

As Introduced

**136th General Assembly
Regular Session
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S. B. No. 325

Senator Schaffer

To amend section 5751.01 of the Revised Code to 1
authorize a commercial activity tax exclusion 2
for contractor payments to subcontractors. 3

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That section 5751.01 of the Revised Code be 4
amended to read as follows: 5

Sec. 5751.01. As used in this chapter: 6

(A) "Person" means, but is not limited to, individuals, 7
combinations of individuals of any form, receivers, assignees, 8
trustees in bankruptcy, firms, companies, joint-stock companies, 9
business trusts, estates, partnerships, limited liability 10
partnerships, limited liability companies, associations, joint 11
ventures, clubs, societies, for-profit corporations, S 12
corporations, qualified subchapter S subsidiaries, qualified 13
subchapter S trusts, trusts, entities that are disregarded for 14
federal income tax purposes, and any other entities. 15

(B) "Consolidated elected taxpayer" means a group of two 16
or more persons treated as a single taxpayer for purposes of 17
this chapter as the result of an election made under section 18
5751.011 of the Revised Code. 19

(C) "Combined taxpayer" means a group of two or more 20

persons treated as a single taxpayer for purposes of this 21
chapter under section 5751.012 of the Revised Code. 22

(D) "Taxpayer" means any person, or any group of persons 23
in the case of a consolidated elected taxpayer or combined 24
taxpayer treated as one taxpayer, required to register or pay 25
tax under this chapter. "Taxpayer" does not include excluded 26
persons. 27

(E) "Excluded person" means any of the following: 28

(1) Any person with not more than one hundred fifty 29
thousand dollars of taxable gross receipts during the calendar 30
year. Division (E)(1) of this section does not apply to a person 31
that is a member of a consolidated elected taxpayer. 32

(2) A public utility that paid the excise tax imposed by 33
section 5727.24 or 5727.30 of the Revised Code based on one or 34
more measurement periods that include the entire tax period 35
under this chapter, except in the following circumstances: 36

(a) A public utility that is a combined company is a 37
taxpayer with regard to the following gross receipts: 38

(i) Taxable gross receipts directly attributed to a public 39
utility activity, but not directly attributed to an activity 40
that is subject to the excise tax imposed by section 5727.24 or 41
5727.30 of the Revised Code; 42

(ii) Taxable gross receipts that cannot be directly 43
attributed to any activity, multiplied by a fraction whose 44
numerator is the taxable gross receipts described in division 45
(E)(2)(a)(i) of this section and whose denominator is the total 46
taxable gross receipts that can be directly attributed to any 47
activity; 48

(iii) Except for any differences resulting from the use of 49
an accrual basis method of accounting for purposes of 50
determining gross receipts under this chapter and the use of the 51
cash basis method of accounting for purposes of determining 52
gross receipts under section 5727.24 of the Revised Code, the 53
gross receipts directly attributed to the activity of a natural 54
gas company shall be determined in a manner consistent with 55
division (D) of section 5727.03 of the Revised Code. 56

(b) A heating company that became exempt from the excise 57
tax imposed by section 5727.30 of the Revised Code on May 1, 58
2023, shall not be an excluded person for tax periods beginning 59
on or after July 1, 2023. 60

As used in division (E) (2) of this section, "combined 61
company" and "public utility" have the same meanings as in 62
section 5727.01 of the Revised Code. 63

(3) A financial institution, as defined in section 5726.01 64
of the Revised Code, that paid the tax imposed by section 65
5726.02 of the Revised Code based on one or more taxable years 66
that include the entire tax period under this chapter; 67

(4) A person directly or indirectly owned by one or more 68
financial institutions, as defined in section 5726.01 of the 69
Revised Code, that paid the tax imposed by section 5726.02 of 70
the Revised Code based on one or more taxable years that include 71
the entire tax period under this chapter. 72

For the purposes of division (E) (4) of this section, a 73
person owns another person under the following circumstances: 74

(a) In the case of corporations issuing capital stock, one 75
corporation owns another corporation if it owns fifty per cent 76
or more of the other corporation's capital stock with current 77

voting rights; 78

(b) In the case of a limited liability company, one person 79
owns the company if that person's membership interest, as 80
defined in section 1706.01 of the Revised Code, is fifty per 81
cent or more of the combined membership interests of all persons 82
owning such interests in the company; 83

