

**As Passed by the Senate**

**136th General Assembly**

**Regular Session**

**2025-2026**

**H. B. No. 64**

**Representatives Thomas, D., Deeter**

**Cosponsors: Representatives Bird, Lear, Lorenz, Stewart, Glassburn, Troy, Jones, Gross, Salvo, Miller, J., Williams, Miller, K., Dean, John, Hiner, Johnson, Sigrist, Kishman, Miller, M., Robb Blasdel, Klopfenstein, Fowler Arthur, Brennan, Fischer, Richardson, Mathews, T., Abrams, Brent, Brewer, Brownlee, Callender, Claggett, Click, Creech, Daniels, Demetriou, Denson, Ferguson, Ghanbari, Grim, Hall, T., Hoops, King, Lampton, LaRe, Lett, Manning, Mathews, A., McClain, McNally, Mohamed, Mullins, Newman, Odioso, Oelslager, Peterson, Pizzulli, Plummer, Rader, Ray, Ritter, Roemer, Rogers, Russo, Santucci, Schmidt, Sims, Sweeney, Synenberg, Teska, Thomas, C., White, A., White, E., Workman, Young**

**Senators Antonio, Brenner, Cirino, Craig, Cutrona, DeMora, Gavarone, Hicks-Hudson, Huffman, Ingram, Johnson, Landis, O'Brien, Patton, Reineke, Reynolds, Roegner, Romanchuk, Schaffer, Timken, Weinstein**

---

**A BILL**

|   |   |
|---|---|
| To amend sections 1533.10, 1533.11, 1533.111,   | 1 |
| 1533.32, and 1533.321 of the Revised Code to    | 2 |
| allow Ohio residents who are 65 and up, instead | 3 |
| of 66 and up, to qualify for discounted hunting | 4 |
| and fishing licenses and permits.               | 5 |

**BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:**

|   |   |
|---|---|
| <b>Section 1.</b> That sections 1533.10, 1533.11, 1533.111,     | 6 |
| 1533.32, and 1533.321 of the Revised Code be amended to read as | 7 |
| follows:  | 8 |

|  |    |
|--|----|
| <b>Sec. 1533.10.</b> (A) Except as provided in this section or | 9  |
| division (A) (2) of section 1533.12 or section 1533.73 or      | 10 |

1533.731 of the Revised Code, no person shall hunt any wild bird 11  
or wild quadruped without a hunting license. Each day that any 12  
person hunts within the state without procuring such a license 13  
constitutes a separate offense. 14

(B) (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, 15  
division (A) of section 1533.12 of the Revised Code, or in rules 16  
adopted under division (B) of that section, each applicant for a 17  
hunting license shall pay an annual fee for each annual license 18  
in accordance with the following schedule: 19

20

1

2

|   |   |          |
|---|---|----------|
| A | Hunting license - resident  | \$18.00  |
| B | Hunting license - nonresident that is not a resident of a reciprocal state, ages 18 and older | \$174.00 |
| C | Hunting license - nonresident that is a resident of a reciprocal state, ages 18 and older     | \$18.00  |
| D | Apprentice hunting license - resident   | \$18.00  |
| E | Apprentice hunting license - nonresident that is not a resident of a reciprocal state         | \$174.00 |
| F | Apprentice hunting license - nonresident that is a resident of a reciprocal state             | \$18.00  |
| G | Youth hunting license - resident and nonresident  | \$9.00   |
| H | Apprentice youth hunting license - resident   | \$9.00   |
| I | Senior hunting license - resident   | \$9.00   |

(C) A resident of this state who owns lands in the state  
and the owner's children of any age and grandchildren under  
eighteen years of age may hunt on the lands without a hunting  
license. A resident of any other state who owns real property in  
this state, and the spouse and children living with the property  
owner, may hunt on that property without a license, provided  
that the state of residence of the real property owner allows  
residents of this state owning real property in that state, and  
the spouse and children living with the property owner, to hunt  
without a license. If the owner of land in this state is a  
limited liability company or a limited liability partnership  
that consists of three or fewer individual members or partners,  
as applicable, an individual member or partner who is a resident  
of this state and the member's or partner's children of any age

and grandchildren under eighteen years of age may hunt on the 48  
land owned by the limited liability company or limited liability 49  
partnership without a hunting license. In addition, if the owner 50  
of land in this state is a trust that has a total of three or 51  
fewer trustees and beneficiaries, an individual who is a trustee 52  
or beneficiary and who is a resident of this state and the 53  
individual's children of any age and grandchildren under 54  
eighteen years of age may hunt on the land owned by the trust 55  
without a hunting license. The tenant and children of the 56  
tenant, residing on lands in the state, may hunt on them without 57  
a hunting license. 58

