As Introduced

136th General Assembly Regular Session 2025-2026

H. B. No. 236

Representative Williams

То	amend sections 2152.17, 2911.21, 2917.02, and	1
	2929.14 and to enact sections 2917.10 and	2
	2941.1427 of the Revised Code to prohibit masked	3
	harassment and masked trespassing, to modify the	4
	offense of aggravated riot when the offender is	5
	wearing a mask or disguise or is otherwise	6
	concealing or attempting to conceal the	7
	offender's face, and to require an additional	8
	prison term of one year for an offender who is	9
	convicted of or pleads guilty to a felony if the	10
	offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	11
	specification that the offender wore a mask or	12
	disguise or otherwise concealed or attempted to	13
	conceal the offender's face in commission of the	14
	offense.	15

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 2152.17, 2911.21, 2917.02, and	16
2929.14 be amended and sections 2917.10 and 2941.1427 of the	17
Revised Code be enacted to read as follows:	18
Sec. 2152.17. (A) Subject to division (D) of this section,	19
if a child is adjudicated a delinquent child for committing an	20
act. other than a violation of section 2923 12 of the Revised	21

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Code, that would be a felony if committed by an adult and if the	22
court determines that, if the child was an adult, the child	23
would be guilty of a specification of the type set forth in	24
section 2941.141, 2941.144, 2941.145, 2941.146, 2941.1412,	25
2941.1414, or 2941.1415 <u>, or 2941.1427</u> of the Revised Code, in	26
addition to any commitment or other disposition the court	27
imposes for the underlying delinquent act, all of the following	28
apply:	29
(1) If the court determines that the child would be guilty	30

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- of a specification of the type set forth in section 2941.141 or 2941.1427 of the Revised Code, the court may commit the child to the department of youth services for the specification for a definite period of up to one year.
- (2) If the court determines that the child would be guilty of a specification of the type set forth in section 2941.145 of the Revised Code or if the delinquent act is a violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2903.06 of the Revised Code and the court determines that the child would be guilty of a specification of the type set forth in section 2941.1415 of the Revised Code, the court shall commit the child to the department of youth services for the specification for a definite period of not less than one and not more than three years, and the court also shall commit the child to the department for the underlying delinquent act under sections 2152.11 to 2152.16 of the Revised Code.
- (3) If the court determines that the child would be quilty of a specification of the type set forth in section 2941.144, 2941.146, or 2941.1412 of the Revised Code or if the delinquent act is a violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2903.06 of the Revised Code and the court determines that the child

would be guilty of a specification of the type set forth in 52 section 2941.1414 of the Revised Code, the court shall commit 53 the child to the department of youth services for the 54 specification for a definite period of not less than one and not 55 more than five years, and the court also shall commit the child 56 to the department for the underlying delinquent act under 57 sections 2152.11 to 2152.16 of the Revised Code. 58

- (B) (1) If a child is adjudicated a delinquent child for 59 committing an act, other than a violation of section 2923.12 of 60 the Revised Code, that would be a felony if committed by an 61 62 adult, if the court determines that the child is complicit in another person's conduct that is of such a nature that the other 63 person would be quilty of a specification of the type set forth 64 in section 2941.141, 2941.144, 2941.145, or 2941.146 of the 65 Revised Code if the other person was an adult, if the other 66 person's conduct relates to the child's underlying delinquent 67 act, and if the child did not furnish, use, or dispose of any 68 firearm that was involved with the underlying delinquent act or 69 with the other person's specification-related conduct, in 70 addition to any other disposition the court imposes for the 71 underlying delinquent act, the court may commit the child to the 72 department of youth services for the specification for a 73 definite period of not more than one year, subject to division 74 (D)(2) of this section. 75
- (2) Except as provided in division (B)(1) of this section, division (A) of this section also applies to a child who is an accomplice regarding a specification of the type set forth in section 2941.1412, 2941.1414, or 2941.1415, or 2941.1427 of the Revised Code to the same extent the specifications would apply to an adult accomplice in a criminal proceeding.

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(C) If a child is adjudicated a delinquent child for	82
committing an act that would be aggravated murder, murder, or a	83
first, second, or third degree felony offense of violence if	84
committed by an adult and if the court determines that, if the	85
child was an adult, the child would be guilty of a specification	86
of the type set forth in section 2941.142 of the Revised Code in	87
relation to the act for which the child was adjudicated a	88
delinquent child, the court shall commit the child for the	89
specification to the legal custody of the department of youth	90
services for institutionalization in a secure facility for a	91
definite period of not less than one and not more than three	92
years, subject to division (D)(2) of this section, and the court	93
also shall commit the child to the department for the underlying	94
delinquent act.	95

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- (D) (1) If the child is adjudicated a delinquent child for committing an act that would be an offense of violence that is a felony if committed by an adult and is committed to the legal custody of the department of youth services pursuant to division (A)(1) of section 2152.16 of the Revised Code and if the court determines that the child, if the child was an adult, would be quilty of a specification of the type set forth in section 2941.1411 of the Revised Code in relation to the act for which the child was adjudicated a delinquent child, the court may commit the child to the custody of the department of youth services for institutionalization in a secure facility for up to two years, subject to division (D)(2) of this section.
- (2) A court that imposes a period of commitment under 108 division (A) of this section is not precluded from imposing an 109 additional period of commitment under division (C) or (D)(1) of 110 this section, a court that imposes a period of commitment under 111 division (C) of this section is not precluded from imposing an 112

additional period of commitment under division (A) or (D)(1) of	113
this section, and a court that imposes a period of commitment	114
under division (D)(1) of this section is not precluded from	115
imposing an additional period of commitment under division (A)	116
or (C) of this section.	117
(E) The court shall not commit a child to the legal	118
custody of the department of youth services for a specification	119
pursuant to this section for a period that exceeds five years	120
for any one delinquent act. Any commitment imposed pursuant to	121
division (A), (B), (C), or (D)(1) of this section shall be in	122
addition to, and shall be served consecutively with and prior	123
to, a period of commitment ordered under this chapter for the	124
underlying delinquent act, and each commitment imposed pursuant	125
to division (A), (B), (C), or (D)(1) of this section shall be in	126
addition to, and shall be served consecutively with, any other	127
period of commitment imposed under those divisions. If a	128
commitment is imposed under division (A) or (B) of this section	129
and a commitment also is imposed under division (C) of this	130
section, the period imposed under division (A) or (B) of this	131
section shall be served prior to the period imposed under	132
division (C) of this section.	133
In each case in which a court makes a disposition under	134
this section, the court retains control over the commitment for	135
the entire period of the commitment.	136
The total of all the periods of commitment imposed for any	137
specification under this section and for the underlying offense	138
shall not exceed the child's attainment of twenty-one years of	139
age.	140
(F) If a child is adjudicated a delinquent child for	141
committing two or more acts that would be felonies if committed	142

by an adult and if the court entering the delinquent child	143
adjudication orders the commitment of the child for two or more	144
of those acts to the legal custody of the department of youth	145
services for institutionalization in a secure facility pursuant	146
to section 2152.13 or 2152.16 of the Revised Code, the court may	147
order that all of the periods of commitment imposed under those	148
sections for those acts be served consecutively in the legal	149
custody of the department of youth services, provided that those	150
periods of commitment shall be in addition to and commence	151
immediately following the expiration of a period of commitment	152
that the court imposes pursuant to division (A), (B), (C), or	153
(D)(1) of this section. A court shall not commit a delinquent	154
child to the legal custody of the department of youth services	155
under this division for a period that exceeds the child's	156
attainment of twenty-one years of age.	157
Sec. 2911.21. (A) No person, without privilege to do so,	158
shall do any of the following:	159
(1) Knowingly enter or remain on the land or premises of	160
another;	161
(2) Knowingly enter or remain on the land or premises of	162
another, the use of which is lawfully restricted to certain	163
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persons, purposes, modes, or hours, when the offender knows the	164
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persons, purposes, modes, or hours, when the offender knows the	164
persons, purposes, modes, or hours, when the offender knows the offender is in violation of any such restriction or is reckless in that regard;	164 165 166
persons, purposes, modes, or hours, when the offender knows the offender is in violation of any such restriction or is reckless in that regard; (3) Recklessly enter or remain on the land or premises of	164 165 166 167
persons, purposes, modes, or hours, when the offender knows the offender is in violation of any such restriction or is reckless in that regard; (3) Recklessly enter or remain on the land or premises of another, as to which notice against unauthorized access or	164 165 166 167 168
persons, purposes, modes, or hours, when the offender knows the offender is in violation of any such restriction or is reckless in that regard; (3) Recklessly enter or remain on the land or premises of	164 165 166 167
persons, purposes, modes, or hours, when the offender knows the offender is in violation of any such restriction or is reckless in that regard; (3) Recklessly enter or remain on the land or premises of another, as to which notice against unauthorized access or presence is given by actual communication to the offender, or in	164 165 166 167 168 169

by fencing or other enclosure manifestly designed to restrict

access;	173
(4) Being on the land or premises of another, negligently	174
fail or refuse to leave upon being notified by signage posted in	175
a conspicuous place or otherwise being notified to do so by the	176
owner or occupant, or the agent or servant of either;	177
(5) Knowingly enter or remain on a critical infrastructure	178
facility;	179
(6) Knowingly enter or remain on the land or premises of	180
another, with the purpose to harass, intimidate, abuse,	181
threaten, or cause mental distress to any person or group of	182
persons on the premises.	183
(B) It is no defense to a charge under this section that	184
the land or premises involved was owned, controlled, or in	185
custody of a public agency.	186
(C) It is no defense to a charge under this section that	187
the offender was authorized to enter or remain on the land or	188
premises involved, when such authorization was secured by	189
deception.	190
(D)(1) Whoever violates this section is guilty of criminal	191
trespass. Criminal trespass in violation of division (A)(1),	192
(2), (3) , or (4) of this section is a misdemeanor of the fourth	193
degree. Criminal trespass in violation of division (A)(5) $\underline{\text{or (6)}}$	194
of this section is a misdemeanor of the first degree.	195
(2) Notwithstanding section 2929.28 of the Revised Code,	196
if the person, in committing the violation of this section, used	197
a snowmobile, off-highway motorcycle, or all-purpose vehicle,	198
the court shall impose a fine of two times the usual amount	199
imposed for the violation.	200

