Sub. H. B. No. 96 As Passed by the Senate

_____ moved to amend as follows:

After line 37992, insert:	1
"Sec. 2151.356. (A) The records of a case in which a	2
person was adjudicated a delinquent child for committing a	3
violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, or 2907.02 of the Revised	4
Code shall not be sealed under this section.	5
(B)(1) The juvenile court shall promptly order the	6
immediate sealing of records pertaining to a juvenile in any of	7
the following circumstances:	8
(a) If the court receives a record from a public office or	9
agency under division (B)(2) of this section;	10
(b) If a person was brought before or referred to the	11
court for allegedly committing a delinquent or unruly act and	12
the case was resolved without the filing of a complaint against	13
the person with respect to that act pursuant to section 2151.27	14
of the Revised Code;	15
(c) If a person was charged with violating division (E)(1)	16
of section 4301.69 of the Revised Code and the person has	17
successfully completed a diversion program under division (E)(2)	18
(a) of section 4301.69 of the Revised Code with respect to that	19

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charge;	20
(d) If a complaint was filed against a person alleging	21
that the person was a delinquent child, an unruly child, or a	22
juvenile traffic offender and the court dismisses does both of	23
<pre>the following:</pre>	24
(i) Dismisses the complaint after a trial on the merits of	25
the case or finds the person not to be a delinquent child, an	26
unruly child, or a juvenile traffic offender;	27
(ii) Finds that the harm to the person alleged to be a	28
delinquent child, an unruly child, or a juvenile traffic	29
offender in having the records pertaining to the case disclosed	30
is not outweighed by the potential benefits to the public in	31
having access to those records.	32
(e) Notwithstanding division (C) of this section and	33
subject to section 2151.358 of the Revised Code, if a person has	34
been adjudicated an unruly child, that and both of the following	35
<pre>apply:</pre>	36
(i) The person has attained eighteen years of age, and the	37
person is not under the jurisdiction of the court in relation to	38
a complaint alleging the person to be a delinquent child.	39
(ii) The court finds that the harm to the person in having	40
the records pertaining to the case disclosed is not outweighed	41
by the potential benefits to the public in having access to	42
those records.	43
(2) The appropriate public office or agency shall	44
immediately deliver all original records at that public office	45
or agency pertaining to a juvenile to the court, if the person	46

was arrested or taken into custody for allegedly committing a

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delinquent or unruly act, no complaint was filed against the person with respect to the commission of the act pursuant to section 2151.27 of the Revised Code, and the person was not brought before or referred to the court for the commission of the act. The records delivered to the court as required under this division shall not include fingerprints, DNA specimens, and DNA records described under division (A)(3) of section 2151.357 of the Revised Code.

- (C)(1) The juvenile court shall consider the sealing of records pertaining to a juvenile upon the court's own motion or upon the application of a person if the person has been adjudicated a delinquent child for committing an act other than a violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, or 2907.02 of the Revised Code, an unruly child, or a juvenile traffic offender and if, at the time of the motion or application, the person is not under the jurisdiction of the court in relation to a complaint alleging the person to be a delinquent child. The court shall not require a fee for the filing of the application. The motion or application may be made on or after the time specified in whichever of the following is applicable:
- (a) If the person is under eighteen years of age, at any time after six months after any of the following events occur:
- (i) The termination of any order made by the court in relation to the adjudication;
- (ii) The unconditional discharge of the person from the 72 department of youth services with respect to a dispositional 73 order made in relation to the adjudication or from an 74 institution or facility to which the person was committed 75 pursuant to a dispositional order made in relation to the 76 adjudication; 77

(iii) The court enters an order under section 2152.84 or	78
2152.85 of the Revised Code that contains a determination that	79
the child is no longer a juvenile offender registrant.	80
(b) If the person is eighteen years of age or older, at	81
any time after the later of the following:	82
	-
(i) The person's attainment of eighteen years of age;	83
(ii) The occurrence of any event identified in divisions	84
(C)(1)(a)(i) to (iii) of this section.	85
(2) In making the determination whether to seal records	86
pursuant to division (C)(1) of this section, all of the	87
following apply:	88
(a) The court may require a person filing an application	89
under division (C)(1) of this section to submit any relevant	90
documentation to support the application.	91
(b) The court may cause an investigation to be made to	92
determine if the person who is the subject of the proceedings	93
has been rehabilitated to a satisfactory degree.	94
(c) The court shall promptly, but not less than thirty	95
days prior to the hearing, notify the prosecuting attorney of	96
any proceedings to seal records initiated pursuant to division	97
(C)(1) of this section. The prosecutor shall provide timely	98
notice to a victim and a victim's representative, if applicable,	99
if the victim or victim's representative requested notice of the	100
proceedings in the underlying case.	101
(d)(i) The prosecuting attorney may file a response with	102
the court within thirty days of receiving notice of the sealing	103
proceedings.	104
(ii) If the prosecuting attorney does not file a response	105

