As Pending in the Senate Energy Committee

136th General Assembly Regular Session 2025-2026

Sub. S. B. No. 2

Senator Reineke

То	amend sections 303.213, 519.213, 713.081,	1
	4905.03, 4906.01, 4906.03, 4906.06, 4906.07,	2
	4906.10, 4909.04, 4909.05, 4909.052, 4909.06,	3
	4909.07, 4909.08, 4909.15, 4909.156, 4909.173,	4
	4909.174, 4909.18, 4909.19, 4909.191, 4909.42,	5
	4928.01, 4928.05, 4928.08, 4928.14, 4928.141,	6
	4928.142, 4928.144, 4928.17, 4928.20, 4928.23,	7
	4928.231, 4928.232, 4928.34, 4928.542, 4928.64,	8
	4928.645, 4929.20, 5727.01, 5727.031, 5727.06,	9
	5727.11, 5727.111, and 5727.75; to enact	10
	sections 122.161, 3706.51, 3706.52, 4903.27,	11
	4905.23, 4905.311, 4905.321, 4905.331, 4909.041,	12
	4909.042, 4909.181, 4909.192, 4909.193,	13
	4928.041, 4928.101, 4928.102, 4928.103,	14
	4928.104, 4928.105, 4928.106, 4928.149,	15
	4928.1410, 4928.73, 4929.221, 4929.222, and	16
	5727.76; and to repeal sections 3706.40,	17
	3706.41, 3706.43, 3706.431, 3706.45, 3706.46,	18
	3706.49, 3706.491, 3706.55, 3706.551, 3706.59,	19
	3706.63, 3706.65, 4928.143, 4928.148, and	20
	4928.642 of the Revised Code regarding public	21
	utilities law, to make changes regarding utility	22
	tangible personal property taxation, and to	23
	repeal parts of H.B. 6 of the 133rd General	24
	Assembly.	25

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 303.213, 519.213, 713.081,	26
4905.03, 4906.01, 4906.03, 4906.06, 4906.07, 4906.10, 4909.04,	27
4909.05, 4909.052, 4909.06, 4909.07, 4909.08, 4909.15, 4909.156,	28
4909.173, 4909.174, 4909.18, 4909.19, 4909.191, 4909.42,	29
4928.01, 4928.05, 4928.08, 4928.14, 4928.141, 4928.142,	30
4928.144, 4928.17, 4928.20, 4928.23, 4928.231, 4928.232,	31
4928.34, 4928.542, 4928.64, 4928.645, 4929.20, 5727.01,	32
5727.031, 5727.06, 5727.11, 5727.111, and 5727.75 be amended and	33
sections 122.161, 3706.51, 3706.52, 4903.27, 4905.23, 4905.311,	34
4905.321, 4905.331, 4909.041, 4909.042, 4909.181, 4909.192,	35
4909.193, 4928.041, 4928.101, 4928.102, 4928.103, 4928.104,	36
4928.105, 4928.106, 4928.149, 4928.1410, 4928.73, 4929.221,	37
4929.222, and 5727.76 of the Revised Code be enacted to read as	38
follows:	39
Sec. 122.161. (A) As used in this section:	40
(1) "Subdivision" means a municipal corporation, township,	41
or county.	42
(2) "Legislative authority" means the legislative	43
authority of a municipal corporation, a board of the township	
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trustees, or a board of county commissioners.	44 45
	45
(3) "Subdivision's territory" means, in the case of a	45 46
(3) "Subdivision's territory" means, in the case of a municipal corporation, the territory of the municipal	45 46 47
(3) "Subdivision's territory" means, in the case of a municipal corporation, the territory of the municipal corporation; in the case of a township, the unincorporated	45 46 47 48
(3) "Subdivision's territory" means, in the case of a municipal corporation, the territory of the municipal corporation; in the case of a township, the unincorporated territory of the township; or, in the case of a county, the	45 46 47 48 49
(3) "Subdivision's territory" means, in the case of a municipal corporation, the territory of the municipal corporation; in the case of a township, the unincorporated	45 46 47 48

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authority.	225
(F) All repayment amounts for any loans issued under this	226
section shall be made to the authority. The authority shall	227
deposit all repayment amounts received in the school energy	228
efficiency loan fund created in section 3706.52 of the Revised	229
Code.	230
(G) If the authority enters into an agreement with a	231
public school for a loan under this section, the authority shall	232
promptly direct the treasurer of state to remit money from the	233
school energy efficiency loan fund to the school as provided in	234
the terms of the agreement.	235
(H) The authority shall adopt rules under Chapter 119. of	236
the Revised Code to implement this section, including an	237
application for the school energy efficiency loan program.	238
Sec. 3706.52. (A) The school energy efficiency loan fund	239
is created in the custody of the state treasurer, but is not	240
part of the state treasury. The money in the fund shall be used	241
for purposes of the school energy efficiency loan program under	242
section 3706.51 of the Revised Code to fund loans under the	243
program and to administer the program. The fund shall consist of	244
the funds transferred from the solar generation fund, repayments	245
of loans from this fund, interest on amounts in the school	246
energy efficiency loan fund, and any appropriations, grants, or	247
gifts made to the program or the fund.	248
(B) The fund shall be administered by the Ohio air quality	249
development authority, and the authority shall request the	250
treasurer of state to create the account for the fund. The	251
treasurer of state shall distribute the money in the fund in	252
accordance with directions provided by the authority.	253

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generator or mercantile customer self-power system.

(D) A gas company, when engaged in the business of 284 supplying artificial gas for lighting, power, or heating 285 purposes to consumers within this state or when engaged in the 286 business of supplying artificial gas to gas companies or to 287 natural gas companies within this state, but a producer engaged 288 in supplying to one or more gas or natural gas companies, only 289 such artificial gas as is manufactured by that producer as a by-290 product of some other process in which the producer is primarily 291 292 engaged within this state is not thereby a gas company. All 293 rates, rentals, tolls, schedules, charges of any kind, or agreements between any gas company and any other gas company or 294 any natural gas company providing for the supplying of 295 artificial gas and for compensation for the same are subject to 296 the jurisdiction of the public utilities commission. 297

(E) A natural gas company, when engaged in the business of 298 supplying natural gas for lighting, power, or heating purposes 299 to consumers within this state. Notwithstanding the above, 300 neither the delivery nor sale of Ohio-produced natural gas or 301 302 Ohio-produced raw natural gas liquids by a producer or gatherer under a public utilities commission-ordered exemption, adopted 303 before, as to producers, or after, as to producers or gatherers, 304 January 1, 1996, or the delivery or sale of Ohio-produced 305 natural gas or Ohio-produced raw natural gas liquids by a 306 producer or gatherer of Ohio-produced natural gas or Ohio-307 produced raw natural gas liquids, either to a lessor under an 308 oil and gas lease of the land on which the producer's drilling 309 unit is located, or the grantor incident to a right-of-way or 310 easement to the producer or gatherer, shall cause the producer 311 or gatherer to be a natural gas company for the purposes of this 312 section. 313

All rates, rentals, tolls, schedules, charges of any kind,	314
or agreements between a natural gas company and other natural	315
gas companies or gas companies providing for the supply of	316
natural gas and for compensation for the same are subject to the	317
jurisdiction of the public utilities commission. The commission,	318
upon application made to it, may relieve any producer or	319
gatherer of natural gas, defined in this section as a gas	320
company or a natural gas company, of compliance with the	321
obligations imposed by this chapter and Chapters 4901., 4903.,	322
4907., 4909., 4921., and 4923. of the Revised Code, so long as	323
the producer or gatherer is not affiliated with or under the	324
control of a gas company or a natural gas company engaged in the	325
transportation or distribution of natural gas, or so long as the	326
producer or gatherer does not engage in the distribution of	327
natural gas to consumers.	328
Nothing in division (E) of this section limits the	329
authority of the commission to enforce sections 4905.90 to	330
4905.96 of the Revised Code.	331
(F) A pipe-line company, when engaged in the business of	332
transporting natural gas, oil, or coal or its derivatives	333

- transporting natural gas, oil, or coal or its derivatives

 through pipes or tubing, either wholly or partly within this

 state, but not when engaged in the business of the transport

 associated with gathering lines, raw natural gas liquids, or

 finished product natural gas liquids;

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- (G) A water-works company, when engaged in the business of 338 supplying water through pipes or tubing, or in a similar manner, 339 to consumers within this state; 340
- (H) A heating or cooling company, when engaged in thebusiness of supplying water, steam, or air through pipes ortubing to consumers within this state for heating or cooling343

purposes;	344
(I) A messenger company, when engaged in the business of	345
supplying messengers for any purpose;	346
(J) A street railway company, when engaged in the business	347
of operating as a common carrier, a railway, wholly or partly	348
within this state, with one or more tracks upon, along, above,	349
or below any public road, street, alleyway, or ground, within	350
any municipal corporation, operated by any motive power other	351
than steam and not a part of an interurban railroad, whether the	352
railway is termed street, inclined-plane, elevated, or	353
underground railway;	354
(K) A suburban railroad company, when engaged in the	355
business of operating as a common carrier, whether wholly or	356
partially within this state, a part of a street railway	357
constructed or extended beyond the limits of a municipal	358
corporation, and not a part of an interurban railroad;	359
(L) An interurban railroad company, when engaged in the	360
business of operating a railroad, wholly or partially within	361
this state, with one or more tracks from one municipal	362
corporation or point in this state to another municipal	363
corporation or point in this state, whether constructed upon the	364
public highways or upon private rights-of-way, outside of	365
municipal corporations, using electricity or other motive power	366
than steam power for the transportation of passengers, packages,	367
express matter, United States mail, baggage, and freight. Such	368
an interurban railroad company is included in the term	369
"railroad" as used in section 4907.02 of the Revised Code.	370
(M) A sewage disposal system company, when engaged in the	371
business of sewage disposal services through pipes or tubing.	372

As used in this section, "gathering lines" has the same meaning as in section 4905.90 of the Revised Code, and "raw natural gas liquids" and "finished product natural gas liquids" have the same meanings as in section 4906.01 of the Revised Code.

As used in this section, "self-generator" has the same meaning as in section 4928.01 of the Revised Code, and "mercantile customer self-power system" has the same meaning as in section 4928.73 of the Revised Code.

Sec. 4905.23. (A) As used in this section, "base load electric generating facility" means an electric generating plant and associated facilities located in this state that primarily uses a nonrenewable fuel source to generate electricity, including natural gas and nuclear, and that is not owned or operated by a public utility, municipal corporation, or electric cooperative.

(B) No person shall enter into a settlement to abandon, close, or shut down a base load electric generating facility or a generating plant owned or operated by a public utility.

Sec. 4905.311. (A) As used in this section, "electric 398 distribution utility" has the same meaning as in section 4928.01 399 of the Revised Code. 400

(B) Notwithstanding any provision of the Revised Code to

the contrary, an electric distribution utility may supply behind	402
the meter electric generation service, provided that, for any	403
behind the meter electric generation facilities that the utility	404
intends to use to supply such service, the utility has entered	405
into any necessary agreements with the customer and filed for	406
any necessary permits prior to the effective date of this	407
section.	408
(C) No electric distribution utility shall recover any of	409
the following costs through any rate, charge, or recovery from	410
retail electric service customers that are not receiving behind	411
the meter electric generation service from the utility:	412
(1) Costs associated with supplying behind the meter	413
electric generation service;	414
(2) Costs associated with any behind the meter electric	415
<pre>generation service facility;</pre>	416
(3) Stranded costs associated with the closing of any	417
behind the meter electric generation service facility or an end-	418
use customer of the behind the meter electric generation service	419
<pre>ceasing operations.</pre>	420
(D) No electric distribution utility shall offer direct,	421
associated inducements for contracting with the utility for any	422
behind the meter electric generation service.	423
(E) The public utilities commission shall periodically	424
audit all electric distribution utilities that provide any	425
behind the meter electric generation service to ensure	426
compliance with this section.	427
Sec. 4905.321. (A) Notwithstanding section 4905.32 of the	428
Revised Code, all revenues collected from customers by a public	429
utility as part of a rider or rates that are later found to be	430

(D) The commission shall order the payment of the funds	443
described in division (A) of this section and shall determine	444
how to allocate any remaining funds that cannot be refunded not	445
more than thirty days after the date of the issuance of the	446
<pre>supreme court's decision.</pre>	447
Sec. 4905.331. (A) As used in this section:	448

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(1) "Electric distribution utility" has the same meaning 449 as in section 4928.01 of the Revised Code. 450

(2) "Electric service" means any service involved in supplying or arranging for the supply of electricity to ultimate consumers in this state. "Electric service" includes "retail electric service" as defined in section 4928.01 of the Revised Code.

(3) "Proceeding" includes a proceeding relating to 456 electric service under Chapters 4909. and 4928. of the Revised 457 458 Code.

(B) No electric distribution utility or its affiliate may	459
do either of the following to induce any party to a public	460
utilities commission proceeding to enter into a settlement of a	461
<pre>matter pending before the commission:</pre>	462
(1) Make a cash payment to that party;	463
(2) Enter into any agreement or any financial or private	464
arrangement with that party that is not made part of the public	465
<pre>case record.</pre>	466
(C) Notwithstanding division (B) of this section, the	467
<pre>commission may do any of the following:</pre>	468
(1) Reasonably allocate costs among rate schedules;	469
(2) Reasonably design rates within a rate schedule;	470
(3) Approve reasonable rates designed for particular	471
<pre>customers or classes of customers;</pre>	472
(4) Approve a resolution of a proceeding under section	473
4905.26 of the Revised Code;	474
(5) Approve payments to any governmental entity, nonprofit	475
organization, or other association for implementing low-income	476
weatherization service programs, subject to the following	477
<pre>conditions:</pre>	478
(a) The payments are at a rate that is reasonably tailored	479
to the costs of providing the programs.	480
(b) The payments are for programs that are subject to an	481
existing or new audit procedure.	482
(c) The payments are not for low-income weatherization	483
education programs.	484
Sec. 4906.01. As used in Chapter 4906. of the Revised	485

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Code:	486
(A) "Person" means an individual, corporation, business	487
trust, association, estate, trust, or partnership or any	488
officer, board, commission, department, division, or bureau of	489
the state or a political subdivision of the state, or any other	490
entity.	491
(B)(1) "Major utility facility" means:	492
(a) Electric generating plant and associated facilities	493
designed for, or capable of, operation at a capacity of fifty	494
megawatts or more;	495
(b) An electric transmission line and associated	496
facilities of a design capacity of one hundred kilovolts or	497
more;	498
(c) A gas pipeline that is greater than five hundred feet	499
in length, and its associated facilities, is more than nine	500
inches in outside diameter and is designed for transporting gas	501
at a maximum allowable operating pressure in excess of one	502
hundred twenty-five pounds per square inch.	503
(2) "Major utility facility" does not include any of the	504
following:	505
(a) Gas transmission lines over which an agency of the	506
United States has exclusive jurisdiction;	507
(b) Any solid waste facilities as defined in section	508
6123.01 of the Revised Code;	509
(c) Electric distributing lines and associated facilities	510
as defined by the power siting board;	511
(d) Any manufacturing facility that creates byproducts	512

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excavation, or other action that would adversely affect the	540
natural environment of the site or route of a major utility	541
facility, but does not include surveying changes needed for	542
temporary use of sites or routes for nonutility purposes, or	543
uses in securing geological data, including necessary borings to	544
ascertain foundation conditions.	545
(D) "Certificate" means a certificate of environmental	546
compatibility and public need issued by the power siting board	547
under section 4906.10 of the Revised Code or a construction	548
certificate issued by the board under rules adopted under	549
division divisions (E) or (F) to (H) of section 4906.03 of the	550
Revised Code.	551
(E) "Gas" means natural gas, flammable gas, or gas that is	552
toxic or corrosive.	553
(F) "Natural gas liquids finished product pipeline" means	554
a pipeline that carries finished product natural gas liquids to	555
the inlet of an interstate or intrastate finished product	556
natural gas liquid transmission pipeline, rail loading facility,	557
or other petrochemical or refinery facility.	558
(G) "Large solar facility" means an electric generating	559
plant that consists of solar panels and associated facilities	560
with a single interconnection to the electrical grid that is a	561
major utility facility.	562
(H) "Large wind farm" means an electric generating plant	563
that consists of wind turbines and associated facilities with a	564
single interconnection to the electrical grid that is a major	565
utility facility.	566
(I) "Natural gas liquids fractionation plant" means a	567
facility that takes a feed of raw natural gas liquids and	568

produces finished product natural gas liquids.	569
(J) "Raw natural gas" means hydrocarbons that are produced	570
in a gaseous state from gas wells and that generally include	571
methane, ethane, propane, butanes, pentanes, hexanes, heptanes,	572
octanes, nonanes, and decanes, plus other naturally occurring	573
impurities like water, carbon dioxide, hydrogen sulfide,	574
nitrogen, oxygen, and helium.	575
(K) "Raw natural gas liquids" means naturally occurring	576
hydrocarbons contained in raw natural gas that are extracted in	577
a gas processing plant and liquefied and generally include	578
mixtures of ethane, propane, butanes, and natural gasoline.	579
(L) "Finished product natural gas liquids" means an	580
individual finished product produced by a natural gas liquids	581
fractionation plant as a liquid that meets the specifications	582
for commercial products as defined by the gas processors	583
association. Those products include ethane, propane, iso-butane,	584
normal butane, and natural gasoline.	585
Sec. 4906.03. The power siting board shall:	586
(A) Require such information from persons subject to its	587
jurisdiction as it considers necessary to assist in the conduct	588
of hearings and any investigations or studies it may undertake;	589
(B) Conduct any studies or investigations that it	590
considers necessary or appropriate to carry out its	591
responsibilities under this chapter;	592
(C) Adopt rules establishing criteria for evaluating the	593
effects on environmental values of proposed and alternative	594
sites, and projected needs for electric power, and such other	595
rules as are necessary and convenient to implement this chapter,	596
including rules governing application fees, supplemental	597

application fees, and other reasonable fees to be paid by

persons subject to the board's jurisdiction. The board shall

make an annual accounting of its collection and use of these

fees and shall issue an annual report of its accounting, in the

form and manner prescribed by its rules, not later than the last

day of June of the year following the calendar year to which the

report applies.

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- (D) Approve, disapprove, or modify and approve 605 applications for certificates; 606
- (E) Notwithstanding sections 4906.06 to 4906.14 of the 607 Revised Code, the board may adopt rules to provide for an 608 accelerated review of an application for a construction 609 certificate for construction of a major utility facility related 610 to a coal research and development project as defined in section 611 1555.01 of the Revised Code, or to a coal development project as 612 defined in section 1551.30 of the Revised Code, submitted to the 613 Ohio coal development office for review under division (B)(7) of 614 section 1551.33 of the Revised Code. Applications for 615 construction certificates for construction of major utility 616 facilities for Ohio coal research and development shall be filed 617 with the board on the same day as the proposed facility or 618 project is submitted to the Ohio coal development office for 619 review. 620

The board shall render a decision on an application for a 621 construction certificate within ninety days after receipt of the 622 application and all of the data and information it may require 623 from the applicant. In rendering a decision on an application 624 for a construction certificate, the board shall only consider 625 the criteria and make the findings and determinations set forth 626 in divisions (A)(2), (3), (5), and (7) and division (B) of 627

section 4906.10 of the Revised Code.	628
(F) Notwithstanding sections 4906.06 to 4906.14 of the	629
Revised Code, the board shall adopt rules to provide for an	630
accelerated review of an application for a construction	631
certificate for any of the following:	632
(1) An electric transmission line that is:	633
(a) Not more than two miles in length;	634
(b) Primarily needed to attract or meet the requirements	635
of a specific customer or specific customers;	636
(c) Necessary to maintain reliable electric service as a	637
result of the retirement or shutdown of an electric generating	638
facility located within the state; or	639
(d) A rebuilding of an existing transmission line.	640
(2) An electric generating facility that uses waste heat	641
or natural gas and is primarily within the current boundary of	642
an existing industrial or electric generating facility;	643
(3) A gas pipeline that is not more than five miles in	644
length or is primarily needed to meet the requirements of a	645
specific customer or specific customers.	646
The board shall adopt rules that provide for the automatic	647
certification to any entity described in this division when an	648
application by any such entity is not suspended by the board, an	649
administrative law judge, or the chairperson or executive	650
director of the board for good cause shown, within ninety days	651
of submission of the application. If an application is	652
suspended, the board shall approve, disapprove, or modify and	653
approve the application not later than ninety days after the	654
date of the suspension.	655

(G) Notwithstanding sections 4906.06 to 4906.14 of the	656
Revised Code, the board shall adopt rules to provide for the	657
accelerated review of an application for a construction	658
certificate for any of the following that are located in a	659
priority investment area designated and approved under section	660
122.161 of the Revised Code:	661
(1) An electric generating plant and associated	662
<pre>facilities;</pre>	663
(2) An electric transmission line and associated	664
facilities;	665
(3) Gas Pipeline infrastructure.	666
The chairperson of the board, not later than forty-five	667
days after receipt of an application submitted under division	668
(G) of this section, shall determine if it complies with all	669
application requirements set by the public utilities commission	670
by rule. If the chairperson does not issue a determination	671
within the time period required by this division, the	672
application shall be deemed in compliance by operation of law.	673
The board shall render a decision on an application	674
submitted under this division not later than forty-five days	675
after the application is determined in compliance with all	676
requirements set by the commission. If the board does not render	677
a decision within forty-five days, the application shall be	678
considered approved by operation of law, and the board shall	679
issue a certificate to the applicant.	680
The board shall adopt rules to implement this division,	681
including rules that prioritize applications for construction on	682
areas negatively impacted by the decline of the coal industry.	683
(H) Notwithstanding sections 4906.06 to 4906.14 of the	684

Revised Code, the board shall adopt rules to provide for the	685
accelerated review of an application for a construction	686
certificate for a major utility facility if at the time the	687
application is filed the construction will be located, in whole,	688
on property owned by, or under a lease with a term of twenty-	689
five years or more with, the applicant; in whole or in part, on	690
an easement or right-of-way; or on any combination of such	691
<pre>property, easement, or right-of-way.</pre>	692
No accelerated application shall be granted under the	693
rules adopted under division (H) of this section for	694
construction of a major utility facility, in whole or in part,	695
on property under a lease with or an easement or right-of-way,	696
if additional consent for construction on the property,	697
easement, or right-of-way is required by any person or entity	698
other than the power siting board.	699
The board shall render a decision on an application	700
submitted under this division not later than forty-five days	701
after receipt of the application. If the board does not render a	702
decision within forty-five days, the application shall be	703
considered approved by operation of law, and the board shall	704
issue a certificate to the applicant.	705
Sec. 4906.06. (A) An applicant for a certificate shall	706
file with the office of the chairperson of the power siting	707
board an application, in such form as the board prescribes,	708
containing the following information:	709
(1) A description of the location and of the major utility	710
facility;	711
(2) A summary of any studies that have been made by or for	712
the applicant of the environmental impact of the facility;	713

(3) A statement explaining the need for the facility;	714
(4) A statement of the reasons why the proposed location	715
is best suited for the facility;	716
(5) A statement of how the facility fits into the	717
applicant's forecast contained in the report submitted under	718
section 4935.04 of the Revised Code;	719
(6) Such other information as the applicant may consider	720
relevant or as the board by rule or order may require. Copies of	721
the studies referred to in division (A)(2) of this section shall	722
be filed with the office of the chairperson, if ordered, and	723
shall be available for public inspection.	724
The application shall be filed not more than five years	725
prior to the planned date of commencement of construction. The	726
five-year period may be waived by the board for good cause	727
shown.	728
(B) Each application shall be accompanied by proof of	729
service of a copy of such application on the chief executive	730
officer of each municipal corporation and county, and the head	731
of each public agency charged with the duty of protecting the	732
environment or of planning land use, in the area in which any	733
portion of such facility is to be located.	734
(C) Each applicant within fifteen days after the date of	735
the filing of the application shall give public notice to	736
persons residing in the municipal corporations and counties	737
entitled to receive notice under division (B) of this section,	738
by the publication of a summary of the application in newspapers	739
of general circulation in such area. Proof of such publication	740
shall be filed with the office of the chairperson.	741
(D) Inadvertent failure of service on, or notice to, any	742

of the persons identified in divisions (B) and (C) of this	743
section may be cured pursuant to orders of the board designed to	744
afford them adequate notice to enable them to participate	745
effectively in the proceeding. In addition, the board, after	746
filing, may require the applicant to serve notice of the	747
application or copies thereof or both upon such other persons,	748
and file proof thereof, as the board considers appropriate.	749

- (E) An application for an amendment of a certificate shall 750 be in such form and contain such information as the board 751 prescribes. Notice of such an application shall be given as 752 required in divisions (B) and (C) of this section. 753
- (F) Each application for certificate or an amendment shall 754 be accompanied by the application fee prescribed by board rule. 755 All application fees, supplemental application fees, and other 756 fees collected by the board shall be deposited in the state 757 treasury to the credit of the power siting board fund, which is 758 hereby created. The chairperson shall administer and authorize 759 expenditures from the fund for any of the purposes of this 760 chapter. If the chairperson determines that moneys credited to 761 the fund from an applicant's fee are not sufficient to pay the 762 board's expenses associated with its review of the application, 763 764 the chairperson shall request the approval of the controlling board to assess a supplemental application fee upon an applicant 765 to pay anticipated additional expenses associated with the 766 board's review of the application or an amendment to an 767 application. If the chairperson finds that an application fee 768 exceeds the amount needed to pay the board's expenses for review 769 of the application, the chairperson shall cause a refund of the 770 excess amount to be issued to the applicant from the fund. 771
 - (G) The chairperson shall determine whether an application

is in compliance with this section not more than forty-five days	7//3
after the application is filed. If the chairperson does not	774
issue a determination within the time period required by this	775
division, the application shall be deemed in compliance by	776
operation of law.	777
Sec. 4906.07. (A) Upon the receipt of an application	778
complying with section 4906.06 of the Revised Code, the power	779
siting board shall promptly fix a date for a public hearing	780
thereon, not less than sixty forty-five nor more than ninety	781
sixty days after such receipt, and shall conclude the proceeding	782
as expeditiously as practicable.	783
(B) On an application for an amendment of a certificate,	784
the board shall hold a hearing in the same manner as a hearing	785
is held on an application for a certificate if the proposed	786
change in the facility would result in any material increase in	787
any environmental impact of the facility or a substantial change	788
in the location of all or a portion of such facility other than	789
as provided in the alternates set forth in the application.	790
(C) The chairperson of the power siting board shall cause	791
each application filed with the board to be investigated and	792
shall, not less than <u>fifteen_five_</u> days prior to the date any	793
application is set for hearing submit a written report to the	794
board and to the applicant. A copy of such report shall be made	795
available to any person upon request. Such report shall set	796
forth the nature of the investigation, and shall contain	797
recommended findings with regard to division (A) of section	798
4906.10 of the Revised Code and shall become part of the record	799
and served upon all parties to the proceeding.	800
Sec. 4906.10. (A) The power siting board shall render a	801

decision upon the record either granting or denying the

application as filed, or granting it upon such terms,	803
conditions, or modifications of the construction, operation, or	804
maintenance of the major utility facility as the board considers	805
appropriate. The certificate shall be subject to sections	806
4906.101, 4906.102, and 4906.103 of the Revised Code and	807
conditioned upon the facility being in compliance with standards	808
and rules adopted under section 4561.32 and Chapters 3704.,	809
3734., and 6111. of the Revised Code. An applicant may withdraw	810
an application if the board grants a certificate on terms,	811
conditions, or modifications other than those proposed by the	812
applicant in the application.	813
The board shall not grant a certificate for the	814
construction, operation, and maintenance of a major utility	815
facility, either as proposed or as modified by the board, unless	816
it finds and determines all of the following:	817
(1) The basis of the need for the facility if the facility	818
is an electric transmission line or gas pipeline;	819
(2) The nature of the probable environmental impact;	820
(3) That the facility represents the minimum adverse	821
environmental impact, considering the state of available	822
technology and the nature and economics of the various	823
alternatives, and other pertinent considerations;	824
(4) In the case of an electric transmission line or	825
generating facility, that the facility is consistent with	826
regional plans for expansion of the electric power grid of the	827
electric systems serving this state and interconnected utility	828
systems and that the facility will serve the interests of	829
electric system economy and reliability;	830

(5) That the facility will comply with Chapters 3704.,

3734., and 6111. of the Revised Code and all rules and standards	832
adopted under those chapters and under section 4561.32 of the	833
Revised Code. In determining whether the facility will comply	834
with all rules and standards adopted under section 4561.32 of	835
the Revised Code, the board shall consult with the office of	836
aviation of the division of multi-modal planning and programs of	837
the department of transportation under section 4561.341 of the	838
Revised Code.	839
(6) That the facility will serve the public interest,	840
convenience, and necessity;	841
(7) In addition to the provisions contained in divisions	842
(A)(1) to (6) of this section and rules adopted under those	843
divisions, what its impact will be on the viability as	844
agricultural land of any land in an existing agricultural	845
district established under Chapter 929. of the Revised Code that	846
is located within the site and alternative site of the proposed	847
major utility facility. Rules adopted to evaluate impact under	848
division (A)(7) of this section shall not require the	849
compilation, creation, submission, or production of any	850
information, document, or other data pertaining to land not	851
located within the site and alternative site.	852
(8) That the facility incorporates maximum feasible water	853
conservation practices as determined by the board, considering	854
available technology and the nature and economics of the various	855
alternatives.	856
(B) If the board determines that the location of all or a	857
part of the proposed facility should be modified, it may	858
condition its certificate upon that modification, provided that	859
the municipal corporations and counties, and persons residing	860

therein, affected by the modification shall have been given

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reasonable notice thereof.

(C) A copy of the decision and any opinion issued therewith shall be served upon each party.

(D) The board shall render a decision under this section not later than one hundred twenty days after the date the application is found in compliance with section 4906.06 of the Revised Code. If the board does not render a decision within the time period required by this division, the application shall be deemed approved by operation of law, and the board shall issue a certificate to the applicant subject to the conditions contained within the staff report issued under section 4906.07 of the Revised Code.

