### As Passed by the Senate

## 136th General Assembly

# Regular Session 2025-2026

Am. S. B. No. 101

#### **Senator Blessing**

Cosponsors: Senators Antonio, Blackshear, Cirino, Craig, DeMora, Gavarone, Hicks-Hudson, Huffman, Ingram, Manning, Patton, Reineke, Schaffer, Smith, Timken, Wilkin

## A BILL

То	amend sections 3123.67, 4123.78, 4141.23,	1
	5301.071, 5301.255, 5719.04, 5739.13, 5747.13,	2
	and 5749.07 of the Revised Code to require	3
	certain liens filed with the county recorder to	4
	set forth the last known address of the lien	5
	debtor and to require a memorandum of trust or	6
	other qualifying instrument concerning real	7
	property to be recorded.	8

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 3123.67, 4123.78, 4141.23,	9
5301.071, 5301.255, 5719.04, 5739.13, 5747.13, and 5749.07 of	10
the Revised Code be amended to read as follows:	11
Sec. 3123.67. The amount of the arrearage due under the	12
support order determined to be in default pursuant to sections	13
3123.01 to 3123.07 of the Revised Code, and any amounts due for	14
current support that become an arrearage after the date the	15
default determination was made, shall be a lien against all	16
nersonal property including after-acquired property of the	17

obligor that is situated in this state. The lien may be filed 18 with the county recorder in each county of the state in which 19 the personal property is located. The amount of the arrearage 20 due under the support order determined to be in default and any 21 amounts due for current support that become an arrearage after 2.2 the date the default determination was made, shall be a lien 2.3 against real property, including after-acquired property, of the 2.4 obligor after the lien is filed with a county recorder of this 25 state in which the real property is located. A lien may be filed 26 with the county recorder in each county of the state in which 27 real property of the obligor is located. Any lien filed under 28 this section shall include the last known address of the 29 obligor, without further inquiry or investigation, that is not a 30 post office box. In recording the lien, if registered land is 31 involved, the county recorder shall take all necessary action 32 required by Chapter 5309. of the Revised Code. The county 33 recorder may be compensated for liens filed under this section 34 pursuant to the development of unit costs that are reimbursed 3.5 under the provider contract entered into pursuant to Title IV-D 36 of the "Social Security Act," 88 Stat. 2351 (1975), 42 U.S.C. 37 651, as amended. 38

Sec. 4123.78. If any employer fails to comply with section 39 4123.35 of the Revised Code in accordance with the rules of the 40 administrator of workers' compensation, the administrator shall 41 file with the county recorder of any counties in which the 42 employer's property is located, -its- a certificate of-containing 43 the employer's name, last known address, and the amount of 44 premium due from the employer, and that amount shall be a lien 45 from the date of filing against the real property and personal 46 property of the employer within the county in which the 47 certificate is filed. The county recorder shall record and index 48

(2) Any contribution, payment in lieu of contribution, interest, forfeiture, or fine due from an employer on or after January 1, 1993, shall, if not paid when due, bear interest at the annual rate of fourteen per cent compounded monthly on the aggregate receivable balance due. In such computation any fraction of a month shall be considered as a full month.

month shall be considered as a full month.

(C) The director may waive the interest assessed under 75 division (B)(2) of this section if the employer meets all of the 76 following conditions within thirty days after the date the 77

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director mails or delivers the notice of assessment of interest:	78
(1) Provides to the director a written request for a	79
waiver of interest clearly demonstrating that the employer's	80
failure to timely pay contributions, payments in lieu of	81
contributions, interest, forfeiture, and fines was a result of	82
circumstances beyond the control of the employer or the	83
employer's agent, except that negligence on the part of the	84
employer or the employer's agent shall not be considered beyond	85
the control of the employer or the employer's agent;	86
(2) Furnishes to the director all quarterly reports	87
required under section 4141.20 of the Revised Code;	88
(3) Pays in full all contributions, payments in lieu of	89
contributions, interest, forfeiture, and fines for each quarter	90
for which such payments are due.	91
The director shall deny an employer's request for a waiver	92
of interest after finding that the employer's failure to timely	93
furnish reports or make payments as required under this chapter	94
was due to an attempt to evade payment.	95
(D) Any contribution, interest, forfeiture, or fine	96
required to be paid under this chapter by any employer shall, if	97
not paid when due, become a lien upon the real and personal	98
property of such employer. Upon failure of such employer to pay	99
the contributions, interest, forfeiture, or fine required to be	100
paid under this chapter, the director shall file notice of such	101
lien, containing the employer's name and last known address, for	102
which there shall be no charge, in the office of the county	103
recorder of the county in which it is ascertained that such	104
employer owns real estate or personal property. The director	105