(D) The chief of the division of wildlife may issue a 59  
small game hunting license expiring three days from the 60  
effective date of the license to a nonresident of the state, the 61  
fee for which is thirty-nine dollars. No person shall take or 62  
possess deer, wild turkeys, fur-bearing animals, ducks, geese, 63  
brant, or any nongame animal while possessing only a small game 64  
hunting license. 65

A small game hunting license or an apprentice nonresident 66  
hunting license does not authorize the taking or possessing of 67  
ducks, geese, or brant without having obtained, in addition to 68  
the small game hunting license or the apprentice nonresident 69  
hunting license, a wetlands habitat stamp as provided in section 70  
1533.112 of the Revised Code. A small game hunting license or an 71  
apprentice nonresident hunting license does not authorize the 72  
taking or possessing of deer, wild turkeys, or fur-bearing 73  
animals. A nonresident of the state who wishes to take or 74  
possess deer, wild turkeys, or fur-bearing animals in this state 75  
shall procure, respectively, a deer or wild turkey permit as 76  
provided in section 1533.11 of the Revised Code or a fur taker 77  
permit as provided in section 1533.111 of the Revised Code in 78

addition to a nonresident hunting license, an apprentice 79  
nonresident hunting license, a special youth hunting license, or 80  
an apprentice youth hunting license, as applicable, as provided 81  
in this section. 82

(E) No person shall procure or attempt to procure a 83  
hunting license by fraud, deceit, misrepresentation, or any 84  
false statement. 85

(F) (1) This section does not authorize the taking and 86  
possessing of deer or wild turkeys without first having 87  
obtained, in addition to the hunting license required by this 88  
section, a deer or wild turkey permit as provided in section 89  
1533.11 of the Revised Code or the taking and possessing of 90  
ducks, geese, or brant without first having obtained, in 91  
addition to the hunting license required by this section, a 92  
wetlands habitat stamp as provided in section 1533.112 of the 93  
Revised Code. 94

(2) This section does not authorize the hunting or 95  
trapping of fur-bearing animals without first having obtained, 96  
in addition to a hunting license required by this section, a fur 97  
taker permit as provided in section 1533.111 of the Revised 98  
Code. 99

(G) (1) No hunting license shall be issued unless it is 100  
accompanied by a written explanation of the law in section 101  
1533.17 of the Revised Code and the penalty for its violation, 102  
including a description of terms of imprisonment and fines that 103  
may be imposed. 104

(2) No hunting license, other than an apprentice hunting 105  
license, shall be issued unless the applicant presents to the 106  
agent authorized to issue the license a previously held hunting 107

license or evidence of having held such a license in content and 108  
manner approved by the chief, a certificate of completion issued 109  
upon completion of a hunter education and conservation course 110  
approved by the chief, or evidence of equivalent training in 111  
content and manner approved by the chief. A previously held 112  
apprentice hunting license does not satisfy the requirement 113  
concerning the presentation of a previously held hunting license 114  
or evidence of it. 115

(3) No person shall issue a hunting license, except an 116  
apprentice hunting license, to any person who fails to present 117  
the evidence required by this section. No person shall purchase 118  
or obtain a hunting license, other than an apprentice hunting 119  
license, without presenting to the issuing agent the evidence 120  
required by this section. Issuance of a hunting license in 121  
violation of the requirements of this section is an offense by 122  
both the purchaser of the illegally obtained hunting license and 123  
the clerk or agent who issued the hunting license. Any hunting 124  
license issued in violation of this section is void. 125