with the court or if the prosecuting attorney files a response 106 but indicates that the prosecuting attorney does not object to 107 the sealing of the records, the court may order the records of 108 the person that are under consideration to be sealed without 109 conducting a hearing on the motion or application. If the court 110 decides in its discretion to conduct a hearing on the motion or 111 application, the court shall conduct the hearing within thirty 112 days after making that decision and shall give notice, by 113 regular mail, of the date, time, and location of the hearing to 114 the prosecuting attorney and to the person who is the subject of 115 the records under consideration. The victim, the victim's 116 representative, and the victim's attorney, if applicable, may be 117 present and heard orally, in writing, or both at any hearing 118 under this division. The court shall consider the oral and 119 written statement of any victim, victim's representative, and 120 victim's attorney, if applicable. 121

(iii) If the prosecuting attorney files a response with 122 the court that indicates that the prosecuting attorney objects 123 to the sealing of the records, the court shall conduct a hearing 124 on the motion or application within thirty days after the court 125 receives the response. The court shall give notice, by regular 126 mail, of the date, time, and location of the hearing to the 127 prosecuting attorney and to the person who is the subject of the 128 records under consideration. The victim, the victim's 129 representative, and the victim's attorney, if applicable, may be 130 present and heard orally, in writing, or both at any hearing 131 under this division. The court shall consider the oral and 132 written statement of any victim, victim's representative, and 133 victim's attorney, if applicable. 134

(e) After conducting a hearing in accordance with division

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(C)(2)(d) of this section or after due consideration when a	136
hearing is not conducted, except as provided in division (B)(1)	137
(c) of this section, the court may order the records of the	138
person that are the subject of the motion or application to be	139
sealed if it finds that the person has been rehabilitated to a	140
satisfactory degree. In determining whether the person has been	141
rehabilitated to a satisfactory degree, the court may consider	142
all of the following:	143
(i) The age of the person;	144
(ii) The nature of the case;	145
(iii) The cessation or continuation of delinquent, unruly,	146
or criminal behavior;	147
(iv) The education and employment history of the person;	148
(v) The granting of a new tier classification or	149
declassification from the juvenile offender registry pursuant to	150
section 2152.85 of the Revised Code, except for public registry-	151
qualified juvenile offender registrants;	152
(vi) Any other circumstances that may relate to the	153
rehabilitation of the person who is the subject of the records	154
under consideration.	155
(D)(1)(a) The juvenile court shall provide verbal notice	156
to a person whose records are sealed under division (B) of this	157
section, if that person is present in the court at the time the	158
court issues a sealing order, that explains what sealing a	159
record means, states that the person may apply to have those	160
records expunged under section 2151.358 of the Revised Code, and	161
explains what expunging a record means.	162

(b) The juvenile court shall provide written notice to a

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person whose records are sealed under division (B) of this	164
section by regular mail to the person's last known address, if	165
that person is not present in the court at the time the court	166
issues a sealing order and if the court does not seal the	167
person's record upon the court's own motion, that explains what	168
sealing a record means, states that the person may apply to have	169
those records expunged under section 2151.358 of the Revised	170
Code, and explains what expunging a record means.	171

(2) Upon final disposition of a case in which a person has been adjudicated a delinquent child for committing an act other than a violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, or 2907.02 of the Revised Code, an unruly child, or a juvenile traffic offender, the juvenile court shall provide written notice to the person that does all of the following:

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- (a) States that the person may apply to the court for an 178 order to seal the record;
 - (b) Explains what sealing a record means;
- (c) States that the person may apply to the court for an 181 order to expunge the record under section 2151.358 of the 182 Revised Code; 183
 - (d) Explains what expunging a record means. 184
- (3) The department of youth services and any other 185 institution or facility that unconditionally discharges a person 186 who has been adjudicated a delinquent child, an unruly child, or 187 a juvenile traffic offender shall immediately give notice of the 188 discharge to the court that committed the person. The court 189 shall note the date of discharge on a separate record of 190 discharges of those natures." 191

Update the title, amend, enact, or repeal clauses accordingly

The motion was _____ agreed to.

SYNOPSIS	193
Juvenile sealing - balancing test	194
R.C. 2151.356	195
Before sealing a juvenile record, requires the juvenile	196
court to find that the harm to the person in having the records	197
pertaining to the case disclosed is not outweighed by the	198
potential benefits to the public in having access to those	199
records in the following circumstances:	200
- If a complaint is filed against a delinquent child, an	201
unruly child, or a juvenile traffic offense and the court	202
dismisses the complaint, or finds the person to not be a	203
delinquent child, an unruly child, or a juvenile traffic	204
offender;	205
- If a person has been adjudicated an unruly child and the	206
person has attained 18 years of age, and the person is not under	207
the jurisdiction of the court in relation to a complaint	208
alleging the person to be a delinquent child.	209