shall notify the employer by mail of the lien. The absence of

proof that the notice was sent does not affect the validity of the lien. Such lien shall not be valid as against the claim of any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, judgment creditor, or other lienholder of record at the time such notice is filed.

If the employer acquires real or personal property after notice of lien is filed, such lien shall not be valid as against the claim of any mortgagee, pledgee, subsequent bona fide purchaser for value, judgment creditor, or other lienholder of record to such after-acquired property, unless the notice of lien is refiled after such property was acquired by the employer and before the competing lien attached to such after-acquired property or before the conveyance to such subsequent bona fide purchaser for value.

Such a notice shall be recorded in the county recorder's official records and indexed in the direct and reverse indexes under the name of the employer. When such unpaid contributions, interest, forfeiture, or fines have been paid, the employer may record with the county recorder of the county in which such notice of lien has been filed and recorded, notice of such payment, and the notice of payment shall be recorded in the county recorder's official records and indexed in the direct and reverse indexes. For recording the notice of payment, the county recorder shall charge and receive from the employer a base fee of two dollars for services and a housing trust fund fee of two dollars pursuant to section 317.36 of the Revised Code.

(E) Notwithstanding other provisions in this section, the director may reduce, in whole or in part, the amount of interest, forfeiture, or fines required to be paid under this chapter if the director determines that the reduction is in the best interest of the unemployment compensation fund.

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- (F) Assessment of contributions shall not be made after 137 four years from the date on which such contributions became 138 payable, and no action in court for the collection of 139 contributions without assessment of such contributions shall be 140 begun after the expiration of five years from the date such 141 contributions became payable. In case of a false or fraudulent 142 143 report or of a willful attempt in any manner to evade contributions, such contributions may be assessed or a 144 proceeding in court for the collection of such contributions may 145 be begun without assessment at any time. When the assessment of 146 contributions has been made within such four-year period 147 provided, action in court to collect such contributions may be 148 begun within, but not later than, six years after such 149 assessment. 150
- (G) In the event of a distribution of an employer's assets, pursuant to an order of any court under the law of this state, including any receivership, assignment for benefit of creditors, adjudicated insolvency, or similar proceedings, contributions, interest, forfeiture, or fine then or thereafter due have the same priority as provided by law for the payment of taxes due the state and shall be paid out of the trust fund in the same manner as provided for other claims for unpaid taxes due the state.
- (H) If the attorney general finds after investigation that

  any claim for delinquent contributions, interest, forfeitures,

  or fines owing to the director is uncollectible, in whole or in

  part, the attorney general shall recommend to the director the

  cancellation of such claim or any part thereof. The director may

  thereupon effect such cancellation.
  - Sec. 5301.071. No instrument conveying real property, or

any interest in real property, and of record in the office of
the county recorder of the county within this state in which
that real property is situated shall be considered defective nor
shall the validity of that conveyance be affected because of any
of the following:

- (A) The dower interest of the spouse of any grantor was 172 not specifically released, but that spouse executed the 173 instrument in the manner provided in section 5301.01 of the 174 Revised Code.
- (B) The officer taking the acknowledgment of theinstrument having an official seal did not affix that seal tothe certificate of acknowledgment.
- (C) The certificate of acknowledgment is not on the same 179 sheet of paper as the instrument.
- (D) The executor, administrator, guardian, assignee,

  attorney in fact, or trustee making the instrument signed or

  acknowledged the same individually instead of in a

  representative or official capacity.

