As Offered

136th General Assembly Regular Session 2025-2026

H. R. No. 9

19

Representative Manning

A RESOLUTION

То	adopt	the	Rules	of	the	House	of	Representatives	for	1
	the 13	36th	Genera	ıl A	Assen	mbly.				2

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

That the following are the rules of the House of	3
Representatives for the 136th General Assembly:	4
RULES OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES	5
OF THE 135th <u>136th</u> general assembly	6
TIME OF CONVENING; ORDER OF BUSINESS	7
Rule 1. (Time of sessions; schedule.) (a) For the months of	8
January through June in each year, and separately for the months	9
of July through December in each year, the Speaker, at the	10
beginning of each six-month period, shall establish a schedule	11
of dates and times according to which the House shall hold	12
sessions and at which roll call votes are taken. The Speaker may	13
revise or supplement the schedule as necessary. The schedule and	14
any revision or supplement thereto shall be published and a copy	15
provided to each member.	16
(b) Sessions of the House at which roll call votes are	17
taken shall be held on the dates and at the times prescribed in	18

the schedule. The Speaker, by written notice transmitted to each

Journal.

member, may cancel a session required by the schedule.

Rule 2. (Speaker or presiding officer to call House to 21 order.) The Speaker or presiding officer shall take the chair 22 every day precisely at the hour to which the House shall have 23 adjourned or shall have taken a recess, and shall immediately 24 call the House to order. Prayer may be offered, the pledge of 2.5 allegiance to the United States of America shall be recited, 26 and, a quorum being present, the House shall proceed with the 27 order of business. A majority of all members elected must be 28 present to constitute a quorum to do business; but a smaller 29 number may meet and adjourn from time to time, a presiding 30 officer being present, and shall have the power to compel the 31 attendance of absent members. However, in no event may business 32 be conducted unless a member of the majority party is present. 33 Rule 3. (Order of business.) (a) The order of business of 34 the House shall be as follows: 35 Reading and approving, with or without corrections, of the 36

Introduction of bills. 38 Consideration of Senate amendments. 39 40 Reports of conference committees. Reports of standing and select committees and bills for 41 second consideration. 42 Motions and resolutions. 43 Bills for third consideration. 44 Announcement of committee meetings. 45 (b) The order of business shall not be changed unless 46 otherwise ordered by a majority vote upon motion. All questions 47

relating to the priority of business shall be decided without

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debate.

Rule 4. (Special order of business.) Any matter may be made a special order of business for any particular day and hour with the assent of two-thirds of the members present.

Rule 5. (Filing of petitions.) Members having petitions to present shall file same with the Clerk, endorsing their name thereon. Delivery to the Clerk shall constitute presentment of said petition to the House, and it shall be noted in the Journal.

Rule 6. (Messages from Senate and executives.) Messages from the Senate and the Governor and communications from any branch of the executive department may be received, read, and disposed of at any time, except when the presiding officer is putting a question, or when a vote is being taken.

Rule 7. (Adjournment.) A motion to adjourn always shall be in order, except during roll call. When a motion is made to adjourn, it shall be in order for the presiding officer, before putting the question, to state any fact to the House relating to the condition of the business of the House which would seem to make it advisable or inadvisable to adjourn at that time. Such statement, however, shall not be debatable. It is not in order for the House to adjourn unless the presiding officer is in the chair.

Rule 8. (Recess.) The interim between any two meetings of the House, on the same legislative day, shall be termed a recess; when so ordered by the House, the interim between five or more calendar days likewise shall be termed a recess; and on reassembling at the appointed hour, any question pending at the time of taking recess shall be resumed without any motion to that effect.

DUTIES OF THE SPEAKER

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Rule 9. (Speaker shall preserve order and decorum.) The Speaker or presiding officer shall, at all times, preserve order and decorum. The Speaker or presiding officer shall see that members conduct themselves in a civil and orderly manner. When necessary, the Speaker or presiding officer may order the Sergeant-at-Arms to clear the aisles and compel members to take their seats.

Rule 10. (Recognition of visitors.) A member may file with the Clerk a form requesting the Speaker or presiding officer to recognize one or more individuals in the galleries. The Clerk shall prescribe a form for the request and make copies of the form in blank available to members. The recognition may be made at any time, but shall not interrupt a debate or the taking of a vote.

Rule 11. (Control of the Hall.) (a) The Speaker or presiding officer shall have general direction and control of the Hall and shall provide for the security of the Hall. In case of any actual or anticipated disturbance or disorderly conduct in the galleries, lobby, rooms, or hallways adjacent to the Hall, the Speaker or presiding officer may order those places to be cleared.

(b) When the House is not in session, the Clerk shall have
general direction and control of the Hall and of the galleries,
lobby, rooms, and hallways adjacent to the Hall.

(c) Signs, banners, placards, and other similar
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demonstrative devices are not permitted in the Hall or in the
galleries, lobby, rooms, or hallways adjacent to the Hall unless
the Speaker or presiding officer, or, if the House is not in
session, the Clerk, has approved their use in those places.

Rule 12. (Member may preside.) The Speaker may appoint any109member to perform the duties of the Speaker as presiding officer110for a temporary period of time. If the Speaker is absent, and no111

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member has been appointed to perform those duties temporarily 112
during the absence, the Speaker Pro Tempore shall perform the 113
duties of the Speaker as presiding officer during the Speaker's 114
absence. 115

Rule 13. (Appointment of committees and boards.) The 116 Speaker shall name all committees and subcommittees, and shall 117 appoint all members and chairs thereto and determine the number 118 of members thereof, except the Rules and Reference Committee-119 shall consist of twelve members. The Speaker shall appoint 120 members of the majority party and the Minority Leader shall 121 appoint members of the minority party to all committees and 122 subcommittees. The membership of a standing committee shall be 123 so that membership is proportional to the partisan composition 124 of the House. The chair and the vice-chair of the Finance 125 Committee and the Rules and Reference Committee shall not be 126 included in making this calculation. The Minority Leader, in a 127 manner to be determined by the minority caucus, may recommend 128 for the Speaker's consideration, minority party members for each 129 committee. 130

The Speaker shall appoint members to a standing committee so that its membership is at least proportional to the partisan composition of the House, adjusting minority membership upward as needed.

Rule 14. (Speaker directs House officers and employs and135directs House employees.) (a) The Speaker shall see that all136officers of the House satisfactorily perform their respective137duties.138

(b) The Speaker shall employ all employees of the House and
shall see that they satisfactorily perform their respective
duties. All employees of the House are at will employees, and
shall serve at the pleasure of the Speaker. A terminated
employee's compensation ceases on the day the termination takes

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effect. The

(c) The Speaker shall prescribe House policies and 145 administrative rules, shall define House employment positions, 146 shall prescribe the qualifications that are to be met by House 147 employees, and shall prescribe the duties of House employees, 148 fix their hours of employment, and determine their compensation. 149 The Speaker shall consult with, and consider the recommendations 150 of, notify the Minority Leader before taking any of the 151 aforementioned actions with regard to taking corrective action 152 regarding an employee of who is assigned to the minority caucus, 153 including disciplinary and corrective actions and 154 terminationsunless the circumstances otherwise require. 155

Rule 15. (Signing acts, resolutions, etc.) The Speaker 156 shall certify that every bill passed, and every joint resolution 157 or concurrent resolution adopted, by both houses of the General 158 Assembly has met the procedural requirements for passage or 159 adoption by signing such bills, joint resolutions, or concurrent 160 resolutions; and all writs, warrants, and subpoenas issued by 161 order of the House shall be under the Speaker's hand attested by 162 the Clerk, except when otherwise provided by law. 163

DUTIES OF THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

Rule 16. (Duties.) Subject to Rule 12, the Speaker Pro165Tempore, in the absence of the Speaker, shall have all the166rights, privileges, authority, duties, and responsibilities of167the Speaker.168

DUTIES OF THE ASSISTANT SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE 169

Rule 17. (Duties.) Subject to Rule 12, the Assistant170Speaker Pro Tempore, in the absence of the Speaker and the171Speaker Pro Tempore, shall have all the rights, privileges,172authority, duties, and responsibilities of the Speaker.173

DUTIES OF MAJORITY FLOOR LEADER

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Rule 17<u>18</u>. (Duties.) Subject to Rule 12, the Majority Floor	175
Leader, in the absence of the Speaker <u>and</u> , Speaker Pro Tempore,	176
and the Assistant Speaker Pro Tempore, shall have all the	177
rights, privileges, authority, duties, and responsibilities of	178
the Speaker.	179
DUTIES OF ASSISTANT MAJORITY FLOOR LEADER	180
Rule 18<u>19</u>. (Duties.) Subject to Rule 12, the Assistant	181
Majority Floor Leader, in the absence of the Speaker, Speaker	182
Pro Tempore, Assistant Speaker Pro Tempore, and Majority Floor	183
Leader, shall have all the rights, privileges, authority,	184
duties, and responsibilities of the Speaker.	185
DUTIES OF THE MAJORITY WHIP(S)	186
Rule 20. (Duties.) The Majority Whip or Whips shall assist	187
the Majority Floor Leader and Assistant Majority Floor Leader,	188
ensure member attendance, count votes, and communicate the	189
majority position.	190
DUTIES OF THE CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER	191
Rule 19 21. (Chief administrative officer.) The Chief	192
Administrative Officer shall be the chief administrative officer	193
of the House and shall be responsible to the Speaker of the	194
House and other designated staff as provided by House	195
resolutions adopted during the 136th General Assembly.	196
Rule 2022. (Supervision of employees; maintenance of	197
parking facilities.) (a) Subject to the applicable state law and	198
the Speaker's authority under Rule 14, and except for employees	199
whose direction is delegated to the Clerk under Rule 2426,	200
responsibility for seeing that employees of the minority party	201
of the House satisfactorily perform their respective duties is	202
delegated to the <u>Minority LeaderChief Administrative Officer and</u>	203
other designated staff as provided by House resolution adopted	204
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during the 136th General Assembly.

