As Reported by the Senate Local Government Committee

136th General Assembly Regular Session 2025-2026

Am. S. B. No. 101

Senator Blessing

A BILL

To amend sections 3123.67, 4123.78, 4141.23,	1
5301.071, 5301.255, 5719.04, 5739.13, 5747.13,	2
and 5749.07 of the Revised Code to require	3
certain liens filed with the county recorder to	4
set forth the last known address of the lien	5
debtor and to require a memorandum of trust or	6
other qualifying instrument concerning real	7
property to be recorded.	8

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 3123.67, 4123.78, 4141.23,	9
5301.071, 5301.255, 5719.04, 5739.13, 5747.13, and 5749.07 of	10
the Revised Code be amended to read as follows:	11

Sec. 3123.67. The amount of the arrearage due under the 12 support order determined to be in default pursuant to sections 13 3123.01 to 3123.07 of the Revised Code, and any amounts due for 14 current support that become an arrearage after the date the 15 default determination was made, shall be a lien against all 16 personal property, including after-acquired property, of the 17 obligor that is situated in this state. The lien may be filed 18 with the county recorder in each county of the state in which 19

the personal property is located. The amount of the arrearage 20 due under the support order determined to be in default and any 21 amounts due for current support that become an arrearage after 22 the date the default determination was made, shall be a lien 23 against real property, including after-acquired property, of the 24 obligor after the lien is filed with a county recorder of this 2.5 state in which the real property is located. A lien may be filed 26 with the county recorder in each county of the state in which 27 real property of the obligor is located. Any lien filed under 28 this section shall include the last known address of the 29 obligor, without further inquiry or investigation, that is not a 30 post office box. In recording the lien, if registered land is 31 involved, the county recorder shall take all necessary action 32 required by Chapter 5309. of the Revised Code. The county 33 recorder may be compensated for liens filed under this section 34 pursuant to the development of unit costs that are reimbursed 35 under the provider contract entered into pursuant to Title IV-D 36 of the "Social Security Act," 88 Stat. 2351 (1975), 42 U.S.C. 37 651, as amended. 38

Sec. 4123.78. If any employer fails to comply with section 39 4123.35 of the Revised Code in accordance with the rules of the 40 administrator of workers' compensation, the administrator shall 41 file with the county recorder of any counties in which the 42 employer's property is located, -its- a certificate of-containing 43 the employer's name, last known address, and the amount of 44 premium due from the employer, and that amount shall be a lien 45 from the date of filing against the real property and personal 46 property of the employer within the county in which the 47 certificate is filed. The county recorder shall record and index 48 the certificate in the official record. The county recorder 49 shall make no charge for the services provided by this section 50

to be performed by the county recorder.

Sec. 4141.23. (A) Contributions shall accrue and become 52 payable by each employer for each calendar year or other period 53 as prescribed by this chapter. Such contributions become due and 54 shall be paid by each employer to the director of job and family 55 services for the unemployment compensation fund in accordance 56 with such regulations as the director prescribes, and shall not 57 be deducted, in whole or in part, from the remuneration of 58 individuals in the employer's employ. 59

In the payment of any contributions, a fractional part of a dollar may be disregarded unless it amounts to fifty cents or more, in which case it may be increased to the next higher dollar.

(B) (1) Any contribution or payment in lieu ofcontribution, due from an employer on or before December 31,1992, shall, if not paid when due, bear interest at the rate often per cent per annum. In such computation any fraction of amonth shall be considered as a full month.

(2) Any contribution, payment in lieu of contribution,
interest, forfeiture, or fine due from an employer on or after
January 1, 1993, shall, if not paid when due, bear interest at
the annual rate of fourteen per cent compounded monthly on the
aggregate receivable balance due. In such computation any
fraction of a month shall be considered as a full month.

(C) The director may waive the interest assessed under
division (B)(2) of this section if the employer meets all of the
following conditions within thirty days after the date the
director mails or delivers the notice of assessment of interest:

(1) Provides to the director a written request for a

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waiver of interest clearly demonstrating that the employer's 80
failure to timely pay contributions, payments in lieu of 81
contributions, interest, forfeiture, and fines was a result of 82
circumstances beyond the control of the employer or the 83
employer's agent, except that negligence on the part of the 84
employer or the employer's agent shall not be considered beyond 85
the control of the employer or the employer's agent; 86

(2) Furnishes to the director all quarterly reports87required under section 4141.20 of the Revised Code;88

(3) Pays in full all contributions, payments in lieu of
contributions, interest, forfeiture, and fines for each quarter
for which such payments are due.
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The director shall deny an employer's request for a waiver of interest after finding that the employer's failure to timely furnish reports or make payments as required under this chapter was due to an attempt to evade payment.

