### As Introduced

136th General Assembly Regular Session 2025-2026

S. B. No. 33

Senators Wilson, Lang

# A BILL

To amend sections 4109.08, 4111.09, 4112.07,	1
4115.07, 4123.54, 4123.83, and 4167.11 of the	2
Revised Code to allow employers to post certain	3
labor law notices on the internet.	4

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 4109.08, 4111.09, 4112.07,	5
4115.07, 4123.54, 4123.83, and 4167.11 of the Revised Code be	6
amended to read as follows:	7
Sec. 4109.08. (A) (1) No minor shall be employed unless	8
the employer keeps on the premises a complete list of all minors	9
employed by the employer at a particular establishment and a	10
printed abstract to be furnished by the director of commerce	11
summarizing the provisions of this chapter.	12
The list and abstract shall be posted in plain view in a	13
conspicuous place which is frequented by the largest number of	14
minor employees, and to which all minor employees have access.	15
(2) No minor shall be employed unless the employer posts	16
an abstract to be furnished by the director of commerce	17
summarizing the provisions of this chapter. The abstract shall	18
be posted in one of the following ways:	19

(a) On the premises in plain view in a conspicuous place	20
which is frequented by the largest number of minor employees,	21
and to which all minor employees have access;	22
(b) On the internet in a manner that is accessible to the	23
employer's employees.	24
(B) An enforcement official may require any employer, in	25
or about whose establishment an employee apparently under	26
eighteen years of age is employed and whose age and schooling	27
certificate is not on file with the director of commerce as	28
required by section 3331.01 of the Revised Code, to furnish the	29
enforcement official satisfactory evidence that the employee is	30
in fact eighteen years of age or older. The enforcement official	31
shall require from the employer the same evidence of age of the	32
employee as is required by section 3331.02 of the Revised Code	33
upon the issuance of an age and schooling certificate. No	34
employer shall fail to produce the evidence.	35
(C) Any employee apparently under eighteen years of age,	36
working in any occupation or establishment with respect to which	37
there are restrictions by rule or law governing the employment	38
of minors, with respect to whom the employer has not furnished	39
satisfactory evidence that the person is at or above the age	40
required for performance of employment with the employer after	41
being requested to do so, and who refuses to give to an	42
enforcement official the employee's name, age, and place of	43
residence may be taken into custody and charged with being an	44
unruly child or other appropriate charge under Chapter 2151. or	45
2152. of the Revised Code.	46
(D) No person shall, with the intent to assist a minor to	47
(2, no person bharr, wren ene incent to assist a minor to	/

(D) No person shall, with the intent to assist a minor to
procure employment, make a false statement by any means,
including by submitting falsified forms electronically, to any
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employer or to any person authorized to issue an age and 50 schooling certificate. 51 Sec. 4111.09. (A) Every employer subject to sections 52 4111.01 to 4111.17 of the Revised Code, or to any rules issued 53 thereunder, shall keep a summary of the sections, approved by 54 the director of commerce, and copies of any applicable rules 55 issued thereunder, or a summary of the rules, posted in one of 56 the following ways: 57 (1) In a conspicuous and accessible place in or about the 58 premises wherein any person subject thereto is employed; 59 (2) On the internet in a manner that is accessible to the 60 employer's employees. 61 (B) The director of commerce shall make the summary 62 described in this section available on the web site of the 63 department of commerce. The director shall update this summary 64 as necessary, but not less than annually, in order to reflect 65 changes in the minimum wage rate as required under Section 34a 66 of Article II, Ohio Constitution. Employees and employers shall 67 be furnished copies of the summaries and rules by the state, on 68 69 request, without charge. Sec. 4112.07. Every person subject to division (A), (B), 70 (C), (D), or (E) of section 4112.02 of the Revised Code shall 71 post in a conspicuous place or places on his the person's 72 premises, or on the internet in a manner that is accessible to 73 the public, a notice to be prepared or approved by the 74 commission that shall set forth excerpts of this chapter and 75 other relevant information that the commission deems necessary 76 to explain this chapter. 77

