### As Introduced

136th General Assembly Regular Session 2025-2026

H. B. No. 88

19

**Representatives Abrams, Plummer** 

# A BILL

To amend sections 2923.31, 2925.01, 2925.03,	1
2925.11, 2929.14, 2941.1422, 3313.60, 3314.03,	2
3326.11, 3328.24, and 3705.08 and to enact	3
sections 5.57, 2905.321, 2941.1427, 3313.6031,	4
3313.6032, and 3345.372 of the Revised Code to	5
increase penalties for drug trafficking above	6
certain amounts, to prohibit organized	7
trafficking of persons, to require schools and	8
institutions of higher education to incorporate	9
instruction and policies on fentanyl awareness	10
and abuse prevention, and to designate the month	11
of August as "Fentanyl Poisoning Awareness	12
Month."	13

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 2923.31, 2925.01, 2925.03,	14
2925.11, 2929.14, 2941.1422, 3313.60, 3314.03, 3326.11, 3328.24,	15
and 3705.08 be amended and sections 5.57, 2905.321, 2941.1427,	16
3313.6031, 3313.6032, and 3345.372 of the Revised Code be	17
enacted to read as follows:	18

Sec. 5.57. The month of August is designated as "Fentanyl

Poisoning Awareness Month" to increase awareness of the dangers	20
of fentanyl and potential overdoses.	21
Sec. 2905.321. (A) As used in this section:	22
(1) "Trafficking in persons" means a violation of section	23
2905.32 of the Revised Code.	24
(2) "Public official" and "public servant" have the same	25
meanings as in section 2921.01 of the Revised Code.	26
(3) "Organization or operation for trafficking in persons"	27
means an organization, as defined in section 2901.23 of the	28
Revised Code, or enterprise, as defined in section 2923.31 of	29
the Revised Code, that engages in whole or in part in	30
trafficking in persons, regardless of whether the organization	31
or operation engages in other licit or illicit business or	32
conduct.	33
(B)(1) No person shall knowingly organize, manage, direct,	34
supervise, coordinate, facilitate, lead, assist, participate in,	35
or finance an organization or operation for trafficking in	36
persons or an operation that furthers the criminal objectives of	37
an organization or operation for trafficking in persons.	38
(2) No person shall knowingly furnish advice or direction	39
in the conduct, financing, or management of an organization or	40
operation for trafficking in persons's affairs with the intent	41
to promote or further the criminal objectives of an organization	42
or operation for trafficking in persons.	43
(C) No person shall knowingly direct or instruct others to	44
engage in violence or intimidation to promote or further the	45
criminal objectives of an organization or operation for	46
trafficking in persons.	47

Page 2

(D) No person shall knowingly promote or further the	48
criminal objectives of an organization or operation for	49
trafficking in persons by inducing, enticing, coercing, or	50
forcing or attempting to induce, entice, coerce, or force a	51
public official or public servant to commit an act or omission	52
in violation of the duty of the public official or public	53
servant.	54
(E) No person who is a public official or public servant	55
shall knowingly promote or further the criminal objectives of an	56
organization or operation for trafficking in persons by	57
committing any act or omission in violation of the duty of the	58
public official or public servant.	59
(F) No person shall knowingly assist an organization or	60
operation for trafficking in persons by transporting a person,	61
or procuring the transportation for a person with the intent to	62
do either of the following:	63
(1) Conceal the person from a peace officer;	64
(2) Assist the person in fleeing from a peace officer who	65
is attempting to lawfully arrest or detain the person.	66
(G) Whoever violates this section is guilty of	67
participating in an organization or operation for trafficking in	68
persons, a felony of the first degree.	69
(H) A prosecution for a violation of this section does not	70
preclude a prosecution of a violation of any other section of	71
the Revised Code. One or more acts, a series of acts, or a	72
course of behavior that can be prosecuted under this section or	73
any other section of the Revised Code may be prosecuted under	74
this section, the other section of the Revised Code, or both	75
sections.	76

Page 3

the Revised Code:

(A) "Beneficial interest" means any of the following: 79 (1) The interest of a person as a beneficiary under a 80 trust in which the trustee holds title to personal or real 81 82 property; (2) The interest of a person as a beneficiary under any 83 other trust arrangement under which any other person holds title 84 to personal or real property for the benefit of such person; 85 (3) The interest of a person under any other form of 86 express fiduciary arrangement under which any other person holds 87 title to personal or real property for the benefit of such 88 person. 89 "Beneficial interest" does not include the interest of a 90 stockholder in a corporation or the interest of a partner in 91 either a general or limited partnership. 92 (B) "Costs of investigation and prosecution" and "costs of 93 investigation and litigation" mean all of the costs incurred by 94 the state or a county or municipal corporation under sections 95 2923.31 to 2923.36 of the Revised Code in the prosecution and 96 investigation of any criminal action or in the litigation and 97 investigation of any civil action, and includes, but is not 98 limited to, the costs of resources and personnel. 99 (C) "Enterprise" includes any individual, sole 100 proprietorship, partnership, limited partnership, corporation, 101 trust, union, government agency, or other legal entity, or any 102 organization, association, or group of persons associated in 103 fact although not a legal entity. "Enterprise" includes illicit 104 as well as licit enterprises. An "enterprise" may be proved by 105

Sec. 2923.31. As used in sections 2923.31 to 2923.36 of

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others at the time of the commission of the offense.	107
(D) "Innocent person" includes any bona fide purchaser of	108
property that is allegedly involved in a violation of section	109
2923.32 of the Revised Code, including any person who	110
establishes a valid claim to or interest in the property in	111
accordance with division (E) of section 2981.04 of the Revised	112
Code, and any victim of an alleged violation of that section or	113
of any underlying offense involved in an alleged violation of	114
that section.	115
(E) "Pattern of corrupt activity" means two or more	116
incidents of corrupt activity, whether or not there has been a	117
prior conviction, that are related to the affairs of the same	118
enterprise, are not isolated, and are not so closely related to	119
each other and connected in time and place that they constitute	120
a single event.	121
At least one of the incidents forming the pattern shall	122
occur on or after January 1, 1986. Unless any incident was an	123
aggravated murder or murder, the last of the incidents forming	124
the pattern shall occur within six years after the commission of	125
any prior incident forming the pattern, excluding any period of	126
imprisonment served by any person engaging in the corrupt	127
activity.	128
For the purposes of the criminal penalties that may be	129
imposed pursuant to section 2923.32 of the Revised Code, at	130
least one of the incidents forming the pattern shall constitute	131
a felony under the laws of this state in existence at the time	132
it was committed or, if committed in violation of the laws of	133
the United States or of any other state, shall constitute a	134
felony under the law of the United States or the other state and	135

evidence that the accused was acting alone or in concert with

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committed in this state.

would be a criminal offense under the law of this state if 136

(F) "Pecuniary value" means money, a negotiable
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instrument, a commercial interest, or anything of value, as
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defined in section 1.03 of the Revised Code, or any other
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property or service that has a value in excess of one hundred
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dollars.

(G) "Person" means any person, as defined in section 1.59
of the Revised Code, and any governmental officer, employee, or
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entity.

(H) "Personal property" means any personal property, any interest in personal property, or any right, including, but not limited to, bank accounts, debts, corporate stocks, patents, or copyrights. Personal property and any beneficial interest in personal property are deemed to be located where the trustee of the property, the personal property, or the instrument evidencing the right is located.

(I) "Corrupt activity" means engaging in, attempting to engage in, conspiring to engage in, or soliciting, coercing, or intimidating another person to engage in any of the following:

(1) Conduct defined as "racketeering activity" under the 156
"Organized Crime Control Act of 1970," 84 Stat. 941, 18 U.S.C. 157
1961(1)(B), (1)(C), (1)(D), and (1)(E), as amended; 158

(2) Conduct constituting any of the following:

(a) A violation of section 1315.55, 1322.07, 2903.01,
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2903.02, 2903.03, 2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2905.01, 2905.02,
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2905.11, 2905.22, 2905.32 as specified in division (I) (2) (g) of
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this section, 2905.321, 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323, 2909.02,
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2909.03, 2909.22, 2909.23, 2909.24, 2909.26, 2909.27, 2909.28,

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2909.29, 2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11, 2911.12, 2911.13, 2911.31, 165 2913.05, 2913.06, 2913.30, 2921.02, 2921.03, 2921.04, 2921.11, 166 2921.12, 2921.32, 2921.41, 2921.42, 2921.43, 2923.12, or 167 2923.17; division (F)(1)(a), (b), or (c) of section 1315.53; 168 division (A)(1) or (2) of section 1707.042; division (B), (C) 169 (4), (D), (E), or (F) of section 1707.44; division (A)(1) or (2) 170 of section 2923.20; division (E) or (G) of section 3772.99; 171 division (J)(1) of section 4712.02; section 4719.02, 4719.05, or 172 4719.06; division (C), (D), or (E) of section 4719.07; section 173 4719.08; or division (A) of section 4719.09 of the Revised Code. 174

(b) Any violation of section 3769.11, 3769.15, 3769.16, or 175 3769.19 of the Revised Code as it existed prior to July 1, 1996, 176 any violation of section 2915.02 of the Revised Code that occurs 177 on or after July 1, 1996, and that, had it occurred prior to 178 that date, would have been a violation of section 3769.11 of the 179 Revised Code as it existed prior to that date, or any violation 180 of section 2915.05 of the Revised Code that occurs on or after 181 July 1, 1996, and that, had it occurred prior to that date, 182 would have been a violation of section 3769.15, 3769.16, or 183 3769.19 of the Revised Code as it existed prior to that date. 184

(c) Any violation of section 2907.21, 2907.22, 2907.31, 185 2913.02, 2913.11, 2913.21, 2913.31, 2913.32, 2913.34, 2913.42, 186 2913.47, 2913.51, 2915.03, 2925.03, 2925.04, 2925.05, or 2925.37 187 of the Revised Code, any violation of section 2925.11 of the 188 Revised Code that is a felony of the first, second, third, or 189 fourth degree and that occurs on or after July 1, 1996, any 190 violation of section 2915.02 of the Revised Code that occurred 191 prior to July 1, 1996, any violation of section 2915.02 of the 192 Revised Code that occurs on or after July 1, 1996, and that, had 193 it occurred prior to that date, would not have been a violation 194 of section 3769.11 of the Revised Code as it existed prior to 195

Page 7

that date, any violation of section 2915.06 of the Revised Code 196 as it existed prior to July 1, 1996, or any violation of 197 division (B) of section 2915.05 of the Revised Code as it exists 198 on and after July 1, 1996, when the proceeds of the violation, 199 the payments made in the violation, the amount of a claim for 200 payment or for any other benefit that is false or deceptive and 201 202 that is involved in the violation, or the value of the contraband or other property illegally possessed, sold, or 203 purchased in the violation exceeds one thousand dollars, or any 204 combination of violations described in division (I)(2)(c) of 205 this section when the total proceeds of the combination of 206 violations, payments made in the combination of violations, 207 amount of the claims for payment or for other benefits that is 208 false or deceptive and that is involved in the combination of 209 violations, or value of the contraband or other property 210 illegally possessed, sold, or purchased in the combination of 211 violations exceeds one thousand dollars; 212

(d) Any violation of section 5743.112 of the Revised Code when the amount of unpaid tax exceeds one hundred dollars;

215 (e) Any violation or combination of violations of section 2907.32 of the Revised Code involving any material or 216 performance containing a display of bestiality or of sexual 217 conduct, as defined in section 2907.01 of the Revised Code, that 218 is explicit and depicted with clearly visible penetration of the 219 genitals or clearly visible penetration by the penis of any 220 orifice when the total proceeds of the violation or combination 221 of violations, the payments made in the violation or combination 222 of violations, or the value of the contraband or other property 223 illegally possessed, sold, or purchased in the violation or 224 combination of violations exceeds one thousand dollars; 225

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#### H. B. No. 88 As Introduced

(f) Any combination of violations described in division 226 (I) (2) (c) of this section and violations of section 2907.32 of 227 the Revised Code involving any material or performance 228 containing a display of bestiality or of sexual conduct, as 229 defined in section 2907.01 of the Revised Code, that is explicit 230 and depicted with clearly visible penetration of the genitals or 231 232 clearly visible penetration by the penis of any orifice when the total proceeds of the combination of violations, payments made 233 in the combination of violations, amount of the claims for 234 payment or for other benefits that is false or deceptive and 235 that is involved in the combination of violations, or value of 236 the contraband or other property illegally possessed, sold, or 237 purchased in the combination of violations exceeds one thousand 238 dollars; 239 (g) Any violation of section 2905.32 of the Revised Code 240

to the extent the violation is not based solely on the same 241 conduct that constitutes corrupt activity pursuant to division 242 (I)(2)(c) of this section due to the conduct being in violation 243 of section 2907.21 of the Revised Code. 244

(3) Conduct constituting a violation of any law of any 245
state other than this state that is substantially similar to the 246
conduct described in division (I) (2) of this section, provided 247
the defendant was convicted of the conduct in a criminal 248
proceeding in the other state; 249
(4) Animal or ecological terrorism; 250
(5) (a) Conduct constituting any of the following: 251

(ii) Conduct that constitutes one or more violations ofany law of any state other than this state, that is254

(i) Organized retail theft;

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substantially similar to organized retail theft, and that if 255 committed in this state would be organized retail theft, if the 256 defendant was convicted of or pleaded guilty to the conduct in a 257 criminal proceeding in the other state. 258

(b) By enacting division (I)(5)(a) of this section, it is 259 the intent of the general assembly to add organized retail theft 260 and the conduct described in division (I) (5) (a) (ii) of this 261 section as conduct constituting corrupt activity. The enactment 262 of division (I)(5)(a) of this section and the addition by 263 division (I)(5)(a) of this section of organized retail theft and 264 the conduct described in division (I)(5)(a)(ii) of this section 265 as conduct constituting corrupt activity does not limit or 266 preclude, and shall not be construed as limiting or precluding, 267 any prosecution for a violation of section 2923.32 of the 268 Revised Code that is based on one or more violations of section 269 2913.02 or 2913.51 of the Revised Code, one or more similar 270 offenses under the laws of this state or any other state, or any 271 combination of any of those violations or similar offenses, even 272 though the conduct constituting the basis for those violations 273 or offenses could be construed as also constituting organized 274 retail theft or conduct of the type described in division (I)(5) 275 (a) (ii) of this section. 276

(J) "Real property" means any real property or any
interest in real property, including, but not limited to, any
lease of, or mortgage upon, real property. Real property and any
beneficial interest in it is deemed to be located where the real
property is located.

(K) "Trustee" means any of the following:

(1) Any person acting as trustee under a trust in which283the trustee holds title to personal or real property;284

#### H. B. No. 88 As Introduced

(2) Any person who holds title to personal or real285property for which any other person has a beneficial interest;286

(3) Any successor trustee.

"Trustee" does not include an assignee or trustee for an 288 insolvent debtor or an executor, administrator, administrator 289 with the will annexed, testamentary trustee, guardian, or 290 committee, appointed by, under the control of, or accountable to 291 a court. 292

(L) "Unlawful debt" means any money or other thing of 293 value constituting principal or interest of a debt that is 294 legally unenforceable in this state in whole or in part because 295 the debt was incurred or contracted in violation of any federal 296 or state law relating to the business of gambling activity or 297 relating to the business of lending money at an usurious rate 298 unless the creditor proves, by a preponderance of the evidence, 299 that the usurious rate was not intentionally set and that it 300 resulted from a good faith error by the creditor, 301 notwithstanding the maintenance of procedures that were adopted 302 by the creditor to avoid an error of that nature. 303

(M) "Animal activity" means any activity that involves the 304 use of animals or animal parts, including, but not limited to, 305 hunting, fishing, trapping, traveling, camping, the production, 306 preparation, or processing of food or food products, clothing or 307 garment manufacturing, medical research, other research, 308 entertainment, recreation, agriculture, biotechnology, or 309 service activity that involves the use of animals or animal 310 311 parts.

(N) "Animal facility" means a vehicle, building, 312structure, nature preserve, or other premises in which an animal 313

is lawfully kept, handled, housed, exhibited, bred, or offered 314
for sale, including, but not limited to, a zoo, rodeo, circus, 315
amusement park, hunting preserve, or premises in which a horse 316
or dog event is held. 317

(O) "Animal or ecological terrorism" means the commission 318 of any felony that involves causing or creating a substantial 319 risk of physical harm to any property of another, the use of a 320 deadly weapon or dangerous ordnance, or purposely, knowingly, or 321 recklessly causing serious physical harm to property and that 322 323 involves an intent to obstruct, impede, or deter any person from 324 participating in a lawful animal activity, from mining, foresting, harvesting, gathering, or processing natural 325 resources, or from being lawfully present in or on an animal 326 facility or research facility. 327

(P) "Research facility" means a place, laboratory,
institution, medical care facility, government facility, or
public or private educational institution in which a scientific
test, experiment, or investigation involving the use of animals
or other living organisms is lawfully carried out, conducted, or
attempted.

(Q) "Organized retail theft" means the theft of retail
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property with a retail value of one thousand dollars or more
from one or more retail establishments with the intent to sell,
deliver, or transfer that property to a retail property fence.
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(R) "Retail property" means any tangible personal property
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displayed, held, stored, or offered for sale in or by a retail
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establishment.
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(S) "Retail property fence" means a person who possesses,341procures, receives, or conceals retail property that was342

Page 12

represented to the person as being stolen or that the person	343
knows or believes to be stolen.	344
(T) "Retail value" means the full retail value of the	345
retail property. In determining whether the retail value of	346
retail property equals or exceeds one thousand dollars, the	347
value of all retail property stolen from the retail	348
establishment or retail establishments by the same person or	349
persons within any one-hundred-eighty-day period shall be	350
aggregated.	351
Sec. 2925.01. As used in this chapter:	352
(A) "Administer," "controlled substance," "controlled	353
substance analog," "dispense," "distribute," "hypodermic,"	354
"manufacturer," "official written order," "person,"	355
"pharmacist," "pharmacy," "sale," "schedule I," "schedule II,"	356
"schedule III," "schedule IV," "schedule V," and "wholesaler"	357
have the same meanings as in section 3719.01 of the Revised	358
Code.	359
(B) "Drug of abuse" and "person with a drug dependency"	360
have the same meanings as in section 3719.011 of the Revised	361
Code.	362
(C) "Drug," "dangerous drug," "licensed health	363
professional authorized to prescribe drugs," and "prescription"	364
have the same meanings as in section 4729.01 of the Revised	365
Code.	366
(D) "Bulk amount" of a controlled substance means any of	367
the following:	368
(1) For any compound, mixture, preparation, or substance	369
included in schedule I, schedule II, or schedule III, with the	370
exception of any controlled substance analog, marihuana,	371

cocaine, L.S.D., heroin, any fentanyl-related compound, and 372 hashish and except as provided in division (D) (2) $\tau$  or (5) $\tau$  or 373 (6) of this section, whichever of the following is applicable: 374

(a) An amount equal to or exceeding ten grams or twenty375
five unit doses of a compound, mixture, preparation, or
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substance that is or contains any amount of a schedule I opiate
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or opium derivative;
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(b) An amount equal to or exceeding ten grams of a 379
compound, mixture, preparation, or substance that is or contains 380
any amount of raw or gum opium; 381

(c) An amount equal to or exceeding thirty grams or ten
unit doses of a compound, mixture, preparation, or substance
that is or contains any amount of a schedule I hallucinogen
other than tetrahydrocannabinol or lysergic acid amide, or a
schedule I stimulant or depressant;

(d) An amount equal to or exceeding twenty grams or five
times the maximum daily dose in the usual dose range specified
in a standard pharmaceutical reference manual of a compound,
mixture, preparation, or substance that is or contains any
amount of a schedule II opiate or opium derivative;

(e) An amount equal to or exceeding five grams or ten unit
doses of a compound, mixture, preparation, or substance that is
or contains any amount of phencyclidine;
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(f) An amount equal to or exceeding one hundred twenty 395 grams or thirty times the maximum daily dose in the usual dose 396 range specified in a standard pharmaceutical reference manual of 397 a compound, mixture, preparation, or substance that is or 398 contains any amount of a schedule II stimulant that is in a 399 final dosage form manufactured by a person authorized by the 400 "Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act," 52 Stat. 1040 (1938), 21 401
U.S.C.A. 301, as amended, and the federal drug abuse control 402
laws, as defined in section 3719.01 of the Revised Code, that is 403
or contains any amount of a schedule II depressant substance or 404
a schedule II hallucinogenic substance; 405

(g) An amount equal to or exceeding three grams of a compound, mixture, preparation, or substance that is or contains any amount of a schedule II stimulant, or any of its salts or isomers, that is not in a final dosage form manufactured by a person authorized by the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act and the federal drug abuse control laws.

(2) An amount equal to or exceeding one hundred twenty
grams or thirty times the maximum daily dose in the usual dose
range specified in a standard pharmaceutical reference manual of
a compound, mixture, preparation, or substance that is or
contains any amount of a schedule III or IV substance other than
an anabolic steroid or a schedule III opiate or opium
derivative;

(3) An amount equal to or exceeding twenty grams or five
times the maximum daily dose in the usual dose range specified
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in a standard pharmaceutical reference manual of a compound,
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mixture, preparation, or substance that is or contains any
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amount of a schedule III opiate or opium derivative;
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(4) An amount equal to or exceeding two hundred fifty
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 milliliters or two hundred fifty grams of a compound, mixture,
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 preparation, or substance that is or contains any amount of a
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 schedule V substance;

(5) An amount equal to or exceeding two hundred soliddosage units, sixteen grams, or sixteen milliliters of a429

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compound, mixture, preparation, or substance that is or contains 430 any amount of a schedule III anabolic steroid;-431 432 (6) For any compound, mixture, preparation, or substance that is a combination of a fentanyl-related compound and any 433 434 other compound, mixture, preparation, or substance included in schedule III, schedule IV, or schedule V, if the defendant is 435 charged with a violation of section 2925.11 of the Revised Code 436 and the sentencing provisions set forth in divisions (C) (10) (b) 437 and (C) (11) of that section will not apply regarding the 438 439 defendant and the violation, the bulk amount of the controlled substance for purposes of the violation is the amount specified 440 in division (D)(1), (2), (3), (4), or (5) of this section for 441 the other schedule III, IV, or V controlled substance that is 442 combined with the fentanyl-related compound. 443 (E) "Unit dose" means an amount or unit of a compound, 444 mixture, or preparation containing a controlled substance that 445 is separately identifiable and in a form that indicates that it 446 is the amount or unit by which the controlled substance is 447 separately administered to or taken by an individual. 448 (F) "Cultivate" includes planting, watering, fertilizing, 449 450 or tilling. (G) "Drug abuse offense" means any of the following: 451

(1) A violation of division (A) of section 2913.02 that
constitutes theft of drugs, or a violation of section 2925.02,
2925.03, 2925.04, 2925.041, 2925.05, 2925.06, 2925.11, 2925.12,
2925.13, 2925.22, 2925.23, 2925.24, 2925.31, 2925.32, 2925.36,
or 2925.37 of the Revised Code;

(2) A violation of an existing or former law of this or457any other state or of the United States that is substantially458

equivalent to any section listed in division (G)(1) of this 459 section; 460

(3) An offense under an existing or former law of this or
any other state, or of the United States, of which planting,
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cultivating, harvesting, processing, making, manufacturing,
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producing, shipping, transporting, delivering, acquiring,
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possessing, storing, distributing, dispensing, selling, inducing
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another to use, administering to another, using, or otherwise
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dealing with a controlled substance is an element;

(4) A conspiracy to commit, attempt to commit, or
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complicity in committing or attempting to commit any offense
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under division (G) (1), (2), or (3) of this section.
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(H) "Felony drug abuse offense" means any drug abuse
offense that would constitute a felony under the laws of this
state, any other state, or the United States.

(I) "Harmful intoxicant" does not include beer or474intoxicating liquor but means any of the following:475

(1) Any compound, mixture, preparation, or substance the
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gas, fumes, or vapor of which when inhaled can induce
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intoxication, excitement, giddiness, irrational behavior,
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depression, stupefaction, paralysis, unconsciousness,
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asphyxiation, or other harmful physiological effects, and
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includes, but is not limited to, any of the following:
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(a) Any volatile organic solvent, plastic cement, model
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cement, fingernail polish remover, lacquer thinner, cleaning
fluid, gasoline, or other preparation containing a volatile
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organic solvent;

(b) Any aerosol propellant;

Page 17

(c) Any fluorocarbon refrigerant;	487
(d) Any anesthetic gas.	488
(2) Gamma Butyrolactone;	489
(3) 1,4 Butanediol.	490
(J) "Manufacture" means to plant, cultivate, harvest,	491
process, make, prepare, or otherwise engage in any part of the	492
production of a drug, by propagation, extraction, chemical	493
synthesis, or compounding, or any combination of the same, and	494

synthesis, or compounding, or any combination of the same, and494includes packaging, repackaging, labeling, and other activities495incident to production.496

(K) "Possess" or "possession" means having control over a thing or substance, but may not be inferred solely from mere access to the thing or substance through ownership or occupation of the premises upon which the thing or substance is found.

(L) "Sample drug" means a drug or pharmaceutical
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preparation that would be hazardous to health or safety if used
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without the supervision of a licensed health professional
authorized to prescribe drugs, or a drug of abuse, and that, at
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one time, had been placed in a container plainly marked as a
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sample by a manufacturer.

(M) "Standard pharmaceutical reference manual" means the
current edition, with cumulative changes if any, of references
that are approved by the state board of pharmacy.
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(N) "Juvenile" means a person under eighteen years of age. 510

(O) "Counterfeit controlled substance" means any of the 511 following: 512

(1) Any drug that bears, or whose container or label 513

Page 18

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bears, a trademark, trade name, or other identifying mark used 514
without authorization of the owner of rights to that trademark, 515
trade name, or identifying mark; 516

(2) Any unmarked or unlabeled substance that is
represented to be a controlled substance manufactured,
processed, packed, or distributed by a person other than the
person that manufactured, processed, packed, or distributed it;
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(3) Any substance that is represented to be a controlled
 substance but is not a controlled substance or is a different
 controlled substance;

(4) Any substance other than a controlled substance that a
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reasonable person would believe to be a controlled substance
because of its similarity in shape, size, and color, or its
markings, labeling, packaging, distribution, or the price for
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which it is sold or offered for sale.

