As Passed by the House

131st General Assembly

Regular Session 2015-2016

H. B. No. 131

Representative Pelanda

Cosponsors: Representatives Hill, Buchy, Patmon, Anielski, Antonio, Brown, Grossman, Hackett, Hall, Hambley, Hayes, Johnson, T., Kraus, LaTourette, McClain, Patterson, Scherer, Smith, R., Sprague, Speaker Rosenberger

A BILL

Го	amend sections 901.23, 921.12, 941.01, 941.03,	1
	941.04, 941.06, 941.07, 941.09, 941.10, 941.11,	2
	941.14, 943.02, 943.14, 1327.46, 1327.48,	3
	1327.50, 1327.501, 1327.61, 1327.99, and 4707.02	4
	and to enact section 1327.502 of the Revised	5
	Code to include diseases of concern within the	6
	scope of the Animal Diseases Law, and to make	7
	changes to the laws governing weights and	8
	measures, livestock dealers, and auctioneers,	9
	the membership of the Farmland Preservation	10
	Advisory Board, and the pesticide licensing	11
	renewal process.	12

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 901.23, 921.12, 941.01, 941.03,	13
941.04, 941.06, 941.07, 941.09, 941.10, 941.11, 941.14, 943.02,	14
943.14, 1327.46, 1327.48, 1327.50, 1327.501, 1327.61, 1327.99,	15
and 4707.02 be amended and section 1327.502 of the Revised Code	16
be enacted to read as follows:	17

Sec. 901.23. (A) There is hereby created the farmland	18
preservation advisory board consisting of twelve voting members	19
appointed by the director of agriculture as follows:	20
(1) One member who is a county commissioner or a	21
representative of a statewide organization that represents	22
county commissioners;	23
(2) One member who is a township trustee or a	24
representative of a statewide organization that represents	25
township trustees;	26
(3) One representative of the an Ohio state university;	27
(4) One representative of a nonprofit organization	28
dedicated to the preservation of farmland;	29
(5) One representative each of development, environmental,	30
planning, and soil and water conservation interests;	31
(6) One farmer from each of the state's four quadrants.	32
Terms of office shall be staggered and shall be for three	33
years, with each term ending on the same day of the same month	34
as did the term that it succeeds. Each member shall hold office	35
from the date of appointment until the end of the term for which	36
the member was appointed, except that the term of any member who	37
is a county commissioner or township trustee shall end when the	38
member ceases to serve as a county commissioner or township	39
trustee.	40
Members may be reappointed. Vacancies shall be filled in	41
the manner provided for original appointments. Any member	42
appointed to fill a vacancy occurring prior to the expiration	43
date of the term for which the member was appointed shall serve	44
for the remainder of that term. A member shall continue to serve	45

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subsequent to the expiration date of the member's term until the	46
member's successor takes office or until a period of sixty days	47
nas elapsed, whichever occurs first. Members shall serve at the	48
pleasure of the director.	49

The executive director of the office of farmland 50 preservation in the department of agriculture or another 51 employee of the department who is designated by the director 52 shall serve as the nonvoting chairperson of the board. The 53 director annually shall designate one member of the board to 54 serve as its vice-chairperson. The board may adopt bylaws 55 governing its operation and shall meet at a time when the 56 director, or the director's designee, considers it appropriate 57 in order for the board to provide advice as required under 58 division (B) of this section. 59

- (B) The board shall provide advice to the directorregarding all of the following:
- (1) The design and implementation of an agricultural62easement purchase program;63
- (2) The selection of applications that will be awarded
 64
 matching grants under division (D) of section 901.22 of the
 Revised Code for the purchase of agricultural easements;
 66
- (3) The design and implementation of any other statewide67farmland protection measures that the director considers68appropriate.
- (C) Serving as a member of the board does not constitute holding a public office or position of employment under the laws of this state and does not constitute grounds for removal of public officers or employees from their offices or positions of employment.

- (D) A board member shall be reimbursed for actual and 75 76 necessary expenses incurred in the discharge of duties as a board member. 77 Sec. 921.12. (A) The director of agriculture shall require 78 each applicant for a license under section 921.06 or 921.11 of 79 the Revised Code to be examined on the applicant's knowledge and 80 competency in each of the following: 81 82 (1) This chapter and rules adopted under it; (2) The proper use, handling, and application of 83 pesticides and, if the applicant is applying for a license under 84 section 921.06 of the Revised Code, in the conducting of 85 diagnostic inspections in the pesticide-use categories for which 86 87 the applicant has applied. (B) Each application for renewal of a license provided for 88 in section 921.06 of the Revised Code shall be filed prior to 89 the deadline established by rule. If filed after the deadline, a 90 penalty of fifty per cent shall be assessed and added to the 91 original fee and shall be paid by the applicant before the 92 renewal license is issued. However, if a license issued under 93 section 921.06 or 921.11 of the Revised Code is not renewed 94 95 within one year of hundred eighty days after the date of expiration, the licensee shall be required to take another 96 97 examination on this chapter and rules adopted under it and on the proper use, handling, and application of pesticides and, if 98 applicable, the proper conducting of diagnostic inspections in 99 the pesticide-use categories for which the licensee has been 100 licensed. 101
- (C) A person who fails to pass an examination under 102 division (A) or (B) of this section is not entitled to an 103