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- (E)(1) The grantor or grantee of the instrument is a trust 185 rather than the trustee or trustees of the trust if the trust 186 named as grantor or grantee has been duly created under the laws 187 of the state of its existence at the time of the conveyance and 188 a memorandum of trust that complies with section 5301.255 of the 189 Revised Code and contains a description of the real property 190 conveyed by that instrument is recorded in the office of the 191 county recorder in which the instrument of conveyance is 192 recorded. Upon compliance with division (E)(1) of this section, 193 a conveyance to or from a trust shall be considered to be a 194 conveyance to or from the trustee or trustees of the trust in 195

furtherance of the manifest intention of the parties. 196 (2) Except as otherwise provided in division (E)(2) of 197 this section, division (E)(1) of this section shall be given 198 retroactive effect to the fullest extent permitted under section 199 28 of Article II, Ohio Constitution. Division (E) of this 200 section shall not be given retroactive or curative effect if to 201 do so would invalidate or supersede any instrument that conveys 202 real property, or any interest in the real property, recorded in 203 the office of the county recorder in which that real property is 204 situated prior to the date of recording of a curative memorandum 205 of trust or March 22, 2012, whichever event occurs later. 206 207 (F) A memorandum of understanding or other instrument complying with division (A) of section 5301.255 of the Revised 208 Code is not recorded as required by that section, so long as the 209 instrument from a trustee or trust as grantor, conveying or 210 encumbering any interest in the real property has been of record 211 for more than four years. 212 Sec. 5301.255. (A) A memorandum of trust or other 213 instrument that satisfies both of the following may shall be 214 presented for recordation of record when any interest in real 215 property is conveyed by or to the trustee of a disclosed trust, 216 and in circumstances other than the conveyance of real property 217 may be presented, in the office of the county recorder of any 218 county in which real property that is subject to the trust is 219 located: 220 (1) The memorandum—instrument shall be executed by the 221 trustee of the trust and acknowledged by the trustee of the 222 trust in accordance with section 5301.01 of the Revised Code. 223

(2) The memorandum—instrument shall state all of the

Sec. 5719.04. (A) Immediately after each settlement

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required by division (D) of section 321.24 of the Revised Code,	253
the county auditor shall make a tax list and duplicates thereof	254
of all general personal and classified property taxes remaining	255
unpaid, as shown by the county treasurer's books and the list of	256
taxes returned as delinquent by the treasurer to the auditor at	257
such settlement. The county auditor shall also include in such	258
list all taxes assessed by the tax commissioner pursuant to law	259
which were not charged upon the tax lists and duplicates on	260
which such settlements were made nor previously charged upon a	261
delinquent tax list and duplicates pursuant to this section, but	262
the auditor shall not include taxes specifically excepted from	263
collection pursuant to section 5711.32 of the Revised Code. Such	264
tax list and duplicates shall contain the name of the person	265
charged, the last known address of the person charged, and the	266
amount of such taxes, and the penalty, due and unpaid, and shall	267
set forth separately the amount charged or chargeable on the	268
general and on the classified list and duplicate. The auditor	269
shall deliver one such duplicate to the treasurer on the first	270
day of December, annually. Upon receipt of the duplicate the	271
treasurer may prepare and mail tax bills to all persons charged	272
with such delinquent taxes. Each bill shall include a notice	273
that the interest charge prescribed by section 5719.041 of the	274
Revised Code has begun to accrue.	275

The auditor shall cause a copy of the delinquent personal 276 and classified property tax list and duplicate provided for in 277 this division to be published twice within sixty days after 278 delivery of such duplicate to the treasurer in a newspaper of 279 general circulation in the county. The newspaper shall meet the 280 requirements of section 7.12 of the Revised Code. The auditor 281 may publish the tax list on a preprinted insert in the 282 newspaper. The cost of the second publication of the list shall 283

not	exceed	three-fourths	of	the	cost	of	the	first	publication	of	284
the	list.										285

