### As Introduced

# 136th General Assembly Regular Session 2025-2026

S. B. No. 10

# Senators Wilson, Lang

# A BILL

То	enact sections 1357.01, 1357.011, 1357.02,	1
	1357.03, 1357.04, 1357.05, 1357.06, 1357.07, and	2
	1357.08 and to repeal section 1349.55 of the	3
	Revised Code to revise and supplement state	4
	regulations concerning non-recourse litigation	5
	funding agreements.	6

### BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 1357.01, 1357.011, 1357.02,	7
1357.03, 1357.04, 1357.05, 1357.06, 1357.07, and 1357.08 of the	8
Revised Code be enacted to read as follows:	9
Sec. 1357.01. As used in this chapter:	10
(A) (1) "Advertise" means directly or indirectly	11
publishing, disseminating, circulating, or placing before the	12
public any written, oral, electronic, or printed communication	13
for the purpose of inducing a consumer to enter into a consumer	14
litigation funding agreement.	15
(2) For the purposes of division (A)(1) of this section,	16
"written, oral, electronic, or printed communication" includes	17
communication by means of recorded telephone messages and	18
transmission or broadcast on radio, television, the internet, or	19

other similar media of audio recordings, film strips, motion	20
pictures, or videos.	21
(B)(1) "Charges" means the amount of money to be paid to	22
the consumer litigation funding company by or on behalf of a	23
consumer in excess of the funded amount.	24
(2) "Charges" include interest and all administrative,	25
origination, underwriting, and other fees, no matter how	26
denominated.	27
(C)(1) "Commercial litigation financier" means a person	28
engaged in the business of entering into commercial litigation	29
financing agreements with claimants or with lawyers or law firms	30
asserting legal claims on behalf of claimants.	31
(2) "Commercial litigation financier" does not include a	32
nonprofit organization determined by the internal revenue	33
service to be tax exempt pursuant to section 501(c)(3) of the	34
"Internal Revenue Code of 1986," 26 U.S.C. 1, or a person that	35
funds such a nonprofit organization, if the nonprofit	36
organization represents the claimant on a pro bono basis.	37
Seeking or accepting a settlement or judgment that includes	38
costs or attorney's fees does not, in itself, make a nonprofit	39
organization or an attorney contracted by a nonprofit	40
organization a "commercial litigation financier."	41
(D)(1) "Commercial litigation financing agreement" means,	42
with respect to any civil action or group of civil actions, a	43
written agreement that meets all of the following:	44
(a) A third party agrees to provide funds to a named party	45
or a law firm that represents a named party in the civil action	46
or group of civil actions.	47
(b) The agreement creates a direct or collateralized	48

interest in the proceeds of a civil action or group of civil	49
actions, by settlement, verdict, judgment, or otherwise.	50
(c) The interest created by the agreement is based, in	51
whole or part, on a funding obligation incurred in connection	52
with the action or group of actions, the appearing counsel, any	53
contractual co-counsel, or the law firm of the counsel or co-	54
<pre>counsel, executed with any of the following:</pre>	55
(i) Any attorney representing a party;	56
(ii) Any co-counsel in the civil action or group of	57
actions with a contingent fee interest in representing a named	58
<pre>party;</pre>	59
(iii) Any third-party who has a collateral-based interest	60
in the contingency fees of the counsel or co-counsel, or the law	61
firm of the counsel or co-counsel, related in whole or part to	62
the fees derived from representing that party.	63
(2) "Commercial litigation financing agreement" includes a	64
contract, such as an option, forward contract, futures contract,	65
short position, swap, or similar agreement, that is	66
substantially similar to an agreement described in division (D)	67
(1) of this section.	68
(3) "Commercial litigation financing agreement" does not	69
<pre>include any of the following:</pre>	70
(a) A consumer litigation funding agreement;	71
(b) An agreement by an attorney or law firm to provide	72
legal services on a contingency fee basis to the claimant or to	73
advance the claimant's legal costs in accordance with the rules	74
of professional conduct adopted by the supreme court;	75
(c) A health insurer, medical provider, or assignee that	76

