As Introduced

136th General Assembly

Regular Session 2025-2026

H. B. No. 277

Representatives Craig, Deeter Cosponsors: Representatives Lorenz, Gross, Lampton, Daniels

To	amend sections 4111.03, 4111.14, 4113.15,	1
	4121.01, 4123.01, 4141.01, and 5747.01 and to	2
	enact section 4113.87 of the Revised Code to	3
	specify that a health care worker is not the	4
	employee of a health care worker platform or	5
	health care facility for purposes of specified	6
	laws under certain circumstances	7

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 4111.03, 4111.14, 4113.15,	8
4121.01, 4123.01, 4141.01, and 5747.01 be amended and section	9
4113.87 of the Revised Code be enacted to read as follows:	10
Sec. 4111.03. (A) Except as provided in section 4111.031	11
of the Revised Code, an employer shall pay an employee for	12
overtime at a wage rate of one and one-half times the employee's	13
wage rate for hours worked in excess of forty hours in one	14
workweek, in the manner and methods provided in and subject to	15
the exemptions of section 7 and section 13 of the "Fair Labor	16
Standards Act of 1938," 52 Stat. 1060, 29 U.S.C.A. 207, 213, as	17
amended, and, effective beginning on the effective date of this	18
amendment July 6, 2022, sections 2 and 4 of the "Portal to	19
Portal Act of 1947," 29 U.S.C. 252 and 254.	20

Any employee employed in agriculture shall not be covered	21
by the overtime provision of this section.	22
A motor carrier may elect to apply the overtime provision	23
of this section to an individual who is excluded from the	24
provision under division (D)(3)(i) of this section.	25
(B) If a county employee or township employee elects to	26
take compensatory time off in lieu of overtime pay, for any	27
overtime worked, compensatory time may be granted by the	28
employee's administrative superior, on a time and one-half	29
basis, at a time mutually convenient to the employee and the	30
administrative superior within one hundred eighty days after the	31
overtime is worked.	32
(C) A township appointing authority or a county appointing	33
authority with the exception of the county department of job and	34
family services may, by rule or resolution as is appropriate,	35
indicate the authority's intention not to be bound by division	36
(B) of this section, and to adopt a different policy for the	37
calculation and payment of overtime than that established by	38
that division. Upon adoption, the alternative overtime policy	39
prevails. Prior to the adoption of an alternative overtime	40
policy, a township appointing authority or a county appointing	41
authority with the exception of the county department of job and	42
family services shall give a written notice of the alternative	43
policy to each employee at least ten days prior to its effective	44
date.	45
(D) As used in this section and section 4111.031 of the	46
Revised Code:	47
(1) "Employ" means to suffer or to permit to work.	48
(2) "Employer" means the state of Ohio, its	49

instrumentalities, and its political subdivisions and their	50
instrumentalities, any individual, partnership, association,	51
corporation, business trust, or any person or group of persons,	52
acting in the interest of an employer in relation to an	53
employee, but does not include either of the following:	54
(a) An employer whose annual gross volume of sales made	55
for business done is less than one hundred fifty thousand	56
dollars, exclusive of excise taxes at the retail level which are	57
separately stated;	58
(b) A franchisor with respect to the franchisor's	59
relationship with a franchisee or an employee of a franchisee,	60
unless the franchisor agrees to assume that role in writing or a	61
court of competent jurisdiction determines that the franchisor	62
exercises a type or degree of control over the franchisee or the	63
franchisee's employees that is not customarily exercised by a	64
franchisor for the purpose of protecting the franchisor's	65
trademark, brand, or both. For purposes of this division,	66
"franchisor" and "franchisee" have the same meanings as in 16	67
C.F.R. 436.1.	68
(3) "Employee" means any individual employed by an	69
employer but does not include:	70
(a) Any individual employed by the United States;	71
(b) Any individual employed as a baby-sitter in the	72
employer's home, or a live-in companion to a sick, convalescing,	73
or elderly person whose principal duties do not include	74
housekeeping;	75
(c) Any individual engaged in the delivery of newspapers	76
to the consumer;	77
(d) Any individual employed as an outside salesperson	78

compensated by commissions or employed in a bona fide executive,	79
administrative, or professional capacity as such terms are	80
defined by the "Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938," 52 Stat.	81
1060, 29 U.S.C.A. 201, as amended;	82
(e) Any individual who works or provides personal services	83
of a charitable nature in a hospital or health institution for	84
which compensation is not sought or contemplated;	85
(f) A member of a police or fire protection agency or	86
student employed on a part-time or seasonal basis by a political	87
subdivision of this state;	88
(g) Any individual in the employ of a camp or recreational	89
area for children under eighteen years of age and owned and	90
operated by a nonprofit organization or group of organizations	91
described in Section 501(c)(3) of the "Internal Revenue Code of	92
1954," and exempt from income tax under Section 501(a) of that	93
code;	94
(h) Any individual employed directly by the house of	95
representatives or directly by the senate;	96
(i) An individual who operates a vehicle or vessel in the	97
performance of services for or on behalf of a motor carrier	98
transporting property and to whom all of the following factors	99
apply:	100
(i) The individual owns the vehicle or vessel that is used	101
in performing the services for or on behalf of the carrier, or	102
the individual leases the vehicle or vessel under a bona fide	103
lease agreement that is not a temporary replacement lease	104
agreement. For purposes of this division, a bona fide lease	105
agreement does not include an agreement between the individual	106
and the motor carrier transporting property for which, or on	107

whose behalf, the individual provides services.	108
(ii) The individual is responsible for supplying the	109
necessary personal services to operate the vehicle or vessel	110
used to provide the service.	111
(iii) The compensation paid to the individual is based on	112
factors related to work performed, including on a mileage-based	113
rate or a percentage of any schedule of rates, and not solely on	114
the basis of the hours or time expended.	115
(iv) The individual substantially controls the means and	116
manner of performing the services, in conformance with	117
regulatory requirements and specifications of the shipper.	118
(v) The individual enters into a written contract with the	119
carrier for whom the individual is performing the services that	120
describes the relationship between the individual and the	121
carrier to be that of an independent contractor and not that of	122
an employee.	123
(vi) The individual is responsible for substantially all	124
of the principal operating costs of the vehicle or vessel and	125
equipment used to provide the services, including maintenance,	126
fuel, repairs, supplies, vehicle or vessel insurance, and	127
personal expenses, except that the individual may be paid by the	128
carrier the carrier's fuel surcharge and incidental costs,	129
including tolls, permits, and lumper fees.	130
(vii) The individual is responsible for any economic loss	131
or economic gain from the arrangement with the carrier.	132
(j) A health care worker, with respect to a health care	133
worker platform or health care facility for work booked through	134
a health care worker platform, in accordance with section	135
4113.87 of the Revised Code.	136

(4) "Motor carrier" has the same meaning as in section	137
4923.01 of the Revised Code.	138
Sec. 4111.14. (A) Pursuant to the general assembly's	139
authority to establish a minimum wage under Section 34 of	140
Article II, Ohio Constitution, this section is in implementation	141
of Section 34a of Article II, Ohio Constitution. In implementing	142
Section 34a of Article II, Ohio Constitution, the general	143
assembly hereby finds that the purpose of Section 34a of Article	144
II, Ohio Constitution, is to:	145
(1) Ensure that Ohio employees, as defined in division (B)	146
(1) of this section, are paid the wage rate required by Section	147
34a of Article II, Ohio Constitution;	148
(2) Ensure that covered Ohio employers maintain certain	149
records that are directly related to the enforcement of the wage	150
rate requirements in Section 34a of Article II, Ohio	151
Constitution;	152
(3) Ensure that Ohio employees who are paid the wage rate	153
required by Section 34a of Article II, Ohio Constitution, may	154
enforce their right to receive that wage rate in the manner set	155
forth in Section 34a of Article II, Ohio Constitution; and	156
(4) Protect the privacy of Ohio employees' pay and	157
personal information specified in Section 34a of Article II,	158
Ohio Constitution, by restricting an employee's access, and	159
access by a person acting on behalf of that employee, to the	160
employee's own pay and personal information.	161
(B) In accordance with Section 34a of Article II, Ohio	162
Constitution, the terms "employer," "employee," "employ,"	163
"person," and "independent contractor" have the same meanings as	164
in the "Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938," 52 Stat. 1060, 29	165

U.S.C. 203, as amended. In construing the meaning of these	166
terms, due consideration and great weight shall be given to the	167
United States department of labor's and federal courts'	168
interpretations of those terms under the Fair Labor Standards	169
Act and its regulations. As used in division (B) of this	170
section:	171
(1) "Employee" means individuals employed in Ohio, but	172
does not mean individuals who are excluded from the definition	173
of "employee" under 29 U.S.C. 203(e) or individuals who are	174
exempted from the minimum wage requirements in 29 U.S.C. 213 and	175
from the definition of "employee" in this chapter.	176
(2) "Employ" and "employee" do not include any either of	177
the following:	178
(a) Any person acting as a volunteer. In construing who is	179
a volunteer, "volunteer" shall have the same meaning as in	180
sections 553.101 to 553.106 of Title 29 of the Code of Federal	181
Regulations, as amended, and due consideration and great weight	182
shall be given to the United States department of labor's and	183
federal courts' interpretations of the term "volunteer" under	184
the Fair Labor Standards Act and its regulations.	185
(b) A health care worker, with respect to a health care	186
worker platform or health care facility for work booked through	187
a health care worker platform, in accordance with section	188
4113.87 of the Revised Code.	189
(3) "Employer" does not include a franchisor with respect	190
to the franchisor's relationship with a franchisee or an	191
employee of a franchisee, unless the franchisor agrees to assume	192
that role in writing or a court of competent jurisdiction	193
determines that the franchisor exercises a type or degree of	194

control over the franchisee or the franchisee's employees that	195
is not customarily exercised by a franchisor for the purpose of	196
protecting the franchisor's trademark, brand, or both. For	197
purposes of this division, "franchisor" and "franchisee" have	198
the same meanings as in 16 C.F.R. 436.1.	199
(4) Subject to division (B)(5) of this section, "employee"	200
does not include an individual who operates a vehicle or vessel	201
in the performance of services for or on behalf of a motor	202
carrier transporting property and to whom all of the following	203
factors apply:	204
(a) The individual owns the vehicle or vessel that is used	205
in performing the services for or on behalf of the carrier, or	206
the individual leases the vehicle or vessel under a bona fide	207
lease agreement that is not a temporary replacement lease	208
agreement. For purposes of this division, a bona fide lease	209
agreement does not include an agreement between the individual	210
and the motor carrier transporting property for which, or on	211
whose behalf, the individual provides services.	212
(b) The individual is responsible for supplying the	213
necessary personal services to operate the vehicle or vessel	214
used to provide the service.	215
(c) The compensation paid to the individual is based on	216
factors related to work performed, including on a mileage-based	217
rate or a percentage of any schedule of rates, and not solely on	218
the basis of the hours or time expended.	219
(d) The individual substantially controls the means and	220
manner of performing the services, in conformance with	221
regulatory requirements and specifications of the shipper.	222

(e) The individual enters into a written contract with the

carrier for whom the individual is performing the services that	224
describes the relationship between the individual and the	225
carrier to be that of an independent contractor and not that of	226
an employee.	227
(f) The individual is responsible for substantially all of	228
the principal operating costs of the vehicle or vessel and	229
equipment used to provide the services, including maintenance,	230
fuel, repairs, supplies, vehicle or vessel insurance, and	231
personal expenses, except that the individual may be paid by the	232
carrier the carrier's fuel surcharge and incidental costs,	233
including tolls, permits, and lumper fees.	234
(g) The individual is responsible for any economic loss or	235
economic gain from the arrangement with the carrier.	236
(5) A motor carrier may elect to consider an individual	237
described in division (B)(4) of this section as an employee for	238
purposes of this section.	239
(6) "Motor carrier" has the same meaning as in section	240
4923.01 of the Revised Code.	241
(C) In accordance with Section 34a of Article II, Ohio	242
Constitution, the state may issue licenses to employers	243
authorizing payment of a wage below that required by Section 34a	244
of Article II, Ohio Constitution, to individuals with mental or	245
physical disabilities that may otherwise adversely affect their	246
opportunity for employment. In issuing such licenses, the state	247
shall abide by the rules adopted pursuant to section 4111.06 of	248
the Revised Code.	249
(D)(1) In accordance with Section 34a of Article II, Ohio	250
Constitution, individuals employed in or about the property of	251
an employer or an individual's residence on a casual basis are	252

not included within the coverage of Section 34a of Article II,	253
Ohio Constitution. As used in division (D) of this section:	254
(a) "Casual basis" means employment that is irregular or	255
intermittent and that is not performed by an individual whose	256
vocation is to be employed in or about the property of the	257
employer or individual's residence. In construing who is	258
employed on a "casual basis," due consideration and great weight	259
shall be given to the United States department of labor's and	260
federal courts' interpretations of the term "casual basis" under	261
the Fair Labor Standards Act and its regulations.	262
(b) "An individual employed in or about the property of an	263
employer or individual's residence" means an individual employed	264
on a casual basis or an individual employed in or about a	265
residence on a casual basis, respectively.	266
(2) In accordance with Section 34a of Article II, Ohio	267
Constitution, employees of a solely family-owned and operated	268
business who are family members of an owner are not included	269
within the coverage of Section 34a of Article II, Ohio	270
Constitution. As used in division (D)(2) of this section,	271
"family member" means a parent, spouse, child, stepchild,	272
sibling, grandparent, grandchild, or other member of an owner's	273
immediate family.	274
(E) In accordance with Section 34a of Article II, Ohio	275
Constitution, an employer shall at the time of hire provide an	276
employee with the employer's name, address, telephone number,	277
and other contact information and update such information when	278
it changes. As used in division (E) of this section:	279
(1) "Other contact information" may include, where	280
applicable, the address of the employer's internet site on the	281

world wide web, the employer's electronic mail address, fax	282
number, or the name, address, and telephone number of the	283
employer's statutory agent. "Other contact information" does not	284
include the name, address, telephone number, fax number,	285
internet site address, or electronic mail address of any	286
employee, shareholder, officer, director, supervisor, manager,	287
or other individual employed by or associated with an employer.	288
(2) "When it changes" means that the employer shall	289
provide its employees with the change in its name, address,	290
telephone number, or other contact information within sixty	291
business days after the change occurs. The employer shall	292
provide the changed information by using any of its usual	293
methods of communicating with its employees, including, but not	294
limited to, listing the change on the employer's internet site	295
on the world wide web, internal computer network, or a bulletin	296
board where it commonly posts employee communications or by	297
insertion or inclusion with employees' paychecks or pay stubs.	298
(F) In accordance with Section 34a of Article II, Ohio	299
Constitution, an employer shall maintain a record of the name,	300
address, occupation, pay rate, hours worked for each day worked,	301
and each amount paid an employee for a period of not less than	302
three years following the last date the employee was employed by	303
that employer. As used in division (F) of this section:	304
(1) "Address" means an employee's home address as	305
maintained in the employer's personnel file or personnel	306
database for that employee.	307
(2)(a) With respect to employees who are not exempt from	308
the overtime pay requirements of the Fair Labor Standards Act or	309

this chapter, "pay rate" means an employee's base rate of pay.

(b) With respect to employees who are exempt from the	311
overtime pay requirements of the Fair Labor Standards Act or	312
this chapter, "pay rate" means an employee's annual base salary	313
or other rate of pay by which the particular employee qualifies	314
for that exemption under the Fair Labor Standards Act or this	315
chapter, but does not include bonuses, stock options,	316
incentives, deferred compensation, or any other similar form of	317
compensation.	318
(3) "Record" means the name, address, occupation, pay	319
rate, hours worked for each day worked, and each amount paid an	320
employee in one or more documents, databases, or other paper or	321
electronic forms of record-keeping maintained by an employer. No	322
one particular method or form of maintaining such a record or	323
records is required under this division. An employer is not	324
required to create or maintain a single record containing only	325
the employee's name, address, occupation, pay rate, hours worked	326
for each day worked, and each amount paid an employee. An	327
employer shall maintain a record or records from which the	328
employee or person acting on behalf of that employee could	329
reasonably review the information requested by the employee or	330
person.	331
An employer is not required to maintain the records	332
specified in division (F)(3) of this section for any period	333
before January 1, 2007. On and after January 1, 2007, the	334
employer shall maintain the records required by division (F)(3)	335
of this section for three years from the date the hours were	336
worked by the employee and for three years after the date the	337
employee's employment ends.	338
(4)(a) Except for individuals specified in division (F)(4)	339

(b) of this section, "hours worked for each day worked" means

the total amount of time worked by an employee in whatever	341
increments the employer uses for its payroll purposes during a	342
day worked by the employee. An employer is not required to keep	343
a record of the time of day an employee begins and ends work on	344
any given day. As used in division (F)(4) of this section, "day"	345
means a fixed period of twenty-four consecutive hours during	346
which an employee performs work for an employer.	347
(b) An employer is not required to keep records of "hours	348
worked for each day worked" for individuals for whom the	349

(b) An employer is not required to keep records of "hours worked for each day worked" for individuals for whom the employer is not required to keep those records under the Fair Labor Standards Act and its regulations or individuals who are not subject to the overtime pay requirements specified in section 4111.03 of the Revised Code.

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- (5) "Each amount paid an employee" means the total gross 354 wages paid to an employee for each pay period. As used in 355 division (F)(5) of this section, "pay period" means the period 356 of time designated by an employer to pay an employee the 357 employee's gross wages in accordance with the employer's payroll 358 practices under section 4113.15 of the Revised Code. 359
- (G) In accordance with Section 34a of Article II, Ohio 360
 Constitution, an employer must provide such information without 361
 charge to an employee or person acting on behalf of an employee 362
 upon request. As used in division (G) of this section: 363
- (1) "Such information" means the name, address,

 occupation, pay rate, hours worked for each day worked, and each

 amount paid for the specific employee who has requested that

 specific employee's own information and does not include the

 name, address, occupation, pay rate, hours worked for each day

 worked, or each amount paid of any other employee of the

 employer. "Such information" does not include hours worked for

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each day worked by individuals for whom an employer is not	371
required to keep that information under the Fair Labor Standards	372
Act and its regulations or individuals who are not subject to	373
the overtime pay requirements specified in section 4111.03 of	374
the Revised Code.	375
(2) "Acting on behalf of an employee" means a person	376
acting on behalf of an employee as any of the following:	377
(a) The certified or legally recognized collective	378
bargaining representative for that employee under the applicable	379
federal law or Chapter 4117. of the Revised Code;	380
(b) The employee's attorney;	381
(c) The employee's parent, guardian, or legal custodian.	382
A person "acting on behalf of an employee" must be	383
specifically authorized by an employee in order to make a	384
request for that employee's own name, address, occupation, pay	385
rate, hours worked for each day worked, and each amount paid to	386
that employee.	387
(3) "Provide" means that an employer shall provide the	388
requested information within thirty business days after the date	389
the employer receives the request, unless either of the	390
following occurs:	391
(a) The employer and the employee or person acting on	392
behalf of the employee agree to some alternative time period for	393
providing the information.	394
(b) The thirty-day period would cause a hardship on the	395
employer under the circumstances, in which case the employer	396
must provide the requested information as soon as practicable.	397
(4) A "request" made by an employee or a person acting on	398

behalf of an employee means a request by an employee or a person	399
acting on behalf of an employee for the employee's own	400
information. The employer may require that the employee provide	401
the employer with a written request that has been signed by the	402
employee and notarized and that reasonably specifies the	403
particular information being requested. The employer may require	404
that the person acting on behalf of an employee provide the	405
employer with a written request that has been signed by the	406
employee whose information is being requested and notarized and	407
that reasonably specifies the particular information being	408
requested.	409
(H) In accordance with Section 34a of Article II, Ohio	410
Constitution, an employee, person acting on behalf of one or	411
more employees, and any other interested party may file a	412
complaint with the state for a violation of any provision of	413
Section 34a of Article II, Ohio Constitution, or any law or	414
regulation implementing its provisions. Such complaint shall be	415
promptly investigated and resolved by the state. The employee's	416
name shall be kept confidential unless disclosure is necessary	417
to resolution of a complaint and the employee consents to	418
disclosure. As used in division (H) of this section:	419
(1) "Complaint" means a complaint of an alleged violation	420
pertaining to harm suffered by the employee filing the	421
complaint, by a person acting on behalf of one or more	422
employees, or by an interested party.	423
(2) "Acting on behalf of one or more employees" has the	424
same meaning as "acting on behalf of an employee" in division	425
(G)(2) of this section. Each employee must provide a separate	426
written and notarized authorization before the person acting on	427

that employee's or those employees' behalf may request the name,

address, occupation, pay rate, hours worked for each day worked,	429
and each amount paid for the particular employee.	430
(3) "Interested party" means a party who alleges to be	431
injured by the alleged violation and who has standing to file a	432
complaint under common law principles of standing.	433
(4) "Resolved by the state" means that the complaint has	434
been resolved to the satisfaction of the state.	435
(5) "Shall be kept confidential" means that the state	436
shall keep the name of the employee confidential as required by	437
division (H) of this section.	438
(I) In accordance with Section 34a of Article II, Ohio	439
Constitution, the state may on its own initiative investigate an	440
employer's compliance with Section 34a of Article II, Ohio	441
Constitution, and any law or regulation implementing Section 34a	442
of Article II, Ohio Constitution. The employer shall make	443
available to the state any records related to such investigation	444
and other information required for enforcement of Section 34a of	445
Article II, Ohio Constitution or any law or regulation	446
implementing Section 34a of Article II, Ohio Constitution. The	447
state shall investigate an employer's compliance with this	448
section in accordance with the procedures described in section	449
4111.04 of the Revised Code. All records and information related	450
to investigations by the state are confidential and are not a	451
public record subject to section 149.43 of the Revised Code.	452
This division does not prevent the state from releasing to or	453
exchanging with other state and federal wage and hour regulatory	454
authorities information related to investigations.	455
(J) In accordance with Section 34a of Article II, Ohio	456

