 1070 and (I) of this section shall be distributed periodically to 1071 each school and joint vocational school district by the 1072 department of education and workforce unless otherwise provided 1073 for. Except as provided in division (D) of this section, if a 1074 levy that is a qualifying levy is not charged and payable in any 1075 year after 2014, payments to the school district or joint 1076 vocational school district shall be reduced to the extent that 1077 the payments distributed in fiscal year 2015 were attributable 1078 to the levy loss of that levy. 1079
- (I) For fiscal years 2022 through 2026, if the total 1080 amount to be received under divisions (C) and (E) of this 1081 section by any school district that has a nuclear power plant 1082 located within its territory is less than the amount the 1083 district received under this section in fiscal year 2017, the 1084 district shall receive a supplemental payment equal to the 1085 difference between the amount to be received under those 1086 divisions for the fiscal year and the amount received under this 1087 section in fiscal year 2017. 1088
- Sec. 5748.09. (A) The board of education of a city, local, or exempted village school district, at any time by a vote of two-thirds of all its members, may declare by resolution that it may be necessary for the school district to do all of the following:
- (1) Raise a specified amount of money for school district 1094 purposes by levying an annual tax on school district income; 1095

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(2) Levy an additional property tax in excess of the ten-

mill limitation for the purpose of providing for the necessary requirements of the district, stating in the resolution the amount of money to be raised each year for such purpose;

(3) Submit the question of the school district income tax 1100 and property tax to the electors of the district at a special 1101 election.

The resolution shall specify whether the income that is to be subject to the tax is taxable income of individuals and estates as defined in divisions (E)(1)(a) and (2) of section 5748.01 of the Revised Code or taxable income of individuals as defined in division (E)(1)(b) of that section.

On adoption of the resolution, the board shall certify a copy of it to the tax commissioner and the county auditor not later than one hundred days prior to the date of the special election at which the board intends to propose the income tax and property tax. Not later than ten days after receipt of the resolution, the tax commissioner, in the same manner as required by division (A) of section 5748.02 of the Revised Code, shall estimate the rates designated in divisions (A) (1) and (2) of that section and certify them to the board. Not later than ten days after receipt of the resolution, the county auditor, in the same manner as required by section 5705.195 of the Revised Code, shall make the calculation specified in that section and certify it to the board.

(B) On receipt of the tax commissioner's and county

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auditor's certifications prepared under division (A) of this
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section, the board of education of the city, local, or exempted
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village school district, by a vote of two-thirds of all its
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members, may adopt a resolution declaring that the amount of
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taxes that can be raised by all tax levies the district is
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authorized to impose, when combined with state and federal	1127
revenues, will be insufficient to provide an adequate amount for	1128
the present and future requirements of the school district, and	1129
that it is therefore necessary to levy, for a specified number	1130
of years or for a continuing period of time, an annual tax for	1131
school district purposes on school district income, and to levy,	1132
for a specified number of years not exceeding ten or for a	1133
continuing period of time, an additional property tax in excess	1134
of the ten-mill limitation for the purpose of providing for the	1135
necessary requirements of the district, and declaring that the	1136
question of the school district income tax and property tax	1137
shall be submitted to the electors of the school district at a	1138
special election, which shall not be earlier than ninety days	1139
after certification of the resolution to the board of elections,	1140
and the date of which shall be consistent with section 3501.01	1141
of the Revised Code. The resolution shall specify all of the	1142
following:	1143

- (1) The purpose for which the school district income tax

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 is to be imposed and the rate of the tax, which shall be the

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 rate set forth in the tax commissioner's certification rounded

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 to the nearest one-fourth of one per cent;