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has paid, is obligated to pay, or is owed sums for a claimant's	77
health care under the terms of a health insurance plan or	78
<pre>agreement;</pre>	79
(d) A financial institution providing loans to the	80
claimant or the claimant's attorney or law firm, the repayment	81
of which is not contingent upon the outcome of the legal claim	82
or on the outcome of any matter within a portfolio that includes	83
the legal claim and involves the same attorney or law firm or	84
	85
affiliated attorney or law firm;	0.5
(e) A person with a preexisting contractual obligation to	86
indemnify or defend a party to a legal claim.	87
(E) "Consumer" means a natural person or estate for a	88
decedent with a legal claim.	89
(T) (1)   G	0.0
(F)(1) "Consumer litigation funding agreement" means a	90
nonrecourse agreement in which a consumer litigation funding	91
company purchases, and a consumer assigns to the company, a	92
contingent right to receive an amount of the potential proceeds	93
of any settlement, judgment, award, or verdict obtained in the	94
consumer's legal claim.	95
(2) "Consumer litigation funding agreement" does not	96
include any agreement involving a cash payment by the consumer	97
litigation funding company of four hundred thousand dollars or	98
more.	99
(G)(1) "Consumer litigation funding company" means a	100
person or entity that enters into a consumer litigation funding	101
	101
agreement with a consumer.	102
(2) "Consumer litigation funding company" does not include	103
any of the following:	104

(a) An immediate family member of the consumer;	105
(b) A bank, lender, financing entity, or other special	106
purpose entity that provides financing to a consumer litigation	107
funding company and to which a consumer litigation funding	108
company grants a security interest or transfers any rights or	109
<pre>interest in a consumer litigation funding;</pre>	110
(c) An attorney or accountant who provides services to a	111
<pre>consumer.</pre>	112
(H) "Funded amount" means the amount of money provided to,	113
or on behalf of, the consumer in a consumer litigation funding	114
agreement. "Funded amount" excludes charges.	115
(I) "Funding date" means the date on which the funded	116
amount is transferred to the consumer by the consumer litigation	117
funding company by personal delivery; via wire, automated	118
clearing house, or other electronic means; or by certified or	119
registered mail.	120
(J) "Immediate family member" means a spouse; sibling;	121
child, including adopted children and stepchildren; parent;	122
<pre>grandparent; or grandchild.</pre>	123
(K) "Legal claim" means a civil claim or cause of action.	124
(L) "Resolution date" means the date the funded amount,	125
plus the agreed upon charges, are delivered to the consumer	126
litigation funding company by the consumer, the consumer's	127
attorney, or otherwise.	128
Sec. 1357.011. The general assembly, in enacting sections	129
1357.01 to 1357.08 of the Revised Code pursuant to this act,	130
hereby declares its intent to adopt regulations concerning a	131
narrow range of consumer and commercial litigation financing	132

agreements as contemplated in the holding of the Ohio Supreme	133
Court in Rancman v. Interim Settlement Funding Corp., 99 Ohio	134
St.3d 121 (2003). The general assembly intends to preserve and	135
reinforce the general public policy expressed in that holding	136
against champerty and maintenance.	137
Sec. 1357.02. (A) A consumer litigation funding company	138
shall not enter into, or seek to enter into, a consumer	139
litigation funding agreement unless all of the following apply:	140
(1) The agreement is written in a clear and coherent	141
manner using common language that enables the average consumer	142
who makes a reasonable effort under ordinary circumstances to	143
read and understand the terms of the agreement without having to	144
obtain the assistance of an attorney or other professional.	145
(2) The agreement is completely filled-in when presented	146
to the consumer for signature.	147
(3) The agreement includes space on each page for the	148
<pre>consumer's initials.</pre>	149
(4) The front page of the agreement includes all of the	150
following disclosures under appropriate headings and in at least	151
<pre>twelve-point bold type:</pre>	152
(a) The funded amount to be paid to the consumer under the	153
<pre>agreement;</pre>	154
(b) An itemized list of all one-time and recurring charges	155
under the agreement, subject to section 1357.03 of the Revised	156
Code, and an explanation for how those charges accrue;	157
(c) The maximum amount that may be assigned by the	158
consumer to the company under the agreement, including the	159
funded amount and all charges, but excluding penalties that may	160