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(b) The maintenance and condition of parking facilities	206
under the control of the House shall be under the direction and	207
control of the Chief Administrative Officer, subject to the	208
approval of the Speaker.	209
(c) The Speaker shall not eliminate parking privileges or	210
the office of a member without the member's consent and may not	211
remove a member's staff an employee assigned to a member without	212
the member's acquiescenceprior notification to the member,	213
unless extenuating circumstances otherwise require.	214
DUTIES OF THE CLERK	215
Rule 21 23. (Distribution of House documents.) The Clerk	216
shall have charge of and regulate the distribution of all	217
printed and electronic records and reports of the House, and	218
shall have supervision of the printing or electronic preparation	219
of all documents ordered by the House as specified in Rule $\frac{25-27}{2}$	220
and in section 101.52 of the Revised Code. The number of copies	221
of bills, journals, and other documents to be printed, or the	222
documents to be prepared electronically, shall be determined by	223
the Clerk with the approval of the Speaker, except when the	224
House by motion determines the number to be printed or the	225
documents to be prepared electronically.	226
Rule 2224. (Legislative duties and responsibilities of the	227
Clerk.) (a) The Clerk is custodian of the bills, amendments,	228
resolutions, and other legislative documents that are in	229
possession of the House. The Clerk shall not permit a bill,	230
amendment, resolution, or other legislative document to be	231
removed from the Clerk's custody except in the course of the	232
regular business of the House and then only upon receiving a	233
receipt for the document that shows when and to whom the	234
document was released. The Clerk shall prescribe the form of the	235
receipt. A bill, amendment, resolution, or other legislative	236
document in the Clerk's custody is available for public	237

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inspection.

(b) When a bill or resolution is filed for introduction, 239 the Clerk shall examine the bill or resolution to determine 240 whether on its face it appears to meet the constitutional and 241 procedural requirements for introduction, and shall call any 242 defects to the attention of the author. The Clerk may correct 243 the list of cosponsors if the Clerk receives notice of and 244 verifies a technical error. In fulfilling this duty, the Clerk 245 is not presumed to guarantee the bill meets the constitutional 246 or procedural requirements for introduction. 247

(c) The Clerk shall number bills and resolutions in the 248 order of their filing, and shall keep a complete and accurate 249 record of bills and resolutions that includes, for each bill or 250 resolution, its number; its author; a brief description of its 251 subject; the section or sections of law it seeks to amend, 252 enact, or repeal, if any; notation of its reference to and 253 report by a committee; and notation of its passage or adoption 254 or rejection by the House. The record is open to public 255 inspection. 256

(d) The Clerk shall provide to the chair of a committee to 257
which a bill or resolution is referred, the bill or resolution 258
together with all official documents and other attachments 259
pertaining thereto, taking a receipt therefor. 260

(e) The Clerk shall prepare and publish a Calendar that
gives public notice of bills and resolutions that have been
arranged on the Calendar for third consideration or adoption,
bills and resolutions that have been reported by committees, and
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other matters descriptive of the current and future business of
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the House.

(f) The Clerk shall keep a complete and accurate Journal of
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second regular session. The Clerk shall maintain a separate 270 Journal for any special session, beginning it on the first day 271 and ending it on the last day of the special session. The pages 272 of the Journal shall be numbered serially. All amendments that 273 are taken up, unless withdrawn or ruled out of order, shall be 274 spread upon the Journal. For all amendments that are offered, 275 the Journal shall include the number assigned to the amendment 276 by the Legislative Service Commission. 277

(g) The Clerk shall superintend the engrossing, enrolling,
and presentation of bills and joint resolutions and the
preparation and publication of other legislative documents.
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(h) The Clerk shall attest all writs and subpoenas issued
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by order of the House, the Journal, and the passage of bills and
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the adoption of resolutions. These attestation duties are
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ministerial.

Rule 2325. (May call the House to order.) If the Speaker, 285 Speaker Pro Tempore, Assistant Speaker Pro Tempore, Majority 286 Floor Leader, and Assistant Majority Floor Leader are absent, at 287 the hour to which the House shall have adjourned or taken 288 recess, except in the case mentioned in Rule 12, the Clerk may 289 call the House to order, and, if called to order, the House 290 shall proceed to choose some member to act as presiding officer 291 until either the Speaker, Speaker Pro Tempore, <u>Assistant Speaker</u> 292 Pro Tempore, Majority Floor Leader, or the Assistant Majority 293 Floor Leader shall be present. No business may be conducted 294 unless the Speaker's designee, or a member of leadership from 295 296 the majority party, is present.

Rule 2426. (Composition of the Office of the Clerk.) The297office of the Clerk shall be comprised of the Clerk and298employees of the House who are directly involved in the299legislative process. Subject to the Speaker's authority under300Rule 14, and except for employees whose direction is delegated301

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to the Chief Administrative Officer and other designated staff	302
under Rule 22, responsibility for seeing that employees of the	303
House who are directly involved in the legislative process	304
satisfactorily perform their respective duties is delegated to	305
the Clerk. In the absence of the Clerk, the Assistant Clerk	306
shall assume the responsibilities of the Clerk.	307
Rule 2527. (Printing of documents.) The Clerk shall attend	308
to the printing or electronic preparation of the journal,	309

to the printing or electronic preparation of the journal, calendar, bills, resolutions, and, if so ordered, committee reports. This rule is cumulative with respect to section 101.52 of the Revised Code.

DUTIES OF THE SERGEANT-AT-ARMS

Rule 2628. (Sergeant-at-arms.) (a) The Sergeant-at-arms 314 shall be the chief police officer of the House and shall be 315 responsible to the Speaker. Subject to Rules 9, 11, and 109107, 316 the Sergeant-at-arms shall maintain good order in the Hall, 317 gallery, corridors, and committee rooms; shall strictly enforce 318 the rules regulating admission of persons to the floor of the 319 House; shall maintain good order in the corridors, committee 320 rooms, offices, and other areas under the exclusive use and 321 control of the House in the Vern Riffe Center; shall serve all 322 subpoenas and warrants issued by the House or any duly 323 authorized officer or committee; and on an order for a call of 324 the House, shall forthwith proceed to arrest and bring members 325 into the House. The Sergeant-at-arms may request the assistance 326 of, or work with, the State Highway Patrol to fulfill those 327 duties. 328

(b) The Speaker may also contract for security services for 329 the House. 330 VACANCY OF CLERK, CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER, OR SERGEANT-AT-331

ARMS

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Rule 2729. (Death or resignation of Clerk, Chief 333 Administrative Officer, or Sergeant-at-Arms.) In the case of the 334 death or resignation of the Clerk, Chief Administrative Officer, 335 or Sergeant-at-Arms, the Speaker may designate any individual to 336 perform such duties until such time as the House fills the 337 338 vacancy. COMMITTEES OF THE HOUSE 339 Rule 2830. (Standing committees and standing 340 subcommittees.) 341 (a) The standing committees and standing subcommittees of 342 the House shall be named by the Speaker. 343 (b) The standing committees and the standing subcommittees 344 of the House for the 135th 136th General Assembly shall be as 345 follows. (The standing committees are designated by Arabic 346 numerals, while the standing subcommittees are designated under 347 their standing committees by Roman numerals.) 348 1. Agriculture 349 2. Armed ServicesArts, Athletics, and Tourism 350 3. Aviation and AerospaceChildren and Human Services 351 4. Behavioral HealthCommerce and Labor 352 5. Civil Justice Community Revitalization 353 6. Commerce and Labor<u>Development</u> 354 7. Constitutional Resolutions Education 355 8. Criminal JusticeEnergy 356 9. Economic and Workforce DevelopmentFinance 357 10. Energy and Natural Resources Financial Institutions 358

11. Families and AgingGeneral Government

12. FinanceGovernment Oversight	360
I. Agriculture, Development, and Natural Resources	361
Subcommittee	362
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13. Financial InstitutionsHealth	369
14. Government OversightInsurance	370
15. Health Provider ServicesJudiciary	371
16. Higher EducationLocal Government	372
17. Homeland SecurityMedicaid	373
18. InfrastructureNatural Resources	374
19. Insurance Public Insurance and Pensions	375
20. Pensions Public Safety	376
21. Primary and Secondary EducationRules and Reference	377
22. Public Health PolicySmall Business	378
23. Public Utilities Technology and Innovation	379
24. Rules and ReferenceTransportation	380
25. State and Local GovernmentVeterans and Military	381
Development	382
26. Technology and InnovationWays and Means	383
27. TransportationWorkforce and Higher Education	384

28. Ways and Means

(c) The Speaker, by message to the House, may abolish any of the standing committees and standing subcommittees created by this rule and may establish additional standing committees or standing subcommittees as the Speaker considers necessary, without amendment of this rule.

(d) The chairs and members of all committees and391subcommittees shall be appointed as specified in Rule 13by the392Speaker. The chair of each standing subcommittee shall be under393the direction of the general chair of the committee.394

(e) When the chair of a standing committee or subcommittee
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creates a special subcommittee of the standing committee or
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subcommittee, the Minority Leader shall appoint, in a manner to
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be determined by the minority caucus, may recommend for the
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<u>Speaker's consideration</u>, the minority membership of the special
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subcommittee.

(f) Standing committees and standing subcommittees created
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by this rule are the standing committees and standing
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subcommittees referred to in section 101.27 of the Revised Code.
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Rule 2931. (Select committees.) Select committees for the404consideration of special measures or matters or the performance405of special functions may be appointed by the Speaker, and,406subject to the approval of the Speaker, bills and resolutions407may be referred to such select committees. Select committees may408report on such bills and resolutions as are referred to them.409

Rule 3032. (Membership on committees.) (a) The first-named410member of any committee or subcommittee shall be the chair, and411the second-named member of any committee shall be the vice-412chair. The chair shall select a member of the minority party to413be secretary. The minority leader may designate a ranking414minority member on each committee.415

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(b) In case death, disability, or resignation shall cause a416vacancy in the membership or chair of any committee, the Speaker417shall appoint another member or chair. In case death,418disability, or resignation shall cause a vacancy in the419membership of any committee, the Speaker or Minority Leader, as420applicable, shall appoint another member.421

(c) The Speaker, the Speaker Pro Tempore, the Assistant 422 Speaker Pro Tempore, and the minority leader shall, by virtue of 423 their office, be members of all committees without voting 424 privileges, except in those committees where they are designated 425 as regular members. The minority leader may designate the 426 assistant minority leader to be a member of a committee without 427 voting privileges in the minority leader's absence, except for 428 those committees where the assistant minority leader is 429 designated as a regular member. They shall not be counted in 430 determining the number constituting a majority on the various 4.31 committees unless they are designated as regular members. 432

(d) If a member of a finance subcommittee is absent, the 433 vice-chair and ranking minority member of the Finance Committee-434 shall, by virtue of their membership on the Finance Committee, 435 be ex-officio members of any finance subcommittee without voting 436 privileges, except in those subcommittees where they are 437 designated as regular members. A member of a finance 438 subcommittee is not required to be a member of the Finance-439 Committee. 440

(e) The Minority Leader shall appoint four members of the441minority party to the Rules and Reference Committee.442

(f) Each finance subcommittee shall include at least two-	443
members of the minority party in addition to the ranking	444
minority member.	445

DUTIES AND POWERS OF THE COMMITTEE CHAIR

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Rule 3133. (Duties.) (a) The duties of the committee chair447shall include: presiding over meetings of the committee and448putting all questions; maintaining order and deciding all449questions of order; appointing a member as secretary; and450supervising and directing the clerical and other employees of451the committee.452

(b) The chair of a committee shall not require any person testifying before the committee to provide a written copy of the person's testimony.