(H) The chief, with approval of the wildlife council, 126  
shall adopt rules prescribing a hunter education and 127  
conservation course for first-time hunting license buyers, other 128  
than buyers of apprentice hunting licenses, and for volunteer 129  
instructors. The course shall consist of subjects including, but 130  
not limited to, hunter safety and health, use of hunting 131  
implements, hunting tradition and ethics, the hunter and 132  
conservation, the law in section 1533.17 of the Revised Code 133  
along with the penalty for its violation, including a 134  
description of terms of imprisonment and fines that may be 135  
imposed, and other law relating to hunting. Authorized personnel 136  
of the division or volunteer instructors approved by the chief 137  
shall conduct such courses with such frequency and at such 138

locations throughout the state as to reasonably meet the needs 139  
of license applicants. The chief shall issue a certificate of 140  
completion to each person who successfully completes the course 141  
and passes an examination prescribed by the chief. 142

**Sec. 1533.11.** (A) (1) Except as provided in this section or 143  
section 1533.731 of the Revised Code, no person shall hunt deer 144  
on lands of another without first obtaining an annual deer 145  
permit. Except as provided in this section, no person shall hunt 146  
wild turkeys on lands of another without first obtaining an 147  
annual wild turkey permit. A deer or wild turkey permit is valid 148  
during the hunting license year in which the permit is 149  
purchased. Except as provided in rules adopted under division 150  
(B) of section 1533.12 of the Revised Code, each applicant for a 151  
deer or wild turkey permit shall pay an annual fee for each 152  
permit in accordance with the following schedule: 153  
154

|   | 1   | 2       |
|---|---|---------|
| A | Deer permit - resident                              | \$30.00 |
| B | Deer permit - nonresident                           | \$74.00 |
| C | Youth deer permit - resident and nonresident        | \$15.00 |
| D | Senior deer permit - resident                       | \$11.00 |
| E | Wild turkey permit - resident                       | \$30.00 |
| F | Wild turkey permit - nonresident                    | \$37.00 |
| G | Youth wild turkey permit - resident and nonresident | \$15.00 |
| H | Senior wild turkey permit - resident                | \$11.00 |

(2) As used in division (A) (1) of this section: 155

(a) "Youth" means an applicant who is under the age of 156  
eighteen years at the time of application for a permit. 157

(b) "Senior" means an applicant who is ~~sixty-six~~ sixty-five 158  
years of age or older at the time of application for a 159  
permit. 160

(3) The money received shall be paid into the state 161  
treasury to the credit of the wildlife fund, created in section 162  
1531.17 of the Revised Code, exclusively for the use of the 163  
division of wildlife in the acquisition and development of land 164  
for deer or wild turkey management, for investigating deer or 165  
wild turkey problems, and for the stocking, management, and 166  
protection of deer or wild turkey. 167

(4) Every person, while hunting deer or wild turkey on 168  
lands of another, shall carry the person's deer or wild turkey 169  
permit and exhibit it to any enforcement officer so requesting. 170  
Failure to so carry and exhibit such a permit constitutes an 171  
offense under this section. 172

(5) The chief of the division of wildlife shall adopt any 173  
additional rules the chief considers necessary to carry out this 174  
section and section 1533.10 of the Revised Code. 175

(6) An owner who is a resident of this state or an owner 176  
who is exempt from obtaining a hunting license under section 177  
1533.10 of the Revised Code and the children of the owner of 178  
lands in this state may hunt deer or wild turkey thereon without 179  
a deer or wild turkey permit. If the owner of land in this state 180  
is a limited liability company or a limited liability 181  
partnership that consists of three or fewer individual members 182  
or partners, as applicable, an individual member or partner who 183



is a resident of this state and the member's or partner's 184  
children of any age may hunt deer or wild turkey on the land 185  
owned by the limited liability company or limited liability 186  
partnership without a deer or wild turkey permit. In addition, 187  
if the owner of land in this state is a trust that has a total 188  
of three or fewer trustees and beneficiaries, an individual who 189  
is a trustee or beneficiary and who is a resident of this state 190  
and the individual's children of any age may hunt deer or wild 191  
turkey on the land owned by the trust without a deer or wild 192  
turkey permit. The tenant and children of the tenant may hunt 193  
deer or wild turkey on lands where they reside without a deer or 194  
wild turkey permit. 195

(B) A deer or wild turkey permit is not transferable. No 196  
person shall carry a deer or wild turkey permit issued in the 197  
name of another person. 198