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- (2) Whether the income that is to be subject to the tax is
 taxable income of individuals and estates as defined in
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 divisions (E)(1)(a) and (2) of section 5748.01 of the Revised
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 Code or taxable income of individuals as defined in division (E)
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 (1)(b) of that section. The specification shall be the same as
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 the specification in the resolution adopted and certified under
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 division (A) of this section.
- (3) The number of years the school district income tax 1155 will be levied, or that it will be levied for a continuing 1156

period of time;	1157
(4) The date on which the school district income tax shall	1158
take effect, which shall be the first day of January of any year	1159
following the year in which the question is submitted;	1160
(5) The amount of money it is necessary to raise for the	1161
purpose of providing for the necessary requirements of the	1162
district for each year the property tax is to be imposed;	1163
(6) The number of years the property tax will be levied,	1164
or that it will be levied for a continuing period of time;	1165
(7) The tax list upon which the property tax shall be	1166
first levied, which may be the current year's tax list;	1167
(8) The amount of the average tax levy, expressed in	1168
dollars for each one hundred thousand dollars of the county	1169
auditor's appraised value as well as in mills for each one	1170
dollar of taxable value, estimated by the county auditor under	1171
division (A) of this section.	1172
(C) A resolution adopted under division (B) of this	1173
section shall go into immediate effect upon its passage, and no	1174
publication of the resolution shall be necessary other than that	1175
provided for in the notice of election. Immediately after its	1176
adoption and at least ninety days prior to the election at which	1177
the question will appear on the ballot, the board of education	1178
shall certify a copy of the resolution, along with copies of the	1179
county auditor's certification and the resolution under division	1180
(A) of this section, to the board of elections of the proper	1181
county. The board of education shall make the arrangements for	1182
the submission of the question to the electors of the school	1183
district, and the election shall be conducted, canvassed, and	1184

certified in the same manner as regular elections in the

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district for the election of county officers.

The resolution shall be put before the electors as one 1187 ballot question, with a majority vote indicating approval of the 1188 school district income tax and the property tax. The board of 1189 elections shall publish the notice of the election in a 1190 newspaper of general circulation in the school district once a 1191 week for two consecutive weeks, or as provided in section 7.16 1192 of the Revised Code, prior to the election. If the board of 1193 elections operates and maintains a web site, also shall post 1194 notice of the election on its web site for thirty days prior to 1195 the election. The notice of election shall state all of the 1196 following: 1197

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- (1) The questions to be submitted to the electors as a single ballot question;
 - (2) The rate of the school district income tax;
- (3) The number of years the school district income tax will be levied or that it will be levied for a continuing period of time;
- (4) The annual proceeds of the proposed property tax levy for the purpose of providing for the necessary requirements of the district;
- (5) The number of years during which the property tax levy shall be levied, or that it shall be levied for a continuing period of time;
- (6) The estimated average additional tax rate of the property tax, expressed in dollars for each one hundred thousand dollars of the county auditor's appraised value as well as in mills for each one dollar of taxable value, outside the

limitation imposed by Section 2 of Article XII, Ohio	1214
Constitution, as certified by the county auditor;	1215
(7) The time and place of the special election.	1216
(D) The form of the ballot on a question submitted to the	1217
electors under this section shall be as follows:	1218
"Shall the school district be authorized to do both	1219
of the following:	1220
(1) Impose an annual income tax of (state the	1221
proposed rate of tax) on the school district income of	1222
individuals and of estates, for (state the number of	1223
years the tax would be levied, or that it would be levied for a	1224
continuing period of time), beginning (state the date	1225
the tax would first take effect), for the purpose of	1226
(state the purpose of the tax)?	1227
(2) Impose a property tax levy outside of the ten-mill	1228
limitation for the purpose of providing for the necessary	1229
requirements of the district in the sum of \$	1230
(here insert annual amount the levy is to produce), estimated by	1231
the county auditor to average mills for each \$1	1232
of taxable value, which amounts to \$ for each	1233
\$100,000 of the county auditor's appraised value, for	1234
(state the number of years the tax is to be	1235
imposed or that it will be imposed for a continuing period of	1236
time), commencing in (first year the tax is to be	1237
levied), first due in calendar year (first calendar	1238
year in which the tax shall be due)?	1239
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FOR THE INCOME TAX AND PROPERTY TAX	

AGAINST THE INCOME TAX AND PROPERTY TAX

If the question submitted to electors proposes a school

district income tax only on the taxable income of individuals as

defined in division (E)(1)(b) of section 5748.01 of the Revised

Code, the form of the ballot shall be modified by stating that

the tax is to be levied on the "earned income of individuals

residing in the school district" in lieu of the "school district

income of individuals and of estates."