Sec. 4909.04. (A) The public utilities commission, for the 874 purpose of ascertaining the reasonableness and justice of rates 875 and charges for the service rendered by public utilities or 876 railroads, or for any other purpose authorized by law, may 877 investigate and ascertain the value of the property of any 878 public utility or railroad in this state used or useful for the 879 service and convenience of the public, using the same criteria 880 that are set forth in section sections 4909.042 and 4909.05 of 881 the Revised Code. At the request of the legislative authority of 882 any municipal corporation, the commission, after hearing and 883 determining that such a valuation is necessary, may also 884 investigate and ascertain the value of the property of any 885 public utility used and useful for the service and convenience 886 of the public where the whole or major portion of such public 887 utility is situated in such municipal corporation. 888

(B) To assist the commission in preparing such a valuation, every public utility or railroad shall:

(1) Furnish to the commission, or to its agents, as the	891
commission requires, maps, profiles, schedules of rates and	892
tariffs, contracts, reports of engineers, and other documents,	893
records, and papers, or copies of any of them, in aid of any	894
investigation and ascertainment of the value of its property;	895
(2) Grant to the commission or its agents free access to	896
all of its premises and property and its accounts, records, and	897
memoranda whenever and wherever requested by any such authorized	898
agent;	899
(3) Cooperate with and aid the commission and its agents	900
in the work of the valuation of its property in such further	901
particulars and to such extent as the commission requires and	902
directs.	903
(C) The commission may make all rules which seem necessary	904
to ascertain the value of the property and plant of each public	905
utility or railroad.	906
Sec. 4909.041. As used in sections 4909.041, 4909.042, and	907
4909.05 of the Revised Code:	908
(A) A "lease purchase agreement" is an agreement pursuant	909
to which a public utility leasing property is required to make	910
rental payments for the term of the agreement and either the	911
utility is granted the right to purchase the property upon the	912
completion of the term of the agreement and upon the payment of	913
an additional fixed sum of money or title to the property vests	914
in the utility upon the making of the final rental payment.	915
(B) A "leaseback" is the sale or transfer of property by a	916
<pre>public utility to another person contemporaneously followed by</pre>	917
the leasing of the property to the public utility on a long-term	918
basis.	919

Sec. 4909.042. (A) With respect to an electric light	920
company that chooses to file a forecasted test period under	921
section 4909.18 of the Revised Code, the public utilities	922
commission shall prescribe the form and details of the valuation	923
report of the property of the utility. Such report shall include	924
all the kinds and classes of property, with the value of each,	925
owned, held, or projected to be owned or held during the test	926
period, by the utility for the service and convenience of the	927
<pre>public.</pre>	928
(B) Such report shall contain the following facts in	929
<pre>detail:</pre>	930
(1) The original cost of each parcel of land owned in fee	931
and projected to be owned in fee and in use during the test	932
period, determined by the commission; and also a statement of	933
the conditions of acquisition, whether by direct purchase, by	934
donation, by exercise of the power of eminent domain, or	935
otherwise;	936
(2) The actual acquisition cost, not including periodic	937
rental fees, of rights-of-way, trailways, or other land rights	938
projected to be held during the test period, by virtue of	939
easements, leases, or other forms of grants of rights as to	940
usage;	941
(3) The original cost of all other kinds and classes of	942
property projected to be used and useful during the test period,	943
in the rendition of service to the public. Such original costs	944
of property, other than land owned in fee, shall be the cost, as	945
determined to be reasonable by the commission, to the person	946
that first dedicated or dedicates the property to the public use	947
and shall be set forth in property accounts and subaccounts as	948
prescribed by the commission;	949

(4) The cost of property constituting all or part of a	950
project projected to be leased to or used by the utility during	951
the test period, under Chapter 165., 3706., 6121., or 6123. of	952
the Revised Code and not included under division (B)(3) of this	953
section exclusive of any interest directly or indirectly paid by	954
the utility with respect thereto whether or not capitalized;	955
(5) In the discretion of the commission, the cost to a	956
utility, in an amount determined to be reasonable by the	957
commission, of property constituting all or part of a project	958
projected to be leased to the utility during the test period,	959
under a lease purchase agreement or a leaseback and not included	960
under division (B)(3) of this section exclusive of any interest	961
directly or indirectly paid by the utility with respect thereto	962
whether or not capitalized;	963
(6) The proper and adequate reserve for depreciation, as	964
determined to be reasonable by the commission;	965
(7) Any sums of money or property that the utility is	966
projected to receive during the test period, as total or partial	967
defrayal of the cost of its property;	968
(8) The valuation of the property of the utility, which	969
shall be the sum of the amounts contained in the report pursuant	970
to divisions (B)(1) to (5) of this section, less the sum of the	971
amounts contained in the report pursuant to divisions (B)(6) and	972
(7) of this section.	973
(C) The report shall show separately the property	974
projected to be used and useful to or held by the utility during	975
the test period, and such other items as the commission	976
considers proper. The commission may require an additional	977
report showing the extent to which the property is projected to	978

be used and useful during the test period. Such reports shall be	979
filed in the office of the commission for the information of the	980
governor and the general assembly.	981
Sec. 4909.05. As used in this section:	982
(A) A "lease purchase agreement" is an agreement pursuant-	983
to which a public utility leasing property is required to make	984
rental payments for the term of the agreement and either the-	985
utility is granted the right to purchase the property upon the	986
completion of the term of the agreement and upon the payment of	987
an additional fixed sum of money or title to the property vests	988
in the utility upon the making of the final rental payment.	989
(B) A "leaseback" is the sale or transfer of property by a	990
public utility to another person contemporaneously followed by-	991
the leasing of the property to the public utility on a long-term	992
basis.	993
(C) The With respect to every public utility, other than	993 994
(C) The With respect to every public utility, other than	994
(C) The With respect to every public utility, other than an electric light company that chooses to file a forecasted test	994 995
(C) The With respect to every public utility, other than an electric light company that chooses to file a forecasted test period under section 4909.18 of the Revised Code, the public	994 995 996
(C) The With respect to every public utility, other than an electric light company that chooses to file a forecasted test period under section 4909.18 of the Revised Code, the public utilities commission shall prescribe the form and details of the	994 995 996 997
(C) The With respect to every public utility, other than an electric light company that chooses to file a forecasted test period under section 4909.18 of the Revised Code, the public utilities commission shall prescribe the form and details of the valuation report of the property of each public utility or	994 995 996 997 998
(C) The With respect to every public utility, other than an electric light company that chooses to file a forecasted test period under section 4909.18 of the Revised Code, the public utilities commission shall prescribe the form and details of the valuation report of the property of each public utility or railroad in the state. Such report shall include all the kinds	994 995 996 997 998
(C) The With respect to every public utility, other than an electric light company that chooses to file a forecasted test period under section 4909.18 of the Revised Code, the public utilities commission shall prescribe the form and details of the valuation report of the property of each public utility or railroad in the state. Such report shall include all the kinds and classes of property, with the value of each, owned, held,	994 995 996 997 998 999
(C) The With respect to every public utility, other than an electric light company that chooses to file a forecasted test period under section 4909.18 of the Revised Code, the public utilities commission shall prescribe the form and details of the valuation report of the property of each public utility or railroad in the state. Such report shall include all the kinds and classes of property, with the value of each, owned, held, or, with respect to a natural gas, water-works, or sewage	994 995 996 997 998 999 1000
(C) The With respect to every public utility, other than an electric light company that chooses to file a forecasted test period under section 4909.18 of the Revised Code, the public utilities commission shall prescribe the form and details of the valuation report of the property of each public utility or railroad in the state. Such report shall include all the kinds and classes of property, with the value of each, owned, held, or, with respect to a natural gas, water-works, or sewage disposal system company, projected to be owned or held as of the	994 995 996 997 998 999 1000 1001 1002
(C) The—With respect to every public utility, other than an electric light company that chooses to file a forecasted test period under section 4909.18 of the Revised Code, the public utilities commission shall prescribe the form and details of the valuation report of the property of each public utility or railroad in the state. Such report shall include all the kinds and classes of property, with the value of each, owned, held, or, with respect to a natural gas, water-works, or sewage disposal system company, projected to be owned or held as of the date certain, by each public utility or railroad used and	994 995 996 997 998 999 1000 1001 1002 1003
(C) The With respect to every public utility, other than an electric light company that chooses to file a forecasted test period under section 4909.18 of the Revised Code, the public utilities commission shall prescribe the form and details of the valuation report of the property of each public utility or railroad in the state. Such report shall include all the kinds and classes of property, with the value of each, owned, held, or, with respect to a natural gas, water-works, or sewage disposal system company, projected to be owned or held as of the date certain, by each public utility or railroad used and useful, or, with respect to a natural gas, water-works, or	994 995 996 997 998 999 1000 1001 1002 1003 1004

- (B) Such report shall contain the following facts in 1008 detail:
- (1) The original cost of each parcel of land owned in fee 1010 and in use, or, with respect to a natural gas, water-works, or 1011 sewage disposal system company, projected to be owned in fee and 1012 in use as of the date certain, determined by the commission; and 1013 also a statement of the conditions of acquisition, whether by 1014 direct purchase, by donation, by exercise of the power of 1015 eminent domain, or otherwise; 1016
- (2) The actual acquisition cost, not including periodic

 rental fees, of rights-of-way, trailways, or other land rights

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 held, or, with respect to a natural gas, water-works, or sewage

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 disposal system company, projected to be held as of the date

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 certain, by virtue of easements, leases, or other forms of

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 grants of rights as to usage;
- (3) The original cost of all other kinds and classes of 1023 property used and useful, or, with respect to a natural gas, 1024 water-works, or sewage disposal system company, projected to be 1025 used and useful as of the date certain, in the rendition of 1026 service to the public. Subject to section 4909.052 of the 1027 Revised Code, such original costs of property, other than land 1028 owned in fee, shall be the cost, as determined to be reasonable 1029 by the commission, to the person that first dedicated or 1030 dedicates the property to the public use and shall be set forth 1031 in property accounts and subaccounts as prescribed by the 1032 commission. To the extent that the costs of property comprising 1033 a coal research and development facility, as defined in section 1034 1555.01 of the Revised Code, or a coal development project, as 1035 defined in section 1551.30 of the Revised Code, have been 1036 allowed for recovery as Ohio coal research and development costs 1037

under section 4905.304 of the Revised Code, none of those costs	1038
shall be included as a cost of property under this division.	1039
(4) The cost of property constituting all or part of a	1040
project leased to or used by the utility, or, with respect to a	1041
natural gas, water-works, or sewage disposal system company,	1042
projected to be leased to or used by the utility as of the date	1043
certain, under Chapter 165., 3706., 6121., or 6123. of the	1044
Revised Code and not included under division $\frac{(C)(3)}{(B)(3)}$ of	1045
this section exclusive of any interest directly or indirectly	1046
paid by the utility with respect thereto whether or not	1047
capitalized;	1048
(5) In the discretion of the commission, the cost to a	1049
utility, in an amount determined to be reasonable by the	1050
commission, of property constituting all or part of a project	1051
leased to the utility, or, with respect to a natural gas, water-	1052
works, or sewage disposal system company, projected to be leased	1053
to the utility as of the date certain, under a lease purchase	1054
agreement or a leaseback and not included under division $\frac{(C)}{(3)}$	1055
(B)(3) of this section exclusive of any interest directly or	1056
indirectly paid by the utility with respect thereto whether or	1057
not capitalized;	1058
(6) The cost of the replacement of water service lines	1059
incurred by a water-works company under section 4909.173 of the	1060
Revised Code and the water service line replacement	1061
reimbursement amounts provided to customers under section	1062
4909.174 of the Revised Code;	1063
(7) The proper and adequate reserve for depreciation, as	1064
determined to be reasonable by the commission;	1065

(8) Any sums of money or property that the company may

have received, or, with respect to a natural gas, water-works,	1067
or sewage disposal system company, is projected to receive as of	1068
the date certain, as total or partial defrayal of the cost of	1069
its property;	1070
(9) The valuation of the property of the company, which	1071
shall be the sum of the amounts contained in the report pursuant	1072
to divisions $\frac{(C)}{(1)}$ (B)(1) to (6) of this section, less the sum	1073
of the amounts contained in the report pursuant to divisions (C)	1074
$\frac{(7)}{(8)}$ (8) of this section.	1075
(C) The report shall show separately the property used and	1076
useful to such public utility or railroad in the furnishing of	1077
the service to the public, the property held by such public	1078
utility or railroad for other purposes, and the property	1079
projected to be used and useful to or held by a natural gas,	1080
water-works, or sewage disposal system company as of the date	1081
certain, and such other items as the commission considers	1082
proper. The commission may require an additional report showing	1083
the extent to which the property is used and useful, or, with	1084
respect to a natural gas, water-works, or sewage disposal system	1085
company, projected to be used and useful as of the date certain.	1086
Such reports shall be filed in the office of the commission for	1087
the information of the governor and the general assembly.	1088
Sec. 4909.052. Subject to a finding that such costs are	1089
just and reasonable, the public utilities commission in	1090
evaluating a petition submitted under section 4905.481 of the	1091
Revised Code shall accept the original cost, reported under	1092
division $\frac{(C)(3)}{(B)(3)}$ of section 4909.05 of the Revised Code,	1093
of the acquisition of a municipal water-works or sewage disposal	1094
system company that is acquired by a large water-works or sewage	1095

disposal system company, provided that the original cost is

determined according to all of the following requirements:	1097
(A) The acquiring company has three appraisals performed	1098
on the property of the company being acquired.	1099
(B) The three appraisals are performed by three	1100
independent utility-valuation experts mutually selected by the	1101
acquiring company and the company being acquired from the list	1102
maintained under section 4909.054 of the Revised Code.	1103
(C) The average of the three appraisals is used as the	1104
fair market value of the company being acquired.	1105
(D) Each utility-valuation expert does all of the	1106
following:	1107
(1) Determines the fair market value of the company to be	1108
acquired by establishing the amount for which the company would	1109
be sold in a voluntary transaction between a willing buyer and a	1110
willing seller under no obligation to buy or sell;	1111
(2) Determines the fair market value in compliance with	1112
the uniform standards of professional appraisal practice;	1113
(3) Employs the cost, market, and income approach to	1114
independently quantify the future benefits of the company to be	1115
acquired;	1116
(4) Incorporates the assessment described in division (D)	1117
(5) of this section into the appraisal under the cost, market,	1118
and income approach;	1119
(5) Engages one engineer who is licensed to prepare an	1120
assessment of the tangible assets of the company to be acquired.	1121
The original source of funding for any part of the tangible	1122
assets shall not be relevant to the determination of the value	1123
of those assets.	1124

(E) The lesser of the purchase price or the fair market	1125
value, described in division (C) of this section, is reported as	1126
the original cost under division $\frac{(C)(3)}{(B)(3)}$ of section	1127
4909.05 of the Revised Code of the company to be acquired.	1128
Sec. 4909.06. The investigation and report required by	1129
section section 4909.042 or 4909.05 of the Revised Code shall	1130
show, when the public utilities commission deems it necessary,	1131
the amounts, dates, and rates of interest of all bonds	1132
outstanding against each public utility or railroad, the	1133
property upon which such bonds are a lien, the amounts paid for	1134
them, and, the original capital stock and the moneys received by	1135
any such public utility or railroad by reason of any issue of	1136
stock, bonds, or other securities. Such report shall also show	1137
the net and gross receipts of such public utility or railroad	1138
and the method by which moneys were expended or paid out and the	1139
purpose of such payments. The commission may prescribe the	1140
procedure to be followed in making the investigation and	1141
valuation, the form in which the results of the ascertainment of	1142
the value of each public utility or railroad shall be submitted,	1143
and the classifications of the elements that constitute the	1144
ascertained value. Such investigation shall also show the value	1145
of the property of every public utility or railroad as a whole,	1146
and if such property is in more than one county, the value of	1147
its property in each of such counties.	1148
"Valuation" and "value," as used in this section, may	1149
include, with :	1150
(A) With respect to a public utility that is a natural	1151
gas, water-works, or sewage disposal system company, projected	1152
valuation and value as of the date certain, if applicable	1153
because of a future date certain under section 4909.15 of the	1154

Revised Code <u>;</u>	1155
(B) With respect to an electric light company that chooses	1156
to file a forecasted test period under section 4909.18 of the	1157
Revised Code, the valuation and value during the forecasted test	1158
period.	1159
Sec. 4909.07. The public utilities commission, during the	1160
making of the valuation provided for in sections 4909.04 to	1161
4909.13 of the Revised Code, and after its completion, shall in	1162
like manner keep itself informed through its engineers, experts,	1163
and other assistants of all extensions, improvements, or other	1164
changes in the condition and value of the property of all public	1165
utilities or railroads and shall ascertain the value of such	1166
extensions, improvements, and changes. The commission shall, as	1167
is required for the proper regulation of such public utilities	1168
or railroads, revise and correct its valuations of property,	1169
showing such revisions and corrections as a whole and as to each	1170
county. Such revisions and corrections shall be filed in the	1171
same manner as original reports.	1172
"Valuation" and "value," as used in this section, may	1173
include, with :	1174
(A) With respect to a public utility that is a natural	1175
gas, water-works, or sewage disposal system company, projected	1176
valuation and value as of the date certain, if applicable	1177
because of a future date certain under section 4909.15 of the	1178
Revised Code <u>;</u>	1179
(B) With respect to an electric light company that chooses	1180
to file a forecasted test period under section 4909.18 of the	1181
Revised Code, the valuation and value during the forecasted test	1182
period	1183

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Sec. 4909.08. When the public utilities commission has	1184
completed the valuation of the property of any public utility or	1185
railroad and before such valuation becomes final, it shall give	1186
notice by registered letter to such public utility or railroad,	1187
and if a substantial portion of said public utility or railroad	1188
is situated in a municipal corporation, then to the mayor of	1189
such municipal corporation, stating the valuations placed upon	1190
the several kinds and classes of property of such public utility	1191
or railroad and upon the property as a whole and give such	1192
further notice by publication or otherwise as it shall deem	1193
necessary to apprise the public of such valuation. If, within	1194
thirty days after such notification, no protest has been filed	1195
with the commission, such valuation becomes final. If notice of	1196
protest has been filed by any public utility or railroad, the	1197
commission shall fix a time for hearing such protest and shall	1198
consider at such hearing any matter material thereto presented	1199
by such public utility, railroad, or municipal corporation, in	1200
support of its protest or by any representative of the public	1201
against such protest. If, after the hearing of any protest of	1202
any valuation so fixed, the commission is of the opinion that	1203
its inventory is incomplete or inaccurate or that its valuation	1204
is incorrect, it shall make such changes as are necessary and	1205
shall issue an order making such corrected valuations final. A	1206
final valuation by the commission and all classifications made	1207
for the ascertainment of such valuations shall be public and are	1208
prima-facie evidence relative to the value of the property.	1209
"Valuation" and "value," as used in this section, may	1210
include, with:	1211

(A) With respect to a public utility that is a natural

valuation and value as of the date certain, if applicable

gas, water-works, or sewage disposal system company, projected

because of a future date certain under section 4909.15 of the	1215
Revised Code;	1216
(B) With respect to an electric light company that chooses	1217
to file a forecasted test period under section 4909.18 of the	1218
Revised Code, the valuation and value during the forecasted test	1219
period.	1220
Sec. 4909.15. (A) The public utilities commission, when	1221
fixing and determining just and reasonable rates, fares, tolls,	1222
rentals, and charges, shall determine:	1223
(1) The (1)(a) With respect to a public utility that is a	1224
natural gas, water-works, or sewage disposal system company, or	1225
that is an electric light company that chooses not to file a	1226
forecasted test period under section 4909.18 of the Revised	1227
Code, the valuation as of the date certain of the property of	1228
the public utility that is used and useful or, with respect to a	1229
natural gas, water-works, or sewage disposal system company, $\underline{\text{is}}$	1230
projected to be used and useful as of the date certain, in	1231
rendering the public utility service for which rates are to be	1232
fixed and determined. The	1233
(b) With respect to an electric light company that chooses	1234
to file a forecasted test period under section 4909.18 of the	1235
Revised Code, the valuation of the property of the utility that	1236
is projected to be used and useful during the forecasted test	1237
period in rendering the public utility service for which rates	1238
are to be fixed and determined.	1239
(c) The valuation so determined under division (A)(1) of	1240
this section for any public utility shall be the total value as	1241
set forth in division $\frac{(C)(9)}{(B)(8)}$ of section 4909.042 of the	1242
Revised Code and division (B)(9) of section 4909 05 of the	1243

Revised Code, and a reasonable allowance for materials and	1244
supplies and <u>a reasonable allowance for cash working capital as</u>	1245
determined by the commission.	1246
The commission, in its discretion, may include in the	1247
valuation a reasonable allowance for construction work in	1248
progress but, in no event, may such an allowance be made by the	1249
commission until it has determined that the particular	1250
construction project is at least seventy-five per cent complete.	1251
In determining the percentage completion of a particular	1252
construction project, the commission shall consider, among other	1253
relevant criteria, the per cent of time elapsed in construction;	1254
the per cent of construction funds, excluding allowance for	1255
funds used during construction, expended, or obligated to such	1256
construction funds budgeted where all such funds are adjusted to	1257
reflect current purchasing power; and any physical inspection	1258
refrect current parenasing power, and any physical inspection	
performed by or on behalf of any party, including the	1259
	1259 1260
performed by or on behalf of any party, including the	
performed by or on behalf of any party, including the commission's staff.	1260
performed by or on behalf of any party, including the commission's staff. A reasonable allowance for construction work in progress	1260 1261
performed by or on behalf of any party, including the commission's staff. A reasonable allowance for construction work in progress shall not exceed ten per cent of the total valuation as stated	1260 1261 1262
performed by or on behalf of any party, including the commission's staff. A reasonable allowance for construction work in progress shall not exceed ten per cent of the total valuation as stated in this division, not including such allowance for construction	1260 1261 1262 1263
performed by or on behalf of any party, including the commission's staff. A reasonable allowance for construction work in progress—shall not exceed ten per cent of the total valuation as stated—in this division, not including such allowance for construction—work in progress.	1260 1261 1262 1263 1264
performed by or on behalf of any party, including the commission's staff. A reasonable allowance for construction work in progress shall not exceed ten per cent of the total valuation as stated in this division, not including such allowance for construction work in progress. Where the commission permits an allowance for construction	1260 1261 1262 1263 1264 1265
performed by or on behalf of any party, including the commission's staff. A reasonable allowance for construction work in progress shall not exceed ten per cent of the total valuation as stated in this division, not including such allowance for construction work in progress. Where the commission permits an allowance for construction work in progress, the dollar value of the project or portion	1260 1261 1262 1263 1264 1265 1266
performed by or on behalf of any party, including the commission's staff. A reasonable allowance for construction work in progress shall not exceed ten per cent of the total valuation as stated in this division, not including such allowance for construction work in progress. Where the commission permits an allowance for construction work in progress, the dollar value of the project or portion thereof included in the valuation as construction work in	1260 1261 1262 1263 1264 1265 1266 1267
performed by or on behalf of any party, including the commission's staff. A reasonable allowance for construction work in progress shall not exceed ten per cent of the total valuation as stated in this division, not including such allowance for construction work in progress. Where the commission permits an allowance for construction work in progress, the dollar value of the project or portion thereof included in the valuation as construction work in progress shall not be included in the valuation as plant in	1260 1261 1262 1263 1264 1265 1266 1267 1268
performed by or on behalf of any party, including the commission's staff. A reasonable allowance for construction work in progress shall not exceed ten per cent of the total valuation as stated in this division, not including such allowance for construction work in progress. Where the commission permits an allowance for construction work in progress, the dollar value of the project or portion thereof included in the valuation as construction work in progress shall not be included in the valuation as plant in service until such time as the total revenue effect of the	1260 1261 1262 1263 1264 1265 1266 1267 1268 1269
performed by or on behalf of any party, including the commission's staff. A reasonable allowance for construction work in progress-shall not exceed ten per cent of the total valuation as stated in this division, not including such allowance for construction work in progress. Where the commission permits an allowance for construction work in progress, the dollar value of the project or portion thereof included in the valuation as construction work in progress shall not be included in the valuation as plant in service until such time as the total revenue effect of the construction work in progress allowance is offset by the total	1260 1261 1262 1263 1264 1265 1266 1267 1268 1269 1270

project in service but not reflected in rates as plant in	1274
service, and such accrued carrying charges shall be included in	1275
the valuation of the property at the conclusion of the offset	1276
period for purposes of division (C)(9) of section 4909.05 of the	1277
Revised Code.	1278
From and after April 10, 1985, no allowance for	1279
-	
construction work in progress as it relates to a particular	1280
construction project shall be reflected in rates for a period-	1281
exceeding forty-eight consecutive months commencing on the date	1282
the initial rates reflecting such allowance become effective,	1283
except as otherwise provided in this division.	1284
The applicable maximum period in rates for an allowance	1285
for construction work in progress as it relates to a particular	1286
construction project shall be tolled if, and to the extent, a	1287
delay in the in-service date of the project is caused by the	1288
action or inaction of any federal, state, county, or municipal	1289
agency having jurisdiction, where such action or inaction-	1290
relates to a change in a rule, standard, or approval of such	1291
agency, and where such action or inaction is not the result of	1292
the failure of the utility to reasonably endeavor to comply with	1293
any rule, standard, or approval prior to such change.	1294
In the event that such period expires before the project	1295
goes into service, the commission shall exclude, from the date-	1296
of expiration, the allowance for the project as construction	1297
work in progress from rates, except that the commission may	1298
extend the expiration date up to twelve months for good cause	1299
shown.	1300
In the event that a utility has permanently canceled,	1301
abandoned, or terminated construction of a project for which it-	1302
was previously permitted a construction work in progress	1303

allowance, the commission immediately shall exclude the	1304
allowance for the project from the valuation.	1305
In the event that a construction work in progress project	1306
previously included in the valuation is removed from the	1307
valuation pursuant to this division, any revenues collected by	1308
the utility from its customers after April 10, 1985, that	1309
resulted from such prior inclusion shall be offset against	1310
future revenues over the same period of time as the project was-	1311
included in the valuation as construction work in progress. The	1312
total revenue effect of such offset shall not exceed the total	1313
revenues previously collected.	1314
In no event shall the total revenue effect of any offset	1315
or offsets provided under division (A)(1) of this section exceed	1316
the total revenue effect of any construction work in progress-	1317
allowance.	1318
(2) A fair and reasonable rate of return to the utility on	1319
the valuation as determined in division (A)(1) of this section;	1320
(3) The dollar annual return to which the utility is	1321
entitled by applying the fair and reasonable rate of return as	1322
determined under division (A)(2) of this section to the	1323
valuation of the utility determined under division (A)(1) of	1324
this section;	1325
(4) The cost to the utility of rendering the public	1326
utility service for the test period used for the determination	1327
under division (C)(1) of this section, less the total of any	1328
interest on cash or credit refunds paid, pursuant to section	1329
4909.42 of the Revised Code, by the utility during the test	1330
period.	1331
(a) Federal, state, and local taxes imposed on or measured	1332

by net income may, in the discretion of the commission, be	1333
computed by the normalization method of accounting, provided the	1334
utility maintains accounting reserves that reflect differences	1335
between taxes actually payable and taxes on a normalized basis,	1336
provided that no determination as to the treatment in the rate-	1337
making process of such taxes shall be made that will result in	1338
loss of any tax depreciation or other tax benefit to which the	1339
utility would otherwise be entitled, and further provided that	1340
such tax benefit as redounds to the utility as a result of such	1341
a computation may not be retained by the company, used to fund	1342
any dividend or distribution, or utilized for any purpose other	1343
than the defrayal of the operating expenses of the utility and	1344
the defrayal of the expenses of the utility in connection with	1345
construction work.	1346

(b) The amount of any tax credits granted to an electric 1347 light company under section 5727.391 of the Revised Code for 1348 Ohio coal burned prior to January 1, 2000, shall not be retained 1349 by the company, used to fund any dividend or distribution, or 1350 utilized for any purposes other than the defrayal of the 1351 allowable operating expenses of the company and the defrayal of 1352 the allowable expenses of the company in connection with the 1353 installation, acquisition, construction, or use of a compliance 1354 facility. The amount of the tax credits granted to an electric 1355 light company under that section for Ohio coal burned prior to 1356 January 1, 2000, shall be returned to its customers within three 1357 years after initially claiming the credit through an offset to 1358 the company's rates or fuel component, as determined by the 1359 commission, as set forth in schedules filed by the company under 1360 section 4905.30 of the Revised Code. As used in division (A) (4) 1361 (b) of this section, "compliance facility" has the same meaning-1362 as in section 5727.391 of the Revised Code. 1363

(B) The commission shall compute the gross annual revenues	1364
to which the utility is entitled by adding the dollar amount of	1365
return under division (A)(3) of this section to the cost, for	1366
the test period used for the determination under division (C)(1)	1367
of this section, of rendering the public utility service under	1368
division (A)(4) of this section.	1369
(C)(1) Except as provided in division (D) of this section,	1370
the revenues and expenses of the utility shall be determined	1371
during a test period. The utility may as follows:	1372
(a) Electric light companies may propose a forecasted test	1373
period. The company may propose changes to base rates for up to	1374
three consecutive twelve-month periods in a single forecasted	1375
test period application. During the first twelve-month period,	1376
the company may propose a reasonably forecasted rate base during	1377
a thirteen-month average, revenues, and expenses for the first	1378
twelve months that new base rates will be in effect.	1379
During the second twelve-month period, the base rate	1380
revenue requirement may be adjusted for the return of, and	1381
return on, incremental rate base additions approved by the	1382
commission in the initial application. During the third twelve-	1383
month period, the base rate revenue requirement may be adjusted	1384
for the return of and return on incremental rate base additions	1385
approved by the commission in the initial application.	1386
For the first twelve-month period, forecasted plant	1387
investment, forecasted revenue, and forecasted expenses versus	1388
actual investment, actual revenue, and actual expenses shall be	1389
trued up via a cost recovery mechanism approved by the	1390
commission. For the second and third twelve-month periods,	1391
forecasted plant investment versus actual plant investment shall	1392
be trued up via a cost recovery mechanism approved by the	1393

commission.	1394
Each true-up process shall take into account the rate of	1395
return that the utility projects to earn on the investments. The	1396
utility shall provide the commission with actual financial	1397
information during the true-up process to ensure accuracy. As	1398
part of the true-up process, the commission shall include only	1399
rate base components that have been found by the commission to	1400
be used and useful in rendering public utility service.	1401
(b) All utilities, except for electric light companies	1402
that choose to file under division (C)(1)(a) of this section,	1403
<pre>shall propose a test period for this determination that is any</pre>	1404
twelve-month period beginning not more than six months prior to	1405
the date the application is filed and ending not more than nine	1406
months subsequent to that date. The test period for determining	1407
revenues and expenses of the utility shall be the test period	1408
proposed by the utility, unless otherwise ordered by the	1409
commission.	1410
(2) The For utilities filing under division (C)(1)(b) of	1411
this section, the date certain shall be not later than the date	1412
of filing, except that it shall be, for a natural gas, water-	1413
works, or sewage disposal system company, not later than the end	1414
of the test period.	1415
(D) A natural gas, water-works, or sewage disposal system	1416
<pre>company Utilities filing under division (C)(1)(b) of this</pre>	1417
<pre>section may propose adjustments to the revenues and expenses to</pre>	1418
be determined under division (C)(1) of this section for any	1419
changes that are, during the test period or the twelve-month	1420
period immediately following the test period, reasonably	1421
expected to occur. The natural gas, water-works, or sewage	1422
disposal system company utility shall identify and quantify,	1423

individually, any proposed adjustments. The commission shall
incorporate the proposed adjustments into the determination if
the adjustments are just and reasonable.

1424

- (E) When the commission is of the opinion, after hearing 1427 and after making the determinations under divisions (A) and (B) 1428 of this section, that any rate, fare, charge, toll, rental, 1429 schedule, classification, or service, or any joint rate, fare, 1430 charge, toll, rental, schedule, classification, or service 1431 rendered, charged, demanded, exacted, or proposed to be 1432 rendered, charged, demanded, or exacted, is, or will be, unjust, 1433 unreasonable, unjustly discriminatory, unjustly preferential, or 1434 in violation of law, that the service is, or will be, 1435 inadequate, or that the maximum rates, charges, tolls, or 1436 rentals chargeable by any such public utility are insufficient 1437 to yield reasonable compensation for the service rendered, and 1438 are unjust and unreasonable, the commission shall: 1439
- (1) With due regard among other things to the value of all 1440 property of the public utility actually used and useful for the 1441 convenience of the public as determined under division (A)(1) of 1442 this section, excluding from such value the value of any 1443 franchise or right to own, operate, or enjoy the same in excess 1444 of the amount, exclusive of any tax or annual charge, actually 1445 paid to any political subdivision of the state or county, as the 1446 consideration for the grant of such franchise or right, and 1447 excluding any value added to such property by reason of a 1448 monopoly or merger, with due regard in determining the dollar 1449 annual return under division (A)(3) of this section to the 1450 necessity of making reservation out of the income for surplus, 1451 depreciation, and contingencies, and; 1452
 - (2) With due regard to all such other matters as are

proper, according to the facts in each case,	1454
(a) Including a fair and reasonable rate of return	1455
determined by the commission with reference to a cost of debt	1456
equal to the actual embedded cost of debt of such public	1457
utility,	1458
(b) But not including the portion of any periodic rental	1459
or use payments representing that cost of property that is	1460
included in the valuation report under divisions $\frac{(C)}{(4)}$ (B) (4)	1461
and (5) of section 4909.042 of the Revised Code and divisions	1462
(B) (4) and (5) of section 4909.05 of the Revised Code, fix and	1463
determine the just and reasonable rate, fare, charge, toll,	1464
rental, or service to be rendered, charged, demanded, exacted,	1465
or collected for the performance or rendition of the service	1466
that will provide the public utility the allowable gross annual	1467
revenues under division (B) of this section, and order such just	1468
and reasonable rate, fare, charge, toll, rental, or service to	1469
be substituted for the existing one. After such determination	1470
and order no change in the rate, fare, toll, charge, rental,	1471
schedule, classification, or service shall be made, rendered,	1472
charged, demanded, exacted, or changed by such public utility	1473
without the order of the commission, and any other rate, fare,	1474
toll, charge, rental, classification, or service is prohibited.	1475
(F) Upon application of any person or any public utility,	1476
and after notice to the parties in interest and opportunity to	1477
be heard as provided in Chapters 4901., 4903., 4905., 4907.,	1478
4909., 4921., and 4923. of the Revised Code for other hearings,	1479
has been given, the commission may rescind, alter, or amend an	1480
order fixing any rate, fare, toll, charge, rental,	1481
classification, or service, or any other order made by the	1482

commission. Certified copies of such orders shall be served and

take effect as provided for original orders.	1484
Sec. 4909.156. In fixing the just, reasonable, and	1485
compensatory rates, joint rates, tolls, classifications,	1486
charges, or rentals to be observed and charged for service by	1487
any public utility, the public utilities commission shall, in	1488
action upon an application filed pursuant to section 4909.18 of	1489
the Revised Code, require a public utility to file a report	1490
showing the proportionate amounts of the valuation of the	1491
property of the utility, as determined under section $\underline{4909.042}$ or	1492
4909.05 of the Revised Code, and the proportionate amounts of	1493
the revenues and expenses of the utility that are proposed to be	1494
considered as attributable to the service area involved in the	1495
application.	1496
"Valuation," as used in this section, may include, with $\underline{:}$	1497
(A) With respect to a public utility that is a natural	1498
gas, water-works, or sewage disposal system company, projected	1499
valuation as of the date certain, if applicable because of a	1500
future date certain under section 4909.15 of the Revised Code;	1501
(B) With respect to an electric light company that chooses	1502
to file a forecasted test period under section 4909.18 of the	1503
Revised Code, the valuation and value during the forecasted test	1504
<pre>period.</pre>	1505
Sec. 4909.173. (A) As used in this section and section	1506
4909.174 of the Revised Code:	1507
(1) "Customer-owned water service line" means the water	1508
service line connected to the water-works company's water	1509
service line at the curb of a customer's property.	1510
(2) "Water-works company" means an entity defined under	1511
division (G) of section 4905.03 of the Revised Code that is a	1512

public utility under section 4905.02 of the Revised Code.	1513
(B) A water-works company may do any of the following:	1514
(1) Replace lead customer-owned water service lines	1515
concurrently with a scheduled utility main replacement project,	1516
an emergency replacement, or company-initiated lead water	1517
service line replacement program;	1518
(2) Replace lead customer-owned water service lines when	1519
mandated or ordered to replace such lines by law or a state or	1520
<pre>federal regulatory agency;</pre>	1521
(3) Replace customer-owned water service lines of other	1522
composition when mandated or ordered to replace such lines by	1523
law or a state or federal regulatory agency.	1524
(C) If a water-works company replaces customer-owned water	1525
service lines under this section, then the company shall include	1526
the cost of the replacement of the water service lines,	1527
including the cost of replacement of both company side and	1528
customer-owned water service lines and the cost to evaluate	1529
customer-owned water service lines of unknown composition, in	1530
the valuation report of the property of the company as required	1531
under division $\frac{(C)(6)}{(B)(6)}$ of section 4909.05 of the Revised	1532
Code for inclusion in a rate case under this chapter.	1533
(D) The water service customer who is responsible for the	1534
customer-owned water service line that was replaced under this	1535
section shall hold legal title to the replaced water service	1536
line.	1537
Sec. 4909.174. (A) A water-works company shall reimburse a	1538
customer who replaces the customer's customer-owned water	1539
service line, if both of the following occur:	1540

- (1) The company confirms that the customer-owned water 1541 service line was composed of lead or other composition that was 1542 mandated or ordered to be replaced by law or a state or federal 1543 regulatory agency; 1544
- (2) The customer submits the reimbursement request to the 1545 company not later than twelve months after the completion of the 1546 water line replacement. 1547
- (B) A water-works company that provides a reimbursement to 1548 a customer under this section shall include the reimbursement 1549 amount in the valuation report of the property of the company as 1550 required under division (C)(6)(B)(6) of section 4909.05 of the 1551 Revised Code for inclusion in a rate case under this chapter. 1552