(D) Any contribution, interest, forfeiture, or fine 96 required to be paid under this chapter by any employer shall, if 97 not paid when due, become a lien upon the real and personal 98 property of such employer. Upon failure of such employer to pay 99 the contributions, interest, forfeiture, or fine required to be 100 paid under this chapter, the director shall file notice of such 101 lien, containing the employer's name and last known address, for 102 which there shall be no charge, in the office of the county 103 recorder of the county in which it is ascertained that such 104 employer owns real estate or personal property. The director 105 shall notify the employer by mail of the lien. The absence of 106 proof that the notice was sent does not affect the validity of 107 the lien. Such lien shall not be valid as against the claim of 108 any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, judgment creditor, or other 109

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lienholder of record at the time such notice is filed.

If the employer acquires real or personal property after 111 notice of lien is filed, such lien shall not be valid as against 112 the claim of any mortgagee, pledgee, subsequent bona fide 113 purchaser for value, judgment creditor, or other lienholder of 114 record to such after-acquired property, unless the notice of 115 lien is refiled after such property was acquired by the employer 116 and before the competing lien attached to such after-acquired 117 property or before the conveyance to such subsequent bona fide 118 119 purchaser for value.

Such a notice shall be recorded in the county recorder's 120 official records and indexed in the direct and reverse indexes 121 under the name of the employer. When such unpaid contributions, 122 interest, forfeiture, or fines have been paid, the employer may 123 record with the county recorder of the county in which such 124 notice of lien has been filed and recorded, notice of such 125 payment, and the notice of payment shall be recorded in the 126 county recorder's official records and indexed in the direct and 127 reverse indexes. For recording the notice of payment, the county 128 129 recorder shall charge and receive from the employer a base fee of two dollars for services and a housing trust fund fee of two 130 dollars pursuant to section 317.36 of the Revised Code. 131

(E) Notwithstanding other provisions in this section, the 132 director may reduce, in whole or in part, the amount of 133 interest, forfeiture, or fines required to be paid under this 134 chapter if the director determines that the reduction is in the 135 best interest of the unemployment compensation fund. 136

(F) Assessment of contributions shall not be made after 137 four years from the date on which such contributions became 138 payable, and no action in court for the collection of 139

contributions without assessment of such contributions shall be 140 begun after the expiration of five years from the date such 141 contributions became payable. In case of a false or fraudulent 142 report or of a willful attempt in any manner to evade 143 contributions, such contributions may be assessed or a 144 proceeding in court for the collection of such contributions may 145 be begun without assessment at any time. When the assessment of 146 contributions has been made within such four-year period 147 provided, action in court to collect such contributions may be 148 begun within, but not later than, six years after such 149 150 assessment.

(G) In the event of a distribution of an employer's assets, pursuant to an order of any court under the law of this state, including any receivership, assignment for benefit of creditors, adjudicated insolvency, or similar proceedings, contributions, interest, forfeiture, or fine then or thereafter due have the same priority as provided by law for the payment of taxes due the state and shall be paid out of the trust fund in the same manner as provided for other claims for unpaid taxes due the state.

(H) If the attorney general finds after investigation that any claim for delinquent contributions, interest, forfeitures, or fines owing to the director is uncollectible, in whole or in part, the attorney general shall recommend to the director the cancellation of such claim or any part thereof. The director may thereupon effect such cancellation.

Sec. 5301.071. No instrument conveying real property, or 166 any interest in real property, and of record in the office of 167 the county recorder of the county within this state in which 168 that real property is situated shall be considered defective nor 169