(c) In the case of a partnership, trust, or other 84
unincorporated business organization other than a limited 85
liability company, one person owns the organization if, under 86
the articles of organization or other instrument governing the 87
affairs of the organization, that person has a beneficial 88
interest in the organization's profits, surpluses, losses, or 89
distributions of fifty per cent or more of the combined 90
beneficial interests of all persons having such an interest in 91
the organization. 92

(5) A domestic insurance company or foreign insurance 93
company, as defined in section 5725.01 of the Revised Code, that 94
paid the insurance company premiums tax imposed by section 95
5725.18 or Chapter 5729. of the Revised Code, or an unauthorized 96
insurance company whose gross premiums are subject to tax under 97
section 3905.36 of the Revised Code based on one or more 98
measurement periods that include the entire tax period under 99
this chapter; 100

(6) A person that solely facilitates or services one or 101
more securitizations of phase-in-recovery property pursuant to a 102
final financing order as those terms are defined in section 103
4928.23 of the Revised Code. For purposes of this division, 104
"securitization" means transferring one or more assets to one or 105
more persons and then issuing securities backed by the right to 106
receive payment from the asset or assets so transferred. 107

(7) Except as otherwise provided in this division, a pre-income tax trust as defined in section 5747.01 of the Revised Code and any pass-through entity of which such pre-income tax trust owns or controls, directly, indirectly, or constructively through related interests, more than five per cent of the ownership or equity interests. If the pre-income tax trust has made a qualifying pre-income tax trust election under division (EE) of section 5747.01 of the Revised Code, then the trust and the pass-through entities of which it owns or controls, directly, indirectly, or constructively through related interests, more than five per cent of the ownership or equity interests, shall not be excluded persons for purposes of the tax imposed under section 5751.02 of the Revised Code.

(8) Nonprofit organizations or the state and its agencies, instrumentalities, or political subdivisions.

(F) Except as otherwise provided in divisions (F) (2), (3), and (4) of this section, "gross receipts" means the total amount realized by a person, without deduction for the cost of goods sold or other expenses incurred, that contributes to the production of gross income of the person, including the fair market value of any property and any services received, and any debt transferred or forgiven as consideration.

(1) The following are examples of gross receipts:

(a) Amounts realized from the sale, exchange, or other disposition of the taxpayer's property to or with another;

(b) Amounts realized from the taxpayer's performance of services for another;

(c) Amounts realized from another's use or possession of the taxpayer's property or capital;

(d) Any combination of the foregoing amounts.	137
(2) "Gross receipts" excludes the following amounts:	138
(a) Interest income except interest on credit sales;	139
(b) Dividends and distributions from corporations, and	140
distributive or proportionate shares of receipts and income from	141
a pass-through entity as defined under section 5733.04 of the	142
Revised Code;	143
(c) Receipts from the sale, exchange, or other disposition	144
of an asset described in section 1221 or 1231 of the Internal	145
Revenue Code, without regard to the length of time the person	146
held the asset. Notwithstanding section 1221 of the Internal	147
Revenue Code, receipts from hedging transactions also are	148
excluded to the extent the transactions are entered into	149
primarily to protect a financial position, such as managing the	150
risk of exposure to (i) foreign currency fluctuations that	151
affect assets, liabilities, profits, losses, equity, or	152
investments in foreign operations; (ii) interest rate	153
fluctuations; or (iii) commodity price fluctuations. As used in	154
division (F) (2) (c) of this section, "hedging transaction" has	155
the same meaning as used in section 1221 of the Internal Revenue	156
Code and also includes transactions accorded hedge accounting	157
treatment under statement of financial accounting standards	158
number 133 of the financial accounting standards board. For the	159
purposes of division (F) (2) (c) of this section, the actual	160
transfer of title of real or tangible personal property to	161
another entity is not a hedging transaction.	162
(d) Proceeds received attributable to the repayment,	163
maturity, or redemption of the principal of a loan, bond, mutual	164
fund, certificate of deposit, or marketable instrument;	165

(e) The principal amount received under a repurchase 166
agreement or on account of any transaction properly 167
characterized as a loan to the person; 168

(f) Contributions received by a trust, plan, or other 169
arrangement, any of which is described in section 501(a) of the 170
Internal Revenue Code, or to which Title 26, Subtitle A, Chapter 171
1, Subchapter (D) of the Internal Revenue Code applies; 172