Sec. 4115.07. All contractors and subcontractors required 78

79 by sections 4115.03 to 4115.16 of the Revised Code, and the action of any public authority to pay not less than the 80 prevailing rate of wages shall make full payment of such wages 81 in legal tender, without any deduction for food, sleeping 82 accommodations, transportation, use of small tools, or any other 83 thing of any kind or description. This section does not apply 84 where the employer and employee enter into an agreement in 85 writing at the beginning of any term of employment covering 86 deductions for food, sleeping accommodations, or other similar 87 item, provided such agreement is submitted by the employer to 88 the public authority fixing the rate of wages and is approved by 89 such public authority as fair and reasonable. 90

All contractors or subcontractors falling within or 91 affected by sections 4115.03 to 4115.16 of the Revised Code, 92 shall keep full and accurate payroll records with respect to 93 wages paid each employee and the number of hours worked by each 94 employee, covering all disbursements of wages to their employees 95 to whom they are required to pay not less than the prevailing 96 rate of wages. Such payroll records shall be open to inspection 97 by any authorized representative of the contracting public 98 99 authority, including the prevailing wage coordinator or the director of commerce at any reasonable time and as often as may 100 be necessary, and such records shall not be destroyed or removed 101 from the state for the period of one year following the 102 completion of the public improvement in connection with which 103 the records are made. There shall be posted in a prominent and 104 accessible place on the site of the work, or on the internet in 105 a manner that is accessible to the contractor's or 106 subcontractor's employees, a legible statement of the schedule 107 of wage rates specified in the contract to the various 108 classifications of laborers, workers, and mechanics employed, 109

said statement to remain posted during the life of each 110 contract.

Each contractor or subcontractor shall file with the112contracting public authority upon completion of the public113improvement and prior to final payment therefor an affidavit114stating that the contractor or subcontractor has fully complied115with sections 4115.03 to 4115.16 of the Revised Code.116

Sec. 4123.54. (A) Except as otherwise provided in this 117 division or divisions (I) and (K) of this section, every 118 employee, who is injured or who contracts an occupational 119 disease, and the dependents of each employee who is killed, or 120 dies as the result of an occupational disease contracted in the 121 course of employment, wherever the injury has occurred or 122 occupational disease has been contracted, is entitled to receive 123 the compensation for loss sustained on account of the injury, 124 occupational disease, or death, and the medical, nurse, and 125 hospital services and medicines, and the amount of funeral 126 expenses in case of death, as are provided by this chapter. The 127 compensation and benefits shall be provided, as applicable, 128 directly from the employee's self-insuring employer as provided 129 in section 4123.35 of the Revised Code or from the state 130 insurance fund. An employee or dependent is not entitled to 131 receive compensation or benefits under this division if the 132 employee's injury or occupational disease is either of the 133 following: 134

Purposely self-inflicted;

(2) Caused by the employee being intoxicated, under the
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influence of a controlled substance not prescribed by a
physician, certified nurse-midwife, clinical nurse specialist,
or certified nurse practitioner, or under the influence of
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marihuana if being intoxicated, under the influence of a 140
controlled substance not prescribed by a physician, certified 141
nurse-midwife, clinical nurse specialist, or certified nurse 142
practitioner, or under the influence of marihuana was the 143
proximate cause of the injury. 144

(B) For the purpose of this section, provided that an 145 employer has posted written notice to employees that the results 146 of, or the employee's refusal to submit to, any chemical test 147 described under this division may affect the employee's 148 149 eligibility for compensation and benefits pursuant to this chapter and Chapter 4121. of the Revised Code, there is a 150 rebuttable presumption that an employee is intoxicated, under 151 the influence of a controlled substance not prescribed by the 152 employee's physician, certified nurse-midwife, clinical nurse 153 specialist, or certified nurse practitioner, or under the 154 influence of marihuana and that being intoxicated, under the 155 influence of a controlled substance not prescribed by the 156 employee's physician, certified nurse-midwife, clinical nurse 157 specialist, or certified nurse practitioner, or under the 158 influence of marihuana is the proximate cause of an injury under 159 either of the following conditions: 160

(1) When any one or more of the following is true:

(a) The employee, through a qualifying chemical test
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administered within eight hours of an injury, is determined to
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have an alcohol concentration level equal to or in excess of the
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levels established in divisions (A) (1) (b) to (i) of section
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4511.19 of the Revised Code.