- (E) The board of elections promptly shall certify the 1248 results of the election to the tax commissioner and the county 1249 auditor of the county in which the school district is located. 1250 If a majority of the electors voting on the question vote in 1251 favor of it:
- (1) The income tax and the applicable provisions of 1253
 Chapter 5747. of the Revised Code shall take effect on the date 1254
 specified in the resolution. 1255
- (2) The board of education of the school district may make 1256 the additional property tax levy necessary to raise the amount 1257 specified on the ballot for the purpose of providing for the 1258 necessary requirements of the district. The property tax levy 1259 shall be included in the next tax budget that is certified to 1260 the county budget commission.
- (F) (1) After approval of a question under this section,

 the board of education may anticipate a fraction of the proceeds

 of the school district income tax in accordance with section

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 5748.05 of the Revised Code. Any anticipation notes under this

 division shall be issued as provided in section 133.24 of the

 Revised Code, shall have principal payments during each year

 after the year of their issuance over a period not to exceed

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five years, and may have a principal payment in the year of 1269 their issuance.

- (2) After the approval of a question under this section 1271 and prior to the time when the first tax collection from the 1272 property tax levy can be made, the board of education may 1273 anticipate a fraction of the proceeds of the levy and issue 1274 anticipation notes in an amount not exceeding the total 1275 estimated proceeds of the levy to be collected during the first 1276 year of the levy. Any anticipation notes under this division 1277 shall be issued as provided in section 133.24 of the Revised 1278 Code, shall have principal payments during each year after the 1279 year of their issuance over a period not to exceed five years, 1280 and may have a principal payment in the year of their issuance. 1281
- (G)(1) The question of repeal of a school district income tax levied for more than five years may be initiated and submitted in accordance with section 5748.04 of the Revised Code.
- (2) A property tax levy for a continuing period of time 1286 may be reduced in the manner provided under section 5705.261 of 1287 the Revised Code.

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- (H) No board of education shall submit a question under this section to the electors of the school district more than twice in any calendar year. If a board submits the question twice in any calendar year, one of the elections on the question shall be held on the date of the general election.
- (I) If the electors of the school district approve a 1294 question under this section, and if the last calendar year the 1295 school district income tax is in effect and the last calendar 1296 year of collection of the property tax are the same, the board 1297

of education of the school district may propose to submit under	1298
this section the combined question of a school district income	1299
tax to take effect upon the expiration of the existing income	1300
tax and a property tax to be first collected in the calendar	1301
year after the calendar year of last collection of the existing	1302
property tax, and specify in the resolutions adopted under this	1303
section that the proposed taxes would renew the existing taxes.	1304
The form of the ballot on a question submitted to the electors	1305
under division (I) of this section shall be as follows:	1306
"Shall the school district be authorized to do	1307
both of the following:	1308
(1) Impose an annual income tax of (state the	1309
proposed rate of tax) on the school district income of	1310
individuals and of estates to renew an income tax expiring at	1311
the end of $___$ (state the last year the existing income tax	1312
may be levied) for (state the number of years the tax	1313
would be levied, or that it would be levied for a continuing	1314
period of time), beginning (state the date the tax would	1315
first take effect), for the purpose of (state the	1316
purpose of the tax)?	1317
(2) Impose a property tax levy renewing an existing levy	1318
outside of the ten-mill limitation for the purpose of providing	1319
for the necessary requirements of the district in the sum of	1320
\S (here insert annual amount the levy is to	1321
produce), estimated by the county auditor to average	1322
mills for each \$1 of taxable value, which	1323
amounts to \$ for each \$100,000 of the county	1324
auditor's appraised value, for (state the number	1325
of years the tax is to be imposed or that it will be imposed for	1326
a continuing period of time), commencing in (first	1327