(P) An offense is "committed in the vicinity of a school" 529 if the offender commits the offense on school premises, in a 530 school building, or within one thousand feet of the boundaries 531 of any school premises, regardless of whether the offender knows 532 the offense is being committed on school premises, in a school 533 building, or within one thousand feet of the boundaries of any 534 school premises. 535

(Q) "School" means any school operated by a board of
education, any community school established under Chapter 3314.
of the Revised Code, or any nonpublic school for which the
director of education and workforce prescribes minimum standards
under section 3301.07 of the Revised Code, whether or not any
instruction, extracurricular activities, or training provided by
the school is being conducted at the time a criminal offense is
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Page 20

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committed.	543
(R) "School premises" means either of the following:	544
(1) The parcel of real property on which any school is	545
situated, whether or not any instruction, extracurricular	546
activities, or training provided by the school is being	547
conducted on the premises at the time a criminal offense is	548
committed;	549
(2) Any other parcel of real property that is owned or	550
leased by a board of education of a school, the governing	551
authority of a community school established under Chapter 3314.	552
of the Revised Code, or the governing body of a nonpublic school	553
for which the director of education and workforce prescribes	554
minimum standards under section 3301.07 of the Revised Code and	555
on which some of the instruction, extracurricular activities, or	556
training of the school is conducted, whether or not any	557
instruction, extracurricular activities, or training provided by	558
the school is being conducted on the parcel of real property at	559
the time a criminal offense is committed.	560
(S) "School building" means any building in which any of	561
the instruction, extracurricular activities, or training	562
provided by a school is conducted, whether or not any	563
instruction, extracurricular activities, or training provided by	564
the school is being conducted in the school building at the time	565
a criminal offense is committed.	566
(T) "Disciplinary counsel" means the disciplinary counsel	567
appointed by the board of commissioners on grievances and	568

Government of the Bar of Ohio.

discipline of the supreme court under the Rules for the

(U) "Certified grievance committee" means a duly

constituted and organized committee of the Ohio state bar572association or of one or more local bar associations of the573state of Ohio that complies with the criteria set forth in Rule574V, section 6 of the Rules for the Government of the Bar of Ohio.575

(V) "Professional license" means any license, permit,
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certificate, registration, qualification, admission, temporary
1icense, temporary permit, temporary certificate, or temporary
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registration that is described in divisions (W) (1) to (37) of
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this section and that qualifies a person as a professionally
580
licensed person.

(W) "Professionally licensed person" means any of the582following:583

(1) A person who has received a certificate or temporary
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(1) A person who has received a certificate or temporary<

(2) A person who holds a certificate of qualification to
practice architecture issued or renewed and registered under
Chapter 4703. of the Revised Code;
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(3) A person who is registered as a landscape architect
under Chapter 4703. of the Revised Code or who holds a permit as
a landscape architect issued under that chapter;
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(4) A person licensed under Chapter 4707. of the Revised Code;

(5) A person who has been issued a barber's license,
barber instructor's license, assistant barber instructor's
license, or independent contractor's license under Chapter 4709.
of the Revised Code;

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#### H. B. No. 88 As Introduced

(6) A person licensed and regulated to engage in the
business of a debt pooling company by a legislative authority,
under authority of Chapter 4710. of the Revised Code;
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(7) A person who has been issued a cosmetologist's 604 license, hair designer's license, manicurist's license, 605 esthetician's license, natural hair stylist's license, advanced 606 license to practice cosmetology, advanced license to practice 607 hair design, advanced license to practice manicuring, advanced 608 license to practice esthetics, advanced license to practice 609 natural hair styling, cosmetology instructor's license, hair 610 design instructor's license, manicurist instructor's license, 611 esthetics instructor's license, natural hair style instructor's 612 license, independent contractor's license, or tanning facility 613 permit under Chapter 4713. of the Revised Code; 614

(8) A person who has been issued a license to practice
dentistry, a general anesthesia permit, a conscious sedation
permit, a limited resident's license, a limited teaching
license, a dental hygienist's license, or a dental hygienist's
teacher's certificate under Chapter 4715. of the Revised Code;

(9) A person who has been issued an embalmer's license, a
funeral director's license, a funeral home license, or a
crematory license, or who has been registered for an embalmer's
or funeral director's apprenticeship under Chapter 4717. of the
Revised Code;

(10) A person who has been licensed as a registered nurse or practical nurse, or who has been issued a certificate for the practice of nurse-midwifery under Chapter 4723. of the Revised Code;

(11) A person who has been licensed to practice optometry

Page 22

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Revised Code; 631 (12) A person licensed to act as a pawnbroker under 632 Chapter 4727. of the Revised Code; 633 634 (13) A person licensed to act as a precious metals dealer under Chapter 4728. of the Revised Code; 635 (14) A person licensed under Chapter 4729. of the Revised 636 Code as a pharmacist or pharmacy intern or registered under that 637 chapter as a registered pharmacy technician, certified pharmacy 638 technician, or pharmacy technician trainee; 639 (15) A person licensed under Chapter 4729. of the Revised 640 Code as a manufacturer of dangerous drugs, outsourcing facility, 641 third-party logistics provider, repackager of dangerous drugs, 642 wholesale distributor of dangerous drugs, or terminal 643 distributor of dangerous drugs; 644 (16) A person who is authorized to practice as a physician 645 assistant under Chapter 4730. of the Revised Code; 646 (17) A person who has been issued a license to practice 647 medicine and surgery, osteopathic medicine and surgery, or 648 podiatric medicine and surgery under Chapter 4731. of the 649 Revised Code or has been issued a certificate to practice a 650 limited branch of medicine under that chapter; 651 (18) A person licensed as a psychologist, independent 652 school psychologist, or school psychologist under Chapter 4732. 653 of the Revised Code; 654

or to engage in optical dispensing under Chapter 4725. of the

(19) A person registered to practice the profession of
engineering or surveying under Chapter 4733. of the Revised
Code;
657

Code;

(20) A person who has been issued a license to practice	658
chiropractic under Chapter 4734. of the Revised Code;	659
(21) A person licensed to act as a real estate broker or	660
real estate salesperson under Chapter 4735. of the Revised Code;	661
(22) A person registered as a registered environmental	662
health specialist under Chapter 3776. of the Revised Code;	663
(23) A person licensed to operate or maintain a junkyard	664
under Chapter 4737. of the Revised Code;	665
(24) A person who has been issued a motor vehicle salvage	666
dealer's license under Chapter 4738. of the Revised Code;	667
(25) A person who has been licensed to act as a steam	668
engineer under Chapter 4739. of the Revised Code;	669
(26) A person who has been issued a license or temporary	670
permit to practice veterinary medicine or any of its branches,	671
or who is registered as a graduate animal technician under	672
Chapter 4741. of the Revised Code;	673
(27) A person who has been issued a hearing aid dealer's	674
or fitter's license or trainee permit under Chapter 4747. of the	675
Revised Code;	676
(28) A person who has been issued a class A, class B, or	677
class C license or who has been registered as an investigator or	678
security guard employee under Chapter 4749. of the Revised Code;	679
(29) A person licensed to practice as a nursing home	680
administrator under Chapter 4751. of the Revised Code;	681
(30) A person licensed to practice as a speech-language	682
pathologist or audiologist under Chapter 4753. of the Revised	683

(31) A person issued a license as an occupational 685 therapist or physical therapist under Chapter 4755. of the 686 Revised Code; 687 (32) A person who is licensed as a licensed professional 688 clinical counselor, licensed professional counselor, social 689 worker, independent social worker, independent marriage and 690 family therapist, or marriage and family therapist, or 691 registered as a social work assistant under Chapter 4757. of the 692 Revised Code; 693 (33) A person issued a license to practice dietetics under 694 Chapter 4759. of the Revised Code; 695 (34) A person who has been issued a license or limited 696 permit to practice respiratory therapy under Chapter 4761. of 697 the Revised Code; 698 (35) A person who has been issued a real estate appraiser 699 certificate under Chapter 4763. of the Revised Code; 700 (36) A person who has been issued a home inspector license 701 under Chapter 4764. of the Revised Code; 702 (37) A person who has been admitted to the bar by order of 703 the supreme court in compliance with its prescribed and 704 705 published rules. (X) "Cocaine" means any of the following: 706 (1) A cocaine salt, isomer, or derivative, a salt of a 707 cocaine isomer or derivative, or the base form of cocaine; 708 (2) Coca leaves or a salt, compound, derivative, or 709 preparation of coca leaves, including ecgonine, a salt, isomer, 710 or derivative of ecgonine, or a salt of an isomer or derivative 711 of ecgonine; 712

### H. B. No. 88 As Introduced

(3) A salt, compound, derivative, or preparation of a	713
substance identified in division (X)(1) or (2) of this section	714
that is chemically equivalent to or identical with any of those	715
substances, except that the substances shall not include	716
decocainized coca leaves or extraction of coca leaves if the	717
extractions do not contain cocaine or ecgonine.	718
(Y) "L.S.D." means lysergic acid diethylamide.	719
(Z) "Hashish" means a resin or a preparation of a resin to	720
which both of the following apply:	721
(1) It is contained in or derived from any part of the	722
plant of the genus cannabis, whether in solid form or in a	723
liquid concentrate, liquid extract, or liquid distillate form.	724
(2) It has a delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of	725
more than three-tenths per cent.	726
"Hashish" does not include a hemp byproduct in the	727
"Hashish" does not include a hemp byproduct in the possession of a licensed hemp processor under Chapter 928. of	727 728
possession of a licensed hemp processor under Chapter 928. of	728
possession of a licensed hemp processor under Chapter 928. of the Revised Code, provided that the hemp byproduct is being	728 729
possession of a licensed hemp processor under Chapter 928. of the Revised Code, provided that the hemp byproduct is being produced, stored, and disposed of in accordance with rules	728 729 730
possession of a licensed hemp processor under Chapter 928. of the Revised Code, provided that the hemp byproduct is being produced, stored, and disposed of in accordance with rules adopted under section 928.03 of the Revised Code.	728 729 730 731
possession of a licensed hemp processor under Chapter 928. of the Revised Code, provided that the hemp byproduct is being produced, stored, and disposed of in accordance with rules adopted under section 928.03 of the Revised Code. (AA) "Marihuana" has the same meaning as in section	728 729 730 731 732
possession of a licensed hemp processor under Chapter 928. of the Revised Code, provided that the hemp byproduct is being produced, stored, and disposed of in accordance with rules adopted under section 928.03 of the Revised Code. (AA) "Marihuana" has the same meaning as in section 3719.01 of the Revised Code, except that it does not include	728 729 730 731 732 733
possession of a licensed hemp processor under Chapter 928. of the Revised Code, provided that the hemp byproduct is being produced, stored, and disposed of in accordance with rules adopted under section 928.03 of the Revised Code. (AA) "Marihuana" has the same meaning as in section 3719.01 of the Revised Code, except that it does not include hashish.	728 729 730 731 732 733 734
<pre>possession of a licensed hemp processor under Chapter 928. of the Revised Code, provided that the hemp byproduct is being produced, stored, and disposed of in accordance with rules adopted under section 928.03 of the Revised Code. (AA) "Marihuana" has the same meaning as in section 3719.01 of the Revised Code, except that it does not include hashish. (BB) An offense is "committed in the vicinity of a</pre>	728 729 730 731 732 733 734 735
<pre>possession of a licensed hemp processor under Chapter 928. of the Revised Code, provided that the hemp byproduct is being produced, stored, and disposed of in accordance with rules adopted under section 928.03 of the Revised Code. (AA) "Marihuana" has the same meaning as in section 3719.01 of the Revised Code, except that it does not include hashish. (BB) An offense is "committed in the vicinity of a juvenile" if the offender commits the offense within one hundred</pre>	728 729 730 731 732 733 734 735 736
<pre>possession of a licensed hemp processor under Chapter 928. of the Revised Code, provided that the hemp byproduct is being produced, stored, and disposed of in accordance with rules adopted under section 928.03 of the Revised Code. (AA) "Marihuana" has the same meaning as in section 3719.01 of the Revised Code, except that it does not include hashish. (BB) An offense is "committed in the vicinity of a juvenile" if the offender commits the offense within one hundred feet of a juvenile or within the view of a juvenile, regardless</pre>	728 729 730 731 732 733 734 735 736 737
<pre>possession of a licensed hemp processor under Chapter 928. of the Revised Code, provided that the hemp byproduct is being produced, stored, and disposed of in accordance with rules adopted under section 928.03 of the Revised Code. (AA) "Marihuana" has the same meaning as in section 3719.01 of the Revised Code, except that it does not include hashish. (BB) An offense is "committed in the vicinity of a juvenile" if the offender commits the offense within one hundred feet of a juvenile or within the view of a juvenile, regardless of whether the offender knows the age of the juvenile, whether</pre>	728 729 730 731 732 733 734 735 736 737 738

(CC) "Presumption for a prison term" or "presumption that	742
a prison term shall be imposed" means a presumption, as	743
described in division (D) of section 2929.13 of the Revised	744
Code, that a prison term is a necessary sanction for a felony in	745
order to comply with the purposes and principles of sentencing	746
under section 2929.11 of the Revised Code.	747
(DD) "Major drug offender" has the same meaning as in	748
section 2929.01 of the Revised Code.	749
(FF) Winer drug recession offered means without of the	750
(EE) "Minor drug possession offense" means either of the	750
following:	751
(1) A violation of section 2925.11 of the Revised Code as	752
it existed prior to July 1, 1996;	753
(2) A violation of section 2925.11 of the Revised Code as	754
it exists on and after July 1, 1996, that is a misdemeanor or a	755
felony of the fifth degree.	756
(FF) "Mandatory prison term" has the same meaning as in	757
section 2929.01 of the Revised Code.	758
(GG) "Adulterate" means to cause a drug to be adulterated	759
as described in section 3715.63 of the Revised Code.	760
(HH) "Public premises" means any hotel, restaurant,	761
tavern, store, arena, hall, or other place of public	762
accommodation, business, amusement, or resort.	763
(II) "Methamphetamine" means methamphetamine, any salt,	764
isomer, or salt of an isomer of methamphetamine, or any	765
compound, mixture, preparation, or substance containing	766
methamphetamine or any salt, isomer, or salt of an isomer of	767
methamphetamine.	768
(JJ) "Deception" has the same meaning as in section	769

2913.01 of the Revised Code. 770 (KK) "Fentanyl-related compound" means any of the 771 following: 772 (1) Fentanyl; 773 (2) Alpha-methylfentanyl (N-[1-(alpha-methyl-beta-774 phenyl)ethyl-4- piperidyl]propionanilide; 1-(1-methyl-2-775 phenylethyl)-4-(N-propanilido) piperidine); 776 (3) Alpha-methylthiofentanyl (N-[1-methyl-2-(2-777 thienyl)ethyl-4- piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide); 778 (4) Beta-hydroxyfentanyl (N-[1-(2-hydroxy-2-phenethyl-4-779 piperidinyl] -N-phenylpropanamide); 780 (5) Beta-hydroxy-3-methylfentanyl (other name: N-[1-(2-781 hydroxy-2- phenethyl)-3-methyl-4-piperidinyl]-N-782 phenylpropanamide); 783 (6) 3-methylfentanyl (N-[3-methyl-1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-784 piperidyl]-N- phenylpropanamide); 785 (7) 3-methylthiofentanyl (N-[3-methyl-1-[2-786 (thienyl)ethyl]-4- piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide); 787 (8) Para-fluorofentanyl (N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-[1-(2-788 phenethyl)-4- piperidinyl]propanamide; 789 (9) Thiofentanyl (N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-790 piperidinyl] - propanamide; 791 (10) Alfentanil; 792 793 (11) Carfentanil; (12) Remifentanil; 794

(13) Sufentanil; 795

Page 28

(14) Acetyl-alpha-methylfentanyl (N-[1-(1-methyl-2-796 phenethyl)-4- piperidinyl]-N-phenylacetamide); and 797 (15) Any compound that meets all of the following fentanyl 798 pharmacophore requirements to bind at the mu receptor, as 799 identified by a report from an established forensic laboratory, 800 including acetylfentanyl, furanylfentanyl, valerylfentanyl, 801 butyrylfentanyl, isobutyrylfentanyl, 4-methoxybutyrylfentanyl, 802 para-fluorobutyrylfentanyl, acrylfentanyl, and ortho-803 804 fluorofentanyl: 805 (a) A chemical scaffold consisting of both of the following: 806 (i) A five, six, or seven member ring structure containing 807 a nitrogen, whether or not further substituted; 808 (ii) An attached nitrogen to the ring, whether or not that 809 nitrogen is enclosed in a ring structure, including an attached 810 aromatic ring or other lipophilic group to that nitrogen. 811 (b) A polar functional group attached to the chemical 812 scaffold, including but not limited to a hydroxyl, ketone, 813 amide, or ester; 814 (c) An alkyl or aryl substitution off the ring nitrogen of 815 the chemical scaffold; and 816 817 (d) The compound has not been approved for medical use by the United States food and drug administration. 818 (LL) "First degree felony mandatory prison term" means one 819 of the definite prison terms prescribed in division (A)(1)(b) of 820 section 2929.14 of the Revised Code for a felony of the first 821 degree, except that if the violation for which sentence is being 822 imposed is committed on or after March 22, 2019, it means one of 823

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that section for a felony of the first degree.	825
(MM) "Second degree felony mandatory prison term" mea	ans 826
one of the definite prison terms prescribed in division (A	)(2) 827
(b) of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code for a felony of	the 828
second degree, except that if the violation for which sent	ence 829
is being imposed is committed on or after March 22, 2019,	it 830

the minimum prison terms prescribed in division (A)(1)(a) of

means one of the minimum prison terms prescribed in division (A) 831
(2)(a) of that section for a felony of the second degree. 832

(NN) "Maximum first degree felony mandatory prison term" 833 means the maximum definite prison term prescribed in division 834 (A) (1) (b) of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code for a felony of 835 the first degree, except that if the violation for which 836 sentence is being imposed is committed on or after March 22, 837 2019, it means the longest minimum prison term prescribed in 838 division (A)(1)(a) of that section for a felony of the first 839 degree. 840

(00) "Maximum second degree felony mandatory prison term" 841 means the maximum definite prison term prescribed in division 842 (A) (2) (b) of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code for a felony of 843 844 the second degree, except that if the violation for which sentence is being imposed is committed on or after March 22, 845 2019, it means the longest minimum prison term prescribed in 846 division (A)(2)(a) of that section for a felony of the second 847 degree. 848

(PP) "Delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol" has the same meaning as in section 928.01 of the Revised Code.

(QQ) An offense is "committed in the vicinity of a 851 substance addiction services provider or a recovering addict" if 852 either of the following apply:

(1) The offender commits the offense on the premises of a 854 substance addiction services provider's facility, including a 855 facility licensed prior to June 29, 2019, under section 5119.391 856 of the Revised Code to provide methadone treatment or an opioid treatment program licensed on or after that date under section 5119.37 of the Revised Code, or within five hundred feet of the 859 premises of a substance addiction services provider's facility 860 and the offender knows or should know that the offense is being 861 committed within the vicinity of the substance addiction 862 services provider's facility. 863

(2) The offender sells, offers to sell, delivers, or 864 distributes the controlled substance or controlled substance 865 analog to a person who is receiving treatment at the time of the 866 commission of the offense, or received treatment within thirty 867 days prior to the commission of the offense, from a substance 868 addiction services provider and the offender knows that the 869 person is receiving or received that treatment. 870

(RR) "Substance addiction services provider" means an 871 agency, association, corporation or other legal entity, 872 individual, or program that provides one or more of the 873 following at a facility: 874

(1) Either alcohol addiction services, or drug addiction 875 services, or both such services that are certified by the 876 director of mental health and addiction services under section 877 5119.36 of the Revised Code; 878

(2) Recovery supports that are related to either alcohol 879 addiction services, or drug addiction services, or both such 880 services and paid for with federal, state, or local funds 881

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administered by the department of mental health and addiction 882 services or a board of alcohol, drug addiction, and mental 883 health services. 884 (SS) "Premises of a substance addiction services 885 provider's facility" means the parcel of real property on which 886 any substance addiction service provider's facility is situated. 887 (TT) "Alcohol and drug addiction services" has the same 888 meaning as in section 5119.01 of the Revised Code. 889 890 Sec. 2925.03. (A) No person shall knowingly do any of the following: 891 (1) Sell or offer to sell a controlled substance or a 892 controlled substance analog; 893 (2) Prepare for shipment, ship, transport, deliver, 894 prepare for distribution, or distribute a controlled substance 895 or a controlled substance analog, when the offender knows or has 896 reasonable cause to believe that the controlled substance or a 897 controlled substance analog is intended for sale or resale by 898 the offender or another person. 899 (B) This section does not apply to any of the following: 900 (1) Manufacturers, licensed health professionals 901 902 authorized to prescribe drugs, pharmacists, owners of 903 pharmacies, and other persons whose conduct is in accordance with Chapters 3719., 4715., 4723., 4729., 4730., 4731., and 904 4741. of the Revised Code; 905 (2) If the offense involves an anabolic steroid, any 906 person who is conducting or participating in a research project 907 involving the use of an anabolic steroid if the project has been 908

approved by the United States food and drug administration;

Page 32

(3) Any person who sells, offers for sale, prescribes, 910 dispenses, or administers for livestock or other nonhuman 911 species an anabolic steroid that is expressly intended for 912 administration through implants to livestock or other nonhuman 913 species and approved for that purpose under the "Federal Food, 914 Drug, and Cosmetic Act," 52 Stat. 1040 (1938), 21 U.S.C.A. 301, 915 as amended, and is sold, offered for sale, prescribed, 916 dispensed, or administered for that purpose in accordance with 917 that act. 918

(C) Whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty of one of the following:

(1) If the drug involved in the violation is any compound,
mixture, preparation, or substance included in schedule I or
schedule II, with the exception of marihuana, cocaine, L.S.D.,
heroin, any fentanyl-related compound, hashish, methamphetamine,
and any controlled substance analog, whoever violates division
(A) of this section is guilty of aggravated trafficking in
drugs. The penalty for the offense shall be determined as
follows:

(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C) (1) (b),
(c), (d), (e), or (f) of this section, aggravated trafficking in
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drugs is a felony of the fourth degree, and division (C) of
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section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in determining
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whether to impose a prison term on the offender.

(b) Except as otherwise provided in division (C) (1) (c),
(d), (e), or (f) of this section, if the offense was committed
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in the vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a juvenile, or
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in the vicinity of a substance addiction services provider or a
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recovering addict, aggravated trafficking in drugs is a felony
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of the third degree, and division (C) of section 2929.13 of the

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Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a prison term on the offender.

(c) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 942 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds the bulk amount 943 but is less than five times the bulk amount, aggravated 944 trafficking in drugs is a felony of the third degree, and, 945 except as otherwise provided in this division, there is a 946 presumption for a prison term for the offense. If aggravated 947 trafficking in drugs is a felony of the third degree under this 948 949 division and if the offender two or more times previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a felony drug abuse 950 offense, the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term one 951 952 of the prison terms prescribed for a felony of the third degree. If the amount of the drug involved is within that range and if 953 the offense was committed in the vicinity of a school, in the 954 vicinity of a juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance 955 addiction services provider or a recovering addict, aggravated 956 trafficking in drugs is a felony of the second degree, and the 957 court shall impose as a mandatory prison term a second degree 958 felony mandatory prison term. 959

(d) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 960 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds five times the 961 bulk amount but is less than fifty times the bulk amount, 962 aggravated trafficking in drugs is a felony of the second 963 degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term a 964 second degree felony mandatory prison term. If the amount of the 965 drug involved is within that range and if the offense was 966 committed in the vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a 967 juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance addiction services 968 provider or a recovering addict, aggravated trafficking in drugs 969 is a felony of the first degree, and the court shall impose as a 970

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mandatory prison term a first degree felony mandatory prison 971 term. 972

(e) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds 973 fifty times the bulk amount but is less than one hundred times 974 the bulk amount and regardless of whether the offense was 975 committed in the vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a 976 juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance addiction services 977 provider or a recovering addict, aggravated trafficking in drugs 978 is a felony of the first degree, and the court shall impose as a 979 mandatory prison term a first degree felony mandatory prison 980 981 term.

(f) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds one hundred times the bulk amount and regardless of whether the 983 offense was committed in the vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance addiction services provider or a recovering addict, aggravated 986 trafficking in drugs is a felony of the first degree, the offender is a major drug offender, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term a maximum first degree felony mandatory prison term.

(2) If the drug involved in the violation is any compound, mixture, preparation, or substance included in schedule III, IV, or V, whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty of trafficking in drugs. The penalty for the offense shall be determined as follows:

(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(2)(b), 996 (c), (d), or (e) of this section, trafficking in drugs is a 997 felony of the fifth degree, and division (B) of section 2929.13 998 of the Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a 999 prison term on the offender. 1000

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#### H. B. No. 88 As Introduced

(b) Except as otherwise provided in division (C) (2) (c),
(d), or (e) of this section, if the offense was committed in the
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vicinity of a school or in the vicinity of a juvenile,
trafficking in drugs is a felony of the fourth degree, and
division (C) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in
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determining whether to impose a prison term on the offender.

1007 (c) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds the bulk amount 1008 but is less than five times the bulk amount, trafficking in 1009 drugs is a felony of the fourth degree, and division (B) of 1010 section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in determining 1011 whether to impose a prison term for the offense. If the amount 1012 of the drug involved is within that range and if the offense was 1013 committed in the vicinity of a school or in the vicinity of a 1014 juvenile, trafficking in drugs is a felony of the third degree, 1015 and there is a presumption for a prison term for the offense. 1016

(d) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 1017 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds five times the 1018 bulk amount but is less than fifty times the bulk amount, 1019 trafficking in drugs is a felony of the third degree, and there 1020 is a presumption for a prison term for the offense. If the 1021 amount of the drug involved is within that range and if the 1022 offense was committed in the vicinity of a school or in the 1023 vicinity of a juvenile, trafficking in drugs is a felony of the 1024 second degree, and there is a presumption for a prison term for 1025 the offense. 1026

(e) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the
amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds fifty times the
bulk amount, trafficking in drugs is a felony of the second
degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term a

second degree felony mandatory prison term. If the amount of the1031drug involved equals or exceeds fifty times the bulk amount and1032if the offense was committed in the vicinity of a school or in1033the vicinity of a juvenile, trafficking in drugs is a felony of1034the first degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory1035prison term a first degree felony mandatory prison term.1036

(3) If the drug involved in the violation is marihuana or
a compound, mixture, preparation, or substance containing
marihuana other than hashish, whoever violates division (A) of
this section is guilty of trafficking in marihuana. The penalty
for the offense shall be determined as follows:

(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C) (3) (b),
(c), (d), (e), (f), (g), or (h) of this section, trafficking in
1043
marihuana is a felony of the fifth degree, and division (B) of
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section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in determining
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whether to impose a prison term on the offender.