Rule <u>3234</u>. (Presentation of Senate Bills.) When a standing committee recommends a Senate Bill for passage, the chair of the committee, or another member designated by the Speaker, shall, when the bill is called up for passage, cause the bill to be properly presented to the House.

Rule 3335. (Subpoena power.) (a)(1) The chair of a House 461 standing or select committee, when authorized by a majority vote 462 of the standing or select committee, may subpoena witnesses in 463 any part of the state to appear before such committee at a time 464 and place designated in the subpoena to testify concerning any 465 pending or contemplated legislative action, any matters of 466 inquiry committed to the committee, and any alleged breach of 467 the House's privileges or misconduct by any of the House's 468 members. Pursuant to this subpoena power, any witness subpoenaed 469 may be ordered to produce books, papers, electronic documents, 470 or records and other tangible evidence. 471

(2) The chair shall file any subpoenas authorized pursuant
to this rule with the Clerk, who shall cause the same to be
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entered in the Journal, and the subpoena shall be served
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pursuant to law. (See sections 101.41 to 101.45 of the Revised
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Code.)

(b) Within the limits of its charge by the General Assembly477or the House and in accordance with section 101.81 of the478

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majority vote of the committee, may order any person to appear 480 before the committee and produce books, papers, electronic 481 documents, or records and other tangible evidence for the 482 committee with respect to any pending or contemplated 483 legislative action, or any alleged breach of House privileges or 484 misconduct by House members. The chair shall file the order with 485 the Clerk, who shall cause the same to be entered in the 486 Journal. The order shall be served in accordance with section 487 101.81 of the Revised Code. 488 COMMITTEE MEETINGS AND PROCEDURE 489 Rule 33A36. (House rules govern.) The rules governing the 490 procedure of the standing and select committees of the House 491 shall be the same as those governing the House, as far as they 492 may be applicable. 493 Rule 3437. (Schedule of committee meetings.) The Speaker, 494 after consultation with the chairs of the several committees, 495 shall set a schedule of times when regular committees shall 496 meet, which, in so far as possible, shall permit a full 497 attendance of the members of committees, without conflict of 498 committee engagements. Such regular schedule shall be announced 499 publicly, and each committee shall meet at the hour provided by 500 the schedule, unless otherwise ordered by the chair of said 501 committee or by the Speaker. 502 Rule 3538. (Committee quorum.) 503

Revised Code, the chair of a standing or select committee, by

A majority of all members of a committee shall constitute a 504 quorum to do business; but a smaller number may meet to hear 505 testimony and receive evidence and to adjourn from time to time. 506 But a committee may not conduct business unless a member of the 507 majority party is present. 508

Rule 3639. (Notice of meetings; none during daily session

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of House.) (a) The chair of a standing committee, subcommittee, 510 select committee, or joint committee shall give due notice of a 511 meeting of the committee, subcommittee, select committee, or 512 joint committee not later than twenty-four hours before the 513 meeting, in accordance with section 101.15 of the Revised Code, 514 and shall attempt to give that notice not later than five days 515 before the meeting. The notice shall identify the committee; 516 identify the chair; state the date, time, and place at which the 517 meeting will be held; and set forth an agenda showing each bill, 518 resolution, or other matter that will be considered at the 519 520 meeting.

(b) It is not in order for a committee to meet at a date, time, or place, or to consider any bill, resolution, or other matter at a meeting, other than as stated in the notice of the meeting, unless otherwise ordered by the House or the committee. If, however, an emergency requires consideration of a matter at a meeting, and the matter has not been stated in the notice of the meeting, the chair may revise or supplement the notice at any time before or during the meeting to include the matter and the matter may then be considered as the emergency requires.

(c) The rule is cumulative with respect to, and amplifies, section 101.15 of the Revised Code.

(d) No committee shall sit during the daily session of the House, unless by special leave of the House. A committee may sit during a recess from the daily session of the House.

Rule 3740. (Public hearing required.) (a) All House bills535and resolutions introduced on or before the fifteenth day of May536in an even-numbered year, and in compliance with the rules of537the House, shall be referred to a standing, select, or special538committee or standing subcommittee, and shall be scheduled by539the chair of the committee for a minimum of one public hearing.540

(b) The sponsor of a bill or resolution shall appear at

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least once before the committee that is considering the bill or542resolution unless excused by the chair of the committee or the543Speaker. It is not in order for the committee to report the bill544or resolution unless its sponsor has appeared or has been545excused from appearing before the committee.546

Rule <u>3841</u>. (Fiscal notes and analyses to be made public.) Any fiscal note and any bill analysis prepared by the staff of the Legislative Service Commission, that has been made available to committee members, shall also be made available to the public under section 101.30 of the Revised Code.

Rule 3942. (Synopsis of substitute bill required.) Prior to 552 a committee or subcommittee considering a substitute bill, the 553 staff of the Legislative Service Commission shall prepare and 554 make available to the committee or subcommittee, a synopsis that 555 summarizes each substantive difference between the substitute 556 bill and the preceding version of the bill, and a synopsis that 557 summarizes the difference in fiscal impact between the 558 substitute bill and the preceding version of the bill, unless 559 the committee or subcommittee chair or the sponsor of the 560 substitute bill being considered orders otherwise. The staff of 561 the Legislative Service Commission shall make these synopses 562 available to the committee before the committee or subcommittee 563 votes on the bill. 564

Rule 4043. (Fiscal analysis; committee vote required.) (a) 565 Before the vote on reporting a bill is taken by a committee, the 566 staff of the Legislative Service Commission shall make available 567 to the committee chair, who shall make available to all members 568 of the committee, for their review, a fiscal impact statement 569 that addresses the impact of the bill upon state and local 570 government. This requirement applies to a bill only if section 571 103.143 of the Revised Code also applies to the bill. This 572 requirement is cumulative with respect to section 103.143 of the 573 Revised Code; however, a local impact statement prepared under 574

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that section may be used also to fulfill the requirement of this rule in whole or in part.

(b) The affirmative votes of a majority of all members 577 constituting a committee shall be necessary to report a bill or 578 resolution out of committee, and a record of every vote shall be 579 kept by the committee. The affirmative vote of a majority of all 580 the members constituting the committee shall be necessary to 581 agree to any motion to recommend for passage or to postpone 582 indefinitely further consideration of bills or resolutions, and 583 a record of such vote shall be kept by the committee. Every 584 member present shall vote unless excused by the committee. 585

Rule 4144. (Voting; consecutive absences; incurrences of 586 expense.) (a) No proxy vote shall be valid. Nor shall any member 587 vote except while physically sitting in committee in actual 588 session, unless the member shall have first been present and 589 recorded as such immediately before or during actual session 590 before the vote is taken, and by motion the roll call on a 591 motion to recommend a bill or resolution for passage is 592 continued for a vote by any member who is temporarily absent 593 from the meeting until the adjournment thereof, which shall be 594 not later than 12:00 o'clock noon one day following the 595 committee meeting. It is not in order for a member to vote on an 596 amendment unless the member is actually physically present when 597 the amendment is voted upon. 598

(b) Three consecutive absences from regular committee599meetings shall operate to suspend a member from such committee,600unless excused by the chair of said committee.601

(c) No committee or member thereof shall be permitted to602incur any expense without first receiving the consent of the603Speaker.604

Rule 4245. (Amendments.) Any amendment offered during any605meeting of a committee shall take into consideration any606

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previous amendments accepted by a committee on the bill or 607 resolution. The chair may entertain a motion to table an 608 amendment. The chair shall rule an amendment out of order if the 609 chair determines the amendment to be not of the same subject 610 matter as the bill or resolution, vexatious, or a duplicate of 611 an amendment previously offered for the bill or resolution. This 612 rule does not prohibit the acceptance of substitute bills or 613 resolutions. 614

COMMITTEE RECORDS AND REPORTS

Rule 4346. (Record to be kept.) Each committee shall keep a616record of committee attendance and the names of all persons who617speak before the committee, with the names of the persons,618firms, associations, or corporations in whose behalf they619appear. A record of every vote shall be kept by the committee.620

Rule 4447. (Records open to examination; filing of 621 records.) During the period of sessions, committee records shall 622 be open for examination by any member of the House. At 623 reasonable times and subject to adequate safeguards established 624 by the chair to protect and preserve such records, any citizen 625 of Ohio may also examine committee records. Upon final 626 adjournment of the House, the committee records shall be filed 627 with the Clerk, to be kept for a period of two years, after 628 which time said records shall be filed with the Legislative 629 Service Commission. 630

Rule 4548. (Committee reports.) (a) All reports to the 631 House shall be signed by a majority of the entire committee, 632 except that a standing subcommittee, except Finance 633 Subcommittees, created by these rules may consider bills 634 assigned to it by the Rules and Reference Committee for hearing 635 and a majority of said subcommittee may approve such reports to 636 the House. The secretary shall add to said report the names of 637 those who voted "no." No member shall sign a committee report 638

who was not present at the meeting at which such action was 639 taken and who did not vote in support of such action. 640

(b) The legislative staff assigned to the chair of the 641 committee shall prepare, file, and maintain the minutes of every 642 regular or special meeting of a committee. The committee, at its 643 next regular or special meeting, shall approve the minutes 644 prepared, filed, and maintained by the legislative staff, or, if 645 the minutes prepared, filed, and maintained by the legislative 646 staff require correction before their approval, the committee 647 shall correct and approve the minutes at the next following 648 regular or special meeting. The committee shall make the minutes 649 available for public inspection not later than seven days after 650 the meeting the minutes reflect or not later than the 651 committee's next regular or special meeting, whichever occurs 652 first, and upon making the minutes available shall immediately 653 file a copy of the minutes with the Clerk. 654

Rule 4649. (Filing of reports; inclusion of bills or 655 resolutions.) All committee reports shall be filed with the 656 Clerk, shall be signed by a majority of the committee, and shall 657 be accompanied by the original bill or resolution, and shall 658 include copies of all amendments considered and indicate whether 659 they were accepted, rejected, or tabled. Each committee may 660 include in a single report more than one bill or resolution; 661 provided, however, that any bill or resolution amended by a 662 663 committee or any substitute measure recommended by a committee shall be on a separate report. These reports shall be presented 664 to the House and entered upon the Journal. For each day a 665 committee meets, the committee secretary shall file with the 666 Clerk a report of all actions of the committee taken that day, 667 including a list of bills heard and reports received. 668

Rule 47. Reserved.