adjudication under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code for that	104
failure.	105
(D) The holder of a commercial applicator license may	106
renew the license within one year of hundred eighty days after	107
the date of expiration without re-examination unless the	108
director determines that a new examination is necessary to	109
insure that the holder continues to meet the requirements of	110
changing technology and to assure a continuing level of	111
competence and ability to use pesticides safely and properly.	112
(E) The director shall determine when holder of a private	113
applicator license may renew the license within one hundred	114
eighty days after the date of expiration without re-examination	115
for unless the renewal of licenses for private applicators	116
director determines that a new examination is required necessary	117
to insure that private applicators continue the holder continues	118
to meet the requirements of changing technology and to assure a	119
continuing level of competence and ability to use pesticides	120
safely and properly.	121
(F) Instead of requiring a commercial applicator or	122
private applicator to complete re-examination successfully under	123
division (D) or (E) of this section, the director may require,	124
in accordance with criteria established by rule, the commercial	125
applicator or private applicator to participate in training	126
programs that are designed to foster knowledge of new technology	127
and to ensure a continuing level of competence and ability to	128
use pesticides safely and properly. The director or the	129
director's representative may provide the training or may	130
authorize a third party to do so. In order for such	131
authorization to occur, the third party and its training program	132

shall comply with standards and requirements established by

rule.	134
Sec. 941.01. As used in this chapter:	135
(A) "Dangerously contagious or infectious disease" means	136
any disease, including any foreign animal disease, or vector,	137
that the director of agriculture, in his the director's sound	138
discretion, determines to be of harmful effect on the animal or	139
poultry industry or the public health and to be capable of	140
transmission by any means from a carrier animal to a human or to	141
another animal.	142
(B) "Disease of concern" means any disease, including any	143
foreign animal disease, or vector, that the director determines	144
may have an adverse impact on the animal or poultry industry or	145
to the public health in this state, but that is not a disease	146
that is reportable to the United States department of	147
agriculture.	148
(C) "Geographic area" means any county or counties within	149
this state or parts thereof as may be designated by the	150
director.	151
$\frac{(C)-(D)}{(D)}$ "Animal" means any animal that is a bird, reptile,	152
amphibian, fish, or mammal, other than humans.	153
(D) (E) "Domestic animal" includes livestock; other	154
animals that through long association with humans have been bred	155
to a degree resulting in genetic changes affecting the	156
temperament, color, conformation, or other attributes of the	157
species to an extent that makes them different from nondomestic	158
animals of their kind; and other animals as defined by rule by	159
the director.	160
(E) (F) "Foreign animal disease" means a contagious or	161
infectious disease that is not present in United States domestic	162

or nondomestic species populations and is listed by the United	163
States department of agriculture as a "foreign animal disease."	164
$\frac{(F)-(G)}{(G)}$ "Nondomestic animal" means any animal that is not	165
domestic, including at least nonindigenous animals and animals	166
usually not in captivity.	167
usually not in captivity.	107
$\frac{(G)-(H)}{(H)}$ "Poultry" means any domesticated fowl kept in	168
confinement, except for doves and pigeons, that are bred for the	169
primary purpose of producing eggs or meat for human consumption.	170
"Poultry" includes chickens, turkeys, waterfowl, and game birds.	171
(H) (I) "Vector" means a disease carrier, usually from,	172
but not limited to, the arthropod class, which that transfers an	173
infectious agent that may transmit a dangerously contagious or	174
infectious disease from one host to another.	175
(I) (J) "Residue" means any poisonous or deleterious	176
pesticide governed by 40 C.F.R. 180, any poisonous or	177
deleterious substance governed by 21 C.F.R. 109.6, or any other	178
substance governed by 21 C.F.R. 556.	179
(J) (K) "Seal" means any band or object made of metal,	180
plastic, or other material placed on a vehicle or other means of	181
conveyance so that when the vehicle or conveyance is opened, the	182
band or object is affected, altered, or broken.	183
Sec. 941.03. (A) The director of agriculture, under	184
Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, may adopt and enforce rules to	185
carry out this chapter, including designating a disease or	186
vector as a dangerously contagious or infectious disease or as a	187
disease of concern.	188
(B) No person shall fail to comply with the rules adopted	189
by the director under division (A) of this section.	190
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Sec. 941.04. (A) Whenever the director of agriculture or	191
his the director's authorized representative reasonably suspects	192
that any premises or means of conveyance contains an animal that	193
is infected with or has been exposed to a dangerously contagious	194
or infectious disease or a disease of concern or is adulterated	195
with a residue, he the director or the director's authorized	196
representative shall have free access to those premises or that	197
means of conveyance at any reasonable time.	198