(b) Except as otherwise provided in division (C) (3) (c),
(d), (e), (f), (g), or (h) of this section, if the offense was
1048
committed in the vicinity of a school or in the vicinity of a
juvenile, trafficking in marihuana is a felony of the fourth
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degree, and division (B) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code
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applies in determining whether to impose a prison term on the
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offender.

(c) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the
amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds two hundred grams
but is less than one thousand grams, trafficking in marihuana is
a felony of the fourth degree, and division (B) of section
2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in determining whether to
impose a prison term on the offender. If the amount of the drug
involved is within that range and if the offense was committed

in the vicinity of a school or in the vicinity of a juvenile, 1061 trafficking in marihuana is a felony of the third degree, and 1062 division (C) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in 1063 determining whether to impose a prison term on the offender. 1064

(d) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 1065 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds one thousand grams 1066 but is less than five thousand grams, trafficking in marihuana 1067 is a felony of the third degree, and division (C) of section 1068 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in determining whether to 1069 impose a prison term on the offender. If the amount of the drug 1070 involved is within that range and if the offense was committed 1071 in the vicinity of a school or in the vicinity of a juvenile, 1072 trafficking in marihuana is a felony of the second degree, and 1073 there is a presumption that a prison term shall be imposed for 1074 the offense. 1075

(e) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 1076 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds five thousand 1077 grams but is less than twenty thousand grams, trafficking in 1078 marihuana is a felony of the third degree, and there is a 1079 presumption that a prison term shall be imposed for the offense. 1080 If the amount of the drug involved is within that range and if 1081 the offense was committed in the vicinity of a school or in the 1082 vicinity of a juvenile, trafficking in marihuana is a felony of 1083 the second degree, and there is a presumption that a prison term 1084 shall be imposed for the offense. 1085

(f) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the1086amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds twenty thousand1087grams but is less than forty thousand grams, trafficking in1088marihuana is a felony of the second degree, and the court shall1089impose as a mandatory prison term a second degree felony1090

mandatory prison term of five, six, seven, or eight years. If 1091 the amount of the drug involved is within that range and if the 1092 offense was committed in the vicinity of a school or in the 1093 vicinity of a juvenile, trafficking in marihuana is a felony of 1094 the first degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory 1095 prison term a maximum first degree felony mandatory prison term. 1096

(q) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 1097 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds forty thousand 1098 grams, trafficking in marihuana is a felony of the second 1099 1100 degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term a maximum second degree felony mandatory prison term. If the 1101 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds forty thousand 1102 grams and if the offense was committed in the vicinity of a 1103 school or in the vicinity of a juvenile, trafficking in 1104 marihuana is a felony of the first degree, and the court shall 1105 impose as a mandatory prison term a maximum first degree felony 1106 mandatory prison term. 1107

(h) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 1108 offense involves a gift of twenty grams or less of marihuana, 1109 trafficking in marihuana is a minor misdemeanor upon a first 1110 offense and a misdemeanor of the third degree upon a subsequent 1111 offense. If the offense involves a gift of twenty grams or less 1112 of marihuana and if the offense was committed in the vicinity of 1113 a school or in the vicinity of a juvenile, trafficking in 1114 marihuana is a misdemeanor of the third degree. 1115

(4) If the drug involved in the violation is cocaine or a
(4) If the drug involved in the violation is cocaine or a
(4) If the drug involved in the violation is cocaine or a
(4) If the drug involved in the violation is cocaine or a
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(6) 1117
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# H. B. No. 88 As Introduced

(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C) (4) (b),
(c), (d), (e), or (f), or (g) of this section, trafficking in
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cocaine is a felony of the fifth degree, and division (B) of
section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in determining
1124
whether to impose a prison term on the offender.

(b) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(4)(c), 1126 (d), (e), or (f), or (g) of this section, if the offense was 1127 committed in the vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a 1128 juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance addiction services 1129 1130 provider or a recovering addict, trafficking in cocaine is a felony of the fourth degree, and division (C) of section 2929.13 1131 of the Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a 1132 prison term on the offender. 1133

(c) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 1134 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds five grams but is 1135 less than ten grams of cocaine, trafficking in cocaine is a 1136 felony of the fourth degree, and division (B) of section 2929.13 1137 of the Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a 1138 prison term for the offense. If the amount of the drug involved 1139 is within that range and if the offense was committed in the 1140 vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a juvenile, or in the 1141 1142 vicinity of a substance addiction services provider or a recovering addict, trafficking in cocaine is a felony of the 1143 third degree, and there is a presumption for a prison term for 1144 the offense. 1145

(d) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the1146amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds ten grams but is1147less than twenty grams of cocaine, trafficking in cocaine is a1148felony of the third second degree, and, except as otherwise1149provided in this division, there is a presumption for a prison1150

term for the offense. If trafficking in cocaine is a felony of 1151 the third second degree under this division and if the offender 1152 two or more times previously has been convicted of or pleaded 1153 quilty to a felony drug abuse offense, the court shall impose as 1154 a mandatory prison term one of the prison terms prescribed for a 1155 felony of the third second degree. If the amount of the drug 1156 involved is within that range and if the offense was committed 1157 in the vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a juvenile, or 1158 in the vicinity of a substance addiction services provider or a 1159 recovering addict, trafficking in cocaine is a felony of the 1160 second first degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory 1161 prison term a second first degree felony mandatory prison term. 1162

(e) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if If 1163 the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds twenty grams 1164 but is less than twenty-seven one hundred grams of cocaine and 1165 regardless of whether the offense was committed in the vicinity 1166 of a school, in the vicinity of a juvenile, or in the vicinity 1167 of a substance addiction services provider or a recovering 1168 addict, trafficking in cocaine is a felony of the second first 1169 degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term a 1170 second first degree felony mandatory prison term. If the amount 1171 of the drug involved is within that range and if the offense was 1172 committed in the vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a 1173 juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance addiction services 1174 provider or a recovering addict, trafficking in cocaine is a 1175 felony of the first degree, and the court shall impose as a 1176 mandatory prison term a first degree felony mandatory prison 1177 term. 1178

(f) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds1179twenty-seven grams but is less than one hundred grams of cocaine1180and regardless of whether the offense was committed in the1181

#### H. B. No. 88 As Introduced

vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a juvenile, or in the	1182
vicinity of a substance addiction services provider or a	1183
recovering addict, trafficking in cocaine is a felony of the	1184
first degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison-	1185
term a first degree felony mandatory prison term.	1186
<del>(g) If</del> the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	1187
one hundred grams of cocaine and regardless of whether the	1188
offense was committed in the vicinity of a school, in the	1189
vicinity of a juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance	1190
addiction services provider or a recovering addict, trafficking	1191
in cocaine is a felony of the first degree, the offender is a	1192
major drug offender, and the court shall impose as a mandatory	1193
prison term a maximum first degree felony mandatory prison term.	1194
(5) If the drug involved in the violation is L.S.D. or a	1195
compound, mixture, preparation, or substance containing L.S.D.,	1196
whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty of	1197
trafficking in L.S.D. The penalty for the offense shall be	1198
determined as follows:	1199
(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(5)(b),	1200
(c), (d), (e), (f), or (g) of this section, trafficking in	1201
L.S.D. is a felony of the fifth degree, and division (B) of	1202
section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in determining	1203
whether to impose a prison term on the offender.	1204
(b) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(5)(c),	1205
(d), (e), (f), or (g) of this section, if the offense was	1206
committed in the vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a	1207

juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance addiction services 1208 provider or a recovering addict, trafficking in L.S.D. is a 1209 felony of the fourth degree, and division (C) of section 2929.13 1210 of the Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a 1211 prison term on the offender.

(c) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 1213 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds ten unit doses but 1214 is less than fifty unit doses of L.S.D. in a solid form or 1215 equals or exceeds one gram but is less than five grams of L.S.D. 1216 in a liquid concentrate, liquid extract, or liquid distillate 1217 form, trafficking in L.S.D. is a felony of the fourth degree, 1218 and division (B) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies 1219 in determining whether to impose a prison term for the offense. 1220 1221 If the amount of the drug involved is within that range and if 1222 the offense was committed in the vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance 1223 1224 addiction services provider or a recovering addict, trafficking in L.S.D. is a felony of the third degree, and there is a 1225 presumption for a prison term for the offense. 1226

(d) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 1227 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds fifty unit doses 1228 but is less than two hundred fifty unit doses of L.S.D. in a 1229 solid form or equals or exceeds five grams but is less than 1230 twenty-five grams of L.S.D. in a liquid concentrate, liquid 1231 extract, or liquid distillate form, trafficking in L.S.D. is a 1232 felony of the third degree, and, except as otherwise provided in 1233 this division, there is a presumption for a prison term for the 1234 offense. If trafficking in L.S.D. is a felony of the third 1235 degree under this division and if the offender two or more times 1236 previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a felony 1237 drug abuse offense, the court shall impose as a mandatory prison 1238 term one of the prison terms prescribed for a felony of the 1239 third degree. If the amount of the drug involved is within that 1240 range and if the offense was committed in the vicinity of a 1241 school, in the vicinity of a juvenile, or in the vicinity of a 1242

Page 43

substance addiction services provider or a recovering addict, 1243 trafficking in L.S.D. is a felony of the second degree, and the 1244 court shall impose as a mandatory prison term a second degree 1245 felony mandatory prison term. 1246

(e) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 1247 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds two hundred fifty 1248 unit doses but is less than one thousand unit doses of L.S.D. in 1249 a solid form or equals or exceeds twenty-five grams but is less 1250 than one hundred grams of L.S.D. in a liquid concentrate, liquid 1251 1252 extract, or liquid distillate form, trafficking in L.S.D. is a felony of the second degree, and the court shall impose as a 1253 mandatory prison term a second degree felony mandatory prison 1254 term. If the amount of the drug involved is within that range 1255 and if the offense was committed in the vicinity of a school, in 1256 the vicinity of a juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance 1257 addiction services provider or a recovering addict, trafficking 1258 in L.S.D. is a felony of the first degree, and the court shall 1259 impose as a mandatory prison term a first degree felony 1260 mandatory prison term. 1261

(f) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds 1262 one thousand unit doses but is less than five thousand unit 1263 doses of L.S.D. in a solid form or equals or exceeds one hundred 1264 grams but is less than five hundred grams of L.S.D. in a liquid 1265 concentrate, liquid extract, or liquid distillate form and 1266 regardless of whether the offense was committed in the vicinity 1267 of a school, in the vicinity of a juvenile, or in the vicinity 1268 of a substance addiction services provider or a recovering 1269 addict, trafficking in L.S.D. is a felony of the first degree, 1270 and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term a first 1271 degree felony mandatory prison term. 1272

(q) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds 1273 five thousand unit doses of L.S.D. in a solid form or equals or 1274 exceeds five hundred grams of L.S.D. in a liquid concentrate, 1275 liquid extract, or liquid distillate form and regardless of 1276 whether the offense was committed in the vicinity of a school, 1277 in the vicinity of a juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance 1278 addiction services provider or a recovering addict, trafficking 1279 in L.S.D. is a felony of the first degree, the offender is a 1280 major drug offender, and the court shall impose as a mandatory 1281 prison term a maximum first degree felony mandatory prison term. 1282

(6) If the drug involved in the violation is heroin or a
compound, mixture, preparation, or substance containing heroin,
whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty of
trafficking in heroin. The penalty for the offense shall be
determined as follows:

(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C) (6) (b),
(c), (d), (e), or (f), or (g) of this section, trafficking in
heroin is a felony of the fifth degree, and division (B) of
section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in determining
1291
whether to impose a prison term on the offender.

(b) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(6)(c), 1293 (d), (e), or (f), or (g) of this section, if the offense was 1294 committed in the vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a 1295 juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance addiction services 1296 provider or a recovering addict, trafficking in heroin is a 1297 felony of the fourth degree, and division (C) of section 2929.13 1298 of the Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a 1299 prison term on the offender. 1300

(c) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if theamount of the drug involved equals or exceeds ten unit doses but1302

is less than fifty unit doses or equals or exceeds one gram but 1303 is less than five grams, trafficking in heroin is a felony of 1304 the fourth second degree, and division (B) of section 2929.13 of 1305 the Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a 1306 prison term for the offense. If the amount of the drug involved 1307 is within that range and if the offense was committed in the 1308 vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a juvenile, or in the 1309 vicinity of a substance addiction services provider or a 1310 recovering addict, trafficking in heroin is a felony of the 1311 third-first degree, and there is a presumption for a prison term 1312 for the offense. 1313

(d) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if If 1314 the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds fifty unit 1315 doses but is less than one hundred unit doses or equals or 1316 exceeds five grams but is less than ten grams and regardless of 1317 whether the offense was committed in the vicinity of a school, 1318 in the vicinity of a juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance 1319 addiction services provider or a recovering addict, trafficking 1320 in heroin is a felony of the third-first degree, and there is a 1321 presumption for a prison term for the offense. If the amount of 1322 the drug involved is within that range and if the offense was 1323 committed in the vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a 1324 juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance addiction services 1325 provider or a recovering addict, trafficking in heroin is a 1326 felony of the second degree, and there is a presumption for a 1327 prison term for the offense. 1328

(e) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if If
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the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds one hundred
unit doses but is less than five hundred one thousand unit doses
or equals or exceeds ten grams but is less than fifty one
hundred grams and regardless of whether the offense was

committed in the vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a	1334
juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance addiction services	1335
provider or a recovering addict, trafficking in heroin is a	1336
felony of the second_first_degree, and the court shall impose as	1337
a mandatory prison term a <del>second <u>f</u>irst degree</del> felony mandatory	1338
prison term. If the amount of the drug involved is within that	1339
range and if the offense was committed in the vicinity of a	1340
school, in the vicinity of a juvenile, or in the vicinity of a	1341
substance addiction services provider or a recovering addict,	1342
trafficking in heroin is a felony of the first degree, and the	1343
court shall impose as a mandatory prison term a first degree	1344
felony mandatory prison term.	1345
(f) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	1346
five hundred unit doses but is less than one thousand unit doses	1347
or equals or exceeds fifty grams but is less than one hundred	1348
grams and regardless of whether the offense was committed in the	1349
vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a juvenile, or in the	1350
vicinity of a substance addiction services provider or a	1351
recovering addict, trafficking in heroin is a felony of the	1352
first degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison	1353
term a first degree felony mandatory prison term.	1354

(g) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds 1355 one thousand unit doses or equals or exceeds one hundred grams 1356 and regardless of whether the offense was committed in the 1357 vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a juvenile, or in the 1358 vicinity of a substance addiction services provider or a 1359 recovering addict, trafficking in heroin is a felony of the 1360 first degree, the offender is a major drug offender, and the 1361 court shall impose as a mandatory prison term a maximum first 1362 degree felony mandatory prison term. 1363

(7) If the drug involved in the violation is hashish or a
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(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C) (7) (b),
(c), (d), (e), (f), or (g) of this section, trafficking in
hashish is a felony of the fifth degree, and division (B) of
section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in determining
1372
whether to impose a prison term on the offender.

(b) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(7)(c), 1374 (d), (e), (f), or (g) of this section, if the offense was 1375 committed in the vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a 1376 juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance addiction services 1377 provider or a recovering addict, trafficking in hashish is a 1378 felony of the fourth degree, and division (B) of section 2929.13 1379 of the Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a 1380 prison term on the offender. 1381

(c) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 1382 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds ten grams but is 1383 less than fifty grams of hashish in a solid form or equals or 1384 exceeds two grams but is less than ten grams of hashish in a 1385 liquid concentrate, liquid extract, or liquid distillate form, 1386 trafficking in hashish is a felony of the fourth degree, and 1387 division (B) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in 1388 determining whether to impose a prison term on the offender. If 1389 the amount of the drug involved is within that range and if the 1390 offense was committed in the vicinity of a school, in the 1391 vicinity of a juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance 1392 addiction services provider or a recovering addict, trafficking 1393

in hashish is a felony of the third degree, and division (C) of 1394
section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in determining 1395
whether to impose a prison term on the offender. 1396

(d) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 1397 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds fifty grams but is 1398 less than two hundred fifty grams of hashish in a solid form or 1399 equals or exceeds ten grams but is less than fifty grams of 1400 hashish in a liquid concentrate, liquid extract, or liquid 1401 distillate form, trafficking in hashish is a felony of the third 1402 degree, and division (C) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code 1403 applies in determining whether to impose a prison term on the 1404 offender. If the amount of the drug involved is within that 1405 range and if the offense was committed in the vicinity of a 1406 school, in the vicinity of a juvenile, or in the vicinity of a 1407 substance addiction services provider or a recovering addict, 1408 trafficking in hashish is a felony of the second degree, and 1409 there is a presumption that a prison term shall be imposed for 1410 the offense. 1411

(e) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 1412 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds two hundred fifty 1413 grams but is less than one thousand grams of hashish in a solid 1414 1415 form or equals or exceeds fifty grams but is less than two hundred grams of hashish in a liquid concentrate, liquid 1416 extract, or liquid distillate form, trafficking in hashish is a 1417 felony of the third degree, and there is a presumption that a 1418 prison term shall be imposed for the offense. If the amount of 1419 the drug involved is within that range and if the offense was 1420 committed in the vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a 1421 juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance addiction services 1422 provider or a recovering addict, trafficking in hashish is a 1423 felony of the second degree, and there is a presumption that a 1424

prison term shall be imposed for the offense.

(f) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 1426 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds one thousand grams 1427 but is less than two thousand grams of hashish in a solid form 1428 or equals or exceeds two hundred grams but is less than four 1429 hundred grams of hashish in a liquid concentrate, liquid 1430 extract, or liquid distillate form, trafficking in hashish is a 1431 felony of the second degree, and the court shall impose as a 1432 mandatory prison term a second degree felony mandatory prison 1433 1434 term of five, six, seven, or eight years. If the amount of the 1435 drug involved is within that range and if the offense was committed in the vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a 1436 juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance addiction services 1437 provider or a recovering addict, trafficking in hashish is a 1438 felony of the first degree, and the court shall impose as a 1439 mandatory prison term a maximum first degree felony mandatory 1440 prison term. 1441

(g) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 1442 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds two thousand grams 1443 of hashish in a solid form or equals or exceeds four hundred 1444 grams of hashish in a liquid concentrate, liquid extract, or 1445 1446 liquid distillate form, trafficking in hashish is a felony of the second degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory 1447 prison term a maximum second degree felony mandatory prison 1448 term. If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds two 1449 thousand grams of hashish in a solid form or equals or exceeds 1450 four hundred grams of hashish in a liquid concentrate, liquid 1451 extract, or liquid distillate form and if the offense was 1452 committed in the vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a 1453 juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance addiction services 1454 provider or a recovering addict, trafficking in hashish is a 1455

Page 50

felony of the first degree, and the court shall impose as a 1456 mandatory prison term a maximum first degree felony mandatory 1457 prison term. 1458

(8) If the drug involved in the violation is a controlled
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substance analog or compound, mixture, preparation, or substance
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that contains a controlled substance analog, whoever violates
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division (A) of this section is guilty of trafficking in a
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controlled substance analog. The penalty for the offense shall
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be determined as follows:

(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C) (8) (b),
(c), (d), (e), (f), or (g) of this section, trafficking in a
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controlled substance analog is a felony of the fifth degree, and
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division (C) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in
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determining whether to impose a prison term on the offender.

(b) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(8)(c), 1470 (d), (e), (f), or (g) of this section, if the offense was 1471 committed in the vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a 1472 juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance addiction services 1473 provider or a recovering addict, trafficking in a controlled 1474 substance analog is a felony of the fourth degree, and division 1475 (C) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in 1476 determining whether to impose a prison term on the offender. 1477

(c) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 1478 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds ten grams but is 1479 less than twenty grams, trafficking in a controlled substance 1480 analog is a felony of the fourth degree, and division (B) of 1481 section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in determining 1482 whether to impose a prison term for the offense. If the amount 1483 of the drug involved is within that range and if the offense was 1484 committed in the vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a 1485

### H. B. No. 88 As Introduced

juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance addiction services 1486 provider or a recovering addict, trafficking in a controlled 1487 substance analog is a felony of the third degree, and there is a 1488 presumption for a prison term for the offense. 1489

(d) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 1490 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds twenty grams but 1491 is less than thirty grams, trafficking in a controlled substance 1492 analog is a felony of the third degree, and there is a 1493 presumption for a prison term for the offense. If the amount of 1494 the drug involved is within that range and if the offense was 1495 committed in the vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a 1496 juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance addiction services 1497 provider or a recovering addict, trafficking in a controlled 1498 substance analog is a felony of the second degree, and there is 1499 a presumption for a prison term for the offense. 1500

(e) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 1501 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds thirty grams but 1502 is less than forty grams, trafficking in a controlled substance 1503 analog is a felony of the second degree, and the court shall 1504 impose as a mandatory prison term a second degree felony 1505 mandatory prison term. If the amount of the drug involved is 1506 within that range and if the offense was committed in the 1507 vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a juvenile, or in the 1508 vicinity of a substance addiction services provider or a 1509 recovering addict, trafficking in a controlled substance analog 1510 is a felony of the first degree, and the court shall impose as a 1511 mandatory prison term a first degree felony mandatory prison 1512 term. 1513

(f) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds1514forty grams but is less than fifty grams and regardless of1515

## H. B. No. 88 As Introduced

whether the offense was committed in the vicinity of a school,1516in the vicinity of a juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance1517addiction services provider or a recovering addict, trafficking1518in a controlled substance analog is a felony of the first1519degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term a1520first degree felony mandatory prison term.1521

(g) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds 1522 fifty grams and regardless of whether the offense was committed 1523 in the vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a juvenile, or 1524 in the vicinity of a substance addiction services provider or a 1525 recovering addict, trafficking in a controlled substance analog 1526 is a felony of the first degree, the offender is a major drug 1527 offender, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term 1528 a maximum first degree felony mandatory prison term. 1529

(9) If the drug involved in the violation is a fentanylrelated compound or a compound, mixture, preparation, or
1531
substance containing a fentanyl-related compound and division
(C) (10) (a) of this section does not apply to the drug involved,
whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty of
trafficking in a fentanyl-related compound. The penalty for the
offense shall be determined as follows:

(b) Except as otherwise provided in division (C) (9) (c), 1543
(d), (e), (f), or (g), or (h) of this section, if the offense 1544
was committed in the vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a 1545

juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance addiction services 1546 provider or a recovering addict, trafficking in a fentanylrelated compound is a felony of the fourth\_first\_degree, and 1548 division (C) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in 1549 determining whether to impose a prison term on the offender. 1550

(c) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if If 1551 the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds ten unit doses 1552 1553 but is less than fifty unit doses or equals or exceeds one gram but is less than five grams and regardless of whether the 1554 1555 offense was committed in the vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance 1556 addiction services provider or a recovering addict, trafficking 1557 in a fentanyl-related compound is a felony of the fourth first 1558 degree, and division (B) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code 1559 applies in determining whether to impose a prison term for the 1560 offense. If the amount of the drug involved is within that range 1561 and if the offense was committed in the vicinity of a school, in 1562 the vicinity of a juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance 1563 addiction services provider or a recovering addict, trafficking 1564 in a fentanyl-related compound is a felony of the third degree, 1565 and there is a presumption for a prison term for the offense. 1566

(d) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if If 1567 the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds fifty unit 1568 doses but is less than one hundred unit doses or equals or 1569 exceeds five grams but is less than ten grams and regardless of 1570 whether the offense was committed in the vicinity of a school, 1571 in the vicinity of a juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance 1572 addiction services provider or a recovering addict, trafficking 1573 in a fentanyl-related compound is a felony of the third-first 1574 degree, and there is a presumption for a prison term for the 1575 offense. If the amount of the drug involved is within that range 1576

and if the offense was committed in the vicinity of a school, in 1577 the vicinity of a juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance 1578 addiction services provider or a recovering addict, trafficking 1579 in a fentanyl-related compound is a felony of the second degree, 1580 and there is a presumption for a prison term for the offense. 1.581 (e) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if If 1582 the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds one hundred 1583 unit doses but is less than two-five hundred unit doses or 1584 equals or exceeds ten grams but is less than twenty fifty grams 1585 and regardless of whether the offense was committed in the 1586 vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a juvenile, or in the 1587 vicinity of a substance addiction services provider or a 1588 recovering addict, trafficking in a fentanyl-related compound is 1589 a felony of the second first degree, and the court shall impose 1590 as a mandatory prison term one of the prison terms prescribed 1591 for a felony of the second first degree. If the amount of the 1592 drug involved is within that range and if the offense was 1593 committed in the vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a 1594 juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance addiction services 1595 provider or a recovering addict, trafficking in a fentanyl-1596 related compound is a felony of the first degree, and the court 1597 shall impose as a mandatory prison term one of the prison terms 1598 prescribed for a felony of the first degree. 1599 1600 (f) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds two hundred unit doses but is less than five hundred unit doses 1601 or equals or exceeds twenty grams but is less than fifty grams 1602

and regardless of whether the offense was committed in the1602vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a juvenile, or in the1603vicinity of a substance addiction services provider or a1605recovering addict, trafficking in a fentanyl-related compound is1606a felony of the first degree, and the court shall impose as a1607

mandatory prison term one of the prison terms prescribed for a1608felony of the first degree.1609

(g) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds 1610 five hundred unit doses but is less than one thousand unit doses 1611 or equals or exceeds fifty grams but is less than one hundred 1612 grams and regardless of whether the offense was committed in the 1613 vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a juvenile, or in the 1614 vicinity of a substance addiction services provider or a 1615 recovering addict, trafficking in a fentanyl-related compound is 1616 a felony of the first degree, and the court shall impose as a 1617 mandatory prison term the maximum prison term prescribed for a 1618 felony of the first degree. 1619

(h) (g) If the amount of the drug involved equals or 1620 exceeds one thousand unit doses or equals or exceeds one hundred 1621 grams and regardless of whether the offense was committed in the 1622 vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a juvenile, or in the 1623 vicinity of a substance addiction services provider or a 1624 recovering addict, trafficking in a fentanyl-related compound is 1625 a felony of the first degree, the offender is a major drug 1626 offender, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term 1627 the maximum prison term prescribed for a felony of the first 1628 1629 degree.