(b) The employee, through a qualifying chemical test
administered within thirty-two hours of an injury, is determined
to have a controlled substance not prescribed by the employee's

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physician, certified nurse-midwife, clinical nurse specialist,170or certified nurse practitioner or marihuana in the employee's171system at a level equal to or in excess of the cutoff172concentration level for the particular substance as provided in173section 40.87 of Title 49 of the Code of Federal Regulations, 49174C.F.R. 40.87, as amended.175

(c) The employee, through a qualifying chemical test
administered within thirty-two hours of an injury, is determined
to have barbiturates, benzodiazepines, or methadone in the
employee's system that tests above levels established by
laboratories certified by the United States department of health
and human services.

(2) When the employee refuses to submit to a requested
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chemical test, on the condition that that employee is or was
given notice that the refusal to submit to any chemical test
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described in division (B) (1) of this section may affect the
employee's eligibility for compensation and benefits under this
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chapter and Chapter 4121. of the Revised Code.

(C) (1) For purposes of division (B) of this section, a
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chemical test is a qualifying chemical test if it is
administered to an employee after an injury under at least one
of the following conditions:

(a) When the employee's employer had reasonable cause to
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suspect that the employee may be intoxicated, under the
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influence of a controlled substance not prescribed by the
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employee's physician, certified nurse-midwife, clinical nurse
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specialist, or certified nurse practitioner, or under the
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influence of marihuana;

(b) At the request of a police officer pursuant to section

4511.191 of the Revised Code, and not at the request of the 199 employee's employer; 200 (c) At the request of a licensed physician, certified 201 nurse-midwife, clinical nurse specialist, or certified nurse 202 practitioner who is not employed by the employee's employer, and 203 not at the request of the employee's employer. 204 (2) As used in division (C)(1)(a) of this section, 205 "reasonable cause" means, but is not limited to, evidence that 206 an employee is or was using alcohol, a controlled substance, or 207 marihuana drawn from specific, objective facts and reasonable 208 inferences drawn from these facts in light of experience and 209 training. These facts and inferences may be based on, but are 210 not limited to, any of the following: 211 (a) Observable phenomena, such as direct observation of 212 use, possession, or distribution of alcohol, a controlled 213 substance, or marihuana, or of the physical symptoms of being 214 under the influence of alcohol, a controlled substance, or 215 marihuana, such as but not limited to slurred speech; dilated 216 pupils; odor of alcohol, a controlled substance, or marihuana; 217 changes in affect; or dynamic mood swings; 218 219 (b) A pattern of abnormal conduct, erratic or aberrant

behavior, or deteriorating work performance such as frequent 220 absenteeism, excessive tardiness, or recurrent accidents, that 221 appears to be related to the use of alcohol, a controlled 222 substance, or marihuana, and does not appear to be attributable 223 to other factors; 224

(c) The identification of an employee as the focus of a 225
criminal investigation into unauthorized possession, use, or 226
trafficking of a controlled substance or marihuana; 227

(d) A report of use of alcohol, a controlled substance, or 228 marihuana provided by a reliable and credible source; 229 (e) Repeated or flagrant violations of the safety or work 230 rules of the employee's employer, that are determined by the 231 employee's supervisor to pose a substantial risk of physical 232 injury or property damage and that appear to be related to the 233 use of alcohol, a controlled substance, or marihuana and that do 234 not appear attributable to other factors. 235 (D) Nothing in this section shall be construed to affect 236 the rights of an employer to test employees for alcohol or 237 controlled substance abuse. 238 (E) For the purpose of this section, laboratories 239 certified by the United States department of health and human 240 services or laboratories that meet or exceed the standards of 241 that department for laboratory certification shall be used for 242 processing the test results of a qualifying chemical test. 243 (F) The written notice required by division (B) of this 244 section shall be the same size or larger than the proof of 245 workers' compensation coverage furnished by the bureau of 246 247 workers' compensation and shall be posted by the employer in the same location as the proof of workers' compensation coverage or 248 the certificate of self-insurance. An employer may post the 249 written notice required by division (B) of this section on the 250 internet in a manner that is accessible to the employer's 251 employees. 252 (G) If a condition that pre-existed an injury is 253 substantially aggravated by the injury, and that substantial 254 aggravation is documented by objective diagnostic findings, 255

objective clinical findings, or objective test results, no

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compensation or benefits are payable because of the pre-existing257condition once that condition has returned to a level that would258have existed without the injury.259