(B) Whenever the director of agriculture or his the 199 director's authorized representative reasonably suspects that 200 any vehicle or means of conveyance traveling into or through the 201 state contains an animal, he the director or the director's 202 authorized representative shall have free access to the vehicle 203 or means of conveyance, including the right to stop such the 204 vehicle or conveyance transporting animals into or through the 205 state. The director or his the director's authorized 206 representative may examine any certificate of veterinary 207 inspection, animal health certificate, waybill, yarding-reciept-208 receipt, sale ticket, or other document required by this chapter 209 or rules adopted under it. The director or his the director's 210 authorized representative also may inspect the vehicle or 211 conveyance for the purposes of verifying the presence or 212 existence of any animal for which a document is required by this 213 chapter or rules adopted under it and verifying lawful 214 possession or ownership of the animal. This division does not 215 apply to animals transported intrastate. 216

Within the parameters of the United States and Ohio 217 constitutions, any person who operates a vehicle or means of 218 conveyance upon a roadway in this state is deemed to have 219 consented to the inspection of the vehicle or conveyance and the 220 documents as described in this section. 221

Once the vehicle or conveyance is sealed, its operator 236 shall choose a course of action to be taken under division (D) 237 of section 941.10 of the Revised Code. If the operator fails to 238 choose and the owner of the animal can be contacted, the owner 239 shall make the choice. If the owner cannot be contacted, the 240 director or his the director's authorized representative shall 241 make the choice. Any time that the director or his the 242 director's authorized representative determines that a course of 243 action under division (D) of section 941.10 of the Revised Code 244 is inappropriate, he the director or the director's authorized 245 representative may refuse to allow that course of action to be 246 taken or may limit it. The director or his the director's 247 <u>authorized</u> representative shall issue a permit designating and 248 requiring compliance with the course of action chosen under this 249 division. 250

If the director or his the director's authorized 251 representative reasonably suspects that an animal is stolen or 252

that the operator of the vehicle or conveyance is not in lawful	253
possession of the animal, or while waiting for a search warrant	254
to be issued under section 941.042 of the Revised Code, he the	255
director or the director's authorized representative may detain	256
or impound the vehicle or conveyance or detain the animal. If	257
the director or his the director's authorized representative	258
determines, during any detention or impoundment, that disposal	259
of the animal is necessary, he the director or the director's	260
authorized representative may provide for its disposal in	261
accordance with section 941.043 of the Revised Code.	262
(D) The director or his the director's authorized	263
representative, in performing-his_official duties under this	264
section, may call on such law enforcement personnel and	265
government officials as are necessary to assist him provide	266
assistance. The director or his the director's authorized	267
representative may detain or follow any vehicle or conveyance	268
until those persons arrive.	269
(E) At the direction of the director and in his the	270
director's discretion, an employee of the animal and plant	271
health inspection service-veterinary services in the United	272
States department of agriculture may be an authorized	273
representative of the director for purposes of this chapter.	274
Sec. 941.06. (A) If any person has reason to suspect the	275
existence of a dangerously contagious or infectious disease, a	276
disease of concern, or a residue, he the person immediately	277
shall give notice of that fact to the director of agriculture or	278
to a licensed veterinarian.	279
(B) If a veterinarian receives notice of the existence or	280
suspected existence of a dangerously contagious or infectious	281

disease, a disease of concern, or a residue as provided in

division (A) of this section, —he the veterinarian immediately	283
shall communicate that notice to the director.	284
(C) No person shall sell, attempt to sell, keep with	285
intent to sell, or otherwise transfer to another person an	286
animal that he the person knows, or has reason to know, is	287
infected with or exposed to any dangerously contagious or	288
infectious disease or a disease of concern or is adulterated	289
with a residue, except as otherwise provided in this chapter or	290
rules adopted under it.	291
(D) The offense established under division (C) of this	292
section is a strict liability offense and section 2901.20 of the	293
Revised Code does not apply. The designation of this offense as	294
a strict liability offense shall not be construed to imply that	295
any other offense, for which there is no specified degree of	296
culpability, is not a strict liability offense.	297
Sec. 941.07. (A) When the director of agriculture is	298
notified by any person of the possibility of the existence of a	299
dangerously contagious or infectious disease, a disease of	300
<pre>concern, or a_residue, the director immediately shall order an</pre>	301
investigation to be made, in In order to conduct an	302
investigation, the director or his the director's designee may	303
quarantine the animal and, if he the director or the director's	304
designee considers it necessary, the geographic area in which	305
the animal was located immediately, so that he the director or	306
the director's designee is able to inspect, examine, and test	307
the animal and other animals within the geographic area.	308
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, if, as	309
the result of the investigation, an animal is found to be	310
infected with or exposed to a dangerously contagious or	311
infectious disease or a disease of concern or adulterated with a	312

residue, the director or

by the quarantine order may request a hearing to review the	341
order.	342
(F) A person adversely affected by a quarantine order,	343
within thirty days after the order is issued, may request in	344
writing a hearing in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised	345
Code. A request for a hearing does not stay a quarantine order.	346
(G) A quarantine order shall remain in effect until a	347
written notice of release is issued by the department of	348
agriculture, or until ordered to be removed after a hearing	349
under division (F) of this section.	350
(H) All necessary and proper expenses incurred by the	351
director in the quarantine of an animal shall be paid by the	352
state. However, such expenses shall not include the maintenance,	353
feeding, and quartering of the animal while in quarantine.	354
(I) A copy of the results of any tests or method of	355
detection for a dangerously contagious or infectious disease <u>or</u>	356
a disease of concern, conducted by a person authorized by the	357
department of agriculture, shall be admitted in any court as	358
prima-facie proof of <pre>such_those_results</pre> when <pre>such_the_results</pre>	359
are certified by the department or authorized person.	360
Sec. 941.09. (A) The director of agriculture may adopt and	361
enforce rules in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised	362
Code governing the identification of an animal tested for,	363
vaccinated against, or infected with a dangerously contagious or	364
infectious disease <u>or a disease of concern</u> or adulterated with a	365
residue and the importation, use, dispensation, and reporting of	366
the use of vaccines for mitigating dangerously contagious or	367
infectious diseases or diseases of concern or other treatments	368
for residues.	369