(10) If the drug involved in the violation is a compound, 1630 mixture, preparation, or substance that is a combination of a 1631 fentanyl-related compound and marihuana, one of the following 1632 applies: 1633

(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C) (10) (b) of
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this section, the offender is guilty of trafficking in marihuana
and shall be punished under division (C) (3) of this section. The
offender is not guilty of trafficking in a fentanyl-related
1637

compound and shall not be charged with, convicted of, or punished under division (C)(9) of this section for trafficking in a fentanyl-related compound.

(b) If the offender knows or has reason to know that the
1641
compound, mixture, preparation, or substance that is the drug
1642
involved contains a fentanyl-related compound, the offender is
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guilty of trafficking in a fentanyl-related compound and shall
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be punished under division (C) (9) of this section.

(11) If the drug involved in the violation is1646methamphetamine or a compound, mixture, preparation, or1647substance containing methamphetamine, whoever violates division1648(A) of this section is guilty of trafficking in methamphetamine.1649The penalty for the offense shall be determined as follows:1650

(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C) (11) (b),1651(c), (d), (e), or (f) of this section, trafficking in1652methamphetamine is a felony of the fourth degree, and division1653(B) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in1654determining whether to impose a prison term on the offender.1655

(b) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(11)(c), 1656 1657 (d), (e), or (f) of this section, if the offense was committed in the vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a juvenile, or 1658 1659 in the vicinity of a substance addiction services provider or a recovering addict, trafficking in methamphetamine is a felony of 1660 the third degree, and division (C) of section 2929.13 of the 1661 Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a prison 1662 term on the offender. 1663

(c) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the	1664
amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds three grams but is	1665
less than ten grams of methamphetamine, trafficking in	1666

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1639

methamphetamine is a felony of the third degree and, except as	1667
otherwise provided in this division, there is a presumption for	1668
a prison term for the offense. If trafficking in methamphetamine	1669
is a felony of the third degree and if the offender two or more	1670
times previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a	1671
felony drug abuse offense, the court shall impose as a mandatory	1672
prison term one of the prison terms prescribed for a felony of	1673
the third degree. If the amount of the drug involved is within	1674
that range and if the offense was committed in the vicinity of a	1675
school, in the vicinity of a juvenile, or in the vicinity of a	1676
substance addiction services provider or a recovering addict,	1677
trafficking in methamphetamine is a felony of the second degree,	1678
and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term one of the	1679
prison terms prescribed for a felony of the second degree.	1680
(d) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the	1681
amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds ten grams but is	1682
less than twenty grams of methamphetamine, trafficking in	1683
methamphetamine is a felony of the second degree and there is a	1684
presumption for a prison term for the offense. If trafficking in	1685
methamphetamine is a felony of the second degree under this	1686
division and if the offender two or more times previously has	1687
been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a felony drug abuse	1688
offense, the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term one	1689
of the prison terms prescribed for a felony of the second	1690
degree. If the amount of the drug involved is within that range	1691
and if the offense was committed in the vicinity of a school, in	1692
the vicinity of a juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance	1693
addiction services provider or a recovering addict, trafficking	1694
in methamphetamine is a felony of the first degree, and the	1695

court shall impose as a mandatory prison term a first degree

felony mandatory prison term.

Page 58

1696

(e) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	1698
twenty grams but is less than one hundred grams of	1699
methamphetamine and regardless of whether the offense was	1700
committed in the vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a	1701
juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance addiction services	1702
provider or a recovering addict, trafficking in methamphetamine	1703
is a felony of the first degree, and the court shall impose as a	1704
mandatory prison term a first degree felony mandatory prison	1705
term.	1706
(f) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	1707
one hundred grams of methamphetamine and regardless of whether	1708
the offense was committed in the vicinity of a school, in the	1709
vicinity of a juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance	1710
addiction services provider or a recovering addict, trafficking	1711
in methamphetamine is a felony of the first degree, the offender	1712
is a major drug offender, and the court shall impose as a	1713
mandatory prison term a maximum first degree felony mandatory	1714
prison term.	1715
(D) In addition to any prison term authorized or required	1716
by division (C) of this section and sections 2929.13 and 2929.14	1717
of the Revised Code, and in addition to any other sanction	1718
imposed for the offense under this section or sections 2929.11	1719
to 2929.18 of the Revised Code, the court that sentences an	1720
	1720
offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a violation of	1720
offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a violation of	1721
offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a violation of division (A) of this section may suspend the driver's or	1721 1722
offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a violation of division (A) of this section may suspend the driver's or commercial driver's license or permit of the offender in	1721 1722 1723
offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a violation of division (A) of this section may suspend the driver's or commercial driver's license or permit of the offender in accordance with division (G) of this section. However, if the	1721 1722 1723 1724

States arising out of the same set of circumstances as the

Page 59

Page 60

violation, the court shall suspend the offender's driver's or 1729 commercial driver's license or permit in accordance with 1730 division (G) of this section. If applicable, the court also 1731 shall do the following: 1732 (1) If the violation of division (A) of this section is a 1733 felony of the first, second, or third degree, the court shall 1734 impose upon the offender the mandatory fine specified for the 1735 offense under division (B)(1) of section 2929.18 of the Revised 1736 Code unless, as specified in that division, the court determines 1737 that the offender is indigent. Except as otherwise provided in 1738 division (H)(1) of this section, a mandatory fine or any other 1739 fine imposed for a violation of this section is subject to 1740 division (F) of this section. If a person is charged with a 1741 violation of this section that is a felony of the first, second, 1742 or third degree, posts bail, and forfeits the bail, the clerk of 1743 the court shall pay the forfeited bail pursuant to divisions (D) 1744 (1) and (F) of this section, as if the forfeited bail was a fine 1745 imposed for a violation of this section. If any amount of the 1746 forfeited bail remains after that payment and if a fine is 1747

imposed under division (H)(1) of this section, the clerk of the 1748
court shall pay the remaining amount of the forfeited bail 1749
pursuant to divisions (H)(2) and (3) of this section, as if that 1750
remaining amount was a fine imposed under division (H)(1) of 1751
this section. 1752

(2) If the offender is a professionally licensed person,
the court immediately shall comply with section 2925.38 of the
Revised Code.

(E) When a person is charged with the sale of or offer to
sell a bulk amount or a multiple of a bulk amount of a
controlled substance, the jury, or the court trying the accused,
1758

shall determine the amount of the controlled substance involved 1759 at the time of the offense and, if a guilty verdict is returned, 1760 shall return the findings as part of the verdict. In any such 1761 case, it is unnecessary to find and return the exact amount of 1762 the controlled substance involved, and it is sufficient if the 1763 finding and return is to the effect that the amount of the 1764 controlled substance involved is the requisite amount, or that 1765 the amount of the controlled substance involved is less than the 1766 requisite amount. 1767

(F) (1) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of section 1768 3719.21 of the Revised Code and except as provided in division 1769 (H) of this section, the clerk of the court shall pay any 1770 mandatory fine imposed pursuant to division (D)(1) of this 1771 section and any fine other than a mandatory fine that is imposed 1772 for a violation of this section pursuant to division (A) or (B) 1773 (5) of section 2929.18 of the Revised Code to the county, 1774 township, municipal corporation, park district, as created 1775 pursuant to section 511.18 or 1545.04 of the Revised Code, or 1776 state law enforcement agencies in this state that primarily were 1777 responsible for or involved in making the arrest of, and in 1778 prosecuting, the offender. However, the clerk shall not pay a 1779 mandatory fine so imposed to a law enforcement agency unless the 1780 agency has adopted a written internal control policy under 1781 division (F)(2) of this section that addresses the use of the 1782 fine moneys that it receives. Each agency shall use the 1783 mandatory fines so paid to subsidize the agency's law 1784 enforcement efforts that pertain to drug offenses, in accordance 1785 with the written internal control policy adopted by the 1786 recipient agency under division (F)(2) of this section. 1787

(2) Prior to receiving any fine moneys under division (F) 1788(1) of this section or division (B) of section 2925.42 of the 1789

Revised Code, a law enforcement agency shall adopt a written 1790 internal control policy that addresses the agency's use and 1791 disposition of all fine moneys so received and that provides for 1792 the keeping of detailed financial records of the receipts of 1793 those fine moneys, the general types of expenditures made out of 1794 those fine moneys, and the specific amount of each general type 1795 of expenditure. The policy shall not provide for or permit the 1796 identification of any specific expenditure that is made in an 1797 ongoing investigation. All financial records of the receipts of 1798 those fine moneys, the general types of expenditures made out of 1799 those fine moneys, and the specific amount of each general type 1800 of expenditure by an agency are public records open for 1801 inspection under section 149.43 of the Revised Code. 1802 Additionally, a written internal control policy adopted under 1803 this division is such a public record, and the agency that 1804 adopted it shall comply with it. 1805

(3) As used in division (F) of this section:

(a) "Law enforcement agencies" includes, but is not
limited to, the state board of pharmacy and the office of a
prosecutor.

(b) "Prosecutor" has the same meaning as in section18102935.01 of the Revised Code.1811

(G) (1) If the sentencing court suspends the offender's 1812 driver's or commercial driver's license or permit under division 1813 (D) of this section or any other provision of this chapter, the 1814 court shall suspend the license, by order, for not more than 1815 five years. If an offender's driver's or commercial driver's 1816 license or permit is suspended pursuant to this division, the 1817 offender, at any time after the expiration of two years from the 1818 day on which the offender's sentence was imposed or from the day 1819

Page 62

on which the offender finally was released from a prison term1820under the sentence, whichever is later, may file a motion with1821the sentencing court requesting termination of the suspension;1822upon the filing of such a motion and the court's finding of good1823cause for the termination, the court may terminate the1824suspension.1825

(2) Any offender who received a mandatory suspension of 1826 the offender's driver's or commercial driver's license or permit 1827 under this section prior to September 13, 2016, may file a 1828 1829 motion with the sentencing court requesting the termination of the suspension. However, an offender who pleaded quilty to or 1830 was convicted of a violation of section 4511.19 of the Revised 1831 Code or a substantially similar municipal ordinance or law of 1832 another state or the United States that arose out of the same 1833 set of circumstances as the violation for which the offender's 1834 license or permit was suspended under this section shall not 1835 file such a motion. 1836

Upon the filing of a motion under division (G)(2) of this 1837 section, the sentencing court, in its discretion, may terminate 1838 the suspension. 1839

(H) (1) In addition to any prison term authorized or 1840 required by division (C) of this section and sections 2929.13 1841 and 2929.14 of the Revised Code, in addition to any other 1842 penalty or sanction imposed for the offense under this section 1843 or sections 2929.11 to 2929.18 of the Revised Code, and in 1844 addition to the forfeiture of property in connection with the 1845 offense as prescribed in Chapter 2981. of the Revised Code, the 1846 court that sentences an offender who is convicted of or pleads 1847 quilty to a violation of division (A) of this section may impose 1848 upon the offender an additional fine specified for the offense 1849

in division (B)(4) of section 2929.18 of the Revised Code. A 1850
fine imposed under division (H)(1) of this section is not 1851
subject to division (F) of this section and shall be used solely 1852
for the support of one or more eligible community addiction 1853
services providers in accordance with divisions (H)(2) and (3) 1854
of this section. 1855

(2) The court that imposes a fine under division (H)(1) of 1856 this section shall specify in the judgment that imposes the fine 1857 one or more eligible community addiction services providers for 1858 1859 the support of which the fine money is to be used. No community addiction services provider shall receive or use money paid or 1860 collected in satisfaction of a fine imposed under division (H) 1861 (1) of this section unless the services provider is specified in 1862 the judgment that imposes the fine. No community addiction 1863 services provider shall be specified in the judgment unless the 1864 services provider is an eligible community addiction services 1865 provider and, except as otherwise provided in division (H)(2) of 1866 this section, unless the services provider is located in the 1867 county in which the court that imposes the fine is located or in 1868 a county that is immediately contiguous to the county in which 1869 that court is located. If no eligible community addiction 1870 services provider is located in any of those counties, the 1871 judgment may specify an eligible community addiction services 1872 provider that is located anywhere within this state. 1873

(3) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of section
1874
3719.21 of the Revised Code, the clerk of the court shall pay
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any fine imposed under division (H) (1) of this section to the
1876
eligible community addiction services provider specified
1877
pursuant to division (H) (2) of this section in the judgment. The
1878
eligible community addiction services provider that receives the
1879
fine moneys shall use the moneys only for the alcohol and drug

### H. B. No. 88 As Introduced

addiction services identified in the application for1881certification of services under section 5119.36 of the Revised1882Code or in the application for a license under section 5119.371883of the Revised Code filed with the department of mental health1884and addiction services by the community addiction services1885provider specified in the judgment.1886

(4) Each community addiction services provider that 1887 receives in a calendar year any fine moneys under division (H) 1888 (3) of this section shall file an annual report covering that 1889 calendar year with the court of common pleas and the board of 1890 county commissioners of the county in which the services 1891 provider is located, with the court of common pleas and the 1892 board of county commissioners of each county from which the 1893 services provider received the moneys if that county is 1894 different from the county in which the services provider is 1895 located, and with the attorney general. The community addiction 1896 services provider shall file the report no later than the first 1897 day of March in the calendar year following the calendar year in 1898 which the services provider received the fine moneys. The report 1899 shall include statistics on the number of persons served by the 1900 community addiction services provider, identify the types of 1901 alcohol and drug addiction services provided to those persons, 1902 and include a specific accounting of the purposes for which the 1903 fine moneys received were used. No information contained in the 1904 report shall identify, or enable a person to determine the 1905 identity of, any person served by the community addiction 1906 services provider. Each report received by a court of common 1907 pleas, a board of county commissioners, or the attorney general 1908 is a public record open for inspection under section 149.43 of 1909 the Revised Code. 1910

(5) As used in divisions (H)(1) to (5) of this section:

Page 65

## H. B. No. 88 As Introduced

(a) "Community addiction services provider" and "alcohol 1912 and drug addiction services" have the same meanings as in 1913 section 5119.01 of the Revised Code. 1914 (b) "Eligible community addiction services provider" means 1915 a community addiction services provider, including a community 1916 addiction services provider that operates an opioid treatment 1917 program licensed under section 5119.37 of the Revised Code. 1918 (I) As used in this section, "drug" includes any substance 1919 1920 that is represented to be a drug. (J) It is an affirmative defense to a charge of 1921 trafficking in a controlled substance analog under division (C) 1922 (8) of this section that the person charged with violating that 1923 offense sold or offered to sell, or prepared for shipment, 1924 shipped, transported, delivered, prepared for distribution, or 1925 distributed one of the following items that are excluded from 1926 the meaning of "controlled substance analog" under section 1927 3719.01 of the Revised Code: 1928 (1) A controlled substance; 1929 (2) Any substance for which there is an approved new drug 1930 application; 1931 (3) With respect to a particular person, any substance if 1932 an exemption is in effect for investigational use for that 1933 person pursuant to federal law to the extent that conduct with 1934 respect to that substance is pursuant to that exemption. 1935

Sec. 2925.11. (A) No person shall knowingly obtain,1936possess, or use a controlled substance or a controlled substance1937analog.1938

(B) (1) This section does not apply to any of the 1939

Page 67

#### following:

(a) Manufacturers, licensed health professionals	1941
authorized to prescribe drugs, pharmacists, owners of	1942
pharmacies, and other persons whose conduct was in accordance	1943
with Chapters 3719., 4715., 4723., 4729., 4730., 4731., and	1944
4741. of the Revised Code;	1945

(b) If the offense involves an anabolic steroid, any
person who is conducting or participating in a research project
involving the use of an anabolic steroid if the project has been
approved by the United States food and drug administration;
1949

(c) Any person who sells, offers for sale, prescribes, 1950 dispenses, or administers for livestock or other nonhuman 1951 species an anabolic steroid that is expressly intended for 1952 administration through implants to livestock or other nonhuman 1953 species and approved for that purpose under the "Federal Food, 1954 Drug, and Cosmetic Act," 52 Stat. 1040 (1938), 21 U.S.C.A. 301, 1955 as amended, and is sold, offered for sale, prescribed, 1956 dispensed, or administered for that purpose in accordance with 1957 that act; 1958

(d) Any person who obtained the controlled substance1959pursuant to a prescription issued by a licensed health1960professional authorized to prescribe drugs if the prescription1961was issued for a legitimate medical purpose and not altered,1962forged, or obtained through deception or commission of a theft1963offense.1964

As used in division (B)(1)(d) of this section, "deception" 1965 and "theft offense" have the same meanings as in section 2913.01 1966 of the Revised Code. 1967

(2) (a) As used in division (B) (2) of this section: 1968

# H. B. No. 88 As Introduced

(ii) "Community control sanction" has the same meaning as 1971 in section 2929.01 of the Revised Code. 1972 (iii) "Health care facility" has the same meaning as in 1973 section 2919.16 of the Revised Code. 1974 (iv) "Minor drug possession offense" means a violation of 1975 this section that is a misdemeanor or a felony of the fifth 1976 degree. 1977 (v) "Post-release control sanction" has the same meaning 1978 as in section 2967.28 of the Revised Code. 1979 (vi) "Peace officer" has the same meaning as in section 1980 2935.01 of the Revised Code. 1981 (vii) "Public agency" has the same meaning as in section 1982 2930.01 of the Revised Code. 1983 (viii) "Qualified individual" means a person who is acting 1984 in good faith who seeks or obtains medical assistance for 1985 another person who is experiencing a drug overdose, a person who 1986 experiences a drug overdose and who seeks medical assistance for 1987 that overdose, or a person who is the subject of another person 1988 seeking or obtaining medical assistance for that overdose as 1989 described in division (B)(2)(b) of this section. 1990 (ix) "Seek or obtain medical assistance" includes, but is 1991 not limited to making a 9-1-1 call, contacting in person or by 1992 telephone call an on-duty peace officer, or transporting or 1993 presenting a person to a health care facility. 1994

(i) "Community addiction services provider" has the same

meaning as in section 5119.01 of the Revised Code.

(b) Subject to division (B)(2)(e) of this section, aqualified individual shall not be arrested, charged, prosecuted,1996

#### Page 68

1969

convicted, or penalized pursuant to this chapter for a minor 1997
drug possession offense or a violation of section 2925.12, 1998
division (C)(1) of section 2925.14, or section 2925.141 of the 1999
Revised Code if all of the following apply: 2000

(i) The evidence of the obtaining, possession, or use of
2001
the controlled substance or controlled substance analog, drug
abuse instruments, or drug paraphernalia that would be the basis
2003
of the offense was obtained as a result of the qualified
2004
individual seeking the medical assistance or experiencing an
2005
overdose and needing medical assistance.

(ii) Subject to division (B) (2) (f) of this section, within
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thirty days after seeking or obtaining the medical assistance,
2008
the qualified individual seeks and obtains a screening and
2009
receives a referral for treatment from a community addiction
2010
services provider or a properly credentialed addiction treatment
2011
professional.

2013 (iii) Subject to division (B)(2)(f) of this section, the qualified individual who obtains a screening and receives a 2014 referral for treatment under division (B) (2) (b) (ii) of this 2015 section, upon the request of any prosecuting attorney, submits 2016 documentation to the prosecuting attorney that verifies that the 2017 qualified individual satisfied the requirements of that 2018 division. The documentation shall be limited to the date and 2019 time of the screening obtained and referral received. 2020

(c) If a person who is serving a community control
sanction or is under a sanction on post-release control acts
pursuant to division (B) (2) (b) of this section, then division
(B) of section 2929.141, division (B) (2) of section 2929.15,
division (D) (3) of section 2929.25, or division (F) (3) of
section 2967.28 of the Revised Code applies to the person with

respect to any violation of the sanction or post-release control 2027 sanction based on a minor drug possession offense, as defined in 2028 section 2925.11 of the Revised Code, or a violation of section 2029 2925.12, division (C)(1) of section 2925.14, or section 2925.141 2030 of the Revised Code. 2031

(d) Nothing in division (B)(2)(b) of this section shall be construed to do any of the following:

(i) Limit the admissibility of any evidence in connection 2034 with the investigation or prosecution of a crime with regards to 2035 a defendant who does not qualify for the protections of division 2036 (B) (2) (b) of this section or with regards to any crime other 2037 than a minor drug possession offense or a violation of section 2038 2925.12, division (C)(1) of section 2925.14, or section 2925.141 2039 of the Revised Code committed by a person who qualifies for 2040 protection pursuant to division (B) (2) (b) of this section; 2041

(ii) Limit any seizure of evidence or contraband otherwise 2042permitted by law; 2043

(iii) Limit or abridge the authority of a peace officer to
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detain or take into custody a person in the course of an
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investigation or to effectuate an arrest for any offense except
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as provided in that division;
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(iv) Limit, modify, or remove any immunity from liability 2048
available pursuant to law in effect prior to September 13, 2016, 2049
to any public agency or to an employee of any public agency. 2050

(e) Division (B) (2) (b) of this section does not apply to 2051
any person who twice previously has been granted an immunity 2052
under division (B) (2) (b) of this section. No person shall be 2053
granted an immunity under division (B) (2) (b) of this section 2054
more than two times. 2055

Page 70

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(f) Nothing in this section shall compel any qualified 2056 individual to disclose protected health information in a way 2057 that conflicts with the requirements of the "Health Insurance 2058 Portability and Accountability Act of 1996," 104 Pub. L. No. 2059 191, 110 Stat. 2021, 42 U.S.C. 1320d et seq., as amended, and 2060 regulations promulgated by the United States department of 2061 health and human services to implement the act or the 2062 requirements of 42 C.F.R. Part 2. 2063

(C) Whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty of one of the following:

(1) If the drug involved in the violation is a compound, 2066 mixture, preparation, or substance included in schedule I or II, 2067 with the exception of marihuana, cocaine, L.S.D., heroin, any 2068 fentanyl-related compound, hashish, and any controlled substance 2069 analog, whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty 2070 of aggravated possession of drugs. The penalty for the offense 2071 shall be determined as follows: 2072

(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C) (1) (b),
(c), (d), or (e) of this section, aggravated possession of drugs
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is a felony of the fifth degree, and division (B) of section
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2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in determining whether to
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impose a prison term on the offender.

(b) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds
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the bulk amount but is less than five times the bulk amount,
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aggravated possession of drugs is a felony of the third degree,
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and there is a presumption for a prison term for the offense.
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(c) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds
five times the bulk amount but is less than fifty times the bulk
amount, aggravated possession of drugs is a felony of the second
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degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term a2085second degree felony mandatory prison term.2086

(d) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds2087fifty times the bulk amount but is less than one hundred times2088the bulk amount, aggravated possession of drugs is a felony of2089the first degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory2090prison term a first degree felony mandatory prison term.2091

(e) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds
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one hundred times the bulk amount, aggravated possession of
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drugs is a felony of the first degree, the offender is a major
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drug offender, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison
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term a maximum first degree felony mandatory prison term.

(2) If the drug involved in the violation is a compound,
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mixture, preparation, or substance included in schedule III, IV,
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or V, whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty of
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possession of drugs. The penalty for the offense shall be
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determined as follows:

(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C) (2) (b),
(c), or (d) of this section, possession of drugs is a
misdemeanor of the first degree or, if the offender previously
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has been convicted of a drug abuse offense, a felony of the
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fifth degree.

(b) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds
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the bulk amount but is less than five times the bulk amount,
possession of drugs is a felony of the fourth degree, and
division (C) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in
determining whether to impose a prison term on the offender.
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(c) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceedsfive times the bulk amount but is less than fifty times the bulk2113

amount, possession of drugs is a felony of the third degree, and
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there is a presumption for a prison term for the offense.
(d) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds
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fifty times the bulk amount, possession of drugs is a felony of
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the second degree, and the court shall impose upon the offender
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as a mandatory prison term a second degree felony mandatory
prison term.

(3) If the drug involved in the violation is marihuana or
a compound, mixture, preparation, or substance containing
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marihuana other than hashish, whoever violates division (A) of
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this section is guilty of possession of marihuana. The penalty
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for the offense shall be determined as follows:
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(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C) (3) (b),
(c), (d), (e), (f), or (g) of this section, possession of
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marihuana is a minor misdemeanor.

(b) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds2129one hundred grams but is less than two hundred grams, possession2130of marihuana is a misdemeanor of the fourth degree.2131

(c) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds
two hundred grams but is less than one thousand grams,
possession of marihuana is a felony of the fifth degree, and
division (B) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in
determining whether to impose a prison term on the offender.

(d) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds
one thousand grams but is less than five thousand grams,
possession of marihuana is a felony of the third degree, and
division (C) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in
determining whether to impose a prison term on the offender.

(e) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds 2142

five thousand grams but is less than twenty thousand grams, 2143 possession of marihuana is a felony of the third degree, and 2144 there is a presumption that a prison term shall be imposed for 2145 the offense. 2146

(f) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds 2147 twenty thousand grams but is less than forty thousand grams, 2148 possession of marihuana is a felony of the second degree, and 2149 the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term a second 2150 degree felony mandatory prison term of five, six, seven, or 2151 eight years. 2152

(g) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds
forty thousand grams, possession of marihuana is a felony of the
second degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison
term a maximum second degree felony mandatory prison term.

(4) If the drug involved in the violation is cocaine or a
compound, mixture, preparation, or substance containing cocaine,
whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty of
possession of cocaine. The penalty for the offense shall be
determined as follows:

(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C) (4) (b),
(c), (d), (e), or (f) of this section, possession of cocaine is
a felony of the fifth degree, and division (B) of section
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2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in determining whether to
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impose a prison term on the offender.

(b) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds
five grams but is less than ten grams of cocaine, possession of
cocaine is a felony of the fourth degree, and division (B) of
section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in determining
whether to impose a prison term on the offender.

(c) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds 2172 2173 ten grams but is less than twenty grams of cocaine, possession of cocaine is a felony of the third degree, and, except as 2174 otherwise provided in this division, there is a presumption for 2175 a prison term for the offense. If possession of cocaine is a 2176 felony of the third degree under this division and if the 2177 offender two or more times previously has been convicted of or 2178 pleaded guilty to a felony drug abuse offense, the court shall 2179 impose as a mandatory prison term one of the prison terms 2180 prescribed for a felony of the third degree. 2181

(d) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds2182twenty grams but is less than twenty-seven grams of cocaine,2183possession of cocaine is a felony of the second degree, and the2184court shall impose as a mandatory prison term a second degree2185felony mandatory prison term.2186

(e) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds
twenty-seven grams but is less than one hundred grams of
cocaine, possession of cocaine is a felony of the first degree,
and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term a first
degree felony mandatory prison term.

(f) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds
one hundred grams of cocaine, possession of cocaine is a felony
of the first degree, the offender is a major drug offender, and
the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term a maximum
first degree felony mandatory prison term.