(3) If an offender previously has been convicted of or	201
pleaded guilty to two or more violations of this section or a	202
substantially equivalent municipal ordinance, and the offender,	203
in committing each violation, used a snowmobile, off-highway	204
motorcycle, or all-purpose vehicle, the court, in addition to or	205
independent of all other penalties imposed for the violation,	206
may impound the certificate of registration of that snowmobile	207
or off-highway motorcycle or the certificate of registration and	208
license plate of that all-purpose vehicle for not less than	209
sixty days. In such a case, section 4519.47 of the Revised Code	210
applies.	211
(E) Notwithstanding any provision of the Revised Code, if	212
the offender, in committing the violation of this section, used	213
an all-purpose vehicle, the clerk of the court shall pay the	214
fine imposed pursuant to this section to the state recreational	215
vehicle fund created by section 4519.11 of the Revised Code.	216
(F) As used in this section:	217
(1) "All-purpose vehicle," "off-highway motorcycle," and	218
"snowmobile" have the same meanings as in section 4519.01 of the	219
Revised Code.	220
(2) "Land or premises" includes any land, building,	221
structure, or place belonging to, controlled by, or in custody	222
of another, and any separate enclosure or room, or portion	223
thereof.	224
(3) "Production operation," "well," and "well pad" have	225
the same meanings as in section 1509.01 of the Revised Code.	226
(4) "Critical infrastructure facility" means:	227
(a) One of the following, if completely enclosed by a	228

fence or other physical barrier that is obviously designed to

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exclude intruders, or if clearly marked with signs that are	230
reasonably likely to come to the attention of potential	231
intruders and that indicate entry is forbidden without site	232
authorization:	233
(i) A petroleum or alumina refinery;	234
(ii) An electric generating facility, substation,	235
switching station, electrical control center, or electric	236
transmission and distribution lines and associated equipment;	237
(iii) A chemical, polymer, or rubber manufacturing	238
facility;	239
(iv) A water intake structure, water treatment facility,	240
waste water facility, drainage facility, water management	241
facility, or any similar water or sewage treatment system and	242
its water and sewage piping;	243
(v) A natural gas company facility or interstate natural	244
gas pipeline, including a pipeline interconnection, a natural	245
gas compressor station and associated facilities, city gate or	246
town border station, metering station, above-ground piping,	247
regulator station, valve site, delivery station, fabricated	248
assembly, or any other part of a natural gas storage facility	249
involved in the gathering, storage, transmission, or	250
distribution of gas;	251
(vi) A telecommunications central switching office or	252
remote switching facility or an equivalent network facility that	253
serves a similar purpose;	254
(vii) Wireline or wireless telecommunications	255
infrastructure, including telecommunications towers and	256
telephone poles and lines, including fiber optic lines;	257

(viii) A port, trucking terminal, or other freight	258
transportation facility;	259
(ix) A gas processing plant, including a plant used in the	260
processing, treatment, or fractionation of natural gas or	261
natural gas liquids;	262
(x) A transmission facility used by a federally licensed	263
radio or television station;	264
(xi) A steel-making facility that uses an electric arc	265
furnace to make steel;	266
(xii) A facility identified and regulated by the United	267
States department of homeland security's chemical facility anti-	268
terrorism standards program under 6 C.F.R. part 27;	269
(xiii) A dam that is regulated by the state or federal	270
<pre>government;</pre>	271
(xiv) A crude oil or refined products storage and	272
distribution facility, including valve sites, pipeline	273
interconnections, pump station, metering station, below- or	274
above-ground pipeline, or piping and truck loading or off-	275
loading facility;	276
(xv) A video service network and broadband infrastructure,	277
including associated buildings and facilities, video service	278
headends, towers, utility poles, and utility lines such as fiber	279
optic lines. As used in this division, "video service network"	280
has the same meaning as in section 1332.21 of the Revised Code.	281
(xvi) Any above-ground portion of an oil, gas, hazardous	282
liquid or chemical pipeline, tank, or other storage facility;	283
(xvii) Any above-ground portion of a well, well pad, or	284
production operation;	285

(xviii) A laydown area or construction site for pipe and	286
other equipment intended for use on an interstate or intrastate	287
natural gas or crude oil pipeline;	288
(xix) Any mining operation, including any processing	289
equipment, batching operation, or support facility for that	290
mining operation.	291
(b) With respect to a video service network or broadband	292
or wireless telecommunications infrastructure, the above-ground	293
portion of a facility installed in a public right-of-way on a	294
utility pole or in a conduit;	295
(c) Any railroad property;	296
(d) An electronic asset of any of the following:	297
(i) An electric light company that is a public utility	298
under section 4905.02 of the Revised Code;	299
(ii) An electric cooperative, as defined in section	300
4928.01 of the Revised Code;	301
(iii) A municipal electric utility, as defined in section	302
4928.01 of the Revised Code;	303
(iv) A natural gas company that is a public utility under	304
section 4905.02 of the Revised Code;	305
(v) A telephone company that is a public utility under	306
section 4905.02 of the Revised Code;	307
(vi) A video service provider, including a cable operator,	308
as those terms are defined in section 1332.21 of the Revised	309
Code.	310
(5) "Electronic asset" includes, but is not limited to,	311
the hardware software and data of a programmable electronic	312

device; all communications, operations, and customer data	313
networks; and the contents of those data networks.	314
Sec. 2917.02. (A) No person shall participate with four or	315
more others in a course of disorderly conduct in violation of	316
section 2917.11 of the Revised Code:	317
(1) With purpose to commit or facilitate the commission of	318
a felony;	319
(2) With purpose to commit or facilitate the commission of	320
any offense of violence;	321
(3) When the offender or any participant to the knowledge	322
of the offender has on or about the offender's or participant's	323
person or under the offender's or participant's control, uses,	324
or intends to use a deadly weapon or dangerous ordnance, as	325
defined in section 2923.11 of the Revised Code.	326
(B)(1) No person, being an inmate in a detention facility,	327
shall violate division (A)(1) or (3) of this section.	328
(2) No person, being an inmate in a detention facility,	329
shall violate division (A)(2) of this section or section 2917.03	330
of the Revised Code.	331
(C)(C)(1) No person shall participate with four or more	332
others in a course of disorderly conduct in violation of	333
division (A)(4) of section 2917.11 of the Revised Code while	334
wearing a mask or other disguise or while otherwise concealing	335
or attempting to conceal the person's face.	336
(2) No person shall participate with four or more others	337
in a course of disorderly conduct in violation of division (A)	338
(4) of section 2917.11 of the Revised Code with purpose to	339
commit or facilitate an offense of violence while wearing a mask	340

or other disguise or while otherwise concealing or attempting to	341
<pre>conceal the person's face.</pre>	342
(D) Whoever violates this section is guilty of aggravated	343
riot. A violation of division (A)(1) or (3) or (C)(1) of this	344
section is a felony of the fifth degree. A violation of division	345
(A)(2) or (B)(1) of this section is a felony of the fourth	346
degree. A violation of division (B)(2) or (C)(2) of this section	347
is a felony of the third degree.	348
$\frac{(D)}{(E)}$ As used in this section, "detention facility" has	349
the same meaning as in section 2921.01 of the Revised Code.	350
Sec. 2917.10. (A) No person shall purposely harass,	351
intimidate, abuse, or threaten another person while wearing a	352
mask or other device that hides or conceals the person's face or	353
identity of the person for the purpose of placing another person	354
or group in reasonable fear of physical harm or mental distress.	355
(B) Whoever violates this section is guilty of masked	356
harassment, a misdemeanor of the first degree.	357
Sec. 2929.14. (A) Except as provided in division (B)(1),	358
(B) (2), (B) (3), (B) (4), (B) (5), (B) (6), (B) (7), (B) (8), (B) (9),	359
(B) (10), (B) (11), (B) (12), (E), (G), (H), (J), or (K) of this	360
section or in division (D)(6) of section 2919.25 of the Revised	361
Code and except in relation to an offense for which a sentence	362
of death or life imprisonment is to be imposed, if the court	363
imposing a sentence upon an offender for a felony elects or is	364
required to impose a prison term on the offender pursuant to	365
this chapter, the court shall impose a prison term that shall be	366
one of the following:	367
(1)(a) For a felony of the first degree committed on or	368
after March 22, 2019, the prison term shall be an indefinite	369