Sec. 4909.18. Any public utility desiring to establish any 1553 rate, joint rate, toll, classification, charge, or rental, or to 1554 modify, amend, change, increase, or reduce any existing rate, 1555 joint rate, toll, classification, charge, or rental, or any 1556 regulation or practice affecting the same, shall file a written 1557 application with the public utilities commission. Except for 1558 actions under section 4909.16 of the Revised Code, no public 1559 utility may issue the notice of intent to file an application 1560 pursuant to division (B) of section 4909.43 of the Revised Code 1561 to increase any existing rate, joint rate, toll, classification, 1562 charge, or rental, until a final order under this section has 1563 been issued by the commission on any pending prior application 1564 to increase the same rate, joint rate, toll, classification, 1565 charge, or rental or until two hundred seventy-five days after 1566 filing such application, whichever is sooner. Such application 1567 shall be verified by the president or a vice-president and the 1568 secretary or treasurer of the applicant. Such application shall 1569 contain a schedule of the existing rate, joint rate, toll, 1570

classification, charge, or rental, or regulation or practice	1571
affecting the same, a schedule of the modification amendment,	1572
change, increase, or reduction sought to be established, and a	1573
statement of the facts and grounds upon which such application	1574
is based. If such application proposes a new service or the use	1575
of new equipment, or proposes the establishment or amendment of	1576
a regulation, the application shall fully describe the new	1577
service or equipment, or the regulation proposed to be	1578
established or amended, and shall explain how the proposed	1579
service or equipment differs from services or equipment	1580
presently offered or in use, or how the regulation proposed to	1581
be established or amended differs from regulations presently in	1582
effect. The application shall provide such additional	1583
information as the commission may require in its discretion. If	1584
the commission determines that such application is not for an	1585
increase in any rate, joint rate, toll, classification, charge,	1586
or rental, the commission may permit the filing of the schedule	1587
proposed in the application and fix the time when such schedule	1588
shall take effect. If it appears to the commission that the	1589
proposals in the application may be unjust or unreasonable, the	1590
commission shall set the matter for hearing and shall give	1591
notice of such hearing by sending written notice of the date set	1592
for the hearing to the public utility and publishing notice of	1593
the hearing one time in a newspaper of general circulation in	1594
each county in the service area affected by the application. At	1595
such hearing, the burden of proof to show that the proposals in	1596
the application are just and reasonable shall be upon the public	1597
utility. After such hearing, the commission shall, where	1598
practicable, issue an appropriate order within six months from	1599
the date the application was filed.	1600

If the commission determines that said application is for 1601

an increase in any rate, joint rate, toll, classification,	1602
charge, or rental there shall also, unless otherwise ordered by	1603
the commission, be filed with the application in duplicate the	1604
following exhibits:	1605
(A) A report of its property used and useful, or, with	1606
respect to a natural gas, water-works, or sewage disposal system	1607
company, projected to be used and useful, as of the date	1608
certain, or during the forecasted test period, if the	1609
	1610
application is filed under division (C)(1)(a) of section 4909.15	
of the Revised Code, in rendering the service referred to in	1611
such application, as provided in section sections 4909.042 and	1612
4909.05 of the Revised Code;	1613
(B) A complete operating statement of its last fiscal	1614
year, showing in detail all its receipts, revenues, and incomes	1615
from all sources, all of its operating costs and other	1616
expenditures, and any analysis such public utility deems	1617
applicable to the matter referred to in said application;	1618
(C) A statement of the income and expense anticipated	1619
under the application filed;	1620
(D) A statement of financial condition summarizing assets,	1621
liabilities, and net worth;	1622
(E) Such other information as the commission may require	1623
in its discretion.	1624
	1.605
Sec. 4909.181. (A) As used in this section, "electric	1625
distribution utility" has the same meaning as in section 4928.01	1626
of the Revised Code.	1627
(B) Not later than December 31, 2029, and at least every	1628
three years thereafter, each electric distribution utility shall	1629
file a rate case application regarding distribution service	1630

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under section 4909.18 of the Revised Code. 1631 Sec. 4909.19. (A) Upon the filing of any application for 1632 increase provided for by section 4909.18 of the Revised Code the 1633 public utility shall forthwith publish notice of such 1634 application, in a form approved by the public utilities 1635 commission, once a week for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper 1636 published and in general circulation throughout the territory in 1637 which such public utility operates and directly affected by the 1638 matters referred to in said application. The notice shall 1639 include instructions for direct electronic access to the 1640 application or other documents on file with the public utilities 1641 commission. The first publication of the notice shall be made in 1642 its entirety and may be made in a preprinted insert in the 1643 newspaper. The second publication may be abbreviated if all of 1644 the following apply: 1645 (1) The abbreviated notice is at least one-fourth of the 1646 size of the notice in the first publication. 1647 (2) At the same time the abbreviated notice is published, 1648 the notice in the first publication is posted in its entirety on 1649 the newspaper's web site, if the newspaper has a web site, and 1650 the commission's web site. 1651 (3) The abbreviated notice contains a statement of the web 1652 site posting or postings, as applicable, and instructions for 1653 accessing the posting or postings. 1654 (B) The commission shall determine a format for the 1655

content of all notices required under this section, and shall

consider costs and technological efficiencies in making that

not affect the legality or sufficiency of notices published

determination. Defects in the publication of said notice shall

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under this section provided that the commission has	1660
substantially complied with this section, as described in	1661
section 4905.09 of the Revised Code.	1662
(C) The commission shall at once cause an investigation to	1663
-	
be made of the facts set forth in said application and the	1664
exhibits attached thereto, and of the matters connected	1665
therewith. Within a reasonable time as determined by the	1666
commission one hundred eighty days after the filing of such	1667
application is determined to be complete, a written report shall	1668
be made and filed with the commission, a copy of which shall be	1669
sent by certified mail to the applicant, the mayor of any	1670
municipal corporation affected by the application, and to such	1671
other persons as the commission deems interested. If no	1672
objection to such report is made by any party interested within	1673
thirty days after such filing and the mailing of copies thereof,	1674
the commission shall fix a date within ten days for the final	1675
hearing upon said application, giving notice thereof to all	1676
parties interested. At such hearing the commission shall	1677
consider the matters set forth in said application and make such	1678
order respecting the prayer thereof as to it seems just and	1679
reasonable.	1680
If objections are filed with the commission, the	1681
commission shall cause a pre-hearing conference to be held	1682
between all parties, intervenors, and the commission staff in	1683
all cases involving more than one hundred thousand customers.	1684
all cases in oliving mole chair one handled chedeand casesmels.	1001
If objections are filed with the commission within thirty	1685
days after the filing of such report, the application shall be	1686
promptly set down for hearing of testimony before the commission	1687
or be forthwith referred to an attorney examiner designated by	1688

the commission to take all the testimony with respect to the

interested where many commissions shall also five the time and
interested party. The commission shall also fix the time and 1691
place to take testimony giving ten days' written notice of such 1692
time and place to all parties. The taking of testimony shall 1693
commence on the date fixed in said notice and shall continue 1694
from day to day until completed. The attorney examiner may, upon 1695
good cause shown, grant continuances for not more than three 1696
days, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays. The commission 1697
may grant continuances for a longer period than three days upon 1698
its order for good cause shown. At any hearing involving rates 1699
or charges sought to be increased, the burden of proof to show 1700
that the increased rates or charges are just and reasonable 1701
shall be on the public utility. 1702

When the taking of testimony is completed, a full and 1703 complete record of such testimony noting all objections made and 1704 exceptions taken by any party or counsel, shall be made, signed 1705 by the attorney examiner, and filed with the commission. Prior 1706 to the formal consideration of the application by the commission 1707 and the rendition of any order respecting the prayer of the 1708 application, a quorum of the commission shall consider the 1709 recommended opinion and order of the attorney examiner, in an 1710 open, formal, public proceeding in which an overview and 1711 explanation is presented orally. Thereafter, the commission 1712 shall make such order respecting the prayer of such application 1713 as seems just and reasonable to it. 1714

In all proceedings before the commission in which the 1715 taking of testimony is required, except when heard by the 1716 commission, attorney examiners shall be assigned by the 1717 commission to take such testimony and fix the time and place 1718 therefor, and such testimony shall be taken in the manner 1719 prescribed in this section. All testimony shall be under oath or 1720

affirmation and taken down and transcribed by a reporter and	1721
made a part of the record in the case. The commission may hear	1722
the testimony or any part thereof in any case without having the	1723
same referred to an attorney examiner and may take additional	1724
testimony. Testimony shall be taken and a record made in	1725
accordance with such general rules as the commission prescribes	1726
and subject to such special instructions in any proceedings as	1727
it, by order, directs.	1728

Sec. 4909.191. (A) If the public utilities commission, 1729 under division (D) of section 4909.15 of the Revised Code, 1730 incorporated proposed adjustments to revenues and expenses into 1731 the commission's determination under that section, the natural 1732 gas, water-works, or sewage disposal system company public 1733 utility shall, not later than ninety days after actual data for 1734 all of the incorporated adjustments becomes known, submit to the 1735 commission proposed rate or charge adjustments that provide for 1736 the recalculation of rates or charges, reflective of customer-1737 class responsibility, corresponding to the differences, if any, 1738 between the incorporated adjustments to revenues and expenses 1739 and the actual revenues and expenses associated with the 1740 incorporated adjustments. 1741

(B) If the commission incorporated projected value or 1742 valuation of property into the commission's determination under 1743 division $\frac{A}{A}$ (1)(A)(1)(a) of section 4909.15 of the Revised Code, 1744 the natural gas, water-works, or sewage disposal system company 1745 shall, not later than ninety days after data for the actual 1746 value or valuation as of the date certain becomes known, submit 1747 to the commission proposed rate or charge adjustments that 1748 provide for the recalculation of rates or charges, reflective of 1749 customer-class responsibility, corresponding to the differences, 1750 if any, between the projected value or valuation incorporated 1751

1753

into the commission's determination and the actual value or valuation as of the date certain.

- (C) The commission shall review the proposed rate or 1754 charge adjustments submitted under divisions (A) and (B) of this 1755 section. The review shall not include a hearing unless the 1756 commission finds that the proposed rate or charge adjustments 1757 may be unreasonable, in which case the commission may, in its 1758 discretion, schedule the matter for a hearing. 1759
- (D) The commission shall issue, not later than one hundred 1760 fifty days after the date that any proposed rate or charge 1761 adjustments are submitted under division (A) or (B) of this 1762 section, a final order on the proposed rate or charge 1763 adjustments. Any rate or charge adjustments authorized under 1764 this division shall be limited to amounts that are not greater 1765 than those consistent with the proposed adjustments to revenues 1766 and expenses that were incorporated into the commission's 1767 determination under division (D) of section 4909.15 of the 1768 Revised Code, and not greater than those consistent with the 1769 incorporated projected value or valuation. In no event shall 1770 rate or charge adjustments authorized under this division be 1771 1772 upward.

After the commission has issued such a final order, the 1773 natural gas, water-works, or sewage disposal system-1774 companypublic utility, if applicable, shall submit to the 1775 commission proposed reconciliation adjustments that refund to 1776 customers the difference between the actual revenues collected 1777 by the natural gas, water-works, or sewage disposal system-1778 company, utility under the rates and charges determined by the 1779 commission under section 4909.15 of the Revised Code, and the 1780 rates or charges recalculated under the adjustments authorized 1781

under this division. The reconciliation adjustments shall be	1782
effective for a twelve-month period.	1783
(E) The reconciliation adjustments ordered under division	1784
(D) of this section may be subject to a final reconciliation by	1785
the commission. Any such final reconciliation shall occur after	1786
the twelve-month period described in division (D) of this	
	1787
section.	1788
Sec. 4909.192. When considering an application to increase	1789
rates under section 4909.18 of the Revised Code, the public	1790
utilities commission may approve the following:	1791
(A) Nondiscriminatory programs available for all energy-	1792
intensive customers to implement economic development, job	1793
growth, job retention, or interruptible rates that enhance	1794
distribution and transmission grid reliability and promote	1795
economic development.	1796
economic development.	1750
(B) Nondiscriminatory programs available for all	1797
mercantile customers, as defined in section 4928.01 of the	1798
Revised Code, that align retail rate recovery with how	1799
transmission costs are incurred by or charged to the electric	1800
distribution utility, as defined in section 4928.01 of the	1801
Revised Code, or programs that allow customers to be billed	1802
directly for transmission service by a competitive retail	1803
electric service provider.	1804
Sec. 4909.193. The public utilities commission shall	1805
determine whether an application filed under section 4909.18 of	1806
the Revised Code is complete not more than forty-five days after	1807
the application is filed. If the commission does not issue a	1808
determination within the time period required by this section,	1809
the application shall be deemed complete by operation of law.	1810
ene appricacion sharr be deemed comprete by operation or raw.	1010

Sec. 4909.42. If the proceeding on an application filed	1811
with the public utilities commission under section 4909.18 of	1812
the Revised Code by any public utility requesting an increase on	1813
any rate, rate mechanism, joint rate, toll, classification,	1814
charge, or rental or requesting a change in a regulation or	1815
practice affecting the same has not been concluded and an order	1816
entered pursuant to section 4909.19 of the Revised Code at the	1817
expiration of two hundred seventy-five two hundred ninety days	1818
from the date-of filing-the application is determined complete,	1819
an—the public utility may request a temporary increase—not to—	1820
exceed the proposed increase, which shall go into effect upon-	1821
the filing of a bond or a letter of credit by the public-	1822
utilityand remain in effect until modified in accordance with	1823
the commission's determination on the merits of the application.	1824
The bond or letter of credit shall be filed with the commission	1825
and shall be payable to the state for the use and benefit of the	1826
customers affected by the proposed increase or change If the	1827
commission does not issue an order within three hundred twenty	1828
days after the application is deemed complete, the application	1829
shall be deemed approved by operation of law. A temporary	1830
increase under this section shall not exceed the midpoint of the	1831
rates recommended in the staff report filed pursuant to section	1832
4909.19 of the Revised Code and is subject to refund.	1833
An affidavit attached to the bond or letter of credit must	1834
be signed by two of the officers of the utility, under oath, and	1835
must contain a promise on behalf of the utility to refund any	1836
amounts collected by the utility over the rate, joint rate,	1837
toll, classification, charge, or rental, as determined in the	1838
final order of the commission. All refunds shall include interest at the rate stated in section 1343.03 of the Revised	1839
interest at the rate stated in section 1343.03 of the Kevised	1840

Code. The refund shall be in the form of a temporary reduction 1841

in rates following the final order of the commission, and shall-	1842
be accomplished in such manner as shall be prescribed by the	1843
commission in its final order. The commission shall exercise	1844
continuing and exclusive jurisdiction over such refunds.	1845
If the public utilities commission has not entered a final	1846
order within five hundred forty-five days from the date of the	1847
filing of an application for an increase in rates under section-	1848
4909.18 of the Revised Code, a public utility shall have no-	1849
obligation to make a refund of amounts collected after the five-	1850
hundred forty-fifth day which exceed the amounts authorized by	1851
the commission's final order.	1852
Nothing in this section shall be construed to mitigate any	1853
duty of the commission to issue a final order under section	1854
4909.19 of the Revised Code.	1855
Sec. 4928.01. (A) As used in this chapter:	1856
Sec. 4928.01. (A) As used in this chapter: (1) "Ancillary service" means any function necessary to	1856 1857
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(1) "Ancillary service" means any function necessary to the provision of electric transmission or distribution service	1857 1858
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(1) "Ancillary service" means any function necessary to the provision of electric transmission or distribution service to a retail customer and includes, but is not limited to, scheduling, system control, and dispatch services; reactive supply from generation resources and voltage control service;	1857 1858 1859 1860 1861
(1) "Ancillary service" means any function necessary to the provision of electric transmission or distribution service to a retail customer and includes, but is not limited to, scheduling, system control, and dispatch services; reactive supply from generation resources and voltage control service; reactive supply from transmission resources service; regulation	1857 1858 1859 1860 1861 1862
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(1) "Ancillary service" means any function necessary to the provision of electric transmission or distribution service to a retail customer and includes, but is not limited to, scheduling, system control, and dispatch services; reactive supply from generation resources and voltage control service; reactive supply from transmission resources service; regulation service; frequency response service; energy imbalance service; operating reserve-supplemental reserve service; load following; back-up supply service; real-power loss replacement service; dynamic	1857 1858 1859 1860 1861 1862 1863 1864 1865

independent agent, not affiliated with or otherwise controlled

by an electric utility, electric services company, electric	1871
cooperative, or governmental aggregator subject to certification	1872
under section 4928.08 of the Revised Code, to the extent that	1873
the agent is under contract with such utility, company,	1874
cooperative, or aggregator solely to provide billing and	1875
collection for retail electric service on behalf of the utility	1876
company, cooperative, or aggregator.	1877
company, cooperative, or aggregator.	1077
(3) "Certified territory" means the certified territory	1878
established for an electric supplier under sections 4933.81 to	1879
4933.90 of the Revised Code.	1880
(4) "Competitive retail electric service" means a	1881
component of retail electric service that is competitive as	1882
provided under division (B) of this section.	1883
(5) "Electric cooperative" means a not-for-profit electric	1884
light company that both is or has been financed in whole or in	1885
part under the "Rural Electrification Act of 1936," 49 Stat.	1886
1363, 7 U.S.C. 901, and owns or operates facilities in this	1887
state to generate, transmit, or distribute electricity, or a	1888
not-for-profit successor of such company.	1889
(6) "Electric distribution utility" means an electric	1890
utility that supplies at least retail electric distribution	1891
service and does not own or operate an electric generating	1892
facility.	1893
(7) "Electric light company" has the same meaning as in	1894
section 4905.03 of the Revised Code and includes an electric	1895
services company, but excludes any self-generator to the extent	1896
that it consumes electricity it so produces, sells that	1897
electricity for resale, or obtains electricity from a generating	1898
facility it hosts on its premises.	1899

(8) "Electric load center" has the same meaning as in	1900
section 4933.81 of the Revised Code.	1901
(9) "Electric services company" means an electric light	1902
company that is engaged on a for-profit or not-for-profit basis	1903
in the business of supplying or arranging for the supply of only	1904
a competitive retail electric service in this state. "Electric	1905
services company" includes a power marketer, power broker,	1906
aggregator, or independent power producer but excludes an	1907
electric cooperative, municipal electric utility, governmental	1908
aggregator, or billing and collection agent.	1909
(10) "Electric supplier" has the same meaning as in	1910
section 4933.81 of the Revised Code.	1911
Section 4955.01 of the Nevisea Code.	1911
(11) "Electric utility" means an electric light company	1912
that has a certified territory and is engaged on a for-profit	1913
basis either in the business of supplying at least a	1914
noncompetitive retail electric service in this state or in the-	1915
businesses of supplying both a noncompetitive and a competitive-	1916
retail electric service in this state. "Electric utility"	1917
excludes a municipal electric utility or a billing and	1918
collection agent.	1919
(12) "Firm electric service" means electric service other	1920
than nonfirm electric service.	1921
(13) "Governmental aggregator" means a legislative	1922
authority of a municipal corporation, a board of township	1923
trustees, or a board of county commissioners acting as an	1924
aggregator for the provision of a competitive retail electric	1925
service under authority conferred under section 4928.20 of the	1926
Revised Code.	1927
(14) A pargan acta Uknavingly U pagandlass of the parasit	1000
(14) A person acts "knowingly," regardless of the person's	1928

purpose, when the person is aware that the person's conduct will	1929
probably cause a certain result or will probably be of a certain	1930
nature. A person has knowledge of circumstances when the person	1931
is aware that such circumstances probably exist.	1932
(15) "Level of funding for low-income customer energy	1933

- efficiency programs provided through electric utility rates" 1934 means the level of funds specifically included in an electric 1935 utility's rates on October 5, 1999, pursuant to an order of the 1936 public utilities commission issued under Chapter 4905. or 4909. 1937 of the Revised Code and in effect on October 4, 1999, for the 1938 purpose of improving the energy efficiency of housing for the 1939 utility's low-income customers. The term excludes the level of 1940 any such funds committed to a specific nonprofit organization or 1941 organizations pursuant to a stipulation or contract. 1942
- (16) "Low-income customer assistance programs" means the 1943 percentage of income payment plan program, the home energy 1944 assistance program, the home weatherization assistance program, 1945 and the targeted energy efficiency and weatherization program. 1946
- (17) "Market development period" for an electric utility

 means the period of time beginning on the starting date of

 competitive retail electric service and ending on the applicable

 date for that utility as specified in section 4928.40 of the

 Revised Code, irrespective of whether the utility applies to

 1951

 receive transition revenues under this chapter.

 1952
- (18) "Market power" means the ability to impose on 1953 customers a sustained price for a product or service above the 1954 price that would prevail in a competitive market. 1955
- (19) "Mercantile customer" means a commercial or 1956 industrial customer if the electricity consumed is for 1957

nonresidential use and the customer consumes more than seven	1958
hundred thousand kilowatt hours per year or is part of a	1959
national account involving multiple facilities in one or more	1960
states.	1961
(20) "Municipal electric utility" means a municipal	1962
corporation that owns or operates facilities to generate,	1963
transmit, or distribute electricity.	1964
(21) "Noncompetitive retail electric service" means a	1965
component of retail electric service that is noncompetitive as	1966
provided under division (B) of this section.	1967
(22) "Nonfirm electric service" means electric service	1968
provided pursuant to a schedule filed under section 4905.30 of	1969
the Revised Code or pursuant to an arrangement under section	1970
4905.31 of the Revised Code, which schedule or arrangement	1971
includes conditions that may require the customer to curtail or	1972
interrupt electric usage during nonemergency circumstances upon	1973
notification by an electric utility.	1974
(23) "Percentage of income payment plan arrears" means	1975
funds eligible for collection through the percentage of income	1976
payment plan rider, but uncollected as of July 1, 2000.	1977
(24) "Person" has the same meaning as in section 1.59 of	1978
the Revised Code.	1979
(25) "Advanced energy project" means any technologies,	1980
products, activities, or management practices or strategies that	1981
facilitate the generation or use of electricity or energy and	1982
that reduce or support the reduction of energy consumption or	1983
support the production of clean, renewable energy for	1984
industrial, distribution, commercial, institutional,	1985
governmental, research, not-for-profit, or residential energy	1986

users, including, but not limited to, advanced energy resources	1987
and renewable energy resources. "Advanced energy project" also	1988
includes any project described in division (A), (B), or (C) of	1989
section 4928.621 of the Revised Code.	1990

- (26) "Regulatory assets" means the unamortized net 1991 regulatory assets that are capitalized or deferred on the 1992 regulatory books of the electric utility, pursuant to an order 1993 or practice of the public utilities commission or pursuant to 1994 generally accepted accounting principles as a result of a prior 1995 commission rate-making decision, and that would otherwise have 1996 been charged to expense as incurred or would not have been 1997 capitalized or otherwise deferred for future regulatory 1998 consideration absent commission action. "Regulatory assets" 1999 includes, but is not limited to, all deferred demand-side 2000 management costs; all deferred percentage of income payment plan 2001 arrears; post-in-service capitalized charges and assets 2002 recognized in connection with statement of financial accounting 2003 standards no. 109 (receivables from customers for income taxes); 2004 future nuclear decommissioning costs and fuel disposal costs as 2005 those costs have been determined by the commission in the 2006 electric utility's most recent rate or accounting application 2007 proceeding addressing such costs; the undepreciated costs of 2008 safety and radiation control equipment on nuclear generating 2009 plants owned or leased by an electric utility; and fuel costs 2010 currently deferred pursuant to the terms of one or more 2011 settlement agreements approved by the commission. 2012
- (27) "Retail electric service" means any service involved

 in supplying or arranging for the supply of electricity to

 2014

 ultimate consumers in this state, from the point of generation

 2015

 to the point of consumption. For the purposes of this chapter,

 2016

 retail electric service includes one or more of the following

 2017

"service components": generation service, aggregation service,	2018
power marketing service, power brokerage service, transmission	2019
service, distribution service, ancillary service, metering	2020
service, and billing and collection service.	2021
(28) "Starting date of competitive retail electric	2022
service" means January 1, 2001.	2023
(29) "Customer-generator" means a user of a net metering	2024
system.	2025
(30) "Net metering" means measuring the difference in an	2026
applicable billing period between the electricity supplied by an	2027
electric service provider and the electricity generated by a	2028
customer-generator that is fed back to the electric service	2029
provider.	2030
(31) "Net metering system" means a facility for the	2031
production of electrical energy that does all of the following:	2032
(a) Uses as its fuel either solar, wind, biomass, landfill	2033
gas, or hydropower, or uses a microturbine or a fuel cell;	2034
(b) Is located on a customer-generator's premises;	2035
(c) Operates in parallel with the electric utility's	2036
transmission and distribution facilities;	2037
(d) Is intended primarily to offset part or all of the	2038
customer-generator's requirements for electricity. For an	2039
industrial customer-generator with a net metering system that	2040
has a capacity of less than twenty megawatts and uses wind as	2041
energy, this means the net metering system was sized so as to	2042
not exceed one hundred per cent of the customer-generator's	2043
annual requirements for electric energy at the time of	2044
interconnection.	2045

(32) "Self-generator" means an entity in this state that	2046
owns or hosts on its premises property the entity controls an	2047
electric generation facility that produces electricity primarily	2048
for the owner's consumption and that may provide any such excess	2049
electricity to another entityone or more other entities, whether	2050
the facility is installed or operated by the owner or by an	2051
agent a third party under a contract, including a lease,	2052
purchase power agreement, or other service contract.	2053
(33) "Rate plan" means the standard service offer in	2054
effect on the effective date of the amendment of this section by	2055
S.B. 221 of the 127th general assembly, July 31, 2008.	2056
(34) "Advanced energy resource" means any of the	2057
following:	2058
(a) Any method or any modification or replacement of any	2059
property, process, device, structure, or equipment that	2060
increases the generation output of an electric generating	2061
facility to the extent such efficiency is achieved without	2062
additional carbon dioxide emissions by that facility;	2063
(b) Any distributed generation system consisting of	2064
customer cogeneration technology;	2065
(c) Clean coal technology that includes a carbon-based	2066
product that is chemically altered before combustion to	2067
demonstrate a reduction, as expressed as ash, in emissions of	2068
nitrous oxide, mercury, arsenic, chlorine, sulfur dioxide, or	2069
sulfur trioxide in accordance with the American society of	2070
testing and materials standard D1757A or a reduction of metal	2071
oxide emissions in accordance with standard D5142 of that	2072
society, or clean coal technology that includes the design	2073
capability to control or prevent the emission of carbon dioxide,	2074

which design capability the commission shall adopt by rule and	2075
shall be based on economically feasible best available	2076
technology or, in the absence of a determined best available	2077
technology, shall be of the highest level of economically	2078
feasible design capability for which there exists generally	2079
accepted scientific opinion;	2080
(d) Advanced nuclear energy technology consisting of	2081
generation III technology as defined by the nuclear regulatory	2082
commission; other, later technology; or significant improvements	2083
to existing facilities;	2084
(e) Any fuel cell used in the generation of electricity,	2085
including, but not limited to, a proton exchange membrane fuel	2086
cell, phosphoric acid fuel cell, molten carbonate fuel cell, or	2087
solid oxide fuel cell;	2088
(f) Advanced solid waste or construction and demolition	2089
debris conversion technology, including, but not limited to,	2090
advanced stoker technology, and advanced fluidized bed	2091
gasification technology, that results in measurable greenhouse	2092
gas emissions reductions as calculated pursuant to the United	2093
States environmental protection agency's waste reduction model	2094
(WARM);	2095
(g) Demand-side management and any energy efficiency	2096
<pre>improvement;</pre>	2097
(h) Any new, retrofitted, refueled, or repowered	2098
generating facility located in Ohio, including a simple or	2099
combined-cycle natural gas generating facility or a generating	2100
facility that uses biomass, coal, modular nuclear, or any other	2101
fuel as its input;	2102
(i) Any uprated capacity of an existing electric	2103

biological decomposition, or other process that does not

principally involve combustion;	2131
(viii) Biomass energy;	2132
(ix) Energy produced by cogeneration technology that is	2133
placed into service on or before December 31, 2015, and for	2134
which more than ninety per cent of the total annual energy input	2135
is from combustion of a waste or byproduct gas from an air	2136
contaminant source in this state, which source has been in	2137
operation since on or before January 1, 1985, provided that the	2138
cogeneration technology is a part of a facility located in a	2139
county having a population of more than three hundred sixty-five	2140
thousand but less than three hundred seventy thousand according	2141
to the most recent federal decennial census;	2142
(x) Biologically derived methane gas;	2143
(xi) Heat captured from a generator of electricity,	2144
boiler, or heat exchanger fueled by biologically derived methane	2145
gas;	2146
(xii) Energy derived from nontreated by-products of the	2147
pulping process or wood manufacturing process, including bark,	2148
wood chips, sawdust, and lignin in spent pulping liquors.	2149
"Renewable energy resource" includes, but is not limited	2150
to, any fuel cell used in the generation of electricity,	2151
including, but not limited to, a proton exchange membrane fuel	2152
cell, phosphoric acid fuel cell, molten carbonate fuel cell, or	2153
solid oxide fuel cell; <u>a linear generator;</u> wind turbine located	2154
in the state's territorial waters of Lake Erie; methane gas	2155
emitted from an abandoned coal mine; waste energy recovery	2156
system placed into service or retrofitted on or after the	2157
effective date of the amendment of this section by S.B. 315 of	2158
the 129th general assembly, September 10, 2012, except that a	2159

U.S.C. 1313.

waste energy recovery system described in division (A)(38)(b) of	2160
this section may be included only if it was placed into service	2161
between January 1, 2002, and December 31, 2004; storage facility	2162
that will promote the better utilization of a renewable energy	2163
resource; or distributed generation system used by a customer to	2164
generate electricity from any such energy.	2165
"Renewable energy resource" does not include a waste	2166
energy recovery system that is, or was, on or after January 1,	2167
2012, included in an energy efficiency program of an electric	2168
distribution utility pursuant to requirements under section	2169
4928.66 of the Revised Code.	2170
(b) As used in division (A)(37) of this section,	2171
"hydroelectric facility" means a hydroelectric generating	2172
facility that is located at a dam on a river, or on any water	2173
discharged to a river, that is within or bordering this state or	2174
within or bordering an adjoining state and meets all of the	2175
following standards:	2176
(i) The facility provides for river flows that are not	2177
detrimental for fish, wildlife, and water quality, including	2178
seasonal flow fluctuations as defined by the applicable	2179
licensing agency for the facility.	2180
(ii) The facility demonstrates that it complies with the	2181
water quality standards of this state, which compliance may	2182
consist of certification under Section 401 of the "Clean Water	2183
Act of 1977," 91 Stat. 1598, 1599, 33 U.S.C. 1341, and	2184
demonstrates that it has not contributed to a finding by this	2185
state that the river has impaired water quality under Section	2186
303(d) of the "Clean Water Act of 1977," 114 Stat. 870, 33	2187
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(iii) The facility complies with mandatory prescriptions	2189
regarding fish passage as required by the federal energy	2190
regulatory commission license issued for the project, regarding	2191
fish protection for riverine, anadromous, and catadromous fish.	2192
(iv) The facility complies with the recommendations of the	2193
Ohio environmental protection agency and with the terms of its	2194
federal energy regulatory commission license regarding watershed	2195
protection, mitigation, or enhancement, to the extent of each	2196
agency's respective jurisdiction over the facility.	2197
(v) The facility complies with provisions of the	2198
"Endangered Species Act of 1973," 87 Stat. 884, 16 U.S.C. 1531	2199
to 1544, as amended.	2200
	0001
(vi) The facility does not harm cultural resources of the	2201
area. This can be shown through compliance with the terms of its	2202
federal energy regulatory commission license or, if the facility	2203
is not regulated by that commission, through development of a	2204
plan approved by the Ohio historic preservation office, to the	2205
extent it has jurisdiction over the facility.	2206
(vii) The facility complies with the terms of its federal	2207
energy regulatory commission license or exemption that are	2208
related to recreational access, accommodation, and facilities	2209
or, if the facility is not regulated by that commission, the	2210
facility complies with similar requirements as are recommended	2211
by resource agencies, to the extent they have jurisdiction over	2212
the facility; and the facility provides access to water to the	2213
public without fee or charge.	2214
(viii) The facility is not recommended for removal by any	2215
federal agency or agency of any state, to the extent the	2216
particular agency has jurisdiction over the facility.	2217

(c) The standards in divisions (A)(37)(b)(i) to (viii) of	2218
this section do not apply to a small hydroelectric facility	2219
under division (A)(37)(a)(iv) of this section.	2220
(38) "Waste energy recovery system" means any of the	2221
following:	2222
(a) A facility that generates electricity through the	2223
conversion of energy from either of the following:	2224
(i) Exhaust heat from engines or manufacturing,	2225
industrial, commercial, or institutional sites, except for	2226
exhaust heat from a facility whose primary purpose is the	2227
generation of electricity;	2228
(ii) Reduction of pressure in gas pipelines before gas is	2229
distributed through the pipeline, provided that the conversion	2230
of energy to electricity is achieved without using additional	2231
fossil fuels.	2232
(b) A facility at a state institution of higher education	2233
as defined in section 3345.011 of the Revised Code that recovers	2234
waste heat from electricity-producing engines or combustion	2235
turbines and that simultaneously uses the recovered heat to	2236
produce steam, provided that the facility was placed into	2237
service between January 1, 2002, and December 31, 2004;	2238
(c) A facility that produces steam from recovered waste	2239
heat from a manufacturing process and uses that steam, or	2240
transfers that steam to another facility, to provide heat to	2241
another manufacturing process or to generate electricity.	2242
(39) "Smart grid" means capital improvements to an	2243
electric distribution utility's distribution infrastructure that	2244
improve reliability, efficiency, resiliency, or reduce energy	2245
demand or use, including, but not limited to, advanced metering	2246

and automation of system functions.	2247
(40) "Combined heat and power system" means the	2248
coproduction of electricity and useful thermal energy from the	2249
same fuel source designed to achieve thermal-efficiency levels	2250
of at least sixty per cent, with at least twenty per cent of the	2251
system's total useful energy in the form of thermal energy.	2252
(41) "Legacy generation resource" means all generating	2253
facilities owned directly or indirectly by a corporation that	2254
was formed prior to 1960 by investor-owned utilities for the	2255
original purpose of providing power to the federal government-	2256
for use in the nation's defense or in furtherance of national	2257
interests, including the Ohio valley electric corporation.	2258
(42) "Prudently incurred costs related to a legacy	2259
generation resource" means costs, including deferred costs,	2260
allocated pursuant to a power agreement approved by the federal-	2261
energy regulatory commission that relates to a legacy generation	2262
resource, less any revenues realized from offering the	2263
contractual commitment for the power agreement into the	2264
wholesale markets, provided that where the net revenues exceed-	2265
net costs, those excess revenues shall be credited to customers.	2266
Such costs shall exclude any return on investment in common	2267
equity and, in the event of a premature retirement of a legacy	2268
generation resource, shall exclude any recovery of remaining	2269
debt. Such costs shall include any incremental costs resulting	2270
from the bankruptcy of a current or former sponsor under such	2271
power agreement or co-owner of the legacy generation resource if	2272
not otherwise recovered through a utility rate cost recovery	2273
mechanism.	2274
(43)(a) (41)(a) "Green energy" means any energy generated	2275
by using an energy resource that does one or more of the	2276

following:	2277
(i) Releases reduced air pollutants, thereby reducing	2278
cumulative air emissions;	2279
(ii) Is more sustainable and reliable relative to some	2280
fossil fuels.	2281
	2201
(b) "Green energy" includes energy generated using the	2282
following:	2283
(i) Natural gas as a resource;	2284
(ii) Nuclear reaction.	2285
(42) "Linear generator" means an integrated system	2286
consisting of oscillators, cylinders, electricity conversion	2287
equipment, and associated balance of plant components that meet	2288
the following criteria:	2289
(a) Converts the linear motion of oscillators directly	2290
into electricity without the use of a flame or spark;	2291
(b) Is dispatchable with the ability to vary power output	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2292
across all loads;	2292 2293
across all loads;	2293
<pre>across all loads; (c) Can operate on multiple fuel types including renewable</pre>	2293 2294
	2293
(c) Can operate on multiple fuel types including renewable	2293 2294
(c) Can operate on multiple fuel types including renewable fuels such as hydrogen, ammonia, and biogas.	2293 2294 2295
(c) Can operate on multiple fuel types including renewable fuels such as hydrogen, ammonia, and biogas. (B) For the purposes of this chapter, a retail electric	2293 2294 2295 2296
(c) Can operate on multiple fuel types including renewable fuels such as hydrogen, ammonia, and biogas. (B) For the purposes of this chapter, a retail electric service component shall be deemed a competitive retail electric	2293 2294 2295 2296 2297
(c) Can operate on multiple fuel types including renewable fuels such as hydrogen, ammonia, and biogas. (B) For the purposes of this chapter, a retail electric service component shall be deemed a competitive retail electric service if the service component is competitive pursuant to a	2293 2294 2295 2296 2297 2298
(c) Can operate on multiple fuel types including renewable fuels such as hydrogen, ammonia, and biogas. (B) For the purposes of this chapter, a retail electric service component shall be deemed a competitive retail electric service if the service component is competitive pursuant to a declaration by a provision of the Revised Code or pursuant to an	2293 2294 2295 2296 2297 2298 2299
(c) Can operate on multiple fuel types including renewable fuels such as hydrogen, ammonia, and biogas. (B) For the purposes of this chapter, a retail electric service component shall be deemed a competitive retail electric service if the service component is competitive pursuant to a declaration by a provision of the Revised Code or pursuant to an order of the public utilities commission authorized under	2293 2294 2295 2296 2297 2298 2299 2300

Revised Code.