Before such publication, the auditor shall cause a display 286 notice of the forthcoming publication of such delinquent 287 personal and classified property tax list to be inserted once a 288 week for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general 289 circulation in the county. Copy for such display notice shall be 290 furnished by the auditor to the newspaper selected to publish 291 such delinquent tax lists simultaneously with the delivery of 292 293 the duplicate to the treasurer. Publication of the delinquent lists may be made by a newspaper in installments, provided that 294 complete publication thereof is made twice during said sixty-day 295 period. 296

The office of the county treasurer shall be kept open to 297 receive the payment of delinquent general and classified 298 property taxes from the day of delivery of the duplicate thereof 299 until the final publication of the delinquent tax list. The name 300 of any taxpayer who, prior to seven days before either the first 301 or second publication of said list, pays such taxes in full or 302 303 enters into a delinquent tax contract to pay such taxes in installments pursuant to section 5719.05 of the Revised Code 304 shall be stricken from such list, and the taxpayer's name shall 305 not be included in the list for that publication. 306

The other such duplicate, from which shall first be

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eliminated the names of persons whose total liability for taxes
and penalty is less than one hundred dollars, shall be filed by
the auditor on the first day of December, annually, in the
office of the county recorder, and the same shall constitute a
notice of lien and operate as of the date of delivery as a lien
on the lands and tenements, vested legal interests therein, and
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permanent leasehold estates of each person named therein having	31
such real estate in such county. Such notice of lien and such	31
lien shall not be valid as against any mortgagee, pledgee,	31
purchaser, or judgment creditor whose rights have attached prior	31
to the date of such delivery. Such duplicate shall be kept by	31
the county recorder in the official records, and indexed under	31
the name of the person charged with such tax. No fee shall be	32
charged by the county recorder for the services required under	32
this section.	32

The auditor shall add to the tax list made pursuant to this section all such taxes omitted in a previous year when assessed by the auditor or finally assessed by the tax commissioner pursuant to law, and by proper certificates cause the same to be added to the treasurer's delinquent tax duplicate provided for in this section, and, in proper cases, file notice of the lien with the recorder, as provided in this section.

If the authority making any assessment believes that the collection of such taxes will be jeopardized by delay, such assessing authority shall so certify on the assessment certificate thereof, and the auditor shall include a certificate of such jeopardy in the certificate given by the auditor to the treasurer. In such event, the treasurer shall proceed immediately to collect such taxes, and to enforce the collection thereof by any means provided by law, and the treasurer may not accept a tender of any part of such taxes; but the person or the representatives of the person against whom such assessment is made may, in the event of an appeal to the tax commissioner therefrom, obtain a stay of collection of the whole or any part of the amount of such assessment by filing with the treasurer a bond in an amount not exceeding double the amount as to which the stay is desired, with such surety as the treasurer deems 

necessary, conditioned upon the payment of the amount determined	345
to be due by the decision of the commissioner which has become	346
final, and further conditioned that if an appeal is not filed	347
within the period provided by law, the amount of collection	348
which is stayed by the bond will be paid on notice and demand of	349
the treasurer at any time after the expiration of such period.	350
The taxpayer may waive such stay as to the whole or any part of	351
the amount covered by the bond, and if as the result of such	352
waiver any part of the amount covered by the bond is paid, then	353
the bond shall be proportionately reduced on the request of the	354
taxpayer.	355

(B) Immediately after each settlement required by division 356 (D) of section 321.24 of the Revised Code, the auditor shall 357 make a separate list and duplicate, prepared as prescribed in 358 division (A) of this section, of all general personal and 359 classified property taxes that remain unpaid but are excepted 360 from collection pursuant to section 5711.32 of the Revised Code. 361 The duplicate of such list shall be delivered to the treasurer 362 at the time of delivery of the delinquent personal and 363 classified property tax duplicate. 364

Sec. 5739.13. (A) If any vendor collects the tax imposed 365 by or pursuant to section 5739.02, 5739.021, 5739.023, or 366 5739.026 of the Revised Code, and fails to remit the tax to the 367 state as prescribed, or on the sale of a motor vehicle, 368 watercraft, or outboard motor required to be titled, fails to 369 remit payment to a clerk of a court of common pleas as provided 370 in section 1548.06 or 4505.06 of the Revised Code, the vendor 371 shall be personally liable for any tax collected and not 372 remitted. The tax commissioner may make an assessment against 373 such vendor based upon any information in the commissioner's 374 possession. 375