prison term with a stated minimum term selected by the court of	370
three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, or eleven years	371
and a maximum term that is determined pursuant to section	372
2929.144 of the Revised Code, except that if the section that	373
criminalizes the conduct constituting the felony specifies a	374
different minimum term or penalty for the offense, the specific	375
language of that section shall control in determining the	376
minimum term or otherwise sentencing the offender but the	377
minimum term or sentence imposed under that specific language	378
shall be considered for purposes of the Revised Code as if it	379
had been imposed under this division.	380
(b) For a felony of the first degree committed prior to	381
March 22, 2019, the prison term shall be a definite prison term	382
of three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, or eleven	383
years.	384
(2) (a) For a felony of the second degree committed on or	385
after March 22, 2019, the prison term shall be an indefinite	386
prison term with a stated minimum term selected by the court of	387
two, three, four, five, six, seven, or eight years and a maximum	388
term that is determined pursuant to section 2929.144 of the	389
Revised Code, except that if the section that criminalizes the	390
conduct constituting the felony specifies a different minimum	391
term or penalty for the offense, the specific language of that	392
section shall control in determining the minimum term or	393
otherwise sentencing the offender but the minimum term or	394
sentence imposed under that specific language shall be	395
considered for purposes of the Revised Code as if it had been	396
imposed under this division.	397
(b) For a felony of the second degree committed prior to	398

March 22, 2019, the prison term shall be a definite term of two,

three, four, five, six, seven, or eight years.	400
(3)(a) For a felony of the third degree that is a	401
violation of section 2903.06, 2903.08, 2907.03, 2907.04,	402
2907.05, 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323, 2919.25, or 3795.04 of	403
the Revised Code, that is a violation of division (A) of section	404
4511.19 of the Revised Code if the offender previously has been	405
convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of division (A) of	406
that section that was a felony, that is a violation of section	407
2911.02 or 2911.12 of the Revised Code if the offender	408
previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty in two or	409
more separate proceedings to two or more violations of section	410
2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11, or 2911.12 of the Revised Code, or	411
that is a violation of division (B) of section 2921.331 of the	412
Revised Code if division (C)(5) of that section applies, the	413
prison term shall be a definite term of twelve, eighteen,	414
twenty-four, thirty, thirty-six, forty-two, forty-eight, fifty-	415
four, or sixty months.	416
(b) For a felony of the third degree that is not an	417
offense for which division (A)(3)(a) of this section applies,	418
the prison term shall be a definite term of nine, twelve,	419
eighteen, twenty-four, thirty, or thirty-six months.	420
(4) For a felony of the fourth degree, the prison term	421
shall be a definite term of six, seven, eight, nine, ten,	422
eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen,	423
or eighteen months.	424
(5) For a felony of the fifth degree, the prison term	425
shall be a definite term of six, seven, eight, nine, ten,	426
eleven, or twelve months.	427
(B)(1)(a) Except as provided in division (B)(1)(e) of this	428

section, if an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to	429
a felony also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	430
specification of the type described in section 2941.141,	431
2941.144, or 2941.145 of the Revised Code, the court shall	432
impose on the offender one of the following prison terms:	433
(i) A prison term of six years if the specification is of	434
the type described in division (A) of section 2941.144 of the	435
Revised Code that charges the offender with having a firearm	436
that is an automatic firearm or that was equipped with a firearm	437
muffler or suppressor on or about the offender's person or under	438
the offender's control while committing the offense;	439
(ii) A prison term of three years if the specification is	440
of the type described in division (A) of section 2941.145 of the	441
Revised Code that charges the offender with having a firearm on	442
or about the offender's person or under the offender's control	443
while committing the offense and displaying the firearm,	444
brandishing the firearm, indicating that the offender possessed	445
the firearm, or using it to facilitate the offense;	446
(iii) A prison term of one year if the specification is of	447
the type described in division (A) of section 2941.141 of the	448
Revised Code that charges the offender with having a firearm on	449
or about the offender's person or under the offender's control	450
while committing the offense;	451
(iv) A prison term of nine years if the specification is	452
of the type described in division (D) of section 2941.144 of the	453
Revised Code that charges the offender with having a firearm	454
that is an automatic firearm or that was equipped with a firearm	455
muffler or suppressor on or about the offender's person or under	456
the offender's control while committing the offense and	457
specifies that the offender previously has been convicted of or	458

pleaded guilty to a specification of the type described in	459
section 2941.141, 2941.144, 2941.145, 2941.146, or 2941.1412 of	460
the Revised Code;	461
(v) A prison term of fifty-four months if the	462
specification is of the type described in division (D) of	463
section 2941.145 of the Revised Code that charges the offender	464
with having a firearm on or about the offender's person or under	465
the offender's control while committing the offense and	466
displaying the firearm, brandishing the firearm, indicating that	467
the offender possessed the firearm, or using the firearm to	468
facilitate the offense and that the offender previously has been	469
convicted of or pleaded guilty to a specification of the type	470
described in section 2941.141, 2941.144, 2941.145, 2941.146, or	471
2941.1412 of the Revised Code;	472
(vi) A prison term of eighteen months if the specification	473
is of the type described in division (D) of section 2941.141 of	474
the Revised Code that charges the offender with having a firearm	475
on or about the offender's person or under the offender's	476
control while committing the offense and that the offender	477
previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a	478
specification of the type described in section 2941.141,	479
2941.144, 2941.145, 2941.146, or 2941.1412 of the Revised Code.	480
(b) If a court imposes a prison term on an offender under	481
division (B)(1)(a) of this section, the prison term shall not be	482
reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, division (A)(2) or (3) of	483
section 2967.193 or 2967.194, or any other provision of Chapter	484
2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code. Except as provided	485
in division (B)(1)(g) of this section, a court shall not impose	486
more than one prison term on an offender under division (B)(1)	487
(a) of this section for felonies committed as part of the same	488

act or transaction. 489

(c)(i) Except as provided in division (B)(1)(e) of this	490
section, if an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to	491
a violation of section 2923.161 of the Revised Code or to a	492
felony that includes, as an essential element, purposely or	493
knowingly causing or attempting to cause the death of or	494
physical harm to another, also is convicted of or pleads guilty	495
to a specification of the type described in division (A) of	496
section 2941.146 of the Revised Code that charges the offender	497
with committing the offense by discharging a firearm from a	498
motor vehicle other than a manufactured home, the court, after	499
imposing a prison term on the offender for the violation of	500
section 2923.161 of the Revised Code or for the other felony	501
offense under division (A), (B)(2), or (B)(3) of this section,	502
shall impose an additional prison term of five years upon the	503
offender that shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20,	504
division (A)(2) or (3) of section 2967.193 or 2967.194, or any	505
other provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised	506
Code.	507

(ii) Except as provided in division (B)(1)(e) of this 508 section, if an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to 509 a violation of section 2923.161 of the Revised Code or to a 510 felony that includes, as an essential element, purposely or 511 knowingly causing or attempting to cause the death of or 512 physical harm to another, also is convicted of or pleads guilty 513 to a specification of the type described in division (C) of 514 section 2941.146 of the Revised Code that charges the offender 515 with committing the offense by discharging a firearm from a 516 motor vehicle other than a manufactured home and that the 517 offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a 518 specification of the type described in section 2941.141, 519 H. B. No. 236 Page 19 As Introduced

2941.144, 2941.145, 2941.146, or 2941.1412 of the Revised Code,	520
the court, after imposing a prison term on the offender for the	521
violation of section 2923.161 of the Revised Code or for the	522
other felony offense under division (A), (B)(2), or (3) of this	523
section, shall impose an additional prison term of ninety months	524
upon the offender that shall not be reduced pursuant to section	525
2929.20, division (A)(2) or (3) of section 2967.193 or 2967.194,	526
or any other provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the	527
Revised Code.	528