DUTIES AND DECORUM OF MEMBERS

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Rule 4850. (Members desiring to speak.) (a) When a member671is about to speak in debate or present any matter to the House,672the member shall rise and respectfully address the Speaker,673confine remarks to the question under debate, and avoid674personalities. All debate must be addressed to the Speaker or675presiding officer and not to members.676

(b) Except as provided in Rule 7, no motion is in order by a member if made at the conclusion of a speech by said member unless the House gives unanimous consent.

Rule <u>4951</u>. (From where members may speak.) A member may speak either from the member's seat, or from the seat of any other member, tendered the member for this purpose, or, upon approval of the Speaker or presiding officer, from anywhere in the House Chamber.

Rule <u>5052</u>. (How long member may speak.) No member shall speak upon any single question, bill, or resolution more than a total of fifteen minutes on any one legislative day, unless additional time is requested and authorized by the Speaker or presiding officer.

Rule 5153. (Member called to order; question of order; 690 stating question of order.) (a) If any member, in speaking, or 691 otherwise, transgresses the rules of the House, the Speaker or 692 presiding officer shall call the offending member to order. The 693 member so called to order shall take the member's seat 694 immediately, unless permitted by the Speaker or presiding 695 officer to explain. Any member may, by raising the point of 696 order, call the attention of the Speaker or presiding officer to 697 such transgression. If a member is called to order by another 698 member for offensive words spoken in debate, the member calling 699 the member to order shall, if the Speaker or presiding officer 700 so requires, reduce the objectionable language to writing. 701

(b) All questions of order and procedure shall be decided 702

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by the Speaker without debate, but such decision shall be 703 subject to appeal to the House by any member if supported by 704 four or more other members, at least one member being of the 705 majority party and at least one member being of the minority 706 party; on which appeal, no member shall speak more than once, 707 unless by leave of the House, except the member appealing who 708 may speak twice; and the Speaker may speak in preference to any 709 other member. If the decision be in favor of the member called 710 to order, the member shall be at liberty to proceed. 711

(c) Any member who raises a question of order shall state the rule, statute, or constitutional provision which the member believes is being violated.

Rule 5254. (Call of the House, how demanded.) (a) While715transacting the business of the House as set forth by the716Committee on Rules and Reference and appropriately placed on the717calendar, the Speaker or presiding officer or any two members718may demand a call of the House, and upon such call being719demanded, the roll shall be taken and the absentees shall be720noted and sent for, unless otherwise ordered by the House.721

(b) While the House is under call, the doors shall be 722 closed and no other business shall be transacted, except to 723 receive and act on the report of the Sergeant-at-arms, which the 724 Sergeant-at-arms may make at any time. Those members who are 725 found to be absent without leave shall be taken into custody 726 forthwith by the Sergeant-at-arms or the Sergeant-at-arms's 727 assistants wherever found, and brought to the Hall of the House. 728

(c) When the Sergeant-at-arms shall make a report showing
that those who were absent without leave (naming them) are
present, such report shall be entered upon the Journal and
thereupon the pending business shall proceed. A call of the
House may be dispensed with at any time by a majority vote of
the members present, and further proceedings under the call
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dispensed with.

Rule 5355. (Statement of division of question.) Any member736may call for a statement of the question, or for a division of737the question; and the decision of the Speaker or presiding738officer as to the divisibility shall be subject to appeal, as in739the case of questions of order.740

Rule 5456. (Personal privilege.) Subject to Rule 10, any 741 member may rise to explain a matter personal to self, and on 742 stating it is a matter of personal privilege, the member shall 743 be recognized by the Speaker or presiding officer, but shall not 744 discuss a question or issue in such explanation. Such 745 explanation shall not consume more than five minutes of time 746 unless extended by consent of the House. Matters of personal 747 privilege shall yield only to a motion to recess or adjourn. 748

Rule 5557. (Member may read from books, etc.) Any member,749while discussing a question, may read from books, physical or750electronic documents, or any matter pertinent to the subject751under consideration, without asking leave.752

Rule 5658. (Conduct of members.) While the Speaker or753presiding officer is putting any question or addressing the754House, no one shall walk across the Hall of the House, and when755a member is speaking, no one shall pass between the member and756the Chair. No member or other person, except the Clerk and the757Clerk's assistants, shall be allowed at the Clerk's desk while758the votes are being recorded or counted.759

VOTING PROCEDURE

Rule 5759. (Members must vote.) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this rule, every member present when the question is put shall vote unless excused by the House or unless the member is the presiding officer and decides not to vote.

(b) A request to be excused from voting shall be 765

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accompanied by a brief written statement of the reasons for 766 making such request, which shall be acted upon by the House 767 without debate. 768

Rule 5860. (Yeas and nays, how demanded.) (a) Any member may insist the yeas and nays be called upon any question, before the House votes upon a question. Upon the call of the yeas and nays, the Speaker or presiding officer shall order the Clerk to call the names of the members alphabetically or use the electric roll call system to record the vote of the members. No member shall vote by facsimile or electronic means other than those electronic devices used by the House in conducting its business. When once begun, voting shall not be interrupted. After the vote is announced, no member shall be allowed to change the member's vote, nor may a member have the member's vote recorded if any three members object thereto.

(b) Before the vote on passage of a bill is taken by the House, the staff of the Legislative Service Commission shall 782 make available to the Speaker or presiding officer, who shall 783 make available to all members of the House, for their review, a fiscal impact statement that addresses the impact of the bill 785 upon state and local government. This requirement applies to a 786 bill only if section 103.143 of the Revised Code also applies to 787 the bill. This requirement is cumulative with respect to section 103.143 of the Revised Code; however, a local impact statement prepared under that section may be used also to fulfill the 790 requirement of this rule in whole or in part.

(c) When taking the yeas and nays on any question to be 792 voted upon, the electric roll call system may be used, and when 793 so used, shall have the same force and effect as a roll call 794 taken as otherwise provided in these rules. 795

(d) When the House is ready to vote upon any question 796 requiring a roll call and the vote is to be taken by the 797

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electric roll call system, the Speaker or presiding officer 798 shall state the question to be voted on and shall call for the 799 vote. The House shall then proceed to vote. At this instant, the 800 Speaker or presiding officer shall direct the Clerk to unlock 801 the machine causing a bell to be sounded notifying the members 802 of the roll call. When sufficient time has been allowed the 803 members to vote, the Speaker or presiding officer shall ask 804 whether all members have voted and shall direct the Clerk to 805 lock the machine and record the vote. The Clerk shall advise the 806 Speaker or presiding officer of the result of the vote, and the 807 Speaker or presiding officer shall announce the result to the 808 House. The Clerk shall enter upon the Journal the result in the 809 manner provided by the rules of the House. 810

Rule <u>5961</u>. (Voting for another member prohibited.) No proxy vote is valid. No member shall vote for another member, nor shall any person not a member cast a vote for a member. In addition to such penalties as may be prescribed by law, any member who shall vote or attempt to vote for another member may be punished in such manner as the Speaker shall bring before the House to determine. If a person not a member shall vote or attempt to vote for any member, the person shall be barred from the House for the remainder of the session and may be further punished in such manner as the Speaker may deem proper, in addition to such punishment as may be prescribed by law.

Rule $\frac{6062}{62}$. (Explanation of vote.) A member desiring to 822 explain the member's vote shall make a request therefor, before 823 the House divides or before the call of the yeas and nays is 824 commenced. If such request is granted by unanimous consent of 825 the members of the House, such statement shall not consume more 826 than two minutes of time; nor shall arguments for or against the 827 question be made in the statement. After the roll is closed as 828 provided in Rule 5860, no member may explain the member's vote, 829 either orally or in writing. 830

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INTRODUCTION AND PROCEDURE ON MEASURES

Rule 6163. (Introduction of bills.) (a) All bills to be832introduced in the House shall be filed in the Clerk's office, in833a number of copies or electronically as determined by the Clerk,834not later than one hour prior to the time set for the next835convening session. No bill shall be accepted by the Clerk for836filing until it has been reviewed as to form by the Legislative837Service Commission, unless otherwise approved by the Speaker.838

(b) When the time for introducing bills is reached in the
regular order of business, the Clerk shall report each of said
bills in the order received by the Clerk in the same manner as
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if the bills were introduced from the floor.
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(c) If opposition to the bill be expressed by any member on first consideration, the question shall be put by the Speaker or presiding officer, "Shall the bill be rejected?" If the bill is not rejected by a majority vote of the members present, it shall proceed in the regular order. The question of consideration shall be decided without debate.

(d) Bills introduced prior to the convening of the session under this rule shall be treated as if they were bills introduced on the first day of the session. Between the general election and the time for the next convening session, a memberelect may file bills for introduction in the next session with the Clerk. The Clerk shall number such bills consecutively, in the order in which they are filed, beginning with the number "1".