(g) Compensation, whether current or deferred, and whether 173
in cash or in kind, received or to be received by an employee, 174
former employee, or the employee's legal successor for services 175
rendered to or for an employer, including reimbursements 176
received by or for an individual for medical or education 177
expenses, health insurance premiums, or employee expenses, or on 178
account of a dependent care spending account, legal services 179
plan, any cafeteria plan described in section 125 of the 180
Internal Revenue Code, or any similar employee reimbursement; 181

(h) Proceeds received from the issuance of the taxpayer's 182
own stock, options, warrants, puts, or calls, or from the sale 183
of the taxpayer's treasury stock; 184

(i) Proceeds received on the account of payments from 185
insurance policies, except those proceeds received for the loss 186
of business revenue; 187

(j) Gifts or charitable contributions received; membership 188
dues received by trade, professional, homeowners', or 189
condominium associations; payments received for educational 190
courses, meetings, meals, or similar payments to a trade, 191
professional, or other similar association; and fundraising 192
receipts received by any person when any excess receipts are 193
donated or used exclusively for charitable purposes; 194

(k) Damages received as the result of litigation in excess 195
of amounts that, if received without litigation, would be gross 196
receipts; 197

(l) Property, money, and other amounts received or 198
acquired by an agent on behalf of another in excess of the 199
agent's commission, fee, or other remuneration; 200

(m) Tax refunds, other tax benefit recoveries, and 201
reimbursements for the tax imposed under this chapter made by 202
entities that are part of the same combined taxpayer or 203
consolidated elected taxpayer group, and reimbursements made by 204
entities that are not members of a combined taxpayer or 205
consolidated elected taxpayer group that are required to be made 206
for economic parity among multiple owners of an entity whose tax 207
obligation under this chapter is required to be reported and 208
paid entirely by one owner, pursuant to the requirements of 209
sections 5751.011 and 5751.012 of the Revised Code; 210

(n) Pension reversions; 211

(o) Contributions to capital; 212

(p) Sales or use taxes collected as a vendor or an out-of- 213
state seller on behalf of the taxing jurisdiction from a 214
consumer or other taxes the taxpayer is required by law to 215
collect directly from a purchaser and remit to a local, state, 216
or federal tax authority; 217

(q) In the case of receipts from the sale of cigarettes, 218
tobacco products, or vapor products by a wholesale dealer, 219
retail dealer, distributor, manufacturer, vapor distributor, or 220
seller, all as defined in section 5743.01 of the Revised Code, 221
an amount equal to the federal and state excise taxes paid by 222
any person on or for such cigarettes, tobacco products, or vapor 223

products under subtitle E of the Internal Revenue Code or 224
Chapter 5743. of the Revised Code; 225

(r) In the case of receipts from the sale, transfer, 226
exchange, or other disposition of motor fuel as "motor fuel" is 227
defined in section 5736.01 of the Revised Code, an amount equal 228
to the value of the motor fuel, including federal and state 229
motor fuel excise taxes and receipts from billing or invoicing 230
the tax imposed under section 5736.02 of the Revised Code to 231
another person; 232

(s) In the case of receipts from the sale of beer or 233
intoxicating liquor, as defined in section 4301.01 of the 234
Revised Code, by a person holding a permit issued under Chapter 235
4301. or 4303. of the Revised Code, an amount equal to federal 236
and state excise taxes paid by any person on or for such beer or 237
intoxicating liquor under subtitle E of the Internal Revenue 238
Code or Chapter 4301. or 4305. of the Revised Code; 239

(t) Receipts realized by a new motor vehicle dealer or 240
used motor vehicle dealer, as defined in section 4517.01 of the 241
Revised Code, from the sale or other transfer of a motor 242
vehicle, as defined in that section, to another motor vehicle 243
dealer for the purpose of resale by the transferee motor vehicle 244
dealer, but only if the sale or other transfer was based upon 245
the transferee's need to meet a specific customer's preference 246
for a motor vehicle; 247

(u) Receipts from a financial institution described in 248
division (E) (3) of this section for services provided to the 249
financial institution in connection with the issuance, 250
processing, servicing, and management of loans or credit 251
accounts, if such financial institution and the recipient of 252
such receipts have at least fifty per cent of their ownership 253

interests owned or controlled, directly or constructively 254
through related interests, by common owners; 255

(v) Receipts realized from administering anti-neoplastic 256
drugs and other cancer chemotherapy, biologicals, therapeutic 257
agents, and supportive drugs in a physician's office to patients 258
with cancer; 259