If any vendor fails to collect the tax or any consumer 376 fails to pay the tax imposed by or pursuant to section 5739.02, 377 5739.021, 5739.023, or 5739.026 of the Revised Code, on any 378 transaction subject to the tax, the vendor or consumer shall be 379 personally liable for the amount of the tax applicable to the 380 transaction. The commissioner may make an assessment against 381 either the vendor or consumer, as the facts may require, based 382 upon any information in the commissioner's possession. 383

An assessment against a vendor when the tax imposed by or
pursuant to section 5739.02, 5739.021, 5739.023, or 5739.026 of
the Revised Code has not been collected or paid, shall not
discharge the purchaser's or consumer's liability to reimburse
the vendor for the tax applicable to such transaction.

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An assessment issued against either, pursuant to this

section, shall not be considered an election of remedies, nor a

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bar to an assessment against the other for the tax applicable to

the same transaction, provided that no assessment shall be

issued against any person for the tax due on a particular

transaction if the tax on that transaction actually has been

paid by another.

The commissioner may make an assessment against any vendor 396 who fails to file a return or remit the proper amount of tax 397 required by this chapter, or against any consumer who fails to 398 pay the proper amount of tax required by this chapter. When 399 information in the possession of the commissioner indicates that 400 the amount required to be collected or paid under this chapter 401 is greater than the amount remitted by the vendor or paid by the 402 consumer, the commissioner may audit a sample of the vendor's 403 sales or the consumer's purchases for a representative period, 404 to ascertain the per cent of exempt or taxable transactions or 405

the effective tax rate and may issue an assessment based on the	406
audit. The commissioner shall make a good faith effort to reach	407
agreement with the vendor or consumer in selecting a	408
representative sample.	409

The commissioner may make an assessment, based on any information in the commissioner's possession, against any person who fails to file a return or remit the proper amount of tax required by section 5739.102 of the Revised Code.

The commissioner may issue an assessment on any transaction for which any tax imposed under this chapter or Chapter 5741. of the Revised Code was due and unpaid on the date the vendor or consumer was informed by an agent of the tax commissioner of an investigation or audit. If the vendor or consumer remits any payment of the tax for the period covered by the assessment after the vendor or consumer was informed of the investigation or audit, the payment shall be credited against the amount of the assessment.

The commissioner shall give the party assessed written notice of the assessment in the manner provided in section 5703.37 of the Revised Code. With the notice, the commissioner shall provide instructions on how to petition for reassessment and request a hearing on the petition.

(B) Unless the party assessed files with the commissioner within sixty days after service of the notice of assessment, either personally or by certified mail, a written petition for reassessment, signed by the party assessed or that party's authorized agent having knowledge of the facts, the assessment becomes final and the amount of the assessment is due from the party assessed and payable to the treasurer of state and remitted to the tax commissioner. The petition shall indicate 

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the objections of the party assessed, but additional objections	436
may be raised in writing if received by the commissioner prior	437
to the date shown on the final determination. If the petition	438
has been properly filed, the commissioner shall proceed under	439
section 5703.60 of the Revised Code.	440

(C) After an assessment becomes final, if any portion of 441 the assessment remains unpaid, including accrued interest, a 442 certified copy of the commissioner's entry making the assessment 443 final may be filed in the office of the clerk of the court of 444 445 common pleas in the county in which the place of business of the party assessed is located or the county in which the party 446 assessed resides. Such filing shall include the party's name and 447 last known address. If the party assessed maintains no place of 448 business in this state and is not a resident of this state, the 449 certified copy of the entry may be filed in the office of the 450 clerk of the court of common pleas of Franklin county. 4.51

Immediately upon the filing of the entry, the clerk shall 452 enter a judgment for the state against the party assessed in the 453 amount shown on the entry. The judgment may be filed by the 454 clerk in a loose-leaf book entitled "special judgments for 455 state, county, and transit authority retail sales tax" or, if 456 appropriate, "special judgments for resort area excise tax," and 457 shall have the same effect as other judgments. Execution shall 458 issue upon the judgment upon the request of the tax 459 commissioner, and all laws applicable to sales on execution 460 shall apply to sales made under the judgment except as otherwise 461 provided in this chapter. 462