Sec. 4928.041. (A) Except as provided in sections 4928.141	2304
and 4928.142 of the Revised Code, no electric utility shall	2305
provide a competitive retail electric service in this state if	2306
that service was deemed competitive or otherwise legally	2307
classified as competitive prior to the effective date of this	2308
section.	2309
(B) The standard service offer under section 4928.141 of	2310
the Revised Code shall continue to be provided to consumers in	2311
this state by electric utilities.	2312
Sec. 4928.05. (A) (1) On and after the starting date of	2313
competitive retail electric service, a A competitive retail	2314
electric service supplied by an electric utility or electric	2315
services company, or by an electric utility consistent with	2316
section 4928.141 of the Revised Code, shall not be subject to	2317
supervision and regulation by a municipal corporation under	2318
Chapter 743. of the Revised Code or by the public utilities	2319
commission under Chapters 4901. to 4909., 4933., 4935., and	2320
4963. of the Revised Code, except sections 4905.10 and 4905.31,	2321
division (B) of section 4905.33, and sections 4905.35 and	2322
4933.81 to 4933.90; except sections 4905.06, 4935.03, 4963.40,	2323
and 4963.41 of the Revised Code only to the extent related to	2324
service reliability and public safety; and except as otherwise	2325
provided in this chapter. The commission's authority to enforce	2326
those excepted provisions with respect to a competitive retail	2327
electric service shall be such authority as is provided for	2328
their enforcement under Chapters 4901. to 4909., 4933., 4935.,	2329
and 4963. of the Revised Code and this chapter. Nothing in this	2330
division shall be construed to limit the commission's authority	2331
under sections 4928.141 to-, 4928.142, and 4928.144 of the	2332

On and after the starting date of competitive retail	2334
electric service, a (2) A competitive retail electric service	2335
supplied by an electric cooperative shall not be subject to	2336
supervision and regulation by the commission under Chapters	2337
4901. to 4909., 4933., 4935., and 4963. of the Revised Code,	2338
except as otherwise expressly provided in sections 4928.01 to	2339
4928.10 and 4928.16 of the Revised Code.	2340
(2) On and after the starting date of competitive retail	2341
electric service, a (B)(1) A noncompetitive retail electric	2342
service supplied by an electric utility shall be subject to	2343
supervision and regulation by the commission under Chapters	2344
4901. to 4909., 4933., 4935., and 4963. of the Revised Code and	2345
this chapter, to the extent that authority is not preempted by	2346
federal law. The commission's authority to enforce those	2347
provisions with respect to a noncompetitive retail electric	2348
service shall be the authority provided under those chapters and	2349
this chapter, to the extent the authority is not preempted by	2350
federal law. Notwithstanding Chapters 4905. and 4909. of the	2351
Revised Code, commission authority under this chapter shall	2352
include the authority to provide for the recovery, through a	2353
reconcilable rider on an electric distribution utility's	2354
distribution rates, of all transmission and transmission-related	2355
costs, including ancillary and congestion costs, imposed on or	2356
charged to the utility by the federal energy regulatory	2357
commission or a regional transmission organization, independent	2358
transmission operator, or similar organization approved by the	2359
federal energy regulatory commission.	2360
(2) The commission shall exercise its jurisdiction with	2361
respect to the delivery of electricity by an electric utility in	2362
this state on or after the starting date of competitive retail	2363
	0064

electric service so as to ensure that no aspect of the delivery

of electricity by the utility to consumers in this state that	2365
consists of a noncompetitive retail electric service is	2366
unregulated.	2367
On and after that starting date, a (3) A noncompetitive	2368
retail electric service supplied by an electric cooperative	2369
shall not be subject to supervision and regulation by the	2370
commission under Chapters 4901. to 4909., 4933., 4935., and	2371
4963. of the Revised Code, except sections 4933.81 to 4933.90	2372
and 4935.03 of the Revised Code. The commission's authority to	2373
enforce those excepted sections with respect to a noncompetitive	2374
retail electric service of an electric cooperative shall be such	2375
authority as is provided for their enforcement under Chapters	2376
4933. and 4935. of the Revised Code.	2377
(B) Nothing in this chapter affects the authority of the	2378
commission under Title XLIX of the Revised Code to regulate an-	2379
electric light company in this state or an electric service	2380
supplied in this state prior to the starting date of competitive	2381
retail-electric service.	2382
Sec. 4928.08. (A) This section applies to an electric	2383
cooperative, or to a governmental aggregator that is a municipal	2384
electric utility, only to the extent of a competitive retail	2385
electric service it provides to a customer to whom it does not	2386
provide a noncompetitive retail electric service through	2387
transmission or distribution facilities it singly or jointly	2388
owns or operates.	2389
(B) (1) No electric utility, electric services company,	2390
electric cooperative, or governmental aggregator shall provide a	2391
competitive retail electric service to a consumer in this state	2392
on and after the starting date of competitive retail electric	2393
service without first being certified by the public utilities	2394

commission regarding its managerial, technical, and financial	2395
capability to provide that service and providing a financial	2396
guarantee sufficient to protect customers and electric	2397
distribution utilities from default. Certification shall be	2398
granted pursuant to procedures and standards the commission	2399
shall prescribe in accordance with division (C) of this section,	2400
except that certification or certification renewal shall be	2401
deemed approved thirty days after the filing of an application	2402
with the commission unless the commission suspends that approval	2403
for good cause shown. In the case of such a suspension, the	2404
commission shall act to approve or deny certification or	2405
certification renewal to the applicant not later than ninety	2406
days after the date of the suspension.	2407
(2) The public utilities commission shall establish rules	2408
to require an electric services company to maintain financial	2409
assurances sufficient to protect customers and electric	2410
distribution utilities from default. Such rules also shall	2410
specifically allow an electric distribution utility to set	2412
reasonable standards for its security and the security of its	2413
customers through financial requirements set in its tariffs.	2414
customers through illiancial requirements set in its tarrirs.	2111
(3) As used in division (B)(2) of this section, an	2415
"electric services company" has the same meaning as in section	2416
4928.01 of the Revised Code, but excludes a power broker or	2417
aggregator.	2418
(C) Capability standards adopted in rules under division	2419
(B) of this section shall be sufficient to ensure compliance	2420
with the minimum service requirements established under section	2421
4928.10 of the Revised Code and with section 4928.09 of the	2422
Revised Code. The standards shall allow flexibility for	2423
voluntary aggregation, to encourage market creativity in	2424
_	

responding to consumer needs and demands, and shall allow	2425
flexibility for electric services companies that exclusively	2426
provide installation of small electric generation facilities, to	2427
provide ease of market access. The rules shall include	2428
procedures for biennially renewing certification.	2429
(D) The commission may suspend, rescind, or conditionally	2430
rescind the certification of any electric utility, electric	2431
services company, electric cooperative, or governmental	2432
aggregator issued under this section if the commission	2433
determines, after reasonable notice and opportunity for hearing,	2434
that the utility, company, cooperative, or aggregator has failed	2435
to comply with any applicable certification standards or has	2436
engaged in anticompetitive or unfair, deceptive, or	2437
unconscionable acts or practices in this state.	2438
(E) No electric distribution utility on and after the	2439
starting date of competitive retail electric service shall	2440
knowingly distribute electricity, to a retail consumer in this	2441
state, for any supplier of electricity that has not been	2442
certified by the commission pursuant to this section.	2443
(F) Notwithstanding any provision of section 121.95 of the	2444
Revised Code to the contrary, a regulatory restriction contained	2445
in a rule adopted under section 4928.08 of the Revised Code is	2446
not subject to sections 121.95 to 121.953 of the Revised Code.	2447
Sec. 4928.101. (A) As used in this section and section	2448
4928.102 of the Revised Code:	2449
(1) "Small commercial customer" means any customer that	2450
receives electric service pursuant to a nonresidential tariff if	2451
the customer's demand for electricity does not exceed twenty-	2452
five kilowatts within the last twelve months.	2453

(2) "Small commercial customer" excludes any customer that	2454
does one or both of the following:	2455
(a) Manages multiple electric meters and, within the last	2456
twelve months, the electricity demand for at least one of the	2457
meters is twenty-five kilowatts or more;	2458
(b) Has, at the customer's discretion, aggregated the	2459
demand for the customer-managed meters.	2460
(B) The consumer protections described in section 4928.10	2461
of the Revised Code and the rules adopted pursuant to that	2462
section apply to small commercial customers and to all other	2463
customers as set forth in the rules.	2464
Sec. 4928.102. (A) If a competitive retail electric	2465
service supplier offers a residential or small commercial	2466
customer a contract for a fixed introductory rate that converts	2467
to a variable rate upon the expiration of the fixed rate, the	2468
supplier shall send two notices to each residential and small	2469
commercial customer that enters into such a contract. Each	2470
notice shall provide all of the following information to the	2471
<pre>customer:</pre>	2472
(1) The fixed rate that is expiring under the contract;	2473
(2) The expiration date of the contract's fixed rate;	2474
(3) The rate to be charged upon the contract's conversion	2475
to a variable rate;	2476
(4) The public utilities commission web site that, as a	2477
comparison tool, lists rates offered by competitive retail	2478
<pre>electric service suppliers;</pre>	2479
(5) A statement explaining that appearing on each	2480
customer's hill is a price-to-compare notice that lists the	2481

utility's standard service offer price.	2482
(B) The notices shall be sent by standard United States	2483
mail as follows:	2484
(1) The supplier shall send the first notice not earlier	2485
than ninety days, and not later than sixty days, prior to the	2486
<pre>expiration of the fixed rate.</pre>	2487
(2) The supplier shall send the second notice not earlier	2488
than forty-five days, and not later than thirty days, prior to	2489
the expiration of the fixed rate.	2490
(C) A competitive retail electric service supplier shall	2491
provide an annual notice, by standard United States mail, to	2492
each residential and small commercial customer that has entered	2493
into a contract with the supplier that has converted to a	2494
variable rate upon the expiration of the contract's fixed	2495
introductory rate. The notice shall inform the customer that the	2496
customer is currently subject to a variable rate and that other	2497
fixed rate contracts are available.	2498
(D) Not later than one hundred fifty days after the	2499
effective date of this section, the commission shall adopt rules	2500
in order to implement divisions (A) to (C) of this section. The	2501
rules, at a minimum, shall include the following requirements	2502
regarding the notices required under divisions (A) to (C) of	2503
<pre>this section:</pre>	2504
(1) To use clear and unambiguous language in order to	2505
enable the customer to make an informed decision;	2506
(2) To design the notices in a way to ensure that they	2507
<pre>cannot be confused with marketing materials.</pre>	2508
(E) Notwithstanding any provision of section 121.95 of the	2509

Revised Code to the contrary, a regulatory restriction contained	2510
in a rule adopted under section 4928.102 of the Revised Code is	2511
not subject to sections 121.95 to 121.953 of the Revised Code.	2512
Sec. 4928.103. (A) As used in this section, "customer	2513
account information" means a unique electric distribution	2514
utility number or other customer identification number used by	2515
the utility to identify a customer and the customer's account	2516
record.	2517
(B) The public utilities commission shall adopt rules to	2518
<pre>ensure that an electric distribution utility processes a</pre>	2519
customer's change in competitive retail electric supplier by	2520
using customer account information. A customer who consents to a	2521
change of supplier shall not be required to provide customer	2522
account information to the supplier if the customer provides a	2523
valid form of government-issued identification issued to the	2524
customer or a sufficient alternative form of identification that	2525
allows the supplier to establish the customer's identity	2526
accurately.	2527
(C) Notwithstanding any provision of section 121.95 of the	2528
Revised Code to the contrary, a regulatory restriction contained	2529
in a rule adopted under this section is not subject to sections	2530
121.95 to 121.953 of the Revised Code.	2531
Sec. 4928.104. (A) A competitive retail electric service	2532
supplier may offer alternative billing and payment structures as	2533
agreed upon in a service contract with a mercantile customer,	2534
without restriction to specific models, provided the supplier	2535
complies with applicable laws and regulations. The alternative	2536
billing and payment structure may include any of the following:	2537
(1) Daily, weekly, or milestone-based payments;	2538

(2) Online-only billing and payment requirements;	2539
(3) Prepayment-based service structures.	2540
(B) The public utilities commission shall not prohibit a	2541
competitive retail electric service provider from requiring	2542
electronic payment methods as a condition of service under a	2543
non-traditional billing agreement.	2544
Sec. 4928.105. (A) Upon receiving a certified	2545
disconnection request from a competitive retail electric service	2546
supplier under a service agreement that explicitly authorizes	2547
expedited disconnection, voluntarily entered into by a	2548
mercantile customer, an electric distribution utility shall	2549
process the request within three business days.	2550
(B) The electric distribution utility shall not be held	2551
liable for any disputes arising from the supplier-initiated	2552
shutoff, provided the utility acts in accordance with the	2553
<pre>certification process.</pre>	2554
(C) The commission shall establish rules permitting	2555
electric distribution utilities to recover the administrative	2556
costs of processing expedited shutoff requests under this	2557
section through fees assessed to competitive retail electric	2558
service suppliers.	2559
Sec. 4928.106. (A) An electric distribution utility shall	2560
make real-time usage data available to a competitive retail	2561
electric service supplier, or an authorized third party, serving	2562
a mercantile customer upon request.	2563
(B) Data shall be provided at intervals of not longer than	2564
five minutes and in a format consistent with public utilities	2565
commission standards.	2566

(C) The electric distribution utility may assess a cost-	2567
based fee to the competitive retail electric service supplier	2568
for access to real-time usage data.	2569
Sec. 4928.14. The (A) Except as provided in division (C)	2570
of this section, the failure of a supplier to provide retail	2571
electric generation service to customers within the certified	2572
territory of an electric distribution utility shall result in	2573
the supplier's customers, after reasonable notice, defaulting to	2574
the utility's standard service offer under sections 4928.141,	2575
and 4928.142, and 4928.143 of the Revised Code until the	2576
	
customer chooses an alternative supplier. A-	2577
(B) A supplier is deemed under this section to have failed	2578
to provide such retail electric generation service if the	2579
commission finds, after reasonable notice and opportunity for	2580
hearing, that any of the following conditions are met:	2581
$\frac{A}{A}$ (1) The supplier has defaulted on its contracts with	2582
customers, is in receivership, or has filed for bankruptcy.	2583
customers, is in receivership, or has lifed for bankruptcy.	2505
$\frac{B}{B}$ The supplier is no longer capable of providing the	2584
service.	2585
$\frac{(C)}{(C)}$ (3) The supplier is unable to provide delivery to	2586
transmission or distribution facilities for such period of time	2587
as may be reasonably specified by commission rule adopted under	2588
division (A) of section 4928.06 of the Revised Code.	2589
$\frac{(D)}{(4)}$ The supplier's certification has been suspended,	2590
conditionally rescinded, or rescinded under division (D) of	2591
section 4928.08 of the Revised Code.	2592
(C) If an electric distribution utility has an electric	2593
security plan that was approved under section 4928.143 of the	2594
Revised Code as that section existed prior to the amendments to	2595

this section by this act, the failure of a supplier to provide	2596
retail electric generation service to customers within the	2597
certified territory of that utility shall result in the	2598
supplier's customers, after reasonable notice, defaulting to the	2599
utility's standard service offer under that electric security	2600
plan until the customer chooses an alternative supplier or until	2601
the utility's standard service offer is authorized under section	2602
4928.142 of the Revised Code.	2603
Sec. 4928.141. (A) Beginning January 1, 2009, an (A) (1) An	2604
electric distribution utility shall provide consumers, on a	2605
comparable and nondiscriminatory basis within its certified	2606
territory, a standard service offer of all competitive retail	2607
electric services necessary to maintain essential electric	2608
service to consumers, including a firm supply of electric	2609
generation service. To that end, the electric distribution	2610
utility shall apply to the public utilities commission to	2611
establish the standard service offer in accordance with section	2612
4928.142 or 4928.143 of the Revised Code and, at its discretion,	2613
may apply simultaneously under both sections, except that the	2614
utility's first standard service offer application at minimum	2615
shall include a filing under section 4928.143 of the Revised	2616
Code. Only Except as provided in division (A)(2) of this	2617
section, a standard service offer authorized in accordance with	2618
section 4928.142 or 4928.143 of the Revised Code, shall serve as	2619
the utility's standard service offer for the purpose of	2620
compliance with this section $\dot{\tau}_{\underline{\prime}}$ and that standard service offer	2621
shall serve as the utility's default standard service offer for	2622
the purpose of section 4928.14 of the Revised Code.	2623
Notwithstanding the foregoing provision, the rate	2624
(2) An electric distribution utility's electric security	2625
plan of an electric distribution utility that was approved under	2626

2656

section 4928.143 of the Revised Code as that section existed	2627
prior to the amendments to this section by this act shall	2628
continue for the purpose of the utility's compliance with this	2629
division (A)(1) of this section until a standard service offer	2630
is first -authorized <u>to be effective</u> under section 4928.142 or	2631
4928.143 of the Revised Code, and, as applicable, pursuant to	2632
division (D) of section 4928.143 of the Revised Code, any rate	2633
Each security plan that extends approved before the effective	2634
date of the amendments to this section by this act shall extend	2635
beyond December 31, 2008, shall continue to be in effect for the	2636
subject electric distribution utility for the duration of the	2637
plan's termthrough the final standard service offer auction	2638
delivery period approved by the public utilities commission	2639
under the plan as of the effective date of the amendments to	2640
this section by this act and thereafter shall terminate.	2641
(3) A standard service offer under section 4928.142 or	2642
4928.143 of the Revised Code shall exclude any previously	2643
authorized allowances for transition costs, with such exclusion	2644
being effective on and after the date that the allowance is	2645
scheduled to end under the utility's rate_electric security_	2646
plan.	2647
(B) The commission shall set the time for hearing of a	2648
filing under section 4928.142 or 4928.143 of the Revised Code,	2649
send written notice of the hearing to the electric distribution	2650
utility, and publish notice in a newspaper of general	2651
circulation in each county in the utility's certified territory.	2652
The commission shall adopt rules regarding filings under-those-	2653
sections the section.	2654

Sec. 4928.142. (A) For the purpose of complying with

section 4928.141 of the Revised Code and subject to division (D)

of this section and, as applicable, subject to the rate plan	2657
requirement requirements of division (A) of section 4928.141 of	2658
the Revised Code, an electric distribution utility <pre>may_shall_</pre>	2659
establish a standard service offer price for retail electric	2660
generation service that is delivered to the utility under a	2661
market-rate offer.	2662
(1) The market-rate offer shall be determined through a	2663
competitive bidding process that provides for all of the	2664
following:	2665
(a) Open, fair, and transparent competitive solicitation;	2666
(b) Clear product definition;	2667
(c) Standardized bid evaluation criteria;	2668
(d) Oversight by an independent third party that shall	2669
design the solicitation, administer the bidding, and ensure that	2670
the criteria specified in $\frac{\text{division}}{\text{divisions}}$ (A)(1)(a) to (c) of	2671
this section are met;	2672
(e) Evaluation of the submitted bids prior to the	2673
selection of the least-cost bid winner or winners.	2674
No generation supplier shall be prohibited from	2675
participating in the bidding process.	2676
(2) The public utilities commission shall modify rules, or	2677
adopt new rules as necessary, concerning the conduct of the	2678
competitive bidding process and the qualifications of bidders,	2679
which rules shall foster supplier participation in the bidding	2680
process and shall be consistent with the requirements of	2681
division (A)(1) of this section.	2682
(B) Prior to initiating a competitive bidding process for	2683
a market-rate offer under division (A) of this section, the	2684

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electric distribution utility shall file an application with the	2685
commission. An electric distribution utility may file its	2686
application with the commission prior to the effective date of	2687
the commission rules required under division (A)(2) of this	2688
section, and, as the commission determines necessary, the	2689
utility shall immediately conform its filing to the rules upon	2690
their taking effect.	2691

An application under this division shall detail the 2692 electric distribution utility's proposed compliance with the 2693 requirements of division (A)(1) of this section and with 2694 commission rules under division (A)(2) of this section and 2695 demonstrate that all of the following requirements are met: 2696

- (1) The electric distribution utility or its transmission 2697 service affiliate belongs to at least one regional transmission 2698 organization that has been approved by the federal energy 2699 regulatory commission; or there otherwise is comparable and 2700 nondiscriminatory access to the electric transmission grid. 2701
- (2) Any such regional transmission organization has a 2702 market-monitor function and the ability to take actions to 2703 identify and mitigate market power or the electric distribution 2704 utility's market conduct; or a similar market monitoring 2705 function exists with commensurate ability to identify and 2706 monitor market conditions and mitigate conduct associated with 2707 the exercise of market power. 2708
- (3) A published source of information is available publicly or through subscription that identifies pricing information for traded electricity on- and off-peak energy products that are contracts for delivery beginning at least two years from the date of the publication and is updated on a regular basis.

The commission shall initiate a proceeding and, within	2715
ninety days after the application's filing date, shall determine	2716
by order whether the electric distribution utility and its	2717
market-rate offer meet all of the foregoing requirements. If the	2718
finding is positive, the electric distribution utility <pre>may_shall</pre>	2719
initiate its competitive bidding process. If the finding is	2720
negative as to one or more requirements, the commission in the	2721
order shall direct the electric distribution utility regarding	2722
how any deficiency may shall be timely remedied in a timely	2723
manner to the commission's satisfaction; otherwise, the electric	2724
distribution utility shall withdraw the application. However, if	2725
such remedy is made and the subsequent finding is positive and	2726
also if the electric distribution utility made a simultaneous	2727
filing under this section and section 4928.143 of the Revised	2728
Code, the utility shall not initiate its competitive bid until-	2729
at least one hundred fifty days after the filing date of those	2730
applications.	2731

- (C) Upon the completion of the competitive bidding process 2732 authorized by divisions (A) and (B) of this section, including 2733 for the purpose of division (D) of this section, the commission 2734 shall select the least-cost bid winner or winners of that 2735 process, and such selected bid or bids, as prescribed as retail 2736 rates by the commission, shall be the electric distribution 2737 utility's standard service offer unless the commission, by order 2738 issued before the third calendar day following the conclusion of 2739 the competitive bidding process for the market rate offer, 2740 determines that one or more of the following criteria were not 2741 met: 2742
- (1) Each portion of the bidding process was 2743 oversubscribed, such that the amount of supply bid upon was 2744 greater than the amount of the load bid out. 2745

- (2) There were four or more bidders. 2746
- (3) At least twenty-five per cent of the load is bid upon 2747 by one or more persons other than the electric distribution 2748 utility. 2749

All costs incurred by the electric distribution utility as 2750 a result of or related to the competitive bidding process or to 2751 procuring generation service to provide the standard service 2752 offer, including the costs of energy and capacity and the costs 2753 of all other products and services procured as a result of the 2754 competitive bidding process, shall be timely recovered through 2755 the standard service offer price, and, for that purpose, the 2756 commission shall approve a reconciliation mechanism, other 2757 recovery mechanism, or a combination of such mechanisms for the 2758 utility. 2759

(D) The first application filed under this section by an 2760 electric distribution utility that, as of July 31, 2008, 2761 directly owns, in whole or in part, operating electric 2762 generating facilities that had been used and useful in this 2763 state shall require that a portion of that the utility's 2764 standard service offer load for the first five years of the 2765 market rate offer be competitively bid under division (A) of 2766 this section as follows: ten per cent of the load in year one, 2767 not more than twenty per cent in year two, thirty per cent in 2768 year three, forty per cent in year four, and fifty per cent in 2769 year five. Consistent with those percentages, the commission 2770 shall determine the actual percentages for each year of years 2771 one through five. The standard service offer price for retail 2772 electric generation service under this first application shall 2773 be a proportionate blend of the bid price and the generation 2774 service price for the remaining standard service offer load, 2775

which latter price shall be equal to the electric distribution	2776
utility's most recent standard service offer price, adjusted	2777
upward or downward as the commission determines reasonable,	2778
relative to the jurisdictional portion of any known and	2779
measurable changes from the level of any one or more of the-	2780
following costs as reflected in that most recent standard-	2781
service offer price:	2782
(1) The electric distribution utilitude prodestly incorporate	2783
(1) The electric distribution utility's prudently incurred	
cost of fuel used to produce electricity;	2784
(2) Its prudently incurred purchased power costs;	2785
(3) Its prudently incurred costs of satisfying the supply	2786
and demand portfolio requirements of this state, including, but	2787
not limited to, renewable energy resource and energy efficiency	2788
requirements;	2789
(4) Its costs prudently incurred to comply with	2790
(4) Its costs prudently incurred to comply with environmental laws and regulations, with consideration of the	2790 2791
environmental laws and regulations, with consideration of the derating of any facility associated with those costs.	2791
environmental laws and regulations, with consideration of the derating of any facility associated with those costs. In making any adjustment to the most recent standard	279127922793
environmental laws and regulations, with consideration of the derating of any facility associated with those costs. In making any adjustment to the most recent standard service offer price on the basis of costs described in division	2791279227932794
environmental laws and regulations, with consideration of the derating of any facility associated with those costs. In making any adjustment to the most recent standard service offer price on the basis of costs described in division (D) of this section, the commission shall include the benefits	27912792279327942795
environmental laws and regulations, with consideration of the derating of any facility associated with those costs. In making any adjustment to the most recent standard service offer price on the basis of costs described in division (D) of this section, the commission shall include the benefits that may become available to the electric distribution utility	2791 2792 2793 2794 2795 2796
environmental laws and regulations, with consideration of the derating of any facility associated with those costs. In making any adjustment to the most recent standard service offer price on the basis of costs described in division (D) of this section, the commission shall include the benefits that may become available to the electric distribution utility as a result of or in connection with the costs included in the	2791 2792 2793 2794 2795 2796 2797
environmental laws and regulations, with consideration of the derating of any facility associated with those costs. In making any adjustment to the most recent standard service offer price on the basis of costs described in division (D) of this section, the commission shall include the benefits that may become available to the electric distribution utility	2791 2792 2793 2794 2795 2796
environmental laws and regulations, with consideration of the derating of any facility associated with those costs. In making any adjustment to the most recent standard service offer price on the basis of costs described in division (D) of this section, the commission shall include the benefits that may become available to the electric distribution utility as a result of or in connection with the costs included in the	2791 2792 2793 2794 2795 2796 2797
environmental laws and regulations, with consideration of the derating of any facility associated with those costs. In making any adjustment to the most recent standard service offer price on the basis of costs described in division (D) of this section, the commission shall include the benefits that may become available to the electric distribution utility as a result of or in connection with the costs included in the adjustment, including, but not limited to, the utility's receipt	2791 2792 2793 2794 2795 2796 2797 2798
environmental laws and regulations, with consideration of the derating of any facility associated with those costs. In making any adjustment to the most recent standard service offer price on the basis of costs described in division (D) of this section, the commission shall include the benefits that may become available to the electric distribution utility as a result of or in connection with the costs included in the adjustment, including, but not limited to, the utility's receipt of emissions credits or its receipt of tax benefits or of other	2791 2792 2793 2794 2795 2796 2797 2798 2799
environmental laws and regulations, with consideration of the derating of any facility associated with those costs. In making any adjustment to the most recent standard service offer price on the basis of costs described in division (D) of this section, the commission shall include the benefits that may become available to the electric distribution utility as a result of or in connection with the costs included in the adjustment, including, but not limited to, the utility's receipt of emissions credits or its receipt of tax benefits or of other benefits, and, accordingly, the commission may impose such	2791 2792 2793 2794 2795 2796 2797 2798 2799 2800
environmental laws and regulations, with consideration of the derating of any facility associated with those costs. In making any adjustment to the most recent standard service offer price on the basis of costs described in division (D) of this section, the commission shall include the benefits that may become available to the electric distribution utility as a result of or in connection with the costs included in the adjustment, including, but not limited to, the utility's receipt of emissions credits or its receipt of tax benefits or of other benefits, and, accordingly, the commission may impose such conditions on the adjustment to ensure that any such benefits	2791 2792 2793 2794 2795 2796 2797 2798 2799 2800 2801

equity that may be achieved by those adjustments. The commission	2805
shall not apply its consideration of the return on common equity	2806
to reduce any adjustments authorized under this division unless-	2807
the adjustments will cause the electric distribution utility to-	2808
earn a return on common equity that is significantly in excess-	2809
of the return on common equity that is earned by publicly traded	2810
companies, including utilities, that face comparable business	2811
and financial risk, with such adjustments for capital structure	2812
as may be appropriate. The burden of proof for demonstrating	2813
that significantly excessive earnings will not occur shall be on	2814
the electric distribution utility.	2815
Additionally, the commission may adjust the electric	2816
distribution utility's most recent standard service offer price	2817
by such just and reasonable amount that the commission	2818
determines necessary to address any emergency that threatens the	2819
utility's financial integrity or to ensure that the resulting	2820
revenue available to the utility for providing the standard	2821
service offer is not so inadequate as to result, directly or	2822
indirectly, in a taking of property without compensation-	2823
pursuant to Section 19 of Article I, Ohio Constitution. The	2824
electric distribution utility has the burden of demonstrating	2825
that any adjustment to its most recent standard service offer-	2826
price is proper in accordance with this division.	2827
(E) Beginning in the second year of a blended price under	2828
division (D) of this section and notwithstanding any other	2829
requirement of this section, the commission may alter	2830
prospectively the proportions specified in that division to	2831
mitigate any effect of an abrupt or significant change in the	2832
electric distribution utility's standard service offer price-	2833
that would otherwise result in general or with respect to any	2834

rate group or rate schedule but for such alteration. Any such

alteration shall be made not more often than annually, and the	2836
commission shall not, by altering those proportions and in any	2837
event, including because of the length of time, as authorized	2838
under division (C) of this section, taken to approve the market	2839
rate offer, cause the duration of the blending period to exceed-	2840
ten years as counted from the effective date of the approved-	2841
market rate offer. Additionally, any such alteration shall be	2842
limited to an alteration affecting the prospective proportions	2843
used during the blending period and shall not affect any	2844
blending proportion previously approved and applied by the	2845
commission under this division.	2846

(F) An electric distribution utility that has received

commission approval of its first application under division (C)

of this section shall not, nor ever shall be authorized or

required by the commission to, file an application under section

4928.143 of the Revised Code.