(5) If the drug involved in the violation is L.S.D.,
whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty of
possession of L.S.D. The penalty for the offense shall be
determined as follows:

(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C) (5) (b),
(c), (d), (e), or (f) of this section, possession of L.S.D. is a
felony of the fifth degree, and division (B) of section 2929.13
of the Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a
prison term on the offender.

(b) If the amount of L.S.D. involved equals or exceeds ten 2206 unit doses but is less than fifty unit doses of L.S.D. in a 2207 solid form or equals or exceeds one gram but is less than five 2208 grams of L.S.D. in a liquid concentrate, liquid extract, or 2209 liquid distillate form, possession of L.S.D. is a felony of the 2210 2211 fourth degree, and division (C) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a prison 2212 term on the offender. 2213

(c) If the amount of L.S.D. involved equals or exceeds 2214 fifty unit doses, but is less than two hundred fifty unit doses 2215 of L.S.D. in a solid form or equals or exceeds five grams but is 2216 less than twenty-five grams of L.S.D. in a liquid concentrate, 2217 liquid extract, or liquid distillate form, possession of L.S.D. 2218 is a felony of the third degree, and there is a presumption for 2219 a prison term for the offense. 2220

(d) If the amount of L.S.D. involved equals or exceeds two 2221 hundred fifty unit doses but is less than one thousand unit 2222 doses of L.S.D. in a solid form or equals or exceeds twenty-five 2223 grams but is less than one hundred grams of L.S.D. in a liquid 2224 concentrate, liquid extract, or liquid distillate form, 2225 2226 possession of L.S.D. is a felony of the second degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term a second degree 2227 felony mandatory prison term. 2228

(e) If the amount of L.S.D. involved equals or exceeds onethousand unit doses but is less than five thousand unit doses of2230

L.S.D. in a solid form or equals or exceeds one hundred grams 2231 but is less than five hundred grams of L.S.D. in a liquid 2232 concentrate, liquid extract, or liquid distillate form, 2233 possession of L.S.D. is a felony of the first degree, and the 2234 court shall impose as a mandatory prison term a first degree 2235 felony mandatory prison term. 2236

(f) If the amount of L.S.D. involved equals or exceeds 2237
five thousand unit doses of L.S.D. in a solid form or equals or 2238
exceeds five hundred grams of L.S.D. in a liquid concentrate, 2239
liquid extract, or liquid distillate form, possession of L.S.D. 2240
is a felony of the first degree, the offender is a major drug 2241
offender, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term 2242
a maximum first degree felony mandatory prison term. 2243

(6) If the drug involved in the violation is heroin or a 2244
compound, mixture, preparation, or substance containing heroin, 2245
whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty of 2246
possession of heroin. The penalty for the offense shall be 2247
determined as follows: 2248

(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C) (6) (b),(c), (d), (e), or (f) of this section, possession of heroin is a felony of the fifth degree, and division (B) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a prison term on the offender.

(b) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds 2254 ten unit doses but is less than fifty unit doses or equals or 2255 exceeds one gram but is less than five grams, possession of 2256 heroin is a felony of the fourth degree, and division (C) of 2257 section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in determining 2258 whether to impose a prison term on the offender. 2259

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(c) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds
fifty unit doses but is less than one hundred unit doses or
equals or exceeds five grams but is less than ten grams,
possession of heroin is a felony of the third degree, and there
is a presumption for a prison term for the offense.

(d) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds
one hundred unit doses but is less than five hundred unit doses
or equals or exceeds ten grams but is less than fifty grams,
possession of heroin is a felony of the second degree, and the
court shall impose as a mandatory prison term a second degree
felony mandatory prison term.

(e) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds five hundred unit doses but is less than one thousand unit doses or equals or exceeds fifty grams but is less than one hundred grams, possession of heroin is a felony of the first degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term a first degree felony mandatory prison term.

(f) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds 2277 one thousand unit doses or equals or exceeds one hundred grams, 2278 possession of heroin is a felony of the first degree, the 2279 offender is a major drug offender, and the court shall impose as 2280 a mandatory prison term a maximum first degree felony mandatory 2281 prison term. 2282

(7) If the drug involved in the violation is hashish or a
compound, mixture, preparation, or substance containing hashish,
vhoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty of
possession of hashish. The penalty for the offense shall be
determined as follows:

(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(7)(b),

Page 78

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(c), (d), (e), (f), or (g) of this section, possession of 2289 hashish is a minor misdemeanor. 2290

(b) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds 2291 five grams but is less than ten grams of hashish in a solid form 2292 or equals or exceeds one gram but is less than two grams of 2293 hashish in a liquid concentrate, liquid extract, or liquid 2294 distillate form, possession of hashish is a misdemeanor of the 2295 fourth degree. 2296

(c) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds 2297 ten grams but is less than fifty grams of hashish in a solid 2298 form or equals or exceeds two grams but is less than ten grams 2299 of hashish in a liquid concentrate, liquid extract, or liquid 2300 distillate form, possession of hashish is a felony of the fifth 2301 degree, and division (B) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code 2302 applies in determining whether to impose a prison term on the 2303 offender. 2304

(d) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds 2305 fifty grams but is less than two hundred fifty grams of hashish 2306 in a solid form or equals or exceeds ten grams but is less than 2307 fifty grams of hashish in a liquid concentrate, liquid extract, 2308 or liquid distillate form, possession of hashish is a felony of 2309 the third degree, and division (C) of section 2929.13 of the 2310 Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a prison 2311 term on the offender. 2312

(e) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds
two hundred fifty grams but is less than one thousand grams of
hashish in a solid form or equals or exceeds fifty grams but is
less than two hundred grams of hashish in a liquid concentrate,
liquid extract, or liquid distillate form, possession of hashish
a felony of the third degree, and there is a presumption that

a prison term shall be imposed for the offense.

(f) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds 2320 one thousand grams but is less than two thousand grams of 2321 2322 hashish in a solid form or equals or exceeds two hundred grams but is less than four hundred grams of hashish in a liquid 2323 concentrate, liquid extract, or liquid distillate form, 2324 possession of hashish is a felony of the second degree, and the 2325 court shall impose as a mandatory prison term a second degree 2326 felony mandatory prison term of five, six, seven, or eight 2327 2328 years.

(g) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds 2329 two thousand grams of hashish in a solid form or equals or 2330 exceeds four hundred grams of hashish in a liquid concentrate, 2331 liquid extract, or liquid distillate form, possession of hashish 2332 is a felony of the second degree, and the court shall impose as 2333 a mandatory prison term a maximum second degree felony mandatory 2334 prison term. 2335

(8) If the drug involved is a controlled substance analog 2336 or compound, mixture, preparation, or substance that contains a 2337 controlled substance analog, whoever violates division (A) of 2338 this section is guilty of possession of a controlled substance 2339 analog. The penalty for the offense shall be determined as 2340 follows: 2341

(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C) (8) (b),
(c), (d), (e), or (f) of this section, possession of a
controlled substance analog is a felony of the fifth degree, and
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division (B) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in
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determining whether to impose a prison term on the offender.

(b) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds 2347

Page 80

ten grams but is less than twenty grams, possession of a2348controlled substance analog is a felony of the fourth degree,2349and there is a presumption for a prison term for the offense.2350

(c) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds
twenty grams but is less than thirty grams, possession of a
controlled substance analog is a felony of the third degree, and
there is a presumption for a prison term for the offense.

(d) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds2355thirty grams but is less than forty grams, possession of a2356controlled substance analog is a felony of the second degree,2357and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term a second2358degree felony mandatory prison term.2359

(e) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds
forty grams but is less than fifty grams, possession of a
controlled substance analog is a felony of the first degree, and
the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term a first degree
felony mandatory prison term.

(f) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds
fifty grams, possession of a controlled substance analog is a
felony of the first degree, the offender is a major drug
offender, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term
a maximum first degree felony mandatory prison term.

(9) If the drug involved in the violation is a compound,
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mixture, preparation, or substance that is a combination of a
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fentanyl-related compound and marihuana, one of the following
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applies:

(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C) (9) (b) of 2374
this section, the offender is guilty of possession of marihuana 2375
and shall be punished as provided in division (C) (3) of this 2376

section. Except as otherwise provided in division (C) (9) (b) of2377this section, the offender is not guilty of possession of a2378fentanyl-related compound under division (C) (11) (C) (10) of this2379section and shall not be charged with, convicted of, or punished2380under division (C) (11) (C) (10) of this section for possession of2381a fentanyl-related compound.2382

(b) If the offender knows or has reason to know that the 2383 compound, mixture, preparation, or substance that is the drug 2384 involved contains a fentanyl-related compound, the offender is 2385 guilty of possession of a fentanyl-related compound and shall be 2386 punished under division (C) (11) (C) (10) of this section. 2387

(10) If the drug involved in the violation is a compound,
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mixture, preparation, or substance that is a combination of a
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fentanyl-related compound and any schedule III, schedule IV, or
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schedule V controlled substance that is not a fentanyl-related
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compound, one of the following applies:

(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C) (10) (b) of 2393 this section, the offender is guilty of possession of drugs and 2394 shall be punished as provided in division (C) (2) of this 2395 section. Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(10)(b) of 2396 this section, the offender is not quilty of possession of a 2397 fentanyl-related compound under division (C) (11) of this section 2398 and shall not be charged with, convicted of, or punished under 2399 division (C)(11) of this section for possession of a fentanyl-2400 related compound. 2401

(b) If the offender knows or has reason to know that the2402compound, mixture, preparation, or substance that is the drug2403involved contains a fentanyl-related compound, the offender is2404guilty of possession of a fentanyl-related compound and shall be2405punished under division (C) (11) of this section.2406

(11) If the drug involved in the violation is a fentanyl-2407 related compound and neither division (C) (9) (a) nor division (C) 2408 (10) (a) of this section applies does not apply to the drug 2409 involved, or is a compound, mixture, preparation, or substance 2410 that contains a fentanyl-related compound or is a combination of 2411 a fentanyl-related compound and any other controlled substance 2412 and neither division (C) (9) (a) nor division (C) (10) (a) of this 2413 section applies does not apply to the drug involved, whoever 2414 violates division (A) of this section is guilty of possession of 2415 a fentanyl-related compound. The penalty for the offense shall 2416 be determined as follows: 2417 (a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C) (11) (b) (C) 2418 (10)(b), (c), (d), (e), (f), or (g) of this section, possession 2419 of a fentanyl-related compound is a felony of the fifth degree, 2420 and division (B) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies 2421 in determining whether to impose a prison term on the offender. 2422

(b) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds 2423 ten unit doses but is less than fifty unit doses or equals or 2424 exceeds one gram but is less than five grams, possession of a 2425 fentanyl-related compound is a felony of the fourth degree, and 2426 division (C) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in 2427 determining whether to impose a prison term on the offender. 2428

(c) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds
fifty unit doses but is less than one hundred unit doses or
equals or exceeds five grams but is less than ten grams,
possession of a fentanyl-related compound is a felony of the
third degree, and there is a presumption for a prison term for
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the offense.

(d) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds2435one hundred unit doses but is less than two hundred unit doses2436

or equals or exceeds ten grams but is less than twenty grams, 2437 possession of a fentanyl-related compound is a felony of the 2438 second degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison 2439 term one of the prison terms prescribed for a felony of the 2440 second degree. 2441

(e) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds 2442 two hundred unit doses but is less than five hundred unit doses 2443 or equals or exceeds twenty grams but is less than fifty grams, 2444 possession of a fentanyl-related compound is a felony of the 2445 first degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison 2446 term one of the prison terms prescribed for a felony of the 2447 first degree. 2448

(f) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds 2449 five hundred unit doses but is less than one thousand unit doses 2450 or equals or exceeds fifty grams but is less than one hundred 2451 grams, possession of a fentanyl-related compound is a felony of 2452 the first degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory 2453 prison term the maximum prison term prescribed for a felony of 2454 the first degree. 2455

(g) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds 2456 one thousand unit doses or equals or exceeds one hundred grams, 2457 possession of a fentanyl-related compound is a felony of the 2458 first degree, the offender is a major drug offender, and the 2459 court shall impose as a mandatory prison term the maximum prison 2460 term prescribed for a felony of the first degree. 2461

(D) Arrest or conviction for a minor misdemeanor violation
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 of this section does not constitute a criminal record and need
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 not be reported by the person so arrested or convicted in
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 response to any inquiries about the person's criminal record,
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 including any inquiries contained in any application for

employment, license, or other right or privilege, or made in 2467 connection with the person's appearance as a witness. 2468

(E) In addition to any prison term or jail term authorized 2469 or required by division (C) of this section and sections 2470 2929.13, 2929.14, 2929.22, 2929.24, and 2929.25 of the Revised 2471 Code and in addition to any other sanction that is imposed for 2472 the offense under this section, sections 2929.11 to 2929.18, or 2473 sections 2929.21 to 2929.28 of the Revised Code, the court that 2474 sentences an offender who is convicted of or pleads quilty to a 2475 violation of division (A) of this section may suspend the 2476 offender's driver's or commercial driver's license or permit for 2477 not more than five years. However, if the offender pleaded 2478 quilty to or was convicted of a violation of section 4511.19 of 2479 the Revised Code or a substantially similar municipal ordinance 2480 or the law of another state or the United States arising out of 2481 the same set of circumstances as the violation, the court shall 2482 suspend the offender's driver's or commercial driver's license 2483 or permit for not more than five years. If applicable, the court 2484 also shall do the following: 2485

(1) (a) If the violation is a felony of the first, second, 2486 or third degree, the court shall impose upon the offender the 2487 mandatory fine specified for the offense under division (B) (1) 2488 of section 2929.18 of the Revised Code unless, as specified in 2489 that division, the court determines that the offender is 2490 indigent. 2491

(b) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of section 2492
3719.21 of the Revised Code, the clerk of the court shall pay a 2493
mandatory fine or other fine imposed for a violation of this 2494
section pursuant to division (A) of section 2929.18 of the 2495
Revised Code in accordance with and subject to the requirements 2496

of division (F) of section 2925.03 of the Revised Code. The2497agency that receives the fine shall use the fine as specified in2498division (F) of section 2925.03 of the Revised Code.2499

(c) If a person is charged with a violation of this 2500 section that is a felony of the first, second, or third degree, 2501 posts bail, and forfeits the bail, the clerk shall pay the 2502 forfeited bail pursuant to division (E) (1) (b) of this section as 2503 if it were a mandatory fine imposed under division (E) (1) (a) of 2504 this section. 2505

(2) If the offender is a professionally licensed person,
in addition to any other sanction imposed for a violation of
this section, the court immediately shall comply with section
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2925.38 of the Revised Code.
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2510 (F) It is an affirmative defense, as provided in section 2901.05 of the Revised Code, to a charge of a fourth degree 2511 felony violation under this section that the controlled 2512 substance that gave rise to the charge is in an amount, is in a 2513 form, is prepared, compounded, or mixed with substances that are 2514 not controlled substances in a manner, or is possessed under any 2515 other circumstances, that indicate that the substance was 2516 2517 possessed solely for personal use. Notwithstanding any contrary provision of this section, if, in accordance with section 2518 2901.05 of the Revised Code, an accused who is charged with a 2519 fourth degree felony violation of division (C) (2), (4), (5), or 2520 (6) of this section sustains the burden of going forward with 2521 evidence of and establishes by a preponderance of the evidence 2522 the affirmative defense described in this division, the accused 2523 may be prosecuted for and may plead guilty to or be convicted of 2524 a misdemeanor violation of division (C)(2) of this section or a 2525 fifth degree felony violation of division (C) (4), (5), or (6) of 2526

this section respectively.

(G) When a person is charged with possessing a bulk amount 2528 or multiple of a bulk amount, division (E) of section 2925.03 of 2529 the Revised Code applies regarding the determination of the 2530 amount of the controlled substance involved at the time of the 2531 offense.

(H) It is an affirmative defense to a charge of possession 2533 of a controlled substance analog under division (C) (8) of this 2534 section that the person charged with violating that offense 2535 obtained, possessed, or used one of the following items that are 2536 excluded from the meaning of "controlled substance analog" under 2537 section 3719.01 of the Revised Code: 2538

(1) A controlled substance;

(2) Any substance for which there is an approved new drug2540application;2541

(3) With respect to a particular person, any substance if
an exemption is in effect for investigational use for that
person pursuant to federal law to the extent that conduct with
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respect to that substance is pursuant to that exemption.

(I) Any offender who received a mandatory suspension of 2546 the offender's driver's or commercial driver's license or permit 2547 under this section prior to September 13, 2016, may file a 2548 2549 motion with the sentencing court requesting the termination of the suspension. However, an offender who pleaded guilty to or 2550 was convicted of a violation of section 4511.19 of the Revised 2551 Code or a substantially similar municipal ordinance or law of 2552 another state or the United States that arose out of the same 2553 set of circumstances as the violation for which the offender's 2554 license or permit was suspended under this section shall not 2555

Page 87

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file such a motion.

Upon the filing of a motion under division (I) of this section, the sentencing court, in its discretion, may terminate the suspension.

Sec. 2929.14. (A) Except as provided in division (B)(1), 2560 (B) (2), (B) (3), (B) (4), (B) (5), (B) (6), (B) (7), (B) (8), (B) (9), 2561 2562 (B) (10), (B) (11), (E), (G), (H), (J), or (K) of this section or in division (D)(6) of section 2919.25 of the Revised Code and 2563 2564 except in relation to an offense for which a sentence of death or life imprisonment is to be imposed, if the court imposing a 2565 sentence upon an offender for a felony elects or is required to 2566 impose a prison term on the offender pursuant to this chapter, 2567 the court shall impose a prison term that shall be one of the 2568 following:

(1) (a) For a felony of the first degree committed on or 2570 2571 after March 22, 2019, the prison term shall be an indefinite prison term with a stated minimum term selected by the court of 2572 three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, or eleven years 2573 and a maximum term that is determined pursuant to section 2574 2929.144 of the Revised Code, except that if the section that 2575 criminalizes the conduct constituting the felony specifies a 2576 different minimum term or penalty for the offense, the specific 2577 language of that section shall control in determining the 2578 minimum term or otherwise sentencing the offender but the 2579 minimum term or sentence imposed under that specific language 2580 shall be considered for purposes of the Revised Code as if it 2581 had been imposed under this division. 2582

(b) For a felony of the first degree committed prior to 2583 March 22, 2019, the prison term shall be a definite prison term 2584 of three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, or eleven 2585

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years.

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(2) (a) For a felony of the second degree committed on or 2587 after March 22, 2019, the prison term shall be an indefinite 2588 prison term with a stated minimum term selected by the court of 2589 two, three, four, five, six, seven, or eight years and a maximum 2590 term that is determined pursuant to section 2929.144 of the 2591 Revised Code, except that if the section that criminalizes the 2592 conduct constituting the felony specifies a different minimum 2593 term or penalty for the offense, the specific language of that 2594 2595 section shall control in determining the minimum term or otherwise sentencing the offender but the minimum term or 2596 sentence imposed under that specific language shall be 2597 considered for purposes of the Revised Code as if it had been 2598 imposed under this division. 2599

(b) For a felony of the second degree committed prior to2600March 22, 2019, the prison term shall be a definite term of two,2601three, four, five, six, seven, or eight years.2602

(3) (a) For a felony of the third degree that is a 2603 violation of section 2903.06, 2903.08, 2907.03, 2907.04, 2604 2907.05, 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323, or 3795.04 of the Revised 2605 Code, that is a violation of division (A) of section 4511.19 of 2606 the Revised Code if the offender previously has been convicted 2607 of or pleaded quilty to a violation of division (A) of that 2608 section that was a felony, that is a violation of section 2609 2911.02 or 2911.12 of the Revised Code if the offender 2610 previously has been convicted of or pleaded quilty in two or 2611 more separate proceedings to two or more violations of section 2612 2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11, or 2911.12 of the Revised Code, or 2613 that is a violation of division (B) of section 2921.331 of the 2614 Revised Code if division (C) (5) of that section applies, the 2615

prison term shall be a definite term of twelve, eighteen,2616twenty-four, thirty, thirty-six, forty-two, forty-eight, fifty-2617four, or sixty months.2618

(b) For a felony of the third degree that is not an
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offense for which division (A) (3) (a) of this section applies,
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the prison term shall be a definite term of nine, twelve,
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eighteen, twenty-four, thirty, or thirty-six months.
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(4) For a felony of the fourth degree, the prison term
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shall be a definite term of six, seven, eight, nine, ten,
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eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen,
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or eighteen months.

(5) For a felony of the fifth degree, the prison term
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shall be a definite term of six, seven, eight, nine, ten,
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eleven, or twelve months.
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(B) (1) (a) Except as provided in division (B) (1) (e) of this
section, if an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to
a felony also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a
specification of the type described in section 2941.141,
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2941.144, or 2941.145 of the Revised Code, the court shall
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impose on the offender one of the following prison terms:

(i) A prison term of six years if the specification is of
(i) A prison term of six years if the specification is of
(i) A prison term of six years if the specification is of
(i) A prison term of six years if the specification is of
(i) A prison term of six years if the specification is of
(i) A prison term of six years if the specification is of
(i) A prison term of six years if the specification is of
(i) A prison term of section 2941.144 of the
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(i) A prison term of the section 2941.144 of the
(i) A prison term of the section 2640
(i) A prison term of the term of the offense;
(i) A prison term of the section 2641

(ii) A prison term of three years if the specification is
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of the type described in division (A) of section 2941.145 of the
Revised Code that charges the offender with having a firearm on
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or about the offender's person or under the offender's control 2645 while committing the offense and displaying the firearm, 2646 brandishing the firearm, indicating that the offender possessed 2647 the firearm, or using it to facilitate the offense; 2648

(iii) A prison term of one year if the specification is of 2649 the type described in division (A) of section 2941.141 of the 2650 Revised Code that charges the offender with having a firearm on 2651 or about the offender's person or under the offender's control 2652 while committing the offense; 2653

(iv) A prison term of nine years if the specification is 2654 of the type described in division (D) of section 2941.144 of the 2655 Revised Code that charges the offender with having a firearm 2656 that is an automatic firearm or that was equipped with a firearm 2657 muffler or suppressor on or about the offender's person or under 2658 the offender's control while committing the offense and 2659 specifies that the offender previously has been convicted of or 2660 pleaded quilty to a specification of the type described in 2661 section 2941.141, 2941.144, 2941.145, 2941.146, or 2941.1412 of 2662 the Revised Code; 2663

(v) A prison term of fifty-four months if the 2664 specification is of the type described in division (D) of 2665 section 2941.145 of the Revised Code that charges the offender 2666 with having a firearm on or about the offender's person or under 2667 the offender's control while committing the offense and 2668 displaying the firearm, brandishing the firearm, indicating that 2669 the offender possessed the firearm, or using the firearm to 2670 facilitate the offense and that the offender previously has been 2671 convicted of or pleaded guilty to a specification of the type 2672 described in section 2941.141, 2941.144, 2941.145, 2941.146, or 2673 2941.1412 of the Revised Code; 2674

(vi) A prison term of eighteen months if the specification 2675 is of the type described in division (D) of section 2941.141 of 2676 the Revised Code that charges the offender with having a firearm 2677 on or about the offender's person or under the offender's 2678 control while committing the offense and that the offender 2679 previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a 2680 specification of the type described in section 2941.141, 2681 2941.144, 2941.145, 2941.146, or 2941.1412 of the Revised Code. 2682

(b) If a court imposes a prison term on an offender under 2683 2684 division (B)(1)(a) of this section, the prison term shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, division (A)(2) or (3) of 2685 section 2967.193 or 2967.194, or any other provision of Chapter 2686 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code. Except as provided 2687 in division (B)(1)(g) of this section, a court shall not impose 2688 more than one prison term on an offender under division (B)(1) 2689 (a) of this section for felonies committed as part of the same 2690 act or transaction. 2691

(c) (i) Except as provided in division (B) (1) (e) of this 2692 section, if an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to 2693 a violation of section 2923.161 of the Revised Code or to a 2694 felony that includes, as an essential element, purposely or 2695 knowingly causing or attempting to cause the death of or 2696 physical harm to another, also is convicted of or pleads guilty 2697 to a specification of the type described in division (A) of 2698 section 2941.146 of the Revised Code that charges the offender 2699 with committing the offense by discharging a firearm from a 2700 motor vehicle other than a manufactured home, the court, after 2701 imposing a prison term on the offender for the violation of 2702 section 2923.161 of the Revised Code or for the other felony 2703 offense under division (A), (B)(2), or (B)(3) of this section, 2704 shall impose an additional prison term of five years upon the 2705

offender that shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20,2706division (A)(2) or (3) of section 2967.193 or 2967.194, or any2707other provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised2708Code.2709

(ii) Except as provided in division (B)(1)(e) of this 2710 section, if an offender who is convicted of or pleads quilty to 2711 a violation of section 2923.161 of the Revised Code or to a 2712 felony that includes, as an essential element, purposely or 2713 knowingly causing or attempting to cause the death of or 2714 2715 physical harm to another, also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a specification of the type described in division (C) of 2716 section 2941.146 of the Revised Code that charges the offender 2717 with committing the offense by discharging a firearm from a 2718 motor vehicle other than a manufactured home and that the 2719 offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a 2720 specification of the type described in section 2941.141, 2721 2941.144, 2941.145, 2941.146, or 2941.1412 of the Revised Code, 2722 the court, after imposing a prison term on the offender for the 2723 violation of section 2923.161 of the Revised Code or for the 2724 other felony offense under division (A), (B)(2), or (3) of this 2725 section, shall impose an additional prison term of ninety months 2726 upon the offender that shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2727 2929.20, division (A)(2) or (3) of section 2967.193 or 2967.194, 2728 or any other provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the 2729 Revised Code. 2730

(iii) A court shall not impose more than one additional 2731 prison term on an offender under division (B)(1)(c) of this 2732 section for felonies committed as part of the same act or 2733 transaction. If a court imposes an additional prison term on an 2734 offender under division (B)(1)(c) of this section relative to an 2735 offense, the court also shall impose a prison term under 2736

division (B)(1)(a) of this section relative to the same offense,2737provided the criteria specified in that division for imposing an2738additional prison term are satisfied relative to the offender2739and the offense.2740