Constitution, damages shall be calculated as an additional two

times the amount of the back wages and in the case of a	458
violation of an anti-retaliation provision an amount set by the	459
state or court sufficient to compensate the employee and deter	460
future violations, but not less than one hundred fifty dollars	461
for each day that the violation continued. The "not less than	462
one hundred fifty dollar" penalty specified in division (J) of	463
this section shall be imposed only for violations of the anti-	464
retaliation provision in Section 34a of Article II, Ohio	465
Constitution.	466

- (K) In accordance with Section 34a of Article II, Ohio 467 Constitution, an action for equitable and monetary relief may be 468 brought against an employer by the attorney general and/or an 469 employee or person acting on behalf of an employee or all 470 similarly situated employees in any court of competent 471 jurisdiction, including the court of common pleas of an 472 employee's county of residence, for any violation of Section 34a 473 of Article II, Ohio Constitution, or any law or regulation 474 implementing its provisions within three years of the violation 475 or of when the violation ceased if it was of a continuing 476 nature, or within one year after notification to the employee of 477 final disposition by the state of a complaint for the same 478 violation, whichever is later. 479
- (1) As used in division (K) of this section, 480
 "notification" means the date on which the notice was sent to 481
 the employee by the state. 482
- (2) No employee shall join as a party plaintiff in any

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 civil action that is brought under division (K) of this section

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 by an employee, person acting on behalf of an employee, or

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 person acting on behalf of all similarly situated employees

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 unless that employee first gives written consent to become such

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a party plaintiff and that consent is filed with the court in	488
which the action is brought.	489
(3) A civil action regarding an alleged violation of this	490
section shall be maintained only under division (K) of this	491
section. This division does not preclude the joinder in a single	492
civil action of an action under this division and an action	493
under section 4111.10 of the Revised Code.	494
(4) Any agreement between an employee and employer to work	495
for less than the wage rate specified in Section 34a of Article	496
II, Ohio Constitution, is no defense to an action under this	497
section.	
Section.	498
(L) In accordance with Section 34a of Article II, Ohio	499
Constitution, there shall be no exhaustion requirement, no	500
procedural, pleading, or burden of proof requirements beyond	501
those that apply generally to civil suits in order to maintain	502
such action and no liability for costs or attorney's fees on an	503
employee except upon a finding that such action was frivolous in	504
accordance with the same standards that apply generally in civil	505
suits. Nothing in division (L) of this section affects the right	506
of an employer and employee to agree to submit a dispute under	507
this section to alternative dispute resolution, including, but	508
not limited to, arbitration, in lieu of maintaining the civil	509
suit specified in division (K) of this section. Nothing in this	510
division limits the state's ability to investigate or enforce	511
this section.	512
(M) An employer who provides such information specified in	513
Section 34a of Article II, Ohio Constitution, shall be immune	514
from any civil liability for injury, death, or loss to person or	515
property that otherwise might be incurred or imposed as a result	516

of providing that information to an employee or person acting on

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behalf of an employee in response to a request by the employee	518
or person, and the employer shall not be subject to the	519
provisions of Chapters 1347. and 1349. of the Revised Code to	520
the extent that such provisions would otherwise apply. As used	521
in division (M) of this section, "such information," "acting on	522
behalf of an employee," and "request" have the same meanings as	523
in division (G) of this section.	524
(N) As used in this section, "the state" means the	525

(N) As used in this section, "the state" means the director of commerce.

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Sec. 4113.15. (A) Every employer doing business in this 527 state shall, on or before the first day of each month, pay all 528 its employees the wages earned by them during the first half of 529 the preceding month ending with the fifteenth day thereof, and 530 shall, on or before the fifteenth day of each month, pay such 531 employees the wages earned by them during the last half of the 532 preceding calendar month. If at any time of payment an employee 533 is absent from the employee's regular place of labor and does 534 not receive payment of wages through an authorized 535 representative, such person shall be entitled to said payment at 536 any time thereafter upon demand upon the proper paymaster at the 537 place where such wages are usually paid and where such pay is 538 due. This section does not prohibit the daily or weekly payment 539 of wages. The use of a longer time lapse that is customary to a 540 given trade, profession or occupation, or establishment of a 541 different time lapse by written contract or by operation of law. 542

(B) Where wages remain unpaid for thirty days beyond the regularly scheduled payday or, in the case where no regularly scheduled payday is applicable, for sixty days beyond the filing by the employee of a claim or for sixty days beyond the date of the agreement, award, or other act making wages payable and no

contest court order or dispute of any wage claim including the	548
assertion of a counterclaim exists accounting for nonpayment,	549
the employer, in addition, as liquidated damages, is liable to	550
the employee in an amount equal to six per cent of the amount of	551
the claim still unpaid and not in contest or disputed or two	552
hundred dollars, whichever is greater.	553
(C) In the absence of a contest, court order or dispute,	554
an employer who is party to an agreement to pay or provide	555
fringe benefits to an employee or to make any employee	556
authorized deduction becomes a trustee of any funds required by	557
such agreement to be paid to any person, organization, or	558
governmental agency from the time that the duty to make such	559
payment arises. No person shall, without reasonable	560
justification or excuse for such failure, knowingly fail or	561
refuse to pay to the appropriate person, organization, or	562
governmental agency the amount necessary to provide the benefits	563
or accomplish the purpose of any employee authorized deduction,	564
within thirty days after the close of the pay period during	565
which the employee earned or had deducted the amount of money	566
necessary to pay for the fringe benefit or make any employee	567
authorized deduction. A failure or refusal to pay, regardless of	568
the number of employee pay accounts involved, constitutes one	569
offense for the first delinquency of thirty days and a separate	570
offense for each successive delinquency of thirty days.	571
(D) As used in this section and section 4113.16 of the	572
Revised Code:	573
(1) "Wage" means the net amount of money payable to an	574
(1) waye means the net amount of money payable to all	J / 4

employee, including any guaranteed pay or reimbursement for

expenses, less any federal, state, or local taxes withheld; any

deductions made pursuant to a written agreement for the purpose

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of providing the employee with any fringe benefits; and any	578
employee authorized deduction.	579
(2) "Fringe benefits" includes but is not limited to	580
health, welfare, or retirement benefits, whether paid for	581
entirely by the employer or on the basis of a joint employer-	582
employee contribution, or vacation, separation, or holiday pay.	583
(3) "Employee authorized deduction" includes but is not	584
limited to deductions for the purpose of any of the following:	585
(a) Purchase of United States savings bonds or corporate	586
stocks or bonds;	587
(b) A charitable contribution;	588
(c) Credit union savings or other regular savings program;	589
(d) Repayment of a loan or other obligation.	590
(4) "Employer" means an individual, firm, partnership,	591
association, or corporation, but does not include a franchisor	592
with respect to the franchisor's relationship with a franchisee	593
or an employee of a franchisee, unless either of the following	594
applies:	595
(a) The franchisor agrees to assume that role in writing.	596
(b) A court of competent jurisdiction determines that the	597
franchisor exercises a type or degree of control over the	598
franchisee or the franchisee's employees that is not customarily	599
exercised by a franchisor for the purpose of protecting the	600
franchisor's trademark, brand, or both.	601
(5) "Franchisor" and "franchisee" have the same meanings	602
as in 16 C.F.R. 436.1.	603
(6) "Employee" does not include a health care worker, with	604

respect to a health care worker platform or health care facility	605
for work booked through a health care worker platform, in	606
accordance with section 4113.87 of the Revised Code.	607
Sec. 4113.87. (A) As used in this section:	608
(1) "Health care worker" means any health care	609
professional or worker who provides health care or directly	610
related services to patients through a health care worker	611
platform, including professionals or workers who are providing a	612
service to patients that does not require a license.	613
(2) "Health care worker platform" means any person that	614
operates or offers an electronic platform, system, or	615
application through which health care workers can accept one or	616
more shifts to perform health care related services at a health	617
<pre>care facility.</pre>	618
(3) "Health care facility" means any facility used to	619
provide health care or related services.	620
(B) A health care worker is not the employee of a health	621
<pre>care worker platform or health care facility for work booked</pre>	622
through a health care worker platform for purposes of sections	623
4111.03, 4111.14, 4113.15, 4121.01, 4123.01, 4141.01, and	624
5747.01 of the Revised Code if all of the following apply:	625
(1) The health care worker platform and health care worker	626
agree in writing or electronically that the health care worker	627
is an independent contractor for all work booked through the	628
platform.	629
(2) The health care worker platform allows each health	630
care worker to decide whether to accept a shift at a health care	631
facility without any requirement that a health care worker	632
accepts a minimum number of shifts.	633

(3) The health care platform allows each health care	634
worker to agree in writing or electronically to the hourly rates	635
offered or set by the health care facility or the health care	636
worker platform.	637
(4) The health care worker may accept or reject work	638
shifts with any health care facility without being penalized by	639
the health care worker platform.	640
(5) The health care worker platform does not require the	641
health care worker to be available to accept or fulfill any	642
particular work shifts during specific hours or on specific	643
days.	644
(6) The health care worker platform does not restrict the	645
health care worker from engaging in any other occupation or	646
business, including health care work or health care related	647
work.	648
(7) The health care worker platform does not require the	649
health care worker to use specific equipment, tools, or other	650
supplies.	651
(8) The health care worker platform does not prescribe or	652
control the means and methods for the services performed by a	653
health care worker at a health care facility.	654
(9) The contract or other agreement between the health	655
care worker and the health care worker platform may be	656
terminated by either party with or without cause.	657
(10) The health care worker is responsible for the payment	658
of all federal, state, and local taxes on the health care	659
worker's earnings derived from all services performed for health	660
care facilities booked through the platform.	661

(11) The health care worker platform does not require a	662
health care worker to enter into a noncompete agreement with the	663
platform.	664
(12) The health care worker platform does not require a	665
health care worker or health care facility to pay any fee or	666
compensation to the platform if a health care worker accepts an	667
offer of employment from a health care facility.	668
(13) The health care worker platform does not restrict a	669
health care worker from accepting shifts through another	670
platform or from a health care facility that does not offer	671
shifts on the platform, except that a health care worker	672
platform may remove from the platform a health care worker who	673
accepts simultaneous shifts on two different health care worker	674
<pre>platforms.</pre>	675
(C) A health care worker platform may advertise to the	676
public that the platform is seeking health care workers to use	677
the platform.	678
Sec. 4121.01. (A) As used in sections 4121.01 to 4121.29	679
of the Revised Code:	680
(1) "Place of employment" means every place, whether	681
indoors or out, or underground, and the premises appurtenant	682
thereto, where either temporarily or permanently any industry,	683
trade, or business is carried on, or where any process or	684
operation, directly or indirectly related to any industry,	685
trade, or business, is carried on and where any person is	686
directly or indirectly employed by another for direct or	687
indirect gain or profit, but does not include any place where	688
persons are employed in private domestic service or agricultural	689
pursuits which do not involve the use of mechanical power.	690

(2) "Employment" means any trade, occupation, or process	691
of manufacture or any method of carrying on such trade,	692
occupation, or process of manufacture in which any person may be	693
engaged, except in such private domestic service or agricultural	694
pursuits as do not involve the use of mechanical power.	695
(3) "Employer" means every person, firm, corporation,	696
agent, manager, representative, or other person having control	697
or custody of any employment, place of employment, or employee.	698
"Employer" does not include a franchisor with respect to the	699
franchisor's relationship with a franchisee or an employee of a	700
franchisee, unless the franchisor agrees to assume that role in	701
writing or a court of competent jurisdiction determines that the	702
franchisor exercises a type or degree of control over the	703
franchisee or the franchisee's employees that is not customarily	704
exercised by a franchisor for the purpose of protecting the	705
franchisor's trademark, brand, or both. For purposes of this	706
division, "franchisor" and "franchisee" have the same meanings	707
as in 16 C.F.R. 436.1.	708
$\frac{(4)(a)(4)}{(4)}$ "Employee" means a person who may be required or	709
directed by any employer, in consideration of direct or indirect	710
gain or profit, to engage in any employment, or to go, or work,	711
or be at any time in any place of employment, including a person	712
described in division (A)(4)(b) of this section if a motor	713
carrier elects to consider the person to be an employee.	714
(b)—"Employee" does not include a—either of the following:	715
(a) A health care worker, with respect to a health care	716
worker platform or health care facility for work booked through	717
a health care worker platform, in accordance with section	718
4113.87 of the Revised Code.	719

(b) A person who operates a vehicle or vessel in the	720
performance of services for or on behalf of a motor carrier	721
transporting property and to whom all of the following factors	722
apply:	723
(i) The person owns the vehicle or vessel that is used in	724
performing the services for or on behalf of the carrier, or the	725
person leases the vehicle or vessel under a bona fide lease	726
agreement that is not a temporary replacement lease agreement.	727
For purposes of this division, a bona fide lease agreement does	728
not include an agreement between the person and the motor	729
carrier transporting property for which, or on whose behalf, the	730
person provides services.	731
(ii) The person is responsible for supplying the necessary	732
personal services to operate the vehicle or vessel used to	733
provide the service.	734
(iii) The compensation paid to the person is based on	735
factors related to work performed, including on a mileage-based	736
rate or a percentage of any schedule of rates, and not solely on	737
the basis of the hours or time expended.	738
(iv) The person substantially controls the means and	739
manner of performing the services, in conformance with	740
regulatory requirements and specifications of the shipper.	741
(v) The person enters into a written contract with the	742
carrier for whom the person is performing the services that	743
describes the relationship between the person and the carrier to	744
be that of an independent contractor and not that of an	745
employee.	746
(vi) The person is responsible for substantially all of	747
the principal operating costs of the vehicle or vessel and	748

equipment used to provide the services, including maintenance,	749
fuel, repairs, supplies, vehicle or vessel insurance, and	750
personal expenses, except that the person may be paid by the	751
carrier the carrier's fuel surcharge and incidental costs,	752
including tolls, permits, and lumper fees.	753
(vii) The person is responsible for any economic loss or	754
economic gain from the arrangement with the carrier.	755
(5) "Frequenter" means every person, other than an	756
employee, who may go in or be in a place of employment under	757
circumstances which render the person other than a trespasser.	758
(6) "Deputy" means any person employed by the industrial	759
commission or the bureau of workers' compensation, designated as	760
a deputy by the commission or the administrator of workers'	761
compensation, who possesses special, technical, scientific,	762
managerial, professional, or personal abilities or qualities in	763
matters within the jurisdiction of the commission or the bureau,	764
and who may be engaged in the performance of duties under the	765
direction of the commission or the bureau calling for the	766
exercise of such abilities or qualities.	767
(7) "Order" means any decision, rule, regulation,	768
direction, requirement, or standard, or any other determination	769
or decision that the bureau is empowered to and does make.	770
(8) "General order" means an order that applies generally	771
throughout the state to all persons, employments, or places of	772
employment, or all persons, employments, or places of employment	773
of a class under the jurisdiction of the bureau. All other	774
orders shall be considered special orders.	775

(9) "Local order" means any ordinance, order, rule, or

determination of the legislative authority of any municipal

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corporation, or any trustees, or board or officers of any	778
municipal corporation upon any matter over which the bureau has	779
jurisdiction.	780
(10) "Welfare" means comfort, decency, and moral well-	781
being.	782
(11) "Safe" or "safety," as applied to any employment or a	783
place of employment, means such freedom from danger to the life,	784
health, safety, or welfare of employees or frequenters as the	785
nature of the employment will reasonably permit, including	786
requirements as to the hours of labor with relation to the	787
health and welfare of employees.	788
(12) "Employee organization" means any labor or bona fide	789
organization in which employees participate and that exists for	790
the purpose, in whole or in part, of dealing with employers	791
concerning grievances, labor disputes, wages, hours, terms, and	792
other conditions of employment.	793
(13) "Motor carrier" has the same meaning as in section	794
4923.01 of the Revised Code.	795
(B) As used in the Revised Code:	796
(1) "Industrial commission" means the chairperson of the	797
three-member industrial commission created pursuant to section	798
4121.02 of the Revised Code when the context refers to the	799
authority vested in the chairperson as the chief executive	800
officer of the three-member industrial commission pursuant to	801
divisions (A), (B), (C), and (D) of section 4121.03 of the	802
Revised Code.	803
(2) "Industrial commission" means the three-member	804
industrial commission created pursuant to section 4121.02 of the	805
Revised Code when the context refers to the authority vested in	806

the three-member industrial commission pursuant to division (E)	807
of section 4121.03 of the Revised Code.	808
(3) "Industrial commission" means the industrial	809
commission as a state agency when the context refers to the	810
authority vested in the industrial commission as a state agency.	811
Sec. 4123.01. As used in this chapter:	812
(A)(1) "Employee" means:	813
(a) Every person in the service of the state, or of any	814
county, municipal corporation, township, or school district	815
therein, including regular members of lawfully constituted	816
police and fire departments of municipal corporations and	817
townships, whether paid or volunteer, and wherever serving	818
within the state or on temporary assignment outside thereof, and	819
executive officers of boards of education, under any appointment	820
or contract of hire, express or implied, oral or written,	821
including any elected official of the state, or of any county,	822
municipal corporation, or township, or members of boards of	823
education.	824
As used in division (A)(1)(a) of this section, the term	825
"employee" includes the following persons when responding to an	826
inherently dangerous situation that calls for an immediate	827
response on the part of the person, regardless of whether the	828
person is within the limits of the jurisdiction of the person's	829
regular employment or voluntary service when responding, on the	830
condition that the person responds to the situation as the	831
person otherwise would if the person were on duty in the	832
person's jurisdiction:	833
(i) Off-duty peace officers. As used in division (A)(1)(a)	834
(i) of this section, "peace officer" has the same meaning as in	835

section 2935.01 of the Revised Code.	836
(ii) Off-duty firefighters, whether paid or volunteer, of	837
a lawfully constituted fire department.	838
(iii) Off-duty first responders, emergency medical	839
technicians-basic, emergency medical technicians-intermediate,	840
or emergency medical technicians-paramedic, whether paid or	841
volunteer, of an ambulance service organization or emergency	842
medical service organization pursuant to Chapter 4765. of the	843
Revised Code.	844
(b) Every person in the service of any person, firm, or	845
private corporation, including any public service corporation,	846
that (i) employs one or more persons regularly in the same	847
business or in or about the same establishment under any	848
contract of hire, express or implied, oral or written, including	849
aliens and minors, household workers who earn one hundred sixty	850
dollars or more in cash in any calendar quarter from a single	851
household and casual workers who earn one hundred sixty dollars	852
or more in cash in any calendar quarter from a single employer,	853
or (ii) is bound by any such contract of hire or by any other	854
written contract, to pay into the state insurance fund the	855
premiums provided by this chapter.	856
(c) Every person who performs labor or provides services	857
pursuant to a construction contract, as defined in section	858
4123.79 of the Revised Code, if at least ten of the following	859
criteria apply:	860
(i) The person is required to comply with instructions	861
from the other contracting party regarding the manner or method	862
of performing services;	863
(ii) The person is required by the other contracting party	864

to have particular training;	865
(iii) The person's services are integrated into the regular functioning of the other contracting party;	866 867
(iv) The person is required to perform the work	868
personally;	869
(v) The person is hired, supervised, or paid by the other contracting party;	870 871
(vi) A continuing relationship exists between the person	872
and the other contracting party that contemplates continuing or	873
recurring work even if the work is not full time;	874
(vii) The person's hours of work are established by the	875
other contracting party;	876
(viii) The person is required to devote full time to the	877
business of the other contracting party;	878
(ix) The person is required to perform the work on the	879
premises of the other contracting party;	880
(x) The person is required to follow the order of work set	881
by the other contracting party;	882
(xi) The person is required to make oral or written	883
reports of progress to the other contracting party;	884
(xii) The person is paid for services on a regular basis	885
such as hourly, weekly, or monthly;	886
(xiii) The person's expenses are paid for by the other	887
contracting party;	888
(xiv) The person's tools and materials are furnished by	889
the other contracting party;	890