If the assessment is not paid in its entirety within sixty days after the date the assessment was issued, the portion of the assessment consisting of tax due shall bear interest at the

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rate per annum prescribed by section 5703.47 of the Revised Code	466
from the day the tax commissioner issues the assessment until	467
the assessment is paid or until it is certified to the attorney	468
general for collection under section 131.02 of the Revised Code,	469
whichever comes first. If the unpaid portion of the assessment	470
is certified to the attorney general for collection, the entire	471
unpaid portion of the assessment shall bear interest at the rate	472
per annum prescribed by section 5703.47 of the Revised Code from	473
the date of certification until the date it is paid in its	474
entirety. Interest shall be paid in the same manner as the tax	475
and may be collected by issuing an assessment under this	476
section.	477

(D) All money collected by the tax commissioner under this section shall be paid to the treasurer of state, and when paid shall be considered as revenue arising from the taxes imposed by or pursuant to sections 5739.01 to 5739.31 of the Revised Code.

Sec. 5747.13. (A) If any employer collects the tax imposed 482 by section 5747.02 or under Chapter 5748. of the Revised Code 483 and fails to remit the tax as required by law, or fails to 484 collect the tax, the employer is personally liable for any 485 amount collected that the employer fails to remit, or any amount 486 that the employer fails to collect. If any taxpayer fails to 487 file a return or fails to pay the tax imposed by section 5747.02 488 or under Chapter 5748. of the Revised Code, the taxpayer is 489 personally liable for the amount of the tax. 490

If any employer, taxpayer, qualifying entity, or electing pass-through entity required to file a return under this chapter fails to file the return within the time prescribed, files an incorrect return, fails to remit the full amount of the taxes due for the period covered by the return, or fails to remit any

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additional tax due as a result of a reduction in the amount of
the credit allowed under division (B) of section 5747.05 of the
Revised Code together with interest on the additional tax within
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the time prescribed by that division, the tax commissioner may
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make an assessment against any person liable for any deficiency
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for the period for which the return is or taxes are due, based
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upon any information in the commissioner's possession.
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An assessment issued against either the employer or the taxpayer pursuant to this section shall not be considered an election of remedies or a bar to an assessment against the other for failure to report or pay the same tax. No assessment shall be issued against any person if the tax actually has been paid by another.

No assessment shall be made or issued against an employer, 509 a taxpayer, a qualifying entity, or an electing pass-through 510 entity more than four years after the final date the return 511 subject to assessment was required to be filed or the date the 512 return was filed, whichever is later. However, the commissioner 513 may assess any balance due as the result of a reduction in the 514 credit allowed under division (B) of section 5747.05 of the 515 Revised Code, including applicable penalty and interest, within 516 four years of the date on which the taxpayer reports a change in 517 either the portion of the taxpayer's adjusted gross income 518 subjected to an income tax or tax measured by income in another 519 state or the District of Columbia, or the amount of liability 520 for an income tax or tax measured by income to another state or 521 the District of Columbia, as required by division (B)(4) of 522 section 5747.05 of the Revised Code. Such time limits may be 523 extended if both the employer, taxpayer, qualifying entity, or 524 electing pass-through entity and the commissioner consent in 525 writing to the extension or if an agreement waiving or extending 526

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the time limits has been entered into pursuant to section	527
122.171 of the Revised Code. Any such extension shall extend the	528
four-year time limit in division (B) of section 5747.11 of the	529
Revised Code for the same period of time. There shall be no bar	530
or limit to an assessment against an employer for taxes withheld	531
from employees and not remitted to the state, against an	532
employer, a taxpayer, a qualifying entity, or an electing pass-	533
through entity that fails to file a return subject to assessment	534
as required by this chapter, or against an employer, a taxpayer,	535
a qualifying entity, or an electing pass-through entity that	536
files a fraudulent return.	537

The commissioner shall give the party assessed written notice of the assessment in the manner provided in section 5703.37 of the Revised Code. With the notice, the commissioner shall provide instructions on how to petition for reassessment and request a hearing on the petition.