(w) Funds received or used by a mortgage broker that is 260
not a dealer in intangibles, other than fees or other 261
consideration, pursuant to a table-funding mortgage loan or 262
warehouse-lending mortgage loan. Terms used in division (F) (2) 263
(w) of this section have the same meanings as in section 1322.01 264
of the Revised Code, except "mortgage broker" means a person 265
assisting a buyer in obtaining a mortgage loan for a fee or 266
other consideration paid by the buyer or a lender, or a person 267
engaged in table-funding or warehouse-lending mortgage loans 268
that are first lien mortgage loans. 269

(x) Property, money, and other amounts received by a 270
professional employer organization, as defined in section 271
4125.01 of the Revised Code, or an alternate employer 272
organization, as defined in section 4133.01 of the Revised Code, 273
from a client employer, as defined in either of those sections 274
as applicable, in excess of the administrative fee charged by 275
the professional employer organization or the alternate employer 276
organization to the client employer; 277

(y) In the case of amounts retained as commissions by a 278
permit holder under Chapter 3769. of the Revised Code, an amount 279
equal to the amounts specified under that chapter that must be 280
paid to or collected by the tax commissioner as a tax and the 281
amounts specified under that chapter to be used as purse money; 282

(z) Qualifying distribution center receipts as determined	283
under section 5751.40 of the Revised Code;	284
(aa) Receipts of an employer from payroll deductions	285
relating to the reimbursement of the employer for advancing	286
moneys to an unrelated third party on an employee's behalf;	287
(bb) Cash discounts allowed and taken;	288
(cc) Returns and allowances;	289
(dd) Bad debts from receipts on the basis of which the tax	290
imposed by this chapter was paid in a prior quarterly tax	291
payment period. For the purpose of this division, "bad debts"	292
means any debts that have become worthless or uncollectible	293
between the preceding and current quarterly tax payment periods,	294
have been uncollected for at least six months, and that may be	295
claimed as a deduction under section 166 of the Internal Revenue	296
Code and the regulations adopted under that section, or that	297
could be claimed as such if the taxpayer kept its accounts on	298
the accrual basis. "Bad debts" does not include repossessed	299
property, uncollectible amounts on property that remains in the	300
possession of the taxpayer until the full purchase price is	301
paid, or expenses in attempting to collect any account	302
receivable or for any portion of the debt recovered.	303
(ee) Any amount realized from the sale of an account	304
receivable to the extent the receipts from the underlying	305
transaction giving rise to the account receivable were included	306
in the gross receipts of the taxpayer;	307
(ff) Any receipts directly attributed to a transfer	308
agreement or to the enterprise transferred under that agreement	309
under section 4313.02 of the Revised Code;	310
(gg) Qualified uranium receipts as determined under	311

section 5751.41 of the Revised Code; 312

(hh) In the case of amounts collected by a licensed casino 313
operator from casino gaming, amounts in excess of the casino 314
operator's gross casino revenue. In this division, "casino 315
operator" and "casino gaming" have the meanings defined in 316
section 3772.01 of the Revised Code, and "gross casino revenue" 317
has the meaning defined in section 5753.01 of the Revised Code. 318

(ii) Receipts realized from the sale of agricultural 319
commodities by an agricultural commodity handler, both as 320
defined in section 926.01 of the Revised Code, that is licensed 321
by the director of agriculture to handle agricultural 322
commodities in this state; 323

(jj) Qualifying integrated supply chain receipts as 324
determined under section 5751.42 of the Revised Code; 325

(kk) In the case of a railroad company described in 326
division (D)(9) of section 5727.01 of the Revised Code that 327
purchases dyed diesel fuel directly from a supplier as defined 328
by section 5736.01 of the Revised Code, an amount equal to the 329
product of the number of gallons of dyed diesel fuel purchased 330
directly from such a supplier multiplied by the average 331
wholesale price for a gallon of diesel fuel as determined under 332
section 5736.02 of the Revised Code for the period during which 333
the fuel was purchased multiplied by a fraction, the numerator 334
of which equals the rate of tax levied by section 5736.02 of the 335
Revised Code less the rate of tax computed in section 5751.03 of 336
the Revised Code, and the denominator of which equals the rate 337
of tax computed in section 5751.03 of the Revised Code; 338

