## As Passed by the House

**136th General Assembly** 

## Regular Session 2025-2026

Am. H. B. No. 55

**Representative Stewart** 

Cosponsors: Representatives Brennan, Brent, Brownlee, Callender, Glassburn, Grim, Gross, Hall, D., Hiner, Humphrey, Isaacsohn, Jarrells, King, Lawson-Rowe, Mathews, A., Mathews, T., Miller, J., Mohamed, Newman, Oelslager, Piccolantonio, Plummer, Rogers, Russo, Sigrist, Sims, Somani, Sweeney, Synenberg, Tims, Williams, Willis

## A BILL

To amend sections 2127.38 and 5721.10 of the	1
Revised Code to amend the law related to fees	2
for the administration of a probate estate.	3

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

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notwithstanding the purchase of the real property by a lien	16
holder;	17
(2) If the estate is insolvent or if, following the	18
application and distribution of the sale proceeds under this	19
section, the real and personal property in the possession or	20
under the control of the executor or administrator of the estate	21
is insufficient to pay the costs, expenses, or fees incurred by	22
the executor or administrator in the course of administrating	23
the entire estate, including fees for services performed by	24
attorneys employed by the executor or administrator in relation	25
to the administration of the entire estate, a court may fix	26
which of those costs, expenses, and fees, not to exceed an	27
aggregate of five thousand dollars, in addition to the costs,	28
expenses, fees, and compensation authorized by division (A)(1)	29
of this section, shall be paid prior to any liens placed on or	30
after the effective date of this amendment, upon the real	31
property sold and notwithstanding the purchase of the real	32
property by a lien holder.	33
(B) To the payment of taxes, interest, penalties, and	34
assessments then due against the real property, and to the	35
payment of mortgages and judgments against the ward or deceased	36
person, according to their respective priorities of lien, so far	37
as they operated as a lien on the real property of the deceased	38
at the time of the sale, or on the estate of the ward at the	39
time of the sale, that shall be apportioned and determined by	40
the court, or on reference to a master, or otherwise;	41
(C)(1) In the case of an executor or administrator, the	42
remaining proceeds of sale shall be applied as follows:	43
(a) To the payment of legacies with which the real	44
property of the deceased was charged, if the action is to sell	45
property of the decoded and charged, if the decion is to bell	10

real property to pay legacies;

(b) To discharge the claims and debts of the estate in the order provided by law.

(2) Whether the executor or administrator was appointed in this state or elsewhere, the surplus of the proceeds of sale shall be considered for all purposes as real property, and be disposed of accordingly.

Sec. 5721.10. Except as otherwise provided under section 53 2127.38 or 5301.93, or sections 5721.30 to 5721.43 of the 54 Revised Code, the state shall have the first lien on the lands 55 and lots described in the delinquent land list, for the amount 56 of taxes, assessments, interest, and penalty charged prior to 57 the delivery of such list. If the taxes have not been paid for 58 one year after having been certified as delinguent, the state 59 shall institute foreclosure proceedings in the manner provided 60 by section 323.25, sections 323.65 to 323.79, or sections 61 5721.01 to 5721.28 of the Revised Code, unless a tax certificate 62 respecting that property has been sold or assigned under section 63 5721.32 or 5721.33 of the Revised Code, or unless such taxes are 64 the subject of a valid delinquent tax contract under section 65 323.31 of the Revised Code for which the county treasurer has 66 not made certification to the county auditor that the delinquent 67 tax contract has become void. The court shall levy, as costs in 68 the foreclosure proceedings instituted on the certification of 69 delinquency, the cost of an abstract or certificate of title to 70 71 the property described in the certification, if it is required by the court, to be paid into the general fund of the county. 72 Sections 5721.01 to 5721.28 of the Revised Code do not prevent 73 the partial payment of such delinquent taxes, assessments, 74 interest, and penalty during the period the delinquency is being 75

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discharged in accordance with a delinquent tax contract under	76
section 323.31 of the Revised Code, but the partial payments may	77
be made and received as provided by law without prejudice to the	78
right of the state to institute foreclosure proceedings for any	79
amount then remaining unpaid, if the county treasurer certifies	80
to the county auditor that the delinquent tax contract has	81
become void.	82

Section 2.	That	existing	sections	2127.38	and	5721.10	of	83
the Revised Code	are 1	hereby re	pealed.					84