Sec. 4928.144. The public utilities commission by order 2852 may authorize any just and reasonable phase-in of any electric 2853 distribution utility rate or price established under sections 2854 4928.141 to 4928.143 and 4928.142 of the Revised Code, and 2855 inclusive of carrying charges, as the commission considers 2856 necessary to ensure rate or price stability for consumers. If 2857 the commission's order includes such a phase-in, the order also 2858 shall provide for the creation of regulatory assets pursuant to 2859 generally accepted accounting principles, by authorizing the 2860 deferral of incurred costs equal to the amount not collected, 2861 plus carrying charges on that amount. Further, the order shall 2862 authorize the collection of those deferrals through a 2863 nonbypassable surcharge on any such rate or price so established 2864 for the electric distribution utility by the commission. 2865

Sec. 4928.149. No electric distribution utility may use	2866
any electric energy storage system to participate in the	2867
wholesale market, if the utility purchased or acquired that	2868
system for distribution service.	2869
Sec. 4928.1410. If an electric distribution utility has an	2870
existing electric security plan under which the commission had	2871
authorized the creation or continuation of riders, then, to the	2872
extent those riders will cease to exist after termination of the	2873
electric security plan, the electric distribution utility is	2874
authorized to create necessary regulatory assets or liabilities,	2875
along with carrying costs at the utility's weighted average cost	2876
of debt, for the resolution of any outstanding under-collection	2877
or over-collection of funds under such riders. The resolution of	2878
such regulatory assets or liabilities shall be addressed in the	2879
first distribution rate case under section 4909.18 of the	2880
Revised Code that occurs after the plan's expiration.	2881
Sec. 4928.17. (A) Except as otherwise provided in sections	2882
<u>4928.141 or</u> 4928.142 or 4928.143 or 4928.31 to 4928.40 of the	2883
Revised Code and beginning on the starting date of competitive	2884
retail electric service, no electric utility shall engage in	2885
this state, either directly or through an affiliate, in the	2886
businesses of supplying a noncompetitive retail electric service	2887
and supplying a competitive retail electric service, or in the	2888
businesses of supplying a noncompetitive retail electric service	2889
and supplying a product or service other than retail electric	2890
service, unless the utility implements and operates under a	2891
corporate separation plan that is approved by the public	2892
utilities commission under this section, is consistent with the	2893
policy specified in section 4928.02 of the Revised Code, and	2894
achieves all of the following:	2895

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(1) The plan provides, at minimum, for the provision of	2896
the competitive retail electric service or the nonelectric	2897
product or service through a fully separated affiliate of the	2898
utility, and the plan includes separate accounting requirements,	2899
the code of conduct as ordered by the commission pursuant to a	2900
rule it shall adopt under division (A) of section 4928.06 of the	2901
Revised Code, and such other measures as are necessary to	2902
effectuate the policy specified in section 4928.02 of the	2903
Revised Code.	2904

- (2) The plan satisfies the public interest in preventing unfair competitive advantage and preventing the abuse of market power.
- (3) The plan is sufficient to ensure that the utility will 2908 not extend any undue preference or advantage to any affiliate, 2909 division, or part of its own business engaged in the business of 2910 supplying the competitive retail electric service or nonelectric 2911 product or service, including, but not limited to, utility 2912 resources such as trucks, tools, office equipment, office space, 2913 supplies, customer and marketing information, advertising, 2914 billing and mailing systems, personnel, and training, without 2915 compensation based upon fully loaded embedded costs charged to 2916 the affiliate; and to ensure that any such affiliate, division, 2917 or part will not receive undue preference or advantage from any 2918 affiliate, division, or part of the business engaged in business 2919 of supplying the noncompetitive retail electric service. No such 2920 utility, affiliate, division, or part shall extend such undue 2921 preference. Notwithstanding any other division of this section, 2922 a utility's obligation under division (A)(3) of this section 2923 shall be effective January 1, 2000. 2924
 - (B) The commission may approve, modify and approve, or

disapprove a corporate separation plan filed with the commission	2926
under division (A) of this section. As part of the code of	2927
conduct required under division (A)(1) of this section, the	2928
commission shall adopt rules pursuant to division (A) of section	2929
4928.06 of the Revised Code regarding corporate separation and	2930
procedures for plan filing and approval. The rules shall include	2931
limitations on affiliate practices solely for the purpose of	2932
maintaining a separation of the affiliate's business from the	2933
business of the utility to prevent unfair competitive advantage	2934
<u>abuse of market power</u> by virtue of that relationship. The rules	2935
also shall include an opportunity for any person having a real	2936
and substantial interest in the corporate separation plan to	2937
file specific objections to the plan and propose specific	2938
responses to issues raised in the objections, which objections	2939
and responses the commission shall address in its final order.	2940
Prior to commission approval of the plan, the commission shall	2941
afford a hearing upon those aspects of the plan that the	2942
commission determines reasonably require a hearing. The	2943
commission may reject and require refiling of a substantially	2944
inadequate plan under this section.	2945

(C) The commission shall issue an order approving or 2946 modifying and approving a corporate separation plan under this 2947 section, to be effective on the date specified in the order, 2948 only upon findings that the plan reasonably complies with the 2949 requirements of division (A) of this section and will provide 2950 for ongoing compliance with the policy specified in section 2951 4928.02 of the Revised Code. However, for good cause shown, the 2952 commission may issue an order approving or modifying and 2953 approving a corporate separation plan under this section that 2954 does not comply with division (A)(1) of this section but 2955 complies with such functional separation requirements as the 2956

commission authorizes to apply for an interim period prescribed	2957
in the order, upon a finding that such alternative plan will	2958
provide for ongoing compliance with the policy specified in	2959
section 4928.02 of the Revised Code.	2960

(D) Any party may seek an amendment to a corporate 2961 separation plan approved under this section, and the commission, 2962 pursuant to a request from any party or on its own initiative, 2963 may order as it considers necessary the filing of an amended 2964 corporate separation plan to reflect changed circumstances. 2965

(E) No electric distribution utility shall sell or
transfer any generating asset it wholly or partly owns at any
time without obtaining prior commission approval.

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Sec. 4928.20. (A) The legislative authority of a municipal 2969 corporation may adopt an ordinance, or the board of township 2970 trustees of a township or the board of county commissioners of a 2971 county may adopt a resolution, under which, on or after the 2972 starting date of competitive retail electric service, it may 2973 aggregate in accordance with this section the retail electrical 2974 2975 loads located, respectively, within the municipal corporation, township, or unincorporated area of the county and, for that 2976 purpose, may enter into service agreements to facilitate for 2977 those loads the sale and purchase of electricity. The 2978 legislative authority or board also may exercise such authority 2979 jointly with any other such legislative authority or board. For 2980 customers that are not mercantile customers, an ordinance or 2981 resolution under this division shall specify whether the 2982 aggregation will occur only with the prior, affirmative consent 2983 of each person owning, occupying, controlling, or using an 2984 electric load center proposed to be aggregated or will occur 2985 automatically for all such persons pursuant to the opt-out 2986

requirements of division (D) of this section. The aggregation of	2987
mercantile customers shall occur only with the prior,	2988
affirmative consent of each such person owning, occupying,	2989
controlling, or using an electric load center proposed to be	2990
aggregated. Nothing in this division, however, authorizes the	2991
aggregation of the retail electric loads of an electric load	2992
center, as defined in section 4933.81 of the Revised Code, that	2993
is located in the certified territory of a nonprofit electric	2994
supplier under sections 4933.81 to 4933.90 of the Revised Code	2995
or an electric load center served by transmission or	2996
distribution facilities of a municipal electric utility.	2997

- (B) If an ordinance or resolution adopted under division 2998 (A) of this section specifies that aggregation of customers that 2999 are not mercantile customers will occur automatically as 3000 described in that division, the ordinance or resolution shall 3001 direct the board of elections to submit the question of the 3002 authority to aggregate to the electors of the respective 3003 municipal corporation, township, or unincorporated area of a 3004 county at a special election on the day of the next primary or 3005 general election in the municipal corporation, township, or 3006 county. The legislative authority or board shall certify a copy 3007 of the ordinance or resolution to the board of elections not 3008 less than ninety days before the day of the special election. No 3009 ordinance or resolution adopted under division (A) of this 3010 section that provides for an election under this division shall 3011 take effect unless approved by a majority of the electors voting 3012 upon the ordinance or resolution at the election held pursuant 3013 to this division. 3014
- (C) Upon the applicable requisite authority under 3015 divisions (A) and (B) of this section, the legislative authority 3016 or board shall develop a plan of operation and governance for 3017

the aggregation program so authorized. Before adopting a plan	3018
under this division, the legislative authority or board shall	3019
hold at least two public hearings on the plan. Before the first	3020
hearing, the legislative authority or board shall publish notice	3021
of the hearings once a week for two consecutive weeks in a	3022
newspaper of general circulation in the jurisdiction or as	3023
provided in section 7.16 of the Revised Code. The notice shall	3024
summarize the plan and state the date, time, and location of	3025
each hearing.	3026

- (D) No legislative authority or board, pursuant to an 3027 ordinance or resolution under divisions (A) and (B) of this 3028 section that provides for automatic aggregation of customers 3029 that are not mercantile customers as described in division (A) 3030 of this section, shall aggregate the electrical load of any 3031 electric load center located within its jurisdiction unless it 3032 in advance clearly discloses to the person owning, occupying, 3033 controlling, or using the load center that the person will be 3034 enrolled automatically in the aggregation program and will 3035 remain so enrolled unless the person affirmatively elects by a 3036 stated procedure not to be so enrolled. The disclosure shall 3037 3038 state prominently the rates, charges, and other terms and conditions of enrollment. The stated procedure shall allow any 3039 person enrolled in the aggregation program the opportunity to 3040 opt out of the program every three years, without paying a 3041 switching fee. Any such person that opts out before the 3042 commencement of the aggregation program pursuant to the stated 3043 procedure shall default to the standard service offer provided 3044 under section 4928.14 or division (D) of section 4928.35 of the 3045 Revised Code until the person chooses an alternative supplier. 3046
- (E) (1) With respect to a governmental aggregation for a 3047 municipal corporation that is authorized pursuant to divisions 3048

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(A) to (D) of this section, resolutions may be proposed by	3049
initiative or referendum petitions in accordance with sections	3050
731.28 to 731.41 of the Revised Code.	3051
(2) With respect to a governmental aggregation for a	3052
township or the unincorporated area of a county, which	3053
aggregation is authorized pursuant to divisions (A) to (D) of	3054
this section, resolutions may be proposed by initiative or	3055
referendum petitions in accordance with sections 731.28 to	3056
731.40 of the Revised Code, except that:	3057
751. To of the Nevisea code, except that.	3037
(a) The petitions shall be filed, respectively, with the	3058
township fiscal officer or the board of county commissioners,	3059
who shall perform those duties imposed under those sections upon	3060
the city auditor or village clerk.	3061
(b) The petitions shall contain the signatures of not less	3062
than ten per cent of the total number of electors in,	3063
respectively, the township or the unincorporated area of the	3064
county who voted for the office of governor at the preceding	3065
general election for that office in that area.	3066
(F) A governmental aggregator under division (A) of this	3067
section is not a public utility engaging in the wholesale	3068
purchase and resale of electricity, and provision of the	3069
aggregated service is not a wholesale utility transaction. A	3070
governmental aggregator shall be subject to supervision and	3071
regulation by the public utilities commission only to the extent	3072
of any competitive retail electric service it provides and	3073
commission authority under this chapter.	3074

(G) This section does not apply in the case of a municipal

corporation that supplies such aggregated service to electric

load centers to which its municipal electric utility also

supplies a noncompetitive retail electric service through	3078
transmission or distribution facilities the utility singly or	3079
jointly owns or operates.	3080
(H) A governmental aggregator shall not include in its	3081
aggregation the accounts of any of the following:	3082
(1) A customer that has opted out of the aggregation;	3083
(2) A customer in contract with a certified electric	3084
services company;	3085
(3) A customer that has a special contract with an	3086
electric distribution utility;	3087
(4) A customer that is not located within the governmental	3088
aggregator's governmental boundaries;	3089
(5) Subject to division (C) of section 4928.21 of the	3090
Revised Code, a customer who appears on the "do not aggregate"	3091
list maintained under that section.	3092
(I) Customers that are part of a governmental aggregation	3093
under this section shall be responsible only for such portion of	3094
a surcharge under section 4928.144 of the Revised Code that is	3095
proportionate to the benefits, as determined by the commission,	3096
that electric load centers within the jurisdiction of the	3097
governmental aggregation as a group receive. The proportionate	3098
surcharge so established shall apply to each customer of the	3099
governmental aggregation while the customer is part of that	3100
aggregation. If a customer ceases being such a customer, the	3101
otherwise applicable surcharge shall apply. Nothing in this	3102
section shall result in less than full recovery by an electric	3103
distribution utility of any surcharge authorized under section	3104
4928.144 of the Revised Code. Nothing in this section shall	3105
result in less than the full and timely imposition, charging,	3106

correction, and adjustment by an electric distribution utility,	3107
its assignee, or any collection agent, of the phase-in-recovery	3108
charges authorized pursuant to a final financing order issued	3109
pursuant to sections 4928.23 to 4928.2318 of the Revised Code.	3110
(J) On behalf of the customers that are part of a	3111
governmental aggregation under this section and by filing	3112
written notice with the public utilities commission, the	3113
legislative authority that formed or is forming that	3114
governmental aggregation may elect not to receive standby	3115
service within the meaning of division (B)(2)(d) of section-	3116
4928.143 of the Revised Code from an electric distribution	3117
utility in whose certified territory the governmental	3118
aggregation is located and that operates under an approved-	3119
electric security plan under that section. Upon the filing of	3120
that notice, the electric distribution utility shall not charge	3121
any such customer to whom competitive retail electric generation	3122
service is provided by another supplier under the governmental	3123
aggregation for the standby service. Any such consumer that	3124
returns to the utility for competitive retail electric service	3125
shall pay the market price of power incurred by the utility to-	3126
serve that consumer plus any amount attributable to the	3127
utility's cost of compliance with the renewable energy resource	3128
provisions of section 4928.64 of the Revised Code to serve the	3129
consumer. Such market price shall include, but not be limited	3130
to, capacity and energy charges; all charges associated with the	3131
provision of that power supply through the regional transmission	3132
organization, including, but not limited to, transmission,	3133
ancillary services, congestion, and settlement and	3134
administrative charges; and all other costs incurred by the	3135
utility that are associated with the procurement, provision, and	3136
administration of that power supply, as such costs may be	3137

approved by the commission. The period of time during which the	3138
market price and renewable energy resource amount shall be so	3139
assessed on the consumer shall be from the time the consumer so-	3140
returns to the electric distribution utility until the	3141
expiration of the electric security plan. However, if that	3142
period of time is expected to be more than two years, the	3143
commission may reduce the time period to a period of not less-	3144
than two years.	3145
(K)—The commission shall adopt rules and issue orders in	3146
proceedings under sections 4928.141 and 4928.142 of the Revised	3147
<pre>Code to encourage and promote large-scale governmental</pre>	3148
aggregation in this state. For that purpose, the commission	3149
shall conduct an immediate review of any rules it has adopted	3150
for the purpose of this section that are in effect on the	3151
effective date of the amendment of this section by S.B. 221 of	3152
the 127th general assembly, July 31, 2008. Further, within the	3153
context of an electric security plan under section 4928.143 of	3154
the Revised Code, as that section existed prior to its repeal by	3155
this act, or a market rate offer under section 4928.142 of the	3156
Revised Code, as amended by this act, the commission shall	3157
consider the effect on large-scale governmental aggregation of	3158
any nonbypassable generation charges, however collected, under	3159
that plan, or that would be established under that planoffer,	3160
except any nonbypassable generation charges that relate to any	3161
cost incurred by the electric distribution utility, the deferral	3162
of which has been authorized by the commission prior to the	3163
effective date of the amendment of this section by S.B. 221 of	3164
the 127th general assembly, July 31, 2008.	3165
Sec. 4928.23. As used in sections 4928.23 to 4928.2318 of	3166
the Revised Code:	3167
THE NEVIDER CORE.	2107

(A) "Ancillary agreement" means any bond insurance policy,	3168
letter of credit, reserve account, surety bond, swap	3169
arrangement, hedging arrangement, liquidity or credit support	3170
arrangement, or other similar agreement or arrangement entered	3171
into in connection with the issuance of phase-in-recovery bonds	3172
that is designed to promote the credit quality and marketability	3173
of the bonds or to mitigate the risk of an increase in interest	3174
rates.	3175
(B) "Assignee" means any person or entity to which an	3176
interest in phase-in-recovery property is sold, assigned,	3177
transferred, or conveyed, other than as security, and any	3178
successor to or subsequent assignee of such a person or entity.	3179
(C) "Bond" includes debentures, notes, certificates of	3180
participation, certificates of beneficial interest, certificates	3181
of ownership or other evidences of indebtedness or ownership	3182
that are issued by an electric distribution utility or an	3183
assignee under a final financing order, the proceeds of which	3184
are used directly or indirectly to recover, finance, or	3185
refinance phase-in costs and financing costs, and that are	3186
secured by or payable from revenues from phase-in-recovery	3187
charges.	3188
(D) "Bondholder" means any holder or owner of a phase-in-	3189
recovery bond.	3190
(E) "Financing costs" means any of the following:	3191
(1) Principal, interest, and redemption premiums that are	3192
payable on phase-in-recovery bonds;	3193
(2) Any payment required under an ancillary agreement;	3194
(3) Any amount required to fund or replenish a reserve	3195
account or another account established under any indenture.	3196

ancillary agreement, or other financing document relating to	3197
<pre>phase-in-recovery bonds;</pre>	3198
(4) Any costs of retiring or refunding any existing debt	3199
and equity securities of an electric distribution utility in	3200
connection with either the issuance of, or the use of proceeds	3201
<pre>from, phase-in-recovery bonds;</pre>	3202
(5) Any costs incurred by an electric distribution utility	3203
to obtain modifications of or amendments to any indenture,	3204
financing agreement, security agreement, or similar agreement or	3205
instrument relating to any existing secured or unsecured	3206
obligation of the electric distribution utility in connection	3207
with the issuance of phase-in-recovery bonds;	3208
(6) Any costs incurred by an electric distribution utility	3209
to obtain any consent, release, waiver, or approval from any	3210
holder of an obligation described in division (E)(5) of this	3211
section that are necessary to be incurred for the electric	3212
distribution utility to issue or cause the issuance of phase-in-	3213
recovery bonds;	3214
(7) Any taxes, franchise fees, or license fees imposed on	3215
phase-in-recovery revenues;	3216
(8) Any costs related to issuing or servicing phase-in-	3217
recovery bonds or related to obtaining a financing order,	3218
including servicing fees and expenses, trustee fees and	3219
expenses, legal, accounting, or other professional fees and	3220
expenses, administrative fees, placement fees, underwriting	3221
fees, capitalized interest and equity, and rating-agency fees;	3222
(9) Any other similar costs that the public utilities	3223
commission finds appropriate.	3224
(F) "Financing order" means an order issued by the public	3225

utilities commission under section 4928.232 of the Revised Code	3226
that authorizes an electric distribution utility or an assignee	3227
to issue phase-in-recovery bonds and recover phase-in-recovery	3228
charges.	3229
(G) "Final financing order" means a financing order that	3230
has become final and has taken effect as provided in section	3231
4928.233 of the Revised Code.	3232
(H) "Financing party" means either of the following:	3233
(1) Any trustee, collateral agent, or other person acting	3234
for the benefit of any bondholder;	3235
(2) Any party to an ancillary agreement, the rights and	3236
obligations of which relate to or depend upon the existence of	3237
phase-in-recovery property, the enforcement and priority of a	3238
security interest in phase-in-recovery property, the timely	3239
collection and payment of phase-in-recovery revenues, or a	3240
combination of these factors.	3241
(I) "Financing statement" has the same meaning as in	3242
section 1309.102 of the Revised Code.	3243
(J) "Phase-in costs" means costs, inclusive of carrying	3244
charges incurred before, on, or after the effective date of this	3245
section March 22, 2012, authorized by the commission before, on,	3246
or after the effective date of this section March 22, 2012, to	3247
be securitized or deferred as regulatory assets in proceedings	3248
under section 4909.18 -of the Revised Code , sections-4928.141-to-	3249
4928.143, 4928.142, or 4928.144 of the Revised Code, or section	3250
4928.14 of the Revised Code as it existed prior to July 31,	3251
2008, or section 4928.143 of the Revised Code as it existed	3252
prior to the effective date of the amendments to this section by	3253
this act pursuant to a final order for which appeals have been	3254

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exhausted. "Phase-in costs" excludes the following:	3255
(1) With respect to any electric generating facility that,	3256
on and after the effective date of this section March 22, 2012,	3257
is owned, in whole or in part, by an electric distribution	3258
utility applying for a financing order under section 4928.231 of	3259
the Revised Code, costs that are authorized under division (B)	3260
(2)(b) or (c) of section 4928.143 of the Revised Code as that	3261
section existed prior to the effective date of the amendments to	3262
this section by this act;	3263
(2) Costs incurred after the effective date of this	3264
section March 22, 2012, related to the ongoing operation of an	3265
electric generating facility, but not environmental clean-up or	3266
remediation costs incurred by an electric distribution utility	3267
because of its ownership or operation of an electric generating	3268
facility prior to-the effective date of this section March 22,	3269
2012, which such clean-up or remediation costs are imposed or	3270
incurred pursuant to federal or state law $\underline{\prime}$ rules, or regulations	3271
and for which the commission approves or approved recovery in	3272
accordance with section 4909.18—of the Revised Code, sections—	3273
4928.141 to 4928.143 , <u>4928.142</u> , or 4928.144 of the Revised Code,	3274
er—section 4928.14 of the Revised Code as it existed prior to	3275
July 31, 2008, or section 4928.143 of the Revised Code as it	3276
existed prior to the effective date of the amendments to this	3277
section by this act.	3278
(K) "Phase-in-recovery property" means the property,	3279
rights, and interests of an electric distribution utility or an	3280

assignee under a final financing order, including the right to

impose, charge, and collect the phase-in-recovery charges that

bonds and financing costs, and including the right to obtain

shall be used to pay and secure the payment of phase-in-recovery

adjustments to those charges, and any revenues, receipts,	3285
collections, rights to payment, payments, moneys, claims, or	3286
other proceeds arising from the rights and interests created	3287
under the final financing order.	3288
(L) "Phase-in-recovery revenues" means all revenues,	3289
receipts, collections, payments, moneys, claims, or other	3290
proceeds arising from phase-in-recovery property.	3291
(M) "Successor" means, with respect to any entity, another	3292
entity that succeeds by operation of law to the rights and	3293
obligations of the first legal entity pursuant to any	3294
bankruptcy, reorganization, restructuring, or other insolvency	3295
proceeding, any merger, acquisition, or consolidation, or any	3296
sale or transfer of assets, regardless of whether any of these	3297
occur as a result of a restructuring of the electric power	3298
industry or otherwise.	3299
Sec. 4928.231. (A) An electric distribution utility may	3300
apply to the public utilities commission for a financing order	3301
that authorizes the following:	3302
(1) The issuance of phase-in-recovery bonds, in one or	3303
more series, to recover uncollected phase-in costs;	3304
(2) The imposition, charging, and collection of phase-in-	3305
recovery charges, in accordance with the adjustment mechanism	3306
approved by the commission under section 4928.232 of the Revised	3307
Code, and consistent with the commission's authority regarding	3308
governmental aggregation as provided in division (I) of section	3309
4928.20 of the Revised Code, to recover both of the following:	3310
(a) Uncollected phase-in costs;	3311
(b) Financing costs.	3312

(3) The creation of phase-in-recovery property under the	3313
financing order.	3314
(B) The application shall include all of the following:	3315
(1) A description of the uncollected phase-in costs that	3316
the electric distribution utility seeks to recover through the	3317
issuance of phase-in-recovery bonds;	3318
(2) An estimate of the date each series of phase-in-	3319
recovery bonds are expected to be issued;	3320
(3) The expected term during which the phase-in costs	3321
associated with the issuance of each series of phase-in-recovery	3322
bonds are expected to be recovered;	3323
(4) An estimate of the financing costs, as described in	3324
section 4928.23 of the Revised Code, associated with the	3325
issuance of each series of phase-in-recovery bonds;	3326
(5) An estimate of the amount of phase-in-recovery charges	3327
necessary to recover the phase-in costs and financing costs set	3328
forth in the application and the calculation for that estimate,	3329
which calculation shall take into account the estimated date or	3330
dates of issuance and the estimated principal amount of each	3331
series of phase-in-recovery bonds;	3332
(6) For phase-in-recovery charges not subject to	3333
allocation according to an existing order, a proposed	3334
methodology for allocating phase-in-recovery charges among	3335
customer classes, including a proposed methodology for	3336
allocating such charges to governmental aggregation customers	3337
based upon the proportionate benefit determination made under	3338
division (I) of section 4928.20 of the Revised Code;	3339
(7) A description of a proposed adjustment mechanism for	3340

use as described in division (A)(2) of this section;	3341
(8) A description and valuation of how the issuance of the	3342
phase-in-recovery bonds, including financing costs, will both	3343
result in cost savings to customers and mitigate rate impacts to	3344
customers when compared to the use of other financing mechanisms	3345
or cost-recovery methods available to the electric distribution	3346
utility;	3347
(9) Any other information required by the commission.	3348
(C) The electric distribution utility may restate or	3349
incorporate by reference in the application any information	3350
required under division (B)(9) of this section that the electric	3351
distribution utility filed with the commission under section	3352
4909.18 or sections 4928.141 to 4928.144 of the Revised Code—or	3353
section 4928.14 of the Revised Code as it existed prior to	3354
July 31, 2008, or section 4928.143 of the Revised Code as it	3355
existed prior to the amendments to this section by this act.	3356
Sec. 4928.232. (A) Proceedings before the public utilities	3357
commission on an application submitted by an electric	3358
distribution utility under section 4928.231 of the Revised Code	3359
shall be governed by Chapter 4903. of the Revised Code, but only	3360
to the extent that chapter is not inconsistent with this section	3361
or section 4928.233 of the Revised Code. Any party that	3362
participated in the proceeding in which phase-in costs were	3363
approved under section 4909.18 or sections 4928.141 to 4928.144	3364
of the Revised Code or , section 4928.14 of the Revised Code as	3365
it existed prior to July 31, 2008, or section 4928.143 of the	3366
Revised Code as it existed prior to the amendments to this	3367
section by this act shall have standing to participate in	3368
proceedings under sections 4928.23 to 4928.2318 of the Revised	3369
Code.	3370

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(B) When reviewing an application for a financing order	3371
pursuant to sections 4928.23 to 4928.2318 of the Revised Code,	3372
the commission may hold such hearings, make such inquiries or	3373
investigations, and examine such witnesses, books, papers,	3374
documents, and contracts as the commission considers proper to	3375
carry out these sections. Within thirty days after the filing of	3376
an application under section 4928.231 of the Revised Code, the	3377
commission shall publish a schedule of the proceeding.	3378
(C)(1) Not later than one hundred thirty-five days after	3379
the date the application is filed, the commission shall issue	3380
either a financing order, granting the application in whole or	3381
with modifications, or an order suspending or rejecting the	3382
application.	3383
(2) If the commission suspends an application for a	3384
(2) If the commission suspends an application for a financing order, the commission shall notify the electric	3384 3385
financing order, the commission shall notify the electric	3385
financing order, the commission shall notify the electric distribution utility of the suspension and may direct the	3385 3386
financing order, the commission shall notify the electric distribution utility of the suspension and may direct the electric distribution utility to provide additional information	3385 3386 3387
financing order, the commission shall notify the electric distribution utility of the suspension and may direct the electric distribution utility to provide additional information as the commission considers necessary to evaluate the	3385 3386 3387 3388
financing order, the commission shall notify the electric distribution utility of the suspension and may direct the electric distribution utility to provide additional information as the commission considers necessary to evaluate the application. Not later than ninety days after the suspension,	3385 3386 3387 3388 3389
financing order, the commission shall notify the electric distribution utility of the suspension and may direct the electric distribution utility to provide additional information as the commission considers necessary to evaluate the application. Not later than ninety days after the suspension, the commission shall issue either a financing order, granting	3385 3386 3387 3388 3389 3390
financing order, the commission shall notify the electric distribution utility of the suspension and may direct the electric distribution utility to provide additional information as the commission considers necessary to evaluate the application. Not later than ninety days after the suspension, the commission shall issue either a financing order, granting the application in whole or with modifications, or an order	3385 3386 3387 3388 3389 3390 3391
financing order, the commission shall notify the electric distribution utility of the suspension and may direct the electric distribution utility to provide additional information as the commission considers necessary to evaluate the application. Not later than ninety days after the suspension, the commission shall issue either a financing order, granting the application in whole or with modifications, or an order rejecting the application.	3385 3386 3387 3388 3389 3390 3391 3392
financing order, the commission shall notify the electric distribution utility of the suspension and may direct the electric distribution utility to provide additional information as the commission considers necessary to evaluate the application. Not later than ninety days after the suspension, the commission shall issue either a financing order, granting the application in whole or with modifications, or an order rejecting the application. (D) (1) The commission shall not issue a financing order	3385 3386 3387 3388 3389 3390 3391 3392
financing order, the commission shall notify the electric distribution utility of the suspension and may direct the electric distribution utility to provide additional information as the commission considers necessary to evaluate the application. Not later than ninety days after the suspension, the commission shall issue either a financing order, granting the application in whole or with modifications, or an order rejecting the application. (D) (1) The commission shall not issue a financing order under division (C) of this section unless the commission	3385 3386 3387 3388 3389 3390 3391 3392 3393 3394

(2) Except as provided in division (D)(1) of this section,

the commission shall issue a financing order under division (C)

of this section if, at the time the financing order is issued,

the commission finds that the issuance of the phase-in-recovery

bonds and the phase-in-recovery charges authorized by the order	3401
results in, consistent with market conditions, both measurably	3402
enhancing cost savings to customers and mitigating rate impacts	3403
to customers as compared with traditional financing mechanisms	3404
or traditional cost-recovery methods available to the electric	3405
distribution utility or, if the commission previously approved a	3406
recovery method, as compared with that recovery method.	3407
(E) The commission shall include all of the following in a	3408
financing order issued under division (C) of this section:	3409
(1) A determination of the maximum amount and a	3410
description of the phase-in costs that may be recovered through	3411
phase-in-recovery bonds issued under the financing order;	3412
(2) A description of phase-in-recovery property, the	3413
creation of which is authorized by the financing order;	3414
(3) A description of the financing costs that may be	3415
recovered through phase-in-recovery charges and the period over	3416
which those costs may be recovered;	3417
(4) For phase-in-recovery charges not subject to	3418
allocation according to an existing order, a description of the	3419
methodology and calculation for allocating phase-in-recovery	3420
charges among customer classes, including the allocation of such	3421
charges, if any, to governmental aggregation customers based	3422
upon the proportionate benefit determination made under division	3423
(I) of section 4928.20 of the Revised Code;	3424
(5) A description of the adjustment mechanism for use in	3425
the imposition, charging, and collection of the phase-in-	3426
recovery charges;	3427

(6) The maximum term of the phase-in-recovery bonds;

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(7) Any other provision the commission considers	3429
appropriate to ensure the full and timely imposition, charging,	3430
collection, and adjustment, pursuant to an approved adjustment	3431
mechanism, of the phase-in-recovery charges described in	3432
divisions (E)(3) to (5) of this section.	3433
(F) The commission may, in a financing order, afford the	3434
electric distribution utility flexibility in establishing the	3435
terms and conditions for the phase-in-recovery bonds to	3436
accommodate changes in market conditions, including repayment	3437
schedules, interest rates, financing costs, collateral	3438
requirements, required debt service and other reserves, and the	3439
ability of the electric distribution utility, at its option, to	3440
effect a series of issuances of phase-in-recovery bonds and	3441
correlated assignments, sales, pledges, or other transfers of	3442
phase-in-recovery property. Any changes made under this section	3443
to terms and conditions for the phase-in-recovery bonds shall be	3444
in conformance with the financing order.	3445
(G) A financing order may provide that the creation of	3446
phase-in-recovery property shall be simultaneous with the sale	3447
of that property to an assignee as provided in the application	3448
and the pledge of the property to secure phase-in-recovery	3449
bonds.	3450
(H) The commission shall, in a financing order, require	3451
that after the final terms of each issuance of phase-in-recovery	3452
bonds have been established, and prior to the issuance of those	3453
bonds, the electric distribution utility shall determine the	3454
resulting phase-in-recovery charges in accordance with the	3455
adjustment mechanism described in the financing order. These	3456

phase-in-recovery charges shall be final and effective upon the

issuance of the phase-in-recovery bonds, without further

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commission action. 3459 Sec. 4928.34. (A) The public utilities commission shall 3460 not approve or prescribe a transition plan under division (A) or 3461 (B) of section 4928.33 of the Revised Code unless the commission 3462 first makes all of the following determinations: 3463 (1) The unbundled components for the electric transmission 3464 component of retail electric service, as specified in the 3465 utility's rate unbundling plan required by division (A)(1) of 3466 section 4928.31 of the Revised Code, equal the tariff rates 3467 determined by the federal energy regulatory commission that are 3468 in effect on the date of the approval of the transition plan 3469 under sections 4928.31 to 4928.40 of the Revised Code, as each 3470 such rate is determined applicable to each particular customer 3471 class and rate schedule by the commission. The unbundled 3472 transmission component shall include a sliding scale of charges 3473 under division (B) of section 4905.31 of the Revised Code to 3474 ensure that refunds determined or approved by the federal energy 3475 regulatory commission are flowed through to retail electric 3476 customers. 3477 3478 (2) The unbundled components for retail electric distribution service in the rate unbundling plan equal the 3479 difference between the costs attributable to the utility's 3480 transmission and distribution rates and charges under its 3481 schedule of rates and charges in effect on the effective date of 3482 this section, based upon the record in the most recent rate 3483 proceeding of the utility for which the utility's schedule was 3484 established, and the tariff rates for electric transmission 3485 service determined by the federal energy regulatory commission 3486

as described in division (A)(1) of this section.