Rule 6264. (Referral to Rules and Reference Committee.)857When a bill has been considered the first time, it shall be858referred to the Rules and Reference Committee, which shall859consider the same and report its recommendation to the House. If860it be apparent to said committee that any bill is of a frivolous861nature, or that it was not introduced in good faith, or that it862

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is in conflict with or a duplication of an existing statute 863 without making proper provision for the repeal or amendment of 864 such existing statute, said committee shall report said bill 865 back to the House for its return to the author with a notation 866 thereon of the reason for its return. The House may, by a 867 majority vote, order any such bill referred to an appropriate 868 committee; otherwise, it shall be returned by the Clerk to the 869 author, and the Clerk shall make note of the fact in the 870 Journal. 871

Rule <u>6365</u>. (Report back by Rules and Reference Committee.) 872 All bills which are not returned to the author in accordance 873 with Rule $\frac{62}{64}$, shall be reported back to the House by the Rules 874 and Reference Committee, with recommendation for reference to 875 the proper committee of the House. The Rules and Reference 876 Committee shall make a written report to the House of its action 877 on each bill referred to it, and such report shall be entered on 878 the Journal of the House. If the report of the Rules and 879 Reference Committee is accepted, the bills standing in order for 880 second consideration are deemed to have been considered a second 881 time, and are referred to committee as recommended in the 882 report. 883

Rule 64. (Recall by Rules and Reference Committee.) After a884bill or resolution is referred to a committee other than the885Rules and Reference Committee, the Rules and Reference Committee886may recall the bill or resolution to the Rules and Reference887Committee. A recalled bill or resolution may be heard by the888Rules and Reference Committee or referred to another committee.889

Rule 6566. (Bills carrying appropriations.) All bills890carrying an appropriation shall be referred to the Finance891Committee for consideration and report before being considered892the third time.893

Rule <u>6667</u>. (Third consideration.) When a bill is ordered to

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be engrossed it shall be placed upon the Calendar, unless the895House by a majority vote otherwise orders, and the Calendar for896each day shall contain a list of all bills for third897consideration on the succeeding day.898

The Rules and Reference Committee of the House shall have899the power to arrange the Calendar from day to day. The Rules and900Reference Committee shall set the Calendar for a session not901later than twenty-four hours before that session is scheduled to902begin, unless otherwise ordered by a majority of the House.903

Rule 66A68. (Conference committee reports carrying904appropriations.) All conference committee reports carrying an905appropriation shall lie over two calendar days before being906considered, unless otherwise ordered by a majority of the House.907

908 Rule 6769. (Information on Calendar.) If a bill or resolution has been amended prior to its third consideration, 909 the date and page of the House or Senate Journal containing said 910 amendment shall be noted on the Calendar immediately below the 911 title of the bill or resolution. A copy of the amendments or a 912 copy of the section or sections amended with the amendment 913 incorporated shall be supplied each member of the House at the 914 time of third consideration unless the amendments are not of a 915 substantive nature or the bill or resolution has been reprinted 916 to incorporate the amendments. 917

Rule 6870. (Synopsis of Senate amendments before vote.) 918 Before a vote is taken upon the question of concurrence in 919 Senate amendments to a House bill or resolution, the staff of 920 the Legislative Service Commission, unless otherwise ordered by 921 a majority of the members elected to the House, shall prepare a 922 synopsis of any substantive amendments made by a Senate 923 committee to the bill or resolution as passed by the House. 924 925 Before a vote is taken upon a conference committee report, the staff of the Legislative Service Commission, unless otherwise 926

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ordered by a majority of the members elected to the House, shall 927 prepare a synopsis that summarizes the recommendations of the 928 conference committee. The staff of the Legislative Service 929 Commission shall prepare and make such a synopsis available to 930 each member at the time the House votes on a question of 931 concurrence in Senate amendments or upon a conference committee 932 report. The Clerk shall provide each member with a copy of 933 amendments made by the Senate during its third consideration of 934 the bill or resolution unless the amendments are Clerk's 935 amendments or the bill or resolution has been reprinted to 936 incorporate the amendments. 937

As used in this rule, "Clerk's amendment" has the meaning defined in Rule $\frac{7173}{1}$.

Rule <u>6971</u>. (Senate bills.) All Senate bills, when altered or amended by the House, shall be engrossed in a like manner as House bills preparatory to their third consideration, and all bills ordered to be engrossed shall be authenticated as required by the joint rules.

Rule 7072. (Questions on third consideration; bills with945objections of Governor.) (a) Unless otherwise ordered by the946House, bills on the Calendar for third consideration shall be947taken up and read in their order without a motion to that948effect, and the question shall be put as to whether the bill949shall pass.950

(b) (1) Whenever a bill has been disapproved by the Governor
and returned to the House with the Governor's objections thereto
noted in writing, the question may be put as to whether the bill
shall pass, notwithstanding the objections of the Governor, in
accordance with Section 16 of Article II of the Constitution of
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Ohio.

(2) Whenever an item of a bill making an appropriation of957money has been disapproved and returned to the House by the958

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Governor, the question may be put as to whether the item shall 959 pass, notwithstanding the objections of the Governor, in 960 accordance with Section 16 of Article II of the Constitution of 961 Ohio. Whenever two or more items of a bill making an 962 appropriation of money have been disapproved and returned to the 963 House by the Governor, the question may be put to take up for 964 consideration the repassage of one or more of the items. Each 965 item so considered shall be voted upon separately. 966

Rule 7173. (Amendments on third consideration.) (a) After a967bill has been considered the third time and is up for968consideration, it may be amended in any part.969

(b) An amendment offered to any bill or resolution, or any 970
resolution offered, from the floor of the House is not in order 971
unless one paper copy of the amendment or resolution was 972
submitted to the Clerk not later than the following number of 973
hours one hour before the scheduled time for the beginning of 974
the session at which the amendment or resolution is offered, 975
unless otherwise ordered by a majority of the House: 976

1. For an amendment offered and rejected in committee and977subsequently redrafted to the reported version of the bill, one978hour.979

2. For all other amendments, two hours.

The Clerk shall provide all members a paper copy of an981amendment if an electronic one is not available at the time the982amendment is offered.983

(c) Every amendment submitted on the floor of the House984that is determined to be in order shall be considered.985

(d) A member desiring to offer an amendment to any pending
proposition shall proceed as follows: the member shall prepare
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the text of the proposed amendment designating the line or lines
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where the member desires the proposed amendments to be placed,
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and then proceed under Rule <u>4850</u>, saying "move to amend," or 990 words of similar import. 991

(e) A "Clerk's amendment" is an amendment that makes a technical or typographical change of a nonsubstantive nature, such as correcting a spelling error, correcting inconsistent paragraph lettering, or incorporating the latest version of a section of law that was amended after the bill was drafted.

Rule 7274. (When bill may be recommitted.) After the997reference to a committee and a report thereon to the House, or998at any time before its passage, a bill may be recommitted to a999committee.1000

Rule 7375. (Order on Calendar.) Bills for their third 1001 consideration, and all special orders, shall be placed upon the 1002 Calendar in the order or priority in which the order is made, 1003 save and except all bills or resolutions from the further 1004 consideration of which a committee has been discharged, which 1005 said bills or resolutions shall be placed on the Calendar for 1006 consideration upon the second legislative day after the motion 1007 to discharge has been agreed to. 1008

Rule 7476. (Unfinished business.) Bills for their third1009consideration on a particular day, not reached on that day,1010shall be placed first on the Calendar in the order of third1011consideration on each succeeding day, until disposed of.1012

Rule 7577. (Taking bill out of order.) No bill upon the1013Calendar shall be taken up out of its order thereon, unless1014otherwise ordered by a majority vote upon motion.1015

Rule 7678. (Titles of passed bills.) When a bill has passed1016the House, the Clerk shall read its title and the Speaker or1017presiding officer shall inquire if the House agrees to the1018title; and if the House is agreed, the Clerk shall make out the1019title accordingly, and shall certify the passage of the bill1020

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upon the back thereof.

Rule 7779. (House resolutions.) (a) All House joint resolutions which do not propose to amend the Ohio Constitution, 1023 or which do not propose to ratify an amendment to the United 1024 States Constitution, and all House concurrent resolutions and 1025 all House resolutions (hereinafter resolutions) shall be filed 1026 with the Clerk in a number of copies or electronically as 1027 determined by the Clerk. Thereupon, the Clerk shall submit the 1028 resolutions to the Committee on Rules and Reference, except that 1029 the Clerk shall submit all resolutions having a congratulatory, 1030 1031 commendatory, or other similar purpose to the presiding officer.

(b) Upon receipt from the Clerk of resolutions having a 1032 congratulatory, commendatory, or other similar purpose, the 1033 presiding officer may bring up the resolutions for immediate 1034 consideration or may refer the resolutions to the Committee on 1035 Rules and Reference. 1036

If the presiding officer refers resolutions having a 1037 congratulatory, commendatory, or other similar purpose to the 1038 Committee on Rules and Reference, the Committee on Rules and 1039 Reference shall report for adoption, report for introduction and 1040 referral, or report for other action, any and all such 1041 resolutions. The committee also is authorized not to report any 1042 or all of such resolutions having a congratulatory, 1043 commendatory, or other similar purpose. 1044

Upon receipt from the Clerk of a resolution, other than one 1045 having a congratulatory, commendatory, or other similar purpose, 1046 and not later than forty-five days after the resolution was 1047 filed with the Clerk, the Committee on Rules and Reference shall 1048 report the resolution for adoption or for introduction and 1049 referral. 1050

(c) In reporting resolutions for adoption, the Rules and 1051 Reference Committee shall have the power to include more than 1052

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one resolution in any report. A report containing more than one 1053 resolution shall list the resolutions by title only. Those 1054 resolutions reported for adoption relating to present or past 1055 members of the General Assembly or present or past elected state 1056 officials shall be reported automatically and separately and 1057 shall be read. Sponsors desiring other resolutions to be 1058 reported separately for adoption must request such action of the 1059 Rules and Reference Committee. 1060

(d) All reports by the Rules and Reference Committee on the1061adoption of resolutions shall be entertained only under the item1062of business, "Motions and Resolutions." Such reports shall be1063voted on in their entirety on the day of the report, and require1064only one roll call or voice vote. Titles to such resolutions1065contained in the report may be amended on the Floor.1066

(e) Resolutions reported for introduction and referral by the Rules and Reference Committee shall be contained in one report, shall be listed by title only, and shall indicate to what committee the particular resolutions are to be referred. All reports on the introduction of resolutions by the Rules and Reference Committee shall be entertained only under the item of business, "Motions and Resolutions." Such reports shall be voted on in their entirety on the day of the report, and require only one roll call or voice vote.