(B) Unless the party assessed files with the tax 543 commissioner within sixty days after service of the notice of 544 assessment, either personally or by certified mail, a written 545 petition for reassessment, signed by the party assessed or that 546 party's authorized agent having knowledge of the facts, the 547 assessment becomes final, and the amount of the assessment is 548 due and payable from the party assessed to the commissioner with 549 remittance made payable to the treasurer of state. The petition 550 shall indicate the objections of the party assessed, but 551 additional objections may be raised in writing if received by 552 the commissioner prior to the date shown on the final 553 determination. If the petition has been properly filed, the 554 commissioner shall proceed under section 5703.60 of the Revised 555 556 Code.

(C) After an assessment becomes final, if any portion of	557
the assessment remains unpaid, including accrued interest, a	558
certified copy of the tax commissioner's entry making the	559
assessment final may be filed in the office of the clerk of the	560
court of common pleas in the county in which the employer's,	561
taxpayer's, qualifying entity's, or electing pass-through	562
entity's place of business is located or the county in which the	563
party assessed resides. <u>Such filing shall include the party's</u>	564
name and last known address. If the party assessed is not a	565
resident of this state, the certified copy of the entry may be	566
filed in the office of the clerk of the court of common pleas of	567
Franklin county.	568

Immediately upon the filing of the entry, the clerk shall 569 enter a judgment against the party assessed in the amount shown 570 on the entry. The judgment shall be filed by the clerk in one of 571 two loose-leaf books, one entitled "special judgments for state 572 and school district income taxes," and the other entitled 573 "special judgments for qualifying entity and electing pass-574 through entity taxes." The judgment shall have the same effect 575 as other judgments. Execution shall issue upon the judgment upon 576 the request of the tax commissioner, and all laws applicable to 577 sales on execution shall apply to sales made under the judgment. 578

If the assessment is not paid in its entirety within sixty 579 days after the assessment was issued, the portion of the 580 assessment consisting of tax due shall bear interest at the rate 581 per annum prescribed by section 5703.47 of the Revised Code from 582 the day the tax commissioner issues the assessment until it is 583 paid or until it is certified to the attorney general for 584 collection under section 131.02 of the Revised Code, whichever 585 comes first. If the unpaid portion of the assessment is 586 certified to the attorney general for collection, the entire 587

unpaid portion of the assessment shall bear interest at the rate	588
per annum prescribed by section 5703.47 of the Revised Code from	589
the date of certification until the date it is paid in its	590
entirety. Interest shall be paid in the same manner as the tax	591
and may be collected by the issuance of an assessment under this	592
section.	593
(D) All money collected under this section shall be	594
considered as revenue arising from the taxes imposed by this	595
chapter or Chapter 5733. or 5748. of the Revised Code, as	596
appropriate.	597
(E) If the party assessed files a petition for	598
reassessment under division (B) of this section, the person, on	599
or before the last day the petition may be filed, shall pay the	600
assessed amount, including assessed interest and assessed	601
penalties, if any of the following conditions exists:	602
(1) The person files a tax return reporting Ohio adjusted	603
gross income, less the exemptions allowed by section 5747.025 of	604
the Revised Code, in an amount less than one cent, and the	605
reported amount is not based on the computations required under	606
division (A) of section 5747.01 or section 5747.025 of the	607
Revised Code.	608
(2) The person files a tax return that the tax	609
commissioner determines to be incomplete, false, fraudulent, or	610
frivolous.	611
(3) The person fails to file a tax return, and the basis	612
for this failure is not either of the following:	613
(a) An assertion that the person has no nexus with this	614
state;	615