(xv) The person is provided with the facilities used to	891
perform services;	892
(xvi) The person does not realize a profit or suffer a	893
loss as a result of the services provided;	894
(xvii) The person is not performing services for a number	895
of employers at the same time;	896
(xviii) The person does not make the same services	897
available to the general public;	898
(xix) The other contracting party has a right to discharge	899
the person;	900
(xx) The person has the right to end the relationship with	901
the other contracting party without incurring liability pursuant	902
to an employment contract or agreement.	903
Every person in the service of any independent contractor	904
or subcontractor who has failed to pay into the state insurance	905
fund the amount of premium determined and fixed by the	906
administrator of workers' compensation for the person's	907
employment or occupation or who is a self-insuring employer and	908
who has failed to pay compensation and benefits directly to the	909
employer's injured and to the dependents of the employer's	910
killed employees as required by section 4123.35 of the Revised	911
Code, shall be considered as the employee of the person who has	912
entered into a contract, whether written or verbal, with such	913
independent contractor unless such employees or their legal	914
representatives or beneficiaries elect, after injury or death,	915
to regard such independent contractor as the employer.	916
(d) Every person who operates a vehicle or vessel in the	917
performance of services for or on behalf of a motor carrier	918
transporting property, unless all of the following factors apply	919

to the person:	920
(i) The person owns the vehicle or vessel that is used in	921
performing the services for or on behalf of the carrier, or the	922
person leases the vehicle or vessel under a bona fide lease	923
agreement that is not a temporary replacement lease agreement.	924
For purposes of this division, a bona fide lease agreement does	925
not include an agreement between the person and the motor	926
carrier transporting property for which, or on whose behalf, the	927
person provides services.	928
(ii) The person is responsible for supplying the necessary	929
personal services to operate the vehicle or vessel used to	930
provide the service.	931
(iii) The compensation paid to the person is based on	932
factors related to work performed, including on a mileage-based	933
rate or a percentage of any schedule of rates, and not solely on	934
the basis of the hours or time expended.	935
(iv) The person substantially controls the means and	936
manner of performing the services, in conformance with	937
regulatory requirements and specifications of the shipper.	938
(v) The person enters into a written contract with the	939
carrier for whom the person is performing the services that	940
describes the relationship between the person and the carrier to	941
be that of an independent contractor and not that of an	942
employee.	943
(vi) The person is responsible for substantially all of	944
the principal operating costs of the vehicle or vessel and	945
equipment used to provide the services, including maintenance,	946
fuel, repairs, supplies, vehicle or vessel insurance, and	947
personal expenses, except that the person may be paid by the	948

carrier the carrier's fuel surcharge and incidental costs,	949
including tolls, permits, and lumper fees.	950
(vii) The person is responsible for any economic loss or	951
economic gain from the arrangement with the carrier.	952
(2) "Employee" does not mean any of the following:	953
(a) A duly ordained, commissioned, or licensed minister or	954
assistant or associate minister of a church in the exercise of	955
ministry;	956
(b) Any officer of a family farm corporation;	957
(c) An individual incorporated as a corporation;	958
(d) An officer of a nonprofit corporation, as defined in	959
section 1702.01 of the Revised Code, who volunteers the person's	960
services as an officer;	961
(e) An individual who otherwise is an employee of an	962
employer but who signs the waiver and affidavit specified in	963
section 4123.15 of the Revised Code on the condition that the	964
administrator has granted a waiver and exception to the	965
individual's employer under section 4123.15 of the Revised Code;	966
(f)(i) A qualifying employee described in division (A)(14)	967
(a) of section 5703.94 of the Revised Code when the qualifying	968
employee is performing disaster work in this state during a	969
disaster response period pursuant to a qualifying solicitation	970
received by the employee's employer;	971
(ii) A qualifying employee described in division (A)(14)	972
(b) of section 5703.94 of the Revised Code when the qualifying	973
employee is performing disaster work in this state during a	974
disaster response period on critical infrastructure owned or	975
used by the employee's employer;	976

(iii) As used in division (A)(2)(f) of this section,	977
"critical infrastructure," "disaster response period," "disaster	978
work," and "qualifying employee" have the same meanings as in	979
section 5703.94 of the Revised Code.	980
(g) A health care worker, with respect to a health care	981
worker platform or health care facility for work booked through	982
a health care worker platform, in accordance with section	983
	984
4113.87 of the Revised Code.	904
Any employer may elect to include as an "employee" within	985
this chapter, any person excluded from the definition of	986
"employee" pursuant to division (A)(1)(d) or (A)(2)(a), (b),	987
(c), or (e) of this section in accordance with rules adopted by	988
the administrator, with the advice and consent of the bureau of	989
workers' compensation board of directors. If an employer is a	990
partnership, sole proprietorship, individual incorporated as a	991
corporation, or family farm corporation, such employer may elect	992
to include as an "employee" within this chapter, any member of	993
such partnership, the owner of the sole proprietorship, the	994
individual incorporated as a corporation, or the officers of the	995
family farm corporation. Nothing in this section shall prohibit	996
a partner, sole proprietor, or any person excluded from the	997
definition of "employee" pursuant to division (A)(2)(a), (b),	998
(c), or (e) of this section from electing to be included as an	999
"employee" under this chapter in accordance with rules adopted	1000
by the administrator, with the advice and consent of the board.	1001
In the event of an election, the employer or person	1002
electing coverage shall serve upon the bureau of workers'	1003
compensation written notice naming the person to be covered and	1004
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include the person's remuneration for premium purposes in all

future payroll reports. No partner, sole proprietor, or person

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excluded from the definition of "employee" pursuant to division	1007
(A)(1)(d) or (A)(2)(a), (b), (c), or (e) of this section, shall	1008
receive benefits or compensation under this chapter until the	1009
bureau receives written notice of the election permitted by this	1010
section.	1011

For informational purposes only, the bureau shall 1012 prescribe such language as it considers appropriate, on such of 1013 its forms as it considers appropriate, to advise employers of 1014 their right to elect to include as an "employee" within this 1015 chapter a sole proprietor, any member of a partnership, or a 1016 person excluded from the definition of "employee" under division 1017 (A)(1)(d) or (A)(2)(a), (b), (c), or (e) of this section, that 1018 they should check any health and disability insurance policy, or 1019 other form of health and disability plan or contract, presently 1020 covering them, or the purchase of which they may be considering, 1021 to determine whether such policy, plan, or contract excludes 1022 benefits for illness or injury that they might have elected to 1023 have covered by workers' compensation. 1024

(B)(1) "Employer" means:

(a) The state, including state hospitals, each county, 1026 municipal corporation, township, school district, and hospital 1027 owned by a political subdivision or subdivisions other than the 1028 state; 1029

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(b) Every person, firm, professional employer

organization, alternate employer organization, and private

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corporation, including any public service corporation, that (i)

has in service one or more employees or shared employees

regularly in the same business or in or about the same

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establishment under any contract of hire, express or implied,

oral or written, or (ii) is bound by any such contract of hire

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or by any other written contract, to pay into the insurance fund	1037
the premiums provided by this chapter.	1038
All such employers are subject to this chapter. Any member	1039
of a firm or association, who regularly performs manual labor in	1040
or about a mine, factory, or other establishment, including a	1041
household establishment, shall be considered an employee in	1042
determining whether such person, firm, or private corporation,	1043
or public service corporation, has in its service, one or more	1044
employees and the employer shall report the income derived from	1045
such labor to the bureau as part of the payroll of such	1046
employer, and such member shall thereupon be entitled to all the	1047
benefits of an employee.	1048
benefits of an employee.	1010
(2) "Employer" does not include a franchisor with respect	1049
to the franchisor's relationship with a franchisee or an	1050
employee of a franchisee, unless the franchisor agrees to assume	1051
that role in writing or a court of competent jurisdiction	1052
determines that the franchisor exercises a type or degree of	1053
control over the franchisee or the franchisee's employees that	1054
is not customarily exercised by a franchisor for the purpose of	1055
protecting the franchisor's trademark, brand, or both. For	1056
purposes of this division, "franchisor" and "franchisee" have	1057
the same meanings as in 16 C.F.R. 436.1.	1058
(C) "Injury" includes any injury, whether caused by	1059
external accidental means or accidental in character and result,	1060
received in the course of, and arising out of, the injured	1061
employee's employment. "Injury" does not include:	1062
(1) Psychiatric conditions except where the claimant's	1063
psychiatric conditions have arisen from an injury or	1064
poyoniactic conditions have attach from an injury of	T O O 4

occupational disease sustained by that claimant or where the

claimant's psychiatric conditions have arisen from sexual

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conduct in which the claimant was forced by threat of physical	1067
harm to engage or participate;	1068
(2) Injury or disability caused primarily by the natural	1069
deterioration of tissue, an organ, or part of the body;	1070
(3) Injury or disability incurred in voluntary	1071
participation in an employer-sponsored recreation or fitness	1072
activity if the employee signs a waiver of the employee's right	1073
to compensation or benefits under this chapter prior to engaging	1074
in the recreation or fitness activity;	1075
(4) Injury or disability sustained by an employee who	1076
performs the employee's duties in a work area that is located	1077
within the employee's home and that is separate and distinct	1078
from the location of the employer, unless all of the following	1079
apply:	1080
(a) The employee's injury or disability arises out of the	1081
employee's employment.	1082
(b) The employee's injury or disability was caused by a	1083
special hazard of the employee's employment activity.	1084
(c) The employee's injury or disability is sustained in	1085
the course of an activity undertaken by the employee for the	1086
exclusive benefit of the employer.	1087
(5) A condition that pre-existed an injury unless that	1088
pre-existing condition is substantially aggravated by the	1089
injury. Such a substantial aggravation must be documented by	1090
objective diagnostic findings, objective clinical findings, or	1091
objective test results. Subjective complaints may be evidence of	1092
such a substantial aggravation. However, subjective complaints	1093
without objective diagnostic findings, objective clinical	1094
findings, or objective test results are insufficient to	1095

substantiate a substantial aggravation. 1096 (D) "Child" includes a posthumous child and a child 1097 legally adopted prior to the injury. 1098 (E) "Family farm corporation" means a corporation founded 1099 for the purpose of farming agricultural land in which the 1100 majority of the voting stock is held by and the majority of the 1101 stockholders are persons or the spouse of persons related to 1102 each other within the fourth degree of kinship, according to the 1103 rules of the civil law, and at least one of the related persons 1104 is residing on or actively operating the farm, and none of whose 1105 stockholders are a corporation. A family farm corporation does 1106 not cease to qualify under this division where, by reason of any 1107 devise, bequest, or the operation of the laws of descent or 1108 distribution, the ownership of shares of voting stock is 1109 transferred to another person, as long as that person is within 1110 the degree of kinship stipulated in this division. 1111 (F) "Occupational disease" means a disease contracted in 1112 the course of employment, which by its causes and the 1113 characteristics of its manifestation or the condition of the 1114 employment results in a hazard which distinguishes the 1115 employment in character from employment generally, and the 1116 employment creates a risk of contracting the disease in greater 1117 degree and in a different manner from the public in general. 1118 (G) "Self-insuring employer" means an employer who is 1119 granted the privilege of paying compensation and benefits 1120 directly under section 4123.35 of the Revised Code, including a 1121 board of county commissioners for the sole purpose of 1122

constructing a sports facility as defined in section 307.696 of

the Revised Code, provided that the electors of the county in

which the sports facility is to be built have approved

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1124

construction of a sports facility by ballot election no later	1126
than November 6, 1997.	1127
(H) "Private employer" means an employer as defined in	1128
division (B)(1)(b) of this section.	1129
(I) "Professional employer organization" has the same	1130
meaning as in section 4125.01 of the Revised Code.	1131
(J) "Public employer" means an employer as defined in	1132
division (B)(1)(a) of this section.	1133
(K) "Sexual conduct" means vaginal intercourse between a	1134
male and female; anal intercourse, fellatio, and cunnilingus	1135
between persons regardless of gender; and, without privilege to	1136
do so, the insertion, however slight, of any part of the body or	1137
any instrument, apparatus, or other object into the vaginal or	1138
anal cavity of another. Penetration, however slight, is	1139
sufficient to complete vaginal or anal intercourse.	1140
(L) "Other-states' insurer" means an insurance company	1141
that is authorized to provide workers' compensation insurance	1142
coverage in any of the states that permit employers to obtain	1143
insurance for workers' compensation claims through insurance	1144
companies.	1145
(M) "Other-states' coverage" means both of the following:	1146
(1) Insurance coverage secured by an eligible employer for	1147
workers' compensation claims of employees who are in employment	1148
relationships localized in a state other than this state or	1149
those employees' dependents;	1150
(2) Insurance coverage secured by an eligible employer for	1151
workers' compensation claims that arise in a state other than	1152
this state where an employer elects to obtain coverage through	1153

either the administrator or an other-states' insurer.	1154
(N) "Limited other-states coverage" means insurance	1155
coverage provided by the administrator to an eligible employer	1156
for workers' compensation claims of employees who are in an	1157
employment relationship localized in this state but are	1158
temporarily working in a state other than this state, or those	1159
employees' dependents.	1160
(O) "Motor carrier" has the same meaning as in section	1161
4923.01 of the Revised Code.	1162
(P) "Alternate employer organization" has the same meaning	1163
as in section 4133.01 of the Revised Code.	1164
Sec. 4141.01. As used in this chapter, unless the context	1165
otherwise requires:	1166
(A)(1) "Employer" means the state, its instrumentalities,	1167
its political subdivisions and their instrumentalities, Indian	1168
tribes, and any individual or type of organization including any	1169
partnership, limited liability company, association, trust,	1170
estate, joint-stock company, insurance company, or corporation,	1171
whether domestic or foreign, or the receiver, trustee in	1172
bankruptcy, trustee, or the successor thereof, or the legal	1173
representative of a deceased person who subsequent to December	1174
31, 1971, or in the case of political subdivisions or their	1175
instrumentalities, subsequent to December 31, 1973:	1176
(a) Had in employment at least one individual, or in the	1177
case of a nonprofit organization, subsequent to December 31,	1178
1973, had not less than four individuals in employment for some	1179
portion of a day in each of twenty different calendar weeks, in	1180
either the current or the preceding calendar year whether or not	1181
the same individual was in employment in each such day; or	1182

(b) Except for a nonprofit organization, had paid for	1183
service in employment wages of fifteen hundred dollars or more	1184
in any calendar quarter in either the current or preceding	1185
calendar year; or	1186
(c) Had paid, subsequent to December 31, 1977, for	1187
employment in domestic service in a local college club, or local	1188
chapter of a college fraternity or sorority, cash remuneration	1189
of one thousand dollars or more in any calendar quarter in the	1190
current calendar year or the preceding calendar year, or had	1191
paid subsequent to December 31, 1977, for employment in domestic	1192
service in a private home cash remuneration of one thousand	1193
dollars in any calendar quarter in the current calendar year or	1194
the preceding calendar year:	1195
(i) For the purposes of divisions (A)(1)(a) and (b) of	1196
this section, there shall not be taken into account any wages	1197
paid to, or employment of, an individual performing domestic	1198
service as described in this division.	1199
(ii) An employer under this division shall not be an	1200
employer with respect to wages paid for any services other than	1201
domestic service unless the employer is also found to be an	1202
employer under division (A)(1)(a), (b), or (d) of this section.	1203
(d) As a farm operator or a crew leader subsequent to	1204
December 31, 1977, had in employment individuals in agricultural	1205
labor; and	1206
(i) During any calendar quarter in the current calendar	1207
year or the preceding calendar year, paid cash remuneration of	1208
twenty thousand dollars or more for the agricultural labor; or	1209
(ii) Had at least ten individuals in employment in	1210
agricultural labor, not including agricultural workers who are	1211

aliens admitted to the United States to perform agricultural	1212
labor pursuant to sections 1184(c) and 1101(a)(15)(H) of the	1213
"Immigration and Nationality Act," 66 Stat. 163, 189, 8 U.S.C.A.	1214
1101(a)(15)(H)(ii)(a), 1184(c), for some portion of a day in	1215
each of the twenty different calendar weeks, in either the	1216
current or preceding calendar year whether or not the same	1217
individual was in employment in each day; or	1218
(e) Is not otherwise an employer as defined under division	1219
(A)(1)(a) or (b) of this section; and	1220
(i) For which, within either the current or preceding	1221
calendar year, service, except for domestic service in a private	1222
home not covered under division (A)(1)(c) of this section, is or	1223
was performed with respect to which such employer is liable for	1224
any federal tax against which credit may be taken for	1225
contributions required to be paid into a state unemployment	1226
fund;	1227
(ii) Which, as a condition for approval of this chapter	1228
for full tax credit against the tax imposed by the "Federal	1229
Unemployment Tax Act," 84 Stat. 713, 26 U.S.C.A. 3301 to 3311,	1230
is required, pursuant to such act to be an employer under this	1231
chapter; or	1232
(iii) Who became an employer by election under division	1233
(A) (4) or (5) of this section and for the duration of such	1234
election; or	1235
(f) In the case of the state, its instrumentalities, its	1236
political subdivisions, and their instrumentalities, and Indian	1237
tribes, had in employment, as defined in divisions (B)(2)(a) and	1238
(B)(2)(1) of this section, at least one individual;	1239
(g) For the purposes of division (A)(1)(a) of this	1240

section, if any week includes both the thirty-first day of	1241
December and the first day of January, the days of that week	1242
before the first day of January shall be considered one calendar	1243
week and the days beginning the first day of January another	1244
week.	1245
(2) Each individual employed to perform or to assist in	1246
performing the work of any agent or employee of an employer is	1247
employed by such employer for all the purposes of this chapter,	1248
whether such individual was hired or paid directly by such	1249
employer or by such agent or employee, provided the employer had	1250
actual or constructive knowledge of the work. All individuals	1251
performing services for an employer of any person in this state	1252
who maintains two or more establishments within this state are	1253
employed by a single employer for the purposes of this chapter.	1254
(3) An employer subject to this chapter within any	1255
calendar year is subject to this chapter during the whole of	1256
such year and during the next succeeding calendar year.	1257
(4) An employer not otherwise subject to this chapter who	1258
files with the director of job and family services a written	1259
election to become an employer subject to this chapter for not	1260
less than two calendar years shall, with the written approval of	1261
such election by the director, become an employer subject to	1262
this chapter to the same extent as all other employers as of the	1263
date stated in such approval, and shall cease to be subject to	1264
this chapter as of the first day of January of any calendar year	1265
subsequent to such two calendar years only if at least thirty	1266
days prior to such first day of January the employer has filed	1267
with the director a written notice to that effect.	1268
(5) Any employer for whom services that do not constitute	1269

employment are performed may file with the director a written

election that all such services performed by individuals in the	1271
employer's employ in one or more distinct establishments or	1272
places of business shall be deemed to constitute employment for	1273
all the purposes of this chapter, for not less than two calendar	1274
years. Upon written approval of the election by the director,	1275
such services shall be deemed to constitute employment subject	1276
to this chapter from and after the date stated in such approval.	1277
Such services shall cease to be employment subject to this	1278
chapter as of the first day of January of any calendar year	1279
subsequent to such two calendar years only if at least thirty	1280
days prior to such first day of January such employer has filed	1281
with the director a written notice to that effect.	1282