(H)(1) Whenever, with respect to an employee of an 260 employer who is subject to and has complied with this chapter, 261 there is possibility of conflict with respect to the application 262 of workers' compensation laws because the contract of employment 263 is entered into and all or some portion of the work is or is to 264 be performed in a state or states other than Ohio, the employer 265 266 and the employee may agree to be bound by the laws of this state or by the laws of some other state in which all or some portion 267 of the work of the employee is to be performed. The agreement 268 shall be in writing and shall be filed with the bureau of 269 workers' compensation within ten days after it is executed and 270 shall remain in force until terminated or modified by agreement 271 of the parties similarly filed. If the agreement is to be bound 272 by the laws of this state and the employer has complied with 273 this chapter, then the employee is entitled to compensation and 274 benefits regardless of where the injury occurs or the disease is 275 contracted and the rights of the employee and the employee's 276 dependents under the laws of this state are the exclusive remedy 277 against the employer on account of injury, disease, or death in 278 the course of and arising out of the employee's employment. If 279 the agreement is to be bound by the laws of another state and 280 the employer has complied with the laws of that state, the 281 rights of the employee and the employee's dependents under the 282 laws of that state are the exclusive remedy against the employer 283 on account of injury, disease, or death in the course of and 284 arising out of the employee's employment without regard to the 285 place where the injury was sustained or the disease contracted. 286 If an employer and an employee enter into an agreement under 287

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this division, the fact that the employer and the employee288entered into that agreement shall not be construed to change the289status of an employee whose continued employment is subject to290the will of the employer or the employee, unless the agreement291contains a provision that expressly changes that status.292

(2) If an employee or the employee's dependents receive an 293 award of compensation or benefits under this chapter or Chapter 294 4121., 4127., or 4131. of the Revised Code for the same injury, 295 occupational disease, or death for which the employee or the 296 employee's dependents previously pursued or otherwise elected to 297 accept workers' compensation benefits and received a decision on 298 the merits as defined in section 4123.542 of the Revised Code 299 under the laws of another state or recovered damages under the 300 laws of another state, the claim shall be disallowed and the 301 administrator or any self-insuring employer, by any lawful 302 means, may collect from the employee or the employee's 303 dependents any of the following: 304

(a) The amount of compensation or benefits paid to or on
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behalf of the employee or the employee's dependents by the
administrator or a self-insuring employer pursuant to this
chapter or Chapter 4121., 4127., or 4131. of the Revised Code
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for that award;

(b) Any interest, attorney's fees, and costs theadministrator or the self-insuring employer incurs in collectingthat payment.

(3) If an employee or the employee's dependents receive an
award of compensation or benefits under this chapter or Chapter
4121., 4127., or 4131. of the Revised Code and subsequently
pursue or otherwise elect to accept workers' compensation
benefits or damages under the laws of another state for the same
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injury, occupational disease, or death the claim under this 318
chapter or Chapter 4121., 4127., or 4131. of the Revised Code 319
shall be disallowed. The administrator or a self-insuring 320
employer, by any lawful means, may collect from the employee or 321
the employee's dependents or other-states' insurer any of the 322
following: 323

(a) The amount of compensation or benefits paid to or on behalf of the employee or the employee's dependents by the administrator or the self-insuring employer pursuant to this chapter or Chapter 4121., 4127., or 4131. of the Revised Code for that award;

(b) Any interest, costs, and attorney's fees the administrator or the self-insuring employer incurs in collecting that payment;

(c) Any costs incurred by an employer in contesting or responding to any claim filed by the employee or the employee's dependents for the same injury, occupational disease, or death that was filed after the original claim for which the employee or the employee's dependents received a decision on the merits as described in section 4123.542 of the Revised Code.

338 (4) If the employee's employer pays premiums into the state insurance fund, the administrator shall not charge the 339 amount of compensation or benefits the administrator collects 340 pursuant to division (H)(2) or (3) of this section to the 341 employer's experience. If the administrator collects any costs 342 incurred by an employer in contesting or responding to any claim 343 pursuant to division (H)(2) or (3) of this section, the 344 administrator shall forward the amount collected to that 345 employer. If the employee's employer is a self-insuring 346 employer, the self-insuring employer shall deduct the amount of 347

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compensation or benefits the self-insuring employer collects348pursuant to this division from the paid compensation the self-349insuring employer reports to the administrator under division350(L) of section 4123.35 of the Revised Code.351