- (iii) A court shall not impose more than one additional 529 prison term on an offender under division (B)(1)(c) of this 530 section for felonies committed as part of the same act or 531 transaction. If a court imposes an additional prison term on an 532 offender under division (B)(1)(c) of this section relative to an 533 offense, the court also shall impose a prison term under 534 division (B)(1)(a) of this section relative to the same offense, 535 provided the criteria specified in that division for imposing an 536 additional prison term are satisfied relative to the offender 537 and the offense. 538
- (d) If an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to 539 an offense of violence that is a felony also is convicted of or 540 pleads guilty to a specification of the type described in 541 section 2941.1411 of the Revised Code that charges the offender 542 with wearing or carrying body armor while committing the felony 543 offense of violence, the court shall impose on the offender an 544 additional prison term of two years. The prison term so imposed 545 shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, division (A) 546 (2) or (3) of section 2967.193 or 2967.194, or any other 547 provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code. 548 A court shall not impose more than one prison term on an 549 offender under division (B)(1)(d) of this section for felonies 550

committed as part of the same act or transaction. If a court	551
imposes an additional prison term under division (B)(1)(a) or	552
(c) of this section, the court is not precluded from imposing an	553
additional prison term under division (B)(1)(d) of this section.	554
(e) The court shall not impose any of the prison terms	555
described in division (B)(1)(a) of this section or any of the	556
additional prison terms described in division (B)(1)(c) of this	557
section upon an offender for a violation of section 2923.12 or	558
2923.123 of the Revised Code. The court shall not impose any of	559
the prison terms described in division (B)(1)(a) or (b) of this	560
section upon an offender for a violation of section 2923.122	561
that involves a deadly weapon that is a firearm other than a	562
dangerous ordnance, section 2923.16, or section 2923.121 of the	563
Revised Code. The court shall not impose any of the prison terms	564
described in division (B)(1)(a) of this section or any of the	565
additional prison terms described in division (B)(1)(c) of this	566
section upon an offender for a violation of section 2923.13 of	567
the Revised Code unless all of the following apply:	568
(i) The offender previously has been convicted of	569
aggravated murder, murder, or any felony of the first or second	570
degree.	571
(ii) Less than five years have passed since the offender	572
was released from prison or post-release control, whichever is	573
later, for the prior offense.	574
(f)(i) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to	575
a felony that includes, as an essential element, causing or	576
attempting to cause the death of or physical harm to another and	577
also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a specification of the	578
type described in division (A) of section 2941.1412 of the	579

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Revised Code that charges the offender with committing the

offense by discharging a firearm at a peace officer as defined	581
in section 2935.01 of the Revised Code or a corrections officer,	582
as defined in section 2941.1412 of the Revised Code, the court,	583
after imposing a prison term on the offender for the felony	584
offense under division (A), (B)(2), or (B)(3) of this section,	585
shall impose an additional prison term of seven years upon the	586
offender that shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20,	587
division (A)(2) or (3) of section 2967.193 or 2967.194, or any	588
other provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised	589
Code.	590

- (ii) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 591 felony that includes, as an essential element, causing or 592 attempting to cause the death of or physical harm to another and 593 also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a specification of the 594 type described in division (B) of section 2941.1412 of the 595 Revised Code that charges the offender with committing the 596 offense by discharging a firearm at a peace officer, as defined 597 in section 2935.01 of the Revised Code, or a corrections 598 officer, as defined in section 2941.1412 of the Revised Code, 599 and that the offender previously has been convicted of or 600 pleaded quilty to a specification of the type described in 601 section 2941.141, 2941.144, 2941.145, 2941.146, or 2941.1412 of 602 the Revised Code, the court, after imposing a prison term on the 603 offender for the felony offense under division (A), (B)(2), or 604 (3) of this section, shall impose an additional prison term of 605 one hundred twenty-six months upon the offender that shall not 606 be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, division (A)(2) or (3) 607 of section 2967.193 or 2967.194, or any other provision of 608 Chapter 2967. or 5120. of the Revised Code. 609
- (iii) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to610two or more felonies that include, as an essential element,611

causing or attempting to cause the death or physical harm to	612
another and also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	613
specification of the type described under division (B)(1)(f) of	614
this section in connection with two or more of the felonies of	615
which the offender is convicted or to which the offender pleads	616
guilty, the sentencing court shall impose on the offender the	617
prison term specified under division (B)(1)(f) of this section	618
for each of two of the specifications of which the offender is	619
convicted or to which the offender pleads guilty and, in its	620
discretion, also may impose on the offender the prison term	621
specified under that division for any or all of the remaining	622
specifications. If a court imposes an additional prison term on	623
an offender under division (B)(1)(f) of this section relative to	624
an offense, the court shall not impose a prison term under	625
division (B)(1)(a) or (c) of this section relative to the same	626
offense.	627

- (g) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to two 628 or more felonies, if one or more of those felonies are 629 aggravated murder, murder, attempted aggravated murder, 630 631 attempted murder, aggravated robbery, felonious assault, or rape, and if the offender is convicted of or pleads quilty to a 632 specification of the type described under division (B)(1)(a) of 633 this section in connection with two or more of the felonies, the 634 sentencing court shall impose on the offender the prison term 635 specified under division (B)(1)(a) of this section for each of 636 the two most serious specifications of which the offender is 637 convicted or to which the offender pleads guilty and, in its 638 discretion, also may impose on the offender the prison term 639 specified under that division for any or all of the remaining 640 specifications. 641
 - (2) (a) If division (B) (2) (b) of this section does not

apply, the court may impose on an offender, in addition to the	643
longest prison term authorized or required for the offense or,	644
for offenses for which division (A)(1)(a) or (2)(a) of this	645
section applies, in addition to the longest minimum prison term	646
authorized or required for the offense, an additional definite	647
prison term of one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight,	648
nine, or ten years if all of the following criteria are met:	649
(i) The offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	650
specification of the type described in section 2941.149 of the	651
Revised Code that the offender is a repeat violent offender.	652
(ii) The offense of which the offender currently is	653
convicted or to which the offender currently pleads guilty is	654
aggravated murder and the court does not impose a sentence of	655
death or life imprisonment without parole, murder, terrorism and	656
the court does not impose a sentence of life imprisonment	657
without parole, any felony of the first degree that is an	658
offense of violence and the court does not impose a sentence of	659
life imprisonment without parole, or any felony of the second	660
degree that is an offense of violence and the trier of fact	661
finds that the offense involved an attempt to cause or a threat	662
to cause serious physical harm to a person or resulted in	663
serious physical harm to a person.	664
(iii) The court imposes the longest prison term for the	665
offense or the longest minimum prison term for the offense,	666
whichever is applicable, that is not life imprisonment without	667
parole.	668
(iv) The court finds that the prison terms imposed	669
pursuant to division (B)(2)(a)(iii) of this section and, if	670
applicable, division (B)(1) or (3) of this section are	671

inadequate to punish the offender and protect the public from

future crime, because the applicable factors under section	673
2929.12 of the Revised Code indicating a greater likelihood of	674
recidivism outweigh the applicable factors under that section	675
indicating a lesser likelihood of recidivism.	676
(v) The court finds that the prison terms imposed pursuant	677
to division (B)(2)(a)(iii) of this section and, if applicable,	678
division (B)(1) or (3) of this section are demeaning to the	679
seriousness of the offense, because one or more of the factors	680
under section 2929.12 of the Revised Code indicating that the	681
offender's conduct is more serious than conduct normally	682
constituting the offense are present, and they outweigh the	683
applicable factors under that section indicating that the	684
offender's conduct is less serious than conduct normally	685
constituting the offense.	686
(b) The court shall impose on an offender the longest	687
prison term authorized or required for the offense or, for	688
offenses for which division (A)(1)(a) or (2)(a) of this section	689
applies, the longest minimum prison term authorized or required	690
for the offense, and shall impose on the offender an additional	691
definite prison term of one, two, three, four, five, six, seven,	692
eight, nine, or ten years if all of the following criteria are	693
met:	694
me c .	054
(i) The offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	695
specification of the type described in section 2941.149 of the	696
Revised Code that the offender is a repeat violent offender.	697
(ii) The offender within the preceding twenty years has	698
been convicted of or pleaded guilty to three or more offenses	699
described in division (CC)(1) of section 2929.01 of the Revised	700
Code, including all offenses described in that division of which	701

the offender is convicted or to which the offender pleads guilty

in the current prosecution and all offenses described in that 703 division of which the offender previously has been convicted or 704 to which the offender previously pleaded guilty, whether 705 prosecuted together or separately. 706

(iii) The offense or offenses of which the offender 707 currently is convicted or to which the offender currently pleads 708 guilty is aggravated murder and the court does not impose a 709 sentence of death or life imprisonment without parole, murder, 710 terrorism and the court does not impose a sentence of life 711 712 imprisonment without parole, any felony of the first degree that 713 is an offense of violence and the court does not impose a sentence of life imprisonment without parole, or any felony of 714 the second degree that is an offense of violence and the trier 715 of fact finds that the offense involved an attempt to cause or a 716 threat to cause serious physical harm to a person or resulted in 717 serious physical harm to a person. 718

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- (c) For purposes of division (B)(2)(b) of this section, two or more offenses committed at the same time or as part of the same act or event shall be considered one offense, and that one offense shall be the offense with the greatest penalty.
- (d) A sentence imposed under division (B)(2)(a) or (b) of this section shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, division (A)(2) or (3) of section 2967.193 or 2967.194, or any other provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code. The offender shall serve an additional prison term imposed under division (B)(2)(a) or (b) of this section consecutively to and prior to the prison term imposed for the underlying offense.
- (e) When imposing a sentence pursuant to division (B)(2)
 (a) or (b) of this section, the court shall state its findings explaining the imposed sentence.

