

As Introduced

136th General Assembly

Regular Session

H. B. No. 656

2025-2026

Representative Williams

Cosponsors: Representatives Hall, T., Robb Blasdel

A BILL

To amend sections 2903.14 and 2927.15 of the
Revised Code to create the offense of negligent
assault of a peace officer.

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BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 2903.14 and 2927.15 of the
Revised Code be amended to read as follows:

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Sec. 2903.14. (A) No person shall negligently, by means of
a deadly weapon or dangerous ordnance as defined in section
2923.11 of the Revised Code, cause physical harm to another or
to another's unborn.

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(B) No person shall negligently cause physical harm to a
peace officer as a result of possessing a controlled substance
or a controlled substance analog or drug paraphernalia.

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(C) (1) Whoever violates division (A) of this section is
guilty of negligent assault, a misdemeanor of the third degree.

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(2) (a) Except as provided in division (C) (2) (b) of this
section, whoever violates division (B) of this section is guilty
of negligent assault of a peace officer, a misdemeanor of the

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<u>first degree.</u>	18
(b) <u>If the physical harm also results in a substantial risk of exposure to an infectious disease, negligent assault of a peace officer is a felony of the fifth degree. The presence of an infectious disease shall be determined by collection of blood, urine, tissue, or other relevant bodily substance from the defendant by a peace officer or other person ordered to do so by the court.</u>	19 20 21 22 23 24 25
(C) <u>As used in this section, "peace officer" has the same meaning as in section 109.71 of the Revised Code.</u>	26 27
Sec. 2927.15. (A) <u>No person shall knowingly collect any blood, urine, tissue, or other bodily substance of another person without privilege or consent to do so.</u>	28 29 30
(B) (1) <u>Division (A) of this section does not apply to any of the following:</u>	31 32
(a) <u>The collection of any bodily substance of a person by a law enforcement officer, or by another person pursuant to the direction or advice of a law enforcement officer, for purposes of a chemical test or tests of the substance under division (A) (1) of section 1547.111 or division (A) (2) of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code to determine the alcohol, drug, controlled substance, metabolite of a controlled substance, or combination content of the bodily substance;</u>	33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40
(b) <u>The collection of any bodily substance of a person by a peace officer, or by another person pursuant to the direction or advice of a peace officer, for purposes of a test or tests of the substance as provided in division (A) of section 4506.17 of the Revised Code to determine the person's alcohol concentration or the presence of any controlled substance or metabolite of a</u>	41 42 43 44 45 46

controlled substance; 47

(c) The collection of any bodily substance of a person by 48
a peace officer, or by another person pursuant to a court order, 49
for purposes of a test or tests of the substance to determine 50
the presence of an infectious disease in relation to a charge 51
under division (B) of section 2903.14 of the Revised Code. 52

(2) Division (B)(1) of this section shall not be construed 53
as implying that the persons identified in divisions (B)(1)(a) 54
and (b) of this section do not have privilege to collect the 55
bodily substance of another person as described in those 56
divisions or as limiting the definition of "privilege" set forth 57
in section 2901.01 of the Revised Code. 58

(C) Whoever violates division (A) of this section is 59
guilty of unlawful collection of a bodily substance. Except as 60
otherwise provided in this division, unlawful collection of a 61
bodily substance is a misdemeanor of the first degree. If the 62
offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a 63
violation of division (A) of this section, unlawful collection 64
of a bodily substance is a felony of the fifth degree. 65

Section 2. That existing sections 2903.14 and 2927.15 of 66
the Revised Code are hereby repealed. 67