- (6) "Employer" does not include a franchisor with respect 1283 to the franchisor's relationship with a franchisee or an 1284 employee of a franchisee, unless the franchisor agrees to assume 1285 that role in writing or a court of competent jurisdiction 1286 determines that the franchisor exercises a type or degree of 1287 control over the franchisee or the franchisee's employees that 1288 is not customarily exercised by a franchisor for the purpose of 1289 protecting the franchisor's trademark, brand, or both. For 1290 purposes of this division, "franchisor" and "franchisee" have 1291 the same meanings as in 16 C.F.R. 436.1. 1292
- (B) (1) "Employment" means service performed by an 1293 individual for remuneration under any contract of hire, written 1294 or oral, express or implied, including service performed in 1295 interstate commerce and service performed by an officer of a 1296 corporation, without regard to whether such service is 1297 executive, managerial, or manual in nature, and without regard 1298 to whether such officer is a stockholder or a member of the 1299 board of directors of the corporation, unless it is shown to the 1300 satisfaction of the director that such individual has been and 1301

will continue to be free from direction or control over the	1302
performance of such service, both under a contract of service	1303
and in fact. The director shall adopt rules to define "direction	1304
or control."	1305
(2) "Employment" includes:	1306
(a) Service performed after December 31, 1977, by an	1307
individual in the employ of the state or any of its	1308
instrumentalities, or any political subdivision thereof or any	1309
of its instrumentalities or any instrumentality of more than one	1310
of the foregoing or any instrumentality of any of the foregoing	1311
and one or more other states or political subdivisions and	1312
without regard to divisions (A)(1)(a) and (b) of this section,	1313
provided that such service is excluded from employment as	1314
defined in the "Federal Unemployment Tax Act," 53 Stat. 183, 26	1315
U.S.C.A. 3301, 3306(c)(7) and is not excluded under division (B)	1316
(3) of this section; or the services of employees covered by	1317
voluntary election, as provided under divisions (A)(4) and (5)	1318
of this section;	1319
(b) Service performed after December 31, 1971, by an	1320
individual in the employ of a religious, charitable,	1321
educational, or other organization which is excluded from the	1322
term "employment" as defined in the "Federal Unemployment Tax	1323
Act," 84 Stat. 713, 26 U.S.C.A. 3301 to 3311, solely by reason	1324
of section 26 U.S.C.A. 3306(c)(8) of that act and is not	1325
excluded under division (B)(3) of this section;	1326
(c) Domestic service performed after December 31, 1977,	1327
for an employer, as provided in division (A)(1)(c) of this	1328
section;	1329

(d) Agricultural labor performed after December 31, 1977,

for a farm operator or a crew leader, as provided in division	1331
(A)(1)(d) of this section;	1332
(e) Subject to division (B)(2)(m) of this section, service	1333
not covered under division (B)(1) of this section which is	1334
performed after December 31, 1971:	1335
(i) As an agent-driver or commission-driver engaged in	1336
distributing meat products, vegetable products, fruit products,	1337
bakery products, beverages other than milk, laundry, or dry-	1338
cleaning services, for the individual's employer or principal;	1339
(ii) As a traveling or city salesperson, other than as an	1340
agent-driver or commission-driver, engaged on a full-time basis	1341
in the solicitation on behalf of and in the transmission to the	1342
salesperson's employer or principal except for sideline sales	1343
activities on behalf of some other person of orders from	1344
wholesalers, retailers, contractors, or operators of hotels,	1345
restaurants, or other similar establishments for merchandise for	1346
resale, or supplies for use in their business operations,	1347
provided that for the purposes of division (B)(2)(e)(ii) of this	1348
section, the services shall be deemed employment if the contract	1349
of service contemplates that substantially all of the services	1350
are to be performed personally by the individual and that the	1351
individual does not have a substantial investment in facilities	1352
used in connection with the performance of the services other	1353
than in facilities for transportation, and the services are not	1354
in the nature of a single transaction that is not a part of a	1355
continuing relationship with the person for whom the services	1356
are performed.	1357
(f) An individual's entire service performed within or	1358
both within and without the state if:	1359

(i) The service is localized in this state.	1360
(ii) The service is not localized in any state, but some	1361
of the service is performed in this state and either the base of	1362
operations, or if there is no base of operations then the place	1363
from which such service is directed or controlled, is in this	1364
state or the base of operations or place from which such service	1365
is directed or controlled is not in any state in which some part	1366
of the service is performed but the individual's residence is in	1367
this state.	1368
(g) Service not covered under division (B)(2)(f)(ii) of	1369
this section and performed entirely without this state, with	1370
respect to no part of which contributions are required and paid	1371
under an unemployment compensation law of any other state, the	1372
Virgin Islands, Canada, or of the United States, if the	1373
individual performing such service is a resident of this state	1374
and the director approves the election of the employer for whom	1375
such services are performed; or, if the individual is not a	1376
resident of this state but the place from which the service is	1377
directed or controlled is in this state, the entire services of	1378
such individual shall be deemed to be employment subject to this	1379
chapter, provided service is deemed to be localized within this	1380
state if the service is performed entirely within this state or	1381
if the service is performed both within and without this state	1382
but the service performed without this state is incidental to	1383
the individual's service within the state, for example, is	1384
temporary or transitory in nature or consists of isolated	1385
transactions;	1386
(h) Service of an individual who is a citizen of the	1387
United States, performed outside the United States except in	1388
Canada after December 31, 1971, or the Virgin Islands, after	1389

December 31, 1971, and before the first day of January of the	1390
year following that in which the United States secretary of	1391
labor approves the Virgin Islands law for the first time, in the	1392
employ of an American employer, other than service which is	1393
"employment" under divisions (B)(2)(f) and (g) of this section	1394
or similar provisions of another state's law, if:	1395
(i) The employer's principal place of business in the	1396
United States is located in this state;	1397
(ii) The employer has no place of business in the United	1398
States, but the employer is an individual who is a resident of	1399
this state; or the employer is a corporation which is organized	1400
under the laws of this state, or the employer is a partnership	1401
or a trust and the number of partners or trustees who are	1402
residents of this state is greater than the number who are	1403
residents of any other state; or	1404
(iii) None of the criteria of divisions (B)(2)(f)(i) and	1405
(ii) of this section is met but the employer has elected	1406
coverage in this state or the employer having failed to elect	1407
coverage in any state, the individual has filed a claim for	1408
benefits, based on such service, under this chapter.	1409
(i) For the purposes of division (B)(2)(h) of this	1410
section, the term "American employer" means an employer who is	1411
an individual who is a resident of the United States; or a	1412
partnership, if two-thirds or more of the partners are residents	1413
of the United States; or a trust, if all of the trustees are	1414
residents of the United States; or a corporation organized under	1415
the laws of the United States or of any state, provided the term	1416
"United States" includes the states, the District of Columbia,	1417
the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands.	1418

(j) Notwithstanding any other provisions of divisions (B)	1419
(1) and (2) of this section, service, except for domestic	1420
service in a private home not covered under division (A)(1)(c)	1421
of this section, with respect to which a tax is required to be	1422
paid under any federal law imposing a tax against which credit	1423
may be taken for contributions required to be paid into a state	1424
unemployment fund, or service, except for domestic service in a	1425
private home not covered under division (A)(1)(c) of this	1426
section, which, as a condition for full tax credit against the	1427
tax imposed by the "Federal Unemployment Tax Act," 84 Stat. 713,	1428
26 U.S.C.A. 3301 to 3311, is required to be covered under this	1429
chapter.	1430
(k) Construction services performed by any individual	1431
under a construction contract, as defined in section 4141.39 of	1432
the Revised Code, if the director determines that the employer	1433
for whom services are performed has the right to direct or	1434
control the performance of the services and that the individuals	1435
who perform the services receive remuneration for the services	1436
performed. The director shall presume that the employer for whom	1437
services are performed has the right to direct or control the	1438
performance of the services if ten or more of the following	1439
criteria apply:	1440
(i) The employer directs or controls the manner or method	1441
by which instructions are given to the individual performing	1442
services;	1443
(ii) The employer requires particular training for the	1444
individual performing services;	1445
-	
(iii) Services performed by the individual are integrated	1446

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into the regular functioning of the employer;

(iv) The employer requires that services be provided by a	1448
particular individual;	1449
(v) The employer hires, supervises, or pays the wages of	1450
the individual performing services;	1451
(vi) A continuing relationship between the employer and	1452
the individual performing services exists which contemplates	1453
continuing or recurring work, even if not full-time work;	1454
(vii) The employer requires the individual to perform	1455
services during established hours;	1456
(viii) The employer requires that the individual	1457
performing services be devoted on a full-time basis to the	1458
business of the employer;	1459
(ix) The employer requires the individual to perform	1460
services on the employer's premises;	1461
(x) The employer requires the individual performing	1462
services to follow the order of work established by the	1463
employer;	1464
(xi) The employer requires the individual performing	1465
services to make oral or written reports of progress;	1466
(xii) The employer makes payment to the individual for	1467
services on a regular basis, such as hourly, weekly, or monthly;	1468
(xiii) The employer pays expenses for the individual	1469
performing services;	1470
(xiv) The employer furnishes the tools and materials for	1471
use by the individual to perform services;	1472
(xv) The individual performing services has not invested	1473
in the facilities used to perform services;	1474

(xvi) The individual performing services does not realize	1475
a profit or suffer a loss as a result of the performance of the	1476
services;	1477
(xvii) The individual performing services is not	1478
performing services for more than two employers simultaneously;	1479
(xviii) The individual performing services does not make	1480
the services available to the general public;	1481
(xix) The employer has a right to discharge the individual	1482
performing services;	1483
(xx) The individual performing services has the right to	1484
end the individual's relationship with the employer without	1485
incurring liability pursuant to an employment contract or	1486
agreement.	1487
(1) Service performed by an individual in the employ of an	1488
Indian tribe as defined by section 4(e) of the "Indian Self-	1489
Determination and Education Assistance Act," 88 Stat. 2204	1490
(1975), 25 U.S.C.A. 450b(e), including any subdivision,	1491
subsidiary, or business enterprise wholly owned by an Indian	1492
tribe provided that the service is excluded from employment as	1493
defined in the "Federal Unemployment Tax Act," 53 Stat. 183	1494
(1939), 26 U.S.C.A. 3301 and 3306(c)(7) and is not excluded	1495
under division (B)(3) of this section.	1496
(m) Service performed by an individual for or on behalf of	1497
a motor carrier transporting property as an operator of a	1498
vehicle or vessel, unless all of the following factors apply to	1499
the individual and the motor carrier has not elected to consider	1500
the individual's service as employment:	1501
(i) The individual owns the vehicle or vessel that is used	1502
in performing the services for or on behalf of the carrier, or	1503

the individual leases the vehicle or vessel under a bona fide	1504
lease agreement that is not a temporary replacement lease	1505
agreement. For purposes of this division, a bona fide lease	1506
agreement does not include an agreement between the individual	1507
and the motor carrier transporting property for which, or on	1508
whose behalf, the individual provides services.	1509
(ii) The individual is responsible for supplying the	1510
necessary personal services to operate the vehicle or vessel	1511
used to provide the service.	1512
(iii) The compensation paid to the individual is based on	1513
factors related to work performed, including on a mileage-based	1514
rate or a percentage of any schedule of rates, and not solely on	1515
the basis of the hours or time expended.	1516
(iv) The individual substantially controls the means and	1517
manner of performing the services, in conformance with	1518
regulatory requirements and specifications of the shipper.	1519
(v) The individual enters into a written contract with the	1520
carrier for whom the individual is performing the services that	1521
describes the relationship between the individual and the	1522
carrier to be that of an independent contractor and not that of	1523
an employee.	1524
(vi) The individual is responsible for substantially all	1525
of the principal operating costs of the vehicle or vessel and	1526
equipment used to provide the services, including maintenance,	1527
fuel, repairs, supplies, vehicle or vessel insurance, and	1528
personal expenses, except that the individual may be paid by the	1529
carrier the carrier's fuel surcharge and incidental costs,	1530
including tolls, permits, and lumper fees.	1531
(vii) The individual is responsible for any economic loss	1532

or economic gain from the arrangement with the carrier.	1533
(viii) The individual is not performing services described	1534
in 26 U.S.C. 3306(c)(7) or (8).	1535
(3) "Employment" does not include the following services	1536
if they are found not subject to the "Federal Unemployment Tax	1537
Act," 84 Stat. 713 (1970), 26 U.S.C.A. 3301 to 3311, and if the	1538
services are not required to be included under division (B)(2)	1539
(j) of this section:	1540
(a) Service performed after December 31, 1977, in	1541
agricultural labor, except as provided in division (A)(1)(d) of	1542
this section;	1543
(b) Domestic service performed after December 31, 1977, in	1544
a private home, local college club, or local chapter of a	1545
college fraternity or sorority except as provided in division	1546
(A) (1) (c) of this section;	1547
(c) Service performed after December 31, 1977, for this	1548
state or a political subdivision as described in division (B)(2)	1549
(a) of this section when performed:	1550
(i) As a publicly elected official;	1551
(ii) As a member of a legislative body, or a member of the	1552
judiciary;	1553
(iii) As a military member of the Ohio national guard;	1554
(iv) As an employee, not in the classified service as	1555
defined in section 124.11 of the Revised Code, serving on a	1556
temporary basis in case of fire, storm, snow, earthquake, flood,	1557
or similar emergency;	1558
(v) In a position which under or nursuant to law is	1550

designated as a major nontenured policymaking or advisory	1560
position, not in the classified service of the state, or a	1561
policymaking or advisory position the performance of the duties	1562
of which ordinarily does not require more than eight hours per	1563
week.	1564
(d) In the employ of any governmental unit or	1565
instrumentality of the United States;	1566
(e) Service performed after December 31, 1971:	1567
(i) Service in the employ of an educational institution or	1568
institution of higher education, including those operated by the	1569
state or a political subdivision, if such service is performed	1570
by a student who is enrolled and is regularly attending classes	1571
at the educational institution or institution of higher	1572
education; or	1573
(ii) By an individual who is enrolled at a nonprofit or	1574
public educational institution which normally maintains a	1575
regular faculty and curriculum and normally has a regularly	1576
organized body of students in attendance at the place where its	1577
educational activities are carried on as a student in a full-	1578
time program, taken for credit at the institution, which	1579
combines academic instruction with work experience, if the	1580
service is an integral part of the program, and the institution	1581
has so certified to the employer, provided that this subdivision	1582
shall not apply to service performed in a program established	1583
for or on behalf of an employer or group of employers.	1584
(f) Service performed by an individual in the employ of	1585
the individual's son, daughter, or spouse and service performed	1586
by a child under the age of eighteen in the employ of the	1587
child's father or mother;	1588

(g) Service performed for one or more principals by an	1589
individual who is compensated on a commission basis, who in the	1590
performance of the work is master of the individual's own time	1591
and efforts, and whose remuneration is wholly dependent on the	1592
amount of effort the individual chooses to expend, and which	1593
service is not subject to the "Federal Unemployment Tax Act," 53	1594
Stat. 183 (1939), 26 U.S.C.A. 3301 to 3311. Service performed	1595
after December 31, 1971:	1596
(i) By an individual for an employer as an insurance agent	1597
or as an insurance solicitor, if all this service is performed	1598
for remuneration solely by way of commission;	1599
(ii) As a home worker performing work, according to	1600
specifications furnished by the employer for whom the services	1601
are performed, on materials or goods furnished by such employer	1602
which are required to be returned to the employer or to a person	1603
designated for that purpose.	1604
(h) Service performed after December 31, 1971:	1605
(i) In the employ of a church or convention or association	1606
of churches, or in an organization which is operated primarily	1607
for religious purposes and which is operated, supervised,	1608
controlled, or principally supported by a church or convention	1609
or association of churches;	1610
(ii) By a duly ordained, commissioned, or licensed	1611
minister of a church in the exercise of the individual's	1612
ministry or by a member of a religious order in the exercise of	1613
duties required by such order; or	1614
(iii) In a facility conducted for the purpose of carrying	1615
out a program of rehabilitation for individuals whose earning	1616
capacity is impaired by age or physical or mental disability or	1617

injury, or providing remunerative work for individuals who	1618
because of their impaired physical or mental capacity cannot be	1619
readily absorbed in the competitive labor market, by an	1620
individual receiving such rehabilitation or remunerative work.	1621
(i) Service performed after June 30, 1939, with respect to	1622
which unemployment compensation is payable under the "Railroad	1623
Unemployment Insurance Act," 52 Stat. 1094 (1938), 45 U.S.C.	1624
351;	1625
(j) Service performed by an individual in the employ of	1626
any organization exempt from income tax under section 501 of the	1627
"Internal Revenue Code of 1954," if the remuneration for such	1628
service does not exceed fifty dollars in any calendar quarter,	1629
or if such service is in connection with the collection of dues	1630
or premiums for a fraternal beneficial society, order, or	1631
association and is performed away from the home office or is	1632
ritualistic service in connection with any such society, order,	1633
or association;	1634
(k) Casual labor not in the course of an employer's trade	1635
or business; incidental service performed by an officer,	1636
appraiser, or member of a finance committee of a bank, building	1637
and loan association, savings and loan association, or savings	1638
association when the remuneration for such incidental service	1639
exclusive of the amount paid or allotted for directors' fees	1640
does not exceed sixty dollars per calendar quarter is casual	1641
labor;	1642
(1) Service performed in the employ of a voluntary	1643
employees' beneficial association providing for the payment of	1644
life, sickness, accident, or other benefits to the members of	1645
such association or their dependents or their designated	1646
beneficiaries, if admission to a membership in such association	1647

is limited to individuals who are officers or employees of a	1648
municipal or public corporation, of a political subdivision of	1649
the state, or of the United States and no part of the net	1650
earnings of such association inures, other than through such	1651
payments, to the benefit of any private shareholder or	1652
individual;	1653
(m) Service performed by an individual in the employ of a	1654
foreign government, including service as a consular or other	1655
officer or employee or of a nondiplomatic representative;	1656
(n) Service performed in the employ of an instrumentality	1657
wholly owned by a foreign government if the service is of a	1658
character similar to that performed in foreign countries by	1659
employees of the United States or of an instrumentality thereof	1660
and if the director finds that the secretary of state of the	1661
United States has certified to the secretary of the treasury of	1662
the United States that the foreign government, with respect to	1663
whose instrumentality exemption is claimed, grants an equivalent	1664
exemption with respect to similar service performed in the	1665
foreign country by employees of the United States and of	1666
instrumentalities thereof;	1667
(o) Service with respect to which unemployment	1668
compensation is payable under an unemployment compensation	1669
system established by an act of congress;	1670
(p) Service performed as a student nurse in the employ of	1671
a hospital or a nurses' training school by an individual who is	1672
enrolled and is regularly attending classes in a nurses'	1673
training school chartered or approved pursuant to state law, and	1674
service performed as an intern in the employ of a hospital by an	1675
individual who has completed a four years' course in a medical	1676
school chartered or approved pursuant to state law;	1677

(q) Service performed by an individual under the age of	1678
eighteen in the delivery or distribution of newspapers or	1679
shopping news, not including delivery or distribution to any	1680
point for subsequent delivery or distribution;	1681
(r) Service performed in the employ of the United States	1682
or an instrumentality of the United States immune under the	1683
-	1684
Constitution of the United States from the contributions imposed	
by this chapter, except that to the extent that congress permits	1685
states to require any instrumentalities of the United States to	1686
make payments into an unemployment fund under a state	1687
unemployment compensation act, this chapter shall be applicable	1688
to such instrumentalities and to services performed for such	1689
instrumentalities in the same manner, to the same extent, and on	1690
the same terms as to all other employers, individuals, and	1691
services, provided that if this state is not certified for any	1692
year by the proper agency of the United States under section	1693
3304 of the "Internal Revenue Code of 1954," the payments	1694
required of such instrumentalities with respect to such year	1695
shall be refunded by the director from the fund in the same	1696
manner and within the same period as is provided in division (E)	1697
of section 4141.09 of the Revised Code with respect to	1698
contributions erroneously collected;	1699
(s) Service performed by an individual as a member of a	1700
band or orchestra, provided such service does not represent the	1701
principal occupation of such individual, and which service is	1702