(C) The wildlife refunds fund is hereby created in the 199  
state treasury. The fund shall consist of money received from 200  
application fees for deer permits that are not issued. Money in 201  
the fund shall be used to make refunds of such application fees. 202

(D) If the division establishes a system for the 203  
electronic submission of information regarding deer or wild 204  
turkey that are taken, the division shall allow the owner and 205  
the children of the owner of lands in this state to use the 206  
owner's name or address for purposes of submitting that 207  
information electronically via that system. 208

**Sec. 1533.111.** (A) Except as provided in this section or 209  
division (A) (2) of section 1533.12 of the Revised Code, no 210  
person shall hunt or trap fur-bearing animals on land of another 211  
without first obtaining some type of an annual fur taker permit. 212

(B) (1) Except as otherwise provided in rules adopted under 213  
division (B) of section 1533.12 of the Revised Code, each 214  
applicant for a fur taker permit or an apprentice fur taker 215  
permit shall pay an annual fee for each annual permit in 216  
accordance with the following schedule: 217  
218

|   | 1  | 2       |
|---|--|---------|
| A | Fur taker permit                                   | \$14.00 |
| B | Apprentice fur taker permit                        | \$14.00 |
| C | Senior fur taker permit - resident only            | \$7.00  |
| D | Apprentice senior fur taker permit - resident only | \$7.00  |
| E | Special youth fur taker permit                     | \$7.00  |
| F | Apprentice youth fur taker permit                  | \$7.00  |

(2) As used in division (B) (1) of this section: 219

(a) "Youth" means an applicant who is under the age of 220  
eighteen years at the time of application for a permit. 221

(b) "Senior" means an applicant who is ~~sixty-six~~ sixty-five 222  
years of age or older at the time of application for a 223  
permit. 224

(C) Each type of fur taker permit is valid during the 225  
hunting license year in which the permit is purchased. The money 226  
received shall be paid into the state treasury to the credit of 227  
the fund established in section 1533.15 of the Revised Code. 228  
Apprentice fur taker permits and apprentice youth fur taker 229  
permits are subject to the requirements established under 230

section 1533.102 of the Revised Code and rules adopted pursuant 231  
to it. 232

(D) (1) No person shall issue a fur taker permit to an 233  
applicant unless it is accompanied by a written explanation of 234  
the law in section 1533.17 of the Revised Code and the penalty 235  
for its violation, including a description of terms of 236  
imprisonment and fines that may be imposed. 237

(2) No person shall issue a fur taker permit, other than 238  
an apprentice fur taker permit or an apprentice youth fur taker 239  
permit, to an applicant unless the applicant presents to the 240  
agent authorized to issue a fur taker permit a previously held 241  
hunting license or trapping or fur taker permit or evidence of 242  
having held such a license or permit in content and manner 243  
approved by the chief of the division of wildlife, a certificate 244  
of completion issued upon completion of a trapper education 245  
course approved by the chief, or evidence of equivalent training 246  
in content and manner approved by the chief. A previously held 247  
apprentice hunting license, apprentice fur taker permit, or 248  
apprentice youth fur taker permit does not satisfy the 249  
requirement concerning the presentation of a previously held 250  
hunting license or fur taker permit or evidence of such a 251  
license or permit. 252

(3) No person shall issue a fur taker permit, other than 253  
an apprentice fur taker permit or an apprentice youth fur taker 254  
permit, to any person who fails to present the evidence required 255  
by this section. No person shall purchase or obtain a fur taker 256  
permit, other than an apprentice fur taker permit or an 257  
apprentice youth fur taker permit, without presenting to the 258  
issuing agent the evidence required by this section. Issuance of 259  
a fur taker permit in violation of the requirements of this 260

section is an offense by both the purchaser of the illegally 261  
obtained permit and the clerk or agent who issued the permit. 262  
Any fur taker permit issued in violation of this section is 263  
void. 264