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shall the validity of that conveyance be affected because of any	170			
of the following:	171			
(A) The dower interest of the spouse of any grantor was	172			
not specifically released, but that spouse executed the	173			
instrument in the manner provided in section 5301.01 of the				
Revised Code.	175			
(B) The officer taking the acknowledgment of the	176			
instrument having an official seal did not affix that seal to	177			
the certificate of acknowledgment.	178			
(C) The certificate of acknowledgment is not on the same	179			
sheet of paper as the instrument.	180			
(D) The executor, administrator, guardian, assignee,	181			
attorney in fact, or trustee making the instrument signed or	182			
acknowledged the same individually instead of in a	183			
representative or official capacity.	184			
(E)(1) The grantor or grantee of the instrument is a trust	185			
rather than the trustee or trustees of the trust if the trust	186			
named as grantor or grantee has been duly created under the laws	187			
of the state of its existence at the time of the conveyance and	188			
a memorandum of trust that complies with section 5301.255 of the	189			
Revised Code and contains a description of the real property	190			
conveyed by that instrument is recorded in the office of the	191			
county recorder in which the instrument of conveyance is	192			
recorded. Upon compliance with division (E)(1) of this section,	193			
a conveyance to <u>or from</u> a trust shall be considered to be a	194			
conveyance to or from the trustee or trustees of the trust in	195			
furtherance of the manifest intention of the parties.	196			
(2) Except as otherwise provided in division (E)(2) of	197			

(2) Except as otherwise provided in division (E)(2) of 197 this section, division (E)(1) of this section shall be given 198

retroactive effect to the fullest extent permitted under section 199 28 of Article II, Ohio Constitution. Division (E) of this 200 section shall not be given retroactive or curative effect if to 201 do so would invalidate or supersede any instrument that conveys 202 real property, or any interest in the real property, recorded in 203 the office of the county recorder in which that real property is 204 situated prior to the date of recording of a curative memorandum 205 of trust or March 22, 2012, whichever event occurs later. 206

(F) A memorandum of understanding or other instrument207complying with division (A) of section 5301.255 of the Revised208Code is not recorded as required by that section, so long as the209instrument from a trustee or trust as grantor, conveying or210encumbering any interest in the real property has been of record211for more than four years.212

Sec. 5301.255. (A) A memorandum of trust <u>or other</u> <u>instrument</u> that satisfies both of the following <u>may_shall_be</u> <u>presented for recordation_of record when any interest in real</u> <u>property is conveyed by or to the trustee of a disclosed trust,</u> <u>and in circumstances other than the conveyance of real property</u> <u>may be presented, in the office of the county recorder of any</u> county in which real property that is subject to the trust is located:

(1) The memorandum instrument shall be executed by the
 trustee of the trust and acknowledged by the trustee of the
 trust in accordance with section 5301.01 of the Revised Code.

(2) The <u>memorandum_instrument</u> shall state all of the 224 following: 225

(a) The name and address of the trustee of the trust; 226

(b) The date of execution of the trust;

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(c) The powers specified in the trust relative to the	228
acquisition, sale, or encumbering of real property by the	229
trustee or the conveyance of real property by the trustee, and	230
any restrictions upon those powers.	231
(B) A memorandum of trust An instrument that satisfies	232
divisions (A)(1) and (2) of this section also may set forth the	233
substance or actual text of provisions of the trust that are not	234
described in those divisions.	235
(C) A memorandum of trust An instrument that satisfies	236
divisions (A)(1) and (2) of this section shall constitute notice	237
only of the information contained in it.	238
(D) Upon the presentation for recordation of a memorandum	239
of trust an instrument that satisfies divisions (A)(1) and (2)	240
of this section and the payment of the requisite fee prescribed	241
in section 317.32 of the Revised Code, a county recorder shall	242
record_either:	243
(1) Record the memorandum of trust instrument in the	244
official records described in division (A)(17) of section 317.08	245
of the Revised Code, if the memorandum of trust instrument	246
describes specific real property $\overline{- \text{ or } \underline{\cdot}}$	247
(2) Record the instrument in the official records	248
described in division (A)(23) of that section 317.08 of the	249
Revised Code, if the memorandum of trust_instrument_does not	250
describe specific real property.	251
Sec. 5719.04. (A) Immediately after each settlement	252
required by division (D) of section 321.24 of the Revised Code,	253
the county auditor shall make a tax list and duplicates thereof	254
of all general personal and classified property taxes remaining	255

unpaid, as shown by the county treasurer's books and the list of

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taxes returned as delinquent by the treasurer to the auditor at such settlement. The county auditor shall also include in such list all taxes assessed by the tax commissioner pursuant to law which were not charged upon the tax lists and duplicates on which such settlements were made nor previously charged upon a delinquent tax list and duplicates pursuant to this section, but the auditor shall not include taxes specifically excepted from collection pursuant to section 5711.32 of the Revised Code. Such tax list and duplicates shall contain the name of the person charged, the last known address of the person charged, and the amount of such taxes, and the penalty, due and unpaid, and shall