(t) Service performed in the employ of a day camp whose 1706 camping season does not exceed twelve weeks in any calendar 1707

1703

1704

1705

not subject to or required to be covered for full tax credit

53 Stat. 183 (1939), 26 U.S.C.A. 3301 to 3311.

against the tax imposed by the "Federal Unemployment Tax Act,"

year, and which service is not subject to the "Federal	1708
Unemployment Tax Act," 53 Stat. 183 (1939), 26 U.S.C.A. 3301 to	1709
3311. Service performed after December 31, 1971:	1710
(i) In the employ of a hospital, if the service is	1711
performed by a patient of the hospital, as defined in division	1712
(W) of this section;	1713
(ii) For a prison or other correctional institution by an	1714
inmate of the prison or correctional institution;	1715
(iii) Service performed after December 31, 1977, by an	1716
inmate of a custodial institution operated by the state, a	1717
political subdivision, or a nonprofit organization.	1718
(u) Service that is performed by a nonresident alien	1719
individual for the period the individual temporarily is present	1720
in the United States as a nonimmigrant under division (F) , (J) ,	1721
(M), or (Q) of section $101(a)(15)$ of the "Immigration and	1722
Nationality Act," 66 Stat. 163, 8 U.S.C.A. 1101, as amended,	1723
that is excluded under section 3306(c)(19) of the "Federal	1724
Unemployment Tax Act," 53 Stat. 183 (1939), 26 U.S.C.A. 3301 to	1725
3311.	1726
(v) Notwithstanding any other provisions of division (B)	1727
(3) of this section, services that are excluded under divisions	1728
(B)(3)(g), (j), (k), and (l) of this section shall not be	1729
excluded from employment when performed for a nonprofit	1730
organization, as defined in division (X) of this section, or for	1731
this state or its instrumentalities, or for a political	1732
subdivision or its instrumentalities or for Indian tribes;	1733
(w) Service that is performed by an individual working as	1734
an election official or election worker if the amount of	1735
remuneration received by the individual during the calendar year	1736

for services as an election official or election worker is less	1737
than one thousand dollars;	1738
(x) Service performed for an elementary or secondary	1739
school that is operated primarily for religious purposes, that	1740
is described in subsection 501(c)(3) and exempt from federal	1741
income taxation under subsection 501(a) of the Internal Revenue	1742
Code, 26 U.S.C.A. 501;	1743
(y) Service performed by a person committed to a penal	1744
institution.	1745
(z) Service performed for an Indian tribe as described in	1746
division (B)(2)(1) of this section when performed in any of the	1747
following manners:	1748
(i) As a publicly elected official;	1749
(ii) As a member of an Indian tribal council;	1750
(iii) As a member of a legislative or judiciary body;	1751
(iv) In a position which, pursuant to Indian tribal law,	1752
is designated as a major nontenured policymaking or advisory	1753
position, or a policymaking or advisory position where the	1754
performance of the duties ordinarily does not require more than	1755
eight hours of time per week;	1756
(v) As an employee serving on a temporary basis in the	1757
case of a fire, storm, snow, earthquake, flood, or similar	1758
emergency.	1759
(aa) Service performed after December 31, 1971, for a	1760
nonprofit organization, this state or its instrumentalities, a	1761
political subdivision or its instrumentalities, or an Indian	1762
tribe as part of an unemployment work-relief or work-training	1763
program assisted or financed in whole or in part by any federal	1764

agency or an agency of a state or political subdivision,	1765
thereof, by an individual receiving the work-relief or work-	1766
training.	1767
(bb) Participation in a learn to earn program as defined	1768
in section 4141.293 of the Revised Code.	1769
(4) If the services performed during one half or more of	1770
any pay period by an employee for the person employing that	1771
employee constitute employment, all the services of such	1772
employee for such period shall be deemed to be employment; but	1773
if the services performed during more than one half of any such	1774
pay period by an employee for the person employing that employee	1775
do not constitute employment, then none of the services of such	1776
employee for such period shall be deemed to be employment. As	1777
used in division (B)(4) of this section, "pay period" means a	1778
period, of not more than thirty-one consecutive days, for which	1779
payment of remuneration is ordinarily made to the employee by	1780
the person employing that employee. Division (B)(4) of this	1781
section does not apply to services performed in a pay period by	1782
an employee for the person employing that employee, if any of	1783
such service is excepted by division (B)(3)(o) of this section.	1784
(5) "Employment" does not include service performed by a	1785
health care worker, with respect to a health care worker	1786
platform or health care facility for work booked through a	1787
health care worker platform, in accordance with section 4113.87	1788
of the Revised Code.	1789
(C) "Benefits" means money payments payable to an	1790
individual who has established benefit rights, as provided in	1791
this chapter, for loss of remuneration due to the individual's	1792
unemployment.	1793

(D) "Benefit rights" means the weekly benefit amount and	1794
the maximum benefit amount that may become payable to an	1795
individual within the individual's benefit year as determined by	1796
the director.	1797
(E) "Claim for benefits" means a claim for waiting period	1798
or benefits for a designated week.	1799
(F) "Additional claim" means the first claim for benefits	1800
filed following any separation from employment during a benefit	1801
year; "continued claim" means any claim other than the first	1802
claim for benefits and other than an additional claim.	1803
(G) "Wages" means remuneration paid to an employee by each	1804
of the employee's employers with respect to employment; except	1805
that wages shall not include that part of remuneration paid	1806
during any calendar year to an individual by an employer or such	1807
employer's predecessor in interest in the same business or	1808
enterprise, which in any calendar year is in excess of nine	1809
thousand dollars on and after January 1, 1995; nine thousand	1810
five hundred dollars on and after January 1, 2018; and nine	1811
thousand dollars on and after January 1, 2020. Remuneration in	1812
excess of such amounts shall be deemed wages subject to	1813
contribution to the same extent that such remuneration is	1814
defined as wages under the "Federal Unemployment Tax Act," 84	1815
Stat. 714 (1970), 26 U.S.C.A. 3301 to 3311, as amended. The	1816
remuneration paid an employee by an employer with respect to	1817
employment in another state, upon which contributions were	1818
required and paid by such employer under the unemployment	1819
compensation act of such other state, shall be included as a	1820
part of remuneration in computing the amount specified in this	1821
division.	1822

(H)(1) "Remuneration" means all compensation for personal

services, including commissions and bonuses and the cash value	1824
of all compensation in any medium other than cash, except that	1825
in the case of agricultural or domestic service, "remuneration"	1826
includes only cash remuneration. Gratuities customarily received	1827
by an individual in the course of the individual's employment	1828
from persons other than the individual's employer and which are	1829
accounted for by such individual to the individual's employer	1830
are taxable wages.	1831
The reasonable cash value of compensation paid in any	1832
medium other than cash shall be estimated and determined in	1833
accordance with rules prescribed by the director, provided that	1834
"remuneration" does not include:	1835
(a) Payments as provided in divisions (b)(2) to (b)(20) of	1836
section 3306 of the "Federal Unemployment Tax Act," 84 Stat.	1837
713, 26 U.S.C.A. 3301 to 3311, as amended;	1838
(b) The payment by an employer, without deduction from the	1839
remuneration of the individual in the employer's employ, of the	1840
tax imposed upon an individual in the employer's employ under	1841
section 3101 of the "Internal Revenue Code of 1954," with	1842
respect to services performed after October 1, 1941.	1843
(2) "Cash remuneration" means all remuneration paid in	1844
cash, including commissions and bonuses, but not including the	1845
cash value of all compensation in any medium other than cash.	1846
(I) "Interested party" means the director and any party to	1847
whom notice of a determination of an application for benefit	1848
rights or a claim for benefits is required to be given under	1849
section 4141.28 of the Revised Code.	1850
(J) "Annual payroll" means the total amount of wages	1851

subject to contributions during a twelve-month period ending

with the last day of the second calendar quarter of any calendar	1853
year.	1854
(K) "Average annual payroll" means the average of the last	1855
three annual payrolls of an employer, provided that if, as of	1856
any computation date, the employer has had less than three	1857
annual payrolls in such three-year period, such average shall be	1858
based on the annual payrolls which the employer has had as of	1859
such date.	1860
(L)(1) "Contributions" means the money payments to the	1861
state unemployment compensation fund required of employers by	1862
section 4141.25 of the Revised Code and of the state and any of	1863
its political subdivisions electing to pay contributions under	1864
section 4141.242 of the Revised Code. Employers paying	1865
contributions shall be described as "contributory employers."	1866
(2) "Payments in lieu of contributions" means the money	1867
payments to the state unemployment compensation fund required of	1868
reimbursing employers under sections 4141.241 and 4141.242 of	1869
the Revised Code.	1870
(M) An individual is "totally unemployed" in any week	1871
during which the individual performs no services and with	1872
respect to such week no remuneration is payable to the	1873
individual.	1874
(N) An individual is "partially unemployed" in any week	1875
if, due to involuntary loss of work, the total remuneration	1876
payable to the individual for such week is less than the	1877
individual's weekly benefit amount.	1878
(O) "Week" means the calendar week ending at midnight	1879
Saturday unless an equivalent week of seven consecutive calendar	1880
days is prescribed by the director.	1881

(1) "Qualifying week" means any calendar week in an	1882
individual's base period with respect to which the individual	1883
earns or is paid remuneration in employment subject to this	1884
chapter. A calendar week with respect to which an individual	1885
earns remuneration but for which payment was not made within the	1886
base period, when necessary to qualify for benefit rights, may	1887
be considered to be a qualifying week. The number of qualifying	1888
weeks which may be established in a calendar quarter shall not	1889
exceed the number of calendar weeks in the quarter.	1890

- (2) "Average weekly wage" means the amount obtained by
 dividing an individual's total remuneration for all qualifying

 weeks during the base period by the number of such qualifying

 weeks, provided that if the computation results in an amount

 that is not a multiple of one dollar, such amount shall be

 rounded to the next lower multiple of one dollar.

 1896
- (P) "Weekly benefit amount" means the amount of benefits 1897 an individual would be entitled to receive for one week of total 1898 unemployment.
- (Q)(1) "Base period" means the first four of the last five 1900 completed calendar quarters immediately preceding the first day 1901 of an individual's benefit year, except as provided in division 1902 (Q)(2) of this section.
- (2) If an individual does not have sufficient qualifying 1904 weeks and wages in the base period to qualify for benefit 1905 rights, the individual's base period shall be the four most 1906 recently completed calendar quarters preceding the first day of 1907 the individual's benefit year. Such base period shall be known 1908 as the "alternate base period." If information as to weeks and 1909 wages for the most recent quarter of the alternate base period 1910 is not available to the director from the regular quarterly 1911

reports of wage information, which are systematically	1912
accessible, the director may, consistent with the provisions of	1913
section 4141.28 of the Revised Code, base the determination of	1914
eligibility for benefits on the affidavit of the claimant with	1915
respect to weeks and wages for that calendar quarter. The	1916
claimant shall furnish payroll documentation, where available,	1917
in support of the affidavit. The determination based upon the	1918
alternate base period as it relates to the claimant's benefit	1919
rights, shall be amended when the quarterly report of wage	1920
information from the employer is timely received and that	1921
information causes a change in the determination. As provided in	1922
division (B) of section 4141.28 of the Revised Code, any	1923
benefits paid and charged to an employer's account, based upon a	1924
claimant's affidavit, shall be adjusted effective as of the	1925
beginning of the claimant's benefit year. No calendar quarter in	1926
a base period or alternate base period shall be used to	1927
establish a subsequent benefit year.	1928

- (3) The "base period" of a combined wage claim, as

 1929
 described in division (H) of section 4141.43 of the Revised

 1930
 Code, shall be the base period prescribed by the law of the

 1931
 state in which the claim is allowed.
- (4) For purposes of determining the weeks that comprise a 1933 completed calendar quarter under this division, only those weeks 1934 ending at midnight Saturday within the calendar quarter shall be 1935 utilized.
- (R) (1) "Benefit year" with respect to an individual means 1937 the fifty-two week period beginning with the first day of that 1938 week with respect to which the individual first files a valid 1939 application for determination of benefit rights, and thereafter 1940 the fifty-two week period beginning with the first day of that 1941

week with respect to which the individual next files a valid	1942
application for determination of benefit rights after the	1943
termination of the individual's last preceding benefit year,	1944
except that the application shall not be considered valid unless	1945
the individual has had employment in six weeks that is subject	1946
to this chapter or the unemployment compensation act of another	1947
state, or the United States, and has, since the beginning of the	1948
individual's previous benefit year, in the employment earned	1949
three times the average weekly wage determined for the previous	1950
benefit year. The "benefit year" of a combined wage claim, as	1951
described in division (H) of section 4141.43 of the Revised	1952
Code, shall be the benefit year prescribed by the law of the	1953
state in which the claim is allowed. Any application for	1954
determination of benefit rights made in accordance with section	1955
4141.28 of the Revised Code is valid if the individual filing	1956
such application is unemployed, has been employed by an employer	1957
or employers subject to this chapter in at least twenty	1958
qualifying weeks within the individual's base period, and has	1959
earned or been paid remuneration at an average weekly wage of	1960
not less than twenty-seven and one-half per cent of the	1961
statewide average weekly wage for such weeks. For purposes of	1962
determining whether an individual has had sufficient employment	1963
since the beginning of the individual's previous benefit year to	1964
file a valid application, "employment" means the performance of	1965
services for which remuneration is payable.	1966

(2) Effective for benefit years beginning on and after 1967

December 26, 2004, but before July 1, 2022, any application for 1968

determination of benefit rights made in accordance with section 1969

4141.28 of the Revised Code is valid if the individual satisfies 1970

the criteria described in division (R)(1) of this section, and 1971

if the reason for the individual's separation from employment is 1972

not disqualifying pursuant to division (D)(2) of section 4141.29	1973
or section 4141.291 of the Revised Code. A disqualification	1974
imposed pursuant to division (D)(2) of section 4141.29 or	1975
section 4141.291 of the Revised Code must be removed as provided	1976
in those sections as a requirement of establishing a valid	1977
application for benefit years beginning on and after December	1978
26, 2004, but before July 1, 2022. Effective for benefit years	1979
beginning on and after July 1, 2022, any application for	1980
determination of benefit rights made in accordance with section	1981
4141.28 of the Revised Code is valid if the individual satisfies	1982
the criteria described in division (R)(1) of this section. A	1983
disqualification imposed pursuant to division (D)(2) of section	1984
4141.29 or section 4141.291 of the Revised Code does not affect	1985
the validity of an application.	1986

- (3) The statewide average weekly wage shall be calculated 1987 by the director once a year based on the twelve-month period 1988 ending the thirtieth day of June, as set forth in division (B) 1989 (3) of section 4141.30 of the Revised Code, rounded down to the 1990 nearest dollar. Increases or decreases in the amount of 1991 remuneration required to have been earned or paid in order for 1992 individuals to have filed valid applications shall become 1993 effective on Sunday of the calendar week in which the first day 1994 of January occurs that follows the twelve-month period ending 1995 the thirtieth day of June upon which the calculation of the 1996 statewide average weekly wage was based. 1997
- (4) As used in this division, an individual is

 "unemployed" if, with respect to the calendar week in which such
 application is filed, the individual is "partially unemployed"

 or "totally unemployed" as defined in this section or if, prior

 to filing the application, the individual was separated from the
 individual's most recent work for any reason which terminated

 2003

the individual's employee-employer relationship, or was laid off	2004
indefinitely or for a definite period of seven or more days.	2005
(S) "Calendar quarter" means the period of three	2006
consecutive calendar months ending on the thirty-first day of	2007
March, the thirtieth day of June, the thirtieth day of	2008
September, and the thirty-first day of December, or the	2009
equivalent thereof as the director prescribes by rule.	2010
(T) "Computation date" means the first day of the third	2011
calendar quarter of any calendar year.	2012
(U) "Contribution period" means the calendar year	2013
beginning on the first day of January of any year.	2014
(V) "Agricultural labor," for the purpose of this	2015
division, means any service performed prior to January 1, 1972,	2016
which was agricultural labor as defined in this division prior	2017
to that date, and service performed after December 31, 1971:	2018
(1) On a farm, in the employ of any person, in connection	2019
with cultivating the soil, or in connection with raising or	2020
harvesting any agricultural or horticultural commodity,	2021
including the raising, shearing, feeding, caring for, training,	2022
and management of livestock, bees, poultry, and fur-bearing	2023
animals and wildlife;	2024
(2) In the employ of the owner or tenant or other operator	2025
of a farm in connection with the operation, management,	2026
conservation, improvement, or maintenance of such farm and its	2027
tools and equipment, or in salvaging timber or clearing land of	2028
brush and other debris left by hurricane, if the major part of	2029
such service is performed on a farm;	2030
(3) In connection with the production or harvesting of any	2031
commodity defined as an agricultural commodity in section 15 (g)	2032

of the "Agricultural Marketing Act," 46 Stat. 1550 (1931), 12	2033
U.S.C. 1141j, as amended, or in connection with the ginning of	2034
cotton, or in connection with the operation or maintenance of	2035
ditches, canals, reservoirs, or waterways, not owned or operated	2036
for profit, used exclusively for supplying and storing water for	2037
farming purposes;	2038
(4) In the employ of the operator of a farm in handling,	2039
planting, drying, packing, packaging, processing, freezing,	2040
grading, storing, or delivering to storage or to market or to a	2041
carrier for transportation to market, in its unmanufactured	2042
state, any agricultural or horticultural commodity, but only if	2043
the operator produced more than one half of the commodity with	2044
respect to which such service is performed;	2045
(5) In the employ of a group of operators of farms, or a	2046
cooperative organization of which the operators are members, in	2047
the performance of service described in division (V)(4) of this	2048
section, but only if the operators produced more than one-half	2049
of the commodity with respect to which the service is performed;	2050
(6) Divisions (V)(4) and (5) of this section shall not be	2051
deemed to be applicable with respect to service performed:	2052
(a) In connection with commercial canning or commercial	2053
freezing or in connection with any agricultural or horticultural	2054
commodity after its delivery to a terminal market for	2055
distribution for consumption; or	2056
(b) On a farm operated for profit if the service is not in	2057
the course of the employer's trade or business.	2058
As used in division (V) of this section, "farm" includes	2059
stock, dairy, poultry, fruit, fur-bearing animal, and truck	2060
farms, plantations, ranches, nurseries, ranges, greenhouses, or	2061

other similar atrustures used primarily for the raising of	2062
other similar structures used primarily for the raising of	
agricultural or horticultural commodities and orchards.	2063
(W) "Hospital" means an institution which has been	2064
registered or licensed by the Ohio department of health as a	2065
hospital.	2066
(X) "Nonprofit organization" means an organization, or	2067
group of organizations, described in section 501(c)(3) of the	2068
"Internal Revenue Code of 1954," and exempt from income tax	2069
under section 501(a) of that code.	2070
(Y) "Institution of higher education" means a public or	2071
nonprofit educational institution, including an educational	2072
institution operated by an Indian tribe, which:	2073
	0.05
(1) Admits as regular students only individuals having a	2074
certificate of graduation from a high school, or the recognized	2075
equivalent;	2076
(2) Is legally authorized in this state or by the Indian	2077
tribe to provide a program of education beyond high school; and	2078
(3) Provides an educational program for which it awards a	2079
bachelor's or higher degree, or provides a program which is	2080
acceptable for full credit toward such a degree, a program of	2081
post-graduate or post-doctoral studies, or a program of training	2082
to prepare students for gainful employment in a recognized	2083
occupation.	2084
	0005
For the purposes of this division, all colleges and	2085
universities in this state are institutions of higher education.	2086
(Z) For the purposes of this chapter, "states" includes	2087
the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and	2088
the Virgin Islands.	2089