(b) The computations required under division (A) of

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section 5747.01 of the Revised Code or the application of	617
credits allowed under this chapter has the result that the	618
person's tax liability is less than one dollar and one cent.	619
(F) Notwithstanding the fact that a petition for	620
reassessment is pending, the petitioner may pay all or a portion	621
of the assessment that is the subject of the petition. The	622
acceptance of a payment by the treasurer of state does not	623
prejudice any claim for refund upon final determination of the	624
petition.	625
If upon final determination of the petition an error in	626
the assessment is corrected by the tax commissioner, upon	627
petition so filed or pursuant to a decision of the board of tax	628
appeals or any court to which the determination or decision has	629
been appealed, so that the amount due from the party assessed	630
under the corrected assessment is less than the portion paid,	631
there shall be issued to the petitioner or to the petitioner's	632
assigns or legal representative a refund in the amount of the	633
overpayment as provided by section 5747.11 of the Revised Code,	634
with interest on that amount as provided by such section,	635
subject to section 5747.12 of the Revised Code.	636
Sec. 5749.07. (A) If any severer required by this chapter	637
to make and file returns and pay the tax levied by section	638
5749.02 of the Revised Code, or any severer or owner liable for	639
the amounts due under section 1509.50 of the Revised Code, fails	640
to make such return or pay such tax or amounts, the tax	641
commissioner may make an assessment against the severer or owner	642
based upon any information in the commissioner's possession.	643

No assessment shall be made or issued against any severer

for any tax imposed by section 5749.02 of the Revised Code or

against any severer or owner for any amount due under section

1509.50 of the Revised Code more than four years after the	647
return was due or was filed, whichever is later. This section	648
does not bar an assessment against a severer or owner who fails	649
to file a return as required by this chapter, or who files a	650
fraudulent return.	651

The commissioner shall give the party assessed written notice of such assessment in the manner provided in section 5703.37 of the Revised Code. With the notice, the commissioner shall provide instructions on how to petition for reassessment and request a hearing on the petition.

- (B) Unless the party assessed files with the commissioner within sixty days after service of the notice of assessment, either personally or by certified mail, a written petition for reassessment signed by the party assessed or that party's authorized agent having knowledge of the facts, the assessment becomes final and the amount of the assessment is due and payable from the party assessed to the treasurer of state. The petition shall indicate the objections of the party assessed, but additional objections may be raised in writing if received by the commissioner prior to the date shown on the final determination. If the petition has been properly filed, the commissioner shall proceed under section 5703.60 of the Revised Code.
- (C) After an assessment becomes final, if any portion of the assessment remains unpaid, including accrued interest, a certified copy of the commissioner's entry making the assessment final may be filed in the office of the clerk of the court of common pleas in the county in which the party assessed resides or in which the party's business is conducted. Such filing shall include the debtor's name and last known address. If the party

assessed maintains no place of business in this state and is not a resident of this state, the certified copy of the entry may be filed in the office of the clerk of the court of common pleas of Franklin county.

Immediately upon the filing of such entry, the clerk shall enter a judgment for the state against the party assessed in the amount shown on the entry. The judgment may be filed by the clerk in a loose-leaf book entitled "special judgments for state severance tax," and shall have the same effect as other judgments. Execution shall issue upon the judgment upon the request of the commissioner, and all laws applicable to sales on execution shall apply to sales made under the judgment.

If the assessment is not paid in its entirety within sixty days after the day the assessment is issued, the portion of the assessment consisting of tax due or amounts due under section 1509.50 of the Revised Code shall bear interest at the rate per annum prescribed by section 5703.47 of the Revised Code from the day the commissioner issues the assessment until it is paid or until it is certified to the attorney general for collection under section 131.02 of the Revised Code, whichever comes first. If the unpaid portion of the assessment is certified to the attorney general for collection, the entire unpaid portion of the assessment shall bear interest at the rate per annum prescribed by section 5703.47 of the Revised Code from the date of certification until the date it is paid in its entirety. Interest shall be paid in the same manner as the tax and may be collected by the issuance of an assessment under this section.

(D) All money collected by the commissioner under this section shall be paid to the treasurer of state, and when paid shall be considered as revenue arising from the tax imposed by

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section 5749.02 of the Revised Code and the amount due under	707
section 1509.50 of the Revised Code, as applicable.	708
Section 2. That existing sections 3123.67, 4123.78,	709
4141.23, 5301.071, 5301.255, 5719.04, 5739.13, 5747.13, and	710
5749.07 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	711