(ll) Receipts realized by an out-of-state disaster 339
business from disaster work conducted in this state during a 340

disaster response period pursuant to a qualifying solicitation 341
received by the business. Terms used in division (F) (2) (11) of 342
this section have the same meanings as in section 5703.94 of the 343
Revised Code. 344

(mm) In the case of receipts from the sale or transfer of 345
a mortgage-backed security or a mortgage loan by a mortgage 346
lender holding a valid certificate of registration issued under 347
Chapter 1322. of the Revised Code or by a person that is a 348
member of the mortgage lender's consolidated elected taxpayer 349
group, an amount equal to the principal balance of the mortgage 350
loan; 351

(nn) Amounts of excess surplus of the state insurance fund 352
received by the taxpayer from the Ohio bureau of workers' 353
compensation pursuant to rules adopted under section 4123.321 of 354
the Revised Code; 355

(oo) Except as otherwise provided in division (B) of 356
section 5751.091 of the Revised Code, receipts of a megaproject 357
supplier from sales of tangible personal property directly to a 358
megaproject operator in this state for use at the site of the 359
megaproject operator's megaproject, provided that the sale 360
occurs during the period that the megaproject operator has an 361
agreement with the tax credit authority for the megaproject 362
under division (D) of section 122.17 of the Revised Code that 363
remains in effect and has not expired or been terminated, and 364
provided the megaproject supplier holds a certificate for such 365
megaproject issued under section 5751.052 of the Revised Code 366
for the calendar year in which the sales are made and, if the 367
megaproject supplier meets the requirements described in 368
division (A) (13) (b) of section 122.17 of the Revised Code, the 369
megaproject supplier holds a certificate for such megaproject 370

issued under division (D) (11) of section 122.17 of the Revised Code on the first day of that calendar year;

(pp) Receipts from the sale of each new piece of capital equipment that has a cost in excess of one hundred million dollars and that is used at the site of a megaproject that satisfies the criteria described in division (A) (11) (a) (ii) of section 122.17 of the Revised Code, provided that the sale occurs during the period that a megaproject operator has an agreement for that megaproject with the tax credit authority under division (D) of section 122.17 of the Revised Code that remains in effect and has not expired or been terminated;

(qq) In the case of amounts collected by a sports gaming proprietor from sports gaming, amounts in excess of the proprietor's sports gaming receipts. As used in this division, "sports gaming proprietor" has the same meaning as in section 3775.01 of the Revised Code and "sports gaming receipts" has the same meaning as in section 5753.01 of the Revised Code.

(rr) Amounts received from any federal, state, or local grant, and amounts of indebtedness discharged or forgiven pursuant to federal, state, or local law, for providing or expanding access to broadband service in this state. As used in this division, "broadband service" has the same meaning as in section 188.01 of the Revised Code.

(ss) Receipts provided to a taxpayer to compensate for lost business resulting from the train derailment near the city of East Palestine on February 3, 2023, by any of the following:

- (i) A federal, state, or local government agency;
- (ii) A railroad company, as that term is defined in section 5727.01 of the Revised Code;

(iii) Any subsidiary, insurer, or agent of a railroad 400
company or any related person. 401

(tt) An amount equal to the fee imposed by section 3743.22 402
of the Revised Code billed to the purchaser, collected by the 403
taxpayer, and remitted to the fire marshal during the tax 404
period, provided that the fee is separately stated on the 405
invoice, bill of sale, or similar document given to the 406
purchaser of 1.4G fireworks in this state-; 407

(uu) Receipts under a construction contract to the extent 408
the taxpayer is obligated to pay those receipts to a 409
subcontractor under a subcontract; 410

(vv) Any receipts for which the tax imposed by this 411
chapter is prohibited by the constitution or laws of the United 412
States or the constitution of this state; 413

~~(vv)~~ (ww) Receipts from fees imposed under sections 128.41 414
and 128.42 of the Revised Code. 415

(3) In the case of a taxpayer when acting as a real estate 416
broker, "gross receipts" includes only the portion of any fee 417
for the service of a real estate broker, or service of a real 418
estate salesperson associated with that broker, that is retained 419
by the broker and not paid to an associated real estate 420
salesperson or another real estate broker. For the purposes of 421
this division, "real estate broker" and "real estate 422
salesperson" have the same meanings as in section 4735.01 of the 423
Revised Code. 424