(3) Except when an offender commits a violation of section	733
2903.01 or 2907.02 of the Revised Code and the penalty imposed	734
for the violation is life imprisonment or commits a violation of	735
section 2903.02 of the Revised Code, if the offender commits a	736
violation of section 2925.03 or 2925.11 of the Revised Code and	737
that section classifies the offender as a major drug offender,	738
if the offender commits a violation of section 2925.05 of the	739
Revised Code and division (E)(1) of that section classifies the	740
offender as a major drug offender, if the offender commits a	741
felony violation of section 2925.02, 2925.04, 2925.05, 2925.36,	742
3719.07, 3719.08, 3719.16, 3719.161, 4729.37, or 4729.61,	743
division (C) or (D) of section 3719.172, division (E) of section	744
4729.51, or division (J) of section 4729.54 of the Revised Code	745
that includes the sale, offer to sell, or possession of a	746
schedule I or II controlled substance, with the exception of	747
marihuana, and the court imposing sentence upon the offender	748
finds that the offender is guilty of a specification of the type	749
described in division (A) of section 2941.1410 of the Revised	750
Code charging that the offender is a major drug offender, if the	751
court imposing sentence upon an offender for a felony finds that	752
the offender is guilty of corrupt activity with the most serious	753
offense in the pattern of corrupt activity being a felony of the	754
first degree, or if the offender is guilty of an attempted	755
violation of section 2907.02 of the Revised Code and, had the	756
offender completed the violation of section 2907.02 of the	757
Revised Code that was attempted, the offender would have been	758
subject to a sentence of life imprisonment or life imprisonment	759
without parole for the violation of section 2907.02 of the	760
Revised Code, the court shall impose upon the offender for the	761
felony violation a mandatory prison term determined as described	762
in this division that cannot be reduced pursuant to section	763
2929.20, division (A)(2) or (3) of section 2967.193 or 2967.194,	764

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or any other provision of Chapter 2967. or 5120. of the Revised Code. The mandatory prison term shall be the maximum definite prison term prescribed in division (A)(1)(b) of this section for a felony of the first degree, except that for offenses for which division (A)(1)(a) of this section applies, the mandatory prison term shall be the longest minimum prison term prescribed in that division for the offense.

(4) If the offender is being sentenced for a third or 772 fourth degree felony OVI offense under division (G)(2) of 773 section 2929.13 of the Revised Code, the sentencing court shall 774 impose upon the offender a mandatory prison term in accordance 775 with that division. In addition to the mandatory prison term, if 776 777 the offender is being sentenced for a fourth degree felony OVI offense, the court, notwithstanding division (A)(4) of this 778 section, may sentence the offender to a definite prison term of 779 not less than six months and not more than thirty months, and if 780 the offender is being sentenced for a third degree felony OVI 781 offense, the sentencing court may sentence the offender to an 782 additional prison term of any duration specified in division (A) 783 (3) of this section. In either case, the additional prison term 784 imposed shall be reduced by the sixty or one hundred twenty days 785 imposed upon the offender as the mandatory prison term. The 786 total of the additional prison term imposed under division (B) 787 (4) of this section plus the sixty or one hundred twenty days 788 imposed as the mandatory prison term shall equal a definite term 789 in the range of six months to thirty months for a fourth degree 790 felony OVI offense and shall equal one of the authorized prison 791 terms specified in division (A)(3) of this section for a third 792 degree felony OVI offense. If the court imposes an additional 793 prison term under division (B)(4) of this section, the offender 794 shall serve the additional prison term after the offender has 795

served the mandatory prison term required for the offense. In	796
addition to the mandatory prison term or mandatory and	797
additional prison term imposed as described in division (B)(4)	798
of this section, the court also may sentence the offender to a	799
community control sanction under section 2929.16 or 2929.17 of	800
the Revised Code, but the offender shall serve all of the prison	801
terms so imposed prior to serving the community control	802
sanction.	803

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If the offender is being sentenced for a fourth degree felony OVI offense under division (G)(1) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code and the court imposes a mandatory term of local incarceration, the court may impose a prison term as described in division (A)(1) of that section.

(5) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 809 violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2903.06 of the 810 Revised Code and also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 811 specification of the type described in section 2941.1414 of the 812 Revised Code that charges that the victim of the offense is a 813 peace officer, as defined in section 2935.01 of the Revised 814 Code, an investigator of the bureau of criminal identification 815 and investigation, as defined in section 2903.11 of the Revised 816 Code, or a firefighter or emergency medical worker, both as 817 defined in section 2941.1414 of the Revised Code, the court 818 shall impose on the offender a prison term of five years. If a 819 court imposes a prison term on an offender under division (B)(5) 820 of this section, the prison term shall not be reduced pursuant 821 to section 2929.20, division (A)(2) or (3) of section 2967.193 822 or 2967.194, or any other provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter 823 5120. of the Revised Code. A court shall not impose more than 824 one prison term on an offender under division (B)(5) of this 825 section for felonies committed as part of the same act. 826

(6) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	827
violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2903.06 of the	828
Revised Code and also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	829
specification of the type described in section 2941.1415 of the	830
Revised Code that charges that the offender previously has been	831
convicted of or pleaded guilty to three or more violations of	832
division (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or an	833
equivalent offense, as defined in section 2941.1415 of the	834
Revised Code, or three or more violations of any combination of	835
those offenses, the court shall impose on the offender a prison	836
term of three years. If a court imposes a prison term on an	837
offender under division (B)(6) of this section, the prison term	838
shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, division (A)	839
(2) or (3) of section 2967.193 or 2967.194, or any other	840
provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code.	841
A court shall not impose more than one prison term on an	842
offender under division (B)(6) of this section for felonies	843
committed as part of the same act.	844
(7)(a) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to	845
a felony violation of section 2905.01, 2905.02, 2907.21,	846
2907.22, or 2923.32, division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2907.323	847
involving a minor, or division (B)(1), (2), (3), (4), or (5) of	848
section 2919.22 of the Revised Code and also is convicted of or	849
pleads guilty to a specification of the type described in	850
section 2941.1422 of the Revised Code that charges that the	851
offender knowingly committed the offense in furtherance of human	852
trafficking, the court shall impose on the offender a mandatory	853
prison term that is one of the following:	854
(i) If the offense is a felony of the first degree, a	855

definite prison term of not less than five years and not greater 856

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than eleven years, except that if the offense is a felony of the

first degree committed on or after March 22, 2019, the court	858
shall impose as the minimum prison term a mandatory term of not	859
less than five years and not greater than eleven years;	860
(ii) If the offense is a felony of the second or third	861
degree, a definite prison term of not less than three years and	862
not greater than the maximum prison term allowed for the offense	863
by division (A)(2)(b) or (3) of this section, except that if the	864
offense is a felony of the second degree committed on or after	865
March 22, 2019, the court shall impose as the minimum prison	866
term a mandatory term of not less than three years and not	867
greater than eight years;	868
(iii) If the offense is a felony of the fourth or fifth	869
degree, a definite prison term that is the maximum prison term	870
allowed for the offense by division (A) of section 2929.14 of	871
the Revised Code.	872
(b) The prison term imposed under division (B)(7)(a) of	873
this section shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20,	874
division (A)(2) or (3) of section 2967.193 or 2967.194, or any	875
other provision of Chapter 2967. of the Revised Code. A court	876
shall not impose more than one prison term on an offender under	877
division (B)(7)(a) of this section for felonies committed as	878
part of the same act, scheme, or plan.	879
(8) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	880
felony violation of section 2903.11, 2903.12, or 2903.13 of the	881
Revised Code and also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	882
specification of the type described in section 2941.1423 of the	883
Revised Code that charges that the victim of the violation was a	884
woman whom the offender knew was pregnant at the time of the	885
violation, notwithstanding the range prescribed in division (A)	886
of this section as the definite prison term or minimum prison	887

term for felonies of the same degree as the violation, the court	888
shall impose on the offender a mandatory prison term that is	889
either a definite prison term of six months or one of the prison	890
terms prescribed in division (A) of this section for felonies of	891
the same degree as the violation, except that if the violation	892
is a felony of the first or second degree committed on or after	893
March 22, 2019, the court shall impose as the minimum prison	894
term under division (A)(1)(a) or (2)(a) of this section a	895
mandatory term that is one of the terms prescribed in that	896
division, whichever is applicable, for the offense.	897
(9)(a) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to	898
a violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2903.11 of the	899
Revised Code and also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	900
specification of the type described in section 2941.1425 of the	901
Revised Code, the court shall impose on the offender a mandatory	902
prison term of six years if either of the following applies:	903
(i) The violation is a violation of division (A)(1) of	904
section 2903.11 of the Revised Code and the specification	905
charges that the offender used an accelerant in committing the	906
violation and the serious physical harm to another or to	907
another's unborn caused by the violation resulted in a	908
permanent, serious disfigurement or permanent, substantial	909
incapacity;	910
(ii) The violation is a violation of division (A)(2) of	911
section 2903.11 of the Revised Code and the specification	912
charges that the offender used an accelerant in committing the	913
violation, that the violation caused physical harm to another or	914
to another's unborn, and that the physical harm resulted in a	915
permanent, serious disfigurement or permanent, substantial	916

incapacity.