(f) All House joint resolutions which propose to amend the
Constitution of Ohio, or which propose to ratify an amendment to
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the United States Constitution, shall, for the purpose of House
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consideration, be treated as though they were bills.

(g) Any resolution brought up for immediate consideration 1080 shall be brought up by a member of leadership from the majority 1081 party or the Speaker's designee. If there is an objection, then 1082 immediate consideration of the resolution shall require a three- 1083 fifths majority affirmative vote. 1084

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Rule <u>7880</u> . (Senate joint or concurrent resolutions.) (a)	1085
Upon receipt of a message advising the House that the Senate has	1086
adopted a Senate concurrent resolution, or Senate joint	1087
resolution which does not propose to amend the Ohio	1088
Constitution, or which does not propose to ratify an amendment	1089
to the United States Constitution, the presiding officer may	1090
bring such resolution up for immediate consideration, or may	1091
refer such resolution to the Committee on Rules and Reference.	1092
(b) Upon receipt of such resolution, the Committee on Rules	1093
and Reference shall have the power to:	1094
1. report for adoption;	1095
2. report for referral; or	1096
3. report for other action	1097
5. report for other action	1007
any or all such resolutions. The Committee shall also have the	1098
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any or all such resolutions. The Committee shall also have the power not to report any or all such resolutions. The procedure	1098 1099
any or all such resolutions. The Committee shall also have the power not to report any or all such resolutions. The procedure in reporting such resolutions shall be the same as the procedure	1098 1099 1100
any or all such resolutions. The Committee shall also have the power not to report any or all such resolutions. The procedure in reporting such resolutions shall be the same as the procedure used to report House resolutions.	1098 1099 1100 1101
any or all such resolutions. The Committee shall also have the power not to report any or all such resolutions. The procedure in reporting such resolutions shall be the same as the procedure used to report House resolutions. (c) All Senate joint resolutions which propose to amend the	1098 1099 1100 1101 1102
any or all such resolutions. The Committee shall also have the power not to report any or all such resolutions. The procedure in reporting such resolutions shall be the same as the procedure used to report House resolutions. (c) All Senate joint resolutions which propose to amend the Constitution of Ohio, or which propose to ratify an amendment to	1098 1099 1100 1101 1102 1103
any or all such resolutions. The Committee shall also have the power not to report any or all such resolutions. The procedure in reporting such resolutions shall be the same as the procedure used to report House resolutions. (c) All Senate joint resolutions which propose to amend the Constitution of Ohio, or which propose to ratify an amendment to the United States Constitution, shall, for the purpose of House	1098 1099 1100 1101 1102 1103 1104
any or all such resolutions. The Committee shall also have the power not to report any or all such resolutions. The procedure in reporting such resolutions shall be the same as the procedure used to report House resolutions. (c) All Senate joint resolutions which propose to amend the Constitution of Ohio, or which propose to ratify an amendment to the United States Constitution, shall, for the purpose of House consideration, be treated as though they were bills.	1098 1099 1100 1101 1102 1103 1104 1105
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any or all such resolutions. The Committee shall also have the power not to report any or all such resolutions. The procedure in reporting such resolutions shall be the same as the procedure used to report House resolutions. (c) All Senate joint resolutions which propose to amend the Constitution of Ohio, or which propose to ratify an amendment to the United States Constitution, shall, for the purpose of House consideration, be treated as though they were bills. Rule <u>7981</u> . (When yeas and nays taken on resolutions.) Upon the adoption of a resolution involving the expenditure of money,	1098 1099 1100 1101 1102 1103 1104 1105 1106 1107
any or all such resolutions. The Committee shall also have the power not to report any or all such resolutions. The procedure in reporting such resolutions shall be the same as the procedure used to report House resolutions. (c) All Senate joint resolutions which propose to amend the Constitution of Ohio, or which propose to ratify an amendment to the United States Constitution, shall, for the purpose of House consideration, be treated as though they were bills. Rule 7981. (When yeas and nays taken on resolutions.) Upon the adoption of a resolution involving the expenditure of money, or which determines or involves the right of a member to a seat	1098 1099 1100 1101 1102 1103 1104 1105 1106 1107 1108

majority is required by the Constitution.

QUESTIONS AND MOTIONS

members elected to the House for adoption except when a greater

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Rule 8082. (Questions.) All questions, whether in committee1115or before the House, except privileged questions, shall be put1116in the order in which they are made.1117

The call for the vote shall be distinctly put in this form, 1118 "Those in favor of (as the question may be) say 'yes'," and 1119 after the affirmative vote is expressed, "Those of a contrary 1120 opinion say 'no'." If the Speaker or presiding officer is in 1121 doubt, or a division be called for, the House shall divide and a 1122 roll call be taken. The Speaker or presiding officer shall 1123 announce the results. 1124

Rule 8183. (Motions.) (a) Every motion shall be reduced to 1125 writing, if the Speaker or presiding officer or any two members 1126 shall so request. A motion that is required to be in writing is 1127 not in order unless the writing has been filed with the Clerk. A 1128 motion that requires the signatures of members is not in order 1129 unless it contains original signatures. No motion may be made 1130 via facsimile or other electronic means other than those 1131 electronic devices used by the House in conducting its business. 1132

(b) When a motion is made, it shall be stated by the1133Speaker or presiding officer; or being in writing, it shall be1134read by the Clerk before debate is had. Such motion may, by1135leave of the House, be withdrawn at any time before a decision1136thereon or an amendment thereto is made.1137

(c) A motion to take from the table is in order only if the rules are suspended for that purpose.

Rule 8284. (Motions which take precedence.) When a question1140is under consideration no motion shall be in order, except the1141following, which motions shall have precedence in the following1142order:1143

1. To adjourn. 1144

2. To take a recess.

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H. R. No. 9 As Offered	Page 38
3. To reconsider.	1146
4. To proceed to the orders of the day.	1147
5. To lay on the table.	1148
6. To call for the previous question.	1149
7. To postpone to a day certain.	1150
8. To commit or to refer.	1151
9. To amend.	1152
10. To postpone indefinitely.	1153
Rule $\frac{8385}{85}$. (No debate permitted.) The following questions shall be decided without debate:	1154 1155
1. To adjourn.	1156
2. To take a recess.	1157
3. To lay on the table.	1158
4. The previous question.	1159
5. To take from the table.	1160
6. All questions relating to the priority of business.	1161
7. The question of consideration.	1162
8. The suspension of rules.	1163
Rule 8486 . (No motion during roll call.) No member shall be	1164

allowed to explain the member's vote or discuss the question 1165 being voted upon, while the vote is being taken. After the Clerk 1166 has commenced to take the vote on any question, no motion shall 1167 be in order until a decision has been announced by the Chair. 1168

Rule 8587. (Motions to refer to committee.) When a motion1169is made to refer to a committee, if more than one committee is1170suggested, the motion shall be put for reference to the1171committees suggested, in the order in which they are named; but1172

a motion to refer to a standing committee or a select committee1173shall have precedence in the order herein named. A motion to1174refer to a committee may not be reconsidered.1175

Rule 8688. (Motions to lie over one day.) Motions to1176discharge committees of further consideration of bills and1177resolutions shall lie over one legislative day before being1178considered.1179

Rule 8789. (Motion to discharge a committee.) (a) A motion1180to discharge a committee of further consideration of a bill or1181resolution which has been referred to such committee thirty1182calendar days or more prior thereto shall be in order under the1183order of business, "Motions and Resolutions." Such motion shall1184be in writing and deposited in the office of the Clerk.1185

(b) To initiate a discharge motion a member shall obtain 1186 from the Clerk a blank discharge motion and designate the bill 1187 to which the discharge motion applies. Before such motion may be 1188 filed with the Clerk, there shall be attached thereto the 1189 signatures of a majority of the members elected to the House. 1190 The discharge motion shall remain in the custody of the Clerk's 1191 office, and each member who signs the motion shall do so in the 1192 presence of the Clerk or an assistant of the Clerk. A member who 1193 signed the discharge motion may remove the member's name from 1194 the discharge motion before the discharge motion is offered, but 1195 shall do so in the presence of the Clerk or an assistant of the 1196 Clerk. 1197

(c) Such motion, together with the signatures thereto,1198shall be printed in the Journal as of the day upon which the1199motion was filed with the Clerk.1200

(d) Only one discharge motion can be presented for each1201bill or resolution.1202

Rule <u>8890</u>. (Motion not to be repeated.) A motion to

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adjourn, a motion to postpone to a day certain, or a motion to1204postpone indefinitely being decided in the negative, shall not1205again be in order until after some motion, call, order, or1206debate shall have taken place.1207

Rule 8991. (Motion to introduce, when.) No motion to1208introduce or refer a bill or resolution of any type shall be in1209order except as provided elsewhere in these Rules.1210

Rule 9092. (Motion to delete and insert, indivisible.) A1211motion to delete and insert shall be deemed indivisible.1212

Rule 9193. (Amendments.) (a) Every amendment proposed must1213be germane to the subject of the proposition or to the section1214or paragraph to be amended.1215

(b) When an amendment is pending, it shall not be in order to amend the amendment by directing an amendment to any other part of the bill.

(c) An amendment may be amended, but an amendment to an1219amendment may not be amended.1220

(d) If the presiding officer determines that an amendment1221contains two or more distinct and separate subjects, such1222amendment may be divided upon the demand of any one member. If1223an amendment is divided, each branch of the divided amendment1224shall be considered as though it was introduced as an original1225amendment.1226

(e) A vote to table an amendment or an amendment to an1227amendment shall not carry with it the measure sought to be1228amended.1229

(f) Any paragraph, except one which contains the enacting,
amending, or repealing clause, or the title, once amended during
the same third consideration, other than by the passage of
Clerk's amendments, shall not be amended again. For the purpose
of this paragraph, appropriation line items shall be considered
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separate paragraphs.