(5) If an employee is a resident of a state other than 352 this state and is insured under the workers' compensation law or 353 similar laws of a state other than this state, the employee and 354 the employee's dependents are not entitled to receive 355 compensation or benefits under this chapter, on account of 356 injury, disease, or death arising out of or in the course of 357 employment while temporarily within this state, and the rights 358 of the employee and the employee's dependents under the laws of 359 the other state are the exclusive remedy against the employer on 360 account of the injury, disease, or death. 361

(6) An employee, or the dependent of an employee, who 362 elects to receive compensation and benefits under this chapter 363 or Chapter 4121., 4127., or 4131. of the Revised Code for a 364 claim may not receive compensation and benefits under the 365 workers' compensation laws of any state other than this state 366 for that same claim. For each claim submitted by or on behalf of 367 an employee, the administrator or, if the employee is employed 368 by a self-insuring employer, the self-insuring employer, shall 369 request the employee or the employee's dependent to sign an 370 election that affirms the employee's or employee's dependent's 371 acceptance of electing to receive compensation and benefits 372 under this chapter or Chapter 4121., 4127., or 4131. of the 373 Revised Code for that claim that also affirmatively waives and 374 releases the employee's or the employee's dependent's right to 375 file for and receive compensation and benefits under the laws of 376 any state other than this state for that claim. The employee or 377 employee's dependent shall sign the election form within twenty-378

eight days after the administrator or self-insuring employer379submits the request or the administrator or self-insuring380employer shall dismiss that claim.381

In the event a workers' compensation claim has been filed 382 in another jurisdiction on behalf of an employee or the 383 dependents of an employee, and the employee or dependents 384 subsequently elect to receive compensation, benefits, or both 385 under this chapter or Chapter 4121., 4127., or 4131. of the 386 Revised Code, the employee or dependent shall withdraw or refuse 387 acceptance of the workers' compensation claim filed in the other 388 jurisdiction in order to pursue compensation or benefits under 389 the laws of this state. If the employee or dependents were 390 awarded workers' compensation benefits or had recovered damages 391 under the laws of the other state, any compensation and benefits 392 awarded under this chapter or Chapter 4121., 4127., or 4131. of 393 the Revised Code shall be paid only to the extent to which those 394 payments exceed the amounts paid under the laws of the other 395 state. If the employee or dependent fails to withdraw or to 396 refuse acceptance of the workers' compensation claim in the 397 other jurisdiction within twenty-eight days after a request made 398 by the administrator or a self-insuring employer, the 399 administrator or self-insuring employer shall dismiss the 400 employee's or employee's dependents' claim made in this state. 401

(I) If an employee who is covered under the federal 402 "Longshore and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act," 98 Stat. 1639, 403 33 U.S.C. 901 et seq., is injured or contracts an occupational 404 disease or dies as a result of an injury or occupational 405 disease, and if that employee's or that employee's dependents' 406 claim for compensation or benefits for that injury, occupational 407 disease, or death is subject to the jurisdiction of that act, 408 the employee or the employee's dependents are not entitled to 409

apply for and shall not receive compensation or benefits under410this chapter and Chapter 4121. of the Revised Code. The rights411of such an employee and the employee's dependents under the412federal "Longshore and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act," 98413Stat. 1639, 33 U.S.C. 901 et seq., are the exclusive remedy414against the employer for that injury, occupational disease, or415death.416

(J) Compensation or benefits are not payable to a claimant417or a dependent during the period of confinement of the claimant418or dependent in any state or federal correctional institution,419or in any county jail in lieu of incarceration in a state or420federal correctional institution, whether in this or any other421state for conviction of violation of any state or federal422criminal law.423

(K) An employer, upon the approval of the administrator,
may provide for workers' compensation coverage for the
employer's employees who are professional athletes and coaches
by submitting to the administrator proof of coverage under a
league policy issued under the laws of another state under
either of the following circumstances:

(1) The employer administers the payroll and workers'430compensation insurance for a professional sports team subject to431a collective bargaining agreement, and the collective bargaining432agreement provides for the uniform administration of workers'433compensation benefits and compensation for professional434athletes.435

(2) The employer is a professional sports league, or is amember team of a professional sports league, and all of thefollowing apply:

(a) The professional sports league operates as a single
entity, whereby all of the players and coaches of the sports
league are employees of the sports league and not of the
individual member teams.