shall deliver one such duplicate to the treasurer on the first270day of December, annually. Upon receipt of the duplicate the271treasurer may prepare and mail tax bills to all persons charged272with such delinquent taxes. Each bill shall include a notice273that the interest charge prescribed by section 5719.041 of the274Revised Code has begun to accrue.275

set forth separately the amount charged or chargeable on the

general and on the classified list and duplicate. The auditor

The auditor shall cause a copy of the delinquent personal 276 and classified property tax list and duplicate provided for in 277 this division to be published twice within sixty days after 278 delivery of such duplicate to the treasurer in a newspaper of 279 general circulation in the county. The newspaper shall meet the 280 requirements of section 7.12 of the Revised Code. The auditor 281 may publish the tax list on a preprinted insert in the 282 newspaper. The cost of the second publication of the list shall 283 not exceed three-fourths of the cost of the first publication of 284 the list. 285

Before such publication, the auditor shall cause a display286notice of the forthcoming publication of such delinquent287

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personal and classified property tax list to be inserted once a 288 week for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general 289 circulation in the county. Copy for such display notice shall be 290 furnished by the auditor to the newspaper selected to publish 291 such delinquent tax lists simultaneously with the delivery of 292 the duplicate to the treasurer. Publication of the delinquent 293 lists may be made by a newspaper in installments, provided that 294 complete publication thereof is made twice during said sixty-day 295 period. 296

The office of the county treasurer shall be kept open to 297 receive the payment of delinquent general and classified 298 property taxes from the day of delivery of the duplicate thereof 299 until the final publication of the delinquent tax list. The name 300 of any taxpayer who, prior to seven days before either the first 301 or second publication of said list, pays such taxes in full or 302 enters into a delinquent tax contract to pay such taxes in 303 installments pursuant to section 5719.05 of the Revised Code 304 shall be stricken from such list, and the taxpayer's name shall 305 not be included in the list for that publication. 306

The other such duplicate, from which shall first be 307 eliminated the names of persons whose total liability for taxes 308 and penalty is less than one hundred dollars, shall be filed by 309 the auditor on the first day of December, annually, in the 310 office of the county recorder, and the same shall constitute a 311 notice of lien and operate as of the date of delivery as a lien 312 on the lands and tenements, vested legal interests therein, and 313 permanent leasehold estates of each person named therein having 314 such real estate in such county. Such notice of lien and such 315 lien shall not be valid as against any mortgagee, pledgee, 316 purchaser, or judgment creditor whose rights have attached prior 317 to the date of such delivery. Such duplicate shall be kept by 318

the county recorder in the official records, and indexed under 319 the name of the person charged with such tax. No fee shall be 320 charged by the county recorder for the services required under 321 this section. 322

The auditor shall add to the tax list made pursuant to 323 this section all such taxes omitted in a previous year when 324 assessed by the auditor or finally assessed by the tax 325 commissioner pursuant to law, and by proper certificates cause 326 the same to be added to the treasurer's delinquent tax duplicate 327 provided for in this section, and, in proper cases, file notice 328 of the lien with the recorder, as provided in this section. 329

If the authority making any assessment believes that the 330 collection of such taxes will be jeopardized by delay, such 331 assessing authority shall so certify on the assessment 332 certificate thereof, and the auditor shall include a certificate 333 of such jeopardy in the certificate given by the auditor to the 334 treasurer. In such event, the treasurer shall proceed 335 immediately to collect such taxes, and to enforce the collection 336 thereof by any means provided by law, and the treasurer may not 337 accept a tender of any part of such taxes; but the person or the 338 339 representatives of the person against whom such assessment is made may, in the event of an appeal to the tax commissioner 340 therefrom, obtain a stay of collection of the whole or any part 341 of the amount of such assessment by filing with the treasurer a 342 bond in an amount not exceeding double the amount as to which 343 the stay is desired, with such surety as the treasurer deems 344 necessary, conditioned upon the payment of the amount determined 345 to be due by the decision of the commissioner which has become 346 final, and further conditioned that if an appeal is not filed 347 within the period provided by law, the amount of collection 348 which is stayed by the bond will be paid on notice and demand of 349

the treasurer at any time after the expiration of such period.350The taxpayer may waive such stay as to the whole or any part of351the amount covered by the bond, and if as the result of such352waiver any part of the amount covered by the bond is paid, then353the bond shall be proportionately reduced on the request of the354taxpayer.355