(E) The chief, with approval of the wildlife council, 265  
shall adopt rules prescribing a trapper education course for 266  
first-time fur taker permit buyers, other than buyers of 267  
apprentice fur taker permits or apprentice youth fur taker 268  
permits, and for volunteer instructors. The course shall consist 269  
of subjects that include, but are not limited to, trapping 270  
techniques, animal habits and identification, trapping tradition 271  
and ethics, the trapper and conservation, the law in section 272  
1533.17 of the Revised Code along with the penalty for its 273  
violation, including a description of terms of imprisonment and 274  
fines that may be imposed, and other law relating to trapping. 275  
Authorized personnel of the division of wildlife or volunteer 276  
instructors approved by the chief shall conduct the courses with 277  
such frequency and at such locations throughout the state as to 278  
reasonably meet the needs of permit applicants. The chief shall 279  
issue a certificate of completion to each person who 280  
successfully completes the course and passes an examination 281  
prescribed by the chief. 282

(F) Every person, while hunting or trapping fur-bearing 283  
animals on lands of another, shall carry the person's fur taker 284  
permit with the person's signature written on the permit. 285  
Failure to carry such a signed permit constitutes an offense 286  
under this section. The chief shall adopt any additional rules 287  
the chief considers necessary to carry out this section. 288

(G) An owner who is a resident of this state or an owner 289  
who is exempt from obtaining a hunting license under section 290

1533.10 of the Revised Code and the children of the owner of 291  
lands in this state may hunt or trap fur-bearing animals thereon 292  
without a fur taker permit. If the owner of land in this state 293  
is a limited liability company or a limited liability 294  
partnership that consists of three or fewer individual members 295  
or partners, as applicable, an individual member or partner who 296  
is a resident of this state and the member's or partner's 297  
children of any age may hunt or trap fur-bearing animals on the 298  
land owned by the limited liability company or limited liability 299  
partnership without a fur taker permit. In addition, if the 300  
owner of land in this state is a trust that has a total of three 301  
or fewer trustees and beneficiaries, an individual who is a 302  
trustee or beneficiary and who is a resident of this state and 303  
the individual's children of any age may hunt or trap fur- 304  
bearing animals on the land owned by the trust without a fur 305  
taker permit. The tenant and children of the tenant may hunt or 306  
trap fur-bearing animals on lands where they reside without a 307  
fur taker permit. 308

(H) A fur taker permit is not transferable. No person 309  
shall carry a fur taker permit issued in the name of another 310  
person. 311

(I) A fur taker permit entitles a nonresident to take from 312  
this state fur-bearing animals taken and possessed by the 313  
nonresident as provided by law or division rule. 314

**Sec. 1533.32.** (A) Except as provided in this section or 315  
division (A)(2) or (C) of section 1533.12 of the Revised Code or 316  
as exempted at the discretion of the chief of the division of 317  
wildlife, no person, including nonresidents, shall take or catch 318  
any fish by angling in any of the waters in the state or engage 319  
in fishing in those waters without a license. No person shall 320

take or catch frogs or turtles without a valid fishing license, 321  
except as provided in this section. Persons fishing in privately 322  
owned ponds, lakes, or reservoirs to or from which fish are not 323  
accustomed to migrate are exempt from the license requirements 324  
set forth in this section. Persons fishing in privately owned 325  
ponds, lakes, or reservoirs that are open to public fishing 326  
through an agreement or lease with the division of wildlife 327  
shall comply with the license requirements set forth in this 328  
section. 329

(B) (1) Except as otherwise provided in rules adopted under 330  
division (B) of section 1533.12 of the Revised Code, each 331  
applicant for a fishing license shall pay a fee for each license 332  
in accordance with the following schedule: 333  
334

1

2

|   |  |         |
|---|--|---------|
| A | Annual fishing license - resident  | \$24.00 |
| B | Annual fishing license - nonresident that is<br>not a resident of a reciprocal state               | \$49.00 |
| C | Annual fishing license - nonresident that is<br>a resident of a reciprocal state                   | \$24.00 |
| D | Annual senior fishing license - resident   | \$9.00  |
| E | Three-day tourist fishing license -<br>nonresident that is not a resident of a<br>reciprocal state | \$24.00 |
| F | One-day fishing license  | \$13.00 |

(2) As used in division (B) (1) of this section: 335

(a) "Reciprocal state" means a state that is a party to an 336  
agreement under section 1533.91 of the Revised Code. 337

(b) "Senior" means an applicant who is ~~sixty-six~~ sixty- 338  
five years of age or older at the time of application for a 339  
license. 340

(3) Any person under the age of sixteen years may take or 341  
catch frogs and turtles and take or catch fish by angling 342  
without a license. 343