(b) The professional sports league at all times maintains
workers' compensation insurance that provides coverage for the
players and coaches of the sports league.
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(c) Each individual member team of the professional sports
league, pursuant to the organizational or operating documents of
the sports league, is obligated to the sports league to pay to
the sports league any workers' compensation claims that are not
covered by the workers' compensation insurance maintained by the
sports league.

If the administrator approves the employer's proof of 452 coverage submitted under division (K) of this section, a 453 professional athlete or coach who is an employee of the employer 454 and the dependents of the professional athlete or coach are not 455 entitled to apply for and shall not receive compensation or 456 benefits under this chapter and Chapter 4121. of the Revised 457 Code. The rights of such an athlete or coach and the dependents 458 of such an athlete or coach under the laws of the state where 459 the policy was issued are the exclusive remedy against the 460 employer for the athlete or coach if the athlete or coach 461 suffers an injury or contracts an occupational disease in the 462 course of employment, or for the dependents of the athlete or 463 the coach if the athlete or coach is killed as a result of an 464 injury or dies as a result of an occupational disease, 465 regardless of the location where the injury was suffered or the 466 occupational disease was contracted. 467

Sec. 4123.83. Each employer paying premiums into the state 468

insurance fund or electing directly to pay compensation to the 469 employer's injured employees or the dependents of the employer's 470 killed employees as provided in section 4123.35 of the Revised 471 Code, shall post conspicuously in the employer's place or places 472 of employment notices, which shall be furnished at least 473 annually by the bureau of workers' compensation. The employer 474 475 shall post the notice conspicuously in the employer's place or places of employment or on the internet in a manner that is 476 accessible to the employer's employees. The notice shall state 477 that it is proof of workers' compensation coverage, or that the 478 employer has complied with section 4123.35 of the Revised Code 479 and has been authorized by the administrator of workers' 480 compensation directly to compensate employees or dependents, and 481 the date of the authorization. The notice shall indicate that 482 coverage is contingent on continued payment of premiums and 483 assessments due. The notice, when posted, constitutes sufficient 484 notice to the employer's employees of the fact that the employer 485 carries workers' compensation coverage or that the employer has 486 complied with the elective provisions of section 4123.35 of the 487 Revised Code. 488 489

Sec. 4167.11. (A) In order to further the purposes of this chapter, the administrator of workers' compensation shall develop and maintain, for public employers and public employees, an effective program of collection, compilation, and analysis of employment risk reduction statistics.

(B) To implement and maintain division (A) of this
section, the administrator, with the advice and consent of the
bureau of workers' compensation board of directors, shall adopt
rules in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code that
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extend to all of the following:

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(1) Requiring each public employer to make, keep, and 499 preserve, and make available to the administrator, reports and 500 records regarding the public employer's activities, as 501 determined by the rule that are necessary or appropriate for the 502 enforcement of this chapter or for developing information 503 regarding the causes and prevention of occupational accidents 504 and illnesses. The rule shall prescribe which of these reports 505 and records shall or may be furnished to public employees and 506 public employee representatives. 507

(2) Requiring every public employer, through posting of
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notices or other appropriate means, to keep their public
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employees informed of public employees' rights and obligations
under this chapter, including the provisions of applicable Ohio
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employment risk reduction standards; The rule shall allow any
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required notice to be posted on the internet in a manner that is
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accessible to the public employer's employees.

(3) Requiring public employers to maintain accurate 515 records of public employee exposure to potentially toxic 516 materials, carcinogenic materials, and harmful physical agents 517 that are required to be monitored or measured under rules 518 adopted under the guidelines of division (C) of section 4167.07 519 of the Revised Code. The rule shall provide public employees or 520 public employee representatives an opportunity to observe the 521 monitoring or measuring, and to have access on request to the 522 records thereof, and may provide public employees or public 523 employee representatives an opportunity to participate in and to 524 undertake their own monitoring or measuring. The rules also 525 shall permit each current or former public employee to have 526 access to the records that indicate their own exposure to toxic 527 materials, carcinogenic materials, or harmful agents. 528 (C) The administrator shall obtain any information under
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division (B) of this section with a minimum burden upon the
public employer and shall, to the maximum extent feasible,
reduce unnecessary duplication of efforts in obtaining the
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information.
Section 2. That existing sections 4109.08, 4111.09,
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 4112.07, 4115.07, 4123.54, 4123.83, and 4167.11 of the Revised
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 Code are hereby repealed.
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