(3) All other unbundled components required by the

commission in the rate unbundling plan equal the costs	3489
attributable to the particular service as reflected in the	3490
utility's schedule of rates and charges in effect on the	3491
effective date of this section.	3492

- (4) The unbundled components for retail electric 3493 generation service in the rate unbundling plan equal the 3494 residual amount remaining after the determination of the 3495 transmission, distribution, and other unbundled components, and 3496 after any adjustments necessary to reflect the effects of the 3497 amendment of section 5727.111 of the Revised Code by Sub. S.B. 3498

 No. 3 of the 123rd general assembly. 3499
- (5) All unbundled components in the rate unbundling plan 3500 have been adjusted to reflect any base rate reductions on file 3501 with the commission and as scheduled to be in effect by December 3502 31, 2005, under rate settlements in effect on the effective date 3503 of this section. However, all earnings obligations, 3504 restrictions, or caps imposed on an electric utility in a 3505 commission order prior to the effective date of this section are 3506 void. 3507
- (6) Subject to division (A)(5) of this section, the total 3508 of all unbundled components in the rate unbundling plan are 3509 capped and shall equal during the market development period, 3510 except as specifically provided in this chapter, the total of 3511 all rates and charges in effect under the applicable bundled 3512 schedule of the electric utility pursuant to section 4905.30 of 3513 the Revised Code in effect on the day before the effective date 3514 of this section, including the transition charge determined 3515 under section 4928.40 of the Revised Code, adjusted for any 3516 changes in the taxation of electric utilities and retail 3517 electric service under Sub. S.B. No. 3 of the 123rd General 3518

Assembly, the universal service rider authorized by section	3519
4928.51 of the Revised Code, and the temporary rider authorized	3520
by section 4928.61 of the Revised Code. For the purpose of this	3521
division, the rate cap applicable to a customer receiving	3522
electric service pursuant to an arrangement approved by the	3523
commission under section 4905.31 of the Revised Code is, for the	3524
term of the arrangement, the total of all rates and charges in	3525
effect under the arrangement. For any rate schedule filed	3526
pursuant to section 4905.30 of the Revised Code or any	3527
arrangement subject to approval pursuant to section 4905.31 of	3528
the Revised Code, the initial tax-related adjustment to the rate	3529
cap required by this division shall be equal to the rate of	3530
taxation specified in section 5727.81 of the Revised Code and	3531
applicable to the schedule or arrangement. To the extent such	3532
total annual amount of the tax-related adjustment is greater	3533
than or less than the comparable amount of the total annual tax	3534
reduction experienced by the electric utility as a result of the	3535
provisions of Sub. S.B. No. 3 of the 123rd general assembly,	3536
such difference shall be addressed by the commission through	3537
accounting procedures, refunds, or an annual surcharge or credit	3538
to customers, or through other appropriate means, to avoid	3539
placing the financial responsibility for the difference upon the	3540
electric utility or its shareholders. Any adjustments in the	3541
rate of taxation specified in $\underline{\text{section}}$ 5727.81 of the Revised	3542
Code section shall not occur without a corresponding adjustment	3543
to the rate cap for each such rate schedule or arrangement. The	3544
department of taxation shall advise the commission and self-	3545
assessors under section 5727.81 of the Revised Code prior to the	3546
effective date of any change in the rate of taxation specified	3547
under that section, and the commission shall modify the rate cap	3548
to reflect that adjustment so that the rate cap adjustment is	3549
effective as of the effective date of the change in the rate of	3550

taxation. This division shall be applied, to the extent	3551
possible, to eliminate any increase in the price of electricity	3552
for customers that otherwise may occur as a result of	3553
establishing the taxes contemplated in section 5727.81 of the	3554
Revised Code.	3555
(7) The rate unbundling plan complies with any rules	3556
adopted by the commission under division (A) of section 4928.06	3557
of the Revised Code.	3558
(8) The corporate separation plan required by division (A)	3559
(2) of section 4928.31 of the Revised Code complies with section	3560
4928.17 of the Revised Code and any rules adopted by the	3561
commission under division (A) of section 4928.06 of the Revised	3562
Code.	3563
(9) Any plan or plans the commission requires to address	3564
operational support systems and any other technical	3565
implementation issues pertaining to competitive retail electric	3566
service comply with any rules adopted by the commission under	3567
division (A) of section 4928.06 of the Revised Code.	3568
(10) The employee assistance plan required by division (A)	3569
(4) of section 4928.31 of the Revised Code sufficiently provides	3570
severance, retraining, early retirement, retention,	3571
outplacement, and other assistance for the utility's employees	3572
whose employment is affected by electric industry restructuring	3573
under this chapter.	3574
(11) The consumer education plan required under division	3575
(A)(5) of section 4928.31 of the Revised Code complies with	3576
former section 4928.42 of the Revised Code and any rules adopted	3577
by the commission under division (A) of section 4928.06 of the	3578
Revised Code.	3579

(12) The transition revenues for which an electric utility	3580
is authorized a revenue opportunity under sections 4928.31 to	3581
4928.40 of the Revised Code are the allowable transition costs	3582
of the utility as such costs are determined by the commission	3583
pursuant to section 4928.39 of the Revised Code, and the	3584
transition charges for the customer classes and rate schedules	3585
of the utility are the charges determined pursuant to section	3586
4928.40 of the Revised Code.	3587
(13) Any independent transmission plan included in the	3588
transition plan filed under section 4928.31 of the Revised Code	3589
reasonably complies with section 4928.12 of the Revised Code and	3590
any rules adopted by the commission under division (A) of	3591
section 4928.06 of the Revised Code, unless the commission, for	3592
good cause shown, authorizes the utility to defer compliance	3593
until an order is issued under division (G) of section 4928.35	3594
of the Revised Code.	3595
(14) The utility is in compliance with sections 4928.01 to	3596
4928.11 of the Revised Code and any rules or orders of the	3597
commission adopted or issued under those sections.	3598
(15) All unbundled components in the rate unbundling plan	3599
have been adjusted to reflect the elimination of the tax on	3600
gross receipts imposed by section 5727.30 of the Revised Code.	3601
In addition, a transition plan approved by the commission	3602
under section 4928.33 of the Revised Code but not containing an	3603
approved independent transmission plan shall contain the express	3604
conditions that the utility will comply with an order issued	3605
under division (G) of section 4928.35 of the Revised Code.	3606
(B) Subject to division (E) of section 4928.17 of the	3607

Revised Code, if If the commission finds that any part of the

transition plan would constitute an abandonment under sections	3609
4905.20 and 4905.21 of the Revised Code, the commission shall	3610
not approve that part of the transition plan unless it makes the	3611
finding required for approval of an abandonment application	3612
under section 4905.21 of the Revised Code. Sections 4905.20 and	3613
4905.21 of the Revised Code otherwise shall not apply to a	3614
transition plan under sections 4928.31 to 4928.40 of the Revised	3615
Code.	3616
Sec. 4928.542. The winning bid or bids selected through	3617
the competitive procurement process established under section	3618
4928.54 of the Revised Code shall meet all of the following	3619
requirements:	3620
(A) Be designed to provide reliable competitive retail	3621
electric service to percentage of income payment plan program	3622
customers;	3623
(B) Reduce the cost of the percentage of income payment	3624
plan program relative to the otherwise applicable standard	3625
service offer established under sections 4928.141,—and 4928.142,	3626
and 4928.143 of the Revised Code;	3627
(C) Result in the best value for persons paying the	3628
universal service rider under section 4928.52 of the Revised	3629
Code.	3630
Sec. 4928.64. (A) (1) As used in this section, "qualifying	3631
renewable energy resource" means a renewable energy resource, as	3632
defined in section 4928.01 of the Revised Code that:	3633
(a) Has a placed-in-service date on or after January 1,	3634
1998;	3635
(b) Is any run-of-the-river hydroelectric facility that	3636
has an in-service date on or after January 1, 1980;	3637
nas an in solvior date on or alter candaly i, isoo,	5051

(c) Is a small hydroelectric facility;	3638
(d) Is created on or after January 1, 1998, by the	3639
modification or retrofit of any facility placed in service prior	3640
to January 1, 1998; or	3641
(e) Is a mercantile customer-sited renewable energy	3642
resource, whether new or existing, that the mercantile customer	3643
commits for integration into the electric distribution utility's	3644
demand-response, energy efficiency, or peak demand reduction	3645
programs as provided under division (A)(2)(c) of section 4928.66	3646
of the Revised Code, including, but not limited to, any of the	3647
following:	3648
(i) A resource that has the effect of improving the	3649
relationship between real and reactive power;	3650
(ii) A resource that makes efficient use of waste heat or	3651
other thermal capabilities owned or controlled by a mercantile	3652
customer;	3653
(iii) Storage technology that allows a mercantile customer	3654
more flexibility to modify its demand or load and usage	3655
characteristics;	3656
(iv) Electric generation equipment owned or controlled by	3657
a mercantile customer that uses a renewable energy resource.	3658
(2) For the purpose of this section and as it considers	3659
appropriate, the public utilities commission may classify any	3660
new technology as such a qualifying renewable energy resource.	3661
(B)(1) By the end of 2026, an electric distribution	3662
utility shall have provided from qualifying renewable energy	3663
resources, including, at its discretion, qualifying renewable	3664
energy resources obtained pursuant to an electricity supply	3665

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contract, a portion of the electricity supply required for its	3666
standard service offer under <u>section</u> _ <u>sections</u> _4928.141 <u>and</u>	3667
4928.142 of the Revised Code, and an electric services company	3668
shall have provided a portion of its electricity supply for	3669
retail consumers in this state from qualifying renewable energy	3670
resources, including, at its discretion, qualifying renewable	3671
energy resources obtained pursuant to an electricity supply	3672
contract. That portion shall equal eight and one-half per cent	3673
of the total number of kilowatt hours of electricity sold by the	3674
subject utility or company to any and all retail electric	3675
consumers whose electric load centers are served by that utility	3676
and are located within the utility's certified territory or, in	3677
the case of an electric services company, are served by the	3678
company and are located within this state. However, nothing in	3679
this section precludes a utility or company from providing a	3680
greater percentage.	3681

(2) Subject to section 4928.642 of the Revised Code, the 3682 The portion required under division (B)(1) of this section shall 3683 be generated from renewable energy resources in accordance with 3684 the following benchmarks: 3685

> 2 1 3

A	By end of year	Renewable energy resources	Solar energy resources
В	2009	0.25%	0.004%
С	2010	0.50%	0.010%
D	2011	1%	0.030%
E	2012	1.5%	0.060%

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F	2013	2%	0.090%
G	2014	2.5%	0.12%
Н	2015	2.5%	0.12%
I	2016	2.5%	0.12%
J	2017	3.5%	0.15%
K	2018	4.5%	0.18%
L	2019	5.5%	0.22%
М	2020	5.5%	0%
N	2021	6%	0%
0	2022	6.5%	0%
Р	2023	7%	0%
Q	2024	7.5%	0%
R	2025	8%	0%
S	2026	8.5%	0%

(3)	The qual	Lifying rene	wable energy	y resources	implemented
by the ut	cility or	company sha	ll be met e	ither:	

- (a) Through facilities located in this state; or
- (b) With resources that can be shown to be deliverable into this state.
 - (C)(1) The commission annually shall review an electric

distribution utility's or electric services company's compliance	3693
with the most recent applicable benchmark under division (B)(2)	3694
of this section and, in the course of that review, shall	3695
identify any undercompliance or noncompliance of the utility or	3696
company that it determines is weather-related, related to	3697
equipment or resource shortages for qualifying renewable energy	3698
resources as applicable, or is otherwise outside the utility's	3699
or company's control.	3700
(2) Subject to the cost cap provisions of division (C)(3)	3701
of this section, if the commission determines, after notice and	3702
opportunity for hearing, and based upon its findings in that	3703
review regarding avoidable undercompliance or noncompliance, but	3704
subject to division (C)(4) of this section, that the utility or	3705
company has failed to comply with any such benchmark, the	3706
commission shall impose a renewable energy compliance payment on	3707
the utility or company.	3708
(a) The compliance payment pertaining to the solar energy	3709
resource benchmarks under division (B)(2) of this section shall	3710
be an amount per megawatt hour of undercompliance or	3711
noncompliance in the period under review, as follows:	3712
(i) Three hundred dollars for 2014, 2015, and 2016;	3713
(ii) Two hundred fifty dollars for 2017 and 2018;	3714
(iii) Two hundred dollars for 2019.	3715
(b) The compliance payment pertaining to the renewable	3716
energy resource benchmarks under division (B)(2) of this section	3717
shall equal the number of additional renewable energy credits	3718
that the electric distribution utility or electric services	3719
company would have needed to comply with the applicable	3720
	2701

benchmark in the period under review times an amount that shall

begin at forty-five dollars and shall be adjusted annually by	3722
the commission to reflect any change in the consumer price index	3723
as defined in section 101.27 of the Revised Code, but shall not	3724
be less than forty-five dollars. As used in this division,	3725
"consumer price index" means the consumer price index prepared	3726
by the United States bureau of labor statistics (U.S. city	3727
average for urban wage earners and clerical workers: all items,	3728
1982-1984=100), or, if that index is no longer published, a	3729
generally available comparable index.	3730
(c) The compliance payment shall not be passed through by	3731
the electric distribution utility or electric services company	3732
to consumers. The compliance payment shall be remitted to the	3733
commission, for deposit to the credit of the advanced energy	3734
fund created under section 4928.61 of the Revised Code. Payment	3735
of the compliance payment shall be subject to such collection	3736
and enforcement procedures as apply to the collection of a	3737
forfeiture under sections 4905.55 to 4905.60 and 4905.64 of the	3738
Revised Code.	3739
(3) An electric distribution utility or an electric	3740
services company need not comply with a benchmark under division	3741
(B)(2) of this section to the extent that its reasonably	3742
expected cost of that compliance exceeds its reasonably expected	3743
cost of otherwise producing or acquiring the requisite	3744
electricity by three per cent or more. The cost of compliance	3745
shall be calculated as though any exemption from taxes and	3746
assessments had not been granted under section 5727.75 of the	3747
Revised Code.	3748
(4)(a) An electric distribution utility or electric	3749
services company may request the commission to make a force	3750
majeure determination pursuant to this division regarding all or	3751

part of the utility's or company's compliance with any minimum	3752
benchmark under division (B)(2) of this section during the	3753
period of review occurring pursuant to division (C)(2) of this	3754
section. The commission may require the electric distribution	3755
utility or electric services company to make solicitations for	3756
renewable energy resource credits as part of its default service	3757
before the utility's or company's request of force majeure under	3758
this division can be made.	3759

- (b) Within ninety days after the filing of a request by an 3760 electric distribution utility or electric services company under 3761 division (C)(4)(a) of this section, the commission shall 3762 determine if qualifying renewable energy resources are 3763 reasonably available in the marketplace in sufficient quantities 3764 for the utility or company to comply with the subject minimum 3765 benchmark during the review period. In making this 3766 determination, the commission shall consider whether the 3767 electric distribution utility or electric services company has 3768 made a good faith effort to acquire sufficient qualifying 3769 renewable energy or, as applicable, solar energy resources to so 3770 comply, including, but not limited to, by banking or seeking 3771 renewable energy resource credits or by seeking the resources 3772 through long-term contracts. Additionally, the commission shall 3773 consider the availability of qualifying renewable energy or 3774 solar energy resources in this state and other jurisdictions in 3775 the PJM interconnection regional transmission organization, 3776 L.L.C., or its successor and the midcontinent independent system 3777 operator or its successor. 3778
- (c) If, pursuant to division (C)(4)(b) of this section,

 the commission determines that qualifying renewable energy or

 solar energy resources are not reasonably available to permit

 the electric distribution utility or electric services company

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to comply, during the period of review, with the subject minimum	3783
benchmark prescribed under division (B)(2) of this section, the	3784
commission shall modify that compliance obligation of the	3785
utility or company as it determines appropriate to accommodate	3786
the finding. Commission modification shall not automatically	3787
reduce the obligation for the electric distribution utility's or	3788
electric services company's compliance in subsequent years. If	3789
it modifies the electric distribution utility or electric	3790
services company obligation under division (C)(4)(c) of this	3791
section, the commission may require the utility or company, if	3792
sufficient renewable energy resource credits exist in the	3793
marketplace, to acquire additional renewable energy resource	3794
credits in subsequent years equivalent to the utility's or	3795
company's modified obligation under division (C)(4)(c) of this	3796
section.	3797

- (5) The commission shall establish a process to provide 3798 for at least an annual review of the renewable energy resource 3799 market in this state and in the service territories of the 3800 regional transmission organizations that manage transmission 3801 systems located in this state. The commission shall use the 3802 results of this study to identify any needed changes to the 3803 amount of the renewable energy compliance payment specified 3804 under divisions (C)(2)(a) and (b) of this section. Specifically, 3805 the commission may increase the amount to ensure that payment of 3806 compliance payments is not used to achieve compliance with this 3807 section in lieu of actually acquiring or realizing energy 3808 derived from qualifying renewable energy resources. However, if 3809 the commission finds that the amount of the compliance payment 3810 should be otherwise changed, the commission shall present this 3811 finding to the general assembly for legislative enactment. 3812
 - (D) The commission annually shall submit to the general

assembly in accordance with section 101.68 of the Revised Code a	3814
report describing all of the following:	3815
(1) The compliance of electric distribution utilities and	3816
electric services companies with division (B) of this section;	3817
(2) The average annual cost of renewable energy credits	3818
purchased by utilities and companies for the year covered in the	3819
report;	3820
(3) Any strategy for utility and company compliance or for	3821
encouraging the use of qualifying renewable energy resources in	3822
supplying this state's electricity needs in a manner that	3823
considers available technology, costs, job creation, and	3824
economic impacts.	3825
The commission shall begin providing the information	3826
described in division (D)(2) of this section in each report	3827
submitted after September 10, 2012. The commission shall allow	3828
and consider public comments on the report prior to its	3829
submission to the general assembly. Nothing in the report shall	3830
be binding on any person, including any utility or company for	3831
the purpose of its compliance with any benchmark under division	3832
(B) of this section, or the enforcement of that provision under	3833
division (C) of this section.	3834
(E) All costs incurred by an electric distribution utility	3835
in complying with the requirements of this section shall be	3836
bypassable by any consumer that has exercised choice of supplier	3837
under section 4928.03 of the Revised Code.	3838
Sec. 4928.645. (A) An electric distribution utility or	3839
electric services company may use, for the purpose of complying	3840
with the requirements under divisions (B)(1) and (2) of section	3841
4928.64 of the Revised Code, renewable energy credits any time	3842

in the five calendar years following the date of their purchase	3843
or acquisition from any entity, including, but not limited to,	3844
the following:	3845
	2046
(1) A mercantile customer;	3846
(2) An owner or operator of a hydroelectric generating	3847
facility that is located at a dam on a river, or on any water	3848
discharged to a river, that is within or bordering this state or	3849
within or bordering an adjoining state, or that produces power	3850
that can be shown to be deliverable into this state;	3851
(3) A seller of compressed natural gas that has been	3852
produced from biologically derived methane gas, provided that	3853
the seller may only provide renewable energy credits for metered	3854
amounts of gas.	3855
(D) (1) The mublic utilities commission shall adopt mules	3856
(B) (1) The public utilities commission shall adopt rules	
specifying that one unit of credit shall equal one megawatt hour	3857
of electricity derived from renewable energy resources, except	3858
that, for a generating facility of seventy-five megawatts or	3859
greater that is situated within this state and has committed by	3860
December 31, 2009, to modify or retrofit its generating unit or	3861
units to enable the facility to generate principally from	3862
biomass energy by June 30, 2013, each megawatt hour of	3863
electricity generated principally from that biomass energy shall	3864
equal, in units of credit, the product obtained by multiplying	3865
the actual percentage of biomass feedstock heat input used to	3866
generate such megawatt hour by the quotient obtained by dividing	3867
the then existing unit dollar amount used to determine a	3868
renewable energy compliance payment as provided under division	3869
(C)(2)(b) of section 4928.64 of the Revised Code by the then	3870
existing market value of one renewable energy credit, but such	3871

megawatt hour shall not equal less than one unit of credit.

Renewable energy resources do not have to be converted to	3873
electricity in order to be eligible to receive renewable energy	3874
credits. The rules shall specify that, for purposes of	3875
converting the quantity of energy derived from biologically	3876
derived methane gas to an electricity equivalent, one megawatt	3877
hour equals 3,412,142 British thermal units.	3878
(2) The rules also shall provide for this state a system	3879
of registering renewable energy credits by specifying which of	3880
any generally available registries shall be used for that	3881
purpose and not by creating a registry. That selected system of	3882
registering renewable energy credits shall allow a hydroelectric	3883
generating facility to be eligible for obtaining renewable	3884
energy credits and shall allow customer-sited projects or	3885
actions the broadest opportunities to be eligible for obtaining	3886
renewable energy credits.	3887
(C) Beginning January 1, 2020, a qualifying solar resource	3888
as defined in section 3706.40 of the Revised Code is not-	3889
eligible to obtain a renewable energy credit under this section	3890
for any megawatt hour for which the resource has been issued a	3891
solar energy credit under section 3706.45 of the Revised Code.	3892
(D) Except for compressed natural gas that has been	3893
produced from biologically derived methane gas, energy generated	3894
by using natural gas as a resource is not eligible to obtain a	3895
renewable energy credit under this section.	3896
Sec. 4928.73. (A) As used in this section:	3897
(1) "Mercantile customer member" means a mercantile	3898
customer connected to a mercantile customer self-power system.	3899
(2) "Mercantile customer self-power system" means one or	3900

more electric generation facilities, electric storage

facilities, or both, along with any associated facilities, that	3902
meet all of the following:	3903
(a) Produce electricity primarily for the consumption of a	3904
mercantile customer member or a group of mercantile customer	3905
members;	3906
	0005
(b) Connect directly to the mercantile customer member's	3907
side of the electric meter;	3908
(c) Deliver electricity to the mercantile customer	3909
member's side of the electric meter without the use of an	3910
electric distribution utility's or an electric cooperative's	3911
distribution system or transmission system;	3912
(d) Is located on either of the following:	3913
(i) A property owned or controlled by a mercantile	3914
customer member or the entity that owns or operates the	3915
mercantile customer self-power system, provided that the	3916
property is not located more than one mile from the customer or	3917
group of customers that consume the electricity produced by the	3918
facilities;	3919
(ii) Land adjacent to a mercantile customer member if the	3920
facilities connect directly with the customer.	3921
(B) The mercantile customer self-power system may be owned	3922
or operated by a mercantile customer member, group of mercantile	3923
customer members, or an entity that is not a mercantile customer	3924
member.	3925
(C) A mercantile customer self-power system may provide	3926
electric generation service to one or more mercantile customers.	3927
(D) The public utilities commission shall adopt rules to	3928
implement this section that are applicable to electric	3929

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distribution utilities.	3930
(E) Nothing in this section prohibits an electric	3931
distribution utility or an electric cooperative from charging a	3932
mercantile customer for distribution or transmission service	3933
used by a mercantile customer.	3934
Sec. 4929.20. $\frac{(A)}{(A)}$ (A) (1) No governmental aggregator as	3935
defined in division (K)(1) of section 4929.01 of the Revised	3936
Code or no retail natural gas supplier shall provide a	3937
competitive retail natural gas service on or after thirteen	3938
months following the effective date of this section June 26,	3939
2001, to a consumer in this state without first being certified	3940
by the public utilities commission regarding its managerial,	3941
technical, and financial capability to provide that service and	3942
providing reasonable financial assurances sufficient to protect	3943
customers and natural gas companies from default. In addition, a	3944
retail natural gas supplier may be required to provide a	3945
performance bond sufficient to protect customers and natural gas	3946
companies from default. Certification shall be granted pursuant	3947
to procedures and standards the commission shall prescribe in	3948
accordance with rules adopted under section 4929.10 of the	3949
Revised Code. However, certification or certification renewal	3950
shall be deemed approved thirty days after the filing of an	3951
application with the commission unless the commission suspends	3952
that approval for good cause shown. In the case of such a	3953
suspension, the commission shall act to approve or deny	3954
certification or certification renewal to the applicant not	3955
later than ninety days after the date of the suspension.	3956
(2) The commission shall establish rules to require a	3957
competitive retail natural gas supplier to maintain financial	3958
assurances sufficient to protect customers and natural gas	3959

companies from default. Such rules also shall specifically allow	3960
a natural gas company to set reasonable standards for its	3961
security and the security of its customers through financial	3962
requirements set in its tariffs.	3963
(3) As used in division (A)(2) of this section, "retail	3964
natural gas supplier" has the same meaning as in section 4929.01	3965
of the Revised Code, but excludes a broker or aggregator.	3966
(B) Capability standards adopted in rules pursuant to	3967
division (A) of this section shall be sufficient to ensure	3968
compliance with section 4929.22 of the Revised Code and with the	3969
minimum service requirements established under section 4929.23	3970
of the Revised Code. The standards shall allow flexibility for	3971
voluntary aggregation, to encourage market creativity in	3972
responding to consumer needs and demands. The rules shall	3973
include procedures for biennially renewing certification.	3974
(C)(1) The commission may suspend, rescind, or	3975
conditionally rescind the certification of any retail natural	3976
gas supplier or governmental aggregator issued under this	3977
section if the commission determines, after reasonable notice	3978
and opportunity for hearing, that the retail natural gas	3979
supplier or governmental aggregator has failed to comply with	3980
	3980
any applicable certification standards prescribed in rules	
any applicable certification standards prescribed in rules adopted pursuant to this section or section 4929.22 of the	3981
adopted pursuant to this section or section 4929.22 of the	3981 3982
	3981
adopted pursuant to this section or section 4929.22 of the	3981 3982
adopted pursuant to this section or section 4929.22 of the Revised Code.	3981 3982 3983
adopted pursuant to this section or section 4929.22 of the Revised Code. (2) An affected natural gas company may file an	3981 3982 3983 3984
adopted pursuant to this section or section 4929.22 of the Revised Code. (2) An affected natural gas company may file an application with the commission for approval of authority to	3981 3982 3983 3984 3985
adopted pursuant to this section or section 4929.22 of the Revised Code. (2) An affected natural gas company may file an application with the commission for approval of authority to recover in accordance with division (C)(2) of this section	3981 3982 3983 3984 3985 3986
adopted pursuant to this section or section 4929.22 of the Revised Code. (2) An affected natural gas company may file an application with the commission for approval of authority to recover in accordance with division (C)(2) of this section incremental costs reasonably and prudently incurred by the	3981 3982 3983 3984 3985 3986 3987

particular retail natural gas supplier's certification under	3990
division (C)(1) of this section. Upon the filing of such an	3991
application, the commission shall conduct an audit of such	3992
incremental costs as are specified in the application. Cost	3993
recovery shall be through a rider on the base rates of customers	3994
of the company for which there is a choice of supplier of	3995
commodity sales service as a result of revised schedules	3996
approved under division (C) of section 4929.29 of the Revised	3997
Code, a rule or order adopted or issued by the commission under	3998
Chapter 4905. of the Revised Code, or an exemption granted by	3999
the commission under sections 4929.04 to 4929.08 of the Revised	4000
Code. The rider shall take effect ninety days after the date of	4001
the application's filing unless the commission, based on the	4002
audit results and for good cause shown, sets the matter for	4003
hearing. After the hearing, the commission shall approve the	4004
application, and authorize such cost recovery rider effective on	4005
the date specified in the order, only for such incremental costs	4006
as the commission determines were reasonably and prudently	4007
incurred by the company in connection with the continuation,	4008
suspension, rescission, or conditional rescission of a retail	4009
natural gas supplier's certification under division (C)(1) of	4010
this section. Any proceeding under division (C)(2) of this	4011
section shall be governed by Chapter 4903. of the Revised Code.	4012
(D) No natural gas company, on and after thirteen months	4013
following the effective date of this section June 26, 2001,	4014
shall knowingly distribute natural gas, to a retail consumer in	4015
this state, for any governmental aggregator, as defined in	4016
division (K)(1) of section 4929.01 of the Revised Code, or	4017
retail natural gas supplier, that has not been certified by the	4018
commission pursuant to this section.	4019

(E) Notwithstanding any provision of section 121.95 of the

Revised Code to the contrary, a regulatory restriction contained	4021
in a rule adopted under section 4929.20 of the Revised Code is	4022
not subject to sections 121.95 to 121.953 of the Revised Code.	4023
Sec. 4929.221. (A) If a competitive retail natural gas	4024
service supplier offers a residential customer or non-mercantile	4025
commercial customer a contract for a fixed introductory rate	4026
that converts to a variable rate upon the expiration of the	4027
fixed rate, the supplier shall send two notices to each	4028
residential customer and non-mercantile commercial customer that	4029
enters into such a contract. Each notice shall provide all of	4030
the following information to the customer:	4031
(1) The fixed rate that is expiring under the contract;	4032
(2) The expiration date of the contract's fixed rate;	4033
(3) The rate to be charged upon the contract's conversion	4034
to a variable rate;	4035
(4) The public utilities commission web site that, as a	4036
comparison tool, lists rates offered by competitive retail	4037
natural gas service suppliers;	4038
(5) A statement explaining that appearing on each	4039
customer's bill is a price-to-compare notice that lists the	4040
natural gas company's default rate for natural gas charged to	4041
customers who decide not to shop for a competitive supplier.	4042
(B) The notices shall be sent by standard United States	4043
mail as follows:	4044
(1) The supplier shall send the first notice not earlier	4045
than ninety days and not later than sixty days prior to the	4046
expiration of the fixed rate.	4047
(2) The supplier shall send the second notice not earlier	4048

than forty-five days and not later than thirty days prior to the	4049
<pre>expiration of the fixed rate.</pre>	4050
(C) A competitive retail natural gas service supplier	4051
shall provide an annual notice, by standard United States mail,	4052
to each residential customer and non-mercantile commercial	4053
customer that has entered into a contract with the supplier that	4054
has converted to a variable rate upon the expiration of the	4055
contract's fixed introductory rate. The notice shall inform the	4056
customer that the customer is currently subject to a variable	4057
rate and that other fixed rate contracts are available.	4058
(D) Not later than one hundred fifty days after the	4059
effective date of this section, the commission shall adopt rules	4060
in order to implement divisions (A) to (C) of this section. The	4061
rules, at a minimum, shall include the following requirements	4062
regarding the notices required under divisions (A) to (C) of	4063
<pre>this section:</pre>	4064
(1) To use clear and unambiguous language in order to	4065
enable the customer to make an informed decision;	4066
(2) To design the notices in a way to ensure that they	4067
cannot be confused with marketing materials.	4068
(E) Notwithstanding any provision of section 121.95 of the	4069
Revised Code to the contrary, a regulatory restriction contained	4070
in a rule adopted under section 4929.221 of the Revised Code is	4071
not subject to sections 121.95 to 121.953 of the Revised Code.	4072
Sec. 4929.222. (A) As used in this section, "customer	4073
account information" means a unique natural gas company number	4074
or other customer identification number used by the company to	4075
identify a customer and the customer's account record.	4076
(B) The public utilities commission shall adopt rules to	4077

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ensure that a natural gas company processes a customer's change	4078
in competitive retail natural gas supplier by using customer	4079
account information. A customer who consents to a change of	4080
supplier shall not be required to provide customer account	4081
information to the supplier if the customer provides a valid	4082
form of government-issued identification issued to the customer	4083
or a sufficient alternative form of identification that allows	4084
the supplier to establish the customer's identity accurately.	4085
(C) Notwithstanding any provision of section 121.95 of the	4086
Revised Code to the contrary, a regulatory restriction contained	4087
in a rule adopted under this section is not subject to sections	4088
121.95 to 121.953 of the Revised Code.	4089
Sec. 5727.01. As used in this chapter:	4090
(A) "Public utility" means each person referred to as a	4091
telephone company, telegraph company, electric company, natural	4092
gas company, pipe-line company, water-works company, water	4093
transportation company, heating company, rural electric company,	4094
railroad company, combined company, or energy company.	4095
(B) "Gross receipts" means the entire receipts for	4096
business done by any person from operations as a public utility,	4097
or incidental thereto, or in connection therewith, including any	4098
receipts received under Chapter 4928. of the Revised Code. The	4099
gross receipts for business done by an incorporated company	4100
engaged in operation as a public utility includes the entire	4101
receipts for business done by such company under the exercise of	4102
its corporate powers, whether from the operation as a public	4103
utility or from any other business.	4104
(C) "Rural electric company" means any nonprofit	4105

corporation, organization, association, or cooperative engaged

in the business of supplying electricity to its members or	4107
persons owning an interest therein in an area the major portion	4108
of which is rural. "Rural electric company" excludes an energy	4109
company.	4110
(D) Any person:	4111
(1) Is a telegraph company when engaged in the business of	4112
transmitting telegraphic messages to, from, through, or in this	4113
state;	4114
(2) Is a telephone company when primarily engaged in the	4115
business of providing local exchange telephone service,	4116
excluding cellular radio service, in this state;	4117
(3) Is an electric company when engaged in the business of	4118
generating, transmitting, or distributing electricity within	4119
this state for use by others, but excludes a rural electric	4120
company or an energy company;	4121
(4) Is a natural gas company when engaged in the business	4122
of supplying or distributing natural gas for lighting, power, or	4123
heating purposes to consumers within this state, excluding a	4124
person that is a governmental aggregator or retail natural gas	4125
supplier as defined in section 4929.01 of the Revised Code;	4126
(5) Is a pipe-line company when engaged in the business of	4127
transporting natural gas, oil, or coal or its derivatives	4128
through pipes or tubing, either wholly or partially within this	4129
state;	4130
(6) Is a water-works company when engaged in the business	4131
of supplying water through pipes or tubing, or in a similar	4132
manner, to consumers within this state;	4133
(7) Is a water transportation company when engaged in the	4134

transportation of passengers or property, by boat or other	4135
watercraft, over any waterway, whether natural or artificial,	4136
from one point within this state to another point within this	4137
state, or between points within this state and points without	4138
this state;	4139
(8) Is a heating company when engaged in the business of	4140
supplying water, steam, or air through pipes or tubing to	4141
consumers within this state for heating purposes;	4142
(9) Is a railroad company when engaged in the business of	4143
owning or operating a railroad either wholly or partially within	4144
this state on rights-of-way acquired and held exclusively by	4145
such company, or otherwise, and includes a passenger, street,	4146
suburban, or interurban railroad company;	4147
(10) Is an energy company when engaged in the business of	4148
generating, transmitting, $\underline{\text{storing and releasing,}}$ or distributing	4149
electricity within this state for use by others solely from an	4150
energy facility with an aggregate nameplate capacity in excess	4151
of two hundred fifty kilowatts.	4152
As used in division (D)(2) of this section, "local	4153
exchange telephone service" means making available or furnishing	4154
access and a dial tone to all persons within a local calling	4155
area for use in originating and receiving voice grade	4156
communications over a switched network operated by the provider	4157
of the service within the area and for gaining access to other	4158
telecommunication services.	4159
(E) "Taxable property" means the property required by	4160
section 5727.06 of the Revised Code to be assessed by the tax	4161
commissioner, but does not include either of the following:	4162