(b) If a court imposes a prison term on an offender under	918
division (B)(9)(a) of this section, the prison term shall not be	919
reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, division (A)(2) or (3) of	920
section 2967.193 or 2967.194, or any other provision of Chapter	921
2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code. A court shall not	922
impose more than one prison term on an offender under division	923
(B)(9) of this section for felonies committed as part of the	924
same act.	925
(c) The provisions of divisions (R)(9) and (C)(6) of this	926

- (c) The provisions of divisions (B) (9) and (C) (6) of this 926 section and of division (D) (2) of section 2903.11, division (F) 927 (20) of section 2929.13, and section 2941.1425 of the Revised 928 Code shall be known as "Judy's Law."
- (10) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 930 violation of division (A) of section 2903.11 of the Revised Code 931 and also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a specification of 932 the type described in section 2941.1426 of the Revised Code that 933 charges that the victim of the offense suffered permanent 934 disabling harm as a result of the offense and that the victim 935 was under ten years of age at the time of the offense, 936 regardless of whether the offender knew the age of the victim, 937 the court shall impose upon the offender an additional definite 938 prison term of six years. A prison term imposed on an offender 939 under division (B)(10) of this section shall not be reduced 940 pursuant to section 2929.20, division (A)(2) or (3) of section 941 2967.193 or 2967.194, or any other provision of Chapter 2967. or 942 Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code. If a court imposes an 943 additional prison term on an offender under this division 944 relative to a violation of division (A) of section 2903.11 of 945 the Revised Code, the court shall not impose any other 946 additional prison term on the offender relative to the same 947 offense. 948

(11) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	949
felony violation of section 2925.03 or 2925.05 of the Revised	950
Code or a felony violation of section 2925.11 of the Revised	951
Code for which division (C)(11) of that section applies in	952
determining the sentence for the violation, if the drug involved	953
in the violation is a fentanyl-related compound or a compound,	954
mixture, preparation, or substance containing a fentanyl-related	955
compound, and if the offender also is convicted of or pleads	956
guilty to a specification of the type described in division (B)	957
of section 2941.1410 of the Revised Code that charges that the	958
offender is a major drug offender, in addition to any other	959
penalty imposed for the violation, the court shall impose on the	960
offender a mandatory prison term of three, four, five, six,	961
seven, or eight years. If a court imposes a prison term on an	962
offender under division (B)(11) of this section, the prison term	963
shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, division (A)	964
(2) or (3) of section 2967.193 or 2967.194, or any other	965
provision of Chapter 2967. or 5120. of the Revised Code. A court	966
shall not impose more than one prison term on an offender under	967
division (B)(11) of this section for felonies committed as part	968
of the same act.	969
(12) If an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty	970
to a felony also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	971
specification of the type described in section 2941.1427 of the	972
Revised Code that charges the offender with wearing a mask or	973
disguise or otherwise concealing or attempting to conceal the	974
offender's face while committing the felony offense, the court	975
shall impose on the offender an additional prison term of one	976
year. The prison term so imposed shall not be reduced pursuant	977

to section 2929.20, division (A)(2) or (3) of section 2967.193

or 2967.194, or any other provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter

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5120. of the Revised Code. A court shall not impose more than	980
one prison term on an offender under division (B)(12) of this	981
section for felonies committed as part of the same act or	982
transaction.	983
(C)(1)(a) Subject to division (C)(1)(b) of this section,	984
if a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender pursuant	985
to division (B)(1)(a) of this section for having a firearm on or	986
about the offender's person or under the offender's control	987
while committing a felony, if a mandatory prison term is imposed	988
upon an offender pursuant to division (B)(1)(c) of this section	989
for committing a felony specified in that division by	990
discharging a firearm from a motor vehicle, or if both types of	991
mandatory prison terms are imposed, the offender shall serve any	992
mandatory prison term imposed under either division	993
consecutively to any other mandatory prison term imposed under	994
either division or under division (B)(1)(d) of this section,	995
consecutively to and prior to any prison term imposed for the	996
underlying felony pursuant to division (A), (B)(2), or (B)(3) of	997
this section or any other section of the Revised Code, and	998
consecutively to any other prison term or mandatory prison term	999
previously or subsequently imposed upon the offender.	1000
(b) If a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender	1001
pursuant to division (B)(1)(d) of this section for wearing or	1002
carrying body armor while committing an offense of violence that	1003

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is a felony, the offender shall serve the mandatory term so

imposed consecutively to any other mandatory prison term imposed

under that division or under division (B)(1)(a) or (c) of this

section, consecutively to and prior to any prison term imposed

for the underlying felony under division (A), (B)(2), or (B)(3)

consecutively to any other prison term or mandatory prison term

of this section or any other section of the Revised Code, and

previously or subsequently imposed upon the offender. 1011 (c) If a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender 1012 pursuant to division (B)(1)(f) of this section, the offender 1013 shall serve the mandatory prison term so imposed consecutively 1014 to and prior to any prison term imposed for the underlying 1015 felony under division (A), (B)(2), or (B)(3) of this section or 1016 any other section of the Revised Code, and consecutively to any 1017 other prison term or mandatory prison term previously or 1018 subsequently imposed upon the offender. 1019 (d) If a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender 1020 pursuant to division (B)(7) or (8) of this section, the offender 1021 shall serve the mandatory prison term so imposed consecutively 1022 to any other mandatory prison term imposed under that division 1023 or under any other provision of law and consecutively to any 1024 other prison term or mandatory prison term previously or 1025 subsequently imposed upon the offender. 1026 (e) If a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender 1027 pursuant to division (B)(11) of this section, the offender shall 1028 serve the mandatory prison term consecutively to any other 1029 mandatory prison term imposed under that division, consecutively 1030 to and prior to any prison term imposed for the underlying 1031 felony, and consecutively to any other prison term or mandatory 1032 prison term previously or subsequently imposed upon the 1033 offender. 1034 (2) If an offender who is an inmate in a jail, prison, or 1035 other residential detention facility violates section 2917.02, 1036 2917.03, or 2921.35 of the Revised Code or division (A)(1) or 1037 (2) of section 2921.34 of the Revised Code, if an offender who 1038 is under detention at a detention facility commits a felony 1039 violation of section 2923.131 of the Revised Code, or if an 1040

offender who is an inmate in a jail, prison, or other	1041
residential detention facility or is under detention at a	1042
detention facility commits another felony while the offender is	1043
an escapee in violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section	1044
2921.34 of the Revised Code, any prison term imposed upon the	1045
offender for one of those violations shall be served by the	1046
offender consecutively to the prison term or term of	1047
imprisonment the offender was serving when the offender	1048
committed that offense and to any other prison term previously	1049
or subsequently imposed upon the offender.	1050
(3) If a prigon term is imposed for a wielation of	1051

- (3) If a prison term is imposed for a violation of 1051 division (B) of section 2911.01 of the Revised Code, a violation 1052 of division (A) of section 2913.02 of the Revised Code in which 1053 the stolen property is a firearm or dangerous ordnance, or a 1054 felony violation of division (B) of section 2921.331 of the 1055 Revised Code, the offender shall serve that prison term 1056 consecutively to any other prison term or mandatory prison term 1057 previously or subsequently imposed upon the offender. 1058
- (4) If multiple prison terms are imposed on an offender 1059 for convictions of multiple offenses, the court may require the 1060 offender to serve the prison terms consecutively if the court 1061 finds that the consecutive service is necessary to protect the 1062 public from future crime or to punish the offender and that 1063 consecutive sentences are not disproportionate to the 1064 seriousness of the offender's conduct and to the danger the 1065 offender poses to the public, and if the court also finds any of 1066 the following: 1067
- (a) The offender committed one or more of the multiple 1068 offenses while the offender was awaiting trial or sentencing, 1069 was under a sanction imposed pursuant to section 2929.16, 1070

2929.17, or 2929.18 of the Revised Code, or was under post-	1071
release control for a prior offense.	1072
(b) At least two of the multiple offenses were committed	1073
as part of one or more courses of conduct, and the harm caused	1074
by two or more of the multiple offenses so committed was so	1075
great or unusual that no single prison term for any of the	1076
offenses committed as part of any of the courses of conduct	1077
adequately reflects the seriousness of the offender's conduct.	1078
(c) The offender's history of criminal conduct	1079
demonstrates that consecutive sentences are necessary to protect	1080
the public from future crime by the offender.	1081
(5) If a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender	1082
pursuant to division (B)(5) or (6) of this section, the offender	1083
shall serve the mandatory prison term consecutively to and prior	1084
to any prison term imposed for the underlying violation of	1085
division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2903.06 of the Revised Code	1086
pursuant to division (A) of this section or section 2929.142 of	1087
the Revised Code. If a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an	1088
offender pursuant to division (B)(5) of this section, and if a	1089
mandatory prison term also is imposed upon the offender pursuant	1090
to division (B)(6) of this section in relation to the same	1091
violation, the offender shall serve the mandatory prison term	1092
imposed pursuant to division (B)(5) of this section	1093
consecutively to and prior to the mandatory prison term imposed	1094
pursuant to division (B)(6) of this section and consecutively to	1095
and prior to any prison term imposed for the underlying	1096
violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2903.06 of the	1097
Revised Code pursuant to division (A) of this section or section	1098
2929.142 of the Revised Code.	1099