(B) Immediately after each settlement required by division 356 (D) of section 321.24 of the Revised Code, the auditor shall 357 make a separate list and duplicate, prepared as prescribed in 358 359 division (A) of this section, of all general personal and classified property taxes that remain unpaid but are excepted 360 from collection pursuant to section 5711.32 of the Revised Code. 361 The duplicate of such list shall be delivered to the treasurer 362 at the time of delivery of the delinquent personal and 363 classified property tax duplicate. 364

Sec. 5739.13. (A) If any vendor collects the tax imposed 365 by or pursuant to section 5739.02, 5739.021, 5739.023, or 366 5739.026 of the Revised Code, and fails to remit the tax to the 367 state as prescribed, or on the sale of a motor vehicle, 368 369 watercraft, or outboard motor required to be titled, fails to remit payment to a clerk of a court of common pleas as provided 370 in section 1548.06 or 4505.06 of the Revised Code, the vendor 371 shall be personally liable for any tax collected and not 372 remitted. The tax commissioner may make an assessment against 373 such vendor based upon any information in the commissioner's 374 possession. 375

If any vendor fails to collect the tax or any consumer376fails to pay the tax imposed by or pursuant to section 5739.02,3775739.021, 5739.023, or 5739.026 of the Revised Code, on any378transaction subject to the tax, the vendor or consumer shall be379

personally liable for the amount of the tax applicable to the380transaction. The commissioner may make an assessment against381either the vendor or consumer, as the facts may require, based382upon any information in the commissioner's possession.383

An assessment against a vendor when the tax imposed by or 384 pursuant to section 5739.02, 5739.021, 5739.023, or 5739.026 of 385 the Revised Code has not been collected or paid, shall not 386 discharge the purchaser's or consumer's liability to reimburse 387 the vendor for the tax applicable to such transaction. 388

An assessment issued against either, pursuant to this 389 section, shall not be considered an election of remedies, nor a 390 bar to an assessment against the other for the tax applicable to 391 the same transaction, provided that no assessment shall be 392 issued against any person for the tax due on a particular 393 transaction if the tax on that transaction actually has been 394 paid by another. 395

The commissioner may make an assessment against any vendor 396 who fails to file a return or remit the proper amount of tax 397 398 required by this chapter, or against any consumer who fails to pay the proper amount of tax required by this chapter. When 399 information in the possession of the commissioner indicates that 400 the amount required to be collected or paid under this chapter 401 is greater than the amount remitted by the vendor or paid by the 402 consumer, the commissioner may audit a sample of the vendor's 403 sales or the consumer's purchases for a representative period, 404 to ascertain the per cent of exempt or taxable transactions or 405 the effective tax rate and may issue an assessment based on the 406 audit. The commissioner shall make a good faith effort to reach 407 agreement with the vendor or consumer in selecting a 408 409 representative sample.

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The commissioner may make an assessment, based on any410information in the commissioner's possession, against any person411who fails to file a return or remit the proper amount of tax412required by section 5739.102 of the Revised Code.413

The commissioner may issue an assessment on any 414 transaction for which any tax imposed under this chapter or 415 Chapter 5741. of the Revised Code was due and unpaid on the date 416 the vendor or consumer was informed by an agent of the tax 417 commissioner of an investigation or audit. If the vendor or 418 consumer remits any payment of the tax for the period covered by 419 the assessment after the vendor or consumer was informed of the 420 421 investigation or audit, the payment shall be credited against the amount of the assessment. 422

The commissioner shall give the party assessed written423notice of the assessment in the manner provided in section4245703.37 of the Revised Code. With the notice, the commissioner425shall provide instructions on how to petition for reassessment426and request a hearing on the petition.427

(B) Unless the party assessed files with the commissioner 428 within sixty days after service of the notice of assessment, 429 either personally or by certified mail, a written petition for 430 reassessment, signed by the party assessed or that party's 431 authorized agent having knowledge of the facts, the assessment 432 becomes final and the amount of the assessment is due from the 433 party assessed and payable to the treasurer of state and 434 remitted to the tax commissioner. The petition shall indicate 435 the objections of the party assessed, but additional objections 436 may be raised in writing if received by the commissioner prior 437 to the date shown on the final determination. If the petition 4.38 has been properly filed, the commissioner shall proceed under 439

section 5703.60 of the Revised Code.