(d) If an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to 2741 an offense of violence that is a felony also is convicted of or 2742 pleads guilty to a specification of the type described in 2743 section 2941.1411 of the Revised Code that charges the offender 2744 with wearing or carrying body armor while committing the felony 2745 offense of violence, the court shall impose on the offender an 2746 additional prison term of two years. The prison term so imposed 2747 shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, division (A) 2748 (2) or (3) of section 2967.193 or 2967.194, or any other 2749 provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code. 2750 A court shall not impose more than one prison term on an 2751 offender under division (B)(1)(d) of this section for felonies 2752 committed as part of the same act or transaction. If a court 2753 imposes an additional prison term under division (B)(1)(a) or 2754 (c) of this section, the court is not precluded from imposing an 2755 additional prison term under division (B)(1)(d) of this section. 2756

(e) The court shall not impose any of the prison terms 2757 described in division (B)(1)(a) of this section or any of the 2758 additional prison terms described in division (B)(1)(c) of this 2759 section upon an offender for a violation of section 2923.12 or 2760 2923.123 of the Revised Code. The court shall not impose any of 2761 the prison terms described in division (B)(1)(a) or (b) of this 2762 section upon an offender for a violation of section 2923.122 2763 that involves a deadly weapon that is a firearm other than a 2764 dangerous ordnance, section 2923.16, or section 2923.121 of the 2765 Revised Code. The court shall not impose any of the prison terms 2766 described in division (B)(1)(a) of this section or any of the 2767

additional prison terms described in division (B)(1)(c) of this2768section upon an offender for a violation of section 2923.13 of2769the Revised Code unless all of the following apply:2770

(i) The offender previously has been convicted of 2771aggravated murder, murder, or any felony of the first or second 2772degree. 2773

(ii) Less than five years have passed since the offender
was released from prison or post-release control, whichever is
later, for the prior offense.
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(f) (i) If an offender is convicted of or pleads quilty to 2777 2778 a felony that includes, as an essential element, causing or attempting to cause the death of or physical harm to another and 2779 also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a specification of the 2780 type described in division (A) of section 2941.1412 of the 2781 Revised Code that charges the offender with committing the 2782 offense by discharging a firearm at a peace officer as defined 2783 in section 2935.01 of the Revised Code or a corrections officer, 2784 as defined in section 2941.1412 of the Revised Code, the court, 2785 after imposing a prison term on the offender for the felony 2786 offense under division (A), (B)(2), or (B)(3) of this section, 2787 shall impose an additional prison term of seven years upon the 2788 offender that shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, 2789 division (A)(2) or (3) of section 2967.193 or 2967.194, or any 2790 other provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised 2791 Code. 2792

(ii) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a
felony that includes, as an essential element, causing or
attempting to cause the death of or physical harm to another and
also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a specification of the
type described in division (B) of section 2941.1412 of the

Revised Code that charges the offender with committing the 2798 offense by discharging a firearm at a peace officer, as defined 2799 in section 2935.01 of the Revised Code, or a corrections 2800 officer, as defined in section 2941.1412 of the Revised Code, 2801 2802 and that the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a specification of the type described in 2803 section 2941.141, 2941.144, 2941.145, 2941.146, or 2941.1412 of 2804 the Revised Code, the court, after imposing a prison term on the 2805 offender for the felony offense under division (A), (B)(2), or 2806 (3) of this section, shall impose an additional prison term of 2807 one hundred twenty-six months upon the offender that shall not 2808 be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, division (A)(2) or (3) 2809 of section 2967.193 or 2967.194, or any other provision of 2810 Chapter 2967. or 5120. of the Revised Code. 2811

(iii) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to 2812 2813 two or more felonies that include, as an essential element, causing or attempting to cause the death or physical harm to 2814 another and also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 2815 specification of the type described under division (B)(1)(f) of 2816 this section in connection with two or more of the felonies of 2817 which the offender is convicted or to which the offender pleads 2818 quilty, the sentencing court shall impose on the offender the 2819 prison term specified under division (B)(1)(f) of this section 2820 for each of two of the specifications of which the offender is 2821 convicted or to which the offender pleads guilty and, in its 2822 discretion, also may impose on the offender the prison term 2823 specified under that division for any or all of the remaining 2824 specifications. If a court imposes an additional prison term on 2825 an offender under division (B)(1)(f) of this section relative to 2826 an offense, the court shall not impose a prison term under 2827 division (B)(1)(a) or (c) of this section relative to the same 2828

offense.

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Page 97

(q) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to two 2830 or more felonies, if one or more of those felonies are 2831 aggravated murder, murder, attempted aggravated murder, 2832 attempted murder, aggravated robbery, felonious assault, or 2833 rape, and if the offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 2834 specification of the type described under division (B)(1)(a) of 2835 this section in connection with two or more of the felonies, the 2836 sentencing court shall impose on the offender the prison term 2837 specified under division (B)(1)(a) of this section for each of 2838 2839 the two most serious specifications of which the offender is convicted or to which the offender pleads guilty and, in its 2840 discretion, also may impose on the offender the prison term 2841 specified under that division for any or all of the remaining 2842 specifications. 2843

(2) (a) If division (B) (2) (b) of this section does not apply, the court may impose on an offender, in addition to the longest prison term authorized or required for the offense or, for offenses for which division (A) (1) (a) or (2) (a) of this section applies, in addition to the longest minimum prison term authorized or required for the offense, an additional definite prison term of one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, or ten years if all of the following criteria are met:

(i) The offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 2852
specification of the type described in section 2941.149 of the 2853
Revised Code that the offender is a repeat violent offender. 2854

(ii) The offense of which the offender currently is
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convicted or to which the offender currently pleads guilty is
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aggravated murder and the court does not impose a sentence of
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death or life imprisonment without parole, murder, terrorism and
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the court does not impose a sentence of life imprisonment 2859 without parole, any felony of the first degree that is an 2860 offense of violence and the court does not impose a sentence of 2861 life imprisonment without parole, or any felony of the second 2862 degree that is an offense of violence and the trier of fact 2863 finds that the offense involved an attempt to cause or a threat 2864 2865 to cause serious physical harm to a person or resulted in serious physical harm to a person. 2866

(iii) The court imposes the longest prison term for the
offense or the longest minimum prison term for the offense,
whichever is applicable, that is not life imprisonment without
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parole.

2871 (iv) The court finds that the prison terms imposed pursuant to division (B)(2)(a)(iii) of this section and, if 2872 applicable, division (B)(1) or (3) of this section are 2873 inadequate to punish the offender and protect the public from 2874 future crime, because the applicable factors under section 2875 2929.12 of the Revised Code indicating a greater likelihood of 2876 recidivism outweigh the applicable factors under that section 2877 indicating a lesser likelihood of recidivism. 2878

(v) The court finds that the prison terms imposed pursuant 2879 to division (B)(2)(a)(iii) of this section and, if applicable, 2880 division (B)(1) or (3) of this section are demeaning to the 2881 seriousness of the offense, because one or more of the factors 2882 under section 2929.12 of the Revised Code indicating that the 2883 offender's conduct is more serious than conduct normally 2884 constituting the offense are present, and they outweigh the 2885 applicable factors under that section indicating that the 2886 offender's conduct is less serious than conduct normally 2887 constituting the offense. 2888

(b) The court shall impose on an offender the longest 2889 prison term authorized or required for the offense or, for 2890 offenses for which division (A)(1)(a) or (2)(a) of this section 2891 applies, the longest minimum prison term authorized or required 2892 for the offense, and shall impose on the offender an additional 2893 definite prison term of one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, 2894 eight, nine, or ten years if all of the following criteria are 2895 met: 2896

(i) The offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 2897
specification of the type described in section 2941.149 of the 2898
Revised Code that the offender is a repeat violent offender. 2899

(ii) The offender within the preceding twenty years has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to three or more offenses described in division (CC)(1) of section 2929.01 of the Revised Code, including all offenses described in that division of which the offender is convicted or to which the offender pleads guilty in the current prosecution and all offenses described in that division of which the offender previously has been convicted or to which the offender previously pleaded guilty, whether prosecuted together or separately.

(iii) The offense or offenses of which the offender 2909 currently is convicted or to which the offender currently pleads 2910 quilty is aggravated murder and the court does not impose a 2911 sentence of death or life imprisonment without parole, murder, 2912 terrorism and the court does not impose a sentence of life 2913 imprisonment without parole, any felony of the first degree that 2914 is an offense of violence and the court does not impose a 2915 sentence of life imprisonment without parole, or any felony of 2916 the second degree that is an offense of violence and the trier 2917 of fact finds that the offense involved an attempt to cause or a 2918

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threat to cause serious physical harm to a person or resulted in 2919 serious physical harm to a person. 2920

(c) For purposes of division (B) (2) (b) of this section,
two or more offenses committed at the same time or as part of
the same act or event shall be considered one offense, and that
one offense shall be the offense with the greatest penalty.

(d) A sentence imposed under division (B) (2) (a) or (b) of 2925 this section shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, 2926 division (A) (2) or (3) of section 2967.193 or 2967.194, or any 2927 other provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised 2928 Code. The offender shall serve an additional prison term imposed 2929 under division (B) (2) (a) or (b) of this section consecutively to 2930 and prior to the prison term imposed for the underlying offense. 2931

(e) When imposing a sentence pursuant to division (B)(2)(a) or (b) of this section, the court shall state its findings explaining the imposed sentence.

(3) Except when an offender commits a violation of section 2935 2903.01 or 2907.02 of the Revised Code and the penalty imposed 2936 for the violation is life imprisonment or commits a violation of 2937 section 2903.02 of the Revised Code, if the offender commits a 2938 violation of section 2925.03 or 2925.11 of the Revised Code and 2939 that section classifies the offender as a major drug offender, 2940 if the offender commits a violation of section 2925.05 of the 2941 Revised Code and division (E) (1) of that section classifies the 2942 offender as a major drug offender, if the offender commits a 2943 felony violation of section 2925.02, 2925.04, 2925.05, 2925.36, 2944 3719.07, 3719.08, 3719.16, 3719.161, 4729.37, or 4729.61, 2945 division (C) or (D) of section 3719.172, division (E) of section 2946 4729.51, or division (J) of section 4729.54 of the Revised Code 2947 that includes the sale, offer to sell, or possession of a 2948

Page 100

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schedule I or II controlled substance, with the exception of 2949 marihuana, and the court imposing sentence upon the offender 2950 finds that the offender is guilty of a specification of the type 2951 described in division (A) of section 2941.1410 of the Revised 2952 Code charging that the offender is a major drug offender, if the 2953 court imposing sentence upon an offender for a felony finds that 2954 the offender is guilty of corrupt activity with the most serious 2955 offense in the pattern of corrupt activity being a felony of the 2956 first degree, or if the offender is guilty of an attempted 2957 violation of section 2907.02 of the Revised Code and, had the 2958 offender completed the violation of section 2907.02 of the 2959 Revised Code that was attempted, the offender would have been 2960 subject to a sentence of life imprisonment or life imprisonment 2961 without parole for the violation of section 2907.02 of the 2962 Revised Code, the court shall impose upon the offender for the 2963 felony violation a mandatory prison term determined as described 2964 in this division that cannot be reduced pursuant to section 2965 2929.20, division (A)(2) or (3) of section 2967.193 or 2967.194, 2966 or any other provision of Chapter 2967. or 5120. of the Revised 2967 Code. The mandatory prison term shall be the maximum definite 2968 prison term prescribed in division (A) (1) (b) of this section for 2969 a felony of the first degree, except that for offenses for which 2970 division (A)(1)(a) of this section applies, the mandatory prison 2971 term shall be the longest minimum prison term prescribed in that 2972 division for the offense. 2973

(4) If the offender is being sentenced for a third or
(4) If the offender is being sentenced for a third or
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(4) If the offender is being sentenced for a third or
(5) (2) of
(6) (2) of
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(7) 2975
(8) 2929.13 of the Revised Code, the sentencing court shall
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(5) 2929.13 of the Revised Code, the sentencing court shall
(6) (2) of
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(9) 2979

offense, the court, notwithstanding division (A)(4) of this 2980 section, may sentence the offender to a definite prison term of 2981 not less than six months and not more than thirty months, and if 2982 the offender is being sentenced for a third degree felony OVI 2983 offense, the sentencing court may sentence the offender to an 2984 additional prison term of any duration specified in division (A) 2985 (3) of this section. In either case, the additional prison term 2986 imposed shall be reduced by the sixty or one hundred twenty days 2987 imposed upon the offender as the mandatory prison term. The 2988 total of the additional prison term imposed under division (B) 2989 (4) of this section plus the sixty or one hundred twenty days 2990 imposed as the mandatory prison term shall equal a definite term 2991 in the range of six months to thirty months for a fourth degree 2992 felony OVI offense and shall equal one of the authorized prison 2993 terms specified in division (A)(3) of this section for a third 2994 degree felony OVI offense. If the court imposes an additional 2995 prison term under division (B)(4) of this section, the offender 2996 shall serve the additional prison term after the offender has 2997 served the mandatory prison term required for the offense. In 2998 addition to the mandatory prison term or mandatory and 2999 additional prison term imposed as described in division (B)(4) 3000 of this section, the court also may sentence the offender to a 3001 community control sanction under section 2929.16 or 2929.17 of 3002 the Revised Code, but the offender shall serve all of the prison 3003 terms so imposed prior to serving the community control 3004 sanction. 3005

If the offender is being sentenced for a fourth degree3006felony OVI offense under division (G)(1) of section 2929.13 of3007the Revised Code and the court imposes a mandatory term of local3008incarceration, the court may impose a prison term as described3009in division (A)(1) of that section.3010

(5) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 3011 violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2903.06 of the 3012 Revised Code and also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 3013 specification of the type described in section 2941.1414 of the 3014 Revised Code that charges that the victim of the offense is a 3015 peace officer, as defined in section 2935.01 of the Revised 3016 Code, an investigator of the bureau of criminal identification 3017 and investigation, as defined in section 2903.11 of the Revised 3018 Code, or a firefighter or emergency medical worker, both as 3019 defined in section 2941.1414 of the Revised Code, the court 3020 shall impose on the offender a prison term of five years. If a 3021 court imposes a prison term on an offender under division (B) (5) 3022 of this section, the prison term shall not be reduced pursuant 3023 to section 2929.20, division (A)(2) or (3) of section 2967.193 3024 or 2967.194, or any other provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter 3025 5120. of the Revised Code. A court shall not impose more than 3026 one prison term on an offender under division (B)(5) of this 3027 section for felonies committed as part of the same act. 3028

(6) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 3029 violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2903.06 of the 3030 Revised Code and also is convicted of or pleads quilty to a 3031 specification of the type described in section 2941.1415 of the 3032 Revised Code that charges that the offender previously has been 3033 convicted of or pleaded quilty to three or more violations of 3034 division (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or an 3035 equivalent offense, as defined in section 2941.1415 of the 3036 Revised Code, or three or more violations of any combination of 3037 those offenses, the court shall impose on the offender a prison 3038 term of three years. If a court imposes a prison term on an 3039 offender under division (B)(6) of this section, the prison term 3040 shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, division (A) 3041 (2) or (3) of section 2967.193 or 2967.194, or any other
provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code.
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A court shall not impose more than one prison term on an
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offender under division (B) (6) of this section for felonies
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committed as part of the same act.

(7) (a) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to 3047 a felony violation of section 2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.321, 3048 2907.21, 2907.22, or 2923.32, division (A)(1) or (2) of section 3049 2907.323 involving a minor, or division (B)(1), (2), (3), (4), 3050 or (5) of section 2919.22 of the Revised Code and also is 3051 3052 convicted of or pleads guilty to a specification of the type described in section 2941.1422 of the Revised Code that charges 3053 that the offender knowingly committed the offense in furtherance 3054 of human trafficking, the court shall impose on the offender a 3055 mandatory prison term that is one of the following: 3056

(i) If the offense is a felony of the first degree, a
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definite prison term of not less than five years and not greater
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than eleven years, except that if the offense is a felony of the
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first degree committed on or after March 22, 2019, the court
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shall impose as the minimum prison term a mandatory term of not
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less than five years and not greater than eleven years;
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(ii) If the offense is a felony of the second or third 3063 degree, a definite prison term of not less than three years and 3064 not greater than the maximum prison term allowed for the offense 3065 by division (A)(2)(b) or (3) of this section, except that if the 3066 offense is a felony of the second degree committed on or after 3067 March 22, 2019, the court shall impose as the minimum prison 3068 term a mandatory term of not less than three years and not 3069 3070 greater than eight years;

(iii) If the offense is a felony of the fourth or fifth 3071

degree, a definite prison term that is the maximum prison term3072allowed for the offense by division (A) of section 2929.14 of3073the Revised Code.3074

(b) The prison term imposed under division (B) (7) (a) of
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this section shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20,
division (A) (2) or (3) of section 2967.193 or 2967.194, or any
other provision of Chapter 2967. of the Revised Code. A court
shall not impose more than one prison term on an offender under
division (B) (7) (a) of this section for felonies committed as
gart of the same act, scheme, or plan.

(8) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 3082 felony violation of section 2903.11, 2903.12, or 2903.13 of the 3083 Revised Code and also is convicted of or pleads quilty to a 3084 specification of the type described in section 2941.1423 of the 3085 Revised Code that charges that the victim of the violation was a 3086 woman whom the offender knew was pregnant at the time of the 3087 violation, notwithstanding the range prescribed in division (A) 3088 of this section as the definite prison term or minimum prison 3089 term for felonies of the same degree as the violation, the court 3090 shall impose on the offender a mandatory prison term that is 3091 either a definite prison term of six months or one of the prison 3092 terms prescribed in division (A) of this section for felonies of 3093 the same degree as the violation, except that if the violation 3094 is a felony of the first or second degree committed on or after 3095 arch March 22, 2019, the court shall impose as the minimum 3096 prison term under division (A)(1)(a) or (2)(a) of this section a 3097 mandatory term that is one of the terms prescribed in that 3098 division, whichever is applicable, for the offense. 3099

(9) (a) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to 3100 a violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2903.11 of the 3101

Revised Code and also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 3102 specification of the type described in section 2941.1425 of the 3103 Revised Code, the court shall impose on the offender a mandatory 3104 prison term of six years if either of the following applies: 3105

(i) The violation is a violation of division (A)(1) of 3106 section 2903.11 of the Revised Code and the specification 3107 charges that the offender used an accelerant in committing the 3108 violation and the serious physical harm to another or to 3109 3110 another's unborn caused by the violation resulted in a 3111 permanent, serious disfigurement or permanent, substantial incapacity; 3112

(ii) The violation is a violation of division (A)(2) of 3113 section 2903.11 of the Revised Code and the specification 3114 charges that the offender used an accelerant in committing the 3115 violation, that the violation caused physical harm to another or 3116 to another's unborn, and that the physical harm resulted in a 3117 permanent, serious disfigurement or permanent, substantial 3118 incapacity. 3119

(b) If a court imposes a prison term on an offender under division (B)(9)(a) of this section, the prison term shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, division (A)(2) or (3) of section 2967.193 or 2967.194, or any other provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code. A court shall not impose more than one prison term on an offender under division (B) (9) of this section for felonies committed as part of the same act.

(c) The provisions of divisions (B) (9) and (C) (6) of this 3128 section and of division (D)(2) of section 2903.11, division (F) 3129 (20) of section 2929.13, and section 2941.1425 of the Revised 3130 Code shall be known as "Judy's Law." 3131

Page 106

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(10) If an offender is convicted of or pleads quilty to a 3132 violation of division (A) of section 2903.11 of the Revised Code 3133 and also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a specification of 3134 the type described in section 2941.1426 of the Revised Code that 3135 charges that the victim of the offense suffered permanent 3136 disabling harm as a result of the offense and that the victim 3137 was under ten years of age at the time of the offense, 3138 regardless of whether the offender knew the age of the victim, 3139 the court shall impose upon the offender an additional definite 3140 prison term of six years. A prison term imposed on an offender 3141 under division (B)(10) of this section shall not be reduced 3142 pursuant to section 2929.20, division (A)(2) or (3) of section 3143 2967.193 or 2967.194, or any other provision of Chapter 2967. or 3144 Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code. If a court imposes an 3145 additional prison term on an offender under this division 3146 relative to a violation of division (A) of section 2903.11 of 3147 the Revised Code, the court shall not impose any other 3148 additional prison term on the offender relative to the same 3149 offense. 3150

(11)(1)(a) If an offender is convicted of or pleads 3151 quilty to a felony violation of section 2925.03 or 2925.05 of 3152 the Revised Code or a felony violation of section 2925.11 of the 3153 Revised Code for which division  $\frac{(C)(11)}{(C)(10)}$  of that section 3154 applies in determining the sentence for the violation, if the 3155 drug involved in the violation is a fentanyl-related compound or 3156 a compound, mixture, preparation, or substance containing a 3157 fentanyl-related compound, and if the offender also is convicted 3158 of or pleads quilty to a specification of the type described in 3159 division (B) of section 2941.1410 of the Revised Code that 3160 charges that the offender is a major drug offender, in addition 3161 to any other penalty imposed for the violation, the court shall 3162

impose on the offender a mandatory prison term of three, four,	3163
five, six, seven, or eight years. <del>If</del>	3164
(b) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	3165
violation of section 2903.04 of the Revised Code and if the	3166
offender also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	3167
specification of the type described in section 2941.1427 of the	3168
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Revised Code, in addition to any other penalty imposed for the	
violation, the court shall impose on the offender a mandatory	3170
prison term of five years.	3171
(c) If a court imposes a prison term on an offender under	3172
division (B)(11) of this section, the prison term shall not be	3173
reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, division (A)(2) or (3) of	3174
section 2967.193 or 2967.194, or any other provision of Chapter	3175
2967. or 5120. of the Revised Code. A court shall not impose	3176
more than one prison term on an offender under division (B)(11)	3177
of this section for felonies committed as part of the same act.	3178
(C)(1)(a) Subject to division (C)(1)(b) of this section,	3179
if a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender pursuant	3180
to division (B)(1)(a) of this section for having a firearm on or	3181
about the offender's person or under the offender's control	3182
while committing a felony, if a mandatory prison term is imposed	3183
upon an offender pursuant to division (B)(1)(c) of this section	3184
for committing a felony specified in that division by	3185
discharging a firearm from a motor vehicle, or if both types of	3186
mandatory prison terms are imposed, the offender shall serve any	3187
mandatory prison term imposed under either division	3188
consecutively to any other mandatory prison term imposed under	3189
either division or under division (B)(1)(d) of this section,	3190

either division or under division (B) (1) (d) of this section,3190consecutively to and prior to any prison term imposed for the3191underlying felony pursuant to division (A), (B) (2), or (B) (3) of3192

this section or any other section of the Revised Code, and3193consecutively to any other prison term or mandatory prison term3194previously or subsequently imposed upon the offender.3195

3196 (b) If a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender pursuant to division (B)(1)(d) of this section for wearing or 3197 carrying body armor while committing an offense of violence that 3198 is a felony, the offender shall serve the mandatory term so 3199 imposed consecutively to any other mandatory prison term imposed 3200 under that division or under division (B)(1)(a) or (c) of this 3201 section, consecutively to and prior to any prison term imposed 3202 for the underlying felony under division (A), (B)(2), or (B)(3) 3203 of this section or any other section of the Revised Code, and 3204 consecutively to any other prison term or mandatory prison term 3205 previously or subsequently imposed upon the offender. 3206

(c) If a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender 3207 pursuant to division (B)(1)(f) of this section, the offender 3208 shall serve the mandatory prison term so imposed consecutively 3209 3210 to and prior to any prison term imposed for the underlying felony under division (A), (B)(2), or (B)(3) of this section or 3211 any other section of the Revised Code, and consecutively to any 3212 other prison term or mandatory prison term previously or 3213 subsequently imposed upon the offender. 3214

(d) If a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender3215pursuant to division (B) (7) or (8) of this section, the offender3216shall serve the mandatory prison term so imposed consecutively3217to any other mandatory prison term imposed under that division3218or under any other provision of law and consecutively to any3219other prison term or mandatory prison term previously or3220subsequently imposed upon the offender.3221

(e) If a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender 3222

pursuant to division (B)(11) of this section, the offender shall3223serve the mandatory prison term consecutively to any other3224mandatory prison term imposed under that division, consecutively3225to and prior to any prison term imposed for the underlying3226felony, and consecutively to any other prison term or mandatory3227prison term previously or subsequently imposed upon the3228offender.3229

(2) If an offender who is an inmate in a jail, prison, or 3230 other residential detention facility violates section 2917.02, 3231 2917.03, or 2921.35 of the Revised Code or division (A)(1) or 3232 (2) of section 2921.34 of the Revised Code, if an offender who 3233 is under detention at a detention facility commits a felony 3234 violation of section 2923.131 of the Revised Code, or if an 3235 offender who is an inmate in a jail, prison, or other 3236 residential detention facility or is under detention at a 3237 detention facility commits another felony while the offender is 3238 an escapee in violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section 3239 2921.34 of the Revised Code, any prison term imposed upon the 3240 offender for one of those violations shall be served by the 3241 offender consecutively to the prison term or term of 3242 3243 imprisonment the offender was serving when the offender committed that offense and to any other prison term previously 3244 or subsequently imposed upon the offender. 3245

(3) If a prison term is imposed for a violation of 3246 division (B) of section 2911.01 of the Revised Code, a violation 3247 of division (A) of section 2913.02 of the Revised Code in which 3248 the stolen property is a firearm or dangerous ordnance, or a 3249 felony violation of division (B) of section 2921.331 of the 3250 Revised Code, the offender shall serve that prison term 3251 consecutively to any other prison term or mandatory prison term 3252 previously or subsequently imposed upon the offender. 3253

# H. B. No. 88 As Introduced

(4) If multiple prison terms are imposed on an offender 3254 for convictions of multiple offenses, the court may require the 3255 offender to serve the prison terms consecutively if the court 3256 finds that the consecutive service is necessary to protect the 3257 3258 public from future crime or to punish the offender and that consecutive sentences are not disproportionate to the 3259 seriousness of the offender's conduct and to the danger the 32.60 offender poses to the public, and if the court also finds any of 3261 the following: 3262

(a) The offender committed one or more of the multiple
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offenses while the offender was awaiting trial or sentencing,
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was under a sanction imposed pursuant to section 2929.16,
2929.17, or 2929.18 of the Revised Code, or was under post3266
release control for a prior offense.