(g) If an amendment previously was offered during a House 1236 floor session and rejected or tabled by a floor vote, the 1237 amendment, or a substantially identical amendment, shall not be 1238 reintroduced on the floor for a period of ninety days, unless 1239 approved by a two-thirds majority. The Speaker or presiding 1240 officer shall determine whether an amendment is substantially 1241 identical to an amendment that was rejected or tabled. 1242

(h) As used in this rule, "Clerk's amendment" has themeaning defined in Rule-7173.1244

Rule 9294. (Substitute as amendment.) Substitutes for bills1245or resolutions for the purpose of amendments shall be treated as1246original propositions, shall be offered in a number of copies or1247electronically as determined by the Clerk, and shall retain the1248same status as the original bill.1249

Rule <u>9395</u>. (Amendments by committees.) (a) All amendments 1250 made in committee shall carry the name of the author of the 1251 amendment, and the report of any committee reporting a bill or 1252 resolution to the House shall indicate clearly the name of the 1253 author of the amendment which shall be entered in the Journal. 1254 Amendments made by committees and adopted by the House shall be 1255 subject to further amendment. The right to amend any bill or 1256 resolution shall extend to any matters added to or stricken from 1257 such bill or resolution by a committee. 1258

(b) If the sponsor of a substantive amendment or a 1259 substitute bill submits it to the chair of the committee and 1260 provides it to the entire committee before midnight of the day 1261 before it is to be considered in committee, it may be 1262 considered. The chair may decline to consider any substantive 1263 amendment or substitute bill received thereafter or may elect to 1264 consider it on the next calendar day or later. The committee may 1265 suspend the requirement by a two thirds vote of all the members 1266

present. This rule does not apply to reports of conference 1267 committees or Legislative Service Commission technical 1268 1269 amendments. (c) The Speaker shall direct Legislative Information 1270 1271 Systems to develop a web site on which House members may release proposed amendments and substitute bills to the public before 1272 1273 they are presented in committee. Rule 9496. (Amendments to titles.) (a) Amendments to the 1274 title of a House or Senate bill may be offered in committee or 1275 on third consideration and shall be decided without debate, 1276 provided that upon third consideration a motion to amend the 1277 title may be made by a sponsor; but no amendments shall change 1278 the subject dealt with in the original title. Amendments to the 1279 title of a House or Senate bill offered on third consideration 1280 may be made by electronic means when permitted by the Speaker or 1281 presiding officer. Prior to passage of a bill, a former 1282 Representative who no longer is a member of the General Assembly 1283 may present a writing to the Clerk requesting deletion of the 1284 former Representative's name from the title of the bill as 1285 sponsor or co-sponsor. The Speaker shall present the request to 1286 the House, and the Clerk shall spread the request upon the pages 1287 of the Journal. When the House is agreed, the Clerk shall make 1288 out the title accordingly, and certify to the passage of the 1289 bill upon its carrier. 1290 (b) Immediately after the House has voted to concur in 1291 Senate amendments to a bill or resolution, and immediately after 1292 the House has voted to accept a conference committee report, a 1293

bill or resolution by rising and stating this desire to the1295Speaker or presiding officer. The Clerk shall thereupon remove1296the Representative's name from the bill or resolution. Prior to1297the vote on concurrence in Senate amendments to a bill or1298resolution, and prior to the vote on a conference committee1299

Representative may remove the Representative's name from the

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in the original title.

report, a former Representative who no longer is a member of the	1300
General Assembly may present a writing to the Clerk requesting	1301
deletion of the former Representative's name from the title of	1302
the bill as sponsor or co-sponsor. The Speaker shall present the	1303
request to the House, and the Clerk shall spread the request	1304
upon the pages of the Journal. When the House is agreed, the	1305
Clerk shall make out the title of the bill or resolution	1306
accordingly.	1307
(c) Amendments to the title of a resolution, other than one	1308
having a congratulatory, commendatory, or other similar purpose,	1309
may be offered on the floor and may be made by electronic means	1310
when permitted by the Speaker or presiding officer. No amendment	1311
to the title of a resolution shall change the subject dealt with	1312

RECONSIDERATION

Rule <u>9597</u>. (Motion to reconsider.) (a) Any motion to 1315 reconsider the vote on a bill or resolution must be made by a 1316 member who voted with the prevailing side of the question. To be 1317 in order, such motion must be made not later than the second 1318 legislative day following that on which the vote was taken. The 1319 question of reconsideration, if left pending, shall be brought 1320 to a vote upon motion of the first-named House sponsor of the 1321 motion to reconsider and approval of the House. 1322

(b) (1) In the case of a motion to reconsider the vote on a 1323 bill or resolution which failed of passage or adoption, the 1324 motion must be supported by five members, or a sufficient number 1325 of members who either voted on the prevailing side or who did 1326 not previously vote on the question, to achieve a constitutional 1327 majority, whichever is less. 1328

(2) In the case of a motion to reconsider the vote on a 1329 bill or resolution which passed or was adopted, the motion must 1330 be supported only by members who voted with the prevailing side, 1331

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and the motion must be supported by five members, or a1332sufficient number of members whose change of position would1333result in the failure to achieve a constitutional majority,1334whichever is less.1335

(3) Reconsideration of a vote on a motion shall be
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initiated only by a member voting with the prevailing side and
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to be in order, such motion must be made while the bill or
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resolution to which the motion is directed is still being
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considered.

(c) The motion to reconsider shall take precedence over all
other questions except a motion to adjourn or to recess, and
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debate shall be limited to the reason that the matter is to be
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reconsidered.

(d) The question of reconsideration, having once been1345decided, shall not be again taken up for consideration, nor1346shall the bill, resolution, or motion, having once been1347reconsidered, be again taken up for consideration.1348

Rule 9698. (Vote necessary on reconsideration.) The vote on1349any question may be reconsidered by a majority of the members1350voting, a quorum being present.1351

Rule 9799. (Effect of defeat of motion.) When the vote on a1352bill or resolution is lost, and the vote is reconsidered, the1353measure shall not be committed thereafter to any other than a1354standing committee.1355

Rule 98100.(Procedure on motion.) Upon the adoption of a1356motion to reconsider, the Clerk immediately shall inform the1357House whether or not such bill or resolution is in the1358possession of the House. If the Clerk reports in the negative,1359the Clerk shall effect the return of such bill or resolution.1360When the measure is in the possession of the House, it shall be1361placed on the Calendar under the appropriate order of business.1362

Rule <u>99101</u>. (Reconsideration of amendments after adoption 1363 of measure.) When it is desired to reconsider the vote on an 1364 amendment after the vote has been taken on the adoption of a 1365 main motion, it is necessary to reconsider the vote both on the 1366 main question and on the amendment. If it is desired to 1367 reconsider an amendment to an amendment after the latter has 1368 been adopted, both must be reconsidered in order to reach the 1369 amendment it is desired to reconsider. When it is thus necessary 1370 to reconsider two or three votes, one motion may be made to 1371 cover them all, but debate is limited to the question first 1372 voted upon. 1373

Rule 100102. (Effect of tabling motion.) If a motion to1374reconsider be laid on the table, it does not carry the bill or1375resolution with it, and if a motion to reconsider is coupled1376with a motion to lay on the table, the motion to lay on the1377table shall be disposed of first; if decided in the negative,1378the motion to reconsider shall immediately recur.1379

PREVIOUS QUESTION

Rule 101103. (How and when previous question put.) The 1381 previous question shall be in this form: "Shall the debate now 1382 close?" It shall be put after the motion is submitted to the 1383 presiding officer in writing and when the member submitting the 1384 motion is recognized, and supported by four or more members. The 1385 motion shall be sustained by a majority vote, and when put, and 1386 until decided, it shall preclude further debate on all 1387 amendments and motions, except one motion to adjourn, or one 1388 motion to lay on the table. If the previous question is demanded 1389 when an amendment to a bill or resolution is under 1390 consideration, the previous question shall apply only to the 1391 debate on the amendment. 1392

Rule 102104. (No debate or appeal.) All incidental1393questions, or questions of order, arising after a motion is made1394

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officer.

for the previous question and pending such motion, shall be	1395
decided without debate, and shall not be subject to appeal.	1396
Rule 103 105. (Action after previous question order.) On a	1397
motion for the previous question, and prior to voting on the	1398
same, a call of the House shall be in order; but after the	1390
demand for the previous question shall have been sustained, no	1400
call shall be in order; and the House shall be brought at once	1400
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to a vote upon the question immediately pending.	1402
Rule $\frac{104106}{100}$. (Action when not ordered.) If a motion for the	1403
previous question be not sustained, the subject under	1404
consideration shall be proceeded with the same as if the motion	1405
had not been made.	1406
Rule 105. Reserved.	1407
Rule 106. Reserved.	1408
Rule 107. Reserved.	1409
Rule 108. Reserved.	1410
PRIVILEGES OF THE HOUSE	1411
Rule 109 107. (Persons admitted to Hall of House.) No person	1412
shall be admitted to the Hall of the House except the Governor,	1413
members and employees of the two houses, persons charged with	1414
any message or document affecting the business of the House, the	1415
authorized representatives of the press, radio, and television,	1416
and those invited by a member with the approval of the Speaker	1417
and those invited by a member with the approval of the Speaker or presiding officer or by the order of the House. No former	1417 1418

Rule 110108. (Use of Hall not to be granted.) The use of1423the Hall of the House shall not at any time, except by1424

the floor without prior approval of the Speaker or presiding

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resolution, be granted for any other than legislative purposes. 1425 No committee shall use the Hall of the House for hearings, 1426 except upon permission previously granted by the House upon 1427 motion. 1428

Rule <u>111109</u>. (Representatives of the press, how admitted.) 1429 (a) Representatives of the press who are members of the 1430 Legislative Correspondents' Association are entitled to the 1431 privilege of the floor of the House, but shall notify the 1432 Speaker or presiding officer prior to exercising the privilege. 1433 The Speaker or presiding officer, or, when the House is not in 1434 session, the Clerk, has authority to grant immediate access to 1435 the floor of the House to visiting members of the media. 1436

(b) Representatives of the press desiring the privilege of 1437 the floor of the House who are not members of the Legislative 1438 Correspondents' Association shall make application to the 1439 Speaker, and make application with the Legislative 1440 Correspondents' Association, and shall state, in writing, for 1441 what paper or papers, legislative information services, or 1442 magazines, or any affiliate of any of the foregoing they are 1443 employed; and further shall state that they are not engaged in 1444 the promotion of legislation or the prosecution of claims 1445 pending before the General Assembly, and will not become so 1446 engaged while allowed the privileges of the floor; and that they 1447 are not in any sense the agents or representatives of persons or 1448 corporations having legislation before the General Assembly, and 1449 will not become either while retaining their privileges. 1450