(6) If a mandatory prison term is imposed on an offender

pursuant to division (B)(9) of this section, the offender shall	1101
serve the mandatory prison term consecutively to and prior to	1102
any prison term imposed for the underlying violation of division	1103
(A)(1) or (2) of section 2903.11 of the Revised Code and	1104
consecutively to and prior to any other prison term or mandatory	1105
prison term previously or subsequently imposed on the offender.	1106
(7) If a mandatory prison term is imposed on an offender	1107
pursuant to division (B)(10) of this section, the offender shall	1108
serve that mandatory prison term consecutively to and prior to	1109
any prison term imposed for the underlying felonious assault.	1110
Except as otherwise provided in division (C) of this section,	1111
any other prison term or mandatory prison term previously or	1112
subsequently imposed upon the offender may be served	1113
concurrently with, or consecutively to, the prison term imposed	1114
pursuant to division (B)(10) of this section.	1115
pursuant to division (B)(10) of this section. (8) Any prison term imposed for a violation of section	1115
(8) Any prison term imposed for a violation of section	1116
(8) Any prison term imposed for a violation of section 2903.04 of the Revised Code that is based on a violation of	1116 1117
(8) Any prison term imposed for a violation of section 2903.04 of the Revised Code that is based on a violation of section 2925.03 or 2925.11 of the Revised Code or on a violation	1116 1117 1118
(8) Any prison term imposed for a violation of section 2903.04 of the Revised Code that is based on a violation of section 2925.03 or 2925.11 of the Revised Code or on a violation of section 2925.05 of the Revised Code that is not funding of	1116 1117 1118 1119
(8) Any prison term imposed for a violation of section 2903.04 of the Revised Code that is based on a violation of section 2925.03 or 2925.11 of the Revised Code or on a violation of section 2925.05 of the Revised Code that is not funding of marihuana trafficking shall run consecutively to any prison term	1116 1117 1118 1119 1120
(8) Any prison term imposed for a violation of section 2903.04 of the Revised Code that is based on a violation of section 2925.03 or 2925.11 of the Revised Code or on a violation of section 2925.05 of the Revised Code that is not funding of marihuana trafficking shall run consecutively to any prison term imposed for the violation of section 2925.03 or 2925.11 of the	1116 1117 1118 1119 1120 1121
(8) Any prison term imposed for a violation of section 2903.04 of the Revised Code that is based on a violation of section 2925.03 or 2925.11 of the Revised Code or on a violation of section 2925.05 of the Revised Code that is not funding of marihuana trafficking shall run consecutively to any prison term imposed for the violation of section 2925.03 or 2925.11 of the Revised Code or for the violation of section 2925.05 of the	1116 1117 1118 1119 1120 1121
(8) Any prison term imposed for a violation of section 2903.04 of the Revised Code that is based on a violation of section 2925.03 or 2925.11 of the Revised Code or on a violation of section 2925.05 of the Revised Code that is not funding of marihuana trafficking shall run consecutively to any prison term imposed for the violation of section 2925.03 or 2925.11 of the Revised Code or for the violation of section 2925.05 of the Revised Code that is not funding of marihuana trafficking.	1116 1117 1118 1119 1120 1121 1122 1123
(8) Any prison term imposed for a violation of section 2903.04 of the Revised Code that is based on a violation of section 2925.03 or 2925.11 of the Revised Code or on a violation of section 2925.05 of the Revised Code that is not funding of marihuana trafficking shall run consecutively to any prison term imposed for the violation of section 2925.03 or 2925.11 of the Revised Code or for the violation of section 2925.05 of the Revised Code that is not funding of marihuana trafficking. (9) When consecutive prison terms are imposed pursuant to	1116 1117 1118 1119 1120 1121 1122 1123
(8) Any prison term imposed for a violation of section 2903.04 of the Revised Code that is based on a violation of section 2925.03 or 2925.11 of the Revised Code or on a violation of section 2925.05 of the Revised Code that is not funding of marihuana trafficking shall run consecutively to any prison term imposed for the violation of section 2925.03 or 2925.11 of the Revised Code or for the violation of section 2925.05 of the Revised Code that is not funding of marihuana trafficking. (9) When consecutive prison terms are imposed pursuant to division (C)(1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), or (8) or	1116 1117 1118 1119 1120 1121 1122 1123 1124 1125
(8) Any prison term imposed for a violation of section 2903.04 of the Revised Code that is based on a violation of section 2925.03 or 2925.11 of the Revised Code or on a violation of section 2925.05 of the Revised Code that is not funding of marihuana trafficking shall run consecutively to any prison term imposed for the violation of section 2925.03 or 2925.11 of the Revised Code or for the violation of section 2925.05 of the Revised Code that is not funding of marihuana trafficking. (9) When consecutive prison terms are imposed pursuant to division (C)(1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), or (8) or division (H)(1) or (2) of this section, subject to division (C)	1116 1117 1118 1119 1120 1121 1122 1123 1124 1125 1126

felony indefinite prison term, any definite prison term or

mandatory definite prison term previously or subsequently	1131
imposed on the offender in addition to that indefinite sentence	1132
that is required to be served consecutively to that indefinite	1133
sentence shall be served prior to the indefinite sentence.	1134

- (11) If a court is sentencing an offender for a felony of 1135 the first or second degree, if division (A)(1)(a) or (2)(a) of 1136 this section applies with respect to the sentencing for the 1137 offense, and if the court is required under the Revised Code 1138 section that sets forth the offense or any other Revised Code 1139 provision to impose a mandatory prison term for the offense, the 1140 court shall impose the required mandatory prison term as the 1141 minimum term imposed under division (A)(1)(a) or (2)(a) of this 1142 section, whichever is applicable. 1143
- (D)(1) If a court imposes a prison term, other than a term 1144 of life imprisonment, for a felony of the first degree, for a 1145 felony of the second degree, for a felony sex offense, or for a 1146 felony of the third degree that is an offense of violence and 1147 that is not a felony sex offense, it shall include in the 1148 sentence a requirement that the offender be subject to a period 1149 of post-release control after the offender's release from 1150 imprisonment, in accordance with section 2967.28 of the Revised 1151 1152 Code. If a court imposes a sentence including a prison term of a type described in this division on or after July 11, 2006, the 1153 failure of a court to include a post-release control requirement 1154 in the sentence pursuant to this division does not negate, 1155 limit, or otherwise affect the mandatory period of post-release 1156 control that is required for the offender under division (B) of 1157 section 2967.28 of the Revised Code. Section 2929.191 of the 1158 Revised Code applies if, prior to July 11, 2006, a court imposed 1159 a sentence including a prison term of a type described in this 1160 division and failed to include in the sentence pursuant to this 1161

division a statement regarding post-release control. 1162 (2) If a court imposes a prison term for a felony of the 1163 third, fourth, or fifth degree that is not subject to division 1164 (D)(1) of this section, it shall include in the sentence a 1165 requirement that the offender be subject to a period of post-1166 release control after the offender's release from imprisonment, 1167 in accordance with that division, if the parole board determines 1168 that a period of post-release control is necessary. Section 1169 2929.191 of the Revised Code applies if, prior to July 11, 2006, 1170 a court imposed a sentence including a prison term of a type 1171 described in this division and failed to include in the sentence 1172 pursuant to this division a statement regarding post-release 1173 1174 control. (E) The court shall impose sentence upon the offender in 1175 accordance with section 2971.03 of the Revised Code, and Chapter 1176 2971. of the Revised Code applies regarding the prison term or 1177 term of life imprisonment without parole imposed upon the 1178 offender and the service of that term of imprisonment if any of 1179 1180 the following apply: (1) A person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a violent 1181 sex offense or a designated homicide, assault, or kidnapping 1182 offense, and, in relation to that offense, the offender is 1183 adjudicated a sexually violent predator. 1184 (2) A person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 1185 violation of division (A)(1)(b) of section 2907.02 of the 1186 Revised Code committed on or after January 2, 2007, and either 1187 the court does not impose a sentence of life without parole when 1188 authorized pursuant to division (B) of section 2907.02 of the 1189 Revised Code, or division (B) of section 2907.02 of the Revised 1190