(1) An item of tangible personal property that for the

period subsequent to the effective date of an air, water, or	4164
noise pollution control certificate and continuing so long as	4165
the certificate is in force, has been certified as part of the	4166
pollution control facility with respect to which the certificate	4167
has been issued;	4168
(2) An item of tangible personal property that during the	4169
construction of a plant or facility and until the item is first	4170
capable of operation, whether actually used in operation or not,	4170
is incorporated in or being held exclusively for incorporation	4172
in that plant or facility.	4173
Notwithstanding section 5701.03 of the Revised Code, for	4174
tax year 2006 and thereafter, "taxable property" includes	4175
patterns, jigs, dies, and drawings of an electric company or a	4176
combined company for use in the activity of an electric company.	4177
(F) "Taxing district" means a municipal corporation or	4178
township, or part thereof, in which the aggregate rate of	4179
taxation is uniform.	4180
(G) "Telecommunications service" has the same meaning as	4181
in division (AA) of section 5739.01 of the Revised Code.	4182
(H) "Interexchange telecommunications company" means a	4183
person that is engaged in the business of transmitting	4184
telephonic messages to, from, through, or in this state, but	4185
that is not a telephone company.	4186
(I) "Sale and leaseback transaction" means a transaction	4187
in which a public utility or interexchange telecommunications	4188
company sells any tangible personal property to a person other	4189
than a public utility or interexchange telecommunications	4190
company and leases that property back from the buyer.	4191
(J) "Production equipment" means all taxable steam,	4192

nuclear, hydraulic, renewable resource, clean coal technology,	4193
and other production plant equipment used to generate or store	4194
and release electricity. For tax years prior to 2001,	4195
"production equipment" includes taxable station equipment that	4196
is located at a production plant.	4197
(K) "Tax year" means the year for which property or gross	4198
receipts are subject to assessment under this chapter. This	4199
division does not limit the tax commissioner's ability to assess	4200
and value property or gross receipts outside the tax year.	4201
(L) "Combined company" means any person engaged in the	4202
activity of an electric company or rural electric company that	4203
is also engaged in the activity of a heating company or a	4204
natural gas company, or any combination thereof.	4205
(M) "Public utility property lessor" means any person,	4206
other than a public utility or an interexchange	4207
telecommunications company, that leases personal property, other	4208
than in a sale and leaseback transaction, to a public utility,	4209
other than a railroad, water transportation, telephone, or	4210
telegraph company if the property would be taxable property if	4211
owned by the public utility. A public utility property lessor is	4212
subject to this chapter only for the purposes of reporting and	4213
paying tax on taxable property it leases to a public utility	4214
other than a telephone or telegraph company. A public utility	4215
property lessor that leases property to a public utility other	4216
than a telephone or telegraph company is not a public utility,	4217
but it shall report its property and be assessed in the same	4218
manner as the utility to which it leases the property.	4219
(N) "Energy resource" means any of the following:	4220

(1) "Renewable energy resource" as defined in section

4928.01 of the Revised Code;	4222
(2) "Clean coal technology" as described in division (A)	4223
(34)(c) of section 4928.01 of the Revised Code;	4224
(3) "Advanced nuclear technology" as described in division	4225
(A) (34) (d) of section 4928.01 of the Revised Code;	4226
(4) "Cogeneration technology" as described in division (A)	4227
(34) (b) of section 4928.01 of the Revised Code;	4228
(5) Energy storage system.	4229
(O) "Energy conversion equipment" means tangible personal	4230
property connected to a wind turbine tower, connected to and	4231
behind solar radiation collector areas and designed to convert	4232
the radiant energy of the sun into electricity or heat, or	4233
connected to any other property used to generate or store and	4234
release electricity from an energy resource, through which	4235
electricity is transferred to controls, transformers, or power	4236
electronics and to the transmission interconnection point.	4237
"Energy conversion equipment" includes, but is not limited	4238
to, inverters, batteries, switch gears, wiring, collection	4239
lines, substations, ancillary tangible personal property, or any	4240
lines and associated tangible personal property located between	4241
substations and the transmission interconnection point.	4242
(P) "Energy facility" means one or more interconnected	4243
wind turbines, solar panels, energy storage systems, or other	4244
tangible personal property used to generate or store and release	4245
electricity from an energy resource owned by the same person,	4246
including:	4247
(1) All interconnection equipment, devices, and related	4248
apparatus connected to such tangible personal property:	4249

(2) All cables, equipment, devices, and related apparatus	4250
that connect the generators to an electricity grid or to a	4251
building or facility that directly consumes the electricity	4252
produced, that facilitate the transmission of electrical energy	4253
from the generators to the grid, building, or facility, and,	4254
where applicable, that transform voltage before ultimate	4255
delivery of electricity to the grid, building, or facility.	4256
"Energy facility" includes buildings, structures,	4257
improvements, or fixtures exclusively used to house, support, or	4258
stabilize tangible personal property constituting the facility	4259
or that are otherwise necessary for the operation of that	4260
property; and so much of the land on which such tangible	4261
personal property is situated as is required for operation of	4262
the facility and is not devoted to some other use, not to	4263
exceed, in the case of wind turbines, one-half acre for each	4264
wind turbine, and regardless of whether the land is owned by the	4265
owner or lessee of the tangible personal property or by another	4266
person.	4267
(Q) "Nameplate capacity" means the original interconnected	4268
maximum rated alternating current output of a generator or other	4269
electric production equipment under specific conditions	4270
designated by the manufacturer, expressed in the number of	4271
kilowatts or megawatts.	4272
(R) "Qualifying production equipment" means production	4273
equipment and energy conversion equipment that is placed into	4274
service on or after the last day of the year that includes the	4275
effective date of this amendment.	4276
(S) "Energy storage system" means tangible personal	4277
property that is capable of storing and releasing energy.	4278

Sec. 5727.031. (A) A person that is engaged in some other	4279
primary business to which the supplying of electricity to others	4280
is incidental shall file a report under section 5727.08 of the	4281
Revised Code as an electric company but shall only report	4282
therein as taxable property the amounts required in divisions	4283
(B) and (C) of this section. All time limits and other	4284
procedural requirements of this chapter for the reporting and	4285
assessment of property of electric companies apply to persons	4286
required to file a report under this section. For the purposes	4287
of this section, "the supplying of electricity to others" shall	4288
not include donating all of the electricity a person generates	4289
to a political subdivision of the state.	4290
(B) A person subject to this section shall report the true	4291
value of the boilers, machinery, equipment, and any personal	4292
property used to supply electricity to others, which shall be	4293
the sum of the following:	4294
(1) The true value of the property that is <u>taxable</u>	4295
production equipment, as $\underline{\text{such true value}}$ $\underline{\text{it}}$ would be determined	4296
for an electric company under section 5727.11 of the Revised	4297
$\operatorname{Code}_{\underline{\prime}}$ multiplied by the per cent of the electricity generated in	4298
the preceding calendar year that was not used by the person who	4299
generated it; plus	4300
(2) The true value of the property that is not production	4301
equipment, as $it-such true value$ would be determined for an	4302
electric company under section 5727.11 of the Revised Code $\underline{}$	4303
multiplied by the per cent of the electricity generated in the	4304
preceding calendar year that was not used by the person who	4305
generated it.	4306
(C) The property reported under division (B) of this	4307

section shall be listed and assessed at an amount equal to the

sum of the products determined under divisions (C)(1) and (2) of	4309
this section.	4310
(1) Multiply the portion of the true value determined	4311
under division (B)(1) of this section by the assessment rate in	4312
section 5727.111 of the Revised Code that is applicable to the_	4313
<u>taxable</u> production equipment of an electric company;	4314
(2) Multiply the portion of the true value determined	4315
under division (B)(2) of this section by the assessment rate in	4316
section 5727.111 of the Revised Code that is applicable to the	4317
<u>taxable</u> property of an electric company that is not production	4318
equipment.	4319
Sec. 5727.06. (A) Except as otherwise provided by law, the	4320
following constitutes the taxable property of a public utility,	4321
interexchange telecommunications company, or public utility	4322
property lessor that shall be assessed by the tax commissioner:	4323
(1) For tax years before tax year 2006:	4324
(a) In the case of a railroad company, all real property	4325
and tangible personal property owned or operated by the railroad	4326
company in this state on the thirty-first day of December of the	4327
preceding year;	4328
(b) In the case of a water transportation company, all	4329
tangible personal property, except watercraft, owned or operated	4330
by the water transportation company in this state on the thirty-	4331
first day of December of the preceding year and all watercraft	4332
owned or operated by the water transportation company in this	4333
state during the preceding calendar year;	4334
(c) In the case of all other public utilities and	4335
interexchange telecommunications companies, all tangible	4336
personal property that on the thirty-first day of December of	4337

the preceding year was both located in this state and:	4338
(i) Owned by the public utility or interexchange	4339
telecommunications company; or	4340
(ii) Leased by the public utility or interexchange	4341
telecommunications company under a sale and leaseback	4342
transaction.	4343
(2) For tax years 2006, 2007, and 2008:	4344
(a) In the case of a railroad company, all real property	4345
used in railroad operations and tangible personal property owned	4346
or operated by the railroad company in this state on the thirty-	4347
first day of December of the preceding year;	4348
(b) In the case of a water transportation company, all	4349
tangible personal property, except watercraft, owned or operated	4350
by the water transportation company in this state on the thirty-	4351
first day of December of the preceding year and all watercraft	4352
owned or operated by the water transportation company in this	4353
state during the preceding calendar year;	4354
(c) In the case of all other public utilities except	4355
telephone and telegraph companies, all tangible personal	4356
property that on the thirty-first day of December of the	4357
preceding year was both located in this state and either owned	4358
by the public utility or leased by the public utility under a	4359
sale and leaseback transaction.	4360
(3) For tax year 2009 and each tax year thereafter:	4361
(a) In the case of a railroad company, all real property	4362
used in railroad operations and tangible personal property owned	4363
or operated by the railroad company in this state on the thirty-	4364
first day of December of the preceding year;	4365

tangible personal property, except watercraft, owned or operated by the water transportation company in this state on the thirty-first day of December of the preceding year and all watercraft owned or operated by the water transportation company in this state during the preceding calendar year; (c) In the case of all other public utilities except telephone and telegraph companies, all tangible personal property except qualifying production equipment that on the thirty-first day of December of the preceding year was both located in this state and either owned by the public utility or leased by the public utility under a sale and leaseback transaction, and that is not exempted from taxation under section 5727.75 of the Revised Code; (d) In the case of a public utility property lessor, all personal property except qualifying production equipment that on the thirty-first day of December of the preceding year was both located in this state and leased, in other than a sale and leaseback transaction, to a public utility other than a railroad, telephone, telegraph, or water transportation company. The assessment rate used under section 5727.111 of the Revised Code shall be based on the assessment rate that would apply if the public utility owned the property, and that is not exempted from taxation under section 5727.75 of the Revised Code. (4) For tax years 2005 and 2006, in the case of telephone, telegraph, or interexchange telecommunications companies, all tangible personal property that on the thirty-first day of December of the preceding year was both located in this state		
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first day of December of the preceding year and all watercraft owned or operated by the water transportation company in this state during the preceding calendar year; (c) In the case of all other public utilities except telephone and telegraph companies, all tangible personal property except qualifying production equipment that on the thirty-first day of December of the preceding year was both located in this state and either owned by the public utility or leased by the public utility under a sale and leaseback transaction, and that is not exempted from taxation under section 5727.75 of the Revised Code; (d) In the case of a public utility property lessor, all personal property except qualifying production equipment that on the thirty-first day of December of the preceding year was both located in this state and leased, in other than a sale and leaseback transaction, to a public utility other than a railroad, telephone, telegraph, or water transportation company. The assessment rate used under section 5727.111 of the Revised Code shall be based on the assessment rate that would apply if the public utility owned the property, and that is not exempted from taxation under section 5727.75 of the Revised Code. (4) For tax years 2005 and 2006, in the case of telephone, telegraph, or interexchange telecommunications companies, all tangible personal property that on the thirty-first day of December of the preceding year was both located in this state	tangible personal property, except watercraft, owned or operated	4367
owned or operated by the water transportation company in this state during the preceding calendar year; (c) In the case of all other public utilities except telephone and telegraph companies, all tangible personal property except qualifying production equipment that on the thirty-first day of December of the preceding year was both located in this state and either owned by the public utility or leased by the public utility under a sale and leaseback transaction, and that is not exempted from taxation under section 5727.75 of the Revised Code; (d) In the case of a public utility property lessor, all personal property except qualifying production equipment that on the thirty-first day of December of the preceding year was both located in this state and leased, in other than a sale and leaseback transaction, to a public utility other than a railroad, telephone, telegraph, or water transportation company. The assessment rate used under section 5727.111 of the Revised Code shall be based on the assessment rate that would apply if the public utility owned the property, and that is not exempted from taxation under section 5727.75 of the Revised Code. (4) For tax years 2005 and 2006, in the case of telephone, telegraph, or interexchange telecommunications companies, all tangible personal property that on the thirty-first day of December of the preceding year was both located in this state 436 437 438 439 430 431 431 432 433 434 435 436 436 437 438 438 439 430 431 432 433 434 435 436 436 437 438 438 439 430 431 432 433 434 435 436 437 437 438 438 439 439 430 430 431 431 432 433 434 435 436 437 437 438 438 438 439 439 430 430 430 430 430 430	by the water transportation company in this state on the thirty-	4368
state during the preceding calendar year; (c) In the case of all other public utilities except telephone and telegraph companies, all tangible personal property except qualifying production equipment that on the thirty-first day of December of the preceding year was both located in this state and either owned by the public utility or leased by the public utility under a sale and leaseback transaction, and that is not exempted from taxation under section 5727.75 of the Revised Code; (d) In the case of a public utility property lessor, all personal property except qualifying production equipment that on the thirty-first day of December of the preceding year was both located in this state and leased, in other than a sale and leaseback transaction, to a public utility other than a railroad, telephone, telegraph, or water transportation company. The assessment rate used under section 5727.111 of the Revised Code shall be based on the assessment rate that would apply if the public utility owned the property, and that is not exempted from taxation under section 5727.75 of the Revised Code. (4) For tax years 2005 and 2006, in the case of telephone, telegraph, or interexchange telecommunications companies, all tangible personal property that on the thirty-first day of December of the preceding year was both located in this state 436 437 438 439 430 431 431 431 432 433 434 435 436 437 438 438 439 430 430 431 432 433 434 435 436	first day of December of the preceding year and all watercraft	4369
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property except qualifying production equipment that on the thirty-first day of December of the preceding year was both located in this state and either owned by the public utility or leased by the public utility under a sale and leaseback transaction, and that is not exempted from taxation under section 5727.75 of the Revised Code; (d) In the case of a public utility property lessor, all personal property except qualifying production equipment that on the thirty-first day of December of the preceding year was both located in this state and leased, in other than a sale and leaseback transaction, to a public utility other than a railroad, telephone, telegraph, or water transportation company. The assessment rate used under section 5727.111 of the Revised Code shall be based on the assessment rate that would apply if the public utility owned the property, and that is not exempted from taxation under section 5727.75 of the Revised Code. (4) For tax years 2005 and 2006, in the case of telephone, telegraph, or interexchange telecommunications companies, all tangible personal property that on the thirty-first day of December of the preceding year was both located in this state 435	(c) In the case of all other public utilities except	4372
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located in this state and either owned by the public utility or leased by the public utility under a sale and leaseback transaction, and that is not exempted from taxation under section 5727.75 of the Revised Code; (d) In the case of a public utility property lessor, all personal property except qualifying production equipment that on the thirty-first day of December of the preceding year was both located in this state and leased, in other than a sale and leaseback transaction, to a public utility other than a railroad, telephone, telegraph, or water transportation company. The assessment rate used under section 5727.111 of the Revised Code shall be based on the assessment rate that would apply if the public utility owned the property, and that is not exempted from taxation under section 5727.75 of the Revised Code. (4) For tax years 2005 and 2006, in the case of telephone, telegraph, or interexchange telecommunications companies, all tangible personal property that on the thirty-first day of December of the preceding year was both located in this state	property except qualifying production equipment that on the	4374
leased by the public utility under a sale and leaseback transaction, and that is not exempted from taxation under section 5727.75 of the Revised Code; (d) In the case of a public utility property lessor, all personal property except qualifying production equipment that on the thirty-first day of December of the preceding year was both located in this state and leased, in other than a sale and leaseback transaction, to a public utility other than a railroad, telephone, telegraph, or water transportation company. The assessment rate used under section 5727.111 of the Revised Code shall be based on the assessment rate that would apply if the public utility owned the property, and that is not exempted from taxation under section 5727.75 of the Revised Code. (4) For tax years 2005 and 2006, in the case of telephone, telegraph, or interexchange telecommunications companies, all tangible personal property that on the thirty-first day of December of the preceding year was both located in this state	thirty-first day of December of the preceding year was both	4375
transaction, and that is not exempted from taxation under section 5727.75 of the Revised Code; (d) In the case of a public utility property lessor, all personal property except qualifying production equipment that on the thirty-first day of December of the preceding year was both located in this state and leased, in other than a sale and leaseback transaction, to a public utility other than a railroad, telephone, telegraph, or water transportation company. The assessment rate used under section 5727.111 of the Revised Code shall be based on the assessment rate that would apply if the public utility owned the property, and that is not exempted from taxation under section 5727.75 of the Revised Code. (4) For tax years 2005 and 2006, in the case of telephone, telegraph, or interexchange telecommunications companies, all tangible personal property that on the thirty-first day of December of the preceding year was both located in this state	located in this state and either owned by the public utility or	4376
(d) In the case of a public utility property lessor, all personal property except qualifying production equipment that on the thirty-first day of December of the preceding year was both located in this state and leased, in other than a sale and leaseback transaction, to a public utility other than a railroad, telephone, telegraph, or water transportation company. The assessment rate used under section 5727.111 of the Revised 438 Code shall be based on the assessment rate that would apply if the public utility owned the property, and that is not exempted 438 from taxation under section 5727.75 of the Revised Code. 438 (4) For tax years 2005 and 2006, in the case of telephone, telegraph, or interexchange telecommunications companies, all 439 tangible personal property that on the thirty-first day of 439 December of the preceding year was both located in this state 439	leased by the public utility under a sale and leaseback	4377
(d) In the case of a public utility property lessor, all personal property except qualifying production equipment that on the thirty-first day of December of the preceding year was both located in this state and leased, in other than a sale and leaseback transaction, to a public utility other than a railroad, telephone, telegraph, or water transportation company. The assessment rate used under section 5727.111 of the Revised Code shall be based on the assessment rate that would apply if the public utility owned the property, and that is not exempted from taxation under section 5727.75 of the Revised Code. (4) For tax years 2005 and 2006, in the case of telephone, telegraph, or interexchange telecommunications companies, all tangible personal property that on the thirty-first day of December of the preceding year was both located in this state 438	transaction, and that is not exempted from taxation under	4378
personal property except qualifying production equipment that on the thirty-first day of December of the preceding year was both located in this state and leased, in other than a sale and leaseback transaction, to a public utility other than a railroad, telephone, telegraph, or water transportation company. The assessment rate used under section 5727.111 of the Revised Code shall be based on the assessment rate that would apply if the public utility owned the property, and that is not exempted from taxation under section 5727.75 of the Revised Code. (4) For tax years 2005 and 2006, in the case of telephone, telegraph, or interexchange telecommunications companies, all tangible personal property that on the thirty-first day of December of the preceding year was both located in this state	section 5727.75 of the Revised Code;	4379
the thirty-first day of December of the preceding year was both located in this state and leased, in other than a sale and leaseback transaction, to a public utility other than a railroad, telephone, telegraph, or water transportation company. The assessment rate used under section 5727.111 of the Revised Code shall be based on the assessment rate that would apply if the public utility owned the property, and that is not exempted from taxation under section 5727.75 of the Revised Code. (4) For tax years 2005 and 2006, in the case of telephone, telegraph, or interexchange telecommunications companies, all tangible personal property that on the thirty-first day of December of the preceding year was both located in this state	(d) In the case of a public utility property lessor, all	4380
located in this state and leased, in other than a sale and leaseback transaction, to a public utility other than a railroad, telephone, telegraph, or water transportation company. The assessment rate used under section 5727.111 of the Revised Code shall be based on the assessment rate that would apply if the public utility owned the property, and that is not exempted from taxation under section 5727.75 of the Revised Code. (4) For tax years 2005 and 2006, in the case of telephone, telegraph, or interexchange telecommunications companies, all tangible personal property that on the thirty-first day of December of the preceding year was both located in this state	personal property except qualifying production equipment that on	4381
leaseback transaction, to a public utility other than a railroad, telephone, telegraph, or water transportation company. The assessment rate used under section 5727.111 of the Revised Code shall be based on the assessment rate that would apply if the public utility owned the property, and that is not exempted from taxation under section 5727.75 of the Revised Code. (4) For tax years 2005 and 2006, in the case of telephone, telegraph, or interexchange telecommunications companies, all tangible personal property that on the thirty-first day of December of the preceding year was both located in this state 438 438 439 439 439 439 439 439	the thirty-first day of December of the preceding year was both	4382
railroad, telephone, telegraph, or water transportation company. The assessment rate used under section 5727.111 of the Revised Code shall be based on the assessment rate that would apply if the public utility owned the property, and that is not exempted from taxation under section 5727.75 of the Revised Code. (4) For tax years 2005 and 2006, in the case of telephone, telegraph, or interexchange telecommunications companies, all tangible personal property that on the thirty-first day of December of the preceding year was both located in this state 438 438 438 438 438 439 439 439	located in this state and leased, in other than a sale and	4383
The assessment rate used under section 5727.111 of the Revised Code shall be based on the assessment rate that would apply if the public utility owned the property, and that is not exempted from taxation under section 5727.75 of the Revised Code. (4) For tax years 2005 and 2006, in the case of telephone, telegraph, or interexchange telecommunications companies, all tangible personal property that on the thirty-first day of December of the preceding year was both located in this state 438 439 439 439 439 439	leaseback transaction, to a public utility other than a	4384
Code shall be based on the assessment rate that would apply if the public utility owned the property, and that is not exempted from taxation under section 5727.75 of the Revised Code. (4) For tax years 2005 and 2006, in the case of telephone, telegraph, or interexchange telecommunications companies, all tangible personal property that on the thirty-first day of December of the preceding year was both located in this state 438 439 439 439 439	railroad, telephone, telegraph, or water transportation company.	4385
the public utility owned the property, and that is not exempted from taxation under section 5727.75 of the Revised Code. (4) For tax years 2005 and 2006, in the case of telephone, telegraph, or interexchange telecommunications companies, all tangible personal property that on the thirty-first day of December of the preceding year was both located in this state 438 438 439 439	The assessment rate used under section 5727.111 of the Revised	4386
from taxation under section 5727.75 of the Revised Code. (4) For tax years 2005 and 2006, in the case of telephone, telegraph, or interexchange telecommunications companies, all tangible personal property that on the thirty-first day of December of the preceding year was both located in this state 438 439	Code shall be based on the assessment rate that would apply if	4387
(4) For tax years 2005 and 2006, in the case of telephone, telegraph, or interexchange telecommunications companies, all tangible personal property that on the thirty-first day of December of the preceding year was both located in this state 439	the public utility owned the property, and that is not exempted	4388
telegraph, or interexchange telecommunications companies, all tangible personal property that on the thirty-first day of December of the preceding year was both located in this state 439	from taxation under section 5727.75 of the Revised Code.	4389
tangible personal property that on the thirty-first day of December of the preceding year was both located in this state 439	(4) For tax years 2005 and 2006, in the case of telephone,	4390
December of the preceding year was both located in this state 439	telegraph, or interexchange telecommunications companies, all	4391
	tangible personal property that on the thirty-first day of	4392
and either owned by the telephone, telegraph, or interexchange 439	December of the preceding year was both located in this state	4393
	and either owned by the telephone, telegraph, or interexchange	4394

telecommunications company or leased by the telephone,

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telegraph, or interexchange telecommunications company under a 4396 sale and leaseback transaction. 4397 (5) (a) For tax year 2007 and thereafter, in the case of 4398 telephone, telegraph, or interexchange telecommunications 4399 companies, all tangible personal property shall be listed and 4400 assessed for taxation under Chapter 5711. of the Revised Code, 4401 but the tangible personal property shall be valued in accordance 4402 with this chapter using the composite annual allowances and 4403 other valuation procedures prescribed under section 5727.11 of 4404 the Revised Code by the tax commissioner for such property for 4405 tax year 2006, notwithstanding any section of Chapter 5711. of 4406 the Revised Code to the contrary. 4407 4408 (b) A telephone, telegraph, or interexchange telecommunications company subject to division (A)(5)(a) of this 4409 section shall file a combined return with the tax commissioner 4410 in accordance with section 5711.13 of the Revised Code even if 4411 the company has tangible personal property in only one county. 4412 Such a company also is subject to the issuance of a preliminary 4413 assessment certificate by the tax commissioner under section 4414 5711.25 of the Revised Code. Such a company is not required to 4415 file a county supplemental return under section 5711.131 of the 4416 Revised Code. 4417 (6) In the case of an energy company, for tax year 2011 4418 and each tax year thereafter, all tangible personal property 4419 except qualifying production equipment that on the thirty-first 4420 day of December of the preceding year was both located in this 4421 state and either owned by the company or leased by the company 4422 under a sale and leaseback transaction, and that is not exempted 4423

from taxation under section 5727.75 of the Revised Code.

(B) This division applies to tax years before tax year

2007.	4426
In the case of an interexchange telecommunications	4427
company, all taxable property shall be subject to the provisions	4428
of this chapter and shall be valued by the commissioner in	4429
accordance with division (A) of section 5727.11 of the Revised	4430
Code. A person described by this division shall file the report	4431
required by section 5727.08 of the Revised Code. Persons	4432
described in this division shall not be considered taxpayers, as	4433
defined in division (B) of section 5711.01 of the Revised Code,	4434
and shall not be required to file a return and list their	4435
taxable property under any provision of Chapter 5711. of the	4436
Revised Code.	4437
(C) The lien of the state for taxes levied each year on	4438
the real and personal property of public utilities and	4439
interexchange telecommunications companies and on the personal	4440
property of public utility property lessors shall attach thereto	4441
on the thirty-first day of December of the preceding year.	4442
(D) Property that is required by division (A)(3)(b) of	4443
this section to be assessed by the tax commissioner under this	4444
chapter shall not be listed by the owner of the property under	4445
Chapter 5711. of the Revised Code.	4446
(E) The ten-thousand-dollar exemption provided for in	4447
division (C)(3) of section 5709.01 of the Revised Code does not	4448
apply to any personal property that is valued under this	4449
chapter.	4450
(F) The tax commissioner may adopt rules governing the	4451
listing of the taxable property of public utilities and	4452
interexchange telecommunications companies and the determination	4453
of true value.	4454

Sec. 5727.11. (A) Except as otherwise provided in this	4455
section, the true value of all taxable property, except property	4456
of a railroad company, required by section 5727.06 of the	4457
Revised Code to be assessed by the tax commissioner shall be	4458
determined by a method of valuation using cost as capitalized on	4459
the public utility's books and records less composite annual	4460
allowances as prescribed by the commissioner. If the	4461
commissioner finds that application of this method will not	4462
result in the determination of true value of the public	4463
utility's taxable property, the commissioner may use another	4464
method of valuation.	4465
(B)(1) Except as provided in division (B)(2) of this	4466

- (B) (1) Except as provided in division (B) (2) of this 4466 section, the true value of current gas stored underground is the 4467 cost of that gas shown on the books and records of the public 4468 utility on the thirty-first day of December of the preceding 4469 year.
- (2) For tax year 2001 and thereafter, the true value of 4471 current gas stored underground is the quotient obtained by 4472 dividing (a) the average value of the current gas stored 4473 underground, which shall be determined by adding the value of 4474 the gas on hand at the end of each calendar month in the 4475 calendar year preceding the tax year, or, if applicable, the 4476 last day of business of each month for a partial month, divided 4477 by (b) the total number of months the natural gas company was in 4478 business during the calendar year prior to the beginning of the 4479 tax year. With the approval of the tax commissioner, a natural 4480 gas company may use a date other than the end of a calendar 4481 month to value its current gas stored underground. 4482
- (C) The true value of noncurrent gas stored underground is 4483 thirty-five per cent of the cost of that gas shown on the books 4484

tax commissioner.