(C) After an assessment becomes final, if any portion of 441 the assessment remains unpaid, including accrued interest, a 442 certified copy of the commissioner's entry making the assessment 443 final may be filed in the office of the clerk of the court of 444 common pleas in the county in which the place of business of the 445 party assessed is located or the county in which the party 446 assessed resides. Such filing shall include the party's name and 447 last known address. If the party assessed maintains no place of 448 business in this state and is not a resident of this state, the 449 certified copy of the entry may be filed in the office of the 450 clerk of the court of common pleas of Franklin county. 451

Immediately upon the filing of the entry, the clerk shall 452 enter a judgment for the state against the party assessed in the 453 amount shown on the entry. The judgment may be filed by the 454 clerk in a loose-leaf book entitled "special judgments for 455 state, county, and transit authority retail sales tax" or, if 456 appropriate, "special judgments for resort area excise tax," and 457 shall have the same effect as other judgments. Execution shall 458 4.59 issue upon the judgment upon the request of the tax commissioner, and all laws applicable to sales on execution 460 shall apply to sales made under the judgment except as otherwise 461 provided in this chapter. 462

If the assessment is not paid in its entirety within sixty 463 days after the date the assessment was issued, the portion of 464 the assessment consisting of tax due shall bear interest at the 465 rate per annum prescribed by section 5703.47 of the Revised Code 466 from the day the tax commissioner issues the assessment until 467 the assessment is paid or until it is certified to the attorney 468 general for collection under section 131.02 of the Revised Code, 469

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whichever comes first. If the unpaid portion of the assessment 470 is certified to the attorney general for collection, the entire 471 unpaid portion of the assessment shall bear interest at the rate 472 per annum prescribed by section 5703.47 of the Revised Code from 473 the date of certification until the date it is paid in its 474 entirety. Interest shall be paid in the same manner as the tax 475 and may be collected by issuing an assessment under this 476 section. 477

(D) All money collected by the tax commissioner under this
section shall be paid to the treasurer of state, and when paid
shall be considered as revenue arising from the taxes imposed by
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or pursuant to sections 5739.01 to 5739.31 of the Revised Code.

Sec. 5747.13. (A) If any employer collects the tax imposed by section 5747.02 or under Chapter 5748. of the Revised Code and fails to remit the tax as required by law, or fails to collect the tax, the employer is personally liable for any amount collected that the employer fails to remit, or any amount that the employer fails to collect. If any taxpayer fails to file a return or fails to pay the tax imposed by section 5747.02 or under Chapter 5748. of the Revised Code, the taxpayer is personally liable for the amount of the tax.

If any employer, taxpayer, qualifying entity, or electing 491 pass-through entity required to file a return under this chapter 492 fails to file the return within the time prescribed, files an 493 incorrect return, fails to remit the full amount of the taxes 494 due for the period covered by the return, or fails to remit any 495 additional tax due as a result of a reduction in the amount of 496 the credit allowed under division (B) of section 5747.05 of the 497 Revised Code together with interest on the additional tax within 498 the time prescribed by that division, the tax commissioner may 499

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make an assessment against any person liable for any deficiency500for the period for which the return is or taxes are due, based501upon any information in the commissioner's possession.502

An assessment issued against either the employer or the 503 taxpayer pursuant to this section shall not be considered an 504 election of remedies or a bar to an assessment against the other 505 for failure to report or pay the same tax. No assessment shall 506 be issued against any person if the tax actually has been paid 507 by another. 508

No assessment shall be made or issued against an employer, 509 a taxpayer, a qualifying entity, or an electing pass-through 510 entity more than four years after the final date the return 511 subject to assessment was required to be filed or the date the 512 return was filed, whichever is later. However, the commissioner 513 may assess any balance due as the result of a reduction in the 514 credit allowed under division (B) of section 5747.05 of the 515 Revised Code, including applicable penalty and interest, within 516 four years of the date on which the taxpayer reports a change in 517 either the portion of the taxpayer's adjusted gross income 518 519 subjected to an income tax or tax measured by income in another state or the District of Columbia, or the amount of liability 520 for an income tax or tax measured by income to another state or 521 the District of Columbia, as required by division (B)(4) of 522 section 5747.05 of the Revised Code. Such time limits may be 523 extended if both the employer, taxpayer, qualifying entity, or 524 electing pass-through entity and the commissioner consent in 525 writing to the extension or if an agreement waiving or extending 526 the time limits has been entered into pursuant to section 527 122.171 of the Revised Code. Any such extension shall extend the 528 four-year time limit in division (B) of section 5747.11 of the 529 Revised Code for the same period of time. There shall be no bar 530