(C) (1) The chief of the division of wildlife may issue a 344  
tourist's license expiring three days from the effective date of 345  
the license to a resident of a state that is not a party to an 346  
agreement under section 1533.91 of the Revised Code. 347

(2) The chief shall adopt rules under section 1531.10 of 348  
the Revised Code providing for the issuance of a one-day fishing 349  
license to a resident of this state or of any other state. A 350  
one-day fishing license shall allow the holder to take or catch 351  
fish by angling in the waters in the state, engage in fishing in 352  
those waters, or take or catch frogs or turtles in those waters 353  
for one day without obtaining an annual license or a tourist's 354  
license under this section. At the request of a holder of a one- 355  
day fishing license who wishes to obtain an annual license, a 356  
clerk or agent authorized to issue licenses under section 357  
1533.13 of the Revised Code, not later than the last day on 358  
which the one-day license would be valid if it were an annual 359  
license, shall credit the amount of the fee paid for the one-day 360  
license toward the fee charged for the annual license if so 361  
authorized by the chief. The clerk or agent shall issue the 362  
annual license upon presentation of the one-day license and 363  
payment of a fee in an amount equal to the difference between 364  
the fee for the annual license and the fee for the one-day 365

license. 366

(3) Unless otherwise provided by division rule, each 367  
annual license shall begin on the date of issuance and expire a 368  
year from the date of issuance. 369

(4) Unless otherwise provided by division rule, each 370  
multi-year license issued in accordance with section 1533.321 of 371  
the Revised Code shall begin on the date of issuance and expire 372  
three years, five years, or ten years from the date of issuance, 373  
as applicable. 374

(5) No person shall alter a fishing license or possess a 375  
fishing license that has been altered. 376

(6) No person shall procure or attempt to procure a 377  
fishing license by fraud, deceit, misrepresentation, or any 378  
false statement. 379

(7) A resident of this state who owns land over, through, 380  
upon, or along which any water flows or stands, except where the 381  
land is in or borders on state parks or state-owned lakes, 382  
together with the members of the immediate families of such 383  
owners, may take frogs and turtles and may take or catch fish of 384  
the kind permitted to be taken or caught therefrom without 385  
procuring a license provided for in this section. This exemption 386  
extends to tenants actually residing upon such lands and to the 387  
members of the immediate families of the tenants. A resident of 388  
any other state who owns land in this state over, through, upon, 389  
or along which any water flows or stands, except where the land 390  
is in or borders on state parks or state-owned lakes, and the 391  
spouse and children living with the owner, may take frogs and 392  
turtles and may take or catch fish of the kind permitted to be 393  
taken or caught from that water without obtaining a license 394



under this section, provided that the state of residence of the 395  
owner allows residents of this state owning real property in 396  
that state, and the spouse and children living with such a 397  
property owner, to take frogs and turtles and take or catch fish 398  
without a license. If the owner of such land in this state is a 399  
limited liability company or a limited liability partnership 400  
that consists of three or fewer individual members or partners, 401  
as applicable, an individual member or partner who is a resident 402  
of this state and the member's or partner's children of any age 403  
may take frogs and turtles and may take or catch fish of the 404  
kind permitted to be taken or caught therefrom without procuring 405  
a license provided for in this section. In addition, if the 406  
owner of such land in this state is a trust that has a total of 407  
three or fewer trustees and beneficiaries, an individual who is 408  
a trustee or beneficiary and who is a resident of this state and 409  
the individual's children of any age may take frogs and turtles 410  
and may take or catch fish of the kind permitted to be taken or 411  
caught therefrom without procuring a license provided for in 412  
this section. Residents of state or county institutions, 413  
charitable institutions, and military homes in this state may 414  
take frogs and turtles without procuring the required license, 415  
provided that a member of the institution or home has an 416  
identification card, which shall be carried on that person when 417  
fishing. 418

(8) Every fisher required to be licensed, while fishing or 419  
taking or attempting to take frogs or turtles, shall carry the 420  
license and exhibit it to any person. Failure to so carry and 421  
exhibit the license constitutes an offense under this section. 422

**Sec. 1533.321.** (A) The chief of the division of wildlife 423  
may issue any of the following: 424

(1) Multi-year hunting or fishing licenses for three-, 425  
five-, or ten-year terms to a resident of this state; 426