year the	tax is to be levied), first due in calendar year	1328
	(first calendar year in which the tax shall be	1329
due)?		1330
		1331
	FOR THE INCOME TAX AND PROPERTY TAX	
	AGAINST THE INCOME TAX AND PROPERTY TAX	"
If	the question submitted to electors proposes a school	1332
district	income tax only on the taxable income of individua	ls as 1333
defined :	in division (E)(1)(b) of section 5748.01 of the Rev	ised 1334
Code, the	e form of the ballot shall be modified by stating t	nat 1335
the tax	is to be levied on the "earned income of individual	s 1336
residing	in the school district" in lieu of the "school dis	trict 1337
income or	f individuals and of estates."	1338
(J)	(1) If the electors of the school district approve	a 1339
question	under this section, and if the last calendar year	the 1340
school d	istrict income tax is in effect and the last calendary	ar 1341
year in w	which the property tax is collected are the same, t	ne 1342
board of	education of the school district may propose to sub	omit 1343
under th	is section the combined question of all of the	1344
following	g:	1345
(a)	The renewal of the school district income tax levi	led 1346
under th	is section, to take effect upon the expiration of the	ne 1347
existing	income tax;	1348
(b)	The renewal of the property tax levied under this	1349
section,	to be levied beginning in the tax year after the tax	ax 1350
year in w	which the existing property tax expires;	1351
(c)	The renewal of a property tax levied under section	1352

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5705.194 of the Revised Code, regardless of the year it expires,

to be levied beginning in the same tax year that the tax	1354
described in division (J)(1)(b) of this section is first levied.	1355
A tax levied under section 5705.194 of the Revised Code that is	1356
for the purpose of avoiding an operating deficit or providing	1357
for the emergency requirements of the school district may not be	1358
renewed as part of a combined renewal question under division	1359
(J) of this section.	1360

If the combined question is approved, the existing tax

levied under section 5705.194 of the Revised Code may not be

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levied for the first tax year the renewal tax is levied or any

following tax year.

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(2) In its resolution to be submitted to the tax 1365 commissioner and county auditor, the board of education shall 1366 include, in addition to the applicable requirements of division 1367 (A) of this section, a declaration of the necessity for the 1368 renewal of the property tax levied under section 5705.194 of the 1369 Revised Code, the purpose of the tax as specified under that 1370 section, and the necessity of the submission of the question of 1371 the renewal of the school district income tax and both property 1372 taxes to the electors of the district at a special election. Not 1373 later than ten days after receipt of the resolution, the county 1374 auditor shall make a separate calculation and certification with 1375 respect to the renewal tax described in division (J)(1)(c) of 1376 this section in the same manner as required by section 5705.195 1377 of the Revised Code. 1378

In its resolution adopted upon receipt of the 1379 commissioner's and county auditor's certifications, the board of 1380 education shall include, in addition to the applicable 1381 requirements of division (B) of this section, a declaration that 1382 the amount of taxes that can be raised by all tax levies the 1383

district is authorized to impose, when combined with state and 1384 federal revenues, will be insufficient to provide an adequate 1385 amount for the present and future requirements of the school 1386 district, and that it is therefore necessary to renew the 1387 existing property tax being levied in excess of the ten-mill 1388 limitation under section 5705.194 of the Revised Code for the 1389 purpose as specified in that section of current operating 1390 expenses, for a specified number of years not exceeding ten or 1391 for a continuing period of time, and that the question of the 1392 renewal of the school district income tax and of both property 1393 taxes shall be submitted to the electors of the school district 1394 at a special election as described in division (B) of this 1395 section. With respect to the renewal tax described in division 1396 (J)(1)(c) of this section, the resolution shall specify the 1397 amount of money it is necessary to raise for the specified 1398 purpose for each calendar year the millage is to be imposed, the 1399 tax year that tax is to be first levied, and the estimated rate 1400 of that tax, expressed in dollars for each one hundred thousand 1401 dollars of the county auditor's appraised value as well as in 1402 mills for each one dollar of taxable value, as certified by the 1403 county auditor. 1404