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or limit to an assessment against an employer for taxes withheld 531 from employees and not remitted to the state, against an 532 employer, a taxpayer, a qualifying entity, or an electing passthrough entity that fails to file a return subject to assessment 534 as required by this chapter, or against an employer, a taxpayer, 535 a qualifying entity, or an electing pass-through entity that 536 files a fraudulent return. 537

The commissioner shall give the party assessed written538notice of the assessment in the manner provided in section5395703.37 of the Revised Code. With the notice, the commissioner540shall provide instructions on how to petition for reassessment541and request a hearing on the petition.542

(B) Unless the party assessed files with the tax 543 commissioner within sixty days after service of the notice of 544 assessment, either personally or by certified mail, a written 545 546 petition for reassessment, signed by the party assessed or that party's authorized agent having knowledge of the facts, the 547 assessment becomes final, and the amount of the assessment is 548 due and payable from the party assessed to the commissioner with 549 remittance made payable to the treasurer of state. The petition 550 shall indicate the objections of the party assessed, but 551 additional objections may be raised in writing if received by 552 the commissioner prior to the date shown on the final 553 554 determination. If the petition has been properly filed, the commissioner shall proceed under section 5703.60 of the Revised 555 Code. 556

(C) After an assessment becomes final, if any portion of
 the assessment remains unpaid, including accrued interest, a
 certified copy of the tax commissioner's entry making the
 assessment final may be filed in the office of the clerk of the

court of common pleas in the county in which the employer's, 561 taxpayer's, qualifying entity's, or electing pass-through 562 entity's place of business is located or the county in which the 563 party assessed resides. Such filing shall include the party's 564 name and last known address. If the party assessed is not a 565 resident of this state, the certified copy of the entry may be 566 filed in the office of the clerk of the court of common pleas of 567 Franklin county. 568

Immediately upon the filing of the entry, the clerk shall 569 enter a judgment against the party assessed in the amount shown 570 on the entry. The judgment shall be filed by the clerk in one of 571 two loose-leaf books, one entitled "special judgments for state 572 and school district income taxes," and the other entitled 573 "special judgments for qualifying entity and electing pass-574 through entity taxes." The judgment shall have the same effect 575 as other judgments. Execution shall issue upon the judgment upon 576 the request of the tax commissioner, and all laws applicable to 577 sales on execution shall apply to sales made under the judgment. 578

If the assessment is not paid in its entirety within sixty 579 580 days after the assessment was issued, the portion of the assessment consisting of tax due shall bear interest at the rate 581 per annum prescribed by section 5703.47 of the Revised Code from 582 the day the tax commissioner issues the assessment until it is 583 paid or until it is certified to the attorney general for 584 collection under section 131.02 of the Revised Code, whichever 585 comes first. If the unpaid portion of the assessment is 586 certified to the attorney general for collection, the entire 587 unpaid portion of the assessment shall bear interest at the rate 588 per annum prescribed by section 5703.47 of the Revised Code from 589 the date of certification until the date it is paid in its 590 entirety. Interest shall be paid in the same manner as the tax 591 section. 593 (D) All money collected under this section shall be 594 considered as revenue arising from the taxes imposed by this 595 chapter or Chapter 5733. or 5748. of the Revised Code, as 596 appropriate. 597 (E) If the party assessed files a petition for 598

and may be collected by the issuance of an assessment under this

reassessment under division (B) of this section, the person, on 599 or before the last day the petition may be filed, shall pay the 600 assessed amount, including assessed interest and assessed 601 penalties, if any of the following conditions exists: 602

(1) The person files a tax return reporting Ohio adjusted
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gross income, less the exemptions allowed by section 5747.025 of
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the Revised Code, in an amount less than one cent, and the
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reported amount is not based on the computations required under
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division (A) of section 5747.01 or section 5747.025 of the
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Revised Code.

(2) The person files a tax return that the tax
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commissioner determines to be incomplete, false, fraudulent, or
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frivolous.

(3) The person fails to file a tax return, and the basis612for this failure is not either of the following:613

(a) An assertion that the person has no nexus with this614state;615

(b) The computations required under division (A) of
section 5747.01 of the Revised Code or the application of
credits allowed under this chapter has the result that the
person's tax liability is less than one dollar and one cent.