(b) At least two of the multiple offenses were committed3268as part of one or more courses of conduct, and the harm caused3269by two or more of the multiple offenses so committed was so3270great or unusual that no single prison term for any of the3271offenses committed as part of any of the courses of conduct3272adequately reflects the seriousness of the offender's conduct.3273

(c) The offender's history of criminal conduct
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 demonstrates that consecutive sentences are necessary to protect
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 the public from future crime by the offender.
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(5) If a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender
pursuant to division (B) (5) or (6) of this section, the offender
shall serve the mandatory prison term consecutively to and prior
to any prison term imposed for the underlying violation of
division (A) (1) or (2) of section 2903.06 of the Revised Code
pursuant to division (A) of this section or section 2929.142 of
the Revised Code. If a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an
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## H. B. No. 88 As Introduced

offender pursuant to division (B) (5) of this section, and if a 3284 mandatory prison term also is imposed upon the offender pursuant 3285 to division (B)(6) of this section in relation to the same 3286 violation, the offender shall serve the mandatory prison term 3287 imposed pursuant to division (B)(5) of this section 3288 consecutively to and prior to the mandatory prison term imposed 3289 pursuant to division (B)(6) of this section and consecutively to 3290 and prior to any prison term imposed for the underlying 3291 violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2903.06 of the 3292 Revised Code pursuant to division (A) of this section or section 3293 2929.142 of the Revised Code. 3294

(6) If a mandatory prison term is imposed on an offender
pursuant to division (B) (9) of this section, the offender shall
serve the mandatory prison term consecutively to and prior to
any prison term imposed for the underlying violation of division
(A) (1) or (2) of section 2903.11 of the Revised Code and
consecutively to and prior to any other prison term or mandatory
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(7) If a mandatory prison term is imposed on an offender 3302 pursuant to division (B)(10) of this section, the offender shall 3303 serve that mandatory prison term consecutively to and prior to 3304 any prison term imposed for the underlying felonious assault. 3305 Except as otherwise provided in division (C) of this section, 3306 any other prison term or mandatory prison term previously or 3307 subsequently imposed upon the offender may be served 3308 concurrently with, or consecutively to, the prison term imposed 3309 pursuant to division (B) (10) of this section. 3310

(8) Any prison term imposed for a violation of section
2903.04 of the Revised Code that is based on a violation of
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section 2925.03 or 2925.11 of the Revised Code or on a violation
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of section 2925.05 of the Revised Code that is not funding of3314marihuana trafficking shall run consecutively to any prison term3315imposed for the violation of section 2925.03 or 2925.11 of the3316Revised Code or for the violation of section 2925.05 of the3317Revised Code that is not funding of marihuana trafficking.3318

(9) When consecutive prison terms are imposed pursuant to
division (C)(1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), or (8) or
division (H)(1) or (2) of this section, subject to division (C)
(10) of this section, the term to be served is the aggregate of
all of the terms so imposed.

(10) When a court sentences an offender to a non-life
felony indefinite prison term, any definite prison term or
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mandatory definite prison term previously or subsequently
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imposed on the offender in addition to that indefinite sentence
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that is required to be served consecutively to that indefinite
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sentence shall be served prior to the indefinite sentence.

(11) If a court is sentencing an offender for a felony of 3330 the first or second degree, if division (A)(1)(a) or (2)(a) of 3331 this section applies with respect to the sentencing for the 3332 offense, and if the court is required under the Revised Code 3333 section that sets forth the offense or any other Revised Code 3334 provision to impose a mandatory prison term for the offense, the 3335 court shall impose the required mandatory prison term as the 3336 minimum term imposed under division (A) (1) (a) or (2) (a) of this 3337 section, whichever is applicable. 3338

(D) (1) If a court imposes a prison term, other than a term
of life imprisonment, for a felony of the first degree, for a
felony of the second degree, for a felony sex offense, or for a
felony of the third degree that is an offense of violence and
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that is not a felony sex offense, it shall include in the

sentence a requirement that the offender be subject to a period 3344 of post-release control after the offender's release from 3345 imprisonment, in accordance with section 2967.28 of the Revised 3346 Code. If a court imposes a sentence including a prison term of a 3347 type described in this division on or after July 11, 2006, the 3348 failure of a court to include a post-release control requirement 3349 3350 in the sentence pursuant to this division does not negate, limit, or otherwise affect the mandatory period of post-release 3351 control that is required for the offender under division (B) of 3352 section 2967.28 of the Revised Code. Section 2929.191 of the 3353 Revised Code applies if, prior to July 11, 2006, a court imposed 3354 a sentence including a prison term of a type described in this 3355 division and failed to include in the sentence pursuant to this 3356 division a statement regarding post-release control. 3357

(2) If a court imposes a prison term for a felony of the 3358 third, fourth, or fifth degree that is not subject to division 3359 (D) (1) of this section, it shall include in the sentence a 3360 requirement that the offender be subject to a period of post-3361 release control after the offender's release from imprisonment, 3362 in accordance with that division, if the parole board determines 3363 that a period of post-release control is necessary. Section 3364 2929.191 of the Revised Code applies if, prior to July 11, 2006, 3365 a court imposed a sentence including a prison term of a type 3366 described in this division and failed to include in the sentence 3367 pursuant to this division a statement regarding post-release 3368 control. 3369

(E) The court shall impose sentence upon the offender in
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accordance with section 2971.03 of the Revised Code, and Chapter
2971. of the Revised Code applies regarding the prison term or
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term of life imprisonment without parole imposed upon the
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offender and the service of that term of imprisonment if any of

the following apply:

Page 115

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(1) A person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a violent	3376
sex offense or a designated homicide, assault, or kidnapping	3377
offense, and, in relation to that offense, the offender is	3378
adjudicated a sexually violent predator.	3379
(2) A person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	3380
violation of division (A)(1)(b) of section 2907.02 of the	3381
Revised Code committed on or after January 2, 2007, and either	3382
the court does not impose a sentence of life without parole when	3383
authorized pursuant to division (B) of section 2907.02 of the	3384
Revised Code, or division (B) of section 2907.02 of the Revised	3385
Code provides that the court shall not sentence the offender	3386
pursuant to section 2971.03 of the Revised Code.	3387
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(3) A person is convicted of or pleads guilty to attempted
rape committed on or after January 2, 2007, and a specification
of the type described in section 2941.1418, 2941.1419, or
2941.1420 of the Revised Code.
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(4) A person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 3392
violation of section 2905.01 of the Revised Code committed on or 3393
after January 1, 2008, and that section requires the court to 3394
sentence the offender pursuant to section 2971.03 of the Revised 3395
Code. 3396

(5) A person is convicted of or pleads guilty to 3397 aggravated murder committed on or after January 1, 2008, and 3398 division (A) (2) (b) (ii) of section 2929.022, division (A) (1) (e), 3399 (C) (1) (a) (v), (C) (2) (a) (ii), (D) (2) (b), (D) (3) (a) (iv), or (E) (1) 3400 (a) (iv) of section 2929.03, or division (A) or (B) of section 3401 2929.06 of the Revised Code requires the court to sentence the 3402 offender pursuant to division (B) (3) of section 2971.03 of the 3403

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(6) A person is convicted of or pleads guilty to murder
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committed on or after January 1, 2008, and division (B) (2) of
section 2929.02 of the Revised Code requires the court to
sentence the offender pursuant to section 2971.03 of the Revised
Code.

(F) If a person who has been convicted of or pleaded 3410 guilty to a felony is sentenced to a prison term or term of 3411 imprisonment under this section, sections 2929.02 to 2929.06 of 3412 the Revised Code, section 2929.142 of the Revised Code, section 3413 2971.03 of the Revised Code, or any other provision of law, 3414 section 5120.163 of the Revised Code applies regarding the 3415 person while the person is confined in a state correctional 3416 institution. 3417

(G) If an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to
a felony that is an offense of violence also is convicted of or
pleads guilty to a specification of the type described in
section 2941.142 of the Revised Code that charges the offender
with having committed the felony while participating in a
criminal gang, the court shall impose upon the offender an
additional prison term of one, two, or three years.

(H) (1) If an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty 3425 to aggravated murder, murder, or a felony of the first, second, 3426 or third degree that is an offense of violence also is convicted 3427 of or pleads quilty to a specification of the type described in 3428 section 2941.143 of the Revised Code that charges the offender 3429 with having committed the offense in a school safety zone or 3430 towards a person in a school safety zone, the court shall impose 3431 upon the offender an additional prison term of two years. The 3432 offender shall serve the additional two years consecutively to 3433

(2)(a) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to	3435
a felony violation of section 2907.22, 2907.24, 2907.241, or	3436
2907.25 of the Revised Code and to a specification of the type	3437
described in section 2941.1421 of the Revised Code and if the	3438
court imposes a prison term on the offender for the felony	3439
violation, the court may impose upon the offender an additional	3440
prison term as follows:	3441
(i) Subject to division (H)(2)(a)(ii) of this section, an	3442
additional prison term of one, two, three, four, five, or six	3443
months;	3444
(ii) If the offender previously has been convicted of or	2445
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pleaded guilty to one or more felony or misdemeanor violations	3446
of section 2907.22, 2907.23, 2907.24, 2907.241, or 2907.25 of	3447
the Revised Code and also was convicted of or pleaded guilty to	3448
a specification of the type described in section 2941.1421 of	3449
the Revised Code regarding one or more of those violations, an	3450
additional prison term of one, two, three, four, five, six,	3451
seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, or twelve months.	3452
(b) In lieu of imposing an additional prison term under	3453
division (H)(2)(a) of this section, the court may directly	3454
impose on the offender a sanction that requires the offender to	3455
wear a real-time processing, continual tracking electronic	3456
monitoring device during the period of time specified by the	3457
court. The period of time specified by the court shall equal the	3458
duration of an additional prison term that the court could have	3459
imposed upon the offender under division (H)(2)(a) of this	3460
section. A sanction imposed under this division shall commence	3461
on the date specified by the court, provided that the sanction	3462

shall not commence until after the offender has served the

and prior to the prison term imposed for the underlying offense.

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prison term imposed for the felony violation of section 2907.22, 3464 2907.24, 2907.241, or 2907.25 of the Revised Code and any 3465 residential sanction imposed for the violation under section 3466 2929.16 of the Revised Code. A sanction imposed under this 3467 division shall be considered to be a community control sanction 3468 for purposes of section 2929.15 of the Revised Code, and all 3469 provisions of the Revised Code that pertain to community control 3470 sanctions shall apply to a sanction imposed under this division, 3471 except to the extent that they would by their nature be clearly 3472 inapplicable. The offender shall pay all costs associated with a 3473 sanction imposed under this division, including the cost of the 3474 use of the monitoring device. 3475

(I) At the time of sentencing, the court may recommend the 3476 offender for placement in a program of shock incarceration under 3477 section 5120.031 of the Revised Code or for placement in an 3478 intensive program prison under section 5120.032 of the Revised 3479 Code, disapprove placement of the offender in a program of shock 3480 incarceration or an intensive program prison of that nature, or 3481 make no recommendation on placement of the offender. In no case 3482 shall the department of rehabilitation and correction place the 3483 3484 offender in a program or prison of that nature unless the department determines as specified in section 5120.031 or 3485 5120.032 of the Revised Code, whichever is applicable, that the 3486 offender is eligible for the placement. 3487

If the court disapproves placement of the offender in a3488program or prison of that nature, the department of3489rehabilitation and correction shall not place the offender in3490any program of shock incarceration or intensive program prison.3491

If the court recommends placement of the offender in a3492program of shock incarceration or in an intensive program3493

prison, and if the offender is subsequently placed in the3494recommended program or prison, the department shall notify the3495court of the placement and shall include with the notice a brief3496description of the placement.3497

If the court recommends placement of the offender in a 3498 program of shock incarceration or in an intensive program prison 3499 and the department does not subsequently place the offender in 3500 the recommended program or prison, the department shall send a 3501 notice to the court indicating why the offender was not placed 3502 in the recommended program or prison. 3503

If the court does not make a recommendation under this 3504 division with respect to an offender and if the department 3505 determines as specified in section 5120.031 or 5120.032 of the 3506 Revised Code, whichever is applicable, that the offender is 3507 eligible for placement in a program or prison of that nature, 3508 the department shall screen the offender and determine if there 3509 is an available program of shock incarceration or an intensive 3510 program prison for which the offender is suited. If there is an 3511 available program of shock incarceration or an intensive program 3512 prison for which the offender is suited, the department shall 3513 notify the court of the proposed placement of the offender as 3514 specified in section 5120.031 or 5120.032 of the Revised Code 3515 and shall include with the notice a brief description of the 3516 placement. The court shall have ten days from receipt of the 3517 notice to disapprove the placement. 3518

(J) If a person is convicted of or pleads guilty to
aggravated vehicular homicide in violation of division (A) (1) of
section 2903.06 of the Revised Code and division (B) (2) (c) of
that section applies, the person shall be sentenced pursuant to
section 2929.142 of the Revised Code.

(K) (1) The court shall impose an additional mandatory 3524 prison term of two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, 3525 ten, or eleven years on an offender who is convicted of or 3526 pleads quilty to a violent felony offense if the offender also 3527 is convicted of or pleads guilty to a specification of the type 3528 described in section 2941.1424 of the Revised Code that charges 3529 that the offender is a violent career criminal and had a firearm 3530 on or about the offender's person or under the offender's 3531 control while committing the presently charged violent felony 3532 offense and displayed or brandished the firearm, indicated that 3533 the offender possessed a firearm, or used the firearm to 3534 facilitate the offense. The offender shall serve the prison term 3535 imposed under this division consecutively to and prior to the 3536 prison term imposed for the underlying offense. The prison term 3537 shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, division (A) 3538 (2) or (3) of section 2967.193 or 2967.194, or any other 3539 provision of Chapter 2967. or 5120. of the Revised Code. A court 3540 may not impose more than one sentence under division (B)(2)(a) 3541 of this section and this division for acts committed as part of 3542 the same act or transaction. 3543

(2) As used in division (K) (1) of this section, "violent 3544
career criminal" and "violent felony offense" have the same 3545
meanings as in section 2923.132 of the Revised Code. 3546

(L) If an offender receives or received a sentence of life 3547 imprisonment without parole, a sentence of life imprisonment, a 3548 definite sentence, or a sentence to an indefinite prison term 3549 under this chapter for a felony offense that was committed when 3550 the offender was under eighteen years of age, the offender's 3551 parole eligibility shall be determined under section 2967.132 of 3552 the Revised Code. 3553

Sec. 2941.1422. (A) Imposition of a mandatory prison term 3554 under division (B)(7) of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code is 3555 precluded unless the offender is convicted of or pleads guilty 3556 to a felony violation of section 2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.321, 3557 2907.21, 2907.22, or 2923.32, division (A)(1) or (2) of section 3558 2907.323, or division (B)(1), (2), (3), (4), or (5) of section 3559 2919.22 of the Revised Code and unless the indictment, count in 3560 the indictment, or information charging the offense specifies 3561 that the offender knowingly committed the offense in furtherance 3562 of human trafficking. The specification shall be stated at the 3563 end of the body of the indictment, count, or information and 3564 shall be stated in substantially the following form: 3565

"SPECIFICATION (or, SPECIFICATION TO THE FIRST COUNT). The 3566 Grand Jurors (or insert the person's or the prosecuting 3567 attorney's name when appropriate) further find and specify that 3568 (set forth that the defendant knowingly committed the offense in 3569 furtherance of human trafficking)." 3570

(B) As used in this section, "human trafficking" has the 3571same meaning as in section 2929.01 of the Revised Code. 3572

Sec. 2941.1427. (A) Imposition of a mandatory prison term3573under division (B) (11) (b) of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code3574is precluded unless the offender is convicted of or pleads3575guilty to a violation of section 2903.04 of the Revised Code and3576unless the indictment, count in the indictment, or information3577charging the offense specifies that:3578

(1) Fentanyl or a fentanyl-related compound, as defined in3579section 2925.01 of the Revised Code, was present in the body of3580the decedent victim in an amount or concentration that is3581considered to be lethal by generally accepted scientific3582standards;3583

(2) The results of an autopsy performed on the decedent 3584 victim are consistent with an opioid overdose as the cause of 3585 death. 3586 (B) The specification shall be stated at the end of the 3587 body of the indictment, count, or information and shall be 3588 stated in substantially the following form: 3589 "SPECIFICATION (or, SPECIFICATION TO THE FIRST COUNT). The 3590 Grand Jurors (or insert the person's or prosecuting attorney's 3591 3592 name when appropriate) further find and specify that (set forth that the victim's death was consistent with opioid overdose and 3593 fentanyl or a fentanyl-related compound was present in the 3594 victim's body in lethal amounts)." 3595 Sec. 3313.60. Notwithstanding division (D) of section 3596 3311.52 of the Revised Code, divisions (A) to (E) of this 3597 section do not apply to any cooperative education school 3598 district established pursuant to divisions (A) to (C) of section 3599 3311.52 of the Revised Code. 3600 (A) The board of education of each city, exempted village, 3601 and local school district and the board of each cooperative 3602 education school district established, pursuant to section 3603 3311.521 of the Revised Code, shall prescribe a curriculum for 3604 all schools under its control. Except as provided in division 3605 (E) of this section, in any such curriculum there shall be 3606 included the study of the following subjects: 3607 (1) The language arts, including reading, writing, 3608 spelling, oral and written English, and literature; 3609 (2) Geography, the history of the United States and of 3610 Ohio, and national, state, and local government in the United 3611 States, including a balanced presentation of the relevant 3612

contributions to society of men and women of African, Mexican, 3613 Puerto Rican, and American Indian descent as well as other 3614 ethnic and racial groups in Ohio and the United States; 3615 (3) Mathematics: 3616 3617 (4) Natural science, including instruction in the conservation of natural resources; 3618 (5) Health education, which shall include instruction in: 3619 (a) The nutritive value of foods, including natural and 3620 organically produced foods, the relation of nutrition to health, 3621 and the use and effects of food additives; 3622 (b) The Fentanyl abuse prevention in accordance with 3623 section 3313.6031 of the Revised Code, and the harmful effects 3624 of and legal restrictions against the use of drugs of abuse, 3625 alcoholic beverages, and tobacco, including electronic smoking 3626 devices; 3627 (c) Sexually transmitted infection education, except that 3628 upon written request of the student's parent or guardian, a 3629 student shall be excused from taking instruction in sexually 3630 transmitted infection education; 3631 (d) In grades kindergarten through six, annual 3632 developmentally appropriate instruction in child sexual abuse 3633 prevention, including information on available counseling and 3634 resources for children who are sexually abused. Such instruction 3635 and information provided shall not be connected in any way to 3636 any individual, entity, or organization that provides, promotes, 3637 counsels, or makes referrals for abortion or abortion-related 3638 services. Upon written request of the student's parent or 3639 guardian, a student shall be excused from taking instruction in 3640 3641 child sexual abuse prevention.

(e) In grades kindergarten through six, instruction in
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 personal safety and assault prevention, except that upon written
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 request of the student's parent or guardian, a student shall be
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 excused from taking instruction in personal safety and assault
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 prevention;

(f) In grades seven through twelve, developmentally 3647 appropriate instruction in dating violence prevention education 3648 and sexual violence prevention education, which shall include 3649 instruction in recognizing dating violence warning signs and 3650 characteristics of healthy relationships, except that upon 3651 written request of the student's parent or quardian a student 3652 shall be excused from taking instruction in sexual violence 3653 3654 prevention.

In order to assist school districts in developing a dating 3655 violence prevention education and sexual violence prevention 3656 education curriculum, the department of education and workforce 3657 shall provide on its web site links to free curricula addressing 3658 dating violence prevention and sexual violence prevention 3659 education. Such instruction and information shall not be 3660 connected in any way to any individual, entity, or organization 3661 that provides, promotes, counsels, or makes referrals for 3662 abortion or abortion-related services. 3663

Each school district shall notify the parents and legal3664guardians of students who receive instruction related to child3665sexual abuse prevention and sexual violence prevention, as3666described under divisions (A) (5) (d) and (f) of this section, of3667all of the following:3668

(i) That instruction in child sexual abuse prevention and
 sexual violence prevention is a required part of the district's
 3670
 curriculum;
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(ii) That upon request, parents and legal guardians may
 (iii) That upon request, parents and legal guardians may
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(iii) That upon written request of the student's parent orguardian, a student shall be excused from taking instruction in3676child sexual abuse prevention and sexual violence prevention.3677

If the parent or legal guardian of a student less than 3678 eighteen years of age submits to the principal of the student's 3679 school a written request to examine the dating violence 3680 prevention and sexual violence prevention instruction materials 3681 used at that school, the principal, within forty-eight hours 3682 after the request is made, shall allow the parent or guardian to 3683 examine those materials at that school. 3684

(g) Prescription opioid abuse prevention, with an emphasis
on the prescription drug epidemic and the connection between
prescription opioid abuse and addiction to other drugs, such as
heroin;

(h) The process of making an anatomical gift under Chapter
2108. of the Revised Code, with an emphasis on the life-saving
and life-enhancing effects of organ and tissue donation;
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(i) Beginning with the first day of the next school year 3692 that begins at least two years after March 24, 2021, in grades 3693 six through twelve, at least one hour or one standard class 3694 period per school year of evidence-based suicide awareness and 3695 prevention and at least one hour or one standard class period 3696 per school year of safety training and violence prevention, 3697 except that upon written request of the student's parent or 3698 guardian, a student shall be excused from taking instruction in 3699 suicide awareness and prevention or safety training and violence 3700

prevention;	3701
(j) Beginning with the first day of the next school year	3702
that begins at least two years after March 24, 2021, in grades	3703
six through twelve, at least one hour or one standard class	3704
period per school year of evidence-based social inclusion	3705
instruction, except that upon written request of the student's	3706
parent or guardian, a student shall be excused from taking	3707
instruction in social inclusion.	3708
For the instruction required under divisions (A)(5)(i) and	3709
(j) of this section, the board shall use a training program	3710
approved by the department of education and workforce under	3711
section 3301.221 of the Revised Code.	3712
Schools may use student assemblies, digital learning, and	3713
homework to satisfy the instruction requirements under divisions	3714
(A)(5)(i) and (j) of this section.	3715
(6) Physical education;	3716
(7) The fine arts, including music;	3717
(8) First aid, including a training program in	3718
cardiopulmonary resuscitation, which shall comply with section	3719
3313.6021 of the Revised Code when offered in any of grades nine	3720
through twelve, safety, and fire prevention. However, upon	3721
written request of the student's parent or guardian, a student	3722
shall be excused from taking instruction in cardiopulmonary	3723
resuscitation.	3724
(B) Except as provided in division (E) of this section,	3725
every school or school district shall include in the	3726
requirements for promotion from the eighth grade to the ninth	3727
grade one year's course of study of American history. A board	3728
may waive this requirement for academically accelerated students	3729

who, in accordance with procedures adopted by the board, are 3730
able to demonstrate mastery of essential concepts and skills of 3731
the eighth grade American history course of study. 3732

(C) As specified in divisions (B) (6) and (C) (6) of section
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3313.603 of the Revised Code, except as provided in division (E)
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of this section, every high school shall include in the
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requirements for graduation from any curriculum one-half unit
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each of American history and government.

(D) Except as provided in division (E) of this section, 3738 basic instruction or demonstrated mastery in geography, United 3739 States history, the government of the United States, the 3740 government of the state of Ohio, local government in Ohio, the 3741 Declaration of Independence, the United States Constitution, and 3742 the Constitution of the state of Ohio shall be required before 3743 pupils may participate in courses involving the study of social 3744 problems, economics, foreign affairs, United Nations, world 3745 government, socialism, and communism. 3746

(E) For each cooperative education school district 3747 established pursuant to section 3311.521 of the Revised Code and 3748 each city, exempted village, and local school district that has 3749 territory within such a cooperative district, the curriculum 3750 adopted pursuant to divisions (A) to (D) of this section shall 3751 only include the study of the subjects that apply to the grades 3752 operated by each such school district. The curricula for such 3753 schools, when combined, shall provide to each student of these 3754 districts all of the subjects required under divisions (A) to 3755 (D) of this section. 3756

(F) The board of education of any cooperative education 3757
school district established pursuant to divisions (A) to (C) of 3758
section 3311.52 of the Revised Code shall prescribe a curriculum 3759

for the subject areas and grade levels offered in any school	3760
under its control.	3761
(G) Upon the request of any parent or legal guardian of a	3762
student, the board of education of any school district shall	3763
permit the parent or guardian to promptly examine, with respect	3764
to the parent's or guardian's own child:	3765
(1) Any survey or questionnaire, prior to its	3766
administration to the child;	3767
(2) Any textbook, workbook, software, video, or other	3768
instructional materials being used by the district in connection	3769
with the instruction of the child;	3770
(3) Any completed and graded test taken or survey or	3771
questionnaire filled out by the child;	3772
(4) Copies of the statewide academic standards and each	3773
model curriculum developed pursuant to section 3301.079 of the	3774
Revised Code, which copies shall be available at all times	3775
during school hours in each district school building.	3776
Sec. 3313.6031. (A) Beginning with the 2025-2026 school	3777
year and each school year thereafter, the board of education of	3778
each city, local, exempted village, and joint vocational school	3779
district shall provide age-appropriate, research-based	3780
instruction regarding the dangers of fentanyl to students in	3781
grades kindergarten to twelve.	3782
(B) The course material and instruction in fentanyl abuse	3783
prevention and drug poisoning awareness required under division	3784
(A) of this section shall include some or all of the following:	3785
(1) Information on fentanyl, including an explanation of	3786
the differences between synthetic and nonsynthetic opioids and	3787

illicit drugs, the variations of fentanyl, and the differences 3788 between the legal and illegal uses of fentanyl; 3789 (2) The side effects and risk factors of using fentanyl, 3790 along with information comparing the lethal amounts of fentanyl 3791 to other drugs. Information on risk factors may include: 3792 (a) The lethal dose of fentanyl; 3793 (b) How often fentanyl is placed in drugs without a 3794 3795 person's knowledge; (c) An explanation of what fentanyl does to a person's 3796 body and the severity of fentanyl's addictive properties; 3797 (d) How the consumption of fentanyl can lead to hypoxia, 3798 as well as an explanation of what hypoxia precisely does to a 3799 person's body. 3800 (3) The process of lacing fentanyl in other drugs and why 3801 drugs get laced with fentanyl; 3802 (4) Detection of fentanyl in drugs and how to save someone 3803 from an overdose of fentanyl, which shall include instruction on 3804 how to do all of the following: 3805 (a) Buy and use fentanyl test strips; 3806 (b) Buy and use naloxone, either through a nasal spray or 3807 injections; 3808 (c) Recognize when a person is overdosing on fentanyl. 3809 (5) Awareness of school and community resources and any 3810 processes involved in accessing those resources; 3811 (6) Information about substance use and abuse, including 3812 youth substance abuse; 3813

(7) Guest presentations from community service and	3814
religious organizations.	3815
(C) The instruction required under this section shall be	3816
taught by a licensed educator, school nurse, school counselor,	3817
or public safety officer.	3818
Sec. 3313.6032. Each board of education of each city,	3819
bec. 5515:0052: Each board of caddacton of cach city,	5015
local, exempted village, and joint vocational school district	3820
shall designate a week during the school year to be known as	3821
"fentanyl poisoning awareness week" to educate students about	3822
the dangers posed by the drug fentanyl and the risk of fentanyl	3823
poisoning, including overdose.	3824
Sec. 3314.03. A copy of every contract entered into under	3825
this section shall be filed with the director of education and	3826
workforce. The department of education and workforce shall make	3827
available on its web site a copy of every approved, executed	3828
contract filed with the director under this section.	3829
(A) Each contract entered into between a grouper and the	3830
(A) Each contract entered into between a sponsor and the	2020
	0.0.01

(A) Each c governing authority of a community school shall specify the 3831 following: 3832

(1) That the school shall be established as either of the 3833 following: 3834

(a) A nonprofit corporation established under Chapter 3835 1702. of the Revised Code, if established prior to April 8, 3836 2003; 3837

(b) A public benefit corporation established under Chapter 3838 1702. of the Revised Code, if established after April 8, 2003. 3839

(2) The education program of the school, including the 3840 school's mission, the characteristics of the students the school 3841

is expected to attract, the ages and grades of students, and the focus of the curriculum; 3843 (3) The academic goals to be achieved and the method of 3844 measurement that will be used to determine progress toward those 3845 goals, which shall include the statewide achievement 3846 3847 assessments: (4) Performance standards, including but not limited to 3848 all applicable report card measures set forth in section 3302.03 3849 or 3314.017 of the Revised Code, by which the success of the 3850 school will be evaluated by the sponsor; 3851 (5) The admission standards of section 3314.06 of the 3852 Revised Code and, if applicable, section 3314.061 of the Revised 3853 3854 Code; (6) (a) Dismissal procedures; 3855 (b) A requirement that the governing authority adopt an 3856 attendance policy that includes a procedure for automatically 3857 withdrawing a student from the school if the student without a 3858 legitimate excuse fails to participate in seventy-two 3859 consecutive hours of the learning opportunities offered to the 3860 student. 3861 (7) The ways by which the school will achieve racial and 3862 ethnic balance reflective of the community it serves; 3863 (8) Requirements for financial audits by the auditor of 3864 state. The contract shall require financial records of the 3865 school to be maintained in the same manner as are financial 3866 records of school districts, pursuant to rules of the auditor of 3867 state. Audits shall be conducted in accordance with section 3868

117.10 of the Revised Code.