(2) Lifetime hunting or fishing licenses to a resident of 427  
this state; 428

(3) A package consisting of any combination of license, 429  
stamp, or permit that the chief is authorized to issue under 430  
this chapter. 431

(B) The chief may adopt rules in accordance with section 432  
1531.10 of the Revised Code governing multi-year hunting and 433  
fishing licenses, lifetime hunting and fishing licenses, and 434  
combination packages, including rules establishing fees for the 435  
combination packages. The chief shall ensure that the price for 436  
a combination package is not discounted by more than five per 437  
cent of the total fees for the licenses, permits, or stamps that 438  
a person would otherwise pay for those licenses, permits, or 439  
stamps if the person purchased them individually. 440

(C) (1) The multi-year and lifetime license fund is hereby 441  
created in the state treasury. The fund shall consist of money 442  
received from application fees for multi-year and lifetime 443  
hunting and fishing licenses. 444

(2) Each fiscal year, a prorated amount of the money from 445  
each multi-year and lifetime license fee shall be transferred 446  
from the multi-year and lifetime license fund to the fund into 447  
which the applicable single year license fee would otherwise be 448  
deposited. The prorated amount shall equal the total amount of 449  
the fee charged for the license divided by the number of years 450  
the license is valid. The chief shall adopt rules in accordance 451  
with section 1531.10 of the Revised Code for the administration 452  
of this division, including establishing a system that prorates 453

lifetime license fees for deposit each year into the wildlife 454  
fund created in section 1531.17 of the Revised Code. 455

(3) Each fiscal year, all previous year's investment 456  
earnings from the multi-year and lifetime license fund shall be 457  
transferred into the wildlife fund created in section 1531.17 of 458  
the Revised Code. 459

(D) (1) Each applicant for a multi-year or lifetime fishing 460  
license who is a resident of this state shall pay a fee for each 461  
license in accordance with the following schedule: 462

463

464

1

2

|   |                                 |          |
|---|---------------------------------|----------|
| A | Senior 3-year fishing license   | \$26.00  |
| B | Senior 5-year fishing license   | \$43.34  |
| C | Senior lifetime fishing license | \$81.00  |
| D | 3-year fishing license          | \$69.34  |
| E | 5-year fishing license          | \$115.56 |
| F | 10-year fishing license         | \$231.12 |
| G | Lifetime fishing license        | \$576.00 |
| H | Youth lifetime fishing license  | \$414.00 |

(2) As used in division (D) (1) of this section: 465

(a) "Youth" means an applicant who is under the age of 466  
sixteen years at the time of application for a license. 467

(b) "Senior" means an applicant who is ~~sixty-six~~ sixty-five years of age or older at the time of application for a license.

(E) (1) Each applicant for a multi-year or lifetime hunting license who is a resident of this state shall pay a fee for each license in accordance with the following schedule:

|   | 1                               | 2        |
|---|---------------------------------|----------|
| A | Senior 3-year hunting license   | \$26.00  |
| B | Senior 5-year hunting license   | \$43.34  |
| C | Senior lifetime hunting license | \$81.00  |
| D | Youth 3-year hunting license    | \$26.00  |
| E | Youth 5-year hunting license    | \$43.34  |
| F | Youth 10-year hunting license   | \$86.67  |
| G | Youth lifetime hunting license  | \$414.00 |
| H | 3-year hunting license          | \$52.00  |
| I | 5-year hunting license          | \$86.75  |
| J | 10-year hunting license         | \$173.34 |
| K | Lifetime hunting license        | \$432.00 |

(2) As used in division (E) (1) of this section:

(a) "Youth" means an applicant who is under the age of

eighteen years at the time of application for a license. 478

(b) "Senior" means an applicant who is ~~sixty-six~~ sixty-five years of age or older at the time of application for a license. 479  
480  
481

(F) If a person who is issued a multi-year hunting or 482  
fishing license or lifetime hunting or fishing license in 483  
accordance with division (A) of this section subsequently 484  
becomes a nonresident after issuance of the license, the 485  
person's license remains valid in this state during its term, 486  
regardless of residency status. 487

**Section 2.** That existing sections 1533.10, 1533.11, 488  
1533.111, 1533.32, and 1533.321 of the Revised Code are hereby 489  
repealed. 490