(AA) "Alien" means, for the purposes of division (A)(1)(d)	2090
of this section, an individual who is an alien admitted to the	2091
United States to perform service in agricultural labor pursuant	2092
to sections 214 (c) and 101 (a)(15)(H) of the "Immigration and	2093
Nationality Act," 66 Stat. 163, 8 U.S.C.A. 1101.	2094
(BB)(1) "Crew leader" means an individual who furnishes	2095
individuals to perform agricultural labor for any other employer	2096
or farm operator, and:	2097
(a) Pays, either on the individual's own behalf or on	2098
behalf of the other employer or farm operator, the individuals	2099
so furnished by the individual for the service in agricultural	2100
labor performed by them;	2101
(b) Has not entered into a written agreement with the	2102
other employer or farm operator under which the agricultural	2103
worker is designated as in the employ of the other employer or	2104
farm operator.	2105
(2) For the purposes of this chapter, any individual who	2106
is a member of a crew furnished by a crew leader to perform	2107
service in agricultural labor for any other employer or farm	2108
operator shall be treated as an employee of the crew leader if:	2109
(a) The crew leader holds a valid certificate of	2110
registration under the "Farm Labor Contractor Registration Act	2111
of 1963," 90 Stat. 2668, 7 U.S.C. 2041; or	2112
(b) Substantially all the members of the crew operate or	2113
maintain tractors, mechanized harvesting or crop-dusting	2114
equipment, or any other mechanized equipment, which is provided	2115
by the crew leader; and	2116
(c) If the individual is not in the employment of the	2117
other employer or farm operator within the meaning of division	2118

(B) (1) of this section.	2119
(3) For the purposes of this division, any individual who	2120
is furnished by a crew leader to perform service in agricultural	2121
labor for any other employer or farm operator and who is not	2122
treated as in the employment of the crew leader under division	2123
(BB)(2) of this section shall be treated as the employee of the	2124
other employer or farm operator and not of the crew leader. The	2125
other employer or farm operator shall be treated as having paid	2126
cash remuneration to the individual in an amount equal to the	2127
amount of cash remuneration paid to the individual by the crew	2128
leader, either on the crew leader's own behalf or on behalf of	2129
the other employer or farm operator, for the service in	2130
agricultural labor performed for the other employer or farm	2131
operator.	2132
(CC) "Educational institution" means an institution other	2133
than an institution of higher education as defined in division	2134
(Y) of this section, including an educational institution	2135
operated by an Indian tribe, which:	2136
(1) Offers participants, trainees, or students an	2137
organized course of study or training designed to transfer to	2138
them knowledge, skills, information, doctrines, attitudes, or	2139
abilities from, by, or under the guidance of an instructor or	2140
teacher; and	2141
(2) Is approved, chartered, or issued a permit to operate	2142
as a school by the director of education and workforce, other	2143
government agency, or Indian tribe that is authorized within the	2144
state to approve, charter, or issue a permit for the operation	2145
of a school.	2146
For the purposes of this division, the courses of study or	2147

training which the institution offers may be academic,	2148
technical, trade, or preparation for gainful employment in a	2149
recognized occupation.	2150
(DD) "Cost savings day" means any unpaid day off from work	2151
in which employees continue to accrue employee benefits which	2152
have a determinable value including, but not limited to,	2153
vacation, pension contribution, sick time, and life and health	2154
insurance.	2155
(EE) "Motor carrier" has the same meaning as in section	2156
4923.01 of the Revised Code.	2157
Sec. 5747.01. Except as otherwise expressly provided or	2158
clearly appearing from the context, any term used in this	2159
chapter that is not otherwise defined in this section has the	2160
same meaning as when used in a comparable context in the laws of	2161
the United States relating to federal income taxes or if not	2162
used in a comparable context in those laws, has the same meaning	2163
as in section 5733.40 of the Revised Code. Any reference in this	2164
chapter to the Internal Revenue Code includes other laws of the	2165
United States relating to federal income taxes.	2166
As used in this chapter:	2167
(A) "Adjusted gross income" or "Ohio adjusted gross	2168
income" means federal adjusted gross income, as defined and used	2169
in the Internal Revenue Code, adjusted as provided in this	2170
section:	2171
(1) Add interest or dividends on obligations or securities	2172
of any state or of any political subdivision or authority of any	2173
state, other than this state and its subdivisions and	2174
authorities.	2175
(2) Add interest or dividends on obligations of any	2176

authority, commission, instrumentality, territory, or possession	2177
of the United States to the extent that the interest or	2178
dividends are exempt from federal income taxes but not from	2179
state income taxes.	2180
(3) Deduct interest or dividends on obligations of the	2181
United States and its territories and possessions or of any	2182
authority, commission, or instrumentality of the United States	2183
to the extent that the interest or dividends are included in	2184
federal adjusted gross income but exempt from state income taxes	2185
under the laws of the United States.	2186
(4) Deduct disability and survivor's benefits to the	2187
extent included in federal adjusted gross income.	2188
(5) Deduct the following, to the extent not otherwise	2189
deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross	2190
income:	2191
(a) Benefits under Title II of the Social Security Act and	2192
tier 1 railroad retirement;	2193
(b) Railroad retirement benefits, other than tier 1	2194
railroad retirement benefits, to the extent such amounts are	2195
exempt from state taxation under federal law.	2196
(6) Deduct the amount of wages and salaries, if any, not	2197
otherwise allowable as a deduction but that would have been	2198
allowable as a deduction in computing federal adjusted gross	2199
income for the taxable year, had the work opportunity tax credit	2200
allowed and determined under sections 38, 51, and 52 of the	2201
Internal Revenue Code not been in effect.	2202
(7) Deduct any interest or interest equivalent on public	2203
obligations and purchase obligations to the extent that the	2204
interest or interest equivalent is included in federal adjusted	2205

gross income.	2206
(8) Add any loss or deduct any gain resulting from the	2207
sale, exchange, or other disposition of public obligations to	2208
the extent that the loss has been deducted or the gain has been	2209
included in computing federal adjusted gross income.	2210
(9) Deduct or add amounts, as provided under section	2211
5747.70 of the Revised Code, related to contributions made to or	2212
tuition units purchased under a qualified tuition program	2213
established pursuant to section 529 of the Internal Revenue	2214
Code.	2215
(10)(a) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise allowable as a	2216
deduction or exclusion in computing federal or Ohio adjusted	2217
gross income for the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer paid	2218
during the taxable year for medical care insurance and qualified	2219
long-term care insurance for the taxpayer, the taxpayer's	2220
spouse, and dependents. No deduction for medical care insurance	2221
under division (A)(10)(a) of this section shall be allowed	2222
either to any taxpayer who is eligible to participate in any	2223
subsidized health plan maintained by any employer of the	2224
taxpayer or of the taxpayer's spouse, or to any taxpayer who is	2225
entitled to, or on application would be entitled to, benefits	2226
under part A of Title XVIII of the "Social Security Act," 49	2227
Stat. 620 (1935), 42 U.S.C. 301, as amended. For the purposes of	2228
division (A)(10)(a) of this section, "subsidized health plan"	2229
means a health plan for which the employer pays any portion of	2230
the plan's cost. The deduction allowed under division (A)(10)(a)	2231
of this section shall be the net of any related premium refunds,	2232
related premium reimbursements, or related insurance premium	2233
dividends received during the taxable year.	2234
(b) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	2235

excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income	2236
during the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer paid during the	2237
taxable year, not compensated for by any insurance or otherwise,	2238
for medical care of the taxpayer, the taxpayer's spouse, and	2239
dependents, to the extent the expenses exceed seven and one-half	2240
per cent of the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income.	2241
(c) For purposes of division (A)(10) of this section,	2242
"medical care" has the meaning given in section 213 of the	2243
Internal Revenue Code, subject to the special rules,	2244
limitations, and exclusions set forth therein, and "qualified	2245
long-term care" has the same meaning given in section 7702B(c)	2246
of the Internal Revenue Code. Solely for purposes of division	2247
(A) (10) (a) of this section, "dependent" includes a person who	2248
otherwise would be a "qualifying relative" and thus a	2249
"dependent" under section 152 of the Internal Revenue Code but	2250
for the fact that the person fails to meet the income and	2251
support limitations under section 152(d)(1)(B) and (C) of the	2252
Internal Revenue Code.	2253
(11)(a) Deduct any amount included in federal adjusted	2254
gross income solely because the amount represents a	2255
reimbursement or refund of expenses that in any year the	2256
taxpayer had deducted as an itemized deduction pursuant to	2257
section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code and applicable United	2258
States department of the treasury regulations. The deduction	2259
otherwise allowed under division (A)(11)(a) of this section	2260
shall be reduced to the extent the reimbursement is attributable	2261
to an amount the taxpayer deducted under this section in any	2262
taxable year.	2263
(b) Add any amount not otherwise included in Ohio adjusted	2264
gross income for any taxable year to the extent that the amount	2265

is attributable to the recovery during the taxable year of any	2266
amount deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio	2267
adjusted gross income in any taxable year.	2268
(12) Deduct any portion of the deduction described in	2269
section 1341(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, for repaying	2270
previously reported income received under a claim of right, that	2271
meets both of the following requirements:	2272
(a) It is allowable for repayment of an item that was	2273
included in the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for a prior	2274
taxable year and did not qualify for a credit under division (A)	2275
or (B) of section 5747.05 of the Revised Code for that year;	2276
(b) It does not otherwise reduce the taxpayer's adjusted	2277
gross income for the current or any other taxable year.	2278
(13) Deduct an amount equal to the deposits made to, and	2279
net investment earnings of, a medical savings account during the	2280
taxable year, in accordance with section 3924.66 of the Revised	2281
Code. The deduction allowed by division (A)(13) of this section	2282
does not apply to medical savings account deposits and earnings	2283
otherwise deducted or excluded for the current or any other	2284
taxable year from the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income.	2285
(14)(a) Add an amount equal to the funds withdrawn from a	2286
medical savings account during the taxable year, and the net	2287
investment earnings on those funds, when the funds withdrawn	2288
were used for any purpose other than to reimburse an account	2289
holder for, or to pay, eligible medical expenses, in accordance	2290
with section 3924.66 of the Revised Code;	2291
(b) Add the amounts distributed from a medical savings	2292
account under division (A)(2) of section 3924.68 of the Revised	2293
Code during the taxable year.	2294

(15) Add any amount claimed as a credit under section	2295
5747.059 of the Revised Code to the extent that such amount	2296
satisfies either of the following:	2297
(a) The amount was deducted or excluded from the	2298
computation of the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income as	2299
required to be reported for the taxpayer's taxable year under	2300
the Internal Revenue Code;	2301
(b) The amount resulted in a reduction of the taxpayer's	2302
federal adjusted gross income as required to be reported for any	2303
of the taxpayer's taxable years under the Internal Revenue Code.	2304
(16) Deduct the amount contributed by the taxpayer to an	2305
individual development account program established by a county	2306
department of job and family services pursuant to sections	2307
329.11 to 329.14 of the Revised Code for the purpose of matching	2308
funds deposited by program participants. On request of the tax	2309
commissioner, the taxpayer shall provide any information that,	2310
in the tax commissioner's opinion, is necessary to establish the	2311
amount deducted under division (A)(16) of this section.	2312
(17)(a)(i) Subject to divisions (A)(17)(a)(iii), (iv), and	2313
(v) of this section, add five-sixths of the amount of	2314
depreciation expense allowed by subsection (k) of section 168 of	2315
the Internal Revenue Code, including the taxpayer's	2316
proportionate or distributive share of the amount of	2317
depreciation expense allowed by that subsection to a pass-	2318
through entity in which the taxpayer has a direct or indirect	2319
ownership interest.	2320
(ii) Subject to divisions (A)(17)(a)(iii), (iv), and (v)	2321
of this section, add five-sixths of the amount of qualifying	2322
section 179 depreciation expense, including the taxpayer's	2323

proportionate or distributive share of the amount of qualifying	2324
section 179 depreciation expense allowed to any pass-through	2325
entity in which the taxpayer has a direct or indirect ownership	2326
interest.	2327
(iii) Subject to division (A)(17)(a)(v) of this section,	2328
for taxable years beginning in 2012 or thereafter, if the	2329
increase in income taxes withheld by the taxpayer is equal to or	2330
greater than ten per cent of income taxes withheld by the	2331
taxpayer during the taxpayer's immediately preceding taxable	2332
year, "two-thirds" shall be substituted for "five-sixths" for	2333
the purpose of divisions (A)(17)(a)(i) and (ii) of this section.	2334
(iv) Subject to division (A)(17)(a)(v) of this section,	2335
for taxable years beginning in 2012 or thereafter, a taxpayer is	2336
not required to add an amount under division (A)(17) of this	2337
section if the increase in income taxes withheld by the taxpayer	2338
and by any pass-through entity in which the taxpayer has a	2339
direct or indirect ownership interest is equal to or greater	2340
than the sum of (I) the amount of qualifying section 179	2341
depreciation expense and (II) the amount of depreciation expense	2342
allowed to the taxpayer by subsection (k) of section 168 of the	2343
Internal Revenue Code, and including the taxpayer's	2344
proportionate or distributive shares of such amounts allowed to	2345
any such pass-through entities.	2346
(v) If a taxpayer directly or indirectly incurs a net	2347
operating loss for the taxable year for federal income tax	2348
purposes, to the extent such loss resulted from depreciation	2349
expense allowed by subsection (k) of section 168 of the Internal	2350
Revenue Code and by qualifying section 179 depreciation expense,	2351
"the entire" shall be substituted for "five-sixths of the" for	2352
the purpose of divisions (A)(17)(a)(i) and (ii) of this section.	2353

The tax commissioner, under procedures established by the	2354
commissioner, may waive the add-backs related to a pass-through	2355
entity if the taxpayer owns, directly or indirectly, less than	2356
five per cent of the pass-through entity.	2357
(b) Nothing in division (A)(17) of this section shall be	2358
construed to adjust or modify the adjusted basis of any asset.	2359
(c) To the extent the add-back required under division (A)	2360
(17)(a) of this section is attributable to property generating	2361
nonbusiness income or loss allocated under section 5747.20 of	2362
the Revised Code, the add-back shall be sitused to the same	2363
location as the nonbusiness income or loss generated by the	2364
property for the purpose of determining the credit under	2365
division (A) of section 5747.05 of the Revised Code. Otherwise,	2366
the add-back shall be apportioned, subject to one or more of the	2367
four alternative methods of apportionment enumerated in section	2368
5747.21 of the Revised Code.	2369
(d) For the purposes of division (A)(17)(a)(v) of this	2370
section, net operating loss carryback and carryforward shall not	2371
include the allowance of any net operating loss deduction	2372
carryback or carryforward to the taxable year to the extent such	2373
loss resulted from depreciation allowed by section 168(k) of the	2374
Internal Revenue Code and by the qualifying section 179	2375
depreciation expense amount.	2376
(e) For the purposes of divisions (A)(17) and (18) of this	2377
section:	2378
(i) "Income taxes withheld" means the total amount	2379
withheld and remitted under sections 5747.06 and 5747.07 of the	2380
Revised Code by an employer during the employer's taxable year.	2381

(ii) "Increase in income taxes withheld" means the amount

by which the amount of income taxes withheld by an employer	2383
during the employer's current taxable year exceeds the amount of	2384
income taxes withheld by that employer during the employer's	2385
immediately preceding taxable year.	2386
(iii) "Qualifying section 179 depreciation expense" means	2387
the difference between (I) the amount of depreciation expense	2388
directly or indirectly allowed to a taxpayer under section 179	2389
of the Internal Revised Code, and (II) the amount of	2390
depreciation expense directly or indirectly allowed to the	2391
taxpayer under section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code as that	2392
section existed on December 31, 2002.	2393
(18)(a) If the taxpayer was required to add an amount	2394
under division (A)(17)(a) of this section for a taxable year,	2395
deduct one of the following:	2396
(i) One-fifth of the amount so added for each of the five	2397
succeeding taxable years if the amount so added was five-sixths	2398
of qualifying section 179 depreciation expense or depreciation	2399
expense allowed by subsection (k) of section 168 of the Internal	2400
Revenue Code;	2401
(ii) One-half of the amount so added for each of the two	2402
succeeding taxable years if the amount so added was two-thirds	2403
of such depreciation expense;	2404
(iii) One-sixth of the amount so added for each of the six	2405
succeeding taxable years if the entire amount of such	2406
depreciation expense was so added.	2407
(b) If the amount deducted under division (A)(18)(a) of	2408
this section is attributable to an add-back allocated under	2409
division (A)(17)(c) of this section, the amount deducted shall	2410
he situated to the same location. Otherwise, the add-back shall	2/11

be apportioned using the apportionment factors for the taxable	2412
year in which the deduction is taken, subject to one or more of	2413
the four alternative methods of apportionment enumerated in	2414
section 5747.21 of the Revised Code.	2415
(c) No deduction is available under division (A)(18)(a) of	2416
this section with regard to any depreciation allowed by section	2417
168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code and by the qualifying	2418
section 179 depreciation expense amount to the extent that such	2419
depreciation results in or increases a federal net operating	2420
loss carryback or carryforward. If no such deduction is	2421
available for a taxable year, the taxpayer may carry forward the	2422
amount not deducted in such taxable year to the next taxable	2423
year and add that amount to any deduction otherwise available	2424
under division (A)(18)(a) of this section for that next taxable	2425
year. The carryforward of amounts not so deducted shall continue	2426
until the entire addition required by division (A)(17)(a) of	2427
this section has been deducted.	2428
(19) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	2429
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	2430
the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer received during the	2431
taxable year as reimbursement for life insurance premiums under	2432
section 5919.31 of the Revised Code.	2433
(20) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	2434
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	2435
the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer received during the	2436
taxable year as a death benefit paid by the adjutant general	2437
under section 5919.33 of the Revised Code.	2438
(21) Deduct, to the extent included in federal adjusted	2439
gross income and not otherwise allowable as a deduction or	2440
exclusion in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	2441

the taxable year, military pay and allowances received by the	2442
taxpayer during the taxable year for active duty service in the	2443
United States army, air force, navy, marine corps, or coast	2444
guard or reserve components thereof or the national guard. The	2445
deduction may not be claimed for military pay and allowances	2446
received by the taxpayer while the taxpayer is stationed in this	2447
state.	2448
(22) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise allowable as a	2449
deduction or exclusion in computing federal or Ohio adjusted	2450
gross income for the taxable year and not otherwise compensated	2451
for by any other source, the amount of qualified organ donation	2452
expenses incurred by the taxpayer during the taxable year, not	2453
to exceed ten thousand dollars. A taxpayer may deduct qualified	2454
organ donation expenses only once for all taxable years	2455
beginning with taxable years beginning in 2007.	2456
For the purposes of division (A)(22) of this section:	2457
(a) "Human organ" means all or any portion of a human	2458
liver, pancreas, kidney, intestine, or lung, and any portion of	2459
human bone marrow.	2460
(b) "Qualified organ donation expenses" means travel	2461
expenses, lodging expenses, and wages and salary forgone by a	2462
taxpayer in connection with the taxpayer's donation, while	2463
living, of one or more of the taxpayer's human organs to another	2464
human being.	2465
(23) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	2466
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	2467
the taxable year, amounts received by the taxpayer as retired	2468
personnel pay for service in the uniformed services or reserve	2469

components thereof, or the national guard, or received by the

surviving spouse or former spouse of such a taxpayer under the	2471
survivor benefit plan on account of such a taxpayer's death. If	2472
the taxpayer receives income on account of retirement paid under	2473
the federal civil service retirement system or federal employees	2474
retirement system, or under any successor retirement program	2475
enacted by the congress of the United States that is established	2476
and maintained for retired employees of the United States	2477
government, and such retirement income is based, in whole or in	2478
part, on credit for the taxpayer's uniformed service, the	2479
deduction allowed under this division shall include only that	2480
portion of such retirement income that is attributable to the	2481
taxpayer's uniformed service, to the extent that portion of such	2482
retirement income is otherwise included in federal adjusted	2483
gross income and is not otherwise deducted under this section.	2484
Any amount deducted under division (A)(23) of this section is	2485
not included in a taxpayer's adjusted gross income for the	2486
purposes of section 5747.055 of the Revised Code. No amount may	2487
be deducted under division (A)(23) of this section on the basis	2488
of which a credit was claimed under section 5747.055 of the	2489
Revised Code.	2490

- (24) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or
 excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for
 the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer received during the
 taxable year from the military injury relief fund created in
 section 5902.05 of the Revised Code.
 2491
- (25) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or
 excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for
 the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer received as a veterans
 bonus during the taxable year from the Ohio department of
 veterans services as authorized by Section 2r of Article VIII,
 Ohio Constitution.