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(9) An addendum to the contract outlining the facilities 3870 to be used that contains at least the following information: 3871 (a) A detailed description of each facility used for 3872 instructional purposes; 3873 (b) The annual costs associated with leasing each facility 3874 that are paid by or on behalf of the school; 3875 (c) The annual mortgage principal and interest payments 3876 that are paid by the school; 3877 (d) The name of the lender or landlord, identified as 3878 such, and the lender's or landlord's relationship to the 3879 operator, if any. 3880 (10) Qualifications of employees, including both of the 3881 3882 following: (a) A requirement that the school's classroom teachers be 3883 licensed in accordance with sections 3319.22 to 3319.31 of the 3884 Revised Code, except that a community school may engage 3885 noncertificated persons to teach up to twelve hours or forty 3886 hours per week pursuant to section 3319.301 of the Revised Code; 3887 (b) A prohibition against the school employing an 3888 individual described in section 3314.104 of the Revised Code in 3889 any position. 3890 (11) That the school will comply with the following 3891 3892 requirements: (a) The school will provide learning opportunities to a 3893 minimum of twenty-five students for a minimum of nine hundred 3894 twenty hours per school year. 3895 (b) The governing authority will purchase liability 3896

Page 133

insurance, or otherwise provide for the potential liability of 3897 the school. 3898 (c) The school will be nonsectarian in its programs, 3899 admission policies, employment practices, and all other 3900 operations, and will not be operated by a sectarian school or 3901 religious institution. 3902 (d) The school will comply with sections 9.90, 9.91, 3903 109.65, 121.22, 149.43, 2151.357, 2151.421, 2313.19, 3301.0710, 3904 3301.0711, 3301.0712, 3301.0715, 3301.0729, 3301.948, 3302.037, 3905 3313.472, 3313.50, 3313.539, 3313.5310, 3313.5318, 3313.5319, 3906 3313.608, 3313.609, 3313.6012, 3313.6013, 3313.6014, 3313.6020, 3907 3313.6024, 3313.6025, 3313.6026, 3313.6028, 3313.6029, 3908 3313.6031, 3313.6032, 3313.643, 3313.648, 3313.6411, 3313.6413, 3909 3313.66, 3313.661, 3313.662, 3313.666, 3313.667, 3313.668, 3910 3313.669, 3313.6610, 3313.67, 3313.671, 3313.672, 3313.673, 3911 3313.69, 3313.71, 3313.716, 3313.718, 3313.719, 3313.7112, 3912 3313.7117, 3313.721, 3313.753, 3313.80, 3313.814, 3313.816, 3913 3313.817, 3313.818, 3313.819, 3313.86, 3313.89, 3313.96, 3914 3319.073, 3319.077, 3319.078, 3319.0812, 3319.238, 3319.318, 3915 3319.321, 3319.324, 3319.39, 3319.391, 3319.393, 3319.41, 3916 3319.46, 3319.614, 3320.01, 3320.02, 3320.03, 3320.04, 3321.01, 3917 3321.041, 3321.13, 3321.14, 3321.141, 3321.17, 3321.18, 3321.19, 3918 3322.20, 3322.24, 3323.251, 3327.10, 4111.17, 4113.52, 5502.262, 3919 5502.703, and 5705.391 and Chapters 117., 1347., 2744., 3365., 3920 3742., 4112., 4123., 4141., and 4167. of the Revised Code as if 3921 it were a school district and will comply with section 3301.0714 3922 of the Revised Code in the manner specified in section 3314.17 3923 of the Revised Code. 3924 (e) The school shall comply with Chapter 102. and section 3925

2921.42 of the Revised Code.

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# H. B. No. 88 As Introduced

(f) The school will comply with sections 3313.61, 3927 3313.611, 3313.614, 3313.617, 3313.618, and 3313.6114 of the 3928 Revised Code, except that for students who enter ninth grade for 3929 the first time before July 1, 2010, the requirement in sections 3930 3313.61 and 3313.611 of the Revised Code that a person must 3931 successfully complete the curriculum in any high school prior to 3932 receiving a high school diploma may be met by completing the 3933 curriculum adopted by the governing authority of the community 3934 school rather than the curriculum specified in Title XXXIII of 3935 the Revised Code or any rules of the department. Beginning with 3936 students who enter ninth grade for the first time on or after 3937 July 1, 2010, the requirement in sections 3313.61 and 3313.611 3938 of the Revised Code that a person must successfully complete the 3939 curriculum of a high school prior to receiving a high school 3940 diploma shall be met by completing the requirements prescribed 3941 in section 3313.6027 and division (C) of section 3313.603 of the 3942 Revised Code, unless the person qualifies under division (D) or 3943 (F) of that section. Each school shall comply with the plan for 3944 awarding high school credit based on demonstration of subject 3945 area competency, and beginning with the 2017-2018 school year, 3946 with the updated plan that permits students enrolled in seventh 3947 and eighth grade to meet curriculum requirements based on 3948 subject area competency adopted by the department under 3949 divisions (J)(1) and (2) of section 3313.603 of the Revised 3950 Code. Beginning with the 2018-2019 school year, the school shall 3951 comply with the framework for granting units of high school 3952 credit to students who demonstrate subject area competency 3953 through work-based learning experiences, internships, or 3954 cooperative education developed by the department under division 3955 (J) (3) of section 3313.603 of the Revised Code. 3956

(g) The school governing authority will submit within four 3957

months after the end of each school year a report of its3958activities and progress in meeting the goals and standards of3959divisions (A) (3) and (4) of this section and its financial3960status to the sponsor and the parents of all students enrolled3961in the school.3962

(h) The school, unless it is an internet- or computerbased community school, will comply with section 3313.801 of the
Revised Code as if it were a school district.
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(i) If the school is the recipient of moneys from a grant
awarded under the federal race to the top program, Division (A),
Title XIV, Sections 14005 and 14006 of the "American Recovery
and Reinvestment Act of 2009," Pub. L. No. 111-5, 123 Stat. 115,
the school will pay teachers based upon performance in
accordance with section 3317.141 and will comply with section
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3319.111 of the Revised Code as if it were a school district.

(j) If the school operates a preschool program that is
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licensed by the department under sections 3301.52 to 3301.59 of
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the Revised Code, the school shall comply with sections 3301.50
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to 3301.59 of the Revised Code and the minimum standards for
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preschool programs prescribed in rules adopted by the department
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of children and youth under section 3301.53 of the Revised Code.

(k) The school will comply with sections 3313.6021 and 3979
3313.6023 of the Revised Code as if it were a school district 3980
unless it is either of the following: 3981

(i) An internet- or computer-based community school; 3982

(ii) A community school in which a majority of the
enrolled students are children with disabilities as described in
division (B)(2) of section 3314.35 of the Revised Code.
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(1) The school will comply with section 3321.191 of the 3986

Revised Code, unless it is an internet- or computer-based3987community school that is subject to section 3314.261 of the3988Revised Code.3989

(12) Arrangements for providing health and other benefits3990to employees;3991

(13) The length of the contract, which shall begin at the
beginning of an academic year. No contract shall exceed five
years unless such contract has been renewed pursuant to division
(E) of this section.

(14) The governing authority of the school, which shall be responsible for carrying out the provisions of the contract;

(15) A financial plan detailing an estimated school budget
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for each year of the period of the contract and specifying the
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total estimated per pupil expenditure amount for each such year.
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(16) Requirements and procedures regarding the disposition 4001
of employees of the school in the event the contract is 4002
terminated or not renewed pursuant to section 3314.07 of the 4003
Revised Code; 4004

(17) Whether the school is to be created by converting all 4005 or part of an existing public school or educational service 4006 4007 center building or is to be a new start-up school, and if it is 4008 a converted public school or service center building, specification of any duties or responsibilities of an employer 4009 that the board of education or service center governing board 4010 that operated the school or building before conversion is 4011 delegating to the governing authority of the community school 4012 with respect to all or any specified group of employees provided 4013 the delegation is not prohibited by a collective bargaining 4014 agreement applicable to such employees; 4015

Page 136

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(18) Provisions establishing procedures for resolving 4016 disputes or differences of opinion between the sponsor and the 4017 4018 (19) A provision requiring the governing authority to 4019 4020 outside the district in which the school is located. That policy 4021 shall comply with the admissions procedures specified in 4022 sections 3314.06 and 3314.061 of the Revised Code and, at the 4023 sole discretion of the authority, shall do one of the following: 4024 (a) Prohibit the enrollment of students who reside outside 4025 the district in which the school is located; 4026 (b) Permit the enrollment of students who reside in 4027 districts adjacent to the district in which the school is 4028 located: 4029 (c) Permit the enrollment of students who reside in any other district in the state. 4031 (20) A provision recognizing the authority of the department to take over the sponsorship of the school in 4033 accordance with the provisions of division (C) of section 4034 3314.015 of the Revised Code; 4035 (21) A provision recognizing the sponsor's authority to 4036

assume the operation of a school under the conditions specified 4037 in division (B) of section 3314.073 of the Revised Code; 4038

(22) A provision recognizing both of the following: 4039

(a) The authority of public health and safety officials to 4040 inspect the facilities of the school and to order the facilities 4041 closed if those officials find that the facilities are not in 4042 compliance with health and safety laws and regulations; 4043

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- 40.32

- adopt a policy regarding the admission of students who reside

governing authority of the community school;

H. B. No. 88 As Introduced (b) The authority of the department as the community4044school oversight body to suspend the operation of the school4045under section 3314.072 of the Revised Code if the department has4046evidence of conditions or violations of law at the school that4047pose an imminent danger to the health and safety of the school's4048students and employees and the sponsor refuses to take such4049action.4050

(23) A description of the learning opportunities that will 4051 be offered to students including both classroom-based and nonclassroom-based learning opportunities that is in compliance 4053 with criteria for student participation established by the 4054 department under division (H)(2) of section 3314.08 of the 4055 Revised Code; 4056

(24) The school will comply with sections 3302.04 and
3302.041 of the Revised Code, except that any action required to
be taken by a school district pursuant to those sections shall
be taken by the sponsor of the school.

(25) Beginning in the 2006-2007 school year, the school 4061 will open for operation not later than the thirtieth day of 4062 September each school year, unless the mission of the school as 4063 specified under division (A) (2) of this section is solely to 4064 serve dropouts. In its initial year of operation, if the school 4065 fails to open by the thirtieth day of September, or within one 4066 year after the adoption of the contract pursuant to division (D) 4067 of section 3314.02 of the Revised Code if the mission of the 4068 school is solely to serve dropouts, the contract shall be void. 4069

(26) Whether the school's governing authority is planning
to seek designation for the school as a STEM school equivalent
under section 3326.032 of the Revised Code;

# H. B. No. 88 As Introduced

(27) That the school's attendance and participation 4073 policies will be available for public inspection; 4074 (28) That the school's attendance and participation 4075 records shall be made available to the department, auditor of 4076 state, and school's sponsor to the extent permitted under and in 4077 accordance with the "Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act 4078 of 1974," 88 Stat. 571, 20 U.S.C. 1232g, as amended, and any 4079 regulations promulgated under that act, and section 3319.321 of 4080 the Revised Code; 4081 (29) If a school operates using the blended learning 4082 model, as defined in section 3301.079 of the Revised Code, all 4083 of the following information: 4084 (a) An indication of what blended learning model or models 4085 will be used; 4086 (b) A description of how student instructional needs will 4087 be determined and documented: 4088 (c) The method to be used for determining competency, 4089 granting credit, and promoting students to a higher grade level; 4090 (d) The school's attendance requirements, including how 4091 the school will document participation in learning 4092 4093 opportunities; (e) A statement describing how student progress will be 4094 monitored; 4095 (f) A statement describing how private student data will 4096 be protected; 4097 (g) A description of the professional development 4098 activities that will be offered to teachers. 4099

(30) A provision requiring that all moneys the school's 4100 operator loans to the school, including facilities loans or cash 4101 flow assistance, must be accounted for, documented, and bear 4102 interest at a fair market rate; 4103 4104 (31) A provision requiring that, if the governing authority contracts with an attorney, accountant, or entity 4105 specializing in audits, the attorney, accountant, or entity 4106 4107 shall be independent from the operator with which the school has contracted. 4108 (32) A provision requiring the governing authority to 4109 adopt an enrollment and attendance policy that requires a 4110 student's parent to notify the community school in which the 4111 student is enrolled when there is a change in the location of 4112 the parent's or student's primary residence. 4113 (33) A provision requiring the governing authority to 4114 adopt a student residence and address verification policy for 4115 students enrolling in or attending the school. 4116 (B) The community school shall also submit to the sponsor 4117 a comprehensive plan for the school. The plan shall specify the 4118 4119 following: (1) The process by which the governing authority of the 4120 school will be selected in the future; 4121 4122 (2) The management and administration of the school; (3) If the community school is a currently existing public 4123 school or educational service center building, alternative 4124 arrangements for current public school students who choose not 4125 to attend the converted school and for teachers who choose not 4126

to teach in the school or building after conversion;

Page 140

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Page 141

(4) The instructional program and educational philosophy	4128
of the school;	4129
(5) Internal financial controls.	4130
When submitting the plan under this division, the school	4131
shall also submit copies of all policies and procedures	4132
regarding internal financial controls adopted by the governing	4133
authority of the school.	4134
(C) A contract entered into under section 3314.02 of the	4135
Powised Code between a sponsor and the governing authority of a	1136

Revised Code between a sponsor and the governing authority of a 4136 community school may provide for the community school governing 4137 4138 authority to make payments to the sponsor, which is hereby authorized to receive such payments as set forth in the contract 4139 between the governing authority and the sponsor. The total 4140 amount of such payments for monitoring, oversight, and technical 4141 assistance of the school shall not exceed three per cent of the 4142 total amount of payments for operating expenses that the school 4143 receives from the state. 4144

(D) The contract shall specify the duties of the sponsor
which shall be in accordance with the written agreement entered
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into with the department under division (B) of section 3314.015
4147
of the Revised Code and shall include the following:
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(1) Monitor the community school's compliance with all
laws applicable to the school and with the terms of the
4150
contract;

(2) Monitor and evaluate the academic and fiscal
performance and the organization and operation of the community
school on at least an annual basis;
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(3) Provide technical assistance to the community school4155in complying with laws applicable to the school and terms of the4156

#### contract;

(4) Take steps to intervene in the school's operation to
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(5) Have in place a plan of action to be undertaken in the
event the community school experiences financial difficulties or
closes prior to the end of a school year.

(E) Upon the expiration of a contract entered into under 4168 this section, the sponsor of a community school may, with the 4169 approval of the governing authority of the school, renew that 4170 contract for a period of time determined by the sponsor, but not 4171 ending earlier than the end of any school year, if the sponsor 4172 finds that the school's compliance with applicable laws and 4173 terms of the contract and the school's progress in meeting the 4174 academic goals prescribed in the contract have been 4175 satisfactory. Any contract that is renewed under this division 4176 remains subject to the provisions of sections 3314.07, 3314.072, 4177 and 3314.073 of the Revised Code. 4178

(F) If a community school fails to open for operation 4179 within one year after the contract entered into under this 4180 section is adopted pursuant to division (D) of section 3314.02 4181 of the Revised Code or permanently closes prior to the 4182 expiration of the contract, the contract shall be void and the 4183 school shall not enter into a contract with any other sponsor. A 4184 school shall not be considered permanently closed because the 4185 operations of the school have been suspended pursuant to section 4186 3314.072 of the Revised Code.

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Page 143

Sec. 3326.11. Each science, technology, engineering, and	4188
mathematics school established under this chapter and its	4189
governing body shall comply with sections 9.90, 9.91, 109.65,	4190
121.22, 149.43, 2151.357, 2151.421, 2313.19, 2921.42, 2921.43,	4191
3301.0714, 3301.0715, 3301.0729, 3301.948, 3302.037, 3313.14,	4192
3313.15, 3313.16, 3313.18, 3313.201, 3313.26, 3313.472, 3313.48,	4193
3313.481, 3313.482, 3313.50, 3313.539, 3313.5310, 3313.5318,	4194
3313.5319, 3313.608, 3313.6012, 3313.6013, 3313.6014, 3313.6020,	4195
3313.6021, 3313.6023, 3313.6024, 3313.6025, 3313.6026,	4196
3313.6028, 3313.6029, <u>3313.6031, 3313.6032,</u> 3313.61, 3313.611,	4197
3313.614, 3313.615, 3313.617, 3313.618, 3313.6114, 3313.643,	4198
3313.648, 3313.6411, 3313.6413, 3313.66, 3313.661, 3313.662,	4199
3313.666, 3313.667, 3313.668, 3313.669, 3313.6610, 3313.67,	4200
3313.671, 3313.672, 3313.673, 3313.69, 3313.71, 3313.716,	4201
3313.717, 3313.718, 3313.719, 3313.7112, 3313.7117, 3313.721,	4202
3313.753, 3313.80, 3313.801, 3313.814, 3313.816, 3313.817,	4203
3313.818, 3313.819, 3313.86, 3313.89, 3313.96, 3319.073,	4204
3319.077, 3319.078, 3319.0812, 3319.21, 3319.238, 3319.318,	4205
3319.32, 3319.321, 3319.324, 3319.35, 3319.39, 3319.391,	4206
3319.393, 3319.41, 3319.45, 3319.46, 3319.614, 3320.01, 3320.02,	4207
3320.03, 3320.04, 3321.01, 3321.041, 3321.05, 3321.13, 3321.14,	4208
3321.141, 3321.17, 3321.18, 3321.19, 3321.191, 3322.20, 3322.24,	4209
3323.251, 3327.10, 4111.17, 4113.52, 5502.262, 5502.703, and	4210
5705.391 and Chapters 102., 117., 1347., 2744., 3307., 3309.,	4211
3365., 3742., 4112., 4123., 4141., and 4167. of the Revised Code	4212
as if it were a school district.	4213

 Sec. 3328.24. A college-preparatory boarding school
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 established under this chapter and its board of trustees shall
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 comply with sections 102.02, 3301.0710, 3301.0711, 3301.0712,
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 3301.0714, 3301.0729, 3301.948, 3302.037, 3313.5318, 3313.5319,
 4217

3313.6013, 3313.6021, 3313.6023, 3313.6024, 3313.6025, 4218 3313.6026, 3313.6029, 3313.6031, 3313.6032, 3313.617, 3313.618, 4219 3313.6114, 3313.6411, 3313.6413, 3313.668, 3313.669, 3313.6610, 4220 3313.717, 3313.7112, 3313.7117, 3313.721, 3313.753, 3313.89, 4221 3319.073, 3319.077, 3319.078, 3319.318, 3319.324, 3319.39, 4222 3319.391, 3319.393, 3319.46, 3320.01, 3320.02, 3320.03, 3320.04, 4223 3323.251, and 5502.262, and Chapter 3365. of the Revised Code as 4224 if the school were a school district and the school's board of 4225 trustees were a district board of education. 4226

Sec. 3345.372. (A) Each state institution of higher4227education, as defined in section 3345.011 of the Revised Code,4228shall develop and implement an age-appropriate and research-4229based education program to advise students regarding the dangers4230of fentanyl.4231

(B) The education program on fentanyl abuse prevention and4232drug poisoning awareness required under division (A) of this4233section shall include all of the following:4234

(1) Information on fentanyl, including an explanation of4235the differences between synthetic and nonsynthetic opioids and4236illicit drugs, the variations of fentanyl, and the differences4237between the legal and illegal uses of fentanyl;4238

(2) The side effects and risk factors of using fentanyl,4239along with information comparing the lethal amounts of fentanyl4240to other drugs. Information on risk factors may include:4241

(a) The lethal dose of fentanyl;4242(b) How often fentanyl is placed in drugs without a4243person's knowledge;4244

(c) An explanation of what fentanyl does to a person's4245body and the severity of fentanyl's addictive properties;4246

as well as an explanation of what hypoxia precisely does to a	4248
person's body.	4249
(3) The process of lacing fentanyl in other drugs and why	4250
drugs get laced with fentanyl;	4251
(4) Detection of fentanyl in drugs and how to save someone	4252
from an overdose of fentanyl, which shall include instruction on	4253
how to do all of the following:	4254
(a) Buy and use fentanyl test strips;	4255
(b) Buy and use naloxone, either through a nasal spray or	4256
injections;	4257
(c) Recognize when a person is overdosing on fentanyl.	4258
(5) Awareness of university and community resources and	4259
any processes involved in accessing those resources;	4260
(6) Information about substance use and abuse.	4261
Sec. 3705.08. (A) The director of health, by rule, shall	4262
prescribe the form of records and certificates required by this	4263
chapter. Records and certificates shall include the items and	4264
information prescribed by the director, including the items	4265
recommended by the national center for health statistics of the	4266
United States department of health and human services, subject	4267
to approval of and modification by the director.	4268
(B) All birth certificates shall include a statement	4269

setting forth the names of the child's parents.

(C) All death certificates shall include, in the medical
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certification portion of the certificate, a space to indicate,
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if the deceased individual is female and the manner of death is
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determined to be a suspicious or violent death, whether any of 4274 the following conditions apply to the individual: 4275 (1) Not pregnant within the past year; 4276 (2) Pregnant at the time of death; 4277 (3) Not pregnant, but had been pregnant within forty-two 4278 days prior to the time of death; 4279 (4) Not pregnant, but had been pregnant within forty-three 4280 4281 days to one year prior to the time of death; 4282 (5) Unknown whether pregnant within the past year.  $\frac{(D)}{(1)}$  (D) All death certificates shall include, in the 4283 medical certification portion of the certificate, a space to 4284 indicate whether the cause of death was due to fentanyl 4285 poisoning and shall include the term "fentanyl poisoning" on the 4286 certificate if both of the following apply: 4287 (1) A toxicology examination reveals fentanyl or a 4288 fentanyl-related compound, as defined in section 2925.01 of the 4289 4290 Revised Code, was present in the body of the decedent in an amount or concentration that is considered to be lethal by 4291 4292 generally accepted scientific standards; (2) The results of an autopsy performed on the decedent 4293 are consistent with an opioid overdose as the cause of death. 4294 (E) (1) The director shall prescribe electronic methods and 4295 forms for obtaining registration of births, deaths, and other 4296 vital statistics in each registration district, and for 4297 preserving the records of the office of vital statistics, and no 4298 forms or blanks shall be used other than those prescribed by the 4299 director. 4300

(2) All birth, fetal death, and death records and 4301 certificates shall be certified. Except as provided in division 4302 (G) of section 3705.09, section 3705.12, 3705.121, 3705.122, or 4303 3705.124, division (D) of section 3705.15, or section 3705.16 of 4304 the Revised Code, a birth certificate requiring signature may be 4305 electronically certified by the person in charge of the 4306 institution or that person's designee. A death certificate may 4307 be electronically certified by the individual who attests to the 4308 facts of death. 4309 (3) All vital records shall contain the date received for 4310 filing. 4311 (4) Information and signatures required in certificates, 4312 records, or reports authorized by this chapter may be filed and 4313 registered by photographic, electronic, or other means as 4314 prescribed by the director. 4315 Section 2. That existing sections 2923.31, 2925.01, 4316 2925.03, 2925.11, 2929.14, 2941.1422, 3313.60, 3314.03, 3326.11, 4317 3328.24, and 3705.08 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed. 4318

Section 3. The General Assembly, applying the principle 4319 stated in division (B) of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that 4320 amendments are to be harmonized if reasonably capable of 4321 simultaneous operation, finds that the following sections, 4322 presented in this act as composites of the sections as amended 4323 by the acts indicated, are the resulting versions of the 4324 sections in effect prior to the effective date of the sections 4325 as presented in this act: 4326

Section 2923.31 of the Revised Code, as amended by both4327H.B. 199 and H.B. 405 of the 132nd General Assembly.4328

Section 2929.14 of the Revised Code, as amended by both 4329

H.B. 56 and S.B. 106 of the 135th General Assembly.
Section 3314.03 of the Revised Code, as amended by H.B.
214, H.B. 250, and S.B. 168, all of the 135th General Assembly.
Section 3326.11 of the Revised Code, as amended by H.B.
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47, H.B. 214, and S.B. 168, all of the 135th General Assembly.
Section 3328.24 of the Revised Code, as amended by both
H.B. 47 and H.B. 214 of the 135th General Assembly.
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