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apply in the case of a material breach, fraud, or	161
misrepresentation by or on behalf of the consumer;	162
(d) If the consumer seeks to enter into more than one	163
consumer litigation funding agreement with the same company, the	164
cumulative amount that may be assigned to the company under all	165
such agreements, including the funded amount and all charges,	166
but excluding penalties that may apply in the case of a material	167
breach, fraud, or misrepresentation by or on behalf of the	168
<pre>consumer.</pre>	169
(5) The agreement allows the consumer to cancel the	170
agreement, without penalty or further obligation, by returning	171
the full amount of disbursed funds to the company within ten	172
business days after the funding date. The consumer may do either	173
of the following to effectuate the cancellation:	174
(a) Deliver the company's uncashed check to the company's	175
offices in person, within ten business days after the	176
disbursement of funds;	177
(b) Mail a notice of cancellation and include in that	178
mailing a return of the full amount of disbursed funds in the	179
form of the company's uncashed check, or a registered or	180
certified check or money order, by insured, registered, or	181
certified United States mail, postmarked within ten business	182
days after receiving funds from the company, at the address	183
specified in the agreement for cancellation.	184
(6) The body of the agreement includes all of the	185
following statements in at least twelve-point boldface type:	186
(a) "CONSUMER'S RIGHT TO CANCELLATION: YOU MAY CANCEL THIS	187
AGREEMENT WITHOUT PENALTY OR FURTHER OBLIGATION WITHIN TEN	188
BUSINESS DAYS AFTER THE FUNDING DATE IF YOU RETURN THE FULL	189

AMOUNT OF THE DISBURSED FUNDS TO [insert name of company]."	190
(b) "THE COMPANY HAS NO ROLE IN DECIDING WHETHER, WHEN,	191
AND HOW MUCH THE LEGAL CLAIM IS SETTLED FOR, HOWEVER, YOU OR	192
YOUR ATTORNEY MUST NOTIFY THE COMPANY OF THE OUTCOME OF THE	193
LEGAL CLAIM BY SETTLEMENT OR ADJUDICATION ON OR BEFORE THE	194
RESOLUTION DATE. THE COMPANY MAY SEEK UPDATED INFORMATION ABOUT	195
THE STATUS OF THE LEGAL CLAIM BUT IN NO EVENT SHALL THE COMPANY	196
ATTEMPT TO INTERFERE WITH, CONTROL, OR INFLUENCE THE INDEPENDENT	197
PROFESSIONAL JUDGMENT OF YOUR ATTORNEY IN THE HANDLING OF THE	198
LEGAL CLAIM OR ANY SETTLEMENT THEREOF."	199
(c) "THE FUNDED AMOUNT AND AGREED UPON CHARGES SHALL BE	200
PAID ONLY FROM THE PROCEEDS OF YOUR LEGAL CLAIM, AND SHALL BE	201
PAID ONLY TO THE EXTENT THAT THERE ARE AVAILABLE PROCEEDS FROM	202
YOUR LEGAL CLAIM. YOU WILL NOT OWE [insert name of company]	203
ANYTHING IF THERE ARE NO PROCEEDS FROM YOUR LEGAL CLAIM, UNLESS	204
YOU HAVE VIOLATED ANY MATERIAL TERM OF THIS AGREEMENT OR YOU	205
HAVE COMMITTED FRAUD AGAINST [insert name of company]."	206
(d) Immediately above the place on the agreement where the	207
consumer's signature is required: "DO NOT SIGN THIS AGREEMENT	208
BEFORE YOU READ IT COMPLETELY. DO NOT SIGN THIS AGREEMENT IF IT	209
CONTAINS ANY BLANK SPACES. YOU ARE ENTITLED TO A COMPLETELY	210
FILLED-IN COPY OF THIS AGREEMENT BEFORE YOU SIGN IT. BEFORE YOU	211
SIGN THIS AGREEMENT, YOU SHOULD OBTAIN THE ADVICE OF AN	212
ATTORNEY. DEPENDING ON THE CIRCUMSTANCES, YOU MAY WANT TO	213
CONSULT A TAX, PUBLIC OR PRIVATE BENEFIT PLANNING, OR FINANCIAL	214
PROFESSIONAL. YOU ACKNOWLEDGE THAT YOUR ATTORNEY IN THE LEGAL	215
CLAIM HAS PROVIDED NO TAX, PUBLIC OR PRIVATE BENEFIT PLANNING,	216
OR FINANCIAL ADVICE REGARDING THIS TRANSACTION. YOU FURTHER	217
ACKNOWLEDGE THAT YOUR ATTORNEY HAS EXPLAINED THE TERMS AND	218
CONDITIONS OF THIS AGREEMENT."	219