Code provides that the court shall not sentence the offender

pursuant to section 2971.03 of the Revised Code.	1192
(3) A person is convicted of or pleads guilty to attempted	1193
rape committed on or after January 2, 2007, and a specification	1194
of the type described in section 2941.1418, 2941.1419, or	1195
2941.1420 of the Revised Code.	1196
(4) A person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	1197
violation of section 2905.01 of the Revised Code committed on or	1198
after January 1, 2008, and that section requires the court to	1199
sentence the offender pursuant to section 2971.03 of the Revised	1200
Code.	1201
(5) A person is convicted of or pleads guilty to	1202
aggravated murder committed on or after January 1, 2008, and	1203
division (A)(2)(b)(ii) of section 2929.022, division (A)(1)(e),	1204
(C) (1) (a) (v), (C) (2) (a) (ii), (D) (2) (b), (D) (3) (a) (iv), or (E) (1)	1205
(a)(iv) of section 2929.03, or division (A) or (B) of section	1206
2929.06 of the Revised Code requires the court to sentence the	1207
offender pursuant to division (B)(3) of section 2971.03 of the	1208
Revised Code.	1209
(6) A person is convicted of or pleads guilty to murder	1210
committed on or after January 1, 2008, and division (B)(2) of	1211
section 2929.02 of the Revised Code requires the court to	1212
sentence the offender pursuant to section 2971.03 of the Revised	1213
Code.	1214
(F) If a person who has been convicted of or pleaded	1215
guilty to a felony is sentenced to a prison term or term of	1216
imprisonment under this section, sections 2929.02 to 2929.06 of	1217
the Revised Code, section 2929.142 of the Revised Code, section	1218
2971.03 of the Revised Code, or any other provision of law,	1219
section 5120.163 of the Revised Code applies regarding the	1220

person while the person is confined in a state correctional	1221
institution.	1222
(G) If an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to	1223
a felony that is an offense of violence also is convicted of or	1224
pleads guilty to a specification of the type described in	1225
section 2941.142 of the Revised Code that charges the offender	1226
with having committed the felony while participating in a	1227
criminal gang, the court shall impose upon the offender an	1228
additional prison term of one, two, or three years.	1229
(H)(1) If an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty	1230
to aggravated murder, murder, or a felony of the first, second,	1231
or third degree that is an offense of violence also is convicted	1232
of or pleads guilty to a specification of the type described in	1233
section 2941.143 of the Revised Code that charges the offender	1234
with having committed the offense in a school safety zone or	1235
towards a person in a school safety zone, the court shall impose	1236
upon the offender an additional prison term of two years. The	1237
offender shall serve the additional two years consecutively to	1238
and prior to the prison term imposed for the underlying offense.	1239
(2)(a) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to	1240
a felony violation of section 2907.22, 2907.24, 2907.241, or	1241
2907.25 of the Revised Code and to a specification of the type	1242
described in section 2941.1421 of the Revised Code and if the	1243
court imposes a prison term on the offender for the felony	1244
violation, the court may impose upon the offender an additional	1245
prison term as follows:	1246
(i) Subject to division (H)(2)(a)(ii) of this section, an	1247
additional prison term of one, two, three, four, five, or six	1248
months;	1249

(ii) If the offender previously has been convicted of or 1250 pleaded quilty to one or more felony or misdemeanor violations 1251 of section 2907.22, 2907.23, 2907.24, 2907.241, or 2907.25 of 1252 the Revised Code and also was convicted of or pleaded quilty to 1253 a specification of the type described in section 2941.1421 of 1254 the Revised Code regarding one or more of those violations, an 1255 additional prison term of one, two, three, four, five, six, 1256 seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, or twelve months. 1257

(b) In lieu of imposing an additional prison term under 1258 1259 division (H)(2)(a) of this section, the court may directly impose on the offender a sanction that requires the offender to 1260 wear a real-time processing, continual tracking electronic 1261 monitoring device during the period of time specified by the 1262 court. The period of time specified by the court shall equal the 1263 duration of an additional prison term that the court could have 1264 imposed upon the offender under division (H)(2)(a) of this 1265 section. A sanction imposed under this division shall commence 1266 on the date specified by the court, provided that the sanction 1267 shall not commence until after the offender has served the 1268 prison term imposed for the felony violation of section 2907.22, 1269 2907.24, 2907.241, or 2907.25 of the Revised Code and any 1270 residential sanction imposed for the violation under section 1271 2929.16 of the Revised Code. A sanction imposed under this 1272 division shall be considered to be a community control sanction 1273 for purposes of section 2929.15 of the Revised Code, and all 1274 provisions of the Revised Code that pertain to community control 1275 sanctions shall apply to a sanction imposed under this division, 1276 except to the extent that they would by their nature be clearly 1277 inapplicable. The offender shall pay all costs associated with a 1278 sanction imposed under this division, including the cost of the 1279 use of the monitoring device. 1280

(I) At the time of sentencing, the court may recommend the	1281
offender for placement in a program of shock incarceration under	1282
section 5120.031 of the Revised Code or for placement in an	1283
intensive program prison under section 5120.032 of the Revised	1284
Code, disapprove placement of the offender in a program of shock	1285
incarceration or an intensive program prison of that nature, or	1286
make no recommendation on placement of the offender. In no case	1287
shall the department of rehabilitation and correction place the	1288
offender in a program or prison of that nature unless the	1289
department determines as specified in section 5120.031 or	1290
5120.032 of the Revised Code, whichever is applicable, that the	1291
offender is eligible for the placement.	1292
If the court disapproves placement of the offender in a	1293
program or prison of that nature, the department of	1294
rehabilitation and correction shall not place the offender in	1295
any program of shock incarceration or intensive program prison.	1296
If the court recommends placement of the offender in a	1297
program of shock incarceration or in an intensive program	1298
prison, and if the offender is subsequently placed in the	1299
recommended program or prison, the department shall notify the	1300
court of the placement and shall include with the notice a brief	1301
description of the placement.	1302
If the court recommends placement of the offender in a	1303
program of shock incarceration or in an intensive program prison	1304
and the department does not subsequently place the offender in	1305
the recommended program or prison, the department shall send a	1306
notice to the court indicating why the offender was not placed	1307
in the recommended program or prison.	1308

If the court does not make a recommendation under this

division with respect to an offender and if the department

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determines as specified in section 5120.031 or 5120.032 of the	1311
Revised Code, whichever is applicable, that the offender is	1312
eligible for placement in a program or prison of that nature,	1313
the department shall screen the offender and determine if there	1314
is an available program of shock incarceration or an intensive	1315
program prison for which the offender is suited. If there is an	1316
available program of shock incarceration or an intensive program	1317
prison for which the offender is suited, the department shall	1318
notify the court of the proposed placement of the offender as	1319
specified in section 5120.031 or 5120.032 of the Revised Code	1320
and shall include with the notice a brief description of the	1321
placement. The court shall have ten days from receipt of the	1322
notice to disapprove the placement.	1323

- (J) If a person is convicted of or pleads guilty to 1324 aggravated vehicular homicide in violation of division (A)(1) of 1325 section 2903.06 of the Revised Code and division (B)(2)(c) or 1326 (d) of that section applies, the person shall be sentenced 1327 pursuant to section 2929.142 of the Revised Code. 1328
- (K) (1) The court shall impose an additional mandatory 1329 prison term of two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, 1330 ten, or eleven years on an offender who is convicted of or 1331 pleads quilty to a violent felony offense if the offender also 1332 is convicted of or pleads guilty to a specification of the type 1333 described in section 2941.1424 of the Revised Code that charges 1334 that the offender is a violent career criminal and had a firearm 1335 on or about the offender's person or under the offender's 1336 control while committing the presently charged violent felony 1337 offense and displayed or brandished the firearm, indicated that 1338 the offender possessed a firearm, or used the firearm to 1339 facilitate the offense. The offender shall serve the prison term 1340 imposed under this division consecutively to and prior to the 1341

prison term imposed for the underlying offense. The prison term	1342
shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, division (A)	1343
(2) or (3) of section 2967.193 or 2967.194, or any other	1344
provision of Chapter 2967. or 5120. of the Revised Code. A court	1345
may not impose more than one sentence under division (B)(2)(a)	1346
of this section and this division for acts committed as part of	1347
the same act or transaction.	1348
(2) As used in division (K)(1) of this section, "violent	1349
career criminal" and "violent felony offense" have the same	1350
meanings as in section 2923.132 of the Revised Code.	1351
(L) If an offender receives or received a sentence of life	1352
imprisonment without parole, a sentence of life imprisonment, a	1353
definite sentence, or a sentence to an indefinite prison term	1354
under this chapter for a felony offense that was committed when	1355
the offender was under eighteen years of age, the offender's	1356
parole eligibility shall be determined under section 2967.132 of	1357
the Revised Code.	1358
Sec. 2941.1427. (A) Imposition of a one-year mandatory	1359
prison term upon an offender under division (B)(12) of section	1360
2929.14 of the Revised Code is precluded unless the indictment,	1361
count in the indictment, or information charging the offense	1362
specifies that the offender wore a mask or other disguise or	1363
otherwise concealed or attempted to conceal the offender's face	1364
while committing the offense and that the offense is a felony.	1365
The specification shall be stated at the end of the body of the	1366
indictment, count, or information and shall be stated in	1367
substantially the following form:	1368
"SPECIFICATION (or, SPECIFICATION TO THE FIRST COUNT). The	1369
Grand Jurors (or insert the person's or the prosecuting	1370
attorney's name when appropriate) further find and specify that	1371

(set forth that the offender wore a mask or disguise or	1372
otherwise concealed or attempted to conceal the offender's face	1373
while committing the specified offense and that the specified	1374
<pre>offense is a felony)."</pre>	1375
(B) The specification described in division (A) of this	1376
section may be used in a delinquent child proceeding in the	1377
manner and for the purpose described in section 2152.17 of the	1378
Revised Code.	1379
Section 2. That existing sections 2152.17, 2911.21,	1380
2917.02, and 2929.14 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	1381
Section 3. Section 2929.14 of the Revised Code is	1382
presented in this act as a composite of the section as amended	1383
by H.B. 37, H.B. 56, H.B. 111, and S.B. 106, all of the 135th	1384
General Assembly. The General Assembly, applying the principle	1385
stated in division (B) of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that	1386
amendments are to be harmonized if reasonably capable of	1387
simultaneous operation, finds that the composite is the	1388
resulting version of the section in effect prior to the	1389
effective date of the section as presented in this act.	1390