(F) Notwithstanding the fact that a petition for
reassessment is pending, the petitioner may pay all or a portion
of the assessment that is the subject of the petition. The
acceptance of a payment by the treasurer of state does not
prejudice any claim for refund upon final determination of the
624
petition.

If upon final determination of the petition an error in 626 the assessment is corrected by the tax commissioner, upon 627 petition so filed or pursuant to a decision of the board of tax 628 629 appeals or any court to which the determination or decision has been appealed, so that the amount due from the party assessed 630 under the corrected assessment is less than the portion paid, 631 there shall be issued to the petitioner or to the petitioner's 632 assigns or legal representative a refund in the amount of the 633 overpayment as provided by section 5747.11 of the Revised Code, 634 with interest on that amount as provided by such section, 635 subject to section 5747.12 of the Revised Code. 636

Sec. 5749.07. (A) If any severer required by this chapter 637 to make and file returns and pay the tax levied by section 638 5749.02 of the Revised Code, or any severer or owner liable for 639 the amounts due under section 1509.50 of the Revised Code, fails 640 to make such return or pay such tax or amounts, the tax 641 commissioner may make an assessment against the severer or owner 642 based upon any information in the commissioner's possession. 643

No assessment shall be made or issued against any severer644for any tax imposed by section 5749.02 of the Revised Code or645against any severer or owner for any amount due under section6461509.50 of the Revised Code more than four years after the647return was due or was filed, whichever is later. This section648does not bar an assessment against a severer or owner who fails649

The commissioner shall give the party assessed written652notice of such assessment in the manner provided in section6535703.37 of the Revised Code. With the notice, the commissioner654shall provide instructions on how to petition for reassessment655and request a hearing on the petition.656

(B) Unless the party assessed files with the commissioner 657 within sixty days after service of the notice of assessment, 658 either personally or by certified mail, a written petition for 659 reassessment signed by the party assessed or that party's 660 authorized agent having knowledge of the facts, the assessment 661 becomes final and the amount of the assessment is due and 662 payable from the party assessed to the treasurer of state. The 663 petition shall indicate the objections of the party assessed, 664 but additional objections may be raised in writing if received 665 by the commissioner prior to the date shown on the final 666 determination. If the petition has been properly filed, the 667 commissioner shall proceed under section 5703.60 of the Revised 668 Code. 669

(C) After an assessment becomes final, if any portion of 670 the assessment remains unpaid, including accrued interest, a 671 certified copy of the commissioner's entry making the assessment 672 final may be filed in the office of the clerk of the court of 673 common pleas in the county in which the party assessed resides 674 or in which the party's business is conducted. Such filing shall 675 include the debtor's name and last known address. If the party 676 assessed maintains no place of business in this state and is not 677 a resident of this state, the certified copy of the entry may be 678 filed in the office of the clerk of the court of common pleas of 679

Franklin county.

Immediately upon the filing of such entry, the clerk shall 681 enter a judgment for the state against the party assessed in the 682 amount shown on the entry. The judgment may be filed by the 683 clerk in a loose-leaf book entitled "special judgments for state 684 severance tax," and shall have the same effect as other 685 judgments. Execution shall issue upon the judgment upon the 686 request of the commissioner, and all laws applicable to sales on 687 execution shall apply to sales made under the judgment. 688

If the assessment is not paid in its entirety within sixty 689 days after the day the assessment is issued, the portion of the 690 assessment consisting of tax due or amounts due under section 691 1509.50 of the Revised Code shall bear interest at the rate per 692 annum prescribed by section 5703.47 of the Revised Code from the 693 day the commissioner issues the assessment until it is paid or 694 until it is certified to the attorney general for collection 695 under section 131.02 of the Revised Code, whichever comes first. 696 If the unpaid portion of the assessment is certified to the 697 698 attorney general for collection, the entire unpaid portion of the assessment shall bear interest at the rate per annum 699 prescribed by section 5703.47 of the Revised Code from the date 700 of certification until the date it is paid in its entirety. 701 Interest shall be paid in the same manner as the tax and may be 702 collected by the issuance of an assessment under this section. 703

(D) All money collected by the commissioner under this
section shall be paid to the treasurer of state, and when paid
shall be considered as revenue arising from the tax imposed by
section 5749.02 of the Revised Code and the amount due under
section 1509.50 of the Revised Code, as applicable.

Section 2. That existing sections 3123.67, 4123.78, 709

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4141.23, 5301.071	, 5301.255, 5719.04,	5739.13, 5747.13,	and 710

711

5749.07 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.