(7) The agreement contains a written acknowledgement by	220
the attorney retained by the consumer in the legal claim that	221
attests to all of the following:	222
(a) The attorney has reviewed the agreement and all	223
disclosures required by this section with the consumer.	224
discrosures required by this section with the consumer.	224
(b) The attorney is being paid on a contingency basis	225
pursuant to a written fee agreement.	226
(c) All proceeds of the legal claim will be disbursed via	227
the trust account of the attorney or a settlement fund	228
established to receive the proceeds of the legal claim on behalf	229
of the consumer.	230
(d) The attorney agrees to disburse funds from the legal_	231
claim and take any other steps necessary to ensure that the	232
terms of the consumer litigation funding agreement are	233
fulfilled.	234
(e) The attorney has not received a referral fee or other	235
consideration from the consumer litigation funding company in	236
connection with the consumer litigation funding, nor will the	237
attorney receive such a fee or other consideration in the	238
future.	239
(f) The attorney has provided no tax, public or private	240
benefit planning, or financial advice regarding this	241
transaction.	242
(B)(1) A violation of this section or section 1357.03 of	243
the Revised Code by a consumer litigation funding company	244
constitutes an unfair or deceptive act or practice in violation	245
of section 1345.02 of the Revised Code.	246
(2) A consumer injured by such a violation has a cause of	2.47

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action and is entitled to the same relief available to a	248
consumer under section 1345.09 of the Revised Code.	249
(3) All powers and remedies available to the attorney	250
general to enforce sections 1345.01 to 1345.13 of the Revised	251
Code are available to the attorney general to enforce this	252
section.	253
(C) In addition to remedies set forth in division (B) of	254
this section, any violation of this section, including omission	255
of the attorney acknowledgement required by division (A)(7) of	256
this section, renders the consumer litigation funding agreement	257
unenforceable by the company, the consumer, or any successor in	258
interest to the agreement. A consumer terminating the attorney	259
who made the acknowledgment required by division (A)(7) of this	260
section or retaining a new attorney with respect to the legal	261
claim does not, in itself, render the agreement unenforceable	262
under this division.	263
Sec. 1357.03. A consumer litigation funding company shall	264
not do any of the following:	265
(A) Pay or offer to pay a commission, referral fee, or	266
other form of consideration to any attorney, law firm, health	267
care provider, chiropractor, or physical therapist, or to any	268
employee or agent of the foregoing, for referring a consumer to	269
the company;	270
(B) Accept any commission, referral fee, rebate, or other	271
form of consideration from an attorney, law firm, health care	272
provider, chiropractor, or physical therapist, or from any	273
<pre>employee or agent of the foregoing;</pre>	274
(C) Purposefully advertise false or misleading information	275
regarding the company's products or services;	276

(D) Refer a consumer or potential consumer to a specific	277
attorney, law firm, medical provider, chiropractor, or physical	278
therapist, or to any employee or agent of the foregoing, except	279
that, if a consumer does not have legal representation, the	280
company may refer the consumer to a state or local lawyer	281
referral service operated by a bar association or nonprofit	282
organization, or a legal aid society, as defined in section	283
120.51 of the Revised Code;	284
(E) Fail to promptly supply copies of all complete	285
consumer litigation funding agreements to the consumer and the	286
attorney representing the consumer in the legal claim;	287
(F) Knowingly enter into a consumer litigation funding	288
agreement with a consumer for a legal claim respecting which the	289
consumer previously sold or assigned all or part of the	290
consumer's right to the proceeds, unless the company or the	291
consumer extinguishes the prior agreement by either repaying the	292
entire disbursed amount plus any contracted fees, or paying a	293
lesser amount expressly agreed to, in writing, by the consumer	294
and all other parties to the prior agreement. More than one	295
company may agree, contemporaneously, to enter into a consumer	296
litigation funding agreement with the same consumer for the same	297
claim so long as the companies, the consumer, and the consumer's	298
attorney consent to the agreements in writing.	299
(G) Make or influence any decision with respect to the	300
conduct of the consumer's legal claim or the settlement or	301
resolution of that legal claim, including appointing or changing	302
counsel, choice or use of expert witnesses, litigation strategy,	303
and settlement or other resolution of the claim;	304
(H) Attempt to obtain a waiver of any remedy, including	305
compensatory, statutory, or punitive damages, to which the	306