(B) No person shall remove, alter, or replace an	370
identification that is required by federal or state law and is	371
placed upon an animal by a person authorized by the director.	372
Sec. 941.10. (A) The director of agriculture may adopt and	373
enforce rules to govern the importation and movement of animals.	374
(B) Whenever the governor upon receipt of information from	375
the director believes that any condition or disease, including a	376
dangerously contagious or infectious disease or a disease of	377
<pre>concern present in any other state, territory, or country, may</pre>	378
endanger the health of livestock, animals, or persons of this	379
state, he the governor may prohibit or regulate by proclamation,	380
the importation from <u>such_that_</u> other state, territory, or	381
country, of animals of a kind that could carry that disease or	382
condition into this state.	383
(C) No person shall import, move, sell, or dispose of any	384
animal contrary to a proclamation issued by the governor under	385
division (B) of this section, without first obtaining written	386
permission from the director.	387
(D) When an animal is moved into the state in violation of	388
any applicable federal or state law, the director or his the	389
director's authorized representative, without prior hearing, may	390
take whichever of the following courses of action regarding the	391
animal as he the director or the director's authorized	392
<u>representative</u> determines is most appropriate:	393
(1) Quarantine the animal until it is brought into	394
compliance;	395
(2) Order the animal returned to the point of origin;	396
(3) Order the animal moved to slaughter.	397

information:

Sec. 941.11. (A) Except as otherwise provided in this	398
chapter, the director of agriculture, without prior hearing, may	399
order the destruction of any domestic or nondomestic animal	400
found to be adulterated with residues, infected with or exposed	401
to a dangerously contagious or infectious disease, <u>infected with</u>	402
or exposed to a disease of concern, or determined to endanger	403
the health or well-being of animal populations or public health	404
in the state. If the director determines that seizure and	405
destruction of a nondomestic animal is necessary, <u>he</u> the	406
director shall coordinate the seizure and destruction of that	407
animal with the department of natural resources.	408
(B) (1) No person shall fail to comply with the director's	409
order to destroy an animal found to be infected with or exposed	410
to a dangerously contagious or infectious disease or a disease	411
of concern or adulterated with residues.	412
(2) The offense established under division (B)(1) of this	413
section is a strict liability offense and section 2901.20 of the	414
Revised Code does not apply. The designation of this offense as	415
a strict liability offense shall not be construed to imply that	416
any other offense, for which there is no specified degree of	417
culpability, is not a strict liability offense.	418
(C) The director, if possible, shall notify any person	419
owning or having custody of an animal ordered destroyed, either	420
in person or by certified mail, return receipt requested, prior	421
to destruction. Evidence of the notification of a destruction	422
order shall be proved by an affidavit or by the certified mail	423
return receipt.	424
(D) A destruction order shall contain all of the following	425

(1) The name and address of the person owning and having	427
custody of the animal, if known;	428
(2) A description of the animal affected by the order;	429
(3) The reason for the order;	430
(4) A reasonable deadline for compliance with the order;	431
(5) A notice to the effect that any person adversely	432
affected by the destruction order may request a hearing to	433
review the order.	434
(E) A person adversely affected by an order may request in	435
writing, within thirty days after receiving the order, a hearing	436
in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code.	437
Sec. 941.14. (A) The owner shall burn the body of an	438
animal that has died of, or been destroyed because of, a	439
dangerously infectious or contagious disease, bury it not less	440
than four feet under the surface of the ground, dissolve it by	441
alkaline hydrolysis, remove it in a watertight tank to a	442
rendering establishment, or otherwise dispose of it in	443
accordance with section 953.26 or 1511.022 of the Revised Code	444
within twenty-four hours after knowledge thereof or after notice	445
in writing from the department of agriculture.	446
(B) The owner of premises that contain a dead animal shall	447
burn the body of the animal, bury it not less than four feet	448
beneath the surface of the ground, dissolve it by alkaline	449
hydrolysis, remove it in a watertight tank to a rendering	450
establishment, or otherwise dispose of it in accordance with	451
section 953.26 or 1511.022 of the Revised Code within a	452
reasonable time after knowledge thereof or after notice in	453
writing from the department or from the township trustees of the	454
township in which the owner's premises are located.	455