(3) In addition to the requirements of division (C) of 1405 this section, the notice of election shall separately state, 1406 with respect to the renewal tax described in division (J)(1)(c) 1407 of this section, the annual proceeds of the proposed levy for 1408 the specified purpose; the number of years the proposed tax will 1409 be levied, or that it shall be levied for a continuing period of 1410 time; and the estimated rate of the proposed levy, expressed in 1411 dollars for each one hundred thousand dollars of the county 1412 auditor's appraised value as well as in mills for each one 1413 dollar of taxable value, as certified by the county auditor. 1414

(4) The form of the ballot on a question submitted to the	1415
electors under division (J) of this section shall be identical	1416
to the form of the ballot prescribed in division (I) of this	1417
section, except that the following shall be added after the	1418
third paragraph and in place of the voting box: "(3) Impose a	1419
property tax levy renewing an existing levy outside of the ten-	1420
mill limitation for the purpose of(here insert	1421
purpose of levy as specified in section 5705.194 of the Revised	1422
Code and determined by the board of education) current operating	1423
<pre>expenses in the sum of \$ (here insert annual amount</pre>	1424
the levy is to produce), estimated by the county auditor to	1425
average mills for each \$1 of taxable value, which	1426
amounts to \$ for each \$100,000 of the county auditor's	1427
appraised value, for (state the number of years the	1428
tax is to be imposed or that it will be imposed for a continuing	1429
period of time), commencing in (first year the tax	1430
is to be levied), first due in calendar year (first	1431
calendar year in which the tax shall be due)?	1432
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FOR THE INCOME TAX AND PROPERTY TAXES	
AGAINST THE INCOME TAX AND PROPERTY TAXES	

If the existing property tax being levied under section 1434 5705.194 of the Revised Code is scheduled to expire in a tax 1435 year different from that of the existing property tax being 1436 levied under this section, the form of the ballot shall be 1437 modified by adding the following statement at the end of the 1438 paragraph prescribed in this division: "If approved, any 1439 remaining tax years on the existing levy will not be levied 1440 after tax year _____ (last tax year the tax will be levied), 1441 last due in _____ (last calendar year in which the tax shall 1442

be due)."	1443
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- (5) If a majority of the electors voting on the question 1444 submitted under division (J) of this section vote in favor of 1445 it, the board of education of the school district may, in 1446 addition to any other authorization in the Revised Code and 1447 prior to the time when the first tax collection from the renewal 1448 tax levy can be made, anticipate a fraction of the proceeds of 1449 the renewal levy described in division (J)(1)(c) of this section 1450 and issue anticipation notes in an amount not exceeding the 1451 total estimated proceeds of the levy to be collected during the 1452 first year of the levy. Any such anticipation notes shall be 1453 issued as provided in section 133.24 of the Revised Code, shall 1454 have principal payments during each year after the year of their 1455 issuance over a period not to exceed five years, and may have a 1456 principal payment in the year of their issuance. 1457
- (K) The question of a renewal levy under division (I) or 1458 (J) of this section shall not be placed on the ballot unless the 1459 question is submitted on a date on which a special election may 1460 be held under section 3501.01 of the Revised Code, except for 1461 the first Tuesday after the first Monday in August, during the 1462 last year the existing property tax levy described in division 1463 (J)(1)(b) of this section may be extended on the real and public 1464 utility property tax list and duplicate, or at any election held 1465 in the ensuing year. 1466

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The failure by the electors to approve the question of a renewal levy under division (I) or (J) of this section does not terminate the authority previously granted by the electors to levy the taxes proposed to be renewed for their previously approved duration.