Visiting newswriters and editors and visiting magazine 1451 writers and editors may be allowed, temporarily, the privileges 1452 herein mentioned, but they must conform to the restrictions 1453 prescribed. 1454

(c) The application required by division (b) of this ruleshall be authenticated in a manner that shall be satisfactory to1456

the executive committee of the Legislative Correspondents' 1457 Association, in the case of newspaper, legislative information 1458 service, and magazine representatives and in the case of 1459 representatives of any affiliate of any of the foregoing. It 1460 shall be the duty of the executive committee of the Legislative 1461 Correspondents' Association to see that the privileges of the 1462 floor shall be granted only to representatives of press 1463 associations serving daily newspaper clients, representatives of 1464 daily Columbus newspapers, and bona fide telegraphic 1465 correspondents of reputable standing in their profession, who 1466 represent daily newspapers, or representatives of daily 1467 newspapers, or representatives of daily legislative information 1468 services, or representatives of magazines, or representatives of 1469 any affiliate of any of the foregoing, of known standing and 1470 integrity, organized for that one purpose and not controlled by 1471 or connected with any association, firm, corporation, or 1472 individual representing any trade, profession, or other 1473 commercial enterprise, and which have been in continuous and 1474 bona fide operation for such a period of years immediately prior 1475 to the date of making application for floor privileges as will 1476 have made possible the establishment of a reputation for honesty 1477 and integrity; and it shall be the duty of the executive 1478 committee of the Legislative Correspondents' Association, at its 1479 discretion, to report violations of the privileges herein 1480 granted to the Speaker. Persons whose chief attention is not 1481 given to newspaper correspondence, legislative information 1482 service, or magazine correspondence shall not be entitled to the 1483 privileges of the floor. 1484

(d)(1) No still photographing during the sessions of the House shall be permitted without notification of the Speaker and the Legislative Correspondents' Association prior to session.

(2) No still photographing during committee hearings of theHouse shall be carried on without prior notification of and1489

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under conditions prescribed by the chair of the committee. 1490 Rule <u>112</u><u>110</u>. (Representatives of radio and television 1491 stations and broadcasting networks, how admitted.) (a) 1492 Representatives of radio and television stations and 1493 broadcasting networks who are members of the Radio and 1494 Television Correspondents' Association are entitled to the 1495 privilege of the floor of the House, but shall notify the 1496 Speaker prior to exercising the privilege. The Speaker or 1497 presiding officer, or, when the House is not in session, the 1498 Clerk, has authority to grant immediate access to the floor of 1499 the House to visiting members of the media. 1500

(b) Representatives of radio and television stations and 1501 broadcasting networks desiring the privilege of the floor of the 1502 House who are not members of the Radio and Television 1503 Correspondents' Association shall make application to the 1504 Speaker, and make application with the Radio and Television 1505 1506 Correspondents' Association, and shall state, in writing, by what stations or broadcasting network they are employed; and 1507 further shall state that they are not engaged in the promotion 1508 of legislation or the prosecution of claims pending before the 1509 General Assembly, and will not become so engaged while allowed 1510 the privileges of the floor; and that they are not, in any 1511 sense, the agents or representatives of persons or corporations 1512 having legislation before the General Assembly, and will not 1513 become either while retaining their privileges. Visiting 1514 correspondents and editors may be allowed, temporarily, the 1515 privileges herein mentioned, but they must conform to the 1516 restrictions prescribed. 1517

(c) The application required by division (b) of this rule
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shall be authenticated in a manner that shall be satisfactory to
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the officers of the Radio and Television Correspondents'
Association of Ohio. It shall be the duty of the Radio and
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Television Correspondents' Association to see that the
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privileges of the floor shall be granted only to the 1523 representatives of stations and broadcasting networks serving 1524 radio and television stations or networks serving such radio and 1525 television stations as have been duly licensed by the Federal 1526 Communications Commission. It shall be the duty of the officers 1527 of the Radio and Television Correspondents' Association, at 1528 their discretion, to report violations of the privileges herein 1529 granted to the Speaker. Persons whose chief attention is not 1530 given to radio and television broadcasting shall not be entitled 1531 to the privileges of the floor. 1532

(d)(1) Except as provided in Rule <u>120119</u>, no video recording or filming of sessions of the House shall be carried on without the notification of the Speaker and the Radio and Television Correspondents' Association, and then only under the conditions authorized by the Speaker.

(2) No video recording or filming of committee hearings of
the House shall be carried on without the prior notification of
and under conditions prescribed by the chair of the committee.

(3) Except as provided in the Rules of the House of
Representatives, no live video streaming of sessions of the
House or committee hearings of the House shall be carried on.
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(e) Audio recording by representatives of the press and of
radio and television stations and broadcasting networks
accredited pursuant to Rules <u>111–109</u> and <u>112110</u>, shall be
permitted during committee hearings upon prior notification of
the committee chair and during House floor sessions upon prior
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notification of the Speaker or presiding officer.

(f) Live broadcast coverage of floor sessions may be
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conducted with prior notification of the Speaker or presiding
officer, and under such conditions as the Speaker or presiding
officer may establish. Live broadcast coverage of committee
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hearings may be conducted with prior notification of the
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Speaker, and under such conditions as the Speaker and committee chair may establish.

Rule 113111. (Privileges of the House, how revoked.) Upon 1557 complaint in writing, made by any member of the House, addressed 1558 to the Speaker, that any person has abused the privileges 1559 granted the person, such complaint shall be referred to the 1560 standing Committee on Rules and Reference for investigation, and 1561 such committee shall notify the person so charged of the time 1562 and place for hearing; and if such accusation be sustained, such 1563 person or persons shall be barred from the privileges granted. 1564

RULES OF THE HOUSE 1565

Rule 114112. (How amended.) The rules of the House may be 1566 amended. A member who desires to amend the rules shall prepare a 1567 resolution that sets forth the proposed amendment and file it 1568 with the Clerk in a number of copies to be determined by the 1569 Clerk. The Speaker or presiding officer shall announce the 1570 resolution at the next session of the House at which bills are 1571 given third consideration, and shall refer the resolution to the 1572 Committee on Rules and Reference. A majority of all members 1573 elected shall be required for the adoption of the resolution. 1574

Rule 115113. (How suspended.) Any rule, or portion thereof,1575except Rule 2, and as otherwise noted, may be suspended by a1576two-thirds vote of all the members present.1577

Rule <u>115A114</u>. (When effective.) These rules take effect upon adoption by the House and remain in effect until the rules of the House of Representatives for the <u>136th_137th</u>General Assembly are adopted.

Rule 116115. (Parliamentary guide.) Mason's Manual of1582Legislative Procedure (2020), as amplified or clarified in1583Hughes' American Parliamentary Guide, 1931-1932, Revised New1584Edition, shall govern in all cases not provided for in the1585

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Representatives.

foregoing rules, or the Joint Rules of the Senate and House of MISCELLANEOUS Rule <u>117116</u>. (Reintroduction prohibited.)

(a) If a House bill or resolution is defeated or	1590
indefinitely postponed in the House it shall not be reintroduced	1591
during either annual session of the same General Assembly.	1592

(b) If a House bill or resolution previously was offered 1593 during a House floor session and rejected or tabled by a floor 1594 vote, the bill or resolution, or a substantially identical bill 1595 or resolution, shall not be reintroduced on the floor for a 1596 period of ninety days, unless approved by two-thirds majority. 1597 The Speaker or presiding officer shall determine whether a bill 1598 or resolution is substantially identical to a bill or resolution 1599 that was rejected or tabled. 1600

Rule 118117. (Reintroduction of bill permitted.) A bill 1601 which has been passed by the House and defeated or indefinitely 1602 postponed by the Senate, may be introduced during the subsequent 1603 calendar year of the same General Assembly provided it shall be 1604 in the identical language as that passed by the House. Upon 1605 motion made and approved by two-thirds majority, the bill shall 1606 be considered on three successive dates and voted upon by the 1607 House without reference to committee. 1608

Rule 119118. (Index to bill authorized.) Any bill which, 1609 when introduced, consists of ten typewritten pages or more, may 1610 be accompanied by a printed index showing the contents of such 1611 bill. 1612

Rule 120119. (Proceedings of the House public; exception.) 1613 "The proceedings of the House of Representatives shall be 1614 public, except in cases which, in the opinion of two-thirds of 1615 those present, require secrecy." (Article II, Section 13, Ohio 1616

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Constitution.)

Except in cases where secrecy has been approved, all1618proceedings of the House of Representatives while in voting1619session shall be broadcast by Ohio Government1620Telecommunications, and shall be archived. The use of any1621session or committee video in political or commercial activities1622is prohibited in all circumstances.1623

Rule 121120. (Committee meetings public.) Each committee1624and subcommittee shall give notice of each of its regular and1625special meetings in accordance with division (C) of section1626101.15 of the Revised Code as amplified in Rule 3639.1627

Each regular and special meeting of each committee and 1628 subcommittee shall be a public meeting that is open to the 1629 public at all times in accordance with division (B) of section 1630 101.15 of the Revised Code. Each committee and subcommittee 1631 shall prepare, file, and maintain; approve or correct and 1632 approve; and make available, minutes of each of its regular and 1633 special meetings in accordance with division (B) of section 1634 101.15 of the Revised Code. 1635

Rule 122121. (LSC analyses and fiscal notes to be made 1636 available at third consideration.) The bill analysis prepared by 1637 the staff of the Legislative Service Commission that has been 1638 made available to the members of the House and the fiscal note, 1639 if a fiscal note has been prepared by the staff of the 1640 Legislative Service Commission and made available to the members 1641 of the House, shall be made available to the public by the 1642 Speaker or presiding officer when the bill to which the analysis 1643 or fiscal note pertains receives third consideration in the 1644 House. 1645

Rule 123122. (Use of personal electronic devices on House1646floor.)1647

(a) Personal electronic devices may be used on the floor of	1648
the House of Representatives during session to advance	1649
legislative business, so long as that use complies with the	1650
Joint Legislative Code of Ethics, avoids the appearance of	1651
impropriety, is respectful of the solemnity of the institution	1652
of the House, and does not disrupt the proceedings.	1653
(b) The Speaker, the Clerk, the Sergeant-at-arms, or their	1654
designees may take action to ensure that the use of personal	1655
electronic devices on the House floor complies with this rule.	1656
Rule 124. Reserved.	1657