(C) The director of agriculture may adopt rules in	456
accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code establishing	457
requirements and procedures governing the disposal of the body	458
of an animal that has died of, or been destroyed because of, a	459
disease of concern.	460
(D) Notwithstanding division (A) or (B) of this section or	461
rules adopted under division (C) of this section, the director	462
of agriculture, in written notice sent to the owner of a dead	463
animal, may require the owner to employ a specific method of	464
disposition of the body, including burning, burying, rendering,	465
composting, or alkaline hydrolysis, when that method does not	466
conflict with any law or rule governing the disposal of	467
infectious wastes and, in the director's judgment, is necessary	468
for purposes of animal disease control. No person shall fail to	469
employ the method of disposition required under this division.	470
$\frac{(D)-(E)}{(E)}$ The director, in written notice sent to the owner	471
of a dead animal, may prohibit the owner from transporting the	472
body of the dead animal on any street or highway if that	473
prohibition does not conflict with any law or rule governing the	474
transportation of infectious wastes and, in the director's	475
judgment, is necessary for purposes of animal disease control.	476
No person shall fail to comply with a prohibition issued under	477
this division.	478
(E) (F) As used in this section, "infectious wastes" has	479
the same meaning as in section 3734.01 of the Revised Code, and	480
"street" or "highway" has the same meaning as in section 4511.01	481
of the Revised Code.	482
Sec. 943.02. (A) No person shall act as a small dealer,	483
dealer, or broker without first being licensed. No person shall	484
be an employee of more than one small dealer, dealer, or broker.	485

Except as provided in division (B) of this section, no person	486
holding a license as a small dealer, dealer, or broker shall be	487
an employee. No employee shall act for any small dealer, dealer,	488
or broker unless the small dealer, dealer, or broker is	489
licensed, and has designated the employee to act in the small	490
dealer's, dealer's, or broker's behalf and has notified the	491
department of agriculture in the application for license or has	492
given official notice in writing of the appointment of the	493
employee. The small dealer, dealer, or broker shall be	494
accountable and responsible for all contracts pertaining to the	495
purchase, exchange, or sale of livestock made by the employee.	496
The small dealer, dealer, or broker who terminates the services	497
of an employee shall notify the department in writing of the	498
employee's termination. No person who is a licensed small	499
dealer, dealer, or broker shall have livestock exempted pursuant	500
to divisions (B)(1) to (6) of section 943.01 of the Revised	501
Code.	502
(B)(1) No person who has been convicted of or pleaded	503
guilty to a violation of this chapter or rules adopted under it	504
shall act as an owner, supervisor, employee, contractor,	505
volunteer, or agent of a person licensed under this chapter	506
unless specifically authorized to do so by the director of	507
agriculture.	508
(2) The offense established under division (B)(1) of this	509
section is a strict liability offense and section 2901.20 of the	510
Revised Code does not apply. The designation of this offense as	511
a strict liability offense shall not be construed to imply that	512
any other offense, for which there is no specified degree of	513
culpability, is not a strict liability offense.	514

(B) (C) A small dealer, dealer, or broker may be an

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adopted pursuant to those sections.

(A) "Weights and measures" means all weights and measures	545
of every kind, instruments and devices for weighing and	546
measuring, and any appliances and accessories associated with	547
any such instruments and devices, except that "weights and	548
measures" shall not be construed to include meters for the	549
measurement of electricity, gas, whether natural or	550
manufactured, or water when the same are operated in a public	551
utility system. Such electricity, gas, and water meters, and	552
appliances or accessories associated therewith, are specifically	553
excluded from the purview of the weights and measures laws.	554
(B) "Intrastate commerce" means all commerce or trade that	555
is begun, carried on, and completed wholly within the limits of	556
this state, and "introduced into intrastate commerce" defines	557
the time and place in which the first sale and delivery of a	558
commodity is made within the state, the delivery being made	559
either directly to the purchaser or to a common carrier for	560
shipment to the purchaser.	561
(C) "Package" means any commodity put up or packaged in	562
any manner in advance of sale in units suitable for either	563
wholesale or retail sale.	564
(D) "Consumer package" means a package that is customarily	565
produced or distributed for sale through a retail sales agency	566
for consumption by an individual or use by an individual.	567
(E) "Weight" as used in connection with any commodity	568
means net weight.	569
(F) "Correct" as used in connection with weights and	570
measures means conformity with all applicable requirements of	571
sections 1327.46 to 1327.61 of the Revised Code and rules	572

(G) "Primary Reference standards" means the physical	574
standards of the state that serve as the legal reference from	575
which all other standards and weights and measures are derived.	576
(H) "Secondary Working standards" means the physical	577
standards that are traceable to the <pre>primary_reference_standards</pre>	578
through comparisons, using acceptable laboratory procedures, and	579
used in the enforcement of weights and measures laws and rules.	580
(I) "Sale from bulk" means the sale of commodities when	581
the quantity is determined at the time of sale.	582
(J) "Net weight" means the weight of a commodity,	583
excluding any materials, substances, or items not considered to	584
be a part of the commodity. Materials, substances, or items not	585
considered to be part of the commodity include, but are not	586
limited to, containers, conveyances, bags, wrappers, packaging	587
materials, labels, individual piece coverings, decorative	588
accompaniments, and coupons.	589
(K) "Random weight package" means a package that is one of	590
a lot, shipment, or delivery of packages of the same commodity	591
with no fixed pattern of weights.	592
(L) "Sold" includes keeping, offering, or exposing for	593
sale.	594
(M) "Commercially used weighing and measuring device"	595
means a device described in the national institute of standards	596
and technology handbook 44 or its supplements and revisions and	597
any other weighing and measuring device designated by rules	598
adopted under division (C) of section 1327.50 of the Revised	599
Code. "Commercially used weighing and measuring device"	600
includes, but is not limited to, a livestock scale, vehicle	601
scale, railway scale, vehicle tank meter, bulk rack meter, and	602