(26) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	2502
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	2503
the taxable year, any income derived from a transfer agreement	2504
or from the enterprise transferred under that agreement under	2505
section 4313.02 of the Revised Code.	2506
(27) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	2507
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	2508
the taxable year, Ohio college opportunity or federal Pell grant	2509
amounts received by the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse or	2510
dependent pursuant to section 3333.122 of the Revised Code or 20	2511
U.S.C. 1070a, et seq., and used to pay room or board furnished	2512
by the educational institution for which the grant was awarded	2513
at the institution's facilities, including meal plans	2514
administered by the institution. For the purposes of this	2515
division, receipt of a grant includes the distribution of a	2516
grant directly to an educational institution and the crediting	2517
of the grant to the enrollee's account with the institution.	2518
(28) Deduct from the portion of an individual's federal	2519
adjusted gross income that is business income, to the extent not	2520
otherwise deducted or excluded in computing federal adjusted	2521
gross income for the taxable year, one hundred twenty-five	2522
thousand dollars for each spouse if spouses file separate	2523
returns under section 5747.08 of the Revised Code or two hundred	2524
fifty thousand dollars for all other individuals.	2525
(29) Deduct, as provided under section 5747.78 of the	2526
Revised Code, contributions to ABLE savings accounts made in	2527
accordance with sections 113.50 to 113.56 of the Revised Code.	2528
(30)(a) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	2529
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income	2530
during the taxable year, all of the following:	2531

(i) Compensation paid to a qualifying employee described	2532
in division (A)(14)(a) of section 5703.94 of the Revised Code to	2533
the extent such compensation is for disaster work conducted in	2534
this state during a disaster response period pursuant to a	2535
qualifying solicitation received by the employee's employer;	2536
(ii) Compensation paid to a qualifying employee described	2537
in division (A)(14)(b) of section 5703.94 of the Revised Code to	2538
the extent such compensation is for disaster work conducted in	2539
this state by the employee during the disaster response period	2540
on critical infrastructure owned or used by the employee's	2541
employer;	2542
(iii) Income received by an out-of-state disaster business	2543
for disaster work conducted in this state during a disaster	2544
response period, or, if the out-of-state disaster business is a	2545
pass-through entity, a taxpayer's distributive share of the	2546
pass-through entity's income from the business conducting	2547
disaster work in this state during a disaster response period,	2548
if, in either case, the disaster work is conducted pursuant to a	2549
qualifying solicitation received by the business.	2550
(b) All terms used in division (A)(30) of this section	2551
have the same meanings as in section 5703.94 of the Revised	2552
Code.	2553
(31) For a taxpayer who is a qualifying Ohio educator,	2554
deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded in	2555
computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for the taxable	2556
year, the lesser of two hundred fifty dollars or the amount of	2557
expenses described in subsections (a)(2)(D)(i) and (ii) of	2558
section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code paid or incurred by the	2559
taxpayer during the taxpayer's taxable year in excess of the	2560
amount the taxpayer is authorized to deduct for that taxable	2561

year under subsection (a)(2)(D) of that section.	2562
(32) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	2563
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	2564
the taxable year, amounts received by the taxpayer as a	2565
disability severance payment, computed under 10 U.S.C. 1212,	2566
following discharge or release under honorable conditions from	2567
the armed forces of the United States, as defined in section	2568
5907.01 of the Revised Code.	2569
(33) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	2570
excluded in computing federal adjusted gross income or Ohio	2571
adjusted gross income, amounts not subject to tax due to an	2572
agreement entered into under division (A)(2) of section 5747.05	2573
of the Revised Code.	2574
(34) Deduct amounts as provided under section 5747.79 of	2575
the Revised Code related to the taxpayer's qualifying capital	2576
gains and deductible payroll.	2577
To the extent a qualifying capital gain described under	2578
division (A)(34) of this section is business income, the	2579
taxpayer shall deduct those gains under this division before	2580
deducting any such gains under division (A)(28) of this section.	2581
(35)(a) For taxable years beginning in or after 2026,	2582
deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded in	2583
computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for the taxable	2584
year:	2585
(i) One hundred per cent of the capital gain received by	2586
the taxpayer in the taxable year from a qualifying interest in	2587
an Ohio venture capital operating company attributable to the	2588
company's investments in Ohio businesses during the period for	2589
which the company was an Ohio venture operating company; and	2590

(ii) Fifty per cent of the capital gain received by the	2591
taxpayer in the taxable year from a qualifying interest in an	2592
Ohio venture capital operating company attributable to the	2593
company's investments in all other businesses during the period	2594
for which the company was an Ohio venture operating company.	2595
(b) Add amounts previously deducted by the taxpayer under	2596
division (A)(35)(a) of this section if the director of	2597
development certifies to the tax commissioner that the	2598
requirements for the deduction were not met.	2599
(c) All terms used in division (A)(35) of this section	2600
have the same meanings as in section 122.851 of the Revised	2601
Code.	2602
(d) To the extent a capital gain described in division (A)	2603
(35)(a) of this section is business income, the taxpayer shall	2604
apply that division before applying division (A)(28) of this	2605
section.	2606
(36) Add, to the extent not otherwise included in	2607
computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for any taxable	2608
year, the taxpayer's proportionate share of the amount of the	2609
tax levied under section 5747.38 of the Revised Code and paid by	2610
an electing pass-through entity for the taxable year.	2611
Notwithstanding any provision of the Revised Code to the	2612
contrary, the portion of the addition required by division (A)	2613
(36) of this section related to the apportioned business income	2614
of the pass-through entity shall be considered business income	2615
under division (B) of this section. Such addition is eligible	2616
for the deduction in division (A)(28) of this section, subject	2617
to the applicable dollar limitations, and the tax rate	2618
prescribed by division (A)(4)(a) of section 5747.02 of the	2619

Revised Code. The taxpayer shall provide, upon request of the	2620
tax commissioner, any documentation necessary to verify the	2621
portion of the addition that is business income under this	2622
division.	2623
(37) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	2624
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	2625
the taxable year, amounts delivered to a qualifying institution	2626
pursuant to section 3333.128 of the Revised Code for the benefit	2627
of the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse or dependent.	2628
(38) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	2629
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	2630
the taxable year, amounts received under the Ohio adoption grant	2631
program pursuant to section 5101.191 of the Revised Code.	2632
(39) Deduct, to the extent included in federal adjusted	2633
gross income, income attributable to amounts provided to a	2634
taxpayer for any of the purposes for which an exclusion would	2635
have been authorized under section 139 of the Internal Revenue	2636
Code if the train derailment near the city of East Palestine on	2637
February 3, 2023, had been a qualified disaster pursuant to that	2638
section, or to compensate for lost business resulting from that	2639
derailment, if such amounts are provided by any of the	2640
following:	2641
(a) A federal, state, or local government agency;	2642
(b) A railroad company, as that term is defined in section	2643
5727.01 of the Revised Code;	2644
(c) Any subsidiary, insurer, or agent of a railroad	2645
company or any related person.	2646
Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary, the	2647

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derailment is not required to meet the definition of a

"qualified disaster" pursuant to section 139 of the Internal	2649
Revenue Code to qualify for the deduction under this section.	2650
(40) Deduct, to the extent included in federal adjusted	2651
-	
gross income, income attributable to loan repayments on behalf	2652
of the taxpayer under the rural practice incentive program under	2653
section 3333.135 of the Revised Code.	2654
(41) Add any income taxes deducted in computing federal or	2655
Ohio adjusted gross income to the extent the income taxes were	2656
derived from income subject to a tax levied in another state or	2657
the District of Columbia when such tax was enacted for purposes	2658
of complying with internal revenue service notice 2020-75.	2659
Notwithstanding any provision of the Revised Code to the	2660
contrary, the portion of the addition required by division (A)	2661
(41) of this section related to the apportioned business income	2662
of the pass-through entity shall be considered business income	2663
under division (B) of this section. Such addition is eligible	2664
for the deduction in division (A)(28) of this section, subject	2665
to the applicable dollar limitations, and the tax rate	2666
prescribed by division (A)(4)(a) of section 5747.02 of the	2667
Revised Code. The taxpayer shall provide, upon request of the	2668
tax commissioner, any documentation necessary to verify the	2669
portion of the addition that is business income under this	2670
division.	2671
(42) Deduct amounts contributed to a homeownership savings	2672
account and calculated pursuant to divisions (B) and (C) of	2673

(43) If the taxpayer is the account owner, add the amount 2675 of funds withdrawn from a homeownership savings account not used 2676 for eligible expenses, regardless of who deposited those funds. 2677

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section 5747.85 of the Revised Code.

As used in division (A)(43) of this section, "homeownership	2678
savings account," "account owner," and "eligible expenses" have	2679
the same meanings as in section 5747.85 of the Revised Code.	2680
(B) "Business income" means income, including gain or	2681
loss, arising from transactions, activities, and sources in the	2682
regular course of a trade or business and includes income, gain,	2683
or loss from real property, tangible property, and intangible	2684
property if the acquisition, rental, management, and disposition	2685
of the property constitute integral parts of the regular course	2686
of a trade or business operation. "Business income" includes	2687
income, including gain or loss, from a partial or complete	2688
liquidation of a business, including, but not limited to, gain	2689
or loss from the sale or other disposition of goodwill or the	2690
sale of an equity or ownership interest in a business.	2691
As used in this division, the "sale of an equity or	2692
ownership interest in a business" means sales to which either or	2693
both of the following apply:	2694
(1) The sale is treated for federal income tax purposes as	2695
the sale of assets.	2696
the sale of assets.	2090
(2) The seller materially participated, as described in 26	2697
C.F.R. 1.469-5T, in the activities of the business during the	2698
taxable year in which the sale occurs or during any of the five	2699
preceding taxable years.	2700
(C) "Nonbusiness income" means all income other than	2701

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business income and may include, but is not limited to,

awards.

compensation, rents and royalties from real or tangible personal

property, capital gains, interest, dividends and distributions,

patent or copyright royalties, or lottery winnings, prizes, and

an employee for personal services. (E) "Fiduciary" means a guardian, trustee, executor, administrator, receiver, conservator, or any other person acting in any fiduciary capacity for any individual, trust, or estate. (F) "Fiscal year" means an accounting period of twelve months ending on the last day of any month other than December.	2708 2709 2710 2711
administrator, receiver, conservator, or any other person acting in any fiduciary capacity for any individual, trust, or estate. (F) "Fiscal year" means an accounting period of twelve	2710 2711
in any fiduciary capacity for any individual, trust, or estate. (F) "Fiscal year" means an accounting period of twelve	2711
(F) "Fiscal year" means an accounting period of twelve	
months ending on the last day of any month other than December.	2712
	2713
(G) "Individual" means any natural person.	2714
(H) "Internal Revenue Code" means the "Internal Revenue	2715
Code of 1986," 100 Stat. 2085, 26 U.S.C.A. 1, as amended.	2716
(I) "Resident" means any of the following:	2717
(1) An individual who is domiciled in this state, subject	2718
to section 5747.24 of the Revised Code;	2719
(2) The estate of a decedent who at the time of death was	2720
domiciled in this state. The domicile tests of section 5747.24	2721
of the Revised Code are not controlling for purposes of division	2722
(I)(2) of this section.	2723
(3) A trust that, in whole or part, resides in this state.	2724
If only part of a trust resides in this state, the trust is a	2725
resident only with respect to that part.	2726
For the purposes of division (I)(3) of this section:	2727
(a) A trust resides in this state for the trust's current	2728
taxable year to the extent, as described in division (I)(3)(d)	2729
of this section, that the trust consists directly or indirectly,	2730
in whole or in part, of assets, net of any related liabilities,	2731
that were transferred, or caused to be transferred, directly or	2732
indirectly, to the trust by any of the following:	2733

(i) A person, a court, or a governmental entity or	2734
instrumentality on account of the death of a decedent, but only	2735
if the trust is described in division (I)(3)(e)(i) or (ii) of	2736
this section;	2737
(ii) A person who was domiciled in this state for the	2738
purposes of this chapter when the person directly or indirectly	2739
transferred assets to an irrevocable trust, but only if at least	2740
one of the trust's qualifying beneficiaries is domiciled in this	2741
state for the purposes of this chapter during all or some	2742
portion of the trust's current taxable year;	2743
(iii) A person who was domiciled in this state for the	2744
purposes of this chapter when the trust document or instrument	2745
or part of the trust document or instrument became irrevocable,	2746
but only if at least one of the trust's qualifying beneficiaries	2747
is a resident domiciled in this state for the purposes of this	2748
chapter during all or some portion of the trust's current	2749
taxable year. If a trust document or instrument became	2750
irrevocable upon the death of a person who at the time of death	2751
was domiciled in this state for purposes of this chapter, that	2752
person is a person described in division (I)(3)(a)(iii) of this	2753
section.	2754
(b) A trust is irrevocable to the extent that the	2755
transferor is not considered to be the owner of the net assets	2756
of the trust under sections 671 to 678 of the Internal Revenue	2757
Code.	2758
(c) With respect to a trust other than a charitable lead	2759
trust, "qualifying beneficiary" has the same meaning as	2760
"potential current beneficiary" as defined in section 1361(e)(2)	2761
of the Internal Revenue Code, and with respect to a charitable	2762

lead trust "qualifying beneficiary" is any current, future, or

contingent beneficiary, but with respect to any trust 2764
"qualifying beneficiary" excludes a person or a governmental 2765
entity or instrumentality to any of which a contribution would 2766
qualify for the charitable deduction under section 170 of the 2767
Internal Revenue Code. 2768

- (d) For the purposes of division (I)(3)(a) of this 2769 section, the extent to which a trust consists directly or 2770 indirectly, in whole or in part, of assets, net of any related 2771 liabilities, that were transferred directly or indirectly, in 2772 whole or part, to the trust by any of the sources enumerated in 2773 that division shall be ascertained by multiplying the fair 2774 market value of the trust's assets, net of related liabilities, 2775 by the qualifying ratio, which shall be computed as follows: 2776
- (i) The first time the trust receives assets, the 2777 numerator of the qualifying ratio is the fair market value of 2778 those assets at that time, net of any related liabilities, from 2779 sources enumerated in division (I)(3)(a) of this section. The 2780 denominator of the qualifying ratio is the fair market value of 2781 all the trust's assets at that time, net of any related 2782 liabilities.
- (ii) Each subsequent time the trust receives assets, a 2784 revised qualifying ratio shall be computed. The numerator of the 2785 revised qualifying ratio is the sum of (1) the fair market value 2786 of the trust's assets immediately prior to the subsequent 2787 transfer, net of any related liabilities, multiplied by the 2788 qualifying ratio last computed without regard to the subsequent 2789 transfer, and (2) the fair market value of the subsequently 2790 transferred assets at the time transferred, net of any related 2791 liabilities, from sources enumerated in division (I)(3)(a) of 2792 this section. The denominator of the revised qualifying ratio is 2793

the fair market value of all the trust's assets immediately	2794
after the subsequent transfer, net of any related liabilities.	2795
(iii) Whether a transfer to the trust is by or from any of	2796
the sources enumerated in division (I)(3)(a) of this section	2797
shall be ascertained without regard to the domicile of the	2798
trust's beneficiaries.	2799
(e) For the purposes of division (I)(3)(a)(i) of this	2800
section:	2801
(i) A trust is described in division (I)(3)(e)(i) of this	2802
section if the trust is a testamentary trust and the testator of	2803
that testamentary trust was domiciled in this state at the time	2804
of the testator's death for purposes of the taxes levied under	2805
Chapter 5731. of the Revised Code.	2806
(ii) A trust is described in division (I)(3)(e)(ii) of	2807
this section if the transfer is a qualifying transfer described	2808
in any of divisions (I)(3)(f)(i) to (vi) of this section, the	2809
trust is an irrevocable inter vivos trust, and at least one of	2810
the trust's qualifying beneficiaries is domiciled in this state	2811
for purposes of this chapter during all or some portion of the	2812
trust's current taxable year.	2813
(f) For the purposes of division (I)(3)(e)(ii) of this	2814
section, a "qualifying transfer" is a transfer of assets, net of	2815
any related liabilities, directly or indirectly to a trust, if	2816
the transfer is described in any of the following:	2817
(i) The transfer is made to a trust, created by the	2818
decedent before the decedent's death and while the decedent was	2819
domiciled in this state for the purposes of this chapter, and,	2820
prior to the death of the decedent, the trust became irrevocable	2821
while the decedent was domiciled in this state for the purposes	2822

of this chapter. 2823

- (ii) The transfer is made to a trust to which the 2824 decedent, prior to the decedent's death, had directly or 2825 indirectly transferred assets, net of any related liabilities, 2826 while the decedent was domiciled in this state for the purposes 2827 of this chapter, and prior to the death of the decedent the 2828 trust became irrevocable while the decedent was domiciled in 2829 this state for the purposes of this chapter. 2830
- (iii) The transfer is made on account of a contractual

 relationship existing directly or indirectly between the

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 transferor and either the decedent or the estate of the decedent

 at any time prior to the date of the decedent's death, and the

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 decedent was domiciled in this state at the time of death for

 purposes of the taxes levied under Chapter 5731. of the Revised

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 Code.
- (iv) The transfer is made to a trust on account of a 2838 contractual relationship existing directly or indirectly between 2839 the transferor and another person who at the time of the 2840 decedent's death was domiciled in this state for purposes of 2841 this chapter.
- (v) The transfer is made to a trust on account of the will
 of a testator who was domiciled in this state at the time of the
 testator's death for purposes of the taxes levied under Chapter
 2845
 5731. of the Revised Code.
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- (vi) The transfer is made to a trust created by or caused

 to be created by a court, and the trust was directly or

 indirectly created in connection with or as a result of the

 death of an individual who, for purposes of the taxes levied

 under Chapter 5731. of the Revised Code, was domiciled in this

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state at the time of the individual's death.	2852
(g) The tax commissioner may adopt rules to ascertain the	2853
part of a trust residing in this state.	2854
(J) "Nonresident" means an individual or estate that is	2855
not a resident. An individual who is a resident for only part of	2856
a taxable year is a nonresident for the remainder of that	2857
taxable year.	2858
(K) "Pass-through entity" has the same meaning as in	2859
section 5733.04 of the Revised Code.	2860
(L) "Return" means the notifications and reports required	2861
to be filed pursuant to this chapter for the purpose of	2862
reporting the tax due and includes declarations of estimated tax	2863
when so required.	2864
(M) "Taxable year" means the calendar year or the	2865
taxpayer's fiscal year ending during the calendar year, or	2866
fractional part thereof, upon which the adjusted gross income is	2867
calculated pursuant to this chapter.	2868
(N) "Taxpayer" means any person subject to the tax imposed	2869
by section 5747.02 of the Revised Code or any pass-through	2870
entity that makes the election under division (D) of section	2871
5747.08 of the Revised Code.	2872
(O) "Dependents" means one of the following:	2873
(1) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1,	2874
2018, and before January 1, 2026, dependents as defined in the	2875
Internal Revenue Code;	2876
(2) For all other taxable years, dependents as defined in	2877
the Internal Revenue Code and as claimed in the taxpayer's	2878
federal income tax return for the taxable year or which the	2879

taxpayer would have been permitted to claim had the taxpayer	2880
filed a federal income tax return.	2881
(P) "Principal county of employment" means, in the case of	2882
a nonresident, the county within the state in which a taxpayer	2883
performs services for an employer or, if those services are	2884
performed in more than one county, the county in which the major	2885
portion of the services are performed.	2886
(Q) As used in sections 5747.50 to 5747.55 of the Revised	2887
Code:	2888
(1) "Subdivision" means any county, municipal corporation,	2889
park district, or township.	2890
(2) "Essential local government purposes" includes all	2891
functions that any subdivision is required by general law to	2892
exercise, including like functions that are exercised under a	2893
charter adopted pursuant to the Ohio Constitution.	2894
(R) "Overpayment" means any amount already paid that	2895
exceeds the figure determined to be the correct amount of the	2896
tax.	2897
(S) "Taxable income" or "Ohio taxable income" applies only	2898
to estates and trusts, and means federal taxable income, as	2899
defined and used in the Internal Revenue Code, adjusted as	2900
follows:	2901
(1) Add interest or dividends, net of ordinary, necessary,	2902
and reasonable expenses not deducted in computing federal	2903
taxable income, on obligations or securities of any state or of	2904
any political subdivision or authority of any state, other than	2905
this state and its subdivisions and authorities, but only to the	2906
extent that such net amount is not otherwise includible in Ohio	2907
taxable income and is described in either division (S)(1)(a) or	2908