(4) A taxpayer's method of accounting for gross receipts 425
for a tax period shall be the same as the taxpayer's method of 426
accounting for federal income tax purposes for the taxpayer's 427
federal taxable year that includes the tax period. If a 428

taxpayer's method of accounting for federal income tax purposes 429
changes, its method of accounting for gross receipts under this 430
chapter shall be changed accordingly. 431

(G) "Taxable gross receipts" means gross receipts sitused 432
to this state under section 5751.033 of the Revised Code. 433

(H) A person has "substantial nexus with this state" if 434
any of the following applies. The person: 435

(1) Owns or uses a part or all of its capital in this 436
state; 437

(2) Holds a certificate of compliance with the laws of 438
this state authorizing the person to do business in this state; 439

(3) Has bright-line presence in this state; 440

(4) Otherwise has nexus with this state to an extent that 441
the person can be required to remit the tax imposed under this 442
chapter under the Constitution of the United States. 443

(I) A person has "bright-line presence" in this state for 444
a reporting period and for the remaining portion of the calendar 445
year if any of the following applies. The person: 446

(1) Has at any time during the calendar year property in 447
this state with an aggregate value of at least fifty thousand 448
dollars. For the purpose of division (I)(1) of this section, 449
owned property is valued at original cost and rented property is 450
valued at eight times the net annual rental charge. 451

(2) Has during the calendar year payroll in this state of 452
at least fifty thousand dollars. Payroll in this state includes 453
all of the following: 454

(a) Any amount subject to withholding by the person under 455

section 5747.06 of the Revised Code; 456

(b) Any other amount the person pays as compensation to an 457
individual under the supervision or control of the person for 458
work done in this state; and 459

(c) Any amount the person pays for services performed in 460
this state on its behalf by another. 461

(3) Has during the calendar year taxable gross receipts of 462
at least five hundred thousand dollars; 463

(4) Has at any time during the calendar year within this 464
state at least twenty-five per cent of the person's total 465
property, total payroll, or total gross receipts; 466

(5) Is domiciled in this state as an individual or for 467
corporate, commercial, or other business purposes. 468

(J) "Tangible personal property" has the same meaning as 469
in section 5739.01 of the Revised Code. 470

(K) "Internal Revenue Code" means the Internal Revenue 471
Code of 1986, 100 Stat. 2085, 26 U.S.C. 1, as amended. Any term 472
used in this chapter that is not otherwise defined has the same 473
meaning as when used in a comparable context in the laws of the 474
United States relating to federal income taxes unless a 475
different meaning is clearly required. Any reference in this 476
chapter to the Internal Revenue Code includes other laws of the 477
United States relating to federal income taxes. 478

(L) "Calendar quarter" means a three-month period ending 479
on the thirty-first day of March, the thirtieth day of June, the 480
thirtieth day of September, or the thirty-first day of December. 481

(M) "Tax period" means the calendar quarter on the basis 482
of which a taxpayer is required to pay the tax imposed under 483

this chapter. 484

(N) "Agent" means a person authorized by another person to 485
act on its behalf to undertake a transaction for the other, 486
including any of the following: 487

(1) A person receiving a fee to sell financial 488
instruments; 489

(2) A person retaining only a commission from a 490
transaction with the other proceeds from the transaction being 491
remitted to another person; 492

(3) A person issuing licenses and permits under section 493
1533.13 of the Revised Code; 494

(4) A lottery sales agent holding a valid license issued 495
under section 3770.05 of the Revised Code; 496

(5) A person acting as an agent of the division of liquor 497
control under section 4301.17 of the Revised Code. 498

(O) "Received" includes amounts accrued under the accrual 499
method of accounting. 500

(P) "Reporting person" means a person in a consolidated 501
elected taxpayer or combined taxpayer group that is designated 502
by that group to legally bind the group for all filings and tax 503
liabilities and to receive all legal notices with respect to 504
matters under this chapter, or, for the purposes of section 505
5751.04 of the Revised Code, a separate taxpayer that is not a 506
member of such a group. 507

(Q) "Megaproject," "megaproject operator," and 508
"megaproject supplier" have the same meanings as in section 509
122.17 of the Revised Code. 510

(R) "Exclusion amount" means three million dollars 511
beginning in 2024 and six million dollars beginning in 2025. 512

Section 2. That existing section 5751.01 of the Revised 513
Code is hereby repealed. 514

Section 3. The amendment by this act of section 5751.01 of 515
the Revised Code applies to tax periods ending on or after the 516
effective date of this section. 517