LPG meter.	603
(N) "Livestock scale" means a scale equipped with stock	604
racks and gates that is adapted to weighing livestock standing	605
on the scale platform.	606
(O) "Vehicle scale" means a scale that is adapted to	607
weighing highway, farm, or other large industrial vehicles other	608
than railroad cars.	609
(P) "Railway scale" means a rail scale that is designed to	610
weigh railroad cars.	611
(Q) "Vehicle tank meter" means a vehicle mounted device	612
that is designed for the measurement and delivery of liquid	613
products from a tank.	614
(R) "Bulk rack meter" means a wholesale device, usually	615
mounted on a rack, that is designed for the measurement and	616
delivery of liquid products.	617
(S) "LPG meter" means a system, including a mechanism or	618
machine of the meter type, that is designed to measure and	619
deliver liquefied petroleum gas in the liquid state by a	620
definite quantity whether installed in a permanent location or	621
mounted on a vehicle.	622
(T) "Service person" means an individual who installs,	623
services, repairs, reconditions, or places into service a	624
commercially used weighing and measuring device for any type of	625
<pre>compensation.</pre>	626
Sec. 1327.48. Weights and measures that are traceable to	627
the United States prototype standards supplied by the federal	628
government, or approved as being satisfactory by the national	629
institute of standards and technology, shall be the state	630

<pre>primary reference standards of weights and measures, and shall</pre>	631
be maintained in such calibration as is prescribed by the	632
national institute of standards and technology. All secondary-	633
working standards may be prescribed by the director of	634
agriculture and shall be verified upon their initial receipt,	635
and as often as found necessary by the director.	636
Sec. 1327.50. The director of agriculture shall:	637
(A) Maintain traceability of the state standards to those	638
of the national institute of standards and technology	639
<pre>international system of units;</pre>	640
(B) Enforce sections 1327.46 to 1327.61 of the Revised	641
Code;	642
(C) Issue reasonable rules for the uniform enforcement of	643
sections 1327.46 to 1327.61 of the Revised Code, which rules	644
shall have the force and effect of law;	645
(D) Establish standards of weight, measure, or count,	646
reasonable standards of fill, and standards for the voluntary	647
presentation of cost per unit information for any package;	648
(E) Grant any exemptions from sections 1327.46 to 1327.61	649
of the Revised Code, or any rules adopted under those sections,	650
when appropriate to the maintenance of good commercial practices	651
in the state;	652
(F) Conduct investigations to ensure compliance with	653
sections 1327.46 to 1327.61 of the Revised Code;	654
(G) Delegate to appropriate personnel any of these	655
responsibilities for the proper administration of the director's	656
office;	657
(H) Test as often as is prescribed by rule the standards	658

of weight and measure used by any municipal corporation or	659
county within the state, and approve the same when found to be	660
correct;	661
(I) Inspect and test weights and measures that are sold;	662
(J) Inspect and test to ascertain if they are correct,	663
weights and measures commercially used either:	664
(1) In determining the weight, measure, or count of	665
commodities or things sold on the basis of weight, measure, or	666
count;	667
(2) In computing the basic charge or payment for goods or	668
services rendered on the basis of weight, measure, or count.	669
(K) Test all weights and measures used in checking the	670
receipt or disbursement of supplies in every institution, for	671
the maintenance of which funds are appropriated by the general	672
assembly;	673
(L) Approve for use, and may mark, such weights and	674
measures as the director finds to be correct, and shall reject	675
and mark as rejected such weights and measures as the director	676
finds to be incorrect. Weights and measures that have been	677
rejected may be seized if not corrected within the time	678
specified or if used or disposed of in a manner not specifically	679
authorized, and may be condemned and seized if found to be	680
incorrect and not capable of being made correct.	681
(M) Weigh, measure, or inspect packaged commodities that	682
are sold or in the process of delivery to determine whether they	683
contain the amounts represented and whether they are sold in	684
accordance with sections 1327.46 to 1327.61 of the Revised Code	685
or rules adopted under those sections. In carrying out this	686
section, the director shall employ recognized sampling	687