(b) of this section:	2909
(a) The net amount is not attributable to the S portion of	2910
an electing small business trust and has not been distributed to	2911
beneficiaries for the taxable year;	2912
(b) The net amount is attributable to the S portion of an	2913
electing small business trust for the taxable year.	2914
(2) Add interest or dividends, net of ordinary, necessary,	2915
and reasonable expenses not deducted in computing federal	2916
taxable income, on obligations of any authority, commission,	2917
instrumentality, territory, or possession of the United States	2918
to the extent that the interest or dividends are exempt from	2919
federal income taxes but not from state income taxes, but only	2920
to the extent that such net amount is not otherwise includible	2921
in Ohio taxable income and is described in either division (S)	2922
(1)(a) or (b) of this section;	2923
(3) Add the amount of personal exemption allowed to the	2924
estate pursuant to section 642(b) of the Internal Revenue Code;	2925
(4) Deduct interest or dividends, net of related expenses	2926
deducted in computing federal taxable income, on obligations of	2927
the United States and its territories and possessions or of any	2928
authority, commission, or instrumentality of the United States	2929
to the extent that the interest or dividends are exempt from	2930
state taxes under the laws of the United States, but only to the	2931
extent that such amount is included in federal taxable income	2932
and is described in either division (S)(1)(a) or (b) of this	2933
section;	2934
(5) Deduct the amount of wages and salaries, if any, not	2935
otherwise allowable as a deduction but that would have been	2936
allowable as a deduction in computing federal taxable income for	2937

the taxable year, had the work opportunity tax credit allowed	2938
under sections 38, 51, and 52 of the Internal Revenue Code not	2939
been in effect, but only to the extent such amount relates	2940
either to income included in federal taxable income for the	2941
taxable year or to income of the S portion of an electing small	2942
business trust for the taxable year;	2943
(6) Deduct any interest or interest equivalent, net of	2944
related expenses deducted in computing federal taxable income,	2945
on public obligations and purchase obligations, but only to the	2946
extent that such net amount relates either to income included in	2947
federal taxable income for the taxable year or to income of the	2948
S portion of an electing small business trust for the taxable	2949
year;	2950
(7) Add any loss or deduct any gain resulting from sale,	2951
exchange, or other disposition of public obligations to the	2952
extent that such loss has been deducted or such gain has been	2953
included in computing either federal taxable income or income of	2954
the S portion of an electing small business trust for the	2955
taxable year;	2956
(8) Except in the case of the final return of an estate,	2957
add any amount deducted by the taxpayer on both its Ohio estate	2958
tax return pursuant to section 5731.14 of the Revised Code, and	2959
on its federal income tax return in determining federal taxable	2960
income;	2961
(9)(a) Deduct any amount included in federal taxable	2962
income solely because the amount represents a reimbursement or	2963
refund of expenses that in a previous year the decedent had	2964
deducted as an itemized deduction pursuant to section 63 of the	2965
Internal Revenue Code and applicable treasury regulations. The	2966

deduction otherwise allowed under division (S)(9)(a) of this

section shall be reduced to the extent the reimbursement is	2968
attributable to an amount the taxpayer or decedent deducted	2969
under this section in any taxable year.	2970
(b) Add any amount not otherwise included in Ohio taxable	2971
income for any taxable year to the extent that the amount is	2972
attributable to the recovery during the taxable year of any	2973
amount deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio taxable	2974
income in any taxable year, but only to the extent such amount	2975
has not been distributed to beneficiaries for the taxable year.	2976
(10) Deduct any portion of the deduction described in	2977
section 1341(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, for repaying	2978
previously reported income received under a claim of right, that	2979
meets both of the following requirements:	2980
(a) It is allowable for repayment of an item that was	2981
included in the taxpayer's taxable income or the decedent's	2982
adjusted gross income for a prior taxable year and did not	2983
qualify for a credit under division (A) or (B) of section	2984
5747.05 of the Revised Code for that year.	2985
(b) It does not otherwise reduce the taxpayer's taxable	2986
income or the decedent's adjusted gross income for the current	2987
or any other taxable year.	2988
(11) Add any amount claimed as a credit under section	2989
5747.059 of the Revised Code to the extent that the amount	2990
satisfies either of the following:	2991
(a) The amount was deducted or excluded from the	2992
computation of the taxpayer's federal taxable income as required	2993
to be reported for the taxpayer's taxable year under the	2994
Internal Revenue Code;	2995

(b) The amount resulted in a reduction in the taxpayer's

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federal taxable income as required to be reported for any of the	2997
taxpayer's taxable years under the Internal Revenue Code.	2998
(12) Deduct any amount, net of related expenses deducted	2999
in computing federal taxable income, that a trust is required to	3000
report as farm income on its federal income tax return, but only	3001
if the assets of the trust include at least ten acres of land	3002
satisfying the definition of "land devoted exclusively to	3003
agricultural use" under section 5713.30 of the Revised Code,	3004
regardless of whether the land is valued for tax purposes as	3005
such land under sections 5713.30 to 5713.38 of the Revised Code.	3006
If the trust is a pass-through entity investor, section 5747.231	3007
of the Revised Code applies in ascertaining if the trust is	3008
eligible to claim the deduction provided by division (S)(12) of	3009
this section in connection with the pass-through entity's farm	3010
income.	3011
Except for farm income attributable to the S portion of an	3012
electing small business trust, the deduction provided by	3013
division (S)(12) of this section is allowed only to the extent	3014
that the trust has not distributed such farm income.	3015
(13) Add the net amount of income described in section	3016
641(c) of the Internal Revenue Code to the extent that amount is	3017
not included in federal taxable income.	3018
(14) Deduct the amount the taxpayer would be required to	3019
deduct under division (A)(18) of this section if the taxpayer's	3020
Ohio taxable income <pre>were was computed in the same manner as an</pre>	3021
individual's Ohio adjusted gross income is computed under this	3022
section.	3023

(15) Add, to the extent not otherwise included in

computing taxable income or Ohio taxable income for any taxable

year, the taxpayer's proportionate share of the amount of the	3026
tax levied under section 5747.38 of the Revised Code and paid by	3027
an electing pass-through entity for the taxable year.	3028
(16) Add any income taxes deducted in computing federal	3029
taxable income or Ohio taxable income to the extent the income	3030
taxes were derived from income subject to a tax levied in	3031
another state or the District of Columbia when such tax was	3032
enacted for purposes of complying with internal revenue service	3033
notice 2020-75.	3034
(T) "School district income" and "school district income	3035
tax" have the same meanings as in section 5748.01 of the Revised	3036
Code.	3037
(U) As used in divisions (A)(7), (A)(8), (S)(6), and (S)	3038
(7) of this section, "public obligations," "purchase	3039
obligations," and "interest or interest equivalent" have the	3040
same meanings as in section 5709.76 of the Revised Code.	3041
(V) "Limited liability company" means any limited	3042
liability company formed under former Chapter 1705. of the	3043
Revised Code as that chapter existed prior to February 11, 2022,	3044
Chapter 1706. of the Revised Code, or the laws of any other	3045
state.	3046
(W) "Pass-through entity investor" means any person who,	3047
during any portion of a taxable year of a pass-through entity,	3048
is a partner, member, shareholder, or equity investor in that	3049
pass-through entity.	3050
(X) "Banking day" has the same meaning as in section	3051
1304.01 of the Revised Code.	3052

(Y) "Month" means a calendar month.

(Z) "Quarter" means the first three months, the second	3054
three months, the third three months, or the last three months	3055
of the taxpayer's taxable year.	3056
(AA)(1) "Modified business income" means the business	3057
income included in a trust's Ohio taxable income after such	3058
taxable income is first reduced by the qualifying trust amount,	3059
if any.	3060
(2) "Qualifying trust amount" of a trust means capital	3061
gains and losses from the sale, exchange, or other disposition	3062
of equity or ownership interests in, or debt obligations of, a	3063
qualifying investee to the extent included in the trust's Ohio	3064
taxable income, but only if the following requirements are	3065
satisfied:	3066
(a) The book value of the qualifying investee's physical	3067
assets in this state and everywhere, as of the last day of the	3068
qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar year ending immediately	3069
prior to the date on which the trust recognizes the gain or	3070
loss, is available to the trust.	3071
(b) The requirements of section 5747.011 of the Revised	3072
Code are satisfied for the trust's taxable year in which the	3073
trust recognizes the gain or loss.	3074
Any gain or loss that is not a qualifying trust amount is	3075
modified business income, qualifying investment income, or	3076
modified nonbusiness income, as the case may be.	3077
(3) "Modified nonbusiness income" means a trust's Ohio	3078
taxable income other than modified business income, other than	3079
the qualifying trust amount, and other than qualifying	3080
investment income, as defined in section 5747.012 of the Revised	3081
Code, to the extent such qualifying investment income is not	3082

otherwise part of modified business income.	3083
(4) "Modified Ohio taxable income" applies only to trusts,	3084
and means the sum of the amounts described in divisions (AA)(4)	3085
(a) to (c) of this section:	3086
(a) The fraction, calculated under section 5747.013, and	3087
applying section 5747.231 of the Revised Code, multiplied by the	3088
sum of the following amounts:	3089
(i) The trust's modified business income;	3090
(ii) The trust's qualifying investment income, as defined	3091
in section 5747.012 of the Revised Code, but only to the extent	3092
the qualifying investment income does not otherwise constitute	3093
modified business income and does not otherwise constitute a	3094
qualifying trust amount.	3095
(b) The qualifying trust amount multiplied by a fraction,	3096
the numerator of which is the sum of the book value of the	3097
qualifying investee's physical assets in this state on the last	3098
day of the qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar year ending	3099
immediately prior to the day on which the trust recognizes the	3100
qualifying trust amount, and the denominator of which is the sum	3101
of the book value of the qualifying investee's total physical	3102
assets everywhere on the last day of the qualifying investee's	3103
fiscal or calendar year ending immediately prior to the day on	3104
which the trust recognizes the qualifying trust amount. If, for	3105
a taxable year, the trust recognizes a qualifying trust amount	3106
with respect to more than one qualifying investee, the amount	3107
described in division (AA)(4)(b) of this section shall equal the	3108
sum of the products so computed for each such qualifying	3109
investee.	3110

(c)(i) With respect to a trust or portion of a trust that

is a resident as ascertained in accordance with division (I) (3)	3112
(d) of this section, its modified nonbusiness income.	3113
(ii) With respect to a trust or portion of a trust that is	3114
not a resident as ascertained in accordance with division (I)(3)	3115
(d) of this section, the amount of its modified nonbusiness	3116
income satisfying the descriptions in divisions (B)(2) to (5) of	3117
section 5747.20 of the Revised Code, except as otherwise	3118
provided in division (AA)(4)(c)(ii) of this section. With	3119
respect to a trust or portion of a trust that is not a resident	3120
as ascertained in accordance with division (I)(3)(d) of this	3121
section, the trust's portion of modified nonbusiness income	3122
recognized from the sale, exchange, or other disposition of a	3123
debt interest in or equity interest in a section 5747.212	3124
entity, as defined in section 5747.212 of the Revised Code,	3125
without regard to division (A) of that section, shall not be	3126
allocated to this state in accordance with section 5747.20 of	3127
the Revised Code but shall be apportioned to this state in	3128
accordance with division (B) of section 5747.212 of the Revised	3129
Code without regard to division (A) of that section.	3130
If the allocation and apportionment of a trust's income	3131
under divisions (AA)(4)(a) and (c) of this section do not fairly	3132
represent the modified Ohio taxable income of the trust in this	3133
state, the alternative methods described in division (C) of	3134
section 5747.21 of the Revised Code may be applied in the manner	3135
and to the same extent provided in that section.	3136
(5)(a) Except as set forth in division (AA)(5)(b) of this	3137
section, "qualifying investee" means a person in which a trust	3138
has an equity or ownership interest, or a person or unit of	3139
government the debt obligations of either of which are owned by	3140
a trust. For the purposes of division (AA)(2)(a) of this section	3141

and for the purpose of computing the fraction described in	3142
division (AA)(4)(b) of this section, all of the following apply:	3143
(i) If the qualifying investee is a member of a qualifying	3144
controlled group on the last day of the qualifying investee's	3145
fiscal or calendar year ending immediately prior to the date on	3146
which the trust recognizes the gain or loss, then "qualifying	3147
investee" includes all persons in the qualifying controlled	3148
group on such last day.	3149
(ii) If the qualifying investor or if the qualifying	3150
(ii) If the qualifying investee, or if the qualifying	3151
investee and any members of the qualifying controlled group of	
which the qualifying investee is a member on the last day of the	3152
qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar year ending immediately	3153
prior to the date on which the trust recognizes the gain or	3154
loss, separately or cumulatively own, directly or indirectly, on	3155
the last day of the qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar	3156
year ending immediately prior to the date on which the trust	3157
recognizes the qualifying trust amount, more than fifty per cent	3158
of the equity of a pass-through entity, then the qualifying	3159
investee and the other members are deemed to own the	3160
proportionate share of the pass-through entity's physical assets	3161
which the pass-through entity directly or indirectly owns on the	3162
last day of the pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year	3163
ending within or with the last day of the qualifying investee's	3164
fiscal or calendar year ending immediately prior to the date on	3165
which the trust recognizes the qualifying trust amount.	3166
(iii) For the purposes of division (AA)(5)(a)(iii) of this	3167
section, "upper level pass-through entity" means a pass-through	3168
entity directly or indirectly owning any equity of another pass-	3169
through entity, and "lower level pass-through entity" means that	3170

other pass-through entity.

An upper level pass-through entity, whether or not it is	3172
also a qualifying investee, is deemed to own, on the last day of	3173
the upper level pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year,	3174
the proportionate share of the lower level pass-through entity's	3175
physical assets that the lower level pass-through entity	3176
directly or indirectly owns on the last day of the lower level	3177
pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year ending within or	3178
with the last day of the upper level pass-through entity's	3179
fiscal or calendar year. If the upper level pass-through entity	3180
directly and indirectly owns less than fifty per cent of the	3181
equity of the lower level pass-through entity on each day of the	3182
upper level pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year in	3183
which or with which ends the calendar or fiscal year of the	3184
lower level pass-through entity and if, based upon clear and	3185
convincing evidence, complete information about the location and	3186
cost of the physical assets of the lower pass-through entity is	3187
not available to the upper level pass-through entity, then	3188
solely for purposes of ascertaining if a gain or loss	3189
constitutes a qualifying trust amount, the upper level pass-	3190
through entity shall be deemed as owning no equity of the lower	3191
level pass-through entity for each day during the upper level	3192
pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year in which or with	3193
which ends the lower level pass-through entity's calendar or	3194
fiscal year. Nothing in division (AA)(5)(a)(iii) of this section	3195
shall be construed to provide for any deduction or exclusion in	3196
computing any trust's Ohio taxable income.	3197

(b) With respect to a trust that is not a resident for the 3198 taxable year and with respect to a part of a trust that is not a 3199 resident for the taxable year, "qualifying investee" for that 3200 taxable year does not include a C corporation if both of the 3201 following apply:

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(i) During the taxable year the trust or part of the trust	3203
recognizes a gain or loss from the sale, exchange, or other	3204
disposition of equity or ownership interests in, or debt	3205
obligations of, the C corporation.	3206
(ii) Such gain or loss constitutes nonbusiness income.	3207
(6) "Available" means information is such that a person is	3208
able to learn of the information by the due date plus	3209
extensions, if any, for filing the return for the taxable year	3210
in which the trust recognizes the gain or loss.	3211
(BB) "Qualifying controlled group" has the same meaning as	3212
in section 5733.04 of the Revised Code.	3213
(CC) "Related member" has the same meaning as in section	3214
5733.042 of the Revised Code.	3215
(DD)(1) For the purposes of division (DD) of this section:	3216
(a) "Qualifying person" means any person other than a	3217
qualifying corporation.	3218
(b) "Qualifying corporation" means any person classified	3219
for federal income tax purposes as an association taxable as a	3220
corporation, except either of the following:	3221
(i) A corporation that has made an election under	3222
subchapter S, chapter one, subtitle A, of the Internal Revenue	3223
Code for its taxable year ending within, or on the last day of,	3224
the investor's taxable year;	3225
(ii) A subsidiary that is wholly owned by any corporation	3226
that has made an election under subchapter S, chapter one,	3227
subtitle A of the Internal Revenue Code for its taxable year	3228
ending within, or on the last day of, the investor's taxable	3229
year.	3230

(2) For the purposes of this chapter, unless expressly	3231
stated otherwise, no qualifying person indirectly owns any asset	3232
directly or indirectly owned by any qualifying corporation.	3233
(EE) For purposes of this chapter and Chapter 5751. of the	3234
Revised Code:	3235
(1) "Trust" does not include a qualified pre-income tax	3236
trust.	3237
(2) A "qualified pre-income tax trust" is any pre-income	3238
tax trust that makes a qualifying pre-income tax trust election	3239
as described in division (EE)(3) of this section.	3240
(3) A "qualifying pre-income tax trust election" is an	3241
election by a pre-income tax trust to subject to the tax imposed	3242
by section 5751.02 of the Revised Code the pre-income tax trust	3243
and all pass-through entities of which the trust owns or	3244
controls, directly, indirectly, or constructively through	3245
related interests, five per cent or more of the ownership or	3246
equity interests. The trustee shall notify the tax commissioner	3247
in writing of the election on or before April 15, 2006. The	3248
election, if timely made, shall be effective on and after	3249
January 1, 2006, and shall apply for all tax periods and tax	3250
years until revoked by the trustee of the trust.	3251
(4) A "pre-income tax trust" is a trust that satisfies all	3252
of the following requirements:	3253
(a) The document or instrument creating the trust was	3254
executed by the grantor before January 1, 1972;	3255
(b) The trust became irrevocable upon the creation of the	3256
trust; and	3257
(c) The grantor was domiciled in this state at the time	3258

the trust was created.	3259
(FF) "Uniformed services" means all of the following:	3260
(1) "Armed forces of the United States" as defined in	3261
section 5907.01 of the Revised Code;	3262
(2) The commissioned corps of the national oceanic and	3263
atmospheric administration;	3264
(3) The commissioned corps of the public health service.	3265
(GG) "Taxable business income" means the amount by which	3266
an individual's business income that is included in federal	3267
adjusted gross income exceeds the amount of business income the	3268
individual is authorized to deduct under division (A) (28) of	3269
this section for the taxable year.	3270
(HH) "Employer" does not include a franchisor with respect	3271
to the franchisor's relationship with a franchisee or an	3272
employee of a franchisee, unless the franchisor agrees to assume	3273
that role in writing or a court of competent jurisdiction	3274
determines that the franchisor exercises a type or degree of	3275
control over the franchisee or the franchisee's employees that	3276
is not customarily exercised by a franchisor for the purpose of	3277
protecting the franchisor's trademark, brand, or both. For	3278
purposes of this division, "franchisor" and "franchisee" have	3279
the same meanings as in 16 C.F.R. 436.1.	3280
(II) "Modified adjusted gross income" means Ohio adjusted	3281
gross income plus any amount deducted under divisions (A) (28)	3282
and (34) of this section for the taxable year.	3283
(JJ) "Qualifying Ohio educator" means an individual who,	3284
for a taxable year, qualifies as an eligible educator, as that	3285
term is defined in section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code, and	3286

who holds a certificate, license, or permit described in Chapter	3287
3319. or section 3301.071 of the Revised Code.	3288
(KK) "Employee" does not include a health care worker,	3289
with respect to a health care worker platform or health care	3290
facility for work booked through a health care worker platform,	3291
in accordance with section 4113.87 of the Revised Code.	3292
Section 2. That existing sections 4111.03, 4111.14,	3293
4113.15, 4121.01, 4123.01, 4141.01, and 5747.01 of the Revised	3294
Code are hereby repealed.	3295
Section 3. Section 5747.01 of the Revised Code is	3296
presented in this act as a composite of the section as amended	3297
by both H.B. 101 and S.B. 154 of the 135th General Assembly. The	3298
General Assembly, applying the principle stated in division (B)	3299
of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that amendments are to be	3300
harmonized if reasonably capable of simultaneous operation,	3301
finds that the composite is the resulting version of the section	3302
in effect prior to the effective date of the section as	3303
presented in this act.	3304