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and records of the public utility on the thirty-first day of 4485 December of the preceding year. 4486 (D) (1) Except as provided in division (D) (2) of this 4487 section, the true value of the taxable production equipment of 4488 an electric company and the true value of all taxable property 4489 of a rural electric company is the equipment's or property's 4490 cost as capitalized on the company's books and records less 4491 4492 fifty per cent of that cost as an allowance for depreciation and obsolescence. 4493 (2) The true value of the taxable production equipment or 4494 energy conversion equipment of an electric company, rural 4495 electric company, or energy company purchased, transferred, or 4496 placed into service after October 5, 1999, is the purchase price 4497

(E) The true value of taxable property, except property of 4501 a railroad company, required by section 5727.06 of the Revised 4502

Code to be assessed by the tax commissioner shall not include the allowance for funds used during construction or interest during construction that has been capitalized on the public utility's books and records as part of the total cost of the taxable property. This division shall not apply to the taxable property of an electric company or a rural electric company, excluding transmission and distribution property, first placed into sorvice after Posember 31, 2000, or to the taxable property.

was used in business by the seller prior to the purchase.

of the equipment as capitalized on the company's books and

records less composite annual allowances as prescribed by the

into service after December 31, 2000, or to the taxable property 4510 a person purchases, which includes transfers, if that property 4511

(F) The true value of watercraft owned or operated by a

water transportation company shall be determined by multiplying

the true value of the watercraft as determined under division	4515
(A) of this section by a fraction, the numerator of which is the	4516
number of revenue-earning miles traveled by the watercraft in	4517
the waters of this state and the denominator of which is the	4518
number of revenue-earning miles traveled by the watercraft in	4519
all waters.	4520
(G) The cost of property subject to a sale and leaseback	4521
transaction is the cost of the property as capitalized on the	4522
books and records of the public utility owning the property	4523
immediately prior to the sale and leaseback transaction.	4524
(H) The cost as capitalized on the books and records of a	4525
public utility includes amounts capitalized that represent	4526
regulatory assets, if such amounts previously were included on	4527
the company's books and records as capitalized costs of taxable	4528
personal property.	4529
(I) Any change in the composite annual allowances as	4530
prescribed by the commissioner on a prospective basis shall not	4531
be admissible in any judicial or administrative action or	4532
proceeding as evidence of value with regard to prior years'	4533
taxes. Information about the business, property, or transactions	4534
of any taxpayer obtained by the commissioner for the purpose of	4535
adopting or modifying the composite annual allowances shall not	4536
be subject to discovery or disclosure.	4537
Sec. 5727.111. The taxable property of each public	4538
utility, except a railroad company, and of each interexchange	4539
telecommunications company shall be assessed at the following	4540
percentages of true value:	4541
(A) In the case of a rural electric company, fifty per	4542

cent in the case of its taxable transmission and distribution

property placed into service before the last day of the year	4544
that includes the effective date of this amendment and its	4545
energy conversion equipment, and twenty-five per cent for all	4546
its other taxable property;	4547
(B) In the case of a telephone or telegraph company,	4548
twenty-five per cent for taxable property first subject to	4549
taxation in this state for tax year 1995 or thereafter for tax	4550
years before tax year 2007, and pursuant to division (H) of	4551
section 5711.22 of the Revised Code for tax year 2007 and	4552
thereafter, and the following for all other taxable property:	4553
(1) For tax years prior to 2005, eighty-eight per cent;	4554
(2) For tax year 2005, sixty-seven per cent;	4555
(3) For tax year 2006, forty-six per cent;	4556
(4) For tax year 2007 and thereafter, pursuant to division	4557
(H) of section 5711.22 of the Revised Code.	4558
(C) Twenty-five per cent in the case of (1) a natural gas	4559
company or (2) a water-works company for taxable property first	4560
subject to taxation in this state for tax year 2017 and	4561
thereafter;	4562
(D) Eighty-eight per cent in the case of taxable property	4563
of a pipe-line company placed into service before the last day	4564
of the year that includes the effective date of this amendment,	4565
a water-works company for taxable property first subject to	4566
taxation in this state before tax year 2017, or a heating	4567
company;	4568
(E)(1) For tax year 2005, eighty-eight per cent in the	4569
case of the taxable transmission and distribution property of an	4570
electric company, and twenty-five per cent for all its other	4571

taxable property;	4572
(2) For tax year 2006 and each tax year thereafter, in the	4573
case of an electric company, eighty-five per cent in the case of	4574
its taxable transmission and distribution property placed into	4575
service before the last day of the year that includes the	4576
effective date of this amendment and its energy conversion	4577
equipment, twenty-five per cent in the case of its other taxable	4578
transmission and distribution property, and twenty-four per cent	4579
for all its other taxable property.	4580
(F)(1) Twenty-five per cent in the case of an	4581
interexchange telecommunications company for tax years before	4582
tax year 2007;	4583
(2) Pursuant to division (H) of section 5711.22 of the	4584
Revised Code for tax year 2007 and thereafter.	4585
(G) Twenty-five per cent in the case of a water	4586
transportation company;	4587
(H) For tax year 2011 and each tax year thereafter in In	4588
the case of an energy company, twenty-four per cent in the case	4589
of its taxable production equipment, twenty-five per cent for	4590
its taxable transmission and distribution property placed into	4591
service on or after the last day of the year that includes the	4592
effective date of this amendment, and eighty-five per cent for	4593
all its other taxable property.	4594
(I) Twenty-five per cent in the case of taxable property	4595
of a pipe-line company placed into service on or after the last	4596
day of the year that includes the effective date of this	4597
<pre>amendment.</pre>	4598
Sec. 5727.75. (A) For purposes of this section:	4599

(1) "Qualified energy project" means an energy project	4600
certified by the director of development pursuant to this	4601
section.	4602
(2) "Energy project" means a project to provide electric	4603
power through the construction, installation, and use of an	4604
energy facility.	4605
(3) "Alternative energy zone" means a county declared as	4606
such by the board of county commissioners under division (E)(1)	4607
(b) or (c) of this section.	4608
(4) "Full-time equivalent employee" means the total number	4609
of employee-hours for which compensation was paid to individuals	4610
employed at a qualified energy project for services performed at	4611
the project during the calendar year divided by two thousand	4612
eighty hours. For the purpose of this calculation, "performed at	4613
the project" includes only hours worked at the qualified energy	4614
project and devoted to site preparation or protection,	4615
construction and installation, and the unloading and	4616
distribution of materials at the project site, but does not	4617
include hours worked by superintendents, owners, manufacturers'	4618
representatives, persons employed in a bona fide executive,	4619
management, supervisory, or administrative capacity, or persons	4620
whose sole employment on the project is transporting materials	4621
or persons to the project site.	4622
(5) "Solar energy project" means an energy project	4623
composed of an energy facility using solar panels to generate	4624
electricity.	4625
(6) "Internet identifier of record" has the same meaning	4626
as in section 9.312 of the Revised Code.	4627

(7) "Applicable year" means the later of the following:

(a) The tax year in which the secretary of the treasury of	4629
the United States, or the secretary's delegate, determines, in	4630
accordance with section 45Y of the Internal Revenue Code, that	4631
the annual greenhouse gas emissions from the production of	4632
electricity in the United States are equal to or less than	4633
twenty-five per cent of the annual greenhouse gas emissions from	4634
the production of electricity in the United States for calendar	4635
year 2022;	4636
(b) Tax year 2029.	4637
(8) "Internal Revenue Code" means the Internal Revenue	4638
Code as of the effective date of this amendment October 3, 2023.	4639
(B)(1) Tangible personal property of a qualified energy	4640
project using renewable energy resources is exempt from taxation	4641
for tax years 2011 through the applicable year if all of the	4642
following conditions are satisfied:	4643
(a) On or before the last day of the tax year preceding	4644
the applicable year, the owner or a lessee pursuant to a sale	4645
and leaseback transaction of the project submits an application	4646
to the power siting board for a certificate under section	4647
4906.20 of the Revised Code, or if that section does not apply,	4648
submits an application for any approval, consent, permit, or	4649
certificate or satisfies any condition required by a public	4650
agency or political subdivision of this state for the	4651
construction or initial operation of an energy project.	4652
(b) Construction or installation of the energy facility	4653
begins on or after January 1, 2009, and before the first day of	4654
the applicable year. For the purposes of this division,	4655
construction begins on the earlier of the date of application	4656
for a certificate or other approval or permit described in	4657

division (B)(1)(a) of this section, or the date the contract for	4658
the construction or installation of the energy facility is	4659
entered into.	4660

- (c) For a qualified energy project with a nameplate 4661 capacity of twenty megawatts or greater, a board of county 4662 commissioners of a county in which property of the project is 4663 located has adopted a resolution under division (E)(1)(b) or (c) 4664 of this section to approve the application submitted under 4665 division (E) of this section to exempt the property located in 4666 that county from taxation. A board's adoption of a resolution 4667 rejecting an application or its failure to adopt a resolution 4668 approving the application does not affect the tax-exempt status 4669 of the qualified energy project's property that is located in 4670 another county. 4671
- (2) If tangible personal property of a qualified energy 4672 project using renewable energy resources was exempt from 4673 taxation under this section beginning in any of tax years 2011 4674 through the applicable year, and the certification under 4675 division (E)(2) of this section has not been revoked, the 4676 tangible personal property of the qualified energy project is 4677 exempt from taxation for the tax year following the applicable 4678 year and all ensuing tax years if the property was placed into 4679 service before the first day of the tax year following the 4680 applicable year, as certified in the construction progress 4681 report required under division (F)(2) of this section. Tangible 4682 personal property that has not been placed into service before 4683 that date is taxable property subject to taxation. An energy 4684 project for which certification has been revoked is ineligible 4685 for further exemption under this section. Revocation does not 4686 affect the tax-exempt status of the project's tangible personal 4687 property for the tax year in which revocation occurs or any 4688

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prior tax year. 4689 (C) Tangible personal property of a qualified energy 4690 project using clean coal technology, advanced nuclear 4691 technology, or cogeneration technology is exempt from taxation 4692 for the first tax year that the property would be listed for 4693 taxation and all subsequent years if all of the following 4694 circumstances are met: 4695 (1) The property was placed into service before January 1, 4696 2021. Tangible personal property that has not been placed into 4697 service before that date is taxable property subject to 4698 taxation. 4699 (2) For such a qualified energy project with a nameplate 4700 capacity of twenty megawatts or greater, a board of county 4701 commissioners of a county in which property of the qualified 4702 energy project is located has adopted a resolution under 4703 division (E)(1)(b) or (c) of this section to approve the 4704 application submitted under division (E) of this section to 4705 exempt the property located in that county from taxation. A 4706 board's adoption of a resolution rejecting the application or 4707 its failure to adopt a resolution approving the application does 4708 not affect the tax-exempt status of the qualified energy 4709 project's property that is located in another county. 4710 (3) The certification for the qualified energy project 4711 issued under division (E)(2) of this section has not been 4712 revoked. An energy project for which certification has been 4713 revoked is ineligible for exemption under this section. 4714

Revocation does not affect the tax-exempt status of the

revocation occurs or any prior tax year.

project's tangible personal property for the tax year in which

(D) Except as otherwise provided in this section, real	4718
property of a qualified energy project is exempt from taxation	4719
for any tax year for which the tangible personal property of the	4720
qualified energy project is exempted under this section.	4721
(E)(1)(a) A person may apply to the director of	4722
development for certification of an energy project as a	4723
qualified energy project on or before the following dates:	4724
(i) The last day of the tax year preceding the applicable	4725
year, for an energy project using renewable energy resources;	4726
(ii) December 31, 2017, for an energy project using clean	4727
coal technology, advanced nuclear technology, or cogeneration	4728
technology.	4729
(b) The director shall forward a copy of each application	4730
for certification of an energy project with a nameplate capacity	4731
of twenty megawatts or greater to the board of county	4732
commissioners of each county in which the project is located and	4733
to each taxing unit with territory located in each of the	4734
affected counties. Any board that receives from the director a	4735
copy of an application submitted under this division shall adopt	4736
a resolution approving or rejecting the application unless it	4737
has adopted a resolution under division (E)(1)(c) of this	4738
section. A resolution adopted under division (E)(1)(b) or (c) of	4739
this section may require an annual service payment to be made in	4740
addition to the service payment required under division (G) of	4741
this section. The sum of the service payment required in the	4742
resolution and the service payment required under division (G)	4743
of this section shall not exceed nine thousand dollars per	4744
megawatt of nameplate capacity located in the county. The	4745
resolution shall specify the time and manner in which the	4746
payments required by the resolution shall be paid to the county	4747

treasurer. The county treasurer shall deposit the payment to the	4748
credit of the county's general fund to be used for any purpose	4749
for which money credited to that fund may be used.	4750
The board shall send copies of the resolution to the owner	4751
of the facility and the director by certified mail or, if the	4752
board has record of an internet identifier of record associated	4753
with the owner or director, by ordinary mail and by that	4754
internet identifier of record. The board shall send such notice	4755
within thirty days after receipt of the application, or a longer	4756
period of time if authorized by the director.	4757
(c) A board of county commissioners may adopt a resolution	4758
declaring the county to be an alternative energy zone and	4759
declaring all applications submitted to the director of	4760
development under this division after the adoption of the	4761
resolution, and prior to its repeal, to be approved by the	4762
board.	4763
All tangible personal property and real property of an	4764
energy project with a nameplate capacity of twenty megawatts or	4765
greater is taxable if it is located in a county in which the	4766
board of county commissioners adopted a resolution rejecting the	4767
application submitted under this division or failed to adopt a	4768
resolution approving the application under division (E)(1)(b) or	4769
(c) of this section.	4770
(2) The director shall certify an energy project if all of	4771
the following circumstances exist:	4772
(a) The application was timely submitted.	4773
(b) For an energy project with a nameplate capacity of	4774
twenty megawatts or greater, a board of county commissioners of	4775

at least one county in which the project is located has adopted

or (c) of this section.	4778
(c) No portion of the project's facility was used to	4779
supply electricity before December 31, 2009.	4780
(d) For construction or installation of a qualified energy	4781
project described in division (B)(1)(b) of this section, that	4782
the project is subject to wage requirements described in section	4783
45(b)(7)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code and apprenticeship	4784
requirements described in section 45(b)(8)(A)(i) of the Internal	4785
Revenue Code, provided both of the following apply:	4786
(i) The person applies for such certificate after—the—	4787
effective date of this amendment October 3, 2023.	4788
(ii) A board of commissioners of at least one county in	4789
which the project is located is required to adopt a resolution	4790
approving the application under division (E)(1)(b) or (c) of	4791
this section.	4792
(3) The director shall deny a certification application if	4793
the director determines the person has failed to comply with any	4794
requirement under this section. The director may revoke a	4795
certification if the director determines the person, or	4796
subsequent owner or lessee pursuant to a sale and leaseback	4797
transaction of the qualified energy project, has failed to	4798
comply with any requirement under this section. Upon	4799
certification or revocation, the director shall notify the	4800
person, owner, or lessee, the tax commissioner, and the county	4801
auditor of a county in which the project is located of the	4802
certification or revocation. Notice shall be provided in a	4803
manner convenient to the director.	4804
(F) The owner or a lessee pursuant to a sale and leaseback	4805

a resolution approving the application under division (E)(1)(b)

transaction of a qualified energy project shall do each of the	4806
following:	4807
(1) Comply with all applicable regulations;	4808
(2) File with the director of development a certified	4809
construction progress report before the first day of March of	4810
each year during the energy facility's construction or	4811
installation indicating the percentage of the project completed,	4812
and the project's nameplate capacity, as of the preceding	4813
thirty-first day of December. Unless otherwise instructed by the	4814
director of development, the owner or lessee of an energy	4815
project shall file a report with the director on or before the	4816
first day of March each year after completion of the energy	4817
facility's construction or installation indicating the project's	4818
nameplate capacity as of the preceding thirty-first day of	4819
December. Not later than sixty days after June 17, 2010, the	4820
owner or lessee of an energy project, the construction of which	4821
was completed before June 17, 2010, shall file a certificate	4822
indicating the project's nameplate capacity.	4823
(3) File with the director of development, in a manner	4824
prescribed by the director, a report of the total number of	4825
full-time equivalent employees, and the total number of full-	4826
time equivalent employees domiciled in Ohio, who are employed in	4827
the construction or installation of the energy facility;	4828
(4) For energy projects with a nameplate capacity of	4829
twenty megawatts or greater, repair all roads, bridges, and	4830
culverts affected by construction as reasonably required to	4831
restore them to their preconstruction condition, as determined	4832
by the county engineer in consultation with the local	4833
jurisdiction responsible for the roads, bridges, and culverts.	4834
In the event that the county engineer deems any road, bridge, or	4835

culvert to be inadequate to support the construction or	4836
decommissioning of the energy facility, the road, bridge, or	4837
culvert shall be rebuilt or reinforced to the specifications	4838
established by the county engineer prior to the construction or	4839
decommissioning of the facility. The owner or lessee of the	4840
facility shall post a bond in an amount established by the	4841
county engineer and to be held by the board of county	4842
commissioners to ensure funding for repairs of roads, bridges,	4843
and culverts affected during the construction. The bond shall be	4844
released by the board not later than one year after the date the	4845
repairs are completed. The energy facility owner or lessee	4846
pursuant to a sale and leaseback transaction shall post a bond,	4847
as may be required by the Ohio power siting board in the	4848
certificate authorizing commencement of construction issued	4849
pursuant to section 4906.10 of the Revised Code, to ensure	4850
funding for repairs to roads, bridges, and culverts resulting	4851
from decommissioning of the facility. The energy facility owner	4852
or lessee and the county engineer may enter into an agreement	4853
regarding specific transportation plans, reinforcements,	4854
modifications, use and repair of roads, financial security to be	4855
provided, and any other relevant issue.	4856

- (5) Provide or facilitate training for fire and emergency 4857 responders for response to emergency situations related to the 4858 energy project and, for energy projects with a nameplate 4859 capacity of twenty megawatts or greater, at the person's 4860 expense, equip the fire and emergency responders with proper 4861 equipment as reasonably required to enable them to respond to 4862 such emergency situations; 4863
- (6) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this division, for 4864 projects for which certification as a qualified energy project 4865 was applied for, under division (E) of this section, before—the—4866

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- (b) For projects for which certification as a qualified 4883 energy project was applied for, under division (E) of this 4884 section, on or after the effective date of this amendment 4885 October 3, 2023, maintain a ratio of Ohio-domiciled full-time 4886 equivalent employees employed in the construction or 4887 installation of the energy project to total full-time equivalent 4888 employees employed in the construction or installation of the 4889 energy project of not less than seventy per cent in the case of 4890 a solar energy project, and not less than fifty per cent in the 4891 case of any other energy project. 4892
- (c) For purposes of divisions (F)(6)(a) and (b) of this

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 section, in the case of an energy project for which

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 certification from the power siting board is required under

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 section 4906.20 of the Revised Code, the number of full-time

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 equivalent employees employed in the construction or

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career-technical center;

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installation of the energy project equals the number actually	4898
employed or the number projected to be employed in the	4899
certificate application, if such projection is required under	4900
regulations adopted pursuant to section 4906.03 of the Revised	4901
Code, whichever is greater. For all other energy projects, the	4902
number of full-time equivalent employees employed in the	4903
construction or installation of the energy project equals the	4904
number actually employed or the number projected to be employed	4905
by the director of development, whichever is greater. To	4906
estimate the number of employees to be employed in the	4907
construction or installation of an energy project, the director	4908
shall use a generally accepted job-estimating model in use for	4909
renewable energy projects, including but not limited to the job	4910
and economic development impact model. The director may adjust	4911
an estimate produced by a model to account for variables not	4912
accounted for by the model.	4913
accounted for by the model. (7) For energy projects with a nameplate capacity in	4913 4914
(7) For energy projects with a nameplate capacity in	4914
(7) For energy projects with a nameplate capacity in excess of twenty megawatts, establish a relationship with any of	4914 4915
(7) For energy projects with a nameplate capacity in excess of twenty megawatts, establish a relationship with any of the following to educate and train individuals for careers in	4914 4915 4916
(7) For energy projects with a nameplate capacity in excess of twenty megawatts, establish a relationship with any of the following to educate and train individuals for careers in the wind or solar energy industry:	4914 4915 4916 4917
(7) For energy projects with a nameplate capacity in excess of twenty megawatts, establish a relationship with any of the following to educate and train individuals for careers in the wind or solar energy industry: (a) A member of the university system of Ohio as defined	4914 4915 4916 4917 4918
(7) For energy projects with a nameplate capacity in excess of twenty megawatts, establish a relationship with any of the following to educate and train individuals for careers in the wind or solar energy industry: (a) A member of the university system of Ohio as defined in section 3345.011 of the Revised Code;	4914 4915 4916 4917 4918 4919
(7) For energy projects with a nameplate capacity in excess of twenty megawatts, establish a relationship with any of the following to educate and train individuals for careers in the wind or solar energy industry: (a) A member of the university system of Ohio as defined in section 3345.011 of the Revised Code; (b) A person offering an apprenticeship program registered	4914 4915 4916 4917 4918 4919
(7) For energy projects with a nameplate capacity in excess of twenty megawatts, establish a relationship with any of the following to educate and train individuals for careers in the wind or solar energy industry: (a) A member of the university system of Ohio as defined in section 3345.011 of the Revised Code; (b) A person offering an apprenticeship program registered with the employment and training administration within the	4914 4915 4916 4917 4918 4919 4920 4921
(7) For energy projects with a nameplate capacity in excess of twenty megawatts, establish a relationship with any of the following to educate and train individuals for careers in the wind or solar energy industry: (a) A member of the university system of Ohio as defined in section 3345.011 of the Revised Code; (b) A person offering an apprenticeship program registered with the employment and training administration within the United States department of labor or with the apprenticeship	4914 4915 4916 4917 4918 4919 4920 4921 4922

(d) A training center operated by a labor organization, or	4927
with a training center operated by a for-profit or nonprofit	4928
organization.	4929
The relationship may include endowments, cooperative	4930
programs, internships, apprenticeships, research and development	4931
projects, and curriculum development.	4932
projects, and carried and development.	1902
(8) Offer to sell power or renewable energy credits from	4933
the energy project to electric distribution utilities or	4934
electric service companies subject to renewable energy resource	4935
requirements under section 4928.64 of the Revised Code that have	4936
issued requests for proposal for such power or renewable energy	4937
credits. If no electric distribution utility or electric service	4938
company issues a request for proposal on or before December 31,	4939
2010, or accepts an offer for power or renewable energy credits	4940
within forty-five days after the offer is submitted, power or	4941
renewable energy credits from the energy project may be sold to	4942
other persons. Division (F)(8) of this section does not apply	4943
if:	4944
(a) The owner or legged is a rural electric company or a	4945
(a) The owner or lessee is a rural electric company or a	
municipal power agency as defined in section 3734.058 of the	4946
Revised Code.	4947
(b) The owner or lessee is a person that, before	4948
completion of the energy project, contracted for the sale of	4949
power or renewable energy credits with a rural electric company	4950
or a municipal power agency.	4951
(c) The owner or lessee contracts for the sale of power or	4952
renewable energy credits from the energy project before June 17,	4953
2010.	4954
2010.	1001
(9) Make annual service payments as required by division	4955

(G) of this section and as may be required in a resolution	4956
adopted by a board of county commissioners under division (E) of	4957
this section.	4958
(G) The owner or a lessee pursuant to a sale and leaseback	4959
transaction of a qualified energy project shall make annual	4960
service payments in lieu of taxes to the county treasurer on or	4961
before the final dates for payments of taxes on public utility	4962
personal property on the real and public utility personal	4963
property tax list for each tax year for which property of the	4964
energy project is exempt from taxation under this section. The	4965
county treasurer shall allocate the payment on the basis of the	4966
project's physical location. Upon receipt of a payment, or if	4967
timely payment has not been received, the county treasurer shall	4968
certify such receipt or non-receipt to the director of	4969
development and tax commissioner in a form determined by the	4970
director and commissioner, respectively. Each payment shall be	4971
in the following amount:	4972
(1) In the case of a solar energy project, seven thousand	4973
dollars per megawatt of nameplate capacity located in the county	4974
as of the thirty-first-day of December of the preceding tax	4975
year;	4976
(2) In the case of any other energy project using	4977
renewable energy resources, the following:	4978
(a) If the project maintains during the construction or	4979
installation of the energy facility a ratio of Ohio-domiciled	4980
full-time equivalent employees to total full-time equivalent	4981
employees of not less than seventy-five per cent, six thousand	4982
dollars per megawatt of nameplate capacity located in the county	4983
as of the thirty-first day of December of the preceding tax	4984
year;	4985

(b) If the project maintains during the construction or	4986
installation of the energy facility a ratio of Ohio-domiciled	4987
full-time equivalent employees to total full-time equivalent	4988
employees of less than seventy-five per cent but not less than	4989
sixty per cent, seven thousand dollars per megawatt of nameplate	4990
capacity located in the county as of the thirty-first day of	4991
December of the preceding tax year;	4992
(c) If the project maintains during the construction or	4993
installation of the energy facility a ratio of Ohio-domiciled	4994
full-time equivalent employees to total full-time equivalent	4995
employees of less than sixty per cent but not less than fifty	4996
per cent, eight thousand dollars per megawatt of nameplate	4997
capacity located in the county as of the thirty-first day of	4998
December of the preceding tax year.	4999
(3) In the case of an energy project using clean coal	5000
technology, advanced nuclear technology, or cogeneration	5001
technology, the following:	5002
(a) If the project maintains during the construction or	5003
installation of the energy facility a ratio of Ohio-domiciled	5004
full-time equivalent employees to total full-time equivalent	5005
employees of not less than seventy-five per cent, six thousand	5006
dollars per megawatt of nameplate capacity located in the county	5007
as of the thirty-first day of December of the preceding tax	5008
year;	5009
(b) If the project maintains during the construction or	5010
installation of the energy facility a ratio of Ohio-domiciled	5011
full-time equivalent employees to total full-time equivalent	5012
employees of less than seventy-five per cent but not less than	5013
sixty per cent, seven thousand dollars per megawatt of nameplate	5014

capacity located in the county as of the thirty-first day of

December of the preceding tax year;	5016
(c) If the project maintains during the construction or	5017
installation of the energy facility a ratio of Ohio-domiciled	5018
full-time equivalent employees to total full-time equivalent	5019
employees of less than sixty per cent but not less than fifty	5020
per cent, eight thousand dollars per megawatt of nameplate	5021
capacity located in the county as of the thirty-first day of	5022
December of the preceding tax year.	5023
(H) The director of development in consultation with the	5024
tax commissioner shall adopt rules pursuant to Chapter 119. of	5025
the Revised Code to implement and enforce this section.	5026
(I) This section and any payments in lieu of taxes made as	5027
required under this section continue to apply and be required	5028
notwithstanding the enactment of S.B. 2 of the 136th general	5029
<pre>assembly.</pre>	5030
Sec. 5727.76. (A) As used in this section, "qualifying	5031
property" means property that is dedicated to transporting or	5032
transmitting electricity or natural gas and that is placed into	5033
service in a priority investment area designated under section	5034
122.161 of the Revised Code during a time when that designation	5035
is in effect.	5036
(B) Qualifying property shall be exempt from taxation for	5037
the tax year following the year in which the property is placed	5038
into service and for the ensuing four tax years.	5039
Section 2. That existing sections 303.213, 519.213,	5040
713.081, 4905.03, 4906.01, 4906.03, 4906.06, 4906.07, 4906.10,	5041
4909.04, 4909.05, 4909.052, 4909.06, 4909.07, 4909.08, 4909.15,	5042
4909.156, 4909.173, 4909.174, 4909.18, 4909.19, 4909.191,	5043
4909.42, 4928.01, 4928.05, 4928.08, 4928.14, 4928.141, 4928.142,	5044

4928.34, 4928.542, 4928.64, 4928.645, 4929.20, 5727.01, 5727.031, 5727.06, 5727.11, 5727.111, and 5727.75 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed. Section 3. That sections 3706.40, 3706.41, 3706.43, 3706.431, 3706.45, 3706.46, 3706.49, 3706.491, 3706.55, 3706.551, 3706.59, 3706.63, 3706.65, 4928.143, 4928.148, and 4928.642 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed. Section 4. (A) Beginning on the effective date of this section, no electric distribution utility shall collect from its retail customers in this state any charge that was authorized under section 4928.148 of the Revised Code prior to the repeal of that section by this act for retail recovery of prudently incurred costs related to a legacy generation resource. Beginning on the effective date of this section, the electric distribution utility shall not apply for, and the public utilities commission shall not authorize, any rider or cost recovery mechanism for a legacy generation resource. The public utilities commission shall continue any investigation commenced pursuant to section 4928.148 of the Revised Code prior to the repeal of that section by this act for purposes of determining the prudence and reasonableness of the actions of electric distribution utilities with ownership interests in the legacy generation resource, including their decisions related to offering the contractual commitment into the wholesale markets, and excluding from recovery those costs that the commission determines imprudent and unreasonable. (B) Beginning on the effective date of this section, no		
Section 3. That sections 3706.40, 3706.41, 3706.43, 3706.431, 3706.45, 3706.46, 3706.49, 3706.491, 3706.55, 3706.551, 3706.59, 3706.63, 3706.65, 4928.143, 4928.148, and 4928.642 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed. Section 4. (A) Beginning on the effective date of this section, no electric distribution utility shall collect from its retail customers in this state any charge that was authorized under section 4928.148 of the Revised Code prior to the repeal of that section by this act for retail recovery of prudently incurred costs related to a legacy generation resource. Beginning on the effective date of this section, the electric distribution utility shall not apply for, and the public utilities commission shall not authorize, any rider or cost recovery mechanism for a legacy generation resource. The public utilities commission shall continue any investigation commenced pursuant to section 4928.148 of the Revised Code prior to the repeal of that sections of electric distribution utilities with ownership interests in the legacy generation resource, including their decisions related to offering the contractual commitment into the wholesale markets, and excluding from recovery those costs that the commission determines imprudent and unreasonable. (B) Beginning on the effective date of this section, no	4928.144, 4928.17, 4928.20, 4928.23, 4928.231, 4928.232,	5045
Section 3. That sections 3706.40, 3706.41, 3706.43, 3706.431, 3706.45, 3706.46, 3706.49, 3706.491, 3706.55, 3706.551, 3706.59, 3706.63, 3706.65, 4928.143, 4928.148, and 4928.642 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed. Section 4. (A) Beginning on the effective date of this section, no electric distribution utility shall collect from its retail customers in this state any charge that was authorized under section 4928.148 of the Revised Code prior to the repeal of that section by this act for retail recovery of prudently incurred costs related to a legacy generation resource. Beginning on the effective date of this section, the electric distribution utility shall not apply for, and the public utilities commission shall not authorize, any rider or cost recovery mechanism for a legacy generation resource. The public utilities commission shall continue any investigation commenced pursuant to section 4928.148 of the Revised Code prior to the repeal of that section by this act for purposes of determining the prudence and reasonableness of the actions of electric distribution utilities with ownership interests in the legacy generation resource, including their decisions related to offering the contractual commitment into the wholesale markets, and excluding from recovery those costs that the commission determines imprudent and unreasonable. (B) Beginning on the effective date of this section, no	4928.34, 4928.542, 4928.64, 4928.645, 4929.20, 5727.01,	5046
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3706.431, 3706.45, 3706.46, 3706.49, 3706.491, 3706.55, 3706.551, 3706.59, 3706.63, 3706.65, 4928.143, 4928.148, and 4928.642 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed. Section 4. (A) Beginning on the effective date of this section, no electric distribution utility shall collect from its retail customers in this state any charge that was authorized under section 4928.148 of the Revised Code prior to the repeal of that section by this act for retail recovery of prudently incurred costs related to a legacy generation resource. Beginning on the effective date of this section, the electric distribution utility shall not apply for, and the public utilities commission shall not authorize, any rider or cost recovery mechanism for a legacy generation resource. The public utilities commission shall continue any investigation commenced pursuant to section 4928.148 of the Revised Code prior to the repeal of that section by this act for purposes of determining the prudence and reasonableness of the actions of electric distribution utilities with ownership interests in the legacy generation resource, including their decisions related to offering the contractual commitment into the wholesale markets, and excluding from recovery those costs that the commission determines imprudent and unreasonable. (B) Beginning on the effective date of this section, no	Code are hereby repealed.	5048
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retail customers in this state any charge that was authorized under section 4928.148 of the Revised Code prior to the repeal of that section by this act for retail recovery of prudently incurred costs related to a legacy generation resource. Beginning on the effective date of this section, the electric distribution utility shall not apply for, and the public utilities commission shall not authorize, any rider or cost recovery mechanism for a legacy generation resource. The public utilities commission shall continue any investigation commenced pursuant to section 4928.148 of the Revised Code prior to the repeal of that section by this act for purposes of determining the prudence and reasonableness of the actions of electric distribution utilities with ownership interests in the legacy generation resource, including their decisions related to offering the contractual commitment into the wholesale markets, and excluding from recovery those costs that the commission determines imprudent and unreasonable. (B) Beginning on the effective date of this section, no	Section 4. (A) Beginning on the effective date of this	5053
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incurred costs related to a legacy generation resource. Beginning on the effective date of this section, the electric distribution utility shall not apply for, and the public tutilities commission shall not authorize, any rider or cost recovery mechanism for a legacy generation resource. The public utilities commission shall continue any investigation commenced pursuant to section 4928.148 of the Revised Code prior to the repeal of that section by this act for purposes of determining the prudence and reasonableness of the actions of electric distribution utilities with ownership interests in the legacy generation resource, including their decisions related to offering the contractual commitment into the wholesale markets, and excluding from recovery those costs that the commission determines imprudent and unreasonable.	under section 4928.148 of the Revised Code prior to the repeal	5056
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utilities commission shall not authorize, any rider or cost recovery mechanism for a legacy generation resource. The public utilities commission shall continue any investigation commenced pursuant to section 4928.148 of the Revised Code prior to the repeal of that section by this act for purposes of determining the prudence and reasonableness of the actions of electric distribution utilities with ownership interests in the legacy generation resource, including their decisions related to offering the contractual commitment into the wholesale markets, and excluding from recovery those costs that the commission determines imprudent and unreasonable. (B) Beginning on the effective date of this section, no	Beginning on the effective date of this section, the electric	5059
The public utilities commission shall continue any investigation commenced pursuant to section 4928.148 of the Revised Code prior to the repeal of that section by this act for purposes of determining the prudence and reasonableness of the actions of electric distribution utilities with ownership interests in the legacy generation resource, including their decisions related to offering the contractual commitment into the wholesale markets, and excluding from recovery those costs that the commission determines imprudent and unreasonable.	distribution utility shall not apply for, and the public	5060
The public utilities commission shall continue any investigation commenced pursuant to section 4928.148 of the Revised Code prior to the repeal of that section by this act for purposes of determining the prudence and reasonableness of the actions of electric distribution utilities with ownership interests in the legacy generation resource, including their decisions related to offering the contractual commitment into the wholesale markets, and excluding from recovery those costs that the commission determines imprudent and unreasonable.	utilities commission shall not authorize, any rider or cost	5061
investigation commenced pursuant to section 4928.148 of the Revised Code prior to the repeal of that section by this act for purposes of determining the prudence and reasonableness of the actions of electric distribution utilities with ownership interests in the legacy generation resource, including their decisions related to offering the contractual commitment into the wholesale markets, and excluding from recovery those costs that the commission determines imprudent and unreasonable. (B) Beginning on the effective date of this section, no	recovery mechanism for a legacy generation resource.	5062
Revised Code prior to the repeal of that section by this act for purposes of determining the prudence and reasonableness of the actions of electric distribution utilities with ownership 50 interests in the legacy generation resource, including their 50 decisions related to offering the contractual commitment into 50 the wholesale markets, and excluding from recovery those costs that the commission determines imprudent and unreasonable. 50 (B) Beginning on the effective date of this section, no 50 cm and 50 cm actions action.	The public utilities commission shall continue any	5063
purposes of determining the prudence and reasonableness of the actions of electric distribution utilities with ownership 50 interests in the legacy generation resource, including their 60 decisions related to offering the contractual commitment into 50 the wholesale markets, and excluding from recovery those costs that the commission determines imprudent and unreasonable. 50 (B) Beginning on the effective date of this section, no	investigation commenced pursuant to section 4928.148 of the	5064
actions of electric distribution utilities with ownership interests in the legacy generation resource, including their decisions related to offering the contractual commitment into the wholesale markets, and excluding from recovery those costs that the commission determines imprudent and unreasonable. (B) Beginning on the effective date of this section, no	Revised Code prior to the repeal of that section by this act for	5065
interests in the legacy generation resource, including their decisions related to offering the contractual commitment into the wholesale markets, and excluding from recovery those costs that the commission determines imprudent and unreasonable. (B) Beginning on the effective date of this section, no	purposes of determining the prudence and reasonableness of the	5066
decisions related to offering the contractual commitment into 50 the wholesale markets, and excluding from recovery those costs that the commission determines imprudent and unreasonable. 50 (B) Beginning on the effective date of this section, no 50 the section of	actions of electric distribution utilities with ownership	5067
the wholesale markets, and excluding from recovery those costs that the commission determines imprudent and unreasonable. (B) Beginning on the effective date of this section, no	interests in the legacy generation resource, including their	5068
that the commission determines imprudent and unreasonable. 50 (B) Beginning on the effective date of this section, no 50	decisions related to offering the contractual commitment into	5069
(B) Beginning on the effective date of this section, no 50	the wholesale markets, and excluding from recovery those costs	5070
	that the commission determines imprudent and unreasonable.	5071
electric distribution utility shall collect from its retail 50	(B) Beginning on the effective date of this section, no	5072
	electric distribution utility shall collect from its retail	5073

customers in the state any charge that was authorized under

presented in this act.

5097

section 3706.46 of the Revised Code to meet the revenue	5075
requirement for disbursements from the Solar Generation Fund to	5076
owners or operators of qualifying solar resources that was	5077
required under section 3706.55 of the Revised Code before the	5078
repeal of these sections by this act.	5079
Section 5. Section 4909.193 as enacted by this act and the	5080
amendments to section 4909.42 of the Revised Code by this act	5081
apply to applications filed under section 4909.18 of the Revised	5082
Code on or after the effective date of this section.	5083
Section 6. On the effective date of this section, or as	5084
soon as possible thereafter, the Treasurer of State shall	5085
transfer the cash balance of amounts remaining in the solar	5086
generation fund to the school energy efficiency loan fund	5087
created in section 3706.52 of the Revised Code.	5088
Section 7. Section 4928.01 of the Revised Code is	5089
presented in this act as a composite of the section as amended	5090
by both H.B. 308 and H.B. 315 of the 135th General Assembly. The	5091
General Assembly, applying the principle stated in division (B)	5092
of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that amendments are to be	5093
harmonized if reasonably capable of simultaneous operation,	5094
finds that the composite is the resulting version of the section	5095
in effect prior to the effective date of the section as	5096