procedures, such as those designated in the national institute	688
of standards and technology handbook 133 "checking the net	689
contents of packaged goods."	690
(N) Prescribe by rule the appropriate term or unit of	691
weight or measure to be used, whenever the director determines	692
in the case of a specific commodity that an existing practice of	693
declaring the quantity by weight, measure, numerical count, or	694
combination thereof, does not facilitate value comparisons by	695
consumers, or offers an opportunity for consumer confusion;	696
(O) Allow reasonable variations from the stated quantity	697
of contents, which shall include those caused by unavoidable	698
deviations in good manufacturing practice and by loss or gain of	699
moisture during the course of good distribution practice, only	700
after the commodity has entered intrastate commerce;	701
(P) Provide for the weights and measures training of	702
inspector personnel and establish minimum training requirements,	703
which shall be met by all inspector personnel, whether county,	704
municipal, or state;	705
(Q) Prescribe the methods of tests and inspections to be	706
employed in the enforcement of sections 1327.46 to 1327.61 of	707
the Revised Code. The director may prescribe the official test	708
and inspection forms to be used.	709
(R) Provide by rule for voluntary registration with the	710
director of private service persons who are employed by	711
<pre>commercially used weighing and measuring device servicing</pre>	712
agencies, and personnel;	713
(S) In conjunction with the national institute of	714
standards and technology, operate a type evaluation program for	715
certification of weighing and measuring devices as part of the	716

national type evaluation program. The director shall establish a	717
schedule of fees for services rendered by the department of	718
agriculture for type evaluation services. The director may	719
require any weighing or measuring instrument or device to be	720
traceable to a national type evaluation program certificate of	721
conformance prior to use for commercial or law enforcement	722
purposes.	723
(T) Verify advertised prices, price representations, and	724
point-of-sale systems, as necessary, to determine both the	725
accuracy of prices and computations and the correct use of the	726
equipment and the accuracy of prices printed or recalled from a	727
database if a system utilizes scanning or coding in lieu of	728
manual entry. In order to implement this division, the director	729
shall do all of the following:	730
(1) Employ recognized procedures such as those designated	731
in the national institute of standards and technology handbook	732
130, uniform laws and regulations, "examination procedures for	733
<pre>price verification";</pre>	734
(2) Adopt rules establishing requirements governing the	735
accuracy of advertised prices and point-of-sale systems and	736
establishing requirements and procedures for the enforcement of	737
this division;	738
(3) Conduct necessary inspections.	739
Sec. 1327.501. (A) No person shall operate in this state a	740
commercially used weighing and measuring device that provides	741
the <u>final</u> quantity <u>and final</u> or cost of a <u>final</u> transaction and	742
for which a fee is established in division (G) of this section	743
unless the operator of the device obtains a permit issued by the	744
director of agriculture or the director's designee.	745

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(B) An application for a permit shall be submitted to the	746
director on a form that the director prescribes and provides.	747
The applicant shall include with the application any information	748
that is specified on the application form as well as the	749
application fee established in this section.	750
(C) Upon receipt of a completed application and the	751
required fee from an applicant, the director or the director's	752
designee shall issue or deny the permit to operate the	753
commercially used weighing and measuring device that was the	754
subject of the application.	755
(D) A permit issued under this section expires on the	756
thirtieth day of June of the year following its issuance and may	757
be renewed annually on or before the first day of July of that	758
year upon payment of a permit renewal fee established in this	759
section.	760
(E) If a permit renewal fee is more than sixty days past	761
due, the director may assess a late penalty in an amount	762
established under this section.	763
(F) The director shall do both of the following:	764
(1) Establish procedures and requirements governing the	765
issuance or denial of permits under this section;	766
(2) Establish late penalties to be assessed for the late	767
payment of a permit renewal fee and fees for the replacement of	768
lost or destroyed permits.	769
(G) An applicant for a permit to operate under this	770
section shall pay an application fee in the following applicable	771
amount:	772
(1) Seventy-five dollars for a livestock scale;	773

(2) Seventy-five dollars for a vehicle scale;	774
(3) Seventy-five dollars for a railway scale;	775
(4) Seventy-five dollars for a vehicle tank meter;	776
(5) Seventy-five dollars for a bulk rack meter;	777
(6) Seventy-five dollars for $\frac{a}{a}$ an LPG meter.	778
A person who is issued a permit under this section and who	779
seeks to renew that permit shall pay an annual permit renewal	780
fee. The amount of a permit renewal fee shall be equal to the	781
application fee for that permit established in this division.	782
(H) All money collected through the payment of fees and	783
the imposition of penalties under this section shall be credited	784
to the metrology and scale certification and device permitting	785
fund created in section 1327.511 of the Revised Code.	786
Sec. 1327.502. A service person who is employed by a	787
commercially used weighing and measuring device servicing agency	788
shall register with the director of agriculture in accordance	789
with rules adopted under section 1327.50 of the Revised Code.	790
Sec. 1327.61. No person shall do any of the following:	791
(A) Use or have in possession for use in commerce any	792
<pre>incorrect weight or measure;</pre>	793
(B) Wrap, package, label, or advertise any product or	794
service contrary to this chapter, or any rules adopted under it,	795
or sell, offer, hold, or expose for sale any service or product	796
wrapped, packaged, labeled, or offered for sale contrary to this	797
chapter or any rules adopted under it, or misrepresent the	798
quantity or price or service contrary to this chapter, or any	799
rules adopted under it;	800