<pre>consumer might otherwise be entitled;</pre>	
(I) Knowingly pay or offer to pay for court costs, filing	308
fees, or attorney's fees before, during, or after the resolution	309
of the legal claim;	310
(J) (1) Charge or collect from a consumer either of the	311
following in connection with a consumer litigation funding	312
<pre>agreement:</pre>	313
(a) A prepayment penalty or fee;	314
(b) Charges in excess of ten per cent of the funded amount	315
per year.	316
(2) Charges in excess of the amount specified in division	317
(J) (1) (b) of this section and prepayment penalties prohibited by	318
division (J)(1)(a) of this section are unenforceable.	319
(K) Enter into a consumer litigation finance agreement if	320
an attorney or a law firm retained by the consumer for the legal	321
claim on which the agreement is based has a financial or	322
<pre>ownership interest in the company.</pre>	323
Sec. 1357.04. (A) An attorney retained by a consumer in a	324
legal claim shall not disclose confidential or privileged	325
information to a consumer litigation funding company without	326
first obtaining written consent from the consumer and without	327
first ensuring that the disclosure is not prohibited by court	328
rules, a court order, or the rules of professional conduct	329
adopted by the supreme court.	330
(B)(1) Within thirty days after receiving a written	331
request from any party to the legal claim or an insurer that has	332
a duty to defend any party to the legal claim, the consumer	333
shall disclose to that party or insurer whether the consumer has	334

entered into a consumer litigation funding agreement.	335
(2) If a consumer enters into a consumer litigation	336
funding agreement pertaining to the action in question after	337
responding to a request under division (B)(1) of this section in	338
the negative, the consumer shall disclose that fact to the	339
requesting party or insurer within thirty days after the	340
<pre>consumer enters into the agreement.</pre>	341
(C) Consumer litigation funding agreements, and all	342
parties to such agreements, are presumed to be subject to	343
discovery in any civil proceeding, notwithstanding any contrary	344
provision of the agreement.	345
(D) Consumer litigation funding agreements disclosed under	346
divisions (A) and (B) of this section and consumer litigation	347
funding agreements discovered pursuant to division (C) of this	348
section are presumed to be inadmissible as evidence in a civil	349
<pre>proceeding.</pre>	350
(E) Communications between a consumer's attorney and a	351
consumer litigation funding company to allow the company to	352
ascertain the status or expected value of a legal claim are not	353
subject to discovery in any civil proceeding.	354
Sec. 1357.05. A consumer litigation funding agreement	355
places a lien on the proceeds of the consumer's legal claim that	356
supersedes all subsequently perfected liens on such proceeds	357
other than liens directly related to the legal claim and	358
expressly authorized by state or federal law, such as a lien for	359
attorneys fees, a lien by the department of medicaid under	360
section 5160.37 of the Revised Code, a medicare lien under 42	361
U.S.C. 1395y, or a workers' compensation lien under section	362
4123.931 of the Revised Code.	363

Sec. 1357.06. (A) No consumer litigation funding company	364
shall enter into a consumer litigation financing agreement with	365
a person or entity that is not domiciled in the United States or	366
respecting a legal claim that is financed, directly or	367
indirectly, by a person or entity not domiciled in the United	368
States.	369
(B) No commercial litigation financier shall enter into a	370
commercial litigation financing agreement with a person or	371
entity that is not domiciled in the United States or respecting	372
a legal claim that is financed, directly or indirectly, by a	373
person or entity not domiciled in the United States.	374
(C) The general assembly declares its intent in enacting	375
this section is to achieve the legitimate state interest of	376
protecting due process rights for all litigants in the courts of	377
this state by addressing the grave risk posed by foreign actors	378
that seek to interfere with those courts by supporting meritless	379
cases, overwhelming dockets, and profiting from litigation.	380
Sec. 1357.07. (A) No claimant, attorney or law firm	381
representing a claimant, or affiliated attorney or law firm	382
shall disclose or share any documents or information with a	383
commercial litigation financier that are subject to a protective	384
or sealing order from a court.	385
(B) A commercial litigation financier shall not make any	386
decision, have any influence, or direct any decisions with	387
respect to the course of a legal claim, including decisions in	388
appointing or changing counsel, choice or use of expert	389
witnesses, litigation strategy, and settlement or other	390
resolution.	391
(C) A claimant or the claimant's attorney shall, without	392

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awaiting a discovery request, provide any commercial litigation	393
financing agreement at the time a legal claim is asserted or	394
commenced and any time thereafter that a commercial litigation	395
financing agreement is executed or amended, to both of the	396
<pre>following:</pre>	397
(1) All named parties to the legal claim;	398
(2) All insurers that have or may have a potential duty to	399
defend or indemnify a named party to the legal claim.	400
Sec. 1357.08. The attorney general may file a complaint	401
seeking any equitable remedy, including barring a commercial	402
litigation financier from doing business in Ohio, if the	403
commercial litigation financier is found by a court of competent	404
jurisdiction to have violated this chapter.	405
Section 2. That section 1349.55 of the Revised Code is	406
hereby repealed.	407