(L) If the electors of the school district approve a

question under this section, the board of education of the	1473
school district may propose to renew any of the existing taxes	1474
as individual ballot questions in accordance with section	1475
5748.02 of the Revised Code, for the school district income tax,	1476
or section 5705.194 of the Revised Code, for the property tax or	1477
taxes."	1478
In line 240, delete "and" and insert ", 323.32, 5705.192, 5705.194,	1479
5705.197, 5705.199,"; after "5705.314" insert ", 5709.92, and 5748.09"	1480
After line 248, insert:	1481
"(C) The amendment by this act of sections 5705.194 and	1482
5705.197 of the Revised Code applies to elections held on or	1483
after January 1, 2026."	1484

The motion was _____ agreed to.

SYNOPSIS	1485
Income tax inclusion in floor computation	1486
R.C. 319.301(E)(1)	1487
Removes a provision in the Introduced bill that required	1488
current expense school district income taxes, converted to	1489
property tax millage, from being included computation of the	1490
district's 20-mill floor.	1491
Application of 20-mill floor to additional floor millage	1492
R.C. 319.301(E)(4)	1493
Clarifies that, when a school district on the 20-mill	1494
floor levies additional current expense millage or additional	1495

millage is otherwise added to the floor (as proposed by the	1496
bill), then, for the first tax year it is levied or added, the	1497
tax reduction factor must be computed as through the new millage	1498
is added to the millage floor, i.e., 20 mills.	1499
Emergency levy name and purpose	1500
R.C. 5705.194 and 5705.197; Section 3(C)	1501
Changes the purpose of a school district emergency levy	1502
from providing for the district's emergency requirements or	1503
avoiding an operating deficit to pay the district's current	1504
expenses.	1505
Disallows renewal of current emergency levies.	1506
Labels these levies as "fixed-sum levies" in ballot	1507
language, reflecting that they raise a set amount of money and	1508
are not imposed at a fixed rate.	1509
Substitute levies	1510
Substitute levies R.C. 5705.199	1510 1511
R.C. 5705.199	1511
R.C. 5705.199 Disallows school districts from submitting new substitute	1511 1512
R.C. 5705.199 Disallows school districts from submitting new substitute levies to voters for approval. These levies are substitute for	1511 1512 1513
R.C. 5705.199 Disallows school districts from submitting new substitute levies to voters for approval. These levies are substitute for an existing emergency levy and raise a fixed sum in their first	1511 1512 1513 1514
R.C. 5705.199 Disallows school districts from submitting new substitute levies to voters for approval. These levies are substitute for an existing emergency levy and raise a fixed sum in their first year, then that sum grows each year as new real property is	1511 1512 1513 1514 1515
R.C. 5705.199 Disallows school districts from submitting new substitute levies to voters for approval. These levies are substitute for an existing emergency levy and raise a fixed sum in their first year, then that sum grows each year as new real property is added to the tax base.	1511 1512 1513 1514 1515 1516
R.C. 5705.199 Disallows school districts from submitting new substitute levies to voters for approval. These levies are substitute for an existing emergency levy and raise a fixed sum in their first year, then that sum grows each year as new real property is added to the tax base. Inside millage shifting clarification	1511 1512 1513 1514 1515 1516
R.C. 5705.199 Disallows school districts from submitting new substitute levies to voters for approval. These levies are substitute for an existing emergency levy and raise a fixed sum in their first year, then that sum grows each year as new real property is added to the tax base. Inside millage shifting clarification R.C. 5705.314	1511 1512 1513 1514 1515 1516 1517
R.C. 5705.199 Disallows school districts from submitting new substitute levies to voters for approval. These levies are substitute for an existing emergency levy and raise a fixed sum in their first year, then that sum grows each year as new real property is added to the tax base. Inside millage shifting clarification R.C. 5705.314 Retains a prohibition on a school board shifting the	1511 1512 1513 1514 1515 1516 1517 1518

increasing	ng its	collection	ns by any o	other cha	nge to	inside	1523
millage,	such a	s levying	additional	l inside	millage	e.	1524