(C) Remove any tag, seal, or mark from any weight or	801
measure without specific written authorization from the proper	802
authority;	803
(D) Recklessly install for use, repair, service, or place_	804
into service a commercially used weighing and measuring device	805
unless the installation, repair, service, or placement is	806
performed by one of the following:	807
(1) A department of agriculture division of weights and	808
measures inspector;	809
(2) A service person registered with the department;	810
(3) A county or municipal weights and measures inspector.	811
(E) Hinder or obstruct any weights and measures official	812
in the performance of his official duties;	813
(E) (F) Sell or offer for use in commerce any incorrect	814
weight or measure.	815
Sec. 1327.99. Whoever violates section 1327.501 or 1327.54	816
or division (A), (B), (C), $\frac{\text{or}}{\text{or}}$ (D), $\frac{\text{or}}{\text{or}}$ (E) of section 1327.61 of	817
the Revised Code or a rule adopted under sections 1327.46 to	818
1327.61 of the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the	819
second degree on a first offense; on each subsequent offense	820
within seven years after the first offense, such the person is	821
guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree.	822
Sec. 4707.02. (A) No person shall act as an auction firm,	823
auctioneer, apprentice auctioneer, or special auctioneer within	824
this state without a license issued by the department of	825
agriculture. No auction shall be conducted in this state except	826
by an auctioneer licensed by the department.	827
The department shall not issue or renew a license if the	828

applicant or licensee has been convicted of a felony or crime	829
involving fraud or theft in this or another state at any time	830
during the ten years immediately preceding application or	831
renewal.	832
(B) Division (A) of this section does not apply to any of	833
the following:	834
(1) Sales at auction that either are required by law to be	835
at auction, other than sales pursuant to a judicial order or	836
decree, or are conducted by or under the direction of a public	837
authority;	838
(2) The owner of any real or personal property desiring to	839
sell the property at auction, provided that the property was not	840
acquired for the purpose of resale;	841
(3) An auction mediation company;	842
(4) An auction that is conducted in a course of study for	843
auctioneers that is approved by the state auctioneers commission	844
created under section 4707.03 of the Revised Code for purposes	845
of student training and is supervised by a licensed auctioneer;	846
(5)(a) An auction that is sponsored by a nonprofit or	847
charitable organization that is registered in this state under	848
Chapter 1702. or Chapter 1716. of the Revised Code,	849
respectively, if the auction only involves the property of the	850
members of the organization and the auction is part of a fair	851
that is organized by an agricultural society under Chapter 1711.	852
of the Revised Code or by the Ohio expositions commission under	853
Chapter 991. of the Revised Code at which an auctioneer who is	854
licensed under this chapter physically conducts the auction; or	855
(b) Sales at an auction sponsored by a charitable,	856
religious, or civic organization that is tax exempt under	857

subsection 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, or by a	858
public school, chartered nonpublic school, or community school,	859
if no person in the business of organizing, arranging, or	860
conducting an auction for compensation and no consignor of	861
consigned items sold at the auction, except such organization or	862
school, receives compensation from the proceeds of the auction.	863
As used in division (B)(5)(b) of this section, "compensation"	864
means money, a thing of value other than participation in a	865
charitable event, or a financial benefit.	866
(6) A person licensed as a livestock dealer under Chapter	867
943. of the Revised Code who exclusively sells livestock and	868
uses an auctioneer who is licensed under this chapter to conduct	869
the auction;	870
(7) A person licensed as a motor vehicle auction owner	871
under Chapter 4517. of the Revised Code who exclusively sells	872
motor vehicles to a person licensed under Chapter 4517. of the	873
Revised Code and who uses an auctioneer who is licensed under	874
this chapter to conduct the auction;	875
(8) A person who sells—Sales of real or personal property	876
<pre>conducted by means of the internet, provided that they are not</pre>	877
conducted in conjunction with a live auction;	878
(9) A bid calling contest that is approved by the	879
commission and that is conducted for the purposes of the	880
advancement or promotion of the auction profession in this	881
state, provided that no compensation is paid to the sponsor of	882
or participants in the contest other than a prize or award for	883
winning the contest;	884
(10) An auction at which the champion of a national or	885

international bid calling contest appears, provided that both of

the following apply:	887
(a) The champion is not paid a commission.	888
(b) The auction is conducted under the direct supervision	889
of an auctioneer licensed under this chapter in order to ensure	890
that the champion complies with this chapter and rules adopted	891
under it.	892
(C)(1) No person shall advertise or hold oneself out as an	893
auction firm, auctioneer, apprentice auctioneer, or special	894
auctioneer without a license issued by the department of	895
agriculture.	896
(2) Division (C)(1) of this section does not apply to an	897
individual who is the subject of an advertisement regarding an	898
auction conducted under division (B)(5)(b) of this section.	899
Section 2. That existing sections 901.23, 921.12, 941.01,	900
941.03, 941.04, 941.06, 941.07, 941.09, 941.10, 941.11, 941.14,	901
943.02, 943.14, 1327.46, 1327.48, 1327.50, 1327.501, 1327.61,	902
1327.99, and 4707.02 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	903
Section 3. The member who is serving on the Farmland	904
Preservation Advisory Board on the effective date of this	905
section who was appointed under division (A)(3) of section	906
901.23 of the Revised Code as that section existed prior to its	907
amendment by this act shall continue serving on the Board until	908
the end of the term for which the member was appointed. The	909
Director of Agriculture then shall appoint a member of the Board	910
under division (A)